PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH:

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 23, 1854.

WHIG STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JAMES POLLOCK;
OF NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE DARSIE;
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
DANIEL M. SMYSER;
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Allegheny County Whig Ticket,

CONGRESS—21ST DISTRICT,
DAVID RITCHIE, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY
Wm. E. STEVENSON, Pittsburgh.
ROBERT POLLOCK,
R. R. CARNAHAN, E. Birmingham,
JOHN J. MUSE, Versailles.
JACOB GUY, Finley.
RECORDER,
JOHN MAGEE, West Deer.
REGISTER,
HENRY WOODS, Pittsburgh.
CLERK OF THE COURTS,
ALEX. HILANDS, Ross.
COMMISSIONER,
JAMES B. GLENN, Upper St. Clair.
AUDITOR,
JAMES E. FLANEGIN, Pittsburgh.
DIRECTORS OF THE POOR,
JAMES KELLY, Wilkins,*
JOHN M'KEE, Birmingham,
JOHN BROWN, Ross.

Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our businessmen a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Rooms nor Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 8 o'clock, on Saturday.

Reading Matter on each page of this paper

WHERE ARE THE SOUTHERN WHIGS TO GO?—The suggestion of the Petersburgh, Va., Intelligencer to hold a Southern Whig Convention, is thus responded to by the Columbus, Ga., Enquirer:

"There is evidently before us, and not far distant in the future, a fierce and heavy struggle. The tide of anti-slavery feeling is now rolling and swelling, and will submerge the entire North. Its baneful currents will then be turned and directed against the peace and security of the South. It must be checked and stayed, or we, as a people, shall be stranded and wrecked. It is time that we should begin to prepare for the issue, and marshal our forces for the coming contest.

"To accomplish such an end successfully and effectually, union, harmony and organization are absolutely necessary. Let, then, such a convention as proposed, be held at the time and place specified.

"Let it be for advisement and consultation, and for the purpose of agreeing on the best and most acceptable and patriotic plan of defeating the ends, and overthrowing the designs, of consolidated northern fanaticism. The Whig Senators and Representatives in Congress have an opportunity readily to interchange views and opinions, and it will be gratifying to us, and doubtless also to the whole of their constituency, to have their convictions of our duty and policy in the present condition of affairs. We shall therefore have the liberty to suggest, if our party permit, that they meet and confer, and unite in recommending to the South a platform for practical operations.

Well, under such circumstances *what ought Northern Whigs to do?* Ought they not to take some means to secure concert of action and harmony of views? The greatest obstacle now in the way of a union of all the Anti-Nebraska elements in the North is the want of a concert of action, and assurance for the future. The Free Soilers and the opponents of slavery among Democrats admit that the Northern Whigs are all right as far as Nebraska is concerned, but they want some security for the future before they unite their political views with the Northern Whig party. They want to see the new platform to be adopted, under the changed circumstances of the party, to know what has been taken away and what has been added. They want to know what security they will have, that some future political compromise will not unite the divided Whigs, and place them on a platform they abhor, as was done in Baltimore, in 1852. The Democratic Anti-Slavery men wish to know whether they are to be dragged on to a platform of exploded measures, and made to sacrifice long-cherished political predilections. Whigs, Free Soilers, Democrats, Natives, all wish to know whether the platform of the new party—the *Northern Party*—is to be broad enough for the mighty hosts opposed to the further encroachments of slavery to stand upon. All these are agreed in one grand sentiment, to wit:—that slavery shall not be extended beyond its present recognized limits—that no free territory shall be doomed to slavery by any action of the general government, direct or indirect—that in all future acquisitions of new territory it shall be sacredly guaranteed to freedom—that the government shall be administered to promote freedom and to check the growth of the great evil of slavery. On such a platform as this can be rallied a powerful *Northern Party*. This will not require a Democrat to endorse a tariff or a bank, or a Whig to go for certain Free Soil opinions he may consider untimely or ultra. No one will be required to give up any sentiment, and all can work in harmony for the promotion of a certain good. When the great work designed is accomplished—when the Slavocracy is humbled or subdued, and when slavery contents itself with the legal position and immunities it enjoys in the States where it exists, it will then be time to consider what further may be necessary to be done to free the National Government from all responsibility and connection with Slavery whatever. Let us do one thing at a time. A great crisis is impending. The emergency will admit of no delay. The dictate of patriotism is union for the sake of freedom. Let all make sacrifices for this purpose, and the work can be accomplished.

This brings us to the point at which we set out, which is, what ought Northern Whigs to do? In order to bring about this concert of action and union of which we have been speaking, let us have a delegated Convention of the Whigs of the Free States. Being the largest of the Northern parties opposed to slavery encroachment, it is proper that it should take the initiative step in this great work. If such a Convention shall adopt a broad and liberal platform, there will be no difficulty in gathering upon it the whole of the Northern Anti-Slavery hosts.

The call for such a Convention would properly come from the Whig members of Congress from the free States. Let them agree upon the time and place, and address the Whigs of the North upon the subject, and the proposal will be hailed with pleasure, and be responded to with acclamation.

THE DISRUPTION OF THE WHIG PARTY.—The Northern Whigs accept this disruption coolly and quietly, as a matter of course. The party was really sundered at the Baltimore Convention of 1852. The platform there adopted was rejected with scorn by more than three-fourths of the Northern Whigs. The finishing blow was, however, given by the Nebraska bill. No hope of union could exist after that outrage. The Southern Whigs, however, display more feeling and uneasiness. A strong writer in the St. Louis *Intelligencer* proposes to Southern Whigs to unite with their Northern brethren on a platform demanding the repeal of the Nebraska bill. The Baltimore *Patriot* objects to this. It says:

We do not think that this separation could have been avoided. Not only has there been little sympathy for some years between the northern and southern Whigs, but there seems to be no regret on the part of the northern Whigs at the dissolution of the party. Indeed, we have seen but one suggestion of any basis upon which they can be re-united, and that upon the basis of the re-enactment of the Missouri Compromise. *That proposition is simply impossible.*

Many Southern Whigs have regretted the introduction of the subject. Some might have voted against the repeal of the Compromise, but none can advocate its restoration. That basis of adjustment being then impracticable, we see no other. It must then be as our former associates will it. We must in future regard them as we do other political organizations which exist amongst us, and regulate our relations with them accordingly.

In the next day's issue the *Patriot* reverts to the same subject again, and after giving a history of the Southern Whig party, in which Northern Whigs come in for a large share of abuse, the independence of the Southern Whigs of all connection with their Northern brethren is declared as follows:

The Southern Whigs have step thus in obscurity, and except that they have, perhaps, somewhat checked the tendencies of the Federal Government, and rendered domestic services of the utmost importance in the moral and physical development of their country, they have been of very little use in their generation. We could point to instances in the Southern States, where the truest hearts, the brightest intellects, the most mature acquirements, the most practical sagacity, have been lost to the popular counsels because those who possessed those qualities, bore the odious appellation of "a Federal Whig," and as such, were under as conclusive a disqualification for office, as a Puritan at Rome, or Bishop Hughes at Geneva. THEY ARE NOW FREE!

Well, we hope they will use their freedom to some good purpose, but we fear they will join the band of fillibusters, in the grand foray for the propagrandism of slavery. Northern Whigs are also *free*, and many of them rejoice quite as heartily over their freedom from the thraldom of a hollow union, as does the editor of the Baltimore Patriot.

Flour is dearer in Pittsburgh than it is in New York. Can any person account for it? Have our mills a controlling influence or does it rest with the Smithfield and Wood street speculators? The poor would like to be informed.—*Chronicle.*

The flour quoted in New York at $7,25@$8,00 is of a quality that "the poor" would not use—trash which is unsaleable elsewhere, and is rushed in there to find an available market. The same quality of flour could not be sold here for $6,00 a barrel. Such flour as is quoted in this market at $8,12@$8,25 on the wharf, is quoted in New York at $8,75@$9,25—a sufficient evidence that flour is *not* dearer here than there.—The law of supply and demand regulates prices here as it does everywhere else, and our mills and flour dealers possess no influence which can control it.

In this connection we may state that the New York Tribune a few days ago quoted $12 as the *retail* price of flour in that city. Those who buy by the single barrel here will see that there is a wide margin between the retail rates in the two cities.

CARBON COUNTY.—The Democracy of Carbon County have endorsed, in the fullest and most emphatic manner, the great principles on which the Nebraska bill rests. In every part of the State, the masses are arousing for the contest, and only await the time for action.—*Pittsburgh Union.*

In every County of Pennsylvania in which a Democratic meeting has been held, the Nebraska bill has been endorsed as a Democratic measure, except in Westmoreland. We are sorry that our Democratic friends cannot take a more enlarged and liberal view of things; but since they find it natural to endorse the schemes of slavery propagandism, we are glad they have honesty enough to proclaim their position openly. We now know where to find them; and whether defeated or successful in the approaching election, the popular verdict will be unmistakable. If beaten, as we trust they will be, the Democracy will not be able to say that Nebraska was not an issue, or that they were uncommitted on it.

HUNT'S MAGAZINE.—Gildenfenny, on Fourth street, has a few extra copies of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine, for June, containing the lucid and able article of Charles McKnight, Esq., on the Commerce of Pittsburgh. It ought to be in the hands of every merchant in the city.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette

WASHINGTON CITY, JUNE 20.

There was a Congressional fight to-day. It was highly characteristic of Southern manners. Churchwell of Tennessee had made a speech on the Nebraska bill a month ago, in which he had made some peculiarly false and ungenerous imputations upon Senator Bell, and his colleagues Cullum, Taylor and others in the House. He had labored to excite against them the fanatical prejudices of their constituents, by falsely asserting that they were congratulated by such abolitionists as Giddings, Gerritt Smith, and Lewis D. Campbell, on their Nebraska speeches and votes. Stung by the philippic of Mr. Bell in the Senate, Mr. Churchwell yesterday made a "personal explanation" in the House, in the course of which Gen. Cullom and Mr. Campbell completely exposed the falsity of all his statements by calling to the stand the very witnesses Churchwell had referred to. They all denied having "congratulated" Mr. Cullom on his excellent anti-Nebraska speech, and Mr. Giddings said that at the time he was charged with this grave offence he was in Ohio. The encounter was of Churchwell's own seeking, and he was deeply humiliated.

This morning Mr. Churchwell came into the House resolved to exhonerate himself from the ignominy of having been proved a falsifier of his colleague's acts and motives. Accordingly he placed a loaded pistol in the breast pocket of his coat, and at the opening of business declared, in the most offensive and insulting manner towards Cullom that a part of his (Cullom's) remarks of the previous day were *false*, though he had listened to them when delivered with perfect equanimity.

Cullom rushed toward Churchwell, and at the instant, the latter drew his pistol and cocked it, awaiting his adversary with the apparent purpose of shooting him dead when he should reach him!

I say this is characteristic of Southern manners. Those terrible and bloody street fights—or rather deliberate murders—are brought on in precisely this way. A man having made up his mind to murder another for some real or fancied wrong, generally, as in this case, a verbal affront, arms himself with pistol and bowie knife, goes up up to his victim, calls him a liar or coward, and if he resents it in any manner, shoots him through the heart! It was manifestly Churchwell's intention to go through that exact performance in the House of Representatives this morning.

Mr. Millson said he should to-morrow morning bring the matter to the attention of the House, and ask for some action on its part to vindicate its dignity. But nothing was done. In fact one of Millson's own colleagues committed two outrages of nearly the same character during the Nebraska contest. Edmondson left his seat, went over to John Wentworth, and belched out upon him a stream of such disgusting ribaldry as d——d thief, d——d scoundrel, concluding with a threat to cane him if he uttered a word. Now so far from the Southern members and the Nebraska party being at all scandalized by such ruffianism, they rejoiced at it in little knots and clubs all over the House, and were glad that John Wentworth had been insulted. And again on the same evening, this same man assaulted Mr. Campbell of Ohio, threatened to "whip him," and as many supposed, attempted to draw a knife upon him. No notice whatever was taken of this conduct, although the degradation thus brought upon the House could not but soon destroy its character as a deliberative body, but the secret of the perfect indifference then manifested was that the violence excited was in favor of a project dear to slavery.

The singular apathy of both Houses, as regards business, is unaccountable. The Senate carries on a lazy, lifeless discussion upon the President's veto, and generally adjourns after one speech to which nobody listens. It is said that yesterday Mr. Seward delivered, at the close of his veto speech, a eulogy on the Union. I cannot find a report of it, and hope the statement is entirely unfounded. The present is a crisis when no Northern man, who is a man, should go out of his way to glorify the Union. I remember those infamous doughface canticles on "preserving the Union," the tune of which was pitched at Castle Garden three years ago, which only meant fugitive laws and the degradation of the Union; and I trust that Wm. H. Seward is the last man to bow to its influence. I have learned enough of politics in this degenerate age to know that peans to the Union may be treason to liberty!

The House to-day by a spasmodic effort passed the Minnesota land bill, which donates a million of acres of land for a railroad through a wilderness region between Galena in Illinois and Fond du Lac on Lake Superior, a distance of two or three hundred miles. It is a bad bill, entirely unneeded by the wants of the territory, and I fear passed by corrupt means. In fact I have no doubt that many members gave their votes in consideration of certain advantages in the location of lands along the line of the contemplated improvement. I hope it may be otherwise, but the sudden turn of about twenty-five votes gives color to the supposition.

And now it is to be feared that the whole batch of land bills reported will be passed. They will take about twenty millions of acres of land, to which the old States have as good a right as the new. The system ought strenuously to be resisted, but it seems to have attained a *prestige* which makes resistance hopeless.

There is a rumor of a "new party" forming among members here for the general reform of the Government. This is a mere random speculation of a "Know-Nothing" on a fact which I first made public. The "new party" is simply the voluntary union of some thirty or forty members from the free States, together with as many private individuals of standing and intelligence, in a Nebraska league, designed to promote the settlement of both the new territories by freemen, with the object of making free States of them. I hope these leagues will be formed all over the free States, and that under their auspices thousands upon thousands of northern farmers will rush into Kansas and Nebraska, with their plough shares and their rifles, and the strong hand and the bold resolute will, recover to freedom what corruption and fraud in Congress have endeavored to betray to Slavery.

A little spark kindleth a great fire, and it may be that in this plan for meeting the monster of slavery on his chosen ground of conflict we may drive him back to his lair. But in any event it would be the part of poltroons and imbeciles to surrender the fair domains of the west, solemnly secured to freedom by the Missouri Compromise, without a struggle for them. And a struggle—I mean a fair fight in an open field—once begun, would end forever this miserable drama of slavery encroachment.

The new party, however, is merely a mare's nest and a humbug. JUNIUS.

From the Philadelphia Evening Register.

THE LATE FIRE.—We visited the scene of the conflagration again this morning, and obtained considerable additional information. The Carroll House Company had their apparatus on the ground and were playing upon the smoking ruins.

A large crowd attracted our attention, and on going thither, we found some burnt flesh and bones, which were conjectured to be the remains of the boy who perished in the building. The parents were on the ground, and their lamentations were calculated to touch every heart.—The remains consisted of the neck and the scapula, with some flesh and bones attached. A physician arrived, and after a careful examination, pronounced the remains those of a dog, at which the crowd appeared much relieved.—But many presisted in the opinion that they were all that was left of the boy. However the search for the bones of the lad was continued, as soon as the bricks could be cooled. There can be no doubt of the fate of the boy. He was the son of Irish parents residing in Tyler street, near Thompson. It was the first day of his employment in the factory. While working for Mr. Greaves, the cotton made him sick, and he laid down to sleep. He was in that state when the fire overtook him, and rendered escape impossible.

There is a report that a female is still missing, and a workman relates that he saw her fall back into the flames. Continued search among the ruins can alone relieve the fearful apprehension excited. It certainly seems remarkable that all but the boy should have escaped from the large building, with only one stairway, and that blocked-ade by fire at an early period of the disaster.

WANTED, A CANDIDATE.—The Berks County *Press* (Dem.) learns that some of its party have called on Gov. Bigler to decline being a candidate and admits that "a new man would make a better run."

The Lebanon *Courier* (Whig) suggests Alberti as the "new man." This is going too far. Gov. Bigler will hang without professional aid.—*Phila. Reg.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. McLane's Liver Pills.—When the proprietor of this invaluable remedy purchased it of the inventor, there was no mention which deserved the name for the cure of Liver and Billious complaints, notwithstanding the great prevalence of these diseases in the United States. In the South and West particularly, where the patient is frequently unable to obtain the services of a regular physician, some remedy was required, at once safe and effectual, and the operation of which could in no wise prove prejudicial to the constitution. This medicine is supplied by Dr. McLane's Liver Pills, and has been proved in every instance in which it has had a trial. Always beneficial, not a solitary instance has ever occurred in which its effects have been injurious. The invention of an educated and distinguished physician, it has nothing in common with the quack nostrums imposed upon the public by shallow pretenders to the medical art. Experience has now proved, beyond a doubt, that Dr. McLane's Pill is the best remedy ever proposed for the liver complaint.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, and take none else. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public, also, his Celebrated Vermifuge, can be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States; also, for sale by the sole proprietors, FLEMING BROTHERS, jel6d&w:S Successors to J. Kidd & Co., 60 Wood st.

M. Bally's Antidote and Lotion, celebrated throughout the land as the only reliable preparations ever invented for the cure of all

Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Piles, and Female Complaints.

The great success these extraordinary Medicines have always met with in curing the above complaints, has surprised even the Proprietors themselves, saying nothing of the thousands of individuals who have been permanently cured by their use. We would assure the public that they are not mere *patent humbugs*, compounded solely to sell, but are prepared by a thorough Chemist, with the most choice and rare ingredients which can be obtained, and are intended to do good. But one trial is required to convince all that such is the fact.

They are put up in bottles, with full directions accompanying them, the Antidote at $1, and the Lotion at 50 cts. per bottle. One bottle lasts ten days. Many have been entirely cured in two or three days.

Invented by M. BALLY, Physician to the Hospital of Paris, and prepared by DUROY & CO., General Agents for the United States and Canada, to whom all orders should be addressed. Principal Depot, 438 Broadway, corner Grand st., New York.

Sold in Pittsburgh, wholesale and retail, by FLEMING BROS., (successors to J. Kidd & Co.) No. 60 Wood st., Retailing. J. H. PATERSON & CO., and by Druggists everywhere. jel23-3mdfc.

Du Pont Powder.—Every variety Rifle Mining and Blasting Powder, in all size packages always on hand and for sale from Magazine, in lots to suit purchasers, on favorable terms. Also Safety Fuse.

D. W. G. BIDWELL, Manufacturers' Agt.,
mo7-d1f 145 Front street, Pittsburgh.

A. A. CARRIER & BRO.,
Corner 4th and Smithfield sts.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
AGENTS
State Mutual Fire & Marine
INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARRISBURG.
CAPITAL $350,000.
Girard Fire and Marine Insurance Co.
OF PHILADELPHIA.
CAPITAL $300,000.
INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA.
WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA:
Capital $200,000.
OFFICE PENNA. INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH;
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL $300,000.
jel6-3mdc A. A. CARRIER, Sec'y.

ARNOLD & WILLIAMS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Chilson Furnaces, Wro't Iron Tubing
AND FITTING GENERALLY,
For Warming and Ventilation of Buildings.

A. & W. will contract for Warming and Ventilating by Steam or Hot Water, Pipes or Chilson's Furnaces. Churches, Schools, Hospitals, Factories, Green Houses, Court Houses Jails, Hotels or Dwellings. No. 25 Market st., Pittsburgh

O'CONNER, BROTHER & CO.,
BANKERS AND INSURANCE DEALERS, No. 115, Wood street, one door from First street, Pittsburgh.—Buy and sell Par and Current Funds, Sight and Time Exchanges, Coin, Stocks Eastern and Western Time Bills, and Promissory Notes; allow 5 per cent on Time Deposites of Par and Current Money; and Insure Fire and Marine Policies for the *Ætna* Insurance Company, (cash Capital, $110,000,) and Royal Insurance Company, (capital 10,000,000.) ul

Hernia, or Rupture of the Bowels.—There are thousands of persons who are afflicted with a Rupture of the Bowels, who pay little attention to the disease until the bowels become strangulated, when in all probability it may be too late. How important it is, then, for all those suffering from any form of "Rupture of the Bowels," to call at once upon Dr. KEYSER, at his Wholesale Drug Store, corner of Wood st. and Virgin alley, and procure a Truss to retain the protruding portion of the bowels. Dr. Keyser has an office back of the Drug Store where Trusses are applied, and warranted to give satisfaction. He also has every variety of Trusses that you can name, and at any price, to suit the means of every one in need of the article. I also keep every kind of *Supporters, Body Braces, Shoulder Bandages, Elastic Stockings*, for enlarged veins, and all kinds of mechanical appliances used in the cure of disease.

I would respectfully invite the attention of the public to an excellent Truss for Children, which invariably effects cures in a very short time.

N. B.—I also keep on hand and for sale a large assortment of Shoulder Braces of the most improved kind, that have been worn with so much satisfaction by hundreds of persons, both in and out of the city.

DR. KEYSER'S DRUG STORE & TRUSS DEPOT, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, No. 140, sign of the Golden Mortar. jel3-d&w7

M'Clintock's Family Medicines.—We call the attention of heads of families, and others, to the advertisement on the fourth page of these valuable Family Medicines.

JOHN FLEMING.....WILCOX, JR.....OGDEN FLEMING.

FLEMING BROTHERS,
(SUCCESSORS TO J. KIDD & CO.)
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
NO. 60 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, Liver Pills &c.

HENRY H. COLLINS,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH,
And Produce Generally,
No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
jy15

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.'S
TRUE MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL,
Prepared expressly for their sales for Medicinal use. J. C. B. & Co. having employed an agent at the Fisheries to superintend the manufacture of their Oil, assures the public that it is prepared with the greatest care from none but fresh and healthy livers.

All Oil sold with their signature will be found to be of unusual fine quality, and can be retained in the most delicate stomach.

It is extensively employed both in private and Hospital practice, and well deserves the attention of invalids, as a remedy more valuable than any yet discovered, for consumption or pulmonary affections.

JOHN C. BAKER & CO.,
No. 100 North 2d st., Philadelphia.
For sale by all the principal Druggists. jel7-6md&w6cF

Invalids recovering from the effects of Fever, Bilious Diseases, or continued illness of any kind, will find Carter's Spanish Mixture the only remedy which will revive their drooping constitutions, expel all bad humors from the blood, excite the liver to a healthy and healthy action, and by its tonic properties, restore the patient to life and vigor.

We can only say TRY IT. A single bottle is worth all the so-called Sarsaparillas in existence. It contains no Mercury, Opium, or any other noxious or poisonous drug and can be given to the youngest infant without hesitation.

See the certificates of wonderful cures around the bottle More than five hundred persons in the city of Richmond Va., can testify to its good effects.

See advertisement. jel7-d&w1mT

NELSON'S FIRST PREMIUM
DAGUERREOTYPES.
POST OFFICE BUILDING, THIRD STREET,

CITIZENS AND STRANGERS who wish to obtain an accurate, artistic and life-like likeness, at a very moderate price, will find it to their interest to call at this well known establishment where entire satisfaction is guaranteed, or no charge made. Having one of the largest and best arranged Side and Skylights over constructed for the purpose, with instruments of the most powerful kind, and having adopted the system of Daguerreotyping, as now practiced by the celebrated Roots, of Philadelphia and New York, Mr. Nelson flatters himself he is able to offer to the patrons of the Art, a style of Daguerreotypes, either singly or in groups, which has never been surpassed.

Rooms open and operating in all weathers, from 8 o'clock A. M. to 6 o'clock, P. M. ma9-dawT

Shoulder Braces and Chest Expanders.

"Be particular in procuring the kind mentioned, as many of the Braces sold are humbugs."

[From the Pittsburgh Daily Dispatch, Feb. 24, 1853.]

AN EXCELLENT ARTICLE.—Persons who have acquired a stooping position, by following a sedentary occupation will experience great relief by the use of the "Washington Suspender Brace," made and sold by Dr. KEYSER, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley. It answers for a brace and suspenders, the weight of the pantaloons is so placed as to continually tend to bring the shoulders to their natural position, and expand the chest. We purchased one some time ago, and have been so pleased with it that we unsolicited gave it a "puff" gratis.

Persons accustomed to be annually injured by the weight of enormous "skirts," should also procure these braces. Be particular in procuring the kind mentioned, as many of the braces sold are humbugs.

Sold wholesale and retail at the Drug Store of George H. Keyser, No. 140, corner Wood st. and Virgin alley.

Sign of the Golden Mortar.

N. B.—Also keep Trusses, Supporters, Pile Props, Elastic Stockings and all kinds of mechanical appliances.

Cristadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye.
NATURE EQUALED BY ART!

For ages the friseurs endeavored in vain
The hair, without scorching the fibre, to stain—
Tried lais notions and that, too, in changing the hue
They withered the hair past all art to renew.
You may burn your gray tresses a black or a brown,
But Nature the enchanted that will disown;
And, her juices dried up, you will soon be appalled
By finding your ill treated cranium bald.
Long years, as we've said, the craft struggled in vain
A dye without caustic or lime, to obtain—
A fluid innocuous—that, placed on the head,
To a brown or a black would transform gray to red,
Many times twas proclaimed that the end was achieved;
But the wise shook their head, though the foolish believed,
And in spite of advertisement, placard and puff,
Of such humbug the public grew tired to scorn.
At length, 'twas but lately, "Eureka!" they cried;
The want so long felt had at length been supplied.
A dye was announced, that, in changing the hue,
The hair did not scorch—the statement was true.
In an instant, o'er locks silvered, sandy or red,
Was a black or a brown the most exquisite, shed—
The fibres were nourished instead of destroyed;
The pores of the scalp with no pigment were cloyed;
So color replaced the liquid gas vented
The color was never one moment in doubt;
No chameleon change to purple and green
E'er rendered the ladies "not fit to be seen"—
Instantaneous, the hair was changed to dark fibers,
Like the darkness that follows the lightning's glare.
What a triumph was this! how the tidings went forth
To the East, to the West, thro' the South thro' the North,
Until Science and Art throughout the world rang
On their tablets inscribed the discoverer's name,
And declared that no nostrum the place could supply
Of their own Cazzarono's Excelsior Dye!

Sold wholesale and retail, at LEYSER'S, 140 Wood st.,
jel Sign of the Golden Mortar

PROTECTION
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital Stock, Annual Premiums and Western Fund,
$1,000,000.
INCORPORATED 1825.

Policies of Insurance issued at all times on the most favorable terms, against
LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,
ON
PERILS OF NAVIGATION.
By GEORGE E. ARNOLD, Agent,
wh16-'53 ly&ls For Pittsburgh and Allegheny Co.

Indigestion and Liver Complaint Cured
BY KIER'S PETROLEUM.—Read the following letter from Dr. O. Rosebrough, of Cincinnati, Ohio:

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Pittsburgh, June 10, 1854.

The President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of Three Dollars per share upon the Capital Stock, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after Monday, the 19th inst.

SAMUEL L. MARSHALL,
jel7-2ot6 Secretary.

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