PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 5, 1854.

WHIG STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JAMES POLLOCK,
OF NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.
FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE DARSIE,
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.
FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
DANIEL M. SMYSER,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

☞ Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

☞ To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Rooms nor Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 6 o'clock, on Saturday.

Reading Matter on each page of this paper.

☞ Copies of our DAILY PAPER can be obtained of Mr. PRITCHARD, on Smithfield street, near the Post Office.

Honor to Connecticut.

Connecticut has sent back an answering shout to the Anti-Nebraskans of New Hampshire!—The telegraph brings word that the Nebraska-administration party has completely been routed, and a Whig Legislature chosen. Although the Democratic Convention discarded the Nebraska swindle, it did not save the party from defeat. The measure was sanctioned by the administration, and the Democrats of other States, and by the Democratic Senator from Connecticut, and the enemies of Nebraska rallied for the Whig ticket, as the only safe means of expressing their opposition to the Douglass fraud. Whigs, Free Soilers, and Anti-Nebraska Democrats joined together to produce this glorious result. We do not claim it so much as a Whig, as an Anti-Nebraska victory! Let the honor of the victory be where it may, it is a defeat to the Nebraska outrage, and of the administration of Gen. Pierce. This result will secure us a good Free Soil Whig in the place of Truman Smith, and will inflict a blow on pro-slavery Democracy from which it will not soon recover.

This is only the beginning. The same avalanche of opposition will roll over all the free States during the summer and fall elections.—The sentiment of the people is against the fraud, and those who support and vote for it, in Congress do it with a certainty that it seals their political death-warrant, and the everlasting execration of the people. Connecticut has driven another nail hard home into the coffin of the Nebraska fraud, and the other free States will follow in their turn.

The Irish and the War.

A second letter from John Mitchell to the Irish people in this country and in Europe, will be found in another part of this morning's *Times*. It is written in the same spirit, and for the same purpose, as the one which we published last week. Mr. Mitchell's first object is to deter Irishmen from enlisting in the British army; and his second is to impress upon them the fact that in the present position of European affairs, there is reason to believe that an opportunity will soon be offered for expatriated Irishmen "to *help*, at least, in securing justice and execution upon their enemy." He alludes to the statement recently made by the Daily *Times*, and repeated by other papers, concerning designs that are entertained and preparations that are already made for *an invasion of Canada* by organized companies of drilled Irishmen in the United States. Mr. Mitchell undoubtedly knows whether there is any foundation for these reports or not; and those who have been especially busy in denying them may take note of the fact that, although he evidently seeks to convey the impression that they are groundless, Mr. Mitchell does not venture to say so. On the contrary, the language which he holds tends very strongly to confirm the rumors in question. For ourselves, we have only to say that we should never have given currency to them if we had not had reason to believe them substantially true; and that since our first publication on the subject, we have received additional confirmation of their general correctness. We believe that a very large number of Irishmen have been already organized in military companies, and that they are regularly and secretly drilled, with the design of taking such part against England in the pending war as contingencies may invite. Mitchell adds to our information on the subject the assurance that "those who cherish this design know what the laws of the United States are in this matter—that they are bound by duty and affection to obey those laws—and that they contemplate nothing which will violate them, or in any way compromise the peaceful relations of this country with other powers."—*New York Times.*

We beg leave still to doubt, notwithstanding the statement of the *Times*, that an invasion of Canada by the Irish in America is seriously entertained. We have no doubt that John Mitchell is mad enough and foolish enough to promote such a ridiculous and villainous scheme, but we think the majority of his countrymen have too much sense to put their necks into a halter for any such purpose, which can neither injure England nor benefit Ireland, and which can under no possible contingency succeed. Our Government would be compelled by every sentiment of honor and justice to punish the offenders to the full extent of the law. John Mitchell may hatch mischief in New York, but he will take care he does not place his own neck in the noose. The blacks in Canada would rally as one man to repel the scoundrel whose longings have no higher aim than a good plantation stocked with negroes, with a whip in his hand to act the overseer and the bully.

PITTSBURGH AND CHICAGO.—These two cities will soon be united by a continuous, direct, and almost air-line Railroad. The cars now run 250 miles, to Patterson, on the Mad river Railroad, and great exertions are made to push on the work as rapidly as possible. Gen. Robinson, Mr. Roberts, and some of the Directors of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, are now in Fort Wayne, for the purpose of consulting with the officers of the Ohio and Indiana, and the Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Companies, as to the best mode of facilitating the rapid completion of this magnificent line. The Ohio and Indiana road is expected to be completed early in autumn, and we are glad to perceive from the following announcement by the Fort Wayne Sentinel, that the iron for the Fort Wayne and Chicago road has been secured:

FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.—We learn by the New York papers that Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co. have effected a purchase of 8,000 tons of rails for this road. The work upon it is progressing satisfactorily, and we hope to see it completed before the close of the present year.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—We take pleasure in directing the attention of parents and guardians to the advertisement of Rev. Jos. I. Travelli, whose Academy for Boys has achieved a wide, and justly a high reputation. There are three regular teachers employed in this school, besides the principal, and we enjoy an acquaintance with the whole of them, and can therefore speak confidently of their excellent literary and moral character. The discipline of the school is paternal, strict but kind. The situation is in the highest degree salubrious, the natural and artificial scenery fine, and the neighborhood one of the very best. We can confidentially recommend the school to the public.

NEW MUSIC.—Horace Waters, 333, Broadway, New York, has laid on our table the following new music: 'We are Happy now, dear mother,' music by Woodbury; 'We meet again,' song and chorus, written and composed by J. R. Thomas; 'Prescott House Polka,' and 'Horace Water's New Year's Gift Schottish, for 1854.' Mr. Waters is an extensive publisher of Music, and is the agent for T. Gilbert & Co.'s celebrated Æolian Pianos, which have received the unqualified approbation of a large portion of the musical world.

SIR CHARLES NAPIER.—The sketch of the life of this veteran naval commander, which we give to-day, will be read with especial interest, as he has just sailed from England for the Baltic, in command of one of the largest and best appointed fleets which ever sailed the ocean. We may look for immense events from that quarter, in the course of a few weeks.

☞ The London Letter, received by the Canada, published on our first page, will amply repay a perusal. The writer is one of the Editors of the London *Times*; and his means of information are of a most extraordinary character, and his prudence and discretion are undoubted.

The Clergy—Douglass Condemned at Home!

The Clergy of Chicago, twenty-five in number, held a meeting in that city, last week, and adopted the following form of, a protest against the Nebraska bill, to be signed by all the Clergy of the North-West:

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, in Congress assembled:

The undersigned, clergymen of different religious denominations in the North-western States as citizens, and as Ministers of the Gospel of Jesus Christ, hereby, in the name of Almighty God, and in his presence, do solemnly protest against the passage of what is known as the "Nebraska bill," or any repeal or modification of existing legal prohibitions of Slavery in that part of our national domain which it is proposed to organize into the territories of Nebraska and Kansas.

We protest against it as a great moral wrong; as a breach of faith eminently injurious to the moral principles of the community, and subversive of all confidence in national engagements; as a matter full of danger to the peace and even existence of our beloved Union, and exposing us to the righteous judgments of the Almighty.

And your protestants, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

The following Resolutions were adopted as expressive of sentiments entertained by the Ministers present:

1. That the Ministry is the divinely appointed institution for the declaration and enforcement of God's will upon all points of moral and religious truth, and that as such, it is their duty to reprove, rebuke, and exhort, with all authority and doctrine.

2. That while we disclaim all desire to interfere in questions of war and policy, or to mingle in the conflicts of political parties, it is our duty to recognize the moral bearing of such questions and conflicts, and to proclaim in reference thereunto, no less than to other departments of human interest, the principles of inspired truth and obligation.

3d. That in our office as Ministers we have lost none of our prerogatives, nor escaped our responsibilities as citizens, and that in the relation which we bear to God and the Church, we find the highest reason for fidelity in those which we bear to the State, and to our fellow-men.

5th. That in the debate recently held in the Senate of the United States upon the presentation of this Memorial of the Clergy of New England, we greatly deplore the apparent want of courtesy and reverence towards man and God, manifest especially in the speeches of the Senators from Illinois and Indiana; and that in regard to the whole tone and spirit of that debate on the part of the opponents of said Memorial, as an outrage upon the privileges of a large and respectable body of citizens, upon the dignity of the Senate, upon the claims of the divine name, word, and institutions, to which we owe our profoundest honor and reverence.

TRUE FREEMAN'S JOURNAL, AND PROTESTANT STANDARD.—This weekly paper is published by an association in New York. Rev. J. ROWLAND FINLAY, who lately lectured on Popery in this city, has been appointed Editor. In his last number he announces the names of the following gentlemen as regular contributors:

Rev. Dr. Wilson, A. McDonald, Esq., and Wm. B. McDougal, A. M., of Cincinnati, Ohio; Rev. John Douglass, A. M., of Pittsburgh; Rev. Wm. L. McCalla, of Philadelphia; Rev. A. H. Wright, Rev. John Little, and Rev. J. S. Inskip, of this city; Rev. F. W. Bill, of Williamsburgh; Rev. J. L. Gourlay of Canada, and Rev. Dr. M'Menamy, of Edinburgh.

He also makes the following announcement:

The Protestants of Pittsburgh and Allegheny are taking the deepest interest in our paper.—We have only room to make this passing remark, reserving for our next issue a fuller detail; and tendering to our brethren our sincere thanks for their disinterested kindness we received while in their favored city.

THE VETO OF GOV. SEYMOUR.—The veto of the Maine Law bill, by Gov. Seymour of New York, has caused great sensation, sorrow and indignaties in that State. The *Albany Register*, in an article on the veto message, closes with the following impressive and suggestive remarks:

The bill went out to the Governor for his signature. On the one side of him stood the opponents of the bill. The cold, icy, but intellectual republican aristocracy fresh from their costly and delicious wines, smiling as a summer morning, bland in their frigid courtesy, patronizing in their condescension, speaking softly and in terms about a lofty conversation and the disturbing progress of the fanaticism which would interfere with their comfort by censuring their indulgence. With them, dim and shadowy in the distance, but visible to the mind's eye stood the bloated and blear eyed devotees of a low debauchery, reeking from their bachanalian orgies, ragged and filthy, blasphemous and profane in speech. And these two extremes of humanity, each actuated by a common motive, an iron selfishness, demanded of the Governor that he should interpose his veto and wipe out all the progress of a quarter of a century.

On the other side stood the religious sentiment of the State, the moral sentiment of the State, the genuine social virtue of the State, charity for human suffering, sympathy for human suffering, sympathy for human sorrow, parents who had followed the children of their love to the drunkard's graves, wives whose husbands had been brutalized by intemperance, daughters that it had given to shame, children that it had beggared, humanity itself appealed to him, with a voice choked and tremulous with anguish, not to stand in the way of this great experiment of form, not to falsify every promise of his past life, or throw away the great hope of his future by linking himself to that heartless and selfish republican aristocracy, or becoming the champion and idol of the tatterdemalion hosts that were looming like gaunt spectres behind them.

And yet these appeals were vain. Governor SEYMOUR has crushed the last hope of ten thousand fathers, mothers, wives, sisters, daughters, and sad a solemn thought to take with him to his pillow of rest. And what has he gained?—Who will call down upon his name tonight, as they kneel at their evening devotions a blessing from God for the good deed he has done? With what prayers will his name go up to the throne of the infinite God? Not one. And yet his name will be upon ten thousand tongues to-night. It will go up with a great shout and a hurrah, but it will be coupled with blasphemies, and mingled with the obscenities of pothouse revelries. It will be shouted in the midst of debauchery and to the theme of bachanalian song.

What in all this is glory, and what is Shame?

MASSACHUSETTS FOR FREEDOM!—Old Massachusetts still has the ring of the metal of 76. At a Whig Legislative Caucus a few evenings since, the following Resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the Whigs of Massachusetts are in favor of freedom and hostile to slavery, and while we defend the South in all their constitutional rights, and would in no way interfere with the maintenance of slavery where it is now recognised by law, yet we are opposed to permitting another square of territory, now free, to be trodden by a slave; and if the Compromise of 1820 shall be repealed, the only safe and reliable platform for the North to stand upon, will be a *firm, united and determined opposition to the admission of another Slave State into the Union, from such territory against the application may come.*

Resolved, That the bill now pending in Congress, known as the Nebraska bill, and involving the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, is a measure so iniquitous in its character, so hostile to every principle of justice, and involves so gross a violation of public honor, that we are only surprised that an honest man, either North or South, can be found to sustain it.

Betwixt *The Union* and Sidney Webster, we think the President of the United States is getting into a shabby position. It might do very well for General Franklin Pierce of Concord to be industrious in clearing up street tales or newspaper gossip about his position or opinions on a public question, but it is not the thing for the President of the United States. Why should'nt Mr. Clemens of Alabama write a letter to a friend in a distant State touching the position of Mr. Pierce on Nebraska, without alarming that gentleman, or his private secretary, or his public organ? Yet the appearance of Mr. Clemens' letter in print has resulted in a wonderful and most undignified fluttering in the White House. Mr. Clemens has been called upon by the President to write another one in which he, the President, shall not appear in such an unfavorable position before the South, as at first. Isn't this small business? We rather guess there are no two opinions on this subject. In self, however, the matter would not call for any serious comment, but as disclosing the character of the man who "wields the destinies" of the country, and suggests and indorses Nebraska bills, it is not to be overlooked. Is the country likely to come to the conclusion, from the example of weakness and folly, not to say wickedness, of the present occupant of the White House, that it will be its future safer, as well as more respectable, to put men of brains and well established character in the Presidential chair?—*N. Y. Tribune.*

NEGRO HUNT.—About two weeks ago, the overseer of Judge Worthington, at Point Washington, in Mississippi, was killed by one of his negroes. The murderer fled, but was pursued, caught and lodged in jail at Greenville. On Sunday, the 12th inst., some forty overseers from neighboring plantations, forcibly took him from the jailor and carried him to Princeton, near the scene of murder, and hung him. The occurrence created great excitement in the neighborhood.—*Louisville Journal.*

☞ A young man who has been missing for three or four months from Cattaraugus county, and whom a whole cordon of humbug spirit-rappers had consigned to the wolves, is engaged in chopping cord-wood near Pittsburgh!—*Alleany Jour.*

FROM HARRISBURG.

Correspondence of the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, April 3, 1854.

SENATE.—Mr. Quiggle, from the committee on railroads, made a report on the resolutions of the Ohio legislature relative to the disturbances at Erie. [The late hour at which the mail arrived last night prevents us from giving this report.—ED. GAZ.] The committee recommend no action.

On motion of Mr. Darsie, one thousand copies were ordered to be printed.

Mr. M'Clintock, from the committee on education, reported the bill to incorporate the Farmers' High School of Penn'a.

The Senate was devoted to the consideration of private bills, among a number of others were passed.

Bill to authorize the Kittanning Bridge Co. to erect a bridge at Kittanning.

Supplement to the act relative to landlords and tenants.

Bill to extend Chancery injunction to the Courts of the 6th and 8th judicial districts.

Bill to exempt the estate of the Blairsville Female Seminary from taxation.

Supplement to the Erie Railroad Company.

Bill relative to the mode of voting in Somerset, Lancaster and Clinton counties.

Bill to authorize the Commissioners of Washington county to subscribe $50,000 to the capital stock of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad company. Called up by Mr. Darsie.

Supplement to the Pittsburgh, Kittanning and Warren Railroad company.

Bill to authorize the Birmingham and Pittsburgh Bridge Company to borrow money. Called up by Mr. Darsie.

Bill to authorise the Commissioners of Armstrong co. to erect a bridge over the Mahoning creek.

Bill to authorise the appointment of High constables in Saltsburg, Ind. co.

Bill to extend the 52d section of the act relating to the election districts to Allegheny county. Called up by Mr. McClintock.

Bill to incorporate the Philadelphia Deposit Bank, passed to 3d reading.

The bill to regulate the License system in Philadelphia, passed the committee of the whole and was laid over.

The bill relative to a certain warehouse in Freeport, Armstrong county, was called up by Mr. McClintock.

Mr. Jamison made objections to the passage of the bill, and it was defeated—yeas 9, nays 9; but on motion of Mr. Piatt, the vote was subsequently re-considered, and the bill laid over.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

The House, in the morning session was wholly occupied in the consideration of the bill for the sale of the Public Improvements, Mr. Strong's amendment to refil the main line still pending.

Mr. Johnson, of Northampton, submitted a new bill as a substitute for Mr. Strong's bill.—The bill differed from Mr. Strong's chiefly in directing the advertisement of the sale for three months, and fixing the price at twelve millions.

Mr. Cook then moved to substitute the Senate bill, with the exception of the branches, and addressed the House at length in support of his amendment. He made a very able speech.

Messrs. Eldred and Putney made speeches against the sale of the works, Mr. Putney having the floor when the hour of adjournment arrived.

In the *afternoon* the bill to authorize the Canal Commissioners to assess damages arising from the destruction of property on the public works, passed finally.

The bill for the better protection of fruit and fruit trees was discussed some time and then postponed.

The bill to extend the jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace was taken up. A number of counties, including Allegheny, Westmoreland and Green, were exempted from its provisions; when it passed second reading—47 to 33.

Senate amendments to the bill relative to the Pittsburgh, Kittanning and Warren railroad were concurred in. Adjourned.

The new French loan of two hundred and fifty millions francs, equal to fifty millions dollars, is to be raised in a novel way, without the aid of banks or brokers. The whole loan is thrown open to the biddings of the whole nation, however small each bidding may be. Thus a saving will be effected in raising the loan, while the profits will be shared by every class of capitalists. The bidders for small amounts are to have the preference where the rate bid is equal to the others, as well as in the case, should it happen, that the amount of bids will exceed the amount of the loan required. It is stated that the largest aggregate number of the present holders of government stock is to be found in the provinces of France, and in small individual sums, while the Parisian holders are very few. This is the reverse of what used to be in the time of either branch of the Bourbons. This shows the greater popularity out of Paris of the new regime.

JOHN HOWARD PAYNE.—The remains of the late John Howard Payne (the author of "Home Sweet Home") are to be brought to this country and placed in the Congressional Burial-ground, and a suitable monument erected to his memory at the expence of the government.—*Washington Argus.*

Mr. Payne was the U. S. Consul at Tunis, the duties of which office he discharged with signal ability and to the entire satisfaction of the Department. We had the pleasure of making his acquaintance, at Washington, a while since, and we considered ourself extremely fortunate to meet with a man whom we had long before learned so admire and to almost revere. His gem of song, "Home, Sweet Home," will always be the first and most preferred among those we love to hear. It is well that his remains should rest beneath the turf of his country, "the land he loved so well."

SOUTHERN SENTIMENT.—The Nashville (Tenn.) *Banner* concludes an able article against the Nebraska bill with the following paragraph:

"Was the repeal of the Missouri Compromise called for and urgently demanded by the *people* of the South? No. The *people* of the South never dreamed of such a thing. It has been proposed by politicians at Washington for party and personal purposes. President making and party supremacy are the considerations which lie at the bottom of this most mischievous, unnecessary and uncalled for measure."

In a tract distributed by the Mormon preachers, the following question and answer occurs: What shall be the reward of those who have forsaken their wives for righteousness sake? A hundred-fold of Wives here, and wives everlasting hereafter."

REGISTER.

HENRY WOOD is a candidate for the nomination for Register, before the Whig Convention. apr5

[Evening papers copy.]

Notice.—From the numerous solicitations of my friends and fellow-citizens, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Register, subject to the decision of the Whig Convention, to be held on the 31st day of May next. ALEX. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, April 3, 1854.—[apl3-dawtd

SPECIAL NOTICES.

COCHRAN & RUSSELL,
(SUCCESSORS TO THOMAS ALLABONE & CO.)
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 23 North Wharves and 63 North Water street.
THIRD STORE ABOVE ARCH STREET.
PHILADELPHIA,
HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND
SPERMACETI FOR DRUGGISTS' USE
Spermaceti, Adamantine, Patent, Sperm and Polish Candles, Colored, Scented.
Kendall's Chemical, Olive and Western Olein Soaps.
Sperm, Whale, Lard, Sea-Elephant, AND TANNERS' OIL,
In bbds. and bbls.,
Being large importers of Oils, we are prepared to furnish them upon the most favorable terms.
Tar, Pitch, Rosin and Spirits of Turpentine, Varnish, Camphene or Pine Oil, Burning Fluid, Alcohol, Strong & Deodorised.

Rice, Cotton and Soda Ash;
ARE ALSO AGENTS FOR THE "HAZARD POWDER COMPANY," and are constantly supplied with the various Grade of this superior Sporting and Blasting Gunpowder, which they are authorized by the makers to warrant equal to any in this country or Europe.
FOR SALE TO THE TRADE ON ACCOMMODATING TERMS, the principal kinds are:
FFF Kentucky Rifle, in 6s, 12½ and 25 lb. Kegs.
FFG " " " " " "
FG or Sea Shooting " " " " " "
Duck Shooting. " " " " " "
CANISTERS,
American Sporting, in Canisters of 1 Each.
Indian Rifle, " " " "
Kentucky Rifle, fine " " " "
☞ Also, Shipping and Blasting Powder, in Kegs and Canisters. mh7-3moed

M'Clintock's Family Medicines.—We call the attention of heads of families, and others, to the advertisement on the fourth page of these valuable Family Medicines. ja24-lmeod

Enlarged or Varicose Veins, Weak Knee Joints and Weak Ankles.—I would respectfully invite the attention of physicians, and the public generally, to my assortment of Silk Elastic Stockings, Knee Caps, Ankle Socks and bandages for the relief and cure of Varicose or Enlarged Veins, Weak Ankles, Weak Knee Joints and the various appliances used in the cure of diseases requiring outward support.

☞ I also keep every variety of Trusses, Body Braces, Supporters, Shoulder Braces, and in fact all kinds of mechanical appliances used in the cure of disease.

GEO. H. KEYSER, Wholesale Druggist,
mh23-d&w8 No. 140, cor. Wood st. and Virgin Alley.

Indigestion and Liver Complaint Cured
BY KIER'S PETROLEUM.—Read the following letter from Rev. O. Dickerson, a Missionary in Oregon:

MR. S. M. KIER—Dear Sir—Myself and wife having been greatly benefited by the use of your Petroleum, I wish to have you send me a box of two or three dozen bottles. I am the Congregational Minister in this place, and several of my people are affected with indigestion and an inaction of the liver, the same of myself and wife, before taking your PETROLEUM, OR ROCK OIL. We took several bottles—two or three each—about a year and a half ago, and we have never enjoyed so good health for years as we have since the time. I have not taken a single bottle before that failure of the stomach which so distresses the dyspeptic was relieved, and I have felt nothing of it since that time. My wife was also relieved from a chronic disease of the liver, which had been of several years standing, by the use of your Petroleum.

Sold by S. M. KIER, Canal Basin, GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., and Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere. [Papers advertising Petroleum copy.] oct5

Ladies Fancy Furs.
M'CORD & CO. would most respectfully invite the attention of Ladies to their large and complete stock of FANCY FURS, now opening, comprising in part Sable, Stone Martin, Fitch, Lynx, Carmine, Siberian Squirrel, Rock Martin, Gerzett, Coney and Swan's Down; Muffs Victorines, Polasaic Cuffs, Boas, &c., corner Wood and Fifth streets.

To Printers.—For sale, a lot of second hand Column Rules, Advertising Rules, and Double Cross Rules, at low prices. Enquire at this office. ja18

SHRIVER, DILWORTH & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION *MERCHANTS*,
Nos. 130 and 132 Second street, between Wood and Smithfield, Pittsburgh, and Agents for Lea & Kirkpatrick, Sugar Refiners, Philadelphia—a full assortment of Refined Sugars and Syrups on hand, to which we invite the attention of the city trade.

HENRY H. COLLINS,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH,
And Produce generally,
No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
jy15

O'CONNER, BROTHER & CO.,
BANKERS AND INSURANCE DEALERS, No. 115, Wood street, one door from First street, Pittsburgh.—Buy and sell Par and Current Funds, Sight and Time Exchange, Coin, Stocks, Eastern and Western Time Bills, and Promissory Notes; allow 6 per cent on Time Deposits, and Collect Money; and Insure Fire and Marine Policies for the ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, (cash Capital, $170,000,) and ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY, (Capital 10,000,000.)

NELSON'S FIRST PREMIUM
DAGUERREOTYPES.
POST OFFICE BUILDING, THIRD STREET.
CITIZENS AND STRANGERS who wish to obtain an accurate, artistic and life-like likeness, at a very moderate price, will find it to their interest to call at the well known establishment where entire satisfaction is guaranteed, or no charge made. Having one of the largest and best arranged Slide and Sky Lights ever constructed for the purpose, and instruments of the most powerful kind, and having adopted the system of Daguerreotyping as now practised by the celebrated Rosts, of Philadelphia and New York, Mr. F. flatters himself to be able to offer to the patrons of the Art, a style of Daguerreotypes, either singly or in groups, which has never been surpassed.

Rooms open and operating in all weathers, from 6 o'clock A. M. to 6 o'clock, P. M. mh5-dawT

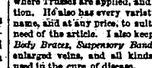
Dr. Banning's Lace or Body Brace.

The Brace of Dr. Banning is now got up in a much improved form, and is worn by hundreds of persons for the cure and prevention of Vocal Pulmonary Dyspepsia, Nervous, Sinkal, Female, Hernia and Diseased WEAKNESSES, such as Prolapsus Uteri, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dragging of the bowels, Piles, Fistula, Milk Leg, and Enlarged Veins.

This Brace has the sanction of some of the most distinguished medical men in the country, among whom are—Drs. Mott, Whiting, Rodgers, Brown, and M'Lean, of New York; Drs. Burroughs, Richardson, Habersham, Morrell and Cunningham, of Savannah, besides others, as may be seen by reference to the certificates, which I have for free distribution.

☞ I also keep for sale Fitch's, Chapin's, Jackson's, Vanhorne's, Mrs. Bette', Marsh's, North's and several other Supporters.

Also, SEYMOUR'S GALVANIC SUPPORTERS, which, besides the usual support has the stimulation of the galvanic current through the parts effected, also



TRUSSES FOR THE RELIEF AND RADICAL CURE OF HERNIA OR RUPTURE. There are thousands of persons who are afflicted with a Rupture of the Bowels, who pay little attention to the disease until the bowels become strangulated, when in all probability it may be too late.—How important it is, then, for all those suffering from any form of "Rupture of the Bowels," to call at once upon Dr. KEYSER, at his Wholesale and Retail Drug Store, corner of Wood street and Virgin alley, and procure a TRUSS, to retain the protruding portion of the bowels. Dr. KEYSER has an office back of the Drug Store where Trusses are applied, and warranted to give satisfaction. He also has every variety of Trusses that you can name, and at any price, to suit the means of every one in need of the article. I also keep every kind of *Supporters, Body Braces, Suspensory Bandages, Elastic Stockings*, for enlarged veins, and all kinds of mechanical appliances used in the cure of disease.

I would respectfully invite the attention of the public to an excellent *TRUSS FOR CHILDREN*, which invariably effects cures in a very short time.

Read the following cure furnished me by a physician in an adjoining county:

* * * * * * * "The Truss you sent has cured the case, which I thought you would be pleased to know. The machine does well. CHARLES HOTEL.)

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