PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH:

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 20, 1854.

FOR GOVERNOR,

JAMES POLLOCK;

OF NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

GEORGE DARSIE;

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT.

DANIEL M. SMYSER;

OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

☞ The Pittsburgh Weekly Gazette.—The extensive circulation of our *Weekly Gazette* offers to our business men most desirable medium of making their business known to the public. Circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every merchant, manufacturer and shop-keeper in Western Pennsylvania, and Eastern Ohio.

☞ To Advertisers.—Neither the Editorial Rooms nor Printing Establishment of the *Daily Gazette*, are opened on Sunday. Advertisers who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 4 o'clock, on Saturday.

Reading Matter on each page of this paper.

THE GUBERNATORIAL CONTEST.—The indications are that the Governor's election in this State will turn mainly on the principles involved in the Nebraska bill repealing the Missouri Compromise. Although the Democratic Convention did not pass the Nebraska resolution presented to it, the neglect was more owing to the finesse of the chairman, coupled with a disposition to shirk the question than to any opposition to the measure on the part of the leaders of the party. Every Democratic paper in the State, we believe, has endorsed the measure, and shows a disposition to fight the campaign on its merits.

The *Post* of this city treats the Whig nominations very cavalierly, and sneers at any efforts the Whigs may make to elect Mr. Pollock. It says:

We would advise our neighbor of the *Gazette* to turn his attention to theology and abolitionism for the next six months. Politics will not pay.

It is very likely that we shall be compelled to devote no little time to what the *Post* calls "abolitionism" and "theology," if the election is to turn on the question of the extension of slavery to free territory, and if the power of Popery is as evidently seen in this contest as the last.—We can assure the *Post*, in all sincerity, that we shall not fail to do all we can to advance the cause of religion, and civil and personal freedom, and we freely accept the issue tendered. We consider such employment of our columns quite as dignified and useful as treating of matters of little or no concern, and toadying to the powers that be for an occasional crumb from the White House.

The "Pennsylvanian," the organ of the party in the eastern part of the State, accepts of the issue thrown down by the Whig Convention, in the Anti-Nebraska resolution, and calls it a bid for the votes of Abolitionists and Free Soilers, and says that the Democrats will "plant themselves on the principles of the inalienable right of the people to make their own laws." This means, if it means any thing, that the settlers in the new territories shall have the right to choose their own rulers and make their own laws, but this is the very thing the Nebraska bill prevents. The President appoints the Governor, the Judges, etc., and when Mr. Chase offered an amendment giving the people the right to reject slavery it was voted down! This is what the Pennsylvanian calls giving the people the right to make their own laws! But this is not all. A provision in the bill, for which Senator Brodhead of all the Northern Senators voted, forbids foreigners to vote even after they have declared their intentions to become citizens, a privilege they enjoy in all the other territories! Such is the nature of the principle on which the Democratic party has planted itself! A principle which nullifies the voice of the People, and gives the government the power to establish slavery over their heads!

The "*Washington Examiner*," the organ of the Democracy in Washington county, also takes the same view of the issue involved in the campaign. It says that Mr. Brodhead, on the Nebraska bill, "*fairly represents the views of the Democracy of Pennsylvania.*" This is certainly a correct inference from the resolution of the Democratic State Convention, endorsing Mr. Brodhead just as he came from the midnight scene in the Senate, when that body disgraced themselves by an act of perfidy unexampled in the history of republics.

We accept the issue, then, so freely tendered by the Democratic press. Mr. Bigler represents the party in favor of defrauding the free States out of their just rights, and of extending the curse of slavery to the free territory of Nebraska. Mr. Pollock represents the party in favor of maintaining the Compact of 1820, endorsed by President Monroe and his Cabinet, consisting of J. Q. Adams, J. C. Calhoun and Wm. H. Crawford, and which was ever considered inviolable, by Clay, Webster, Calhoun, and all the great states-men and patriots of the country. Let the issue turn on this, as these gentlemen will it; we are ready to meet the question, and do not fear the result.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—GLORIOUS NEWS!—No event of the year is so full of exhileration, to us, as the result of the New Hampshire Election. New Hampshire is the President's own State, and has been unfalteringly Locofoco for a long series of years. To defeat the Administration there, after a year so full of locofoco triumphs as 1853, is indeed an achievement to be proud of. The following despatches tell the tale with sufficient distinctness:

CONCORD, March 16.

Later returns give a different complexion to the election. There is a Whig and Free Soil gain of 81 members of the Legislature over last year. 157 Whigs and Free Soilers are chosen, being a majority of the House. Baker's majority cannot exceed 15001 in the State. It is now considered a matter of absolute certainty that no supporter of the Nebraska bill can be chosen United States Senator by the Legislature elect. The city is in a tempest of excitement.

BOSTON, March 16.

The latest dispatches from Concord state that returns have been received from all the State, except about twenty small towns. Many of these will elect Whigs, and from what has been received, 145 opposition and 127 Democratic members of the House are elected. Among the latter are said to be twelve of Mr. Burke's old guards, decidedly hostile to the administration, and who will not co-operate with the Concord regency. In 178 towns the net Democratic loss on the Gubernatorial vote of last year is 3522 votes.

This result could not have been accomplished in a contest on the ordinary political issues of the day. Nothing but the infamy involved in the Nebraska bill could have aroused the people to an effort sufficiently active to produce such a victory. That it has done so proves the innate honesty and sincerity of the masses. They will not tolerate such a fraud as that which President Pierce has fathered; and although citizens of the same State with him, they feel impelled to rebuke dishonesty so flagrant. The defeat of the administration in New Hampshire is an anti-Nebraska triumph, and nothing else.

John P. Hale is elected a member of the legislature from Dover. This gives color to the report that he is again to be sent to the U. S. Senate. The legislature just chosen has two United States Senators to elect—one for six years from next March, in place of Moses Norris, who can very well be dispensed with, and one to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Atherton. The present occupant of the latter's place, Mr. Williams, holds only by executive appointment. We hope to see Mr. Hale chosen to fill one of these positions, and we see that the Washington letter writers in the interest of the President admit that he will be.

When the Senate passed the Nebraska bill, the rampant Senators from the South characterized the denunciations of it by the Anti-Slavery Senators of the North as "howlings;" and rejoiced that the passage of that bill would put an end to the business of returning such men to the Senate. It seems to have had a contrary result in New Hampshire.

The administration writers at Washington endeavor to break the force of the verdict in the Granite State. "X," of the Baltimore Sun, says:

The result of the new Hampshire election is yet involved in mystery, and causes a great many apprehensions. One thing is plain, the Nebraska bill had nothing to do with it, as it has not been made a party test in New Hampshire, as all.

Oh, of course not! But the success of the Democratic party would have been claimed, nevertheless, as an endorsement of the bill, and it is not in the power of "X" or any one else to show that there was any issue distinct from the Nebraska question, in the New Hampshire canvass, of sufficient importance or power to produce such a change. The Whigs and Free Soilers went into the contest on the Nebraska issue alone, and if the Administration men did not dare to meet them boldly on that issue, it only proves their cowardice and pusillanimity, and not that the people refused to make that the basis of their action. The country will regard the matter in this light, and can only despise the pitiful effort of the President to break the force of the rebuke administered to him by ignoring the real cause of his humiliating defeat.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 15.

Mr. President Pierce declared himself to-day upon the Cuban difficulty. His Message on the affair of the Black Warrior betrayed a nervous anxiety to conciliate the Filibusters, and the aggressive sentiment which sustains them, while he gave Spain no provocation which could not be afterwards explained in a manner satisfactory to the pride of that nation. But the general tone of the document was decidedly hostile, nay, even belligerent. He speaks of the seizure of the Black Warrior as one of a series of "outrages" on American commerce which have not been suitably resented, nor to any extent redressed. This is a reflection upon the administration of his predecessors, and is designed to contrast the superior spirit, zeal and patriotism of his own.

Instructions have already been sent to Mr. Soule directing him to demand full indemnities for the seizure of the vessel and cargo, and the recall of the captain general, by whose authority the act was committed. Mr. Soule will probably experience little difficulty in obtaining satisfaction, if Spain is not backed up by an Anglo French alliance. If that tripartite leathe is in full force and vigor, the royal government will simply reply that Spain has a right to enforce her revenue laws in her own way, and if we do not like the treatment our sailors receive, we have only to discontinue our visits to Cuba. This petty disturbance may lead the country into serious difficulties. While England and France are engaged with the Russian autocrat, it may be supposed that they will be able to offer but little obstruction to a vigorous attack upon Cuba, and that the moment for annexation is too favorable to be lost. Any new expeditions against the island will be held by Spain good cause of war, and she will meet the issue. What if France and England suddenly make their peace with the Czar, and regain the use of fifty thousand sailors and one hundred ships of the largest class, and ten thousand guns. Our Pillibusters are ready enough to fight Mexico, and do not object to a foray into Yucatan, or Central America, but a hand to hand fight with Spain, France and England is a different affair, and I venture the prediction that if those powers show their teeth Gen. Pierce and all the generals in his cabinet will roar gently as sucking doves over the outrages in Cuba.

The Senate to-day commenced the consideration of the Gadsden treaty. It was supported and explained by Mason, of Va., and opposed by Mr. Clayton, Dr. Gwinn, and Gen. Houston. This miserable diplomatic abortion may be defeated, but in view of the influences which now control our public affairs, its confirmation need excite no surprise. I have frequently shown that it is a wanton throwing away of twenty millions of dollars, and that it will take out of the pockets of Pennsylvania tax payers, two milions and three hundred thousand dollars. Any number of unblushing falsehoods have been and will be told about the value of the territory acquired. But we have the testimony of Major Emory, and Captains Cook, Johnson, and Macary, in proof of its utter and irredeemable worthlessness. Senators tell me that the prospect is fair for the rejection of the treaty, but on early decision is not expected.

In the House, Mr. Bridges of Penn'a, of course a Democrat, broke ground in favor of the Nebraska bill. The New Hampshire election is yet in doubt. If it result unfavorably to the administration, the Nebraska villainy is dead, and it is not irreverent to say that it is damned by the universal execration of the country. It is also some satisfaction to feel that its unprincipled authors will share the ignominy of its fate. There is ground for hope that the epithalamium of Mr. Bridges may end in a dirge. However, let us not be unjust, Mr. Bridges is not untrue to his party and his creed. The mission of both in these latter years is the extension of human bondage, and it is perfectly in character that their disciples should march to the attainment of their object over violated compacts, through ceaseless agitation, and finally, if need be, through civil war.

Your Whig State Convention has made an excellent nomination for Governor. Judge Pollock distinguished himself, while in Congress, as one of the members from Pennsylvania within my recollection. He is clear headed and firm—a ready and eloquent speaker. He is a Whig of the most determined character, and manifests a wholesome contempt for all the demagogueical cant and licentious policy of the Democracy of our day. He is a model of an honest and dignified politician. The Democrats of Pennsylvania have now the upper hand, but the time is not distant when that party must be driven from power, not to regain it until after a long purgation. I trust that we have reached the dawning of that good time, and that Gov. Pollock will inaugurate a season of jubilee, in which we shall forget all our sorrow. JUNIUS.

FROM HARRISBURG.

Correspondence of the Daily Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, March 16, 1854.

Both Houses of the Legislature met this morning at ten o'clock. The members of the House were generally in attendance, and all the Senators except two or three. They are all looking well, having recruited remarkably during the brief recess, and return to their labors with restored health and vigor, prepared to apply themselves earnestly to the work yet before them, and complete it as early a day as possible.

In the Senate to-day a number of petitions were presented in favor of a prohibitory liquor law, and on a variety of other subjects.

Mr. M'Clintock presented a remonstrance from Duquesne borough, against any change of the place of holding their elections. Also, one from Wilkins, Penn tp. against making the county liable for street damages in Pittsburgh.

Mr. Darsie a petition from the German Lutheran Church of Pittsburgh, remonstrating against any interference with their burial grounds. Also a petition for the restoration of the act relative to opening streets in Pittsburgh.

A bill changing the time of holding Courts in Clinton county, was reported from Committee, and immediately taken up and passed.

Mr. Darlington offered a resolution, which was adopted, to hold afternoon sessions hereafter on Wednesdays and Fridays of each week during the session.

Mr. M'Clintock called up the new School bill, which was read by sections, variously amended, and discussed at length. The thirty-third section was pending when the hour of adjournment arrived.

Adjourned till 7 o'clock this evening.

In the House also a large number of petitions had accumulated, and were presented this morning, on a great variety of subjects.

Mr. Hamilton read a bill in place relative to duties of Judges as to costs and fees in equity cases; and in the District Court of Allegheny county.

A supplement to the act providing for the payment of the expenses of Government; and a supplement to the act to alter and amend the fee bill, were also introduced, together with numerous others of a local character.

The bill to regulate Railroad companies was reported from the Railroad committee.

A resolution was adopted, to hold sessions on Mondays in the morning instead of the afternoons as heretofore; and in the afternoons of Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

The bill for the sale of the Public works was made the special order for Thursday the 23d instant.

Adjourned till to-morrow morning at 10 o'clk.

SENATE.—Evening Session.

Senate met at 7 o'clock, P. M., session devoted to the consideration of private bills. Several bills passed finally.

Bill providing for the erection of a new Jail in Fayette county.

Bill to incorporate the Pennsylvania Saving Fund of Philadelphia.

Bill supplementary to the Birmingham and Brownsville M'Adamized turnpike road company; called up by Mr. Darsie.

Bill to authorize the Commissioners of Washington county, to pay Peter Wolf four hundred dollars for certain services.

Bill to incorporate the Sinnamahoning and Pittsburgh Railroad Company; called up by Mr. B. D. Hamlin.

Bill to extend the charter of the Honesdale Bank. Passed finally—yeas 17, nays 14.

Bill to appoint Commissioners to examine the affairs of the Northampton Bank, of Lehigh county, of sufficient importance or power to produce such a change. The Whigs and Free Soilers went into the contest on the Nebraska issue alone, and if the Administration men did not dare to meet them boldly on that issue, it only proves their cowardice and pusillanimity, and not that the people refused to make that the basis of their action. The country will regard the matter in this light, and can only despise the pitiful effort of the President to break the force of the rebuke administered to him by ignoring the real cause of his humiliating defeat.

Bill requesting the Governor to remove Daniel E. Vonderesmith, Associate Judge of Lancaster county, by yeas 30, nays none.

Bill to authorize the vacating of a certain alley in Allegheny city; called up by Mr. Darsie.

Bill to incorporate the Exchange, Deposit and Discount Institution of Philadelphia.

Bill to incorporate the Exchange Deposit and Discount Institution of Philadelphia. Passed finally—yeas 14, nays 11.

Bill to incorporate the Clearfield and Tyrone Railroad Company. Passed second reading and laid over.

Bill supplementary to the Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad Company.

Bill to consolidate the York and Baltimore, the York and Cumberland, and the Susquehanna Railroad Company, into one Company, to be called the Susquehanna Railroad Company. Passed committee of the whole and was laid over.

Adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE.—The following bills passed finally:

A supplement to the Allegheny Coal Company.

Bill to incorporate the Allegheny city and Freeport Railroad Company. Mr. Putney, of Armstrong, moved to subject this Company to a tonnage tax; which was voted down.

A motion was made to take up the resolution against the repeal of the Missouri Compromise was lost—yeas 29, nays 67.

The supplement to the act regulating Railroad Companies passed second reading and was laid over.

The bill to increase the salaries of the State agents on the State Improvements from $1,50 to $2,00 per day, and the pay of the laborers to $1,25 per day, was debated at length. The motion to increase the pay of laborers was lost—yeas 19, nays 61. The original bill to increase pay of State agents lost—yeas 33, nays 45.

The bill to increase the pay of District Attorneys passed committee of the whole; when the House adjourned.

In the Afternoon.—The bill relative to evidence, proposing some changes in the law was considered and rejected.

The bill to extend the jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace in criminal cases was discussed at considerable length, and finally postponed. A motion to postpone it indefinitely, lost.

The supplement to the act relating to roads, highways, and bridges passed finally.

Adjourned.

☞ BRING FLOWERS, SWEET FLOWERS."—We were quite surprised on Saturday, to find on our table a basket of artificial flowers, of rare beauty, taste, and fidelity to nature, and so naturally perfumed that we were deceived at the first flush into an impression that they were the product of some Green House, of surpassing excellence and variety. A card, in neat, lady-like hand, announced the donor to be Mrs. KATE SAGE, who designs to give on the afternoons and evenings of Thursday and Friday of this week, an exhibition, at Lafayette Hall, of Leatherwork, Embroidery and Artificial Flowers. This Leatherwork is something new, at least to us, and is not only extremely beautiful, but highly utilitarian, and will attract general attention. By it articles of Furniture, Work Boxes, *etc.*, can be ornamented with raised work, equal to elaborate specimens of Carving. Of course, all the ladies who love beauty and art will go to the exhibition, and if the ladies go, gentlemen will not stay away.

THE BLACK WARRIOR CASE.—The New York Times says it learns from a private source, entitled to full credit, that the Courts of Law at Havana have decided *against* the legality of the action of the authorities in confiscating the cargo of the Black Warrior. The ground taken is, that as they conceded to the captain a right to the ship the right of altering his manifests at any time before reaching port, they cannot deny him the privilege of *correcting* it within a reasonable time afterwards.

If this be so, the affair will be settled without any difficulty. If the courts of law decide the act illegal, indemnification to the owners of the steamer who suffered from the illegal act, will necessarily follow.—*Philadelphia Leger.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Lyon's Kathairon.—For preserving, restoring, cleansing and beautifying the Hair, alleviating nervous Head-ache, and curing eruptive diseases of the skin Its reputation, co-extensive with the civilization of the country, makes all encomium a work of supererogation. Lyon's Kathairon, and since its discovery has found no substitute to compete its incontested, its incontestable superiority. Physicians and Chemists—honorable citizens from all professions of life,—the leading Journals of Europe and America—ladies who have used it upon their delicate tablets, and Mothers in their Nurseries—in fact its million patrons everywhere, from plebeians to kings, pronounce it the most pleasant and effective article either as a Medicinal or Toilet preparation ever produced. Do not fail to give it a trial. Price but 25 cents.

D. S. BARNES, Proprietor, 121 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold in Pittsburgh by R. E. Fahnestock, Geo. Weyer, Lorenz, Fleming Bros., and Braun & Keller. dec9-1m

NOTICE.—The undersigned, Frederick Lorenz, of the firm of Lorenz, Sterling & Co., and Thos. Stewart, of the late firm of Stewart, Lloyd & Co., have this day formed a partnership under the name and style of LORENZ, STEWART & CO., for the purpose of manufacturing Iron and Nails, at the old stand, Penn house No. 61 Water street, between Ferry and Short streets, where they have on hand an extensive variety of Nails, which they offer for sale on accommodating terms. They respectfully solicit a continuance of the public favor. FREDERICK LORENZ,

mh13-3dtaw THOS. H. STEWART.

Indigestion and Liver Complaint Cured BY KISER'S PETROLEUM.—Read the following letter from Rev. O. Dickerson, a Missionary in Oregon:

MR. S. M. KISER—Dear Sir—Myself and wife having been greatly benefitted by the use of your Petroleum, I wish to say a few words in favor of it. Before I left Oregon, I was the Congregational Minister in this place, and several of my people are afflicted with Liver Complaint. I gave them your Petroleum, and in all cases it has done them good. I can safely recommend your Petroleum as a valuable medicine, and shall keep it on hand. Yours, truly, O. DICKERSON.

Sold by S. M. KISER, Canal Basin, GEO. H. KEYSER, 140 Wood st., and Medicine Dealers everywhere. See advertising Petroleum copy.] oc26

Breast Pumps.—The best apparatus for drawing the breast over invented is Dr. Needham's Breast Pump. It acts without pain, is simple in its construction and must give satisfaction in every case. Sold, wholesale and retail, at KEYSER'S, 140 Wood st. 6/28

Consumption and Spitting Blood.—See the certificate of Mr. Turner H. Ramsey, for many years proprietor of the Farmers' Hotel, Fredericksburg, Va., and late of the City Hotel, Richmond, Va.

Dr. John Minge, of the city of Richmond, though a regular physician, and of course opposed to what he called quack medicines, was induced to say that its good effects in the case of Mr. Ramsey, were wonderful indeed.

He had been given up by several physicians, had tried most of the quack medicines, and was on the verge of death, as well as the grave. In fact, he had given himself up. Let him refer the public to his full and lengthy certificate around the bottle, stating his cure.

☞ See advertisement. mh15-1m

NEW SPRING GOODS. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

A. A. MASON CO.,

Have received and are now opening Two Thousand cases and packages of Foreign and American Goods of every description, comprising in part:

200 pieces of the richest styles of Plaids, Stripes, Brocade, Figured, Changeable, Poult de Soie, Foulard, China and Black Silks of every description.

DRESS GOODS.

1200 pieces Paris Printed Barages, Grenadines, Tissues, Organdies, Jaconets, Chalys, Percales, Poplins, Alpacas, Lenoretta, Cambrics, also, cases of Mous de Laines, Barege de, Ginghams, &c.

SHAWLS, MANTILLAS, &C.

100 Cartons, Long, Square, Broche Shawls; Canton Crape, Silk, Thibet, Cashmere, Lama and other shawls; every variety of Mantillas, Talmas, Visites, &c., of their own and foreign manufacture.

BONNET AND MILLINERY GOODS.

140 cases of Bonnet Silks, Ribbons, Velvets; also, the most fashionable styles of Lawn and Silk Bonnets of Paris, New York and their own manufacture; Millinery Goods of every variety.

EMBROIDERIES, LACES, TRIMMINGS, &C.

100 cartons of Collars, Sets, Chemisettes, Cap Laces, Habits, &c., &c., all the latest styles of Dress Trimmings, Gimps, Fringes, Ribbons, Gloves, &c.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

700 doz of Hosiery and Gloves, of every quality; the best make of Kid Gloves always on hand; also, a full stock of Merrel Kid Gloves.

LINEN AND HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

A complete assortment of Linen Sheetings, Linen Covers, Diapers, Linen Shootings, Napkins, Toweling Linens, Quilts, &c., &c.

DOMESTICS.

1100 cases and bales of Calicoes, Bleached and Brown Muslins, Flannels, Checks, Tweeds, Summer Stuffs, Prints, Vestings, Cloths, Cassimeres and Satinets; Tailors' Trimmings, &c.

Comprising in all the most extensive and best selected stock in the eastern country, to which they solicit the inspection of merchants.

☞ New Goods will be constantly received through the season. Only one price. A. A. MASON & CO.,

No. 25 Fifth street.

NELSON'S FIRST Ppremium DAGUERREOTYPES.

ROOMS OPPOSITE CHURCH, 3D STORY, FRONT.

CITIZENS AND STRANGERS who wish to obtain an accurate, artistic and life-like likeness, at a very moderate price, will find it to their interest to call at this well known establishment where entire satisfaction is guaranteed, or no charge made. Having one of the largest and best arranged Skylights and Sky Lights ever constructed for the purpose, with instruments of the most powerful kind, and having adopted the system of Daguerreotyping, as now practiced by the celebrated Route, Philadelphia and New York, Mr. F. Saiters himself to be able to offer to the patrons of the Art, a style of Daguerreotypes, either singly or in groups, which has never been surpassed. Rooms open and operating in all weathers, from 8 o'clock A. M. to 5 o'clock, P. M. mh9-dawT

BURKE & BARNES' SAFES.—Here is

the kind of testimony as to the value of our SAFES, upon which we can confidently rest the reputation of our work We have already published several certificates, proving that Safes made for our regular and ordinary sales, said and shipped, have been subjected to the SEVEREST TESTS IN ACTUAL CONFLAGRATIONS, and preserved their contents totally free from damage. The following is another proof of the same incontestible character—

$10,000 WORTH OF BOOKS AND PAPERS SAVED WITH A $40 SAFE!

ATLEE, Earl Co., Pa.,

November 12, 1852.

Messrs. Burke & Barnes—Dear Sirs—Your two letters were duly received. I was absent at the time. would say, in regard to your safe, I consider it perfectly FIRE PROOF. I have the safe I bought of you last fall, on the 2d morning of the 10th of June last—my store building being burned to ashes. It was built of wood and brick—a large three story building. My safe was in it at the time of the fire, and fell into the cellar, where there was a large amount of oil. It was a very hot fire.

My notes and book accounts that were in the safe amounted to about Ten Thousand Dollars, which were saved. There were also a single paper injured; and for that I would advise any person who is doing business, to purchase that kind of a Safe to keep their papers in, and I can get one that is good. I can safely recommend your Safes to any one. Yours, Truly, JOHN CLARKE.

mh4-2d

M'Clintock's Family Medicines.—We call the attention of heads of families, and others, to the advertisement on the fourth page of these valuable Family Medicines.

Ladies Fancy Furs.

M'CORD & CO. would most respectfully invite the attention of Ladies to their large and complete Stock of FANCY FURS, now opening, consisting in part Sable, Stone Martin, Fitch, Lynx, Carmine, Siberian Squirrel, Rock Martin, Genett, Coney and Swan's Down; Muffs Victorines, Polasaie Cuffs, Boas, &c., corner Wood and Fifth streets.

To Printers.—For sale, a lot of second hand Column Rules, Advertising Rules, and Double Cross Rules, at low prices. Enquire at this office. ja15

SHRIVER DILWORTH & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION *MERCHANTS.*

Nos. 130 and 132 Second street, between Wood and Smithfield, Pittsburgh, and Agents for Lee & Kirkpatrick, Sugar Refiners, Philadelphia—a full assortment of Refined Sugars and Syrups on hand, to which we invite the attention of the city trade. ja12-1mdfc

HENRY H. COLLINS,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH, And Produce Generally,

No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

ja18

O'CONNER, BROTHER & CO.,

BANKERS AND INSURANCE DEALERS, No. 115, Wood street, one door from First street, Pittsburgh.—Buy and sell Par and Current Funds, Sight and Time Exchange, Coin, Stocks, Eastern and Western Time Bills, and Promissory Notes; allow 6 per cent on Time Deposites of Par and Current Money, and Insure Fire and Marine Policies for the ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, (cash Capital, $170,000,) and ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY, (Capital 10,000,000.) ja16

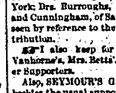
Dr. Banning's Lace or Body Brace.

The Brace of Dr. Banning is now got up in a much improved form, and is worn by hundreds of persons for the cure and prevention of Vocal, Pulmonary, Dyspeptic, Nervous, Spinal, Female, Uterine and Child-bed WEAKNESSES, such as Prolapsus Uteri, Chronic Pleurhea, Dragging of the Bowels, Flatulency, Weak Limbs and Enlarged Veins.

This Brace has the sanction of some of the most distinguished medical men in this country; among whom are:—Drs. Nott, Whiting, Rodgers, Brown, and M'Lean, of New York; Drs. Burroughs, Richardson, Habersham, Morrell and Cunningham, of Savannah; Dr. Bethune, of Boston, &c., as seen by reference to the essays, which I have for free distribution.

☞ I also keep for sale Fitch's, Chaplin's, Jackson's, Vashorse's, Mrs. Betts', Marsh's, North's and several others Supporters.

Also, SEYMOUR'S GALVANIC SUPPORTERS, which, besides the usual support has the stimulation of the galvanic current through the parts effected, also



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