THE DAILY PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 8, 1854. VOLUME LXVII—NUMBER 150.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE:

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY BY

WHITE & CO.,

D. N. WHITE] [SAMUEL HAIGHT,

OFFICE ON THIRD STREET, NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE.

TERMS:

DAILY—Six dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

WEEKLY—Two dollars per annum, in advance. Clubs will be supplied on the following conditions:

Three copies per annum		$5 00
Six copies	do	9 00
Ten copies	do	13 00
Twenty copies	do	20 00

The package for each club to be addressed to one person, and to be paid invariably in advance. No club papers will be sent after the year expires, unless the money is sent for a renewal.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One square, (10 lines of Nonpareil or Agate)		$0 50
Do.	each additional insertion	0 25
Do.	one week	1 75
Do.	two weeks	3 00
Do.	three weeks	4 00
Do.	one month	5 00
Do.	two months	7 00
Do.	three months	9 00
Do.	four months	10 00
Do.	six months	11 00
Do.	twelve months	18 00
Standing Cards, (6 lines or less per annum)		6 00

One dollar for each additional line.

One square, changeable at pleasure, (per annum,) exclusive of paper, 25 00

For each additional square, inserted over one month, and for each additional square inserted under the yearly rates, half price.

Advertisements exceeding a square, and not over fifteen lines, to be charged as a square and a half.

Publishers not accountable for legal advertisements beyond the amount charged for their publication.

Announcing candidates for office to be charged the same as other advertisements.

Advertisements not marked on the copy for a specified number of insertions, will be continued till forbid, and payment exacted accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is strictly limited to their own immediate business, and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all advertisements not immediately connected with their own business, and all classes of advertisements, in length or otherwise, beyond the limits engaged, will be charged at the usual rates. For all such transient advertising, bills will be separately rendered, and prompt payment is desired.

All advertisements for charitable institutions, fire companies, ward, township, and other public meetings, and all political meetings and notices, to be charged half price, payable strictly in advance.

Marriage notices to be charged 50 cents.

Death notices inserted without charge, unless accompanied by funeral invitations or obituary notices, and when so accompanied, to be paid for.

Regular advertisers, and all others sending communications, or requiring notices designed to call attention to Fairs, Soirees, Concerts, or any public entertainments, where charges are made for admittance—all notices of private associations—every notice designed to call attention to private enterprises, calculated or intended to promote individual interest, can only be inserted with the understanding that the same is to be paid for. If intended to be inserted in the local column, the same will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line.

Bishop or ☞ notices to be charged triple price.

Tavern License Petitions $2 each.

Real Estate Agents' and Auctioneers' advertisements not to be classed under yearly rates, but allowed a discount of thirty-three and one-third per cent. from the amount of bills.

WEEKLY OR TRI-WEEKLY IN DAILY PAPERS.

One Square, three insertions		$1 50
Do.	each additional insertion	37

ADVERTISEMENTS IN WEEKLY PAPER.

One Square, (10 lines,) one insertion		50 cents.
Do.	each additional insertion	25 cents.

All transient advertisements to be paid in advance.

RATES OF DISCOUNT.

CORRECTED DAILY FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, BY N. HOLMES & SONS, Brokers.

No. 57 Market st. between Third and Fourth sts. Pittsburgh.

PENNSYLVANIA.		Branch at Xenia	do
Bank of Pittsburgh	par	Branch at Youngstown	do
Exchange Bank of do	par	City Bank, Cincinnati	do
Mer. and Manuf's of do	par	Commercial Bk Cin'ti	do
Bank of Commerce	par	Franklin Bank	do
Bank of North America	par	Lafayette Bank	do
Bank of North'n Liberties	par	Ohio Life Ins. & Trust Co.	do
Bank of Pennsylvania	par	Western Reserve Bank	do
Bank of Penn Township	par		
Bank of the United States		Small Notes	
Commercial Bank of Pa.	par	NEW ENGLAND.	
Farmers' & Mechanics' Bk	par	All solvent Banks	
Girard Bank		NEW YORK.	
Kensington Bank	par	New York City	par
Manufac. & Mech. Bank	par	Country	
Moyamensing Bank	par	MARYLAND.	
Philadelphia Bank	par	Baltimore	par
Southwark Bank	par	Country	
Tradesman's Bank	par	NEW JERSEY & DELAWARE.	
Western Bank	par	All solvent Banks	
Bank of Chambersburgh		VIRGINIA.	
Bank of Chester County	par	Bank of the Valley	
Bank of Danville		Bank of Va., Richmond	
Bank of Del. Co., Chester	par	Ex. Bank Va., Norfolk	
Bank of Germantown	par	Farmers' Bk of Virginia	
Bank of Gettysburgh	½	Merchants' & Mech. Bank	
Bank of Lewistown	—	North Western Bank	—
Bank of Middletown	¼	Branches	—
Montgomery Co. Bank	par	NORTH CAROLINA.	
Bank of Northumberland	par	Bank of Cape Fear	2
Carlisle Bank	½	Bank of St. of N. Caroli'a	2
Columbia Bk & Bridge Co.	par	Com. Bank, Wilmington	2
Doylestown Bank	par	Merchants' Bk, Newburn	2
Easton Bank	par	SOUTH CAROLINA.	
Erie Bank	½	Bk of the St. of S. Carolina	2
Farmers' Bk of Bucks Co.	par	Bank of South Carolina	2
Farmers' Bk of Lancaster	par	Bank of Charleston	2
Farmers' Bank of Reading	par	Planters' & Mechan's' Bk	2
Farm. Bk of Schuylkill Co.	par	GEORGIA.	
Far. & Drov. Waynesburg	1½	Augusta Ins. & Bk'g Co.	
Franklin Bk Washington	par	Bank of Augusta	3
Harrisburg Bank	½	Bk of Brunswick, Aug'a.	3
Honesdale Bank	½	TENNESSEE.	
Lancaster Bank	par	All solvent Banks	3
Lancaster County Bank	par	KENTUCKY.	
Lebanon Bank	par	Bk of Kentucky, Louisv'e	½
Miners' Bank of Pottsville	¼	Bk of Louisv'e, Thurston	—
Monongahela Bank	par	Northern Bk of Kentucky	—
West Branch Bank	½	Southern Bk of Kentucky	—
Wyoming Bk, Wilkesbarre	½	MISSOURI.	
York Bank	½	Bk of State of Missouri	½
Relief Notes	½	ILLINOIS.	
OHIO.		State Bank and Branches	40
Ohio State Bank	½	Bank of Illinois	75
Branch at Akron	do	WISCONSIN.	
Branch at Athens	do	Marine & Fire In. Co. chks	5
Branch at Bridgeport	do	MICHIGAN.	
Branch at Chillicothe	do	Farmers' Mechanics' Bank	2
Branch at Cleveland	do	Government Stock Bank	3
Branch at Toledo	do	Peninsular Bank	3
Branch at Dayton	do	Insurance Company	3
Branch at Delaware	do	State Bank	2
Branch at Columbus	do	CANADA.	
Branch at Ashtabula	do	Bk of N. America, Toronto	5
Branch at Salem	do	Bk of the People, Toronto	5
Branch at Mansfield	do	Bank of Montreal	5
Branch at Ripley	do	Bk of U. Canada, Toronto	5
Branch at Cincinnati	do	EASTERN EXCHANGE.	
Branch at Washington	do	On New York	par
Branch at Cadiz	do	On Philadelphia	par
Branch at Lancaster	do	On Baltimore	par
Branch at Steubenville	do	WESTERN EXCHANGE.	
Branch at Mt. Vernon	do	Cincinnati	1
Branch at Newark	do	Louisville	—
Branch at Springfield	do	St. Louis	—
Branch at Marietta	do	GOLD AND SPECIE VALUE.	
Branch at Troy	do	Doubloons, Spanish	16,00
Branch at Mt. Pleasant	do	do Patriot	15,50
Branch at Zanesville	do	Eagle, old	10,60
Branch at Norwalk	do	Eagle, new	10,00
Branch at Piqua	do	Frederick d'ors	7,80
Branch at Portsmouth	do	Ten Thalers	7,80
Branch at Eaton	do	Guineas	5,00
Branch at Ravenna	do	Sovereigns	4,85
Branch at Cuyahoga	do	Ten Guilders	3,96
Branch at Massillon	½	Napoleons	3,80
Branch at Wooster	do	Ducats	2,15

PRICES OF STOCKS.

REPORTED FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, BY

A. WILKINS & CO.

STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,

NO. 71 FOURTH STREET.

PITTSBURGH, January 31, 1854.

	Par.	Asked.	Offd.	REMARKS.
LOANS.				
United States 6's	100	—	—	Int. Jan. & July
Do. 5's	100	—	—	Int. Feb. & Aug.
Pennsylvania 6's	100	—	—	Int. Jan. & July
Do. 5's	100	—	—	Int. Feb. & Aug
Alle'ny Co. 6's	100	—	—	Int. May & Nov
Do. coup. 6's scrip	100	—	—	do
Do. coup. 6's	100	—	—	do
Pittsburgh city 6's	100	—	—	Int. Jan. & July
Do. coup. 6's, N. Y.	100	—	—	do
Allegheny city 6's	100	—	—	Int. May & Nov
Do. coup. 6's, Phil.	100	—	—	do.
BANK STOCKS.				
Bank of Pittsburgh	50	56½	56	Div. Nov. 4 ℔ ct
Merchants' & Manuf Bank	50	57	56½	do 5
Exchange Bank	50	57½	56¼	do 4
Allegheny Savings Bank	50	235	225	
BRIDGE STOCKS.				
Monongahela Bridge	25	25½	24½	Div. Mar 4 ℔ ct.
St. Clair St. Bridge	25	36	33	Div. Jan. 5 ℔ ct
Hand St. Bridge	50	44	42	Div. " 2½ pa
Northern Liberties	50	40	35	Div. " 2½ pr. a
Williamsport Bridge	25	15	—	
INSURANCE.				
Pittsb'h Life Insurance	5	10	9	Div. 20 ℔ ct
Western Insurance Co.	—	18	16	Div. Nov. 12½
Citizens' Insurance Co.	—	19	16½	
Associated Firemen's Co.	—	7	5	
TELEGRAPH.				
Pittsburgh to Phila.	50	41	40	
Pittsburgh, & Louisville	50	41	39	Div. Qr. 3 ℔ ct.
Lake Erie	50	25	—	do
Morse's Magnetic	50	—	—	Div. 4 ℔ c 6 mo
RAIL ROAD, SLACKWATER, GAS, &C.				
Pittsburgh Gas Works	50	61	60	
Monongahela Slackwater	50	42	40	Div. Jan. 4 ℔ c
Youghiogheny Slackwater	50	16	—	New Stock.
Penna. Central Railroad	50	—	—	
Ohio & Penna. Railroad	50	47	46	Ex. Div.
Balt. & Ohio Railroad	50	—	—	do.
Cleveland & Wellsv'le R. R.	50	—	—	
Marine Railway, Dry Dock	100	105	102½	
Fayette Manuf. Co.	50	50	—	
Erie Canal Bonds (old)	100	25	—	
Do. do. (new)	100	35	—	
Turtle Creek Plank Road	25	10	—	
Alle. & Perrysv'e Plank Rd	25	20	25	
Greensburg Turnpike Rd.	50	10	8	
Chartiers Coal Co.	20	17	—	
COPPER.				
Minnesota	—	170	162	Ex. Div.
Pittsburgh & Boston	—	148	135	Div. 1853, $15
North American	—	70	65	New Stock.
North West	—	—	16	
North Western	—	18	16	
Iron City	—	3	2	
Eureka	—	2	1	
Pittsburgh & Isle Royal	—	5	4	
Ohio	—	3	2	
Adventure	—	4½	3½	
Merchant	—	—	—	
Douglass Houghton	—	6	5½	
Ontonagon	—	—	—	
Ohio Trap Rock	—	28	25	
Ridge	—	7½	5	
Fire Steel	—	2½	2	
Colling	—	4½	3	
Aztec	—	1½	1	
Bluff	—	2½	1½	
National	—	35	31	
Avery	—	3	—	
Forest	—	12	—	
Phoenix	—	—	—	
Norwich	—	11½	10½	

EXCHANGE AND BANKING HOUSE OF

A. WILKINS & CO.,

United States Bank Building, No. 71 Fourth street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOREIGN and Domestic Exchange, Coin, Bank Notes and Land Warrants, bought and sold. Collections made throughout the Union. Business paper discounted and loans negotiated. Stocks bought and sold on Commission. Money received on deposit, and interest allowed when left for a specified time. dec3

GEORGE E. ARNOLD & CO.

BANKERS,

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, COIN, BANK NOTES, &c., No. 74 Fourth street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. ☞ All Transactions at most liberal rates. oc13d&wT

PORTABLE THRASHING MACHINES AND SEPARATORS.

WARRANTED to be thoroughly built, and to work well; made and sold by C. W. CARROL, opposite Shoenberger's Rolling Mill, 664 Penn street, Pittsburgh. The Thrashing Machines are beautiful, simple and compact, are easily removed from place to place, and may be used with equal convenience in barn or field. No machine runs lighter, thrashes faster, or makes better work. More than 9,000 of them are now in use in the Western States, and as many East of the Mountains. Many of them have thrashed from 30 to 100,000 bushels each; and, on thorough trial, they have been recommended by those who use them, to be as complete, and to work as well as any in the world.

The Separator is Root's Patent, and is attached to the Thresher, and completely separates the straw and chaff from the grain, and has given entire satisfaction wherever tried. my23:lyT

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration have been granted to the subscriber on the Estate of Agnes Stewart, late of South Fayette Township, Allegheny county, deceased. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and all having claims, to present them, properly authenticated for settlement. JOHN HANNA, South Fayette Township.

LOOK HERE.—About 70 acres of well improved Land, 4½ miles from the city, and must be sold, as the owner is going West, and will be offered at $65 per acre. Enquire of THOMAS WOODS, fe6d4 65 Market street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ATTORNEYS.

J. S. MORRISON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Office removed to No. 44 Grant street, near Fourth, Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. W. HALL, Attorney at Law, "Bakewell's Buildings," Grant street, between Fourth and Diamond Alley. au30-wlyT

ROBERT POLLOCK, Attorney at Law—Corner of Fifth and Grant streets, opposite the Court House steps, Pittsburgh. my21-y'53

D. CRAIG, Attorney at Law, New Castle, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania. Refer to Hon. Walter Craig, Cross Creek; J. Dunlop, Esq.; Hampton & Smith; Kramer & Rahm; H. Childs & Co.; Loran, Wilson & Co., H. Lee. ap26-dly

JAMES J. KUHN, Attorney at Law, office Fourth street, near Grant, Pittsburgh. ja16-dly

R. P. SPALDING, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Cleveland, Ohio. References—A. W. Loomis, Shaler & Stanton. feb5-dly3*

FRANCIS C. FLANEGIN, Attorney at Law, No. 170 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

JASPER E. BRADY, Attorney at Law, No. 89 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

ALLEN KRAMER......EDWARD RAHM......FLORENCE KRAMER.

KRAMER & RAHM, Bankers and Exchange Brokers. Buy and sell Gold and Silver and Bank Notes, negotiate loans on Real Estate or Stock Securities, purchase Promissory Notes, and Time Bills on East and West. Buy and sell Stocks on Commission. Collections made on all points in the Union. Office corner of Third and Wood streets, directly opposite the St. Charles Hotel. my1-ly

H. D. KING, Coin, Stock and Exchange Broker, Fourth street—Buys and sells Stocks on Commission; Exchange on Eastern cities supplied at current rates; Collections made on the West at low rates; Western Bank Notes Bought and sold. jy26

WATERMAN PALMER......JOSHUA HANNA......WM. E. HARTLEY.

PALMER, HANNA & Co., Successors to Hussey, Hanna & Co., Bankers, Exchange Brokers and dealers in Foreign and Domestic Bills of Exchange, Certificates of Deposit, Bank Notes, and Specie—N. W. corner of Wood and Third streets. Current Money received on Deposit. Sight Checks for sale, and collections made on nearly all principal points of the United States.

The highest premium paid for Foreign and American Gold.

Advances made on consignments of Produce, shipped east, on liberal terms.

WM. H. WILLIAMS......J. D. M'CAY.

WM. H. WILLIAMS & Co., Bankers and Exchange Brokers. North East corner of Wood and Third streets, Pittsburgh.

All transactions made on liberal terms, and collections promptly attended to. ja9-ly

A. WILKINS & CO., Exchange Brokers, No. 75 Fourth street, opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh. All transactions at most liberal rates. fy10

WM. LARIMER, Jr., Banker and Broker, 4th street, No. 66, adjoining the Bank of Pittsburgh.

N. HOLMES & SON, Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Bills of Exchange, Certificates of Deposit, Bank Notes and Specie, No. 60 Market street, Pittsburgh. ☞ Collections made on all the principal cities throughout the United States.

COMMISSION &C.

WM. A. McCLURG, Dealer in Fine Teas, Choice Family Groceries, Wooden and Willow Ware, corner of Wood and Sixth streets, is now receiving a large assortment of Fresh Goods, in addition to his already extensive stock, purchased from first hands in the Eastern markets, which will be sold at the lowest market prices. ☞ Hotels, Steamboats, and Families, buying by the quantity, supplied at wholesale rates. ☞ Goods delivered in the city free of charge. ap18

A. & A. M'BANE, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, dealers in Wool and Produce generally; also, Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 114, Second street, Pittsburgh.

C. WELLS & CO., Commission Merchants and Wholesale Dealers in Bacon, Fish, Flour, Dried Fruit and Country Produce generally. No. 225 Liberty street, Commercial Row, Pittsburgh. ap14-y53

J. S. LEECH, McALPIN & CO., Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in Provisions, Metals and Pittsburgh Manufactures. Nos. 242 and 244 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

S. MORTON GILBERT......THOMAS F. FREDERICK.

GILBERT & FREDERICK, Wholesale Grocers, Produce Dealers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Wood street, Pittsburgh. ☞ Liberal cash advances on consignments. All goods insured if desired. ap15

ROBT. ROBISON......SAML. B. ROBISON.

R. ROBISON & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Produce Dealers, and Commission Merchants, No. 255 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. ja30

SPRINGER HARBAUGH, successor to S. & W. HARBAUGH, Commission and Forwarding Merchant, Dealer in Flour, Wool and Produce generally, No. 145 First st., and 113 Second st., Pittsburgh. ap19

W. KENDRICK, Forwarding and Commission Merchant; also, Agent for Manufacturers, Warehouse, No. 12 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to Forwarding Merchandise, and consignments for sale. No connection, or preference for Boats of any description.

Orders promptly attended to. Instructions will, in all cases, be implicitly obeyed.

Your business is respectfully solicited; and I pledge myself to use every exertion in your behalf. au22-y

KIER & JONES, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactured articles, Canal Basin, near Seventh street, Pittsburgh.

A. A. HARDY......WM. F. JONES.

HARDY, JONES & CO., Successors to ATWOOD, JONES & CO., Commission and Forwarding Merchants, Dealers in Pittsburgh Manufactured Goods, Pittsburgh.

R. W. POINDEXTER, Commission and Forwarding House, and for the purchase and sale of Flour, Western Produce, Iron, Nails, Glass, and the Manufactured Articles of Pittsburgh generally; 62 Water and 64 Front street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap21

J. W. BURBRIDGE......R. P. INGRAHAM.

BURBRIDGE & INGRAHAM, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Nos. 116 Water street, and 150 First street, Pittsburgh.

RHEY, MATHEWS & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, and Agents for Brighton Cotton Yarn, 57 Water st., Pittsburgh.

MERCER & ANTELO, General Commission Merchants, Philadelphia. Liberal advances made on consignments of Produce generally. ja17-y

JOHN WATT......JOHN WILSON.

JOHN WATT & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 260 Liberty st., Pittsburgh.

J. B. CANFIELD, late of Warren, Ohio, Commission and Forwarding Merchant, and Wholesale Dealer in Western Reserve Cheese, Butter, Pot and Pearl Ash, and Western Produce generally, Water street, between Smithfield and Wood, Pittsburgh.

THOMAS LITTLE, SR.......THOMAS LITTLE, JR.

(Late of firm Robison, Little & Co.)

T. LITTLE & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Produce and Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 112 Second street, Pittsburgh. ja17-y53

CHEESE WAREHOUSE.—HENRY H. COLLINS, Forwarding and Commission Merchant, and Dealer in Cheese, Butter, Lake Fish and Produce generally, 25 Wood street, above Water, Pittsburgh. my31

VON BONNHORST & MURPHY, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 22 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JACOB FORSYTH, Jr., Forwarding and Commission Merchant, No. 58 Water street, Pittsburgh. fe25-ly'53

THOMAS PALMER, Importer and Dealer in French and American Wall Paper, No. 55 Market street, between Third and Fourth street, Pittsburgh. mh5-'53

W. McCLINTOCK, Importer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Carpeting, Floor Oil Cloths, Matting, Table and Piano Covers, Window Shades, Steam Boat Trimmings, No. 112 Market street.

BARD & DE LANGE, Dealer in Hides, Leather and Oil, 215 Liberty street, (sign of the Golden Horse.) They will keep on hand, at all times, a general assortment of Leather for Shoemakers and Saddlers' use; also, Shoemakers' Findings, Tools, &c. ap18 BARD & DE LANGE.

MORRIS & PATTON, Wholesale and Retail Grocers, on the Eastern side of the Diamond, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GROCERS.

ROBERT MOORE, Wholesale Grocer, Rectifying Distiller, Dealer in Produce, Pittsburgh Manufactures, and all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors, No. 315 Liberty street. On hand a very large stock of superior old Monongahela Whiskey, which will be sold low for cash.

OLIVER BLACKBURN......GEO. E. JONES.

O. BLACKBURN & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Boat Furnishers, and Dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures; Oils, Pitch and Oakum always on hand at their Warehouse, 141 Water street, Pittsburgh. sepl2:y

ISAIAH DICKEY......ROBERT DICKEY.

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Produce, No. 50 Water street, and 107 Front street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN M'GILL......JAMES D. M'GILL......WALTER C. ROE.

M'GILLS & ROE, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 194 Liberty street Pittsburgh.

WM. BAGALEY......JOHN S. COSGRAVE, W. H. WOODWARD......RALPH BAGALEY, JOHN AYRELL.

WM. BAGALEY & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Nos. 18 and 20 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM A. M'CLURG, Grocer and Tea Dealer, corner of Wood and Sixth streets, has always on hand a large assortment of choice Groceries and fine Teas—Foreign Fruits and Nuts, Wholesale and Retail. Dealers supplied on the lowest terms.

ROBERT DALZELL & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, Dealers in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures. No. 253 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN R. WICK......DAVID M'CANDLESS.

WICK & McCANDLESS, successors to L. & J. D. Wick, Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Dealers in Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns, and Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, corner of Wood and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

A. CULBERTSON, Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, Dealer in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles, 195 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN FLOYD......RICHARD FLOYD.

J. & R. FLOYD, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Produce—Round Church Buildings, fronting on Liberty, Wood, and Sixth streets, Pittsburgh.

WM. BAGALEY......JOHN S. COSGRAVE, W. H. WOODWARD......RALPH BAGALEY, JOHN AYRELL.

BAGALEY, WOODWARD & CO., Wholesale Grocers, No. 221 Market street, Philadelphia.

DENTISTS.

J. SCOTT, Dentist, Fourth street, five doors west of Market. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. All work warranted. ja18

WM. A. WARD, DENTIST, Penn street, 3 Doors above Hand. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. On Saturdays no one will be received or attended to later than 3 P. M., unless by special appointment or in cases of extreme suffering.

WARD'S FLUID AND POWDERED DENTRIFICE, Manufactured and sold Wholesale and Retail by WM. A. WARD, Dentist, Penn st., 3 doors above Hand.

MANUFACTURING.

J. W. WOODWELL, Wholesale and Retail Manufacturer and Dealer in Cabinet Ware, No. 83 Third street.

BENNETT & BRO., Manufacturers of Plain and Fancy Yellow, Rockingham and Cream Colored Ware. Office at the Manufactory, corner of Washington and Franklin streets, Birmingham, opposite Pittsburgh. mar30:dly

JOHN WETHERELL, Manufacturer of PATENT BOX VICES; a superior article, SOLID BOX and BRAZED BOX VICES, corner of Anderson and Robinson streets, one square from the Hand street Bridge, Allegheny City. oc30:ly

TOOL WORKS, corner of First and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Machinists' Tools of every variety, such as IRON PLANERS, Slide and Hand TURNING LATHES, DRILLING MACHINES, &c., &c., manufactured to order. [fe12] JOS. F. HAMILTON & CO.

ISAAC JONES......JOHN F. QUIGG.

JONES & QUIGG, Manufacturers of Spring and Blister Steel, Plough Slab Steel, Steel Plough Wings, Coach and Eliptic Springs, Brass Nut Tapers, Half Patent Screw Mail and Hammered Iron Axles.—Corner of Ross and First streets, Pittsburgh.

JONES & QUIGG......D. B. ROGERS.

D. B. ROGERS & CO., Manufacturers of Roger's Patent Improved Steel Cultivator.—Corner of Ross and First streets, Pittsburgh. fe12

DAWSON, MOHAN & CO., Manufacturers of Shovels, Spades, &c., Warehouse No. 22 Wood st., between First and Second streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Penn Cotton Mills, Pittsburgh.

KENNEDY, CHILDS & CO., Manufacturers of—

Penn A No. 1 heavy 4-4 Sheetings;
Carpet Chain of all colors and shades;
Cotton Twine;
" Bed Cords;
" Plough Lines and Sash Cord;
" Rope of all sizes and descriptions;
Batting.

☞ Orders left at the Hardware Store of Logan, Wilson & Co., 131 Wood street, will have attention. je25:ly

WM. A. HERRON......JAMES CRISWELL.

HERRON & CRISWELL, Bell and Brass Founders, Manufacturers of all kinds of Brass Works, Locomotive, Steam Engine, Plumbers, &c. Also, Cotton Batting manufacturers.

FOUNDRY, Rebecca street, Allegheny city. | WAREROOM, No. 12, Market street, near First, Pittsburgh.

N. B.—Old Brass and Copper taken in exchange for work, or cash paid.

Orders left at the Foundry or Office, will be attended to punctually. fel6:ly

Arnold & Williams

HEATING AND VENTILATING WAREHOUSE.—Manufacturers of Chilson's Furnaces. Wrought Iron Tubing, and fitting for Steam, Gas or Water, No. 25 Market street, Pittsburgh.

☞ We have sold our Furnaces, Patterns, &c., to Messrs. ARNOLD & WILLIAMS, whom we cordially recommend to the patronage of the public. SCAIFE, ATKINSON & CO. oct

PINE AND CEDAR WARE.—SAMUEL KROESEN keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Wash and Bath Tubs, Horse, Steamboat, Oak Well, Kitchen or Draw Buckets, Wooden Bowls, Churns, Dry Measures, Zinc and Cherry Wash Boards, and all other kinds of ware in his line.

Also—50 nests Tubs, and 100 dozen Buckets.

Wareroom, Masonic Hall, Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap24:y

Blacksmith Bellows Manufactory.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The subscribers would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have entered into partnership commencing on the 19th of April, under the firm of R. WILLIAMS & CO., for the manufacture of BLACKSMITH BELLOWS of every description, which they are determined to make of the very best materials and superior workmanship. They intend to have always on hand an assortment of all sizes from 28 to 40 inches, at their manufactory, corner of Robinson and Sandusky streets.

ROBERT WILLIAMS,
JAMES WILSON.

Allegheny City, May 24. my24:dly

J. A. BROWN, would most respectfully inform the public that he keeps on hand, at his stand on the west side of the Diamond, Allegheny City, a complete assortment of Venetian Blinds, Venitian Shutters, &c. made to order, in the best style, warranted equal to any in the United States. His Blinds can be removed without the aid of a screw driver. Having purchased the stock, tools, and wood of the Cabinet Establishment of Ramsey & McClelland, I am prepared to furnish their old customers as well as the public at large, with everything in their line. Agency, No. 5 Wood street, Pittsburgh. mch26 J. A. BROWN.

F. LORENZ, JR.......THOS. WIGHTMAN.

PENN GLASS WORKS;

LORENZ & WIGHTMAN, Manufacturers of all kinds of VIALS, BOTTLES, and WINDOW GLASS, 83 Water and 65 Front streets, Pittsburgh.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to odd sizes of Window Glass and private moulds for Bottles and Vials. my22

JOHN D. M'CORD......JAMES S. M'CORD.

M'CORD & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL FASHIONABLE

HAT AND CAP MANUFACTURERS,

AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF FURS,

CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Their stock embraces every quality and style of Hats and Caps, Muffs, Boas, Cuffs and Fur Bonnets. au20:dwly

WILLIAM TATE......J. D. SANDERSON......JOSEPH BAILIE.

WILLIAM TATE & CO., No. 10 Fourth street, near Liberty, and Federal street, Allegheny, Manufacturers of Sheet Lead, Leaden Pipes, Hydrants, Baths, Water Closets, &c. &c.

Persons who have work to do in our line will do well to call, as they may rely on having their work executed by practical workmen, and as we manufacture our own lead pipe and sheet lead, we can afford to work as low as any other establishment in either cities.

Persons from the country, or who wish to purchase pipe for conveying water from Springs, will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing from second hands, as we are the only manufacturers of Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead in the city. Orders from the country for Lead Pipes, Sheet Lead and Pumps, will receive prompt attention. mh10:d&wly

Self Heating Smoothing Irons.

THE GREATEST DOMESTIC IMprovement of the age. Ladies find them a most desirable article—saving labor, time and money. Merchants and Pedlars supplied on liberal terms.

Address, (post paid,) J. JACKSON, 79 Third street, Pittsburgh.

N. B.—For sale, also, at the principal hardware stores in the city, by H. Graff & Co., and Mr. John Cartwright. Also, Tailors' Irons, on the same principle. de28:d&wly-23s

Bolivar Fire Brick and Crucible Clay Manufacturing Company.

THIS COMPANY HAVING ENLARGED their capacity for manufacturing, are now prepared to meet the increased demand for their Brick, Crucible and Building Clay. Orders promptly attended to by KIER & JONES, Canal Basin. Pittsburgh, September 21, 1853.

PITTSBURGH

COACH FACTORY.

No. 46 Diamond Alley near Wood Street, E. M. BIGELOW, PROPRIETOR.

WOULD respectfully call the attention of Southern and Western Merchants to his fine stock of Carriages, ranging in price from $100 to $1500. These Carriages are built from the best material and workmanship, and for style and finish are superior to any other establishment in this city; and to those who favor him with their confidence, warrant his work to be inferior to none manufactured in the Union. The success of his business and the great increase in demand for this class of work, has induced him not to enlarge, only common or low priced work in his establishment. Persons wanting good work warranted will please call and examine his stock before going East. All work warranted.

New Coach Factory—Allegheny.

M. H. WHITE & CO., would respectfully inform the public that they have erected a shop on Beaver, between Federal and Sandusky streets. They are now making and are prepared to receive orders for every description of Vehicles, Coaches, Chariots, Barouches, Buggies, Phaetons, &c. &c., which, from their long experience in the manufacture of the above work, and the facilities they have, they feel confident they are enabled to do work on the most reasonable terms with those wanting articles in their line.

Paying particular attention to the selection of materials, and having none but competent workmen, they have no hesitation in warranting their work. We therefore ask the attention of the public to this matter.

N. B.—Repairing done in the best manner, and on the most reasonable terms. ja20:tf

Coach and Carriage Factory.

JOHNSTON, BROTHER & CO., corner of Belmont and Rebecca streets, Allegheny City, would respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they are manufacturing Carriages, Barouches, Rockaways, Buggies, Sleighs and Chariots, in all their various styles of finish and proportion.

All orders will be executed with strict regard to durability and beauty of finish. Repairs will also be attended to on the most reasonable terms. Using in all their work the best Eastern Shafts, Poles and Wheel Stuff, they feel confident that all who favor them with their patronage will be perfectly satisfied on trial of their work.

Purchasers are requested to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Fifth Street Stocking Factory.

ABILITY, ENERGY, AND ECONOMY.—The best goods in Children's Hose, Men's socks, Undershirts, and Drawers, sold at manufacturer's prices, at the Fifth street stocking Factory, all made from last year's wool. NO ADVANCE IN PRICE. WM. DALY, Stocking Factory, 5th street, between Wood and Market.

NICHOLSON & PAYNE,

MANUFACTURERS OF

COOKING STOVES, GRATES, FRONTS, FENDERS, &C., Liberty Street, opposite Wood.

EARNESTLY direct attention to a new and handsome pattern of PARLOR STOVE, just completed; also, to their new patterns of coal COOKING STOVES, known as the "Keystone State" and the "Western Star." These Stoves in neatness of finish, economy of supply, and soundness of material, surpass anything of the kind yet offered to the public. In addition to the articles alluded to above, their general stock comprises everything in their peculiar line, with the most approved improvements in view of real utility. Platform and Counter SCALES, Bark Mills, Wagon Boxes, Hollow Ware, Sad and Dog Irons, Sugar and Tea Kettles, &c., in every possible variety of style and finish. An inspection is solicited. mh26:y'53

L. R. LIVINGSTON......CALVIN ADAMS......J. K. MOORHEAD. J. L. ROGGEN......W. D. COPELAND.

Livingston, Roggen & Co.

NOVELTY WORKS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

TRACK and Depot Railroad Scales, Hay, Cattle and Grain do.; Platform and Counter do.; Door Locks of all sizes, Spring, Drop and Thumb Latches, Coffee Mills of various kinds, Paint Mills, approved patterns; Bolts and Fastenings, Malleable Iron Castings of every variety in form and finish. dtf

MAFFET & OLD,

BRASS FOUNDERS, PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS, 127 and 129 First Street, Pittsburgh,

AND FEDERAL STREET, OPPOSITE RAILROAD STATION, ALLEGHENY.

MANUFACTURE all kinds of Water, Gas and Steam Fittings. Houses fitted up with Gas and Water on short notice. my4-tf

J. HOWARTH & BROTHER,

MARBLE MASONS,

294 LIBERTY STREET, NEAR SEVENTH.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public generally, that they have opened their Marble Works at the above stand, where they keep on hand a large supply of beautiful MARBLE MANTELS, of Grecian and Gothic styles; Monuments, Tombs, Head Stones, Furniture Slabs, &c., which they offer at extremely low prices.

Marble in Block, Slabs, and sawed to order.

Cemetery lots enclosed, with Baden and Freeport Stones. ap14

W. W. WALLACE,

STEAM MARBLE WORKS,

319, 321 and 323 Liberty street, opposite Smithfield street, PITTSBURGH.

MONUMENTS, Tombs, Grave Stones, Furniture Tops, Mantels, Imposing Stones, &c., always on hand, and made to order, by machinery, at the lowest prices. Three hundred original and selected designs for Monuments, &c., on hand. Block and Slab Marble furnished to the Trade at the lowest prices. All orders filled with despatch at 319 Liberty street. W. W. WALLACE.

E. WATTS & CO., Merchant Tailors, No. 185 Liberty street—is now receiving very elegant new styles of goods for gentlemen's wear, consisting of Upper CLOTHS, Heavy Fancy and Velvet CASSIMERES, Plush, Casimere and Silk Vestings in great variety.

Persons in want of superior Clothing are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock before buying, as we will endeavor to make it to their interest to purchase of us. oc13 E. WATTS & CO., 185 Liberty street.

DRY GOODS.

A. A. MASON & CO., PITTSBURGH......C. L. ARTHONY & CO., N. YORK.

A. A. MASON & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, 25 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD, Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Merchants, corner Fourth and Market streets, Pittsburgh.

AGENCIES.

A CARD.—Having been appointed the exclusive Agents for Pittsburgh, for the sale of Patent Riveted Cemented and Stretched Leather Belting, manufactured by P. JEWELL & SON, of Hartford, Connecticut, we now offer for sale a large assortment of all widths, manufactured, at the manufacturer's prices, his article being superior to any Leather Belting ever before offered in this market. Also, a large stock of all widths of India Rubber Belting constantly on hand, and for sale at the "Machine Belting Depot," No. 116 Market street. sep20 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

AUSTIN LOOMIS, Real Estate Agent, Stock, Merchandise and Bill Broker, office No. 92 Fourth street, above Wood. Business promptly attended to. jy8:dly

SAMUEL L. MARSHELL, Secretary Citizen's Insurance Company, 94 Water street.

W. P. JONES, Agent of the Insurance Co. of North America, 141 Front street.

F. M. GORDON, Secretary Western Insurance Co., 92 Water street.

J. GARDINER COFFIN, Agent for Franklin Fire Insurance Company, north-east corner of Wood and Third streets.

P. A. MADEIRA, Agent for Delaware Mutual Insurance Company, 42 Water street.

GEORGE H. TAYLOR......ANDREW J. HUSTON.

GEO. H. TAYLOR & HUSTON, (successors to Taylor & Osborne,) General Commission and Forwarding Merchants, and Agents for Eastern Transportation Lines, Wholesale Dealers in Staple Groceries, Sheetings, Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Batting, Twine, Manilla, Missouri and Kentucky Hemp, Tobacco, Soda Ash, Window Glass, Pig, Bar and White Lead, Naval Stores, and Cincinnati and Pittsburgh Manufactured Goods generally. Agents for the "Penn Mill" and "Banner Mill" Sheetings, Pittsburgh. No. 48 Front street, (opposite) Louisville, Pittsburgh and St. Louis Packet Landing,) Cincinnati. ja25-3md

BOOKSELLERS, &C.

R. C. STOCKTON, late Johnston & Stockton, Bookseller, Stationer, Printer and Binder, corner of Market and Third streets, Pittsburgh.

J. L. READ, Bookseller and Stationer, No. 78 Fourth street, Apollo Buildings.

J. R. WELDIN, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Blank and School Books, Paper and Stationery, No. 63 Wood street, (between Third and Fourth) Pittsburgh. mar20

JOHN S. DAVISON, Bookseller and Stationer, successor to Davison & Agnew, No. 65 Market street, near Fourth, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HENRY S. BOSWORTH, Bookseller and Dealer in Stationery, &c., No. 57 Market street, near the Diamond, Pittsburgh, Pa.

KAY & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, No. 55 Wood street, next door to the corner of Third, Pittsburgh, Pa. School and law books constantly on hand.

A. H. ENGLISH & CO., Booksellers, No. 79 Wood street, between Fourth and Diamond Alley, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MUSIC, &C.

JOHN H. MELLOR, Dealer in Piano Fortes, Music and Musical Instruments, School Books, and Stationery. Sole agent for Chickering's Piano Forte, for Western Pennsylvania—No. 81 Wood street.

HENRY KLEBER, Dealer in Music, Musical Instruments, and Importer of Italian Strings; Sole agent for Nunns & Clark's grand and square Pianos, with Coleman's Æolean Attachment, also for Dunham's Pianos.

H. SCHRŒDER & CO., Music Store, 4th street, between Market and Wood. New Music constantly receiving, and Musical Instruments of all kinds.

DRUGGISTS.

L. WILCOX, JR.......JOSEPH FLEMING.

L. WILCOX & CO., Druggists and Apothecaries, corner Market street and the Diamond, keep constantly on hand a full and complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, and articles pertaining to their business.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. my19

JOHN P. SCOTT, Wholesale Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Dye Stuffs, No. 296 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

All orders will receive prompt attention.

☞ Agent for London & Co's valuable family medicines. nov24:y

B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and manufacturers of White Lead, Red Lead, and Litharge, corner Wood and Front streets, Pittsburgh. mch7

R. E. SELLERS, Wholesale Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Varnishes, &c., &c., No. 57 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Goods warranted. Prices low.

CHARLES BRAUN......GEORGE REITER.

BRAUN & REITER, Wholesale & Retail Druggists, corner of Liberty and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh.

J. SCHOONMAKER & CO., Wholesale Druggists, No. 24, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

JOSEPH FLEMING, Successor to L. Wilcox & Co., corner Market street and Diamond—Keeps constantly on hand a full and complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Choice Chemicals, Perfumery, and all articles pertaining to his business.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours. jan17

JOHN HAFT, Jr., (successor to Jas. M'Guffey,) Wholesale and Retail Druggist and Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dyestuffs, &c., 189 Wood street, below Fifth, Pittsburgh. ☞ Regular Agent for Dr. Ford's Medicine. jal7

MERCHANT TAILORS.

R. CHESTER, Merchant Tailor and Clothier, No. 74 Wood street. Particular attention paid to Boys' and Youths' Clothing.

WILLIAM DIGBY, Merchant Tailor, Draper and Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, 191 Liberty street.

E. WATTS & CO., Merchant Tailors, 181 Liberty street.—We are now receiving our Spring stock of Goods for Gentlemen's Wear—Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings of the newest styles and finest quality. Our friends and customers will please give us a call. [mh]

MEDICINE.

DR. JAMES KING, Office and Residence, No. 112 Fifth street, opposite the Cathedral, Pittsburgh. jal:ly

WOOL MERCHANTS.

H. LEE, successor to MURPHY & LEE, Wool Dealer, and Commission Merchant for the sale of American Woolen Goods, No. 137 Liberty street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

T. C. WARRINGTON;

(DIPLOMA.)

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOE STORE. He has always on hand a full assortment, No. 37 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja3:ly

WALTER P. MARSHALL, Importer and Dealer in Plain, Figured and Decorative Paper Hangings No. 85 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Sole Agent of the celebrated manufacturers, Messrs. Delicourt & Co., of Paris. mh5:ly

FOR PRINTERS.—We will sell a good IRON PRESS, Imperial size very low for cash. no5tf JACKSON & BAUER, 34 street.

PARIS FASHIONS, FOR LADIES' DRESSES.—The Paris Fashions for JUNE, direct per steamer will be on sale on the 1st proximo by MRS. L. S. WILSON, je27tf No. 281½ Penn, above Hand street.

EMBROIDERED AND APLICA MANTILLAS—Materials marked for Embroidery and Aplica Work by MRS. L. S. WILSON, je21f No. 281½ Penn street, above Hand.

WILLIAM NOBLE, Upholsterer, and Dealer in Upholstery, Wholesale and Retail, Third street, nearly opposite the Post Office.

PITTSBURGH COACH FACTORY.—No. 46 Diamond Alley, near Wood street. se28 E. M. BIGELOW, Proprietor.

WILLIAM SCHUCHMAN'S Lithographic Establishment, Third street, opposite the Post Office, Pittsburgh. Maps, Landscapes, Portraits, Show Bills, Bill Heads, Drafts, Bonds, Labels, Architectural and Machine Drawings, Business and Visiting Cards, &c., engraved or Drawn on Stone, and printed in Colors, Gold, Bronze, or Black, in the most approved style, and at the most reasonable prices. jan9:y

F. FELIX'S GENUINE EXTRACT OF COFFEE, established 1842, received four premiums, viz: 2 Silver Medals and 2 Diplomas—Manufactory, 466 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Beware of numerous counterfeits. se28:dly

Bread and Crackers.

IRON CITY PILOT BREAD and CRACKER BAKERY, No. 317 Liberty street, opposite the head of Smithfield.

Having purchased one of W. R. Nevin's Cracker and Pilot Bread machines, I am prepared to fill all orders for Crackers or Pilot Bread, at the shortest notice.

Superior Family Bread, Rye and Dyspepsia Bread, large and small Rolls, fresh every morning.

Steamboats, Hotels, &c., supplied with hard and soft Bread, at all times.

☞ Cakes and Confectionary on hand and made to order. sepd

WANTED—Old Coinage of American Silver; Foreign Silver and Gold; 40 Shares of M. & M. Bank, by H. D. KING, Coin, Stock and Ex. Broker.

New Restaurant.

THE undersigned has opened a RESTAURANT at No. 60, Fourth street, a few doors from Market, nearly opposite the Merchants' Bank, which he has handsomely fitted up, and is now prepared to accommodate the public, at all hours, with any thing they may want in this line.

Dinner on the table, daily, from 12 to 3 o'clock, P. M., and every attention will be given to supply the table with all the delicacies of the season.

Refreshments furnished to order, at all hours, on the shortest notice.

With the facilities possessed by the subscriber to give satisfaction, he trusts to be able to merit a general and extensive patronage, and invites a call from all who desire, at any time, a comfortable meal, well got up, and served in unexceptionable style.

Terms reasonable. JAS. WILSON, No. 60 Fourth st. Pittsburgh, May 7, 1853.

CLOVER DAIRY.—The subscriber is prepared to furnish to families, FRESH MILK and CREAM, and will be thankful for the patronage of his friends and the public. His COWS will be fed on good wholesome food, and every care will be taken to satisfy his customers. Orders addressed to Wilkins Post Office, giving the No. of the residence and street, will be punctually attended to. [oc21:3tf] H. PARRY.

Carpetings, Oil Cloths and Mattings.

ROBINSON & CO., No. 47 Fifth street, near Wood—Have on hand a large and choice assortment of CARPETINGS, of the latest and most beautiful patterns, consisting of—

Royal Velvet Carpets;
Tapestry and Brussels Carpets;
Three-Ply and Superfine Carpets;
Tapestry Stair Carpets;
Twilled and Plain Venetian Carpets;

Together with every description of low priced Carpetings.

OIL CLOTHS—From three to twenty-four feet wide, all qualities and prices. Also, Rugs, Mats, Piano and Table Covers, Window Shades, Venetian Blinds, Buff and Green Holland, Stair Rods, &c.

MATTINGS—Canton Matting, White and Check 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 wide; Cocoa Matting from 2-4 to 4-4; all of which will be offered at the LOWEST CASH PRICES. my13

J. WARDROP'S SEED STORE is now replete with Early Seeds for the Hotbeds; Pruning Instruments for the Orchards; Corn Shellers, Stalk and straw Cutters, and every thing of interest to the Farmer, Gardener or Amateur. Orders from Dealers and Merchants filled promptly on liberal terms. ja14

BATH BRICK—2 cases on hand and for sale by jal7 JOHN HAFT, Jr.

PITTSBURGH AGRICULTURAL WAREHOUSE AND SEED STORE—No. 129 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.—E. R. SHANKLAND, (late Shand, Stevenson & Co.,) Manufacturer and Dealer in Agricultural and Horticultural Implements, of all kinds, Wholesale and Retail; Field, Garden and Flower Seeds, Evergreen, Fruit and Shade Trees; Guano, Poudrette, Chemical Salts, and all other articles connected with Agriculture. daf7:3yw:S

STEAM AND HOT WATER WARMING APPARATUS—For Public and Private Buildings, erected on the most modern plan, by ja10 ARNOLD & WILLIAMS.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY, 8, 1854.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.—The late occasion of renewing our type has been seized upon by many of our cotemporaries, to pay us compliments which we scarcely dare take to ourselves, but which have filled our heart with gratitude. From among the number we have selected a few to show our readers what others think of us, and to give them the opportunity of measuring their own appreciation of our labors with that of those whose opportunities of arriving at a just conclusion are much greater. We should commence with the flattering notices of our neighbors of the *Journal* and *Chronicle*, had we not mislaid them, but they, together with all others whose kind opinions have moved our gratitude, will accept our thanks.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.—As the intimate relations hitherto subsisting between the Advocate and the Gazette are now dissolved, we gladly embrace the opportunity to express our appreciation of the character of that journal. Though the organ of a political party, it is conducted in a dignified and courteous spirit—never descending to low, vulgar abuse. And in its able and fearless advocacy of civil and religious liberty, and high moral and religious tone, it is deserving of all praise. It is an excellent family paper, both in its daily and weekly issues. And having recently renewed type, it is much improved in appearance. We wish the Gazette long life and a greenold age.—*Pittsburgh Christian Advocate.*

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, established in 1786, and so the oldest journal in America westward of the Alleghenies, has just arrayed itself in new and elegant type. It is conducted with dignity and ability, and enjoys a healthful prosperity.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE comes to us very much improved in its typographical appearance. The Gazette is one of the most flourishing daily journals of the West, and well deserves the success of which this is an evidence.—*Phil. North American.*

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.—This old Journal is out in new form, and so clad as to interest, as well as instruct. It is an able paper, and albeit sharp sometimes upon us, honest and straight-forward in its defence of what it deems just. We look for the hand of the *Gazette*, and listen for its voice, whenever right is invaded, or wherever wrong usurps power. It is progressive in all its views. Success be with you, neighbor!—*Cleveland Democrat.*

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.—This Nestor of the Western press comes to us this week in an entirely new dress, and presents a most beautiful appearance. We entertain a peculiar affection and veneration for the *Old Gazette*. It was established by an granaire when Pittsburgh was but a village, and was the first paper west of the Allegheny mountains. It was also for a season edited conjointly by our father and that graceful writer Morgan Neville, Esq. Being identified with the early history of Pittsburgh, and intimately allied with all its interests, it has prospered and increased with it, and is now in every respect worthy of the thriving city of its nativity. Memory with us has no nook or corner that does not contain an impress of the *Old Gazette*. In early youth we lent many an hour to its elevation—in the form of a kite—as we advanced in years it served us as a horn book and primer, and in dawning manhood we imbibed from it the tenets of our political faith. Its name has ever been to us a "household world," and it even yet possesses the spell to conjure up thick coming fancies.

The *Gazette* of 1786 and of to-day do not more widely differ than does the city of the past and of the present. Where were meadows and green fields are now the work shops of mechanics and citizens, and instead of the skylark's matin song is heard the ponderous blow of the trip-hammer or the ceaseless hum of the spinning jenny. Grant's hill has fallen before the relentless march of improvement, and where idle-school boys were want to play, and romantic lovers to saunter by moonlight, now stands the temple of justice, and on either hand the prison-house of the felon and the house of prayer. The two mile lane, hedged in with fruitful orchards, is among the things that were, but are not; the track of the iron horse lies over part of its length, and the surrounding country of our boyhood is now covered with huge piles of buildings and is within the city and its suburbs. Stride for stride the *Gazette* has increased in growth with the city, and what was formerly a sheet but little more than half the size of this paper, is now one of the largest and handsomest journals in the Union.—We have always felt a personal pride and interest in the prosperity of the *Gazette*, and a glance at its pages invariably calls up a feeling of home, and awakens memories of "lang syne" which will not down at our bidding. With those feelings, associations and attachments, we could not if we would do otherwise than desire for it an uninterrupted course of prosperity. That its present able editor may live to see it increase an hundred fold in circulation and importance as we have done is our earnest wish.—*Somerset Herald and Whig.*

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.—This excellent and highly valued old friend comes to us dressed up from "top to toe" in a new suit of the latest style and most modern improvement. We rejoice at this evidence of the continued prosperity of the *Gazette*, and take great pleasure in recommending it to persons desiring a paper from the "smoky city," conducted with more than usual ability and integrity. The Gazette is a valuable and earnest advocate of progressive principles, and a reliable medium of general intelligence.—*Mahoning Democrat.*

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.—This old and well known paper, first established A. D. 1786, comes to us this week, printed with entire new type, looking as young and vigorous as any of its youthful cotemporaries. The Gazette is, we believe, the oldest paper west of the Allegheny mountains, and is entitled to confidence and respect, for its age, if for nothing else. But it is an excellent and ably conducted paper, which seems to improve as it advances in age. In politics it is *Whig*; but its tone is always tolerant, mild, liberal and respectful,—and it takes a manly and independent stand against the Fugitive Slave Law and Slavery in general. As a news, business and commercial paper, we know of no superior.—*Salem (O.) Journal.*

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.—This old and respectable Whig organ comes to us this week in an entirely new dress, presenting a beautiful appearance. This paper was a visitor to our home, forty-five years ago, being the first paper for which our father *ever subscribed*, and the first newspaper that we ever *read*. It was then printed by John Scull, whom we well remember as a venerable gentleman of the old school. For more than 35 years we have been a constant reader of the Gazette, and when a young man abroad in the world, we sought it out wherever we went, ever anxious to glean from its columns the *home news*, so dear to the absent. We have ever had a warm heart to the old Gazette, and we can never cease to wish it an uninterrupted career of prosperity. Under its present management it continues to grow in favor and a deserved popularity.

A friend at our elbow makes a suggestion in which we fully concur, that the Gazette has not been set back any, in having for its Commercial Editor, R. Errett, Esq.,—whose worth, talents, and integrity of character are fully known and appreciated in this community.—*Washington Reporter.*

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.—This excellent paper has been clothed in an entire new dress. It is one of the best journals published in Western Pennsylvania, and merits the vast patronage bestowed upon it by the Whigs.—*Waynesburg Eagle.*

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.—This staunch old whig veteran has just received a holiday gift, in the shade of a new suit from "top to toe." It is no wonder that, having to make so many thousand calls upon his old acquaintances, in the course of a year, requiring an almost unlimited extent of journeying, that the old fellow should require a new rig out now and then. We should not be surprised, if he were threadbare, however, at the end of a twelvemonth as the interesting messages he is in the habit of making daily and weekly to his already numerous patrons, will, doubtless, greatly augment the number of his friends, extend the circuit of his travels, and increase the burden of his labors.—*Brownsville Clipper.*

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE is another old paper which shows no symptoms of decay. It has entered the 67th year of its existence, and has just undergone the rejuvenating process of donning a bran new suit. It looks as though it might live a thousand years. Messrs. White & Co. deserve the increased patronage which is said to be fast flowing in upon them, and threatening to overawe their exchequer.—*Kittanning Free Press.*

The Pittsburgh *Gazette*, "the oldest paper West of the Alleghenies," has made its appearance in a new, neat and handsome dress. Although we differ with Mr. White in matters of politics, we like his paper, and would consider it a sad misfortune were we deprived the reading of it.—*Greensburg Argus.*

The *Daily Pittsburgh Gazette* has put on an entire new dress, and it now comes to us one of the best printed, if not *the best* printed of all our exchanges. Glad to hear of its increasing prosperity. Mr. White will always make his paper deserving.—*St. Clairsville (O.) Chronicle.*

FROM EUROPE BY THE ARABIA.

The following additional particulars, received by the Arabia, will be of much interest:

THE TURKISH WAR.—We have further accounts of the battle of Citale, confirming the Turkish successes:

It appears that the Russians were concentrating a force at Citale in order to attack Kalafat on the 13th, but on the 6th fifteen thousand Turks marched out of Kalafat, attacked and stormed Citale, had a conflict with the Russians on the field on the 7th, and resumed the battle on the 8th—ending, in the evening, with the total discomfiture of the Russians, who confess to 4000 killed, and their Generals, Aurop and Tuinout, wounded.

On the 9th, the Turks having remained over night on the field beyond Citale, attacked the reserve of the Russians, and drove them back upon Krajova with the loss of cannon, and immense slaughter on both sides. On the 10th the Turks, having razed the Russian fortifications, returned to Kalafat. The Turks were commanded in this action by Selim Pacha, Zedlinsky, and Mehemed Pacha, one of whom—probably Mehemed—is reported killed.

Letters from Trebizonde of December 6th, say that Schamyl had organized a Polish rifle regiment, 1200 strong. He has plenty of provisions and ammunition, and is organizing an army at Daghestan. The Abassians are in alliance with him.

The Hungarians and Poles, who had been waiting at Constantinople for employment, were shipped, on the 2d of January, for the army in Asia.

Klapka declined an Asian command, but offers to serve in Europe.

On the 5th of January the whole of the allied fleets were in the Black Sea.

Two ships had been sent with the following to the Russian government, at Sebastopol, conformably with the orders of the British and French governments:

"The British squadron, in concert with that of France, is on the point of appearing in the Black Sea. The object of this movement is to protect the Ottoman territory from aggression or hostile acts. We apprize you thereof with a view to prevent all collision tending to disturb the amicable relations existing between our governments which we are desirous of preserving, and which, no doubt, you are equally anxious to maintain.—To this end we should feel happy to learn that you, animated by these intentions, had deemed it expedient to give the requisite instructions to the Admiral commanding the Russian forces in the Black Sea, so as to obviate any occurrence calculated to endanger peace.

(Signed) REDCLIFFE,
BARAGUAY D'HILLIERS."

It was at first intended to send a portion of the fleet only into the Black Sea, but a rumor was current that the whole of the Russian fleet had sailed from Sebastopol—consequently, the whole of the allied fleets entered. It was further rumored that Russian ships of war were off Erzeroum, probably expecting to intercept the Turkish convoy, (which was under the protection of the allies, (carrying 15,000 men for Asia.—Merchantmen at Constantinople the 9th, report not having seen the fleets; they are, consequently, supposed to have sailed towards Batoum, where, it is surmised, the Russians have also gone.

On the 31st of December the Porte made the following modifications to the note of the four Powers: *First*—Instead of the evacuation of the principalities as soon as possible, say within 15 to 20 days after the acceptance by Russia.—*Second*—The renewal of treaties to be with special reference to the integrity and independence of Turkey. The Porte will ameliorate her administrative system alone, and spontaneously.

On the receipt of this at Vienna, the English, French, Austrian and Prussian representatives met, and drew up a protocol, stating that the Porte's terms were good and satisfactory. They were immediately sent off by courier to St. Petersburgh, where they would arrive about the 19th.

The Porte's demand is that the note shall be definitely accepted or rejected within forty days from January the 2d, and the Principalities evacuated within from twenty to thirty days of the date of the Czar's letter of acceptance. This demand is on the way to St. Petersburg.

On the 12th of January, the British and French Ministers at St. Petersburg, also communicated to the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, the entry of the allied fleets into the Black Sea. The Czar's reply was not known when the Arabia sailed, and all Europe was anxiously awaiting it, as indications had already transpired that he would at once withdraw his Ambassadors from France and England, and formally declare war. Nothing else is looked for.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Parliamentary preparations are beginning. Lord Abberdeen was to read the Queen's speech to a private meeting of Government supporters on the 3th of January, the speech being previously revised by the Privy Council. Lord John Russell had sent a circular to members of the House of Commons, requesting a full attendance at the opening of the House. Sir Robert Inglis has resigned his seat. Mr. Roebuck contradicts the satement that he intends to bring Prince Albert's alleged political intermeddling before Parliament.

England is actively recruiting her coast Volunteer Artillery and coast defence guard; ten thousand men are wanted. Exertions are also making to man the Navy, and two more ships are fitting out.

The government has agreed to send out two steamers, under Captain Inglefield, to renew the Arctic search.

The French and English funds were extremely sensitive, and had fluctuated greatly under the various flying rumors.

FRANCE.—The Bank of France has raised the rate of discount to 5 per cent. It was said the Bank would lend the government from two to three hundred millions of francs on Treasury bonds.

Another important rumor prevailed, that arrangements were making to effect a fusion of the Bank of France with the credit mobilier, and by a bold expansion of currency to prevent the necessity of a loan. Receivers, generally, would then be suppressed, and the whole revenue be received by the agents of the Bank. In connection with this, it is said, M. Fould would retire, and be succeeded by M. Persigny. The above is believed to be authentic.

The Moniteur publishes a decree, extending free trade in breadstuffs between France and England to the 31st. July.

The Duchess of Orleans, on the 10th December, published a letter to the Duke de Nemours, refusing positively to join the recent fusion of the Bourbon family, and holding firmly to her son's right to the French throne.

It is rumored that M. Thiers is not disinclined to accept office under the imperial *regime*.

Mr. Mason, the American Minister, had arrived at Paris.

The greatest activity prevails in the French navy yards. The operatives are ordered to work on Sundays, and every ship is to be fitted for sea immediately. A levy had also been made of all seamen between twenty and forty years old, and all the Newfoundland fishermen are drafted into the fleet. Stores for forty thousand soldiers are ready for Shipment at Toulon.

BADEN.—The Diet opened on the 12th. The Duke's speech indicates a desire to settle the religious difficulties peaceably. Letters from Carlsruhe of the 18th say positively, that an arrangement has already been consummated between the Church and Government.

AUSTRIA.—France is understood to regard it as settled, that Austria shall preserve the strictest neutrality in the event of war, and that France will enforce that neutrality.

ITALY.—The Roman States are suffering greatly from scarcity of food, especially at Fenezza and Ravenna. A scarcity also prevails at Naples. The firm of G. and G. Buono had failed. The case of M. Carbone, the American citizen, is still unsettled. The American Minister had taken the matter up warmly, and the Neapolitan government was endeavoring to patch it up by bribing Carbone to leave. The steamer Saranac, with Carroll Spence, the American Minister, had arrived in Naples bay 7th January. The policy of the Neapolitan government in Turkish affairs will follow the lead of Austria.

ATTICA AND ALLEGHENY RAILWAY.—We learn that this enterprise is progressing through rather slowly, owing to the winter weather. From Attica to Arcade, 25½ miles, the grading is nearly done, and the ties are laid about half that distance. When the spring opens the work will proceed rapidly to completion and the Company will extend their operations further South. They look to the entire completion of the road to the Northern line of Pennsylvania sometime during the last part of the year 1854, or early in 1855.—The capital stock of the Company is $1,000,000; capital subscribed, $659,850; paid in $268,805. The President of the Company is C. O. Shepard, Esq., the Secretary, R. S. Stevens, Esq.

ARREST OF A FEMALE PICKPOCKET.—An English lady of genteel appearance, was brought before Justice Stuart, in New York, a few days ago, under the name of Marie Edwards, though she has occasionally varied it to Julia Mortimer, Miss Smith, Miss Adelaide Davis, Mrs. Blackwell and other convenient aliases. It is alleged that she stole a purse containing $150 from a lady in an omnibus, and that on searching her rooms, money and other valuables, port monnaies and purses, stolen from ladies, were discovered. She has been before the police before, and some of her offences have been compromised, through the intervention of a man named Smith, whose paramour she was. She lately returned from a visit to Europe.

The Troubles in Baden.

The small dukedom of Baden has for some two months been the theater of an exciting struggle carried on between the Government and the Roman Catholic Clergy, headed by the Archbishop of Freiburg, and advised and incited by the Jesuits. It must be borne in mind that in Baden the Catholic population is almost twice as numerous as the Protestant, while the Government—that is, the reigning Grand Duke—belongs to the latter denomination. It is also the fact that to Protestantism the country owes its civilization, its liberal aspirations, and its eminent political and scientific men. Thus, previous to the events of 1848, Baden took the lead among the liberal states of Germany, as it did in the succeeding revolutionary movements, since the call for a National Congress in 1848, which for a moment shook on their thrones all the small and great potentates of Germany, issued from Heidelberg. At that time the Catholic clergy yielded to the current some of its members being, so to say, liberalized, while others who were more retrograde, seeing that their admonitions found no access to the people, made the best of a bad case and waited for a better opportunity. Then nothing existed in Germany to foster the ultramontane influence; the Jesuits were on the wane, and the Kaisers of Austria wore the title of Apostolic only as a formality, without taking much to heart the religious affairs of other German States.

When the revolutionary efforts of continental Europe were overthrown by cannon and bayonets, the awe-struck rulers, aristocrats and other night-owls, Catholic as well as Protestant, looked around them for means and forces to chain and destroy the spirit of progress and civilization, which on that continent is essentially revolutionary in principle. In their deadly anxiety, they could neither imagine nor discover a better resource than an alliance with ultramontanism against liberty, and the introduction of that body-guard of darkness, the Jesuits, into their dominions. This was done by both Prussia and Baden.—With the exception of Hanover and some few small principalities in the North, Germany was overrun with these new missionaries under various appellations. A crusade against liberty was preached along the Rhine, in the Dukedom of Posen, in that of Baden; in the old University of Heidelberg, which was erected exclusively for Protestantism. Not only churches, but churchyards and public places resounded with the exhortations of impassioned preachers against every form of freedom. The Government of Baden is now gathering the fruits of this sacrilegious conspiracy. Freiburg, one of its cities, is the seat of an Archbishop, and of a Catholic University of less than secondary worth as an institution of learning, frequented only by the theological students of that region. It is also noteworthy fact, that some of the Catholic professors and theologians of Freiburg distinguished themselves at the German national diet in Frankfort in 1848, by a steady opposition to every progressive idea and measure. When subsequently the country was thrown open to the Jesuits, they very naturally made Freiburg their head-quarters, whence they directed their batteries against light and civilization. To their influence is to be traced the present struggle between the Government and the proud and encroaching Archbishop.

As the clergy are salaried by the State, the Government very naturally considers that it has the right to exercise a strict control over them. It requires that in matters concerning marriage and baptism, the clergy shall obey the established laws of the country. It also insists upon its right to appoint curates, and to allow none but its nominees to be confirmed by the Archbishop, and receive canonical consecration. This was, to a certain extent, the course previous to the events of 1848-'50, with the tacit consent or at least the submission of the clergy. But since the concessions made to ultramontanism for the sake of extirpating all revolutionary aspirations, the spirit of clerical encroachment has arisen with new strength. The Archbishop, after a protracted official correspondence, finally fulminated a long and tedious pastoral letter, enumerating his grievances, and ordering the clergy to disobey the laws of the Dukedom. The government, in its turn, prohibited the clergy from reading this incendiary document from their pulpits. Those of the priests who disobeyed this administrative order, had their salaries stopped, were fined, put under arrest, and in some instances sent away from their parishes. On the other hand, a few who obeyed the civil power were suspended by the Archbishop from the exercise of their spiritual functions, and menaced with excommunication, and there the case now stands.

All this is a revival, in a different shape, of the old struggle for power between Church and State. It is essentially the same as that for the right of feudal investiture, which for centuries occasioned such bloodshed in Germany and Italy—which in the eleventh century brought the excommunicated Kaiser, Henry IV., barefooted to the gates of Canossa before the haughty Pope Gregory VII., and Matilda of Tuscany. At that time, this struggle gave occasion for the establishment of celibacy for the clergy, and ended with the expulsion of the same Pope from Rome, and made him die in exile. To this contest are to be ascribed some of the greatest misfortunes in the history of the Papacy. It gave birth to the quarrel between Philip the Handsome of France and Boniface VIII., which ended with something like the corporal punishment of the ambitious Pontiff. Just as is the case now in Baden, all these events in the past originated in the insatiable thirst for political dominion and supremacy, which is the everlasting torment of ultramontanism.

The grievances of the Archbishop of Freiburg may be reduced to one, relating to the right to appoint curates independent of the interference of the Government. He claims this in open violation of old customs, and of prerogatives inherent for long centuries in the civil power, and confirmed even by the Council of Trent. The right to bestow a curacy or living was maintained as belonging to the "*dominium directum*" over the parish, which dominion rested with the lord of the manor, the owner of the estate, village or community, who was generally the nobleman who founded, or whose ancestors founded, the church and parish. In technical language he is called the *collator*, and the right to select the curate is called *presento*, as the lord presents the candidate for the curacy to the approbation of the Bishop, who according to all, the law on the subject, never could and never can appoint a curate in opposition to the choice made by the lord or *collator*. In all Catholic countries as well as in the Episcopal Church of England, the lord of the manor still exercises this right. The same is the case in Austria, Bohemia, Poland and Gallicia. In other countries, the Government has absorbed or transferred to itself the exercise of this prerogative. Nor can it be disputed that the State naturally inherits it from the barons of old, and that its claim is good against all pretensions of the clerical hierarchy. On this question a sort of war now rages in Baden; there the Jesuits have been expelled, and the recalcitrant clergy are short of supplies. The Catholic party are disseminating inflammatory pamphlets through the country, but these are everywhere seized by the police. The people at large, with few exceptions, are not much influenced by the clerical fulminations and keep quiet. Only a few aristocrats and obscurants are agitated by controversy to such a degree as to take part with the priesthood.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

We publish under our head of "Passing Political History," some extracts from a recent *expose* of Hon. Edmund Burke, of New Hampshire, formerly Commissioner of the General Land Office. We have no doubt of the truth of the statements made by Mr. Burke. From the first news of the nomination of Mr. Pierce, we were satisfied in our own minds that Mr. Burke had taken a "leading hand" in the matter. We have no doubt that hundred of others were equally well satisfied, all over the country. Very many were no doubt as much surprised as ourselves, that after Mr. Pierce's success, some place or other was not tendered to Mr. Burke: but his failure was probably owing to the fact that political gratitude is something to be given for favors *to be* received, not for those conferred. On the same principle do we account for the treatment which Senator Hunter, of Va., received from Mr. Pierce. It will be remembered, that immediately after the Presidential election, Hunter was summoned to Concord, N. H., for the purpose of being consulted by the President elect about the formation of his Cabinet. The telegraph announced afterward that the important matter had been arranged satisfactorily; but within the two week from the time Mr. Hunter left Concord until the Inauguration, the arrangement agreed upon had been violated and broken much to the surprise of many leading politicians. But for the vast patronage in the possession of the President, equal to almost any kingdom now existing on earth, others would long since have spoken out as plainly and bitterly as Mr. Burke ventures to do. But all this is merely collaterae and common place to the intelligent. Our design in republishing the statements of Mr. Burke is to give the common people a glance behind the curtains of National Conventions, so that they can guess how they are managed by a few wise men.

Special Correspondence of N. American and U. S. Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

The advocates of the Nebraska bill had another caucus yesterday. It is understood that they will further modify the bill by substituting a repeal of the Missouri Compromise in express terms, for the clause declaring that it is superseded by the principles of the legislation of 1850.

The Cabinet held another session yesterday, for the purpose of considering the Gadsden treaty, which I have reason to believe will be sent to the Senate and ratified.

BOATS DESTROYED BY ICE, &c.—The steamers Garden City, St. Ange, Asia, Elvira, Excel, and F. X. Aubrey, have been moored a short distance below the Marine Railway Docks, at the northern part of the city, since the closing of navigation last fall. Opposite to them, and for some distance above, the river is gorged and frozen over, and the ice varying in thickness from two to ten feet.

Night before last, between nine and ten o'clock, the gorge suddenly moved down the river, crowding in toward the Missouri shore, at the point where the above named boats were lying, forcing the whole six against the rock bluff bank, sinking three of them, and badly damaging the other three.

As the immense body of ice moved down, it struck the Asia, the first boat lying below the dock, crowding her against the St. Ange, sinking both boats immediately; the former went down to her main deck, and the latter being crowded against the bank, only sunk to her lower guards, on the larboard side, and the other side remained out of the water, and the hull broke in two.

The next boat below was the F. X. Aubrey. She was crowded out of the water on the bank, and was lying, when we left the spot, with her larboard guard on the ice, and her starboard on the bank. The Aubrey was not seriously damaged.

The next boat below was the Elvira. She is badly damaged, having been forced almost entirely out of the water, badly twisted and careened over. Her hull has not as yet broken, but probably will break in two. Just below and between the Elvira and Excel, lay a barge which was entirely torn to pieces, and will be a total loss.

The Excel was also forced out on the bank, and had her bow, forward guard and boiler deck badly broken up, the loss on which will amount, probably to $1,000.

The Garden City lies the lowest down of any of the boats, sunk or damaged. The ice struck her on the side, breaking her timbers and sinking her immediately, with the water on the starboard guard about two feet in depth, and the other guard out on the bank.

The three boats sunk will probably be lost, their machinery and cabin furniture can be saved. The furniture was taken off from all these boats yesterday.

The six boats mentioned were valued in the aggregate at $112,000, and were insured as follows:

Garden City, owned by Captain H. Price, her commander, and others, valued at $40,000—insured in offices of Pittsburgh for $15,000, and in an office in this city for $2,000, making $17,000 in all.

The Elvira was owned by Captain Dozier, and his two sons. She was valued at $17,000—insured for $15,000, in Clendenin's agency $5000, Citizens' $5000, and Phoenix $2500. The F. X. Aubrey was a new boat and one of the finest and best at our landing. She was built during last spring, at Pittsburgh, at a cost of $30,000, and was insured in offices of that city for $16,000.—She was owned by Captain Needer and others.

The Asia was owned by Captain Smith, her commander; valued at $10,000.

The Excel was valued at $7,500, and was not insured, her policy having expired a day or two since. She was owned by Captain Gray and others.

The St. Ange was valued at $7,500, and was owned by Captain Hannum, Lewis & Brother, and Colonel Price. She was insured for $2,500 in Citizens' office. The barge was worth in the neighborhood of $1,000. Who owned it, or whether it was insured or not, we could not learn.

THE ST. ANGE.—This boat, which, with others, sunk yesterday at the upper end of the levee, was sold the day before to a gentleman of Linn Creek, for an Osage river packet, at $9,000.—She was to have been docked, put in repair, and delivered next spring.—*St. Louis Repub.*

PROVISIONS.—It is a matter of interest to observe the progress of things in regard to the subject at the head of this article. It is so widely and deeply connected with agriculture and trade that a frequent reference to it, to the facts connected with curing, distribution, and consumption, and the inferences growing out of them, is perhaps called for from its established and extended importance. The statistics upon this subject exhibit a largely increased demand in the Eastern markets for bulk meats. At Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and many other points, the business of smoking meats, that are sent in bulk from the West, has very much extended. They give to them a color and appearance that suit their home market and coasting trade in which they are consumed. As an exhibition of the progress of this demand, the relative export from Cincinnati for the two last seasons up to January 25 from November 16 of each, presents a criterion at least not exaggerated. Notwithstanding the low stage of water and the break in the line of communication to New York, the increase in the export of bulk meats from Cincinnati from November 16, 1853, to January 25, 1854, is something more than 30 per cent. over the export of the previous season within the same period. In proportion to the increase of the working population and the coasting trade of the seaboard cities, will be the advancement in this branch of provision export from the West.

The import of bulk pork into Cincinnati exhibits a very great difference between the season just past and the preceding. The import from November 16, 1852, to January 25, 1853, was 7,145,517 pounds against 3,332,827 pounds within the same period this season. This cannot have originated to any very great extent from deficiency in the importation of hams in bulk.—The demand for the cured hams of the Cincinnati houses having been, even during last year, equal to the supply, it is presumable that the ham curers of Cincinnati generally have their stocks laid in about as full as last season. The chief deficiency can arise from three causes. The points in Indiana and Ohio which send to Cincinnati this class of meats have probably put up an unusual quantity of long middles for the English market. An unusual amount of this species of packing has been done at many important points. The increased export from Cincinnati alone, of the present season over the preceding one, is 300 per cent. in this department. Two other causes have doubtless operated to produce this falling off of nearly four millions of pounds into Cincinnati. Interior points in Indiana and Ohio which have hitherto furnished a large portion of this import have this season been deficient in the number of hogs, compared with the previous season, and the prices at Cincinnati have not stimulated the importation of the product.—*Louisville Jour.*

SERIOUS RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.—On Thursday, the cars on the Hudson River Railroad were thrown from the track while going at the rate of 20 miles an hour, by which the locomotive and two stock cars were smashed to atoms; and a number of cattle and sheep killed. The passengers were not injured. A relief train was subsequently sent out, and that to ran off the track, breaking the engine and destroying a car. A serious collision, doing some $15,000 damage occurred near Cleveland last Saturday night,—George Smith a brakesman, who had both legs cut off was the only person injured.

BENTON ON NEBRASKA.—A Washington letter writer makes Old Bullion say the following of Senator Douglas, and his Nebraska bill:

"Douglas, sir, is politically dead, sir. If he fails to carry his bill, the South will kick him in the rear, sir, and if he does carry it, sir, the North will beat his brains out, sir. That's all, sir."

A GOOD JOKE.—The city authorities of Marysville, Cal., recently passed an ordinance for the removal of outside stairs in that city. While the Council was in session a few days subsequently, the stairs leading to the Council chamber were removed, and the dignified members of that body, according to the Herald, were compelled to "shin" down the posts of the building.

NONSENSE REBUKED BY COMMON SENSE.—The following sentiments are from two different natures, though both of one sex:

"Marriage is to woman a state of slavery. It takes from her the right to her own property, and makes her submissive in all things to her husband.—*Lucy Stone.*"

"Marriage a state of slavery! Aye, but the bonds are silken and easily worn. Marriage is the sanctifier of love—an institution which acknowledges the right of woman to be protected, and the duty of man to protect her. The offices of wife and mother are not those of slaves.—What higher destiny beneath the skies than to instruct the infant mind in thoughts of purity.—What holier mission than to sooth the turbid torrent of man's passions by a word—a look—a smile? It is to woman that this work is given. Woman, in her vocation, may cheer the tired spirit, may lend hope to the desponding, may whisper love to the lonely—while men may toil, and traffic, and fuss, and fret, and grow sallow. Who would exchange places with him?—*Ella Wentworth's Journal.*"

UPPER LEATHER, KIPS AND CALF Skins—A large stock in store, and for sale by de26 BARD & DE LANGE.

OATS—100 bus. Oats receiving and for sale by ja18 R. DALZELL & CO.

NEW LARD—10 bbls. No. 1 Leaf Lard; 10 kegs do do do for sale by R. DALZELL & CO.

HERRING—104 bbls. No. 1 Herring, best quality, rec'd per Central Road, and for sale by A. & A. M'BANE, 114 Second street.