PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PITTSBURGH.

MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 31, 1853.

☞ *READING MATTER WILL BE FOUND ON EACH PAGE OF THIS PAPER.*

☞ PITTSBURGH WEEKLY GAZETTE.—The extensive circulation of our Weekly Gazette offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every village and county in Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio.

☞ TO ADVERTISERS.—Neither the Editorial Rooms nor Printing Establishment of the DAILY GAZETTE, are opened on Sunday. ADVERTISERS who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o'clock, on Saturday

COMMERCIAL CRISIS.—The difficulty of obtaining money for Commercial purposes, which is experienced in all the leading markets, east and west, accompanied as it is by several heavy failures, has given rise to sundry prophecies of an impending commercial crash, such as befel this country in 1837. The basis of these vaticinations is found in some general features of resemblance borne by the present state of affairs to those which led to that revulsion. The country overstocked largely, then, speculation was rife, prices of produce ruled high, and heavy failures preceded the general bankruptcy; and it is not to be denied that large importations, speculation, high prices, and occasional heavy failures are characteristic of the present times.

But those who prophecy impending ruin leave out of view the features of the present which do not resemble those of the era of 1837. In the first place, our crops of Cotton and produce are much larger, in proportion, than they were then, and give us enlarged means of liquidating our indebtedness. In the next place, there is no expansion of the banking currency, such as we had in 1837, and which was the moving cause of the disasters of that year. It was the expansion of the currency which then enhanced prices, and not a healthy demand for the products of labor and the soil; and the sudden contraction which followed caused the toppling down of prices and of ephemeral fortunes. The high prices now experienced do not result from the same cause and are not likely to meet with the same sudden fall. The short crop of breadstuffs in Europe, and the prospect of war are the causes to which we must partially look for the present expansion of prices; and although they are not likely to be permanent, their duration can be computed with some degree of exactness, and a change, whenever it may happen, be anticipated. In the third place, we are receiving from fifty to sixty millions annually in gold from California. If our citizens dig this sum yearly from the soil of California, it is the same as if they had produced a like amount in manufacturing or agriculture. We are consequently that much better able to meet our foreign liabilities. With these differences before us, between the times of 1837 and 1853, it is not reasonable to predicate a return of the disasters then experienced.

That we have been buying too largely from Europe we think admits of no doubt; that we have been speculating too largely in questionable enterprises is likewise true; and that we have been borrowing very largely to build our rail roads cannot be denied. The first two are errors, the fruits of which we are now reaping; but the last operates greatly to our benefit. We are able to show a corresponding value for what we have received to build our thoroughfares; and, opening up, as they do, new avenues between the productive west and the seaboard, they contribute immensely, not only towards paying for themselves, but towards saving the country from any sudden advent of ruin. The large demand for Breadstuffs from Europe, which is certain to last until the next harvest, would be nothing to us if we could not meet it; and we could not meet it with any thing like promptitude or success if it were not for the iron highways which we have borrowed money to build.

Admitting, therefore, the error of over-importations, we have yet the consolation of knowing that we are able to pay for them; and, without attempting to conceal the fact that we have borrowed money largely for railroad purposes, we have the pleasure of reflecting that the railroads thus built have developed, and are daily developing the very resources which best enable us to meet the liabilities incurred in their construction.

Looking at all the facts in the case, we see no good reason for anticipating the advent of commercial disaster. Money is "tight," but the country is in too strong a position to be affected long by that. The resources of the country are equal to its liabilities; and if the present stringency in money affairs shall have the effect of inducing more caution hereafter, in commercial circles, we shall be all the better for having had to go through the "crisis."

THE JEWELL CASE.—The Supreme Court, on Saturday, gave their decision in the Jewell case, affirming the legality of the proceedings and record in the Court below. This destroys the last hope of Jewell and his friends, and that unfortunate man must now prepare to meet the doom which the law has awarded We know of no man in this community who does not look with regret upon the fate of Jewell; but, regarding the attempts made to save him from the penalty of his own acts, as dangerous alike to the cause of good morals and the sovereignty of the law, the decision of the Supreme Court will be generally accepted as a relief from well-grounded apprehensions. It is painful to contemplate the sad end to which the prisoner is brought; but if society expects to derive any protection from the law, it must not shrink from a faithful administration of its penalties.

MARIETTA AND HILLSBOROUGH ROAD.—Our readers will remember that some weeks since the officers of the Cincinnati and Marietta Railroad Company, and of the Hillsborough Railroad Company, agreed upon terms of union and consolidation. It appeared to be upon such conditions as would be favorable to both Roads. The stockholders had yet to pass upon it before it became binding, and a day was fixed for their action.

That day has come and gone, and the proposed consolidation has been rejected. The *Ohio Riots Journal says:*

We learn the proposition has been *rejected* by a heavy majority—many of the very men who brought it about voting against it. We understand that the *effect* of this vote would be to bring the new organization under the general railroad law, by which the stockholders would become individually liable on their stock to a certain extent. When this was known, they determined to reject the alliance, thinking it would be better for them to hang on to their old charters where the liability does not exist, than to change the system even in view of the proposed benefit arising from the union of the two roads.

We regret this result, as, in the present scarcity of money, we are afraid they will find great trouble to raise the means to finish their work. It may operate to postpone the completion of each.

The *Baltimore American* regards the decision as highly important to Baltimore, and recommends the extension to the Hillsborough Company of whatever aid may be necessary to complete their road to Belpre, opposite Parkersburgh.

HE KNEW HIM.—Judge Grier, in the late Wilkesbarre slave case, in his attempt to undervalue the standing of a witness in the case, remarked that "he was acquainted with him," or something to that purport. This method of sneering at witnesses is not original with the Judge. The celebrated Jeffreys, wishing to impair the credibility of a witness in a case before *him*, said in open Court that "he knew him." Jeffreys, in that instance, came off second best, for the assailed witness answered, that it would teach him to be more careful ever after, how he made acquaintances.

TRIAL OF DR. FISHER.—The Synod of the German Reformed Church, now in session at Philadelphia, has voted almost unanimously not to sustain the charges brought against Dr. Fisher, the editor of the *Messenger*, for using his paper to forward the peculiar doctrines of the Mercersburg Theology, which are Romanism in disguise. This was to have been expected; nevertheless the trial and the evidence adduced will do good, inasmuch as attention will thereby be directed to the insidious efforts of Drs. Nevin, Schaff and Fisher to Romanize a large body of Protestant Christians.

ST. LOUIS ELECTION.—We alluded, on Saturday, to the new issues introduced by the Germans of St. Louis into the election pending there for a Judge of the Criminal Court. By the following from the *Republican* of Tuesday last it will be seen that the Germans met with an overwhelming defeat:

It would be mock modesty for us to say, that we are not gratified with the result of the election, of Criminal Court Judge. Mr. LACKLAND, the man so much dreaded by the *Anzeiger* and its *Gulls*, or English allies, has been elected by a majority that ought to be flattering to any man.—We have as yet not full returns, but so far they indicate that Mr. Lackland's majority will be overwhelming, largely over the candidate of those who desired to subvert our Grand Jury system, and to destroy the restraints on the observance of the Sabbath.

The result of this election is a signal, and we trust, a final rebuke to all those who wish to introduce foreign and infidel changes into our moral, social and political system. Certainly the rebuke which has been given in this election should silence forever all further efforts. We do not claim the election of Mr. LACKLAND, as a party triumph, in any political shape; and we are pleased to have here the opportunity of saying, that men of *all parties*—the most violent partisans of the Democrats, as well as of the Whigs, united to give him support, because of their antagonism to the views and purposes of this new, foreign, revolutionary innovation upon our institutions.

THANKSGIVING.—The Governor of Ohio has appointed Thursday, the 24th day of November, as the day of annual Thanksgiving in that State.—The same day has also been appointed by the Governors of Massachusetts, Maryland and Pennsylvania.

ROMISH LIBERALITY.—The following liberal, pious and charitable paragraph, is from an article in a late number of Brownson's Review, a work published under the sanction of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Boston:

"There is hardly a city in the Union in which there are not benevolent ladies banded together, practising self-denial; and giving alms enough even to gain heaven, if accompanied by faith and charity, who make it a business to find out poor children, and with sweetmeats and fine dresses, and flattering words, entice them from religion, lure them from God, to be brought up in hatred of him who redeemed them, of the Spiritual Mother who bore them, and to burn eternally in the fire prepared for the devil and his angels. And these charming ladies persuade themselves that they are doing a deed of charity, that they are saving God, that he will love and reward them for it—poor, deluded creatures, who are nothing more or less than precursors to the Devil! How strange! What terrible infatuation! As if it were not ten thousand million times better that our children should starve to death before our eyes, than they should be brought up Protestants!"

For The Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.

WELL DONE.

During the reading of the opinion of the Supreme Court in the Jewell case, by the Chief Justice, on Saturday morning, considerable noise was made by persons pressing to get into the Hall, at one of the doors. Seeing that the noise annoyed the Court, sheriff Magill arose and asked their Honors whether they ordered the door to be closed; to which the Chief Justice and Justice Lowry replied in the affirmative. Promptly, and with an energy and a determination which cannot be too highly commended, the Sheriff and one of his assistants repaired to the door, and, although the crowd was great and pressing, had it closed in about one minute, when the reading of the opinion was concluded. It was evident from the countenance of all the Judges, that the conduct of our worthy Sheriff did not only meet their approbation, but was worthy of the highest admiration.

The act of the Sheriff demonstrates the power of the law, when its execution is entrusted to able, energetic and efficient men. Were the spirit which prompted and executed the act in this case, more prevalent with our police, magistrates and officers, offences would be less prevalent, and the public peace be better preserved.

A SPECTATOR.

FURTHER BY THE NIAGARA.

HALIFAX, Oct. 27.—The Niagara brings 145 passengers, and had much rough weather.

It is supposed that the Turkish government will decline the offers of foreign exiles of France, if France and England afford her assistance.

It is rumored that the American Consul at Smyrna opposed Kosta's removal to America.

The Paris Bourse rose on Friday 1½ per cent.

Omar Pasha, on the 9th, formally summoned Gortschokoff to evacuate the Ottoman territory, allowing fifteen days, and if the demand is definitly refused, he will commence hostilities at once. In the meantime he will not cross the Danube.

A levy of 150,000 Turkish troops have been ordered.

The navigation of the Danube and Black Sea has been guaranteed to neutral flags.

The clergy has offered to place 800,000,000 of plasters at the Sultan's disposal.

The Sultan tells the foreign ambassadors that he is desirous of settling the difficulties peaceably, but as his ancestors gained their empire by the sword, the Turks would perish in support of it. But if the fates ordained that Turkey should fall, another master would put Europe to the sword, as they entered it sword in hand.

The Russian troops are active, and General Leuders had arrived in camp. The troops are in motion up the river, and 16 battalions of infantry and 32 pieces of artillery had marched through Bucharest.

It was reported that Prince Gotrchakoff had annexed the principalities, having formally notified the Hospodars that Prince Menchikoff would in future administer the government. All the Russian officials had left Constantinople, and 30,000 troops under a French commander had been sent to the Bosniac frontier to watch the movements of Prince Daniel, of Montenegro, who is again arming.

It was rumored that the Porte had appointed the Hungarian Generals Dembinski and Kiapka to high commands, and that the Shah of Persia, by the advice of the British Minister, had rejected the overtures of Russia to arm against the Sultan.

A number of English officers, mostly belonging to the India service, were moving between the Turkish camps, and others were now on their way to Constantinople. The number of offers from Poles and Hungarians, to aid the Turkish Government, is incredible. The offers are not confined to the refugees in France. Some have come from the U. States, Hungary, Poland and Italy.

ENGLAND.—The Queen has returned to London, and the Ministers have all reassembled.

Parliament would not be convoked unless matters became more threatening.

A peace conference was in session at Edinburgh. Cobden, Bright, Burritt and Sturge were present.

The manufacturers of Sheffield memorialized the government against war.

The iron masters of Birmingham report trade healthy, prices firm and stock low.

The French Empress was still Amerns.

ITALY.—Numerous arrests of supposed revolutionary agents have been made in Italy.

Miss Cunningham has been liberated from prison at Florence.

The Papal government has forbidden the export of grain. Naples is threatened with a scarcity, and the government contemplates purchasing grain.

A letter from Turin says that the Piedmontese Government had been requested not to admit M. Forestil, a naturalized American, as consul for the United States, alleging that he is a disciple of Mazzini.

One Man Murdered, and Two very Dangerously Wounded.—The Murderer Escaped.—Last evening, about half past eight o'clock, a brutal murder was committed at "Spring-heel row," on the levee, between Vine and Walnut. It seems that for some time there has been a difficulty between the wives of Joseph Cann and John Hannegan, living at the above location, which has often led to quarrels between the husbands. Last evening, while Thomas Smith, James Freely, and Wm. Dickson were standing on the pavement, Hannegan rushed out of his house, shouting d—n Cann, and with an axe, pitched into the three men standing on the pavement, striking at their heads, and cutting them all down.

Freely had two cuts in his head, and died in an hour or two. Smith had a deep cut in the head, considered dangerous, but was living at 11 o'clock last evening. Dickson resided in Covington, where he was immediately carried.—He was badly wounded, and it was doubtful about his living through the night.

Hannegan immediately fled. The women rushed out of the house, and one pushed after him until he turned upon her, when she retreated. He is supposed to have passed over the river. Cann, whom it is thought he meant to kill, was in the house and escaped uninjured.—The officers immediately started in pursuit of Hannegan. All the men attacked have families. *Cin Gaz*

IMPORTANT IF TRUE.—A Washington correspondent of the New York Herald telegraphs the following to that paper:—

The National Democratic Committee are to call a National Convention of the Democratic party at Baltimore about the time of the meeting of Congress The object is to take into consideration "the state of the Union," as illustrated in the conduct of the present administration—They will determine the question whether the Baltimore platform has been properly understood by the Cabinet, and whether their policy meets the approbation of the people. The Southern States will be fully represented, as will the anti-Free Soil party of the North and West.

A FEMALE CRUSOE.—*Santa Barbara, California, Sept* 11, 1853.—We have now in Santa Barbara a great curiosity; it is an Indian woman, who has lived for eighteen years alone upon the Island of San Nicholas,—a small Island about forty-five miles from this place, during which time she has not seen the face of a human being. This island was once peopled by a tribe of Indians, to whom the Northwest tribes were hostile. To preserve the remnant of this tribe from destruction, as well as with a view to Christianize them, the Padres induced them to come to the main land thirty years ago. After they were all on board the vessel sent for them, this woman swam ashore to look for her child which had been left; and a storm springing up in the night, the vessel was compelled to put to sea.—On returning, she could not be found. She was known to be alive by those who at times visited the island for the purpose of hunting otters, from the marks of fires, and from foot prints in the sand.

On being approached the other day she manifested much joy, which she betrayed by signs of the most significant character, and at once commenced packing up her few articles of furniture. Whether the sounds which utters are words or not, has not yet been ascertained. The man who found her is familiar with five or six Indian languages, but he was unable to understand a single expression; it is more than probable that she has forgotten her native tongue entirely.—Her clothing consisted of skins of birds sewed together with the fibres of some trees or plant. Her food has been shell-fish, seals, and a small bulbous root, similar in appearance to an onion, but wholly tasteless. The needles with which she stitches her garments are made of the sharp bones of a fish. She had two hooks made of a bent nail and sharpened by friction upon a stone. Her lines were beautifully twisted from the sinews of some animal, probably a species of fox which abounds on the island.

Her age, as near as can be estimated, is about 55 or 60. Her features are quite masculine, and her hair of the color of dark brown, and very fine. This is quite remarkable for an Indian; their hair, you know, is always jet black and coarse. In some future letter I will give you a more extended account of this marvel of the 19th century. She is truly an object for the reflection of the philosopher and the inspection of the curious.—*Newburyport Herald.*

COLUMBUS, Oct. 26.—The particulars of an atrocious kidnapping case have been reported here to day. They come out on account of an application for a requisition from the Governor for the offenders in Kentucky. The Governor has issued that requisition, and it has been forwarded to the proper authority in Kentucky.

I am informed that a few nights ago a party of men went into Brown county, Ohio, entered the house of a colored man, beat him and his wife severely, and took them and their children in all eight persons, into custody, and dragged them to Maysville, Kentucky, were they much abused, and then carried into a remote part of Mason county. Here some citizens learned the facts in the case, had the negroes brought before a Court, with the kidnappers. The colored people were released and the kidnappers taken into custody. Hence the application to the Governor for a requisition.—*Cin. Columbian.*

EMIGRANTS.—The stern wheel steamer, *Julia Dean*, has arrived in port from Zanesville, Ohio. She took on board there about thirty families, or 150 persons, with their effects, farming implements, &c. They are from Muskingum Valley, and are emigrating to the Des Moines River Valley, in Iowa. The *Julia Dean* will proceed with them to Keokuk, from thence they will go to their destination by land.—*St. Louis News.*

To the Editor of the Gazette:—SIR—In reply to your article of this morning, I beg to say that you do me gross injustice, inasmuch as I sent no such dispatch to the Baltimore Sun, as that republished in your paper.

With regard to the present telegraphic arrangements, they are as good as can be had for the price paid by the Pittsburgh press. The compensation allowed the reporter would not justify the exclusive attention of a competent person; nor do my other avocations, as you allege prevent me from giving due attention to my duties; those duties are as well attended as they could be by any other.

JOS SNOWDEN.

Saturday morning, Oct. 29.

Secret Orders continue to multiply in all parts of the country. The last we have heard of is mentioned by the Cincinnati Columbian as having been formed in that city, under the title of "The Family Compact," of which both males and females are members. In that city it already numbers five hundred members, and the Columbian says that it is for charitable and beneficial purposes. In Philadelphia, the number of these secret orders is very large, besides the old and respectable orders of Masons and Odd Fellows, we have the Ancient Order of Druids, Ancient Order of Good Fellows, Improved Order of Red Men, American Protestant Associations, Sons of Temperance, Sons of America, United Order of American Mechanics, Independent Order of Philosethans, Independent Order of Rechabites, Brotherhood of the Union, Female Druids, Cadets of Temperance, Order of the Lone Star, and a host of others, whose names only occasionally appear in public.—*N. American.*

THE CAUSE OF IT.—We notice that several of our cotemporaries have announced the divorce of Capt. GEORGE W. CURREN, the poet and warrior, from his wife, FRANCES DARE CURREN, a tragic actress of considerable celebrity. In his petition to the Court, he states it is for abandonment, for voluntarily leaving, without provocation, his bed and board, "for which he is very thankful," and for which he prayed a severance of the marital ties.—*Cin. Com.*

THE GRAND MONOPOLY.—It is stated that a powerfully organized effort is in progress at Washington to induce President Pierce to undertake such vigorous measures as will break the Peruvian guano monopoly, and throw open the trade to American enterprise. Various agricultural societies have sent committees to visit the President for the purpose; and it is said that the President, feeling the importance of the subject to our agriculturists, has determined to open negotiations with Peru in reference to it.

HOGS—FIRST ARRIVAL.—The Frankfort railroad train brought, last evening, 600 head of extra heavy hogs, for Messrs. Jackson, Hull & Co. This is the first arrival this season for packing purposes. These hogs are from Messrs. Embry and Shackelford, of Madison county. Messrs. Jackson, Hull & Co. are ready to commence operations as soon as the weather is cool enough. We hear of a contract of between 1,000 and 1,500 head, by Hardin, to average 200 lbs. net, and to be delivered about the middle of December.—*Louisville Journal.*

HOG SLAUGHTERING AT WHEELING.—Mr. Michael Herr, of Baltimore, and Mr. O. W. Zane, of Wheeling, on Tuesday, commenced slaughtering hogs at their extensive pork house in East Wheeling. During the day they despatched 389. Messrs Warren, Dunlap & Co., of the same city, have commenced slaughtering, and expect to kill $50,000 worth during the season. The price now paid is $5 net.

We understand that about the 1st of January, it is in contemplation to place a new train on the State road, to be known as the Lightning Line. It will stop at but one point between Philadelphia and Lancaster, and not at all between Lancaster and Harrisburg. In will run in a similar manner the entire distance from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh, and cannot fail to be popular with through passengers.—*Pennsylvanian.*

ONLY FOR THEM FOG!—A negro man belonging to Mr. McNees, of Colemansville, Harrison co., Ky, ran away a few days since, and making his escape to the Ohio river, got a skiff and steered for the "promised land," but after going some three hundred yards through a heavy fog, seeing a light, and supposing it to be the Ohio side, steered for the light, and tieing his skiff, marched boldly up, but to his horror, he found himself in the streets of Step-Stone, Ky., whose good citizens promptly arrested him and returned him to his master.

A Washington letter says:—"Thomas Ritchie, senior, the former editor of the Richmond Enquirer, and father of its present editor, publicly condemns the course of that paper in deserting the South and siding with the Cabinet and the abolitionists. A gentleman, just arrived from Richmond, informs me that the people there are in disgust at the course of the administration, and almost to a man side with the national democracy and Mr. Bronson."

JUVENILE RUNAWAY.—A slave, under ten years of age, the property of John Jamison, Esq., of this place, left on last Sunday week, taking a horse with him, the property of Mr. Harrison Seibert. He spent the first night about two miles from town, on Monday morning he went on to Williamsport,—there he stopped at a hotel, ordered his horse fed, and went, as he said, to see the canal,—since which time nothing has been seen or heard of the boy.—*Martinsburg Gazette, Oct 16.*

EMIGRANTS.—On Friday last, nine ships from Liverpool and a barque from Bremen, arrived at New York with passengers, numbering in all 3,779. One of the ships, Benjamin Adams, lost 16 out of 620 passengers, by cholera, and there were 16 deaths on board the New York, supposed to have been mostly of the same disease. Within the preceding 40 days, 18 vessels had arrived at the same port, 6 from Liverpool, 4 from Havre, 3 each from Hamburgh and Bremen, and 1 each from London and Glasgow, bringing 6,661 emigrants. On board these vessels there occurred 328 deaths, a considerable part of which were probably of cholera.

THE BOSTON BEE says:—Twelve thousand bushels of cranberries were brought to that city, on Saturday, nearly all of which met with an immediate sale to provision dealers. They brought $1.75 per bushel. The public will probably be able to get them for about $8 per bushel.

MISHING IN LANCASTER COUNTY.—The Lancaster Examiner says:

The copper mine in Bart township, which was originally opened and abandoned, has now been re-opened for the past two years, and from the sprit with which operations are carried on, the company is doubtless meeting with success.

The Lead Mine in East Hempfield, discovered and partially opened two or three years since, is, we understand, about to be tested again under more favorable auspices.

Several very valuable beds of iron ore have recently been opened in different parts of the country. Mr. C. Geiger has opened a very fine bed (apparently) on Mr. Mylie's farm, a mile south of Willow street, from which he intends supplying his furnace in South Prince street.

In passing Camargo, in Bart township, the other day, we noticed iron ore from the beds near that place being taken to York furnace, a distance of twelve miles. The superior quality of the ore, warrants its transportation that distance.

COPPER ARRIVAL.—About 50 tons of copper has just been landed by the Peninsula from the Cliff Mine. A large amount is yet looked for from other mines upon the Lake.

We wish to correct our report of the shipment of copper from the National Mine of the 17th of Sept., which should have been 19½ tons instead of 9½. We cannot now account for the error. We learn that another shipment of 10 tons will soon be made—the yield of the mine for the month of September.

We learn that the Maniton Mine is looking well and that several promising veins have been lately discovered in the immediate vicinity.—The Star Mine's new veins are looking well also. *Lake Sup. Journal.*

A Southern planter arrived yesterday in pursuit of a human chattel, who must have reached Queen Vic's dominions just about the time the planter reached the Forest City. The "dissolution of partnership" occurred at the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh.—*Cleveland Forest City.*

THE SUGAR CROP.—The New Orleans Picayune says the sugar crop of Louisiana will not be inferior, either in quantity or quality, to what it was in either of the last two years. Sugar planters in various parts of the State have commenced grinding.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ A Great Blessing to the Afflicted.—Dr. McLane, the inventor of the celebrated Liver Pills, used these Pills for several years in his practice, before he could be induced to offer them to the public in such a manner as to make them accessible to the country. This learned physician felt the same repugnance that all high-minded men of science feel in entering the lists against those unscrupulous empirics who obtrude their nauseous nostrums upon the credulous public, regardless of putting to sustain them. Convinced, however, of the real value of the Liver Pills, and influenced by the plain dictates of duty, the Doctor finally sacrificed his delicate feelings and put up the pills in such a form that medicine has not disappointed the expectations of the medical practitioners, at whose instance he was induced to forego his inclination. From every quarter do we hear the most decisive testimony of their curative effects—the East and the West, the North and the South, are alike laden with "tidings of great joy" from the afflicted.—These wonderful Pills have completely conquered that great scourge of America, the Liver Complaint.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, and taka none else. There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, also his Celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and by the sole Proprietors

FLEMING BROTHERS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
oc293 Successors to J. Kidd & Co, 60 Wood st.

☞ Indigestion and Liver Complaint CURED BY KIER'S PETROLEUM.—Read the following letter from Rev. O. Dickinson, a Missionary to Oregon:

MR. J. M. KIER—*Dear Sir*—Myself and wife having been greatly benefitted by the use of your Petroleum, I wish to have you send me six gallons in quart bottles. I am the Congregational Missionary in this place, and several of my people are affected with indigestion and an inaction of the liver, the same of myself and wife, before taking your PETROLEUM OR ROCK OIL. We took several bottles—two or three each—about a year and a half ago, and we have never suffered so good health for years as we have since that time. I had not taken a single bottle, before that fullness of the stomach which so distressed me, and dyspepsia was relieved. I have felt scarcely a pain since that time. My wife was also relieved from a chronic disease of the liver, which had been of several years standing, by the use of your Petroleum.

Sold by S. M. KIER, Canal Basin, GEO. H. KEYSER, 110 Wood street, and Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere. oct26

[Pagers advertising Petroleum will copy]

☞ SEE HELVETIA AND LAFAYETTE GOLD Mining Company, New York column. sp13:2m

☞ First Premium for best Silk Hat—J WILSON & SON, Fashionable Hatters, 91, Wood street, are now prepared to furnish their customers and the public, an assortment of Hats and Caps, which for beauty of finish, and prices, cannot be surpassed by any house in the city.

Particular attention is invited to our own manufacture of $4, $3.50 and $4.00 Hats. oct25-4mdawS

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK.
CASH CAPITAL $500,000!
E. C. LOOMIS, Agent,
No. 59 Wood street, *Pittsburgh.*

DIRECTORS:

H D King, Wm. Larrabee, Jr.
Wm. Beasley, C. M. Kier,
Samuel Sloan, Thos. Cunningham,
Robert Dunlap, Jr., John S. Dilworth,
J. Hathaway, Francis Sellers,
Rowland Hazard, J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant, Wm S. Hays.

Isaac W. Pettock. oct22

JOHN T. LOGAN, ROBT. T. KENNEDY
PHILIP WILSON, EDWARD GREGG

REMOVAL.
LOGAN, WILSON & CO.
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c. &c.

Have removed to their new and extensive store, No. 52 Wood street, four doors above the St. Charles Hotel, where their customers and merchants generally are invited to an examination of the most complete assortment ever offered in this city. oct27

JOHN FLEMING. OCEAN FLEMING
FLEMING BROTHERS,
(SUCCESSORS TO J. KIDD & CO)
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
No. 60 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

☞ Proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge Liver Pills, &c.

JAMES P. TANNER,
WHOLESALE DEALER
IN BOOTS, SHOES, BONNETS, AND LEATHER,
No. 56 Wood street, Pittsburgh,
BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH.

☞ My stock consists of upwards of 2500 CASES, embracing every variety and style of BOOTS, SHOES and BONNETS, purchased direct from New York and manufacturers, adapted expressly for the *WINTER SALES*, and will be sold at satisfactory prices.—Country Merchants with those of Philadelphia and New York, purchasers will please call and examine before buying. Also, NEW YORK SOLE LEATHER. 1jy29

DAGUERREOTYPES
AT THE
NATIONAL GALLERY.

JACKSON'S National Daguerrean Gallery, corner of the Diamond and Market street, (opposite Wilson's Drug Store,) Pittsburgh.

Ladies and Gentlemen visiting Pittsburgh is likewise at moderate prices, will please call at the above establishment, fitted up with very superior Skylights and Lights, arranged with such skill that the operator can take the most accurate fac similes of the human form with all the expression of animated life, as at WATURAL.

Engravings, Paintings, &c., accurately copied, and duplicates taken of original likenesses.

☞ Persons not required to take a picture, unless a perfect resemblance.

☞ Likenesses taken of sick and deceased persons in any part of the city and vicinity.

☞ Rooms open, and operating from 8 a. m. until 6 p. m. Entrance in Diamond. 1ap26:2dawly:T

NELSON'S FIRST PREMIUM
DAGUERREOTYPES.
POST OFFICE BUILDING, THIRD STREET.

CITIZENS and strangers who wish to obtain an accurate, artistic and life like likeness, at a very moderate price, will find it to their interest to call at this well known establishment, where entire satisfaction is guaranteed, or no charge made. Having one of the largest and best arranged Side and Skylights ever constructed for the purpose, with instruments of the most powerful kind, and having adopted the system of Daguerreotyping, as now practised by the celebrated Roots, of Philadelphia and New York, Mr. N. flatters himself he is able to offer to the patrons of the Art, a style of Daguerreotype, either single or in groups, which has never been surpassed.

Rooms open and operating in all weathers, from 8 o'clock a. m. to 5 p. m. mar26dawly

A Card.—Since the Proprietors' recent Laboratory enlargements have allowed him to supply his numerous orders for Lyon's Kathairion, he has also introduced somewhat Chemical affinities which adds still to the high character of this immensely popular article for Curling, Beautifying, preserving and Restoring the Hair.

Let those now use,
Who never used before,
And those who always used,
Now use the more.

The price is still 25 cts., in large bottles, and may be had at any Store in the United States. D. S. Barnes, Proprietor, 161 Broadway, New York. oct18-1m

D. S. BARNES, Proprietor, 161 Broadway, N. Y.
Sold in Pittsburgh by R. E. Sellers, C. Fraser, Benj Page, jr., Fleming's Bro., and Braun & Reiter. 1oct19

☞ The Stomach prepares the elements of the bile and the blood; and if it does the work feebly and imperfectly, live disease is the certain result. As some, therefore, as any affection of the liver is perceived, we may be sure that the digestive organs are out of order. The first thing to be done, is to administer a specific which will act directly upon the stomach—the mainspring of the animal mechanism. For this purpose we can recommend HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia. Acting as an alterative and a tonic, it strengthens the digestion, changes the condition of the blood and thereby gives regularity to the bowels. ☞ See advertisement. oct28-2w

☞ WE DIRECT the attention of our readers to the advertisement of "MORSE'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL" to be found upon the fourth page.

IN THE MATTER of the Voluntary Assignment of JOHN M. TOTNEND, late of the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, now of Beaver county, Pa., to ALFRED E. McCALMONT, Assignee. Entered July 28, 1853.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, Penna., No. 112, Sept. Term, 1853; Voluntary Assignment of John M. Totnend.

Sept. 7, 1853, account of the Assignee filed, showing a balance of $1,555 63 on hand for distribution.

And now, to wit: Sept. 19, 1853, by Court order and direct notice to be given of the filing of said account, in the Beaver Star, in the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette and Pittsburgh Gazette, for and during the term of three weeks successively, the last insertion being ten days before the first day of next term, and that said account will be confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before said day. [oct29-3tw] JOHN COLLINS, Pro

JOHN CINNAMON. W. BOWERS KERR
CINNAMON & KERR,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
15 FRONT STREET, BETWEEN MAIN & WALNUT,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

☞ Particular attention given to purchasing on order; Agents for the sale of Glass, Nails and Manufactured Articles of every description. Also, Lard Oil, Lard, Grease, Tallow, Stearine, &c., &c. oct28

JUST rec'd 6 doz. Plain and Tilled India Rubber Coats. We have made arrangements with an Eastern house, so as to be always supplied, and can offer a first rate quality at prices within the cash of every man. Sold at Wholesale and Retail at the Rubber Depot, No. 112, Market st. J. & M. FELTON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dancing School.

A. BONNAFFON respectfully informs the public that he will open his School, on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, 11th and 12th of Nov., at 3 o'clock P. M., for Young Ladies, at 6 for Masters and at 8 for Gents, at WILKINS HALL, Collinsade Room, 2d story, 4th st. A. B. has engaged three rooms exclusively for himself, and exclusive of any public exhibition, going on in the building on the days of his school. Those scholars attending all the season, will be taught all those dances now in vogue; the Waltz Quadrill, a very graceful dance, the Gallitza and Pop goes the Weasel, all those dances new in this city, together with the science and rudiments of dancing for the development of the limbs, and improvements of the figures. It is widely admitted that where there's no ease of action, there's no grace, and where there's no grace there's no charms. A number of pupils will be selected for some (Danse de Caractere) to be composed by A. B. himself, and danced to popular airs, selected by A. B. Application must be made promptly, both for the first and second quarters, as A. B has several calls elsewhere. For particulars apply to A. B., No. 23, 2d street, or Mrs. Bonnaffon, during his absence from the city, or at the rooms on the above days of school. Due notice will be given of the first party; and arrangements made for the children's parties being exclusive, which arrangement he hopes will meet the approbation of the parents. Subscription list now open for the school and parties as above. Persons wishing to rent those rooms, will apply as above. oc31-3td

JOHN T. HOGG,
(OFFICE, MARKET STREET, BROWNSVILLE, PA.)
BANKER AND EXCHANGE BROKER.

AND Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Specie on Deposit, Bank Notes and Specie. Current Money received on Deposit. Sight Checks for sale, and collections made on all the principal points in the Western States.

Advances made on consignments of Produce, shipped east, on liberal terms. oct31-3td

CHESNUTS—100 bus. prime just rec'd and for sale by [oc31] JNO WATT & CO.

ASSIGNEES NOTICE.—The undersigned Assignees of John Grier, hereby notify all persons indebted to said Grier to call and make payment, and all persons having claims against him, will please present them for settlement.

The store (No. 204, Liberty street,) will be kept open for a short time, to sell out the stock of goods on hand, where W. B. Fusey, one of the Assignees will be found, to whom all payments must be made.

W. B. FUSEY,
WILLIS BOOTH,
Assignees.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 31st, 1853

FARMS, HOUSES & LOTS FOR SALE—
4000 acres of land in different parts of Virginia:
500 do do do do Ohio;
200 do do do do Michigan;
200 do do do do Illinois;
2000 do do do Westmoreland county, Pa.;
1200 do do do Fayette and Fermanagh in Venango, co.;
1 large Flouring Mill, within a few miles of the city;
39 Houses and Lots in Pittsburgh, of various sizes and worth;
13 Houses and Lots in Allegheny city, any of them cheap;
do do do Sharpsburgh, lower than cost;
Country Seats, part of them will improve;
Farms, within a few miles of the city, and
Farms, from 100 to upwards, all on file in my Printed Register, which are invited to call and get with the information we are ready to give those wishing to purchase, and will show the finest selection of property offered to them by calling at my office, No. 45, Market street, second door. THOMAS WOOD.

TRANSPARENT WINDOW CURTAINS
—A large assortment of new and handsome styles, recently received, and for sale at the Wall Paper Warehouse, No. 56 Market street, between 3d and 4th st. &c.
HOMAS PALMER.

PAPER WINDOW BLINDS of new and desirable styles and superior finish, for sale by
oct31 THOS. PALMER.

WALL PAPER from 6 1-4 cts. to $5 per piece, comprising all varieties of patterns and quality, for sale by THOS. PALMER.
oct31 No. 56 Market st.

VELVET CARPETS—Rec'd this day, at the Carpet Warerooms, No. 112 Market st., new and elegant styles VELVET PILE CARPETS, to which we invite the attention of purchasers. W. MCCLINTOCK.

FOR SALE—A valuable House and Lot in the 1st Ward, City of Allegheny, on Bank near Ferry street, adjoining the Tavern building, 3 stories high, containing 12 rooms. There is an excellent cellar under the whole building, of two stories; there are also a Stable and Coal House and Cistern, together with a orchard, affording an ample supply of pure water. The lot is 29 feet in front, by 100 feet back to an alley 16 feet wide. Apply to
JOHN MELLON, on the premises.

TAR—125 bbls. just rec'd and for sale by
oc31 BURBRIDGE & INGHAM.
No. 150 Water st. & 116 Front st.

RICE—10 tierces just rec'd and for sale by
oc31 BURBRIDGE & INGHAM.

SHETLAND ISLAND SOCKS—Another supply of these fine soft Lambs Wool Socks (hand knitted) in the Shetland Islands, which for real comfort cannot be equalled, just at the Fifth Street Knitting Factory. [oc31] W. M. DALY.

CONSIGNMENT—50 kegs Butter;
6 bbls. do. just received
A. CULBERTSON.

50 KEGS 8 Twist Tobacco;
20 do 6 do do;
20 ⅜ box Huckers 10s do, just received and for sale by A.