HOME MATTERS.

ADDITIONAL APPOINTMENTS.—The following are the times and places appointed by the County Committee, for the purpose of holding mass meetings of the citizens of the County, in reference to the passage of a Prohibitory Liquor Law in the State. A strict adherance to the order indicated will be preserved, and it is hoped that all lovers of order and morality, as well as all opposers of the exorbitant taxation induced by the existence of the rum traffic in our midst, will, without exception, be in attendance. Speakers from the respective neighborhoods and the cities will be present and address each meeting:

"Upper St. Clair, 5th, at J. V. Roland's at 3 o'clock, afternoon.

South Fayette, 6th, Rev. Jeffries' church, 3 o'clock, afternoon.

Moon, 8th, 3 o'clock, afternoon, at Rev. S. C. Jenning's church.

Clinton, 9th, 3 o'clock, afternoon.

Noblestown, 10th, 3 o'clock, afternoon.

Robinson, 12th, at Rev. John Ekin's church.

Temperanceville, 13th, 7½ o'clock.

Lower Saint Clair, Concord church, 8 o'clock, afternoon, on the 15th.

Mifflin, 16th, at Francis McClure's, at 3 o'clk, afternoon.

Patton, 17th at 3 o'clock, afternoon, in the Stone church near Monroeville.

Plum, 18th, at 3 o'clock, afternoon, Texas.

Penn, Stone School-house, (near Stotler's,) at 7½ o'clock, evening.

Wilkinsburg, 19th, at 7 o'clock, afternoon, in Rev. Hasting's church.

East Liberty, 20th, 7 o'clock, evening, in the Presbyterian church.

Lawrenceville, 22d, 7 o'clock, evening, in Rev. Lea's church.

Bakerstown, in the Methodist church, 23d, at 3 o'clock, afternoon.

24th, East Union church 10 o'clock, forenoon.

Tarentum, 24th, 3 o'clock, afternoon.

25th, Deer Creek, in Rev. Gilmore's church, at 3 o'clock, afternoon.

26th, Pine, in Rev. Mackaboy's church, 2 o'clock, afternoon.

27th, Presbyterian church, (near Perrysville,) 3 o'clock, afternoon.

29th, Franklin, Fairmount Presby'n church, at 3 o'clock, afternoon.

Sewickleyville, 30th, 3 o'clk, afternoon, Rev. Allison's church.

31st, Pittsburgh, in Reverend West's church, at 8 o'clock, evening.

PITTSBURGH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Several articles have lately appeared in the different Pittsburgh newspapers explanatory of the mode of operation of Building and Loan Associations, none of which have been satisfactory on the subject under consideration of the affair. We have carefully examined a copy of their Constitution, and also received full and explicit explanations from the officers of the Association from which we glean the following particulars:

A person subscribing to the stock of the Association pays one dollar on each share in hand, and one dollar per month until the Association closes, which it does when by the amount paid in by the stockholders, with a pro rata share of the profits added thereto, they are able to divide to each share of stock the amount of Two Hundred Dollars. The amount received each month is put up at public auction at the monthly meeting of the stockholders, and that one paying the highest premium therefor receives the loan. No stockholder is allowed to bid for or receive more than Two Hundred Dollars for each share of stock held by him. For instance, a man owning three shares of stock can bid for Six Hundred Dollars, which if he bid *twenty* per cent., would net him $480, for which he must secure the Association by bond and mortgage on real estate worth double the net amount of money he receives from them. He then in addition to the Three Dollars paid monthly for instalments on shares, pays Three Dollars per month for interest (which is 6 per cent. per annum) until the Association closes, when the value of his three shares of stock will be $600, which balances the loan he received, his payments to the Association ceases, and the mortgage they held against his property is released.

Supposing that the Association would last seven years, (and they seldom exceed that period,) the Stockholder in the example above mentioned would have paid $504 for the use of $480 for seven years; this is supposing he received his loan at the first meeting of the Association. There is a great advantage in borrowing in this manner, over the ordinary mode at 6 per cent. interest, for if a person borrows $480 at 6 per cent interest for seven years, the interest of which would amount to $201 60, making in all $681 60, leaving a balance in favor of the Association of $177 60.

The rapid increase in the value of the stock would probably be doubted by our readers, but when they consider that the bonuses and interest received on loans are immediately loaned out again; in this way compounding interest twelve times a year

Probably the best feature of this Association is, that they are a saving fund to poorer classes, where they can deposit small sums monthly, which they would otherwise spend in a manner doing them little or no good, but invested in a Building and Loan Association would yield them a large profit.

COMMENCEMENT AT JEFFERSON COLLEGE.—The commencement of this institution was held on Wednesday, and attracted a very large number of visitors from the surrounding country, and from Pittsburgh.

The Rev. Dr. NUNN, of Richmond, Virginia, delivered the annual address to the Literary Society, but owing to the unexpected absence of Hon. J. C. Knight, of Harrisburg, the address to the Alumni was not delivered. The Graduates numbered about fifty.

On the evening preceding, (Tuesday) the lady pupils of the Odeme Seminary gave a Concert in Providence Hall, in the College. Their performances are very highly spoken of.

HANDSOME SHUTTER.—We noticed a new idea in the shutter line yesterday, the invention of Mr. Singerly, Third street, which we think excels any thing of the kind we have seen. The shutter is of iron, very light and elegant, such as is used for the windows of Banking houses, with this difference, that the latter is stationary, while the former is composed of five or six pieces, which are hung on hinges, and which, doubling on themselves, can be thrown back into a place on one side of the window, and the whole concealed by closing a door attached to the closet. The shutters are now being placed on the windows of Mr. Singerly's new building on Third street. Their elegance and convenience will doubtless bring them into general use.

CALCONFORNIA.—Yesteday a gentleman residing on Liberty street, by the name of Samuel Grier, had a large tumor situated over the outer angle of his left eye removed. Immediately before the operation, Chloroform, by request of the patient, was administered, and while under its influence, the tumor was dissected out by Dr. Sterret, without producing but slight pain. No bad effects followed it too, as care was taken that a sufficient amount of atmospheric air was inhaled with the gas. The patient is doing well.

CONCERT HALL, ALLEGHENY.—The stone masons have finished their work on this building, which is going up on the corner of Lacock and federal streets, Allegheny City, and the brick layers have commenced operations. Messrs. Boyd & Murdock, the builders, expect to have the Hall finished by the 1st of October.

In this connection, we may notice the new German Catholic Church, which is being erected on Liberty street, Allegheny. The edifice is quite large, and built of pressed brick. It will be an ornament to that portion of the city.

OPERATIC LETTERS.—John D. Miller, an upholsterer, was held to bail on Wednesday, by Alderman Hays, of Allegheny city, for opening a letter addressed to the John Knox Lodge, No. 1, enclosing a letter addressed to Alexander Waddle. After reading the letters he handed them to Waddle. The brother of the writer, Mr. Ingles, instituted suit against him for opening them.

HELD TO BAIL.—Isaiah Short and James Robison, employed on the Ferry boat Captain Walker, which runs from Manchester to Temperanceville, were arrested and held to bail by Alderman Kinehart yesterday for threatening to run into one of Jones' Ferry boats, running to the same point, on oath of Freesly N. Jones.

INQUEST.—Coroner Lowry yesterday proceeded to Section Third of the Steubenville railroad, for the purpose of holding an inquest on the body of Gotlelb Fist, killed by the falling in (in the tunnel,) of a heavy mass of slate.

The verdict of the jury accorded with the statement of facts given by us yesterday.

SPRING YIELD, MT. VERNON AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.—Two locomotives intended to be used on this Road, were brought from Philadelphia via the Central Railroad, last Friday, and were shipped on Wednesday on the Ohio and Pa. Railroad for Lakeville.

MALICIOUS MISCHIEF.—A man namid David Lytle, while intoxicated yesterday, broke open half a dozen doors of private residences in the Third Ward, Allegheny. He was arrested and held to bail in $500, by Mayor Park, to answer the charge of malicious mischief.

THERE will be a Mass Convention of the friends of Temperance of Western Pennsylvania, in this city on the 11th inst. Speeches will be delivered by several celebrated lecturers.

COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—A man named John Biddle was arrested and taken before Mayor Park yesterday, on a charge of passing counterfeit money, on a German woman. The note passed was a ten dollar bill, or the redemption of which Biddle was discharged.

DROWNED.—Coroner Lowry held an inquest yesterday evening on the body of a lad named J. H Kerrigan, who was drowned while bathing in the Monongahela river, yesterday afternoon, about two o'clock. The lad was bathing near Phillip's glass works, but unfortunately got beyond his depth, was seized with the cramps, and was drowned. The parents of the lad reside on Canal street. His age was but twelve years, and he had returned on Wednesday from a visit to Steubenville, Ohio.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—The locomotive attached to the mail train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was thrown from the track yesterday, near East Liberty, owing to a switch having been misplaced. The damage done by the accident, was soon repaired, owing to the exertions made by Conductor Seely.

IS A WELL.—The covering of an old well, in Curting's Court, near Wylie street, fell in on Wednesday evening, while a boy and a hog were upon it. The lad scrambled out, not much the worse of his fall of twelve feet.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Levi Shaler was held to bail on oath of Hugh Richardson, for assaulting a little child, the son of the prosecutor, by Alderman Major.

SURETY OF THE PEACE.—Eliza and Jno. Hubbs were held to bail by Alderman Thompson, yesterday, for Surety of the peace, on oath of Cornelius O'Brien.

FALSE PRETENCES.—Alderman Hays committed John Tannyhill, for procuring goods under false pretences, on oath of Henry McElhenny.

THREATS.—Hugh and Anne Richardson, for threatening to burn the house of William Bimmell, in the 8th Ward, were arrested and held to bail for good behaviour and to appear at Court, by Alderman Major.

THE State Educational Association will commence its annual session this morning, at ten o'clock, in the Third Ward School House, on the corner of Grant and Seventh streets.

SURETY OF THE PEACE.—Stewart Davis was held to bail by Alderman Alexander Hays, Allegheny, for surety of the peace, yesterday, on oath of John Rotzer.

CRICKET MATCH.—The Cricket Clubs of Pittsburgh and Allegheny cities, played a Cricket Match on Kraft's grounds, yesterday afternoon.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF STEAMSHIP WASHINGTON.

NEW YORK, August 4.

The steamer Washington arrived to day with 14 passengers; she brings Liverpool dates to the 20th July.

Confidence in the maintenance of peace is increasing in Paris and London.

The reply of Russia to the joint representation of France and England is expected in London about the 22d.

The Baltic arrived at Liverpool on Tuesday.—The Niagara on Sunday, the 15th.

The Turkish troops evacuate Montenegro.

In China on the 14th May, the insurgents had raised the banner of Christianity. They had possession of Nankin, where the Protestant worship was resumed.

Liverpool Markets—Cotton—The sales were 12,000 bales; prices firm. The sales for the last three days were 30,000 bales, of which 3000 were to speculators, and 6000 for export. The demand was active; no change in prices.

Trade in Manchester had slightly improved since the last report.

Breadstuffs—The demand was active; no change in price; market firm.

A dispatch from Constantinople says that England, France and Germany have agreed upon a basis of an arrangement which is to be proposed to Turkey and Russia.

The head quarters of the Russian army is established at Buckarest. Eighty thousand troops were encamped in the environs.

A large body of troops were still marching South.

Seventy-two guns of heavy calibre arrived at Jassy on the 8th of July.

The exportation of corn has been prohibited at Naples.

St. Petersburg dates to the 9th of July, state that one propositon for a compromise had been made by the Russian Cabinet, which had indicated a desire to negotiate.

Telegraphic accounts from Constantinople dated July 9th, state that a ministerial crisis was feared in consequence of a Russian invasion of the principalities. A pacific solution was, however, expected, but there was no cessation of the arrival of armaments. The Commandants of the ports of the Dardanelles had orders to permit the passage of British and French ships at any moment.

A formidable conspiracy against the life of the Sultan by the Imaums a fanatical party, has been discovered, fifteen leaders of which have been strangled. The object was to depose the Sultan, to favor his brother, and to declare war against Russia.

Negotiations are still progressing in the Hungarian refugee affairs.

The latest report states that the Austrian and American corvettes had determined to fight, and had actually cleared decks for action, when the British and French Consuls interfered and prevented the threatened hostilities. It was afterwards arranged that Costa should be given to the French Consul until the French and Austrian Ministers at Constantinople should settle the affair. Costa was afterwards landed in chains, and escorted by Austrian warriors to the French Consul's Office.

CHINA.—The rebels have circulated extensively a translated edition of the Bible, which has created an immense excitement, and which seems likely to lead to the total destruction of the Tartar race. Nankin is represented as in a state of ruin, and the whole country in a state of anarchy. The rebels are preparing to march upon Pekin as soon as they receive expected reinforcements from the South.

The Commander of the British steamer Hermes had returned from an expedition in the east of the rebels, who has explained the natural position of the foreign powers. The insurgents have adopted the Protestant form of worship, recognizing Jesus Christ as the Savior, the Trinity and the Ten Commandments.

In the House of Lords, on the 13th, Lord Clarendon rendered an answer in entire conformity with the note published by the French Government and been returned to the last diplomatic note of Count Nesselrode.

PARIS, July 19.—The funds experienced a decline. Three per cents. closed at 78 15, and 4½ per cents. 102 50.

London, Money Market.—On Tuesday evening the funds opened favorably, and advanced ¼ during the day, closing buoyant at 98¼@98¾. Russian funds are quoted at an advance.

Breadstuffs—The wet and stormy weather caused a rise in the markets English Wheat 2s@3s ⅌ quarter; foreign Wheat 2s higher; American Flour has advanced 1s; Corn held with increased firmness in consequence of the unfavorable accounts of the Harvest.

Mark Lane quotes Flour and Wheat as active at the extreme prices of last week. Corn unchanged. Lard steady. The better sorts of Bacon dearer, and in good request.

Richardson & Brothers Circular of the 19th, represents the weather as fine. Sales of Wheat limited. Fresh Pennsylvania White higher, having advanced 6d. Flour, the advance not conceded. Oats 4d dearer.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE NIAGARA.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.

The steamer Niagara arrived at Halifax this morning, with Liverpool dates to the 23d July.

We have no apprehension of war, the difficulties being nearly adjusted.

The Baltic's news had a favorable effect on the Cotton market; business was large and the prices were firm and sales large to the home trade. There was a large speculative demand for fair, and middling qualities have improved most; the advance is 1-16 to ⅛. The sales on the 23d were 11,000 bales. The sales for the week were 86,000 bales, of which 13,500 were to speculators, and 7,350 to exporters. The stock at Liverpool is 850,000 bales The quotations are as follows: Fair Orleans 7; middling 6¼@6 3 16; fair Mobile 6¾; middling do. 6@6¼; upland 6¾; middling 6@7.

Breadstuffs.—Denniston quotes all qualities of Flour as considerably advanced and a large business doing at 24@5s advance. Western Canal 27s 6d: Philadelphia 28s 5d; Baltimore 28s 6d; Ohio 28s 6d.

Wheat has advanced 2d@3d; white 8s@8s 2d; mixed 7s 6d@7s 11. Corn, prices stiffer, but quotations unaltered; white and yellow 31@32

Provisions—A small business doing in Beef, Pork and Bacon, prices firm. Shoulders dull, with a declining tendency. Lard firm; few sales at 53@54. Tallow dull and declining at 53. Rice nominal and firm; sales at 20@25.—Coffee; Rio 41@44. Tea; a small business at prices firm. Sugar; market unchanged in every respect, firm with an upward tendency.

LIVERPOOL, July 20.—Cotton; prices a shade higher.

Money Market easier, Consols for money 98¾.

London Markets—More activity; Coffee firmer, Colonial advanced. Sugar active, West India advanced 6d. Tea—Nothing doing; prices nominal. Tallow dull. Flour advanced 6d. Corn Market firm.

Manchester Markets firmer.

American securities unchanged.

Money Market.—U. S. Sixes, 1868, 110@110¼; U. S. Sixes, 1867, 109@110; Penna Fives 88@89; Maryland Fives, 95¾@97½; Kentucky Sixes 108@109.

Havre Cotton Market, July 18th.—The sales of the week were 5500 bales; the market opened heavy but improved at the close; true ordinaire 64f.; Upland 88.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS

NEW YORK, August 4.—Cotton—Sales 1000 bales at fall price. Flour—sales 10,000 bbls at $5 12@5 25; Ohio $5 25@6 37, the steamer's news and a favorable effects on the market, which opened active and fell off at the close; Southern $5 31@5 56, dull, with a declining tendency. Sales 45,000 bushels Western Wheat $1 38; active at an advance of 2@3cts. Sales 20,000 bushels mixed Corn at 78, yellow 79, unsettled. Coffee—sales 9000 bags Java at 10¾@11; sales 9000 bags at auction; Rio 9¼@ 9¾, active. Sugar—sales 800 boxes Havana at 6¾; Muscovado 4¾, more sellers than buyers. Molasses dull. Provisions—sales 500 bbls Mess Pork at $15 87@15 93; Prime $13, firm. Sales 200 bbls Lard at 10¾@10¾, firmer. Sales 200 bbls Beef Hams at $13@13.75, firm. Sales 300 bbls Shoulders at 6c. Hams 9c. Spirits of Turpentine—sales 200 bbls at 44—Linseed Oil 69 @70.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4.—The Washington's advices are favorable for Breadstuffs, which are somewhat unsettled: Sales 4000 bbls. fresh ground Flour early in the morning at $5 25, but this price has since been refused for good Old stock; $5 37½ has been offered and refused for fresh ground. There has been a steady demand for city consumption at former quotations. A small lot of Rye Flour sold at $3 75. Corn Meal, no transactions. Wheat in demand; sales 5000 bush. at $1.30 for prime old white, and $1 25 for new white, and $1.14 for new red—Rye unchanged. Corn very scarce and wanted; sales yellow at 71@72, a further advance.—Three cargoes of Allegheny Bituminous Coal sold at 18¾ per bus. Whiskey scarce and commands 27 in bbls. and hhds.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 4.—The river has fallen two inches; weather warm; showers this forenoon. Markets quiet Flour firm at $4. Whiskey 20¾. Nothing done in Provisions. Cheese 7¾ Groceries unchanged. Linseed Oil selling in a small way at 70.

COMMERCIAL

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

Friday Morning, August 5, 1853.

FLOUR—the arrivals yesterday did not exceed 400 bbls, we note sales of 65 bbls. on private terms; 60 do. at $4 45 for superfine, $4.68 for extra, and $4.75 for family extra; portions of 3 bbls. extra family at $4 56@4.75; 45 bbls. superfine at $4.30; 17 do extra at $4.50; 40 bbls s.f. from store at $4.10, and 15 do extra at $4.75.

OATS—we note steady salesin small lots at 37@40.

BACON—sales are the same at 4½ for shoulders, and 6 for sides, and 9¼@9½ for Hams; 3,000 lbs. ribbon bacon at 10; 2,000 lbs. shoulders, at 6c. 5 tcs and 10 pcs. s. Hams at 11@12.

FISH—sale of 10 bbls. No 3 Mackarel, from store, at $12.50, and Lake Fish at $5.00@5.50.

WOOL—sales yesterday reported at 50@, 5c. at 55¾—grade not stated.

ROSIN—sales of 50, 150 and 50 bbls, rosin, to soap makers, at $3.00, four months.

FEATHERS—in demand; sales of 700 barrels, prime Western at 45, to the trade.

COFFEE—in steady demand, in limited lots; sales of 15 tcs at 9¾, and 10 do. at 10¼, four mos.

SODA ASH—sales of foreign and domestic in lots of 2 and 3 cks at 3¼.

POTASH—sales to the trade of Grant's 5s at 2¾, and to country at 2¾; a small sale also of Russell & Robinson, at 2¾.

LINSEED OIL—there was some inquiry on Wednesday evening for Linseed Oil and sales of 20 and 10 bbls at 70; but yesterday, under the stimulus of news of an advance both east and west, holders were firm at 75, and sales were made at that figure.

PEARLS—a sale of 8¾ tons was made at 5¾.

CHEESE—in steady demand; sales of ordinary qualities at 7, and prime at 7¾.

SUGAR—the country is fair; sales of 30 hhds, 5@5¾.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

The payments into the Treasury are enormous, and the accumulation is going on with an increased volume By the returns this evening, it will be received that the balance is over $5,400,000, and at this rate, it is more than probable that on the 20th instant, there will equal the amount in the banks before the month of August expires. These immense importations are exciting much attention in financial circles. The Government, however, are doing all they can to alleviate the pressure of the Treasury board on the commerce of the country, as we perceive by the circular of the Secretary of the Treasury, that he proposes to redeem Treasury Federal stocks of 1847 and 1848, to the amount of $5,000,000, between the present time and the 1st of December next, which are to be liquidated and redeemed with the addition of 12 per cent premium. The demand for Federal stocks for banking purposes and for government redemption will cause all now held in Europe to be sent to this country, and thus open a new demand for other American securities.—N. Y. Exp.

The following is the amount of duties received at the Philadelphia Custom House for July, and since the 1st of January, as compared with last year:

	1853.	1852.
Duties received in July	$411,514 85	$235,682 00
Previous months	2,029,386 15	2,459,342 83
	$2,410,027 93	$2,615,161 75
		2,410,027 93
Increase in 1853		$205,133 82

The exports of specie from Boston during the month of July amounted to $612,832; and the imports of $2,000. The total exports since the 1st of January amount to $2,403,038, and the imports during the same period to $75,442

The following statement will show the total amount of imports at the port of New York during the first seven months of the current year as compared with the year preceding:

IMPORTS OF FOREIGN GOODS AT NEW YORK.

	1852.	1852.	1853.	1852.
Jan	13,408,603	10,957,003	May	14,026,171
Feb	12,826,040	10,600,000	June	17,346,049
March	19,164,000	12,063,000	July	19,699,000
April	14,238,000	10,629,000		
Total				$115,035,002
Increase				$22,310,000

The amount of exports to foreign ports during the same period shows an increase over last year of $4,284,099, as will be seen by the following comparison:

EXPORTS AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN PORTS FROM NEW YORK.

	1853.	1852.	1853.	1852.
Jan	$2,995,000	$2,100,000	May	$4,161,000
Feb	3,315,000	3,353,000	June	2,017,000
March	4,329,000	3,313,000	July	4,313,000
April	4,125,000	2,622,000		
Total seven mos				$29,595,000
Increase, 1853				$4,284,000

$25,395,000

HIGH PRICES.—A telegraphic dispatch from New Orleans received yesterday, states a heavy rain had set in for four days and that it was feared it would be detrimental to the low state of the Ohio river, which prevents the usual supply from that source. It is more than likely, after this, that increased demand at this time seems materially to strengthen the price of sugar. We should certainly be very much surprised if such should be the result. A city miller sold, quietly a few days ago, those who permit it to be employed in the valve system. Should the Ohio line fine and a supply of water be obtained, we think there can be a probability of this; for one can be but little doubt that flour will advance at this season of the year particularly when the very best brands are selling at $5 25 and upwards, and that demand is already in the market, and a demand is sure to be more than the capacity of our mills to supply. We have heard of sales in the Atlantic cities of the same quality, by the same address, to range at from 50 to 75 cents ⅌ barrel. This is likely to arrest the South, until the new crop comes, must be supplied with this grain from Philadelphia, or from the Western country. Should the Ohio line fine and a supply of water be obtained, we anticipate a Corn Fever. Both Corn and Oats have been shipped during the season, from the port of Philadelphia, to the amount of 50,000 bushels, and very liberal—amounting to near 60,000. Prime white is selling brought 58 cents.

Sugar is selling at 6@7 ⅌ lb. Two or three lots (perhaps 200 bales in all) brought yesterday that quotation. The transactions are of a very limited character—the fair result of an exciting demand. We have noticed late arrivals from Cuba, Orleans, Mobile, Alabama, and Ohio, all of which brought good and well-approved market. Tea remains about the same, quiet, and very dull. Molasses and manufacturers are not so happily any longer to fix an advance under such circumstances. Rice is selling at 4 cents ⅌ lb, and Coffee at 9 cents ⅌ lb. Fish are in good demand, with the prices ruling firm. Mackerel, an former quotations, are selling at $12 50 for No. 3, and $13 for No. 2. The most remunerative prices and it is a source of gratification that we are able to record the fact, are those now ruling for Pork, Bacon, and Lard, the last being the most prominent position which will crash the speculative tendency to the great improvement projected in the State, some of which have been already commenced. Pork is selling at $15 for Prime, and $15 50 for Mess, and Bacon, at 5 for shoulders, and 6 for sides, and Lard, in greater crops, and through their own prosperity indeed, we are able to add that to the prairies and woodland of Missouri.—St. Louis Repub.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

STEAM BOAT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

ARRIVED.

Col. Bayard, Peebles, Elizabeth.
Thos. Shriver, Bailey, McKeesport.
Americus, Hunter, Brownsville.
Exchange, Rhodes, Wheeling.
Yorktown, Ebbert, Cin.

DEPARTED.

Col. Bayard, Peebles, Elizabeth.
Thos Shriver, Bailey, McKeesport.
Americus, Hunter, Brownsville.
Magnolia, Moore, Wheeling.
Oakland, Shook, Cincinnati.

BROWNSVILLE PACKET LINE

BROWNSVILLE, S. A. M. and 6 P. M.

WEST NEWTON, 8 A. M. and 4 P. M.

THE RIVER.—There was 6 feet 11 inches water in channel last evening at dark and on a stand.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

WHEELING, By Magnolia—5 bales saddle trees, S McClurkan; 7 bb's ancles, J R Miller; 2 do do, A Bradly; 77 do flour, Brown & Kirkpatrick; 14 do do, A A Mellon; 132 do do, Bryan Kennedy & co; 49 sks wool, 4 pkgs warp, 12 do yarn, 2 cases coulers, Hunter & co; 4 bbls whiskey, Reed; 28 do molasses tops, H Collins; 21 bbl pears, J Herbert; 5 bales wool, J & W Rea.

ST. LOUIS, By Gladstone—63 bbls whiskey, 7 do shaving cool, Rorx & co; 122 bags feathers, Leach & co; 40 do wool, W Backer; 67 do, Forsyth & co; 12 bales deerskins, 5 bear skins, R H Hartley; 1 pkg goods, Holmes & co.

PITTSBURGH PACKET LINE.

Pan O. & P. R. R. Answer, 3—26 sks wool, sent; 22 do do, 2 bxs, Nimick & co; 2 bls mdse, sent; 2 bxs, J P Tanner; 100 sent 3 bbls'd arpkes, Shriver; Dilworth & co; 2 bbls iron, 1 do copper, W Harrwich; 5 bbls sexs, J Boorsell; 1 car horses, S J Kirkwill; 270 bus wheat, L Wilmarth & co; 226 do do do, Bryan, Kennedy & co; 317 do do do, Wilmarth & co; 175 bbls flour, Bell & Hogatt; 1 passenger car, O & P R R.

Pittsburgh Packet—Per Ben Franklin, 3 bbls sassafras, J S Floyd; 25 bxs, cheese, Brown & Kirkpatrick; 3 bales, P Tanner; 1 sks wool, H Lee; 22 bbls potatoes, J Lilley; 2 bxs 14 lb's wire, H Townsend; 10 sks wool, J & W Rea; 24 sks wool, H Lee; 1 bx sundries, S Bird; 1 jars sauce, Trunk; 2 bf bbls sundries, C Yeager; 2 jars 4 l jars sauce, Trunk; 2 bf bbls sundries, C Yeager; 2 jars 4 l smell ax wool, 20 do rags, Hart & Thaw; 1 wagon, 4 head, owner; 1 car stove, J Swan; 65 bbls flour, H L Baker; 24 bbls leather, J Scott.

STEAM BOATS.

FOR WHEELING—The fine steamer MAGNOLIA, Capt. G. D. Moore, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on TUESDAY, the 2nd inst, at 10 o'clock A. M. For freight or passage apply on board, or to

and J. K. COLLINGWOOD, Agt. 62 Water street

FOR WHEELING—The fine steamer EXCHANGE, Rhodes, master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, the 1st instant, at 10 A. M. For freight or passage apply on board, or to

J. K. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

PROTECTION

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF

HARTFORD, CONN.

Cap't Stock, Annual Premiums and Western Fund

$1,000,000.

INCORPORATED 1825.

Policies of Insurance issued at all times on the most favorable terms, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,

OR THE

PERILS OF NAVIGATION,

GEORGE R. ARNOLD, Agent

For Pittsburgh and Allegheny County.

To the Physicians of Pittsburgh.

WOLFE'S CELEBRATED SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS—Deeming it necessary to recall my claims to the notice of the Medical profession of the established medicinal properties of pure Holland Gin in many diseases of a hypectical tendency, I respectfully invite your examination to a very superior article, manufactured by myself exclusively, at Schiedam, in Holland, of a quality particularly adapted for the use of invalids. It is flavored and medicated, not by the common harsh berry, but by the choice botanical variety of the aromatic Italian Juniper Berry, which more vinous extract is distilled and rectified with its spirituous solvent, and thus becomes a concentrated tincture of exquisite flavor and aroma, altogether transcendent, in its cordial and medicinal properties, to any Holland Gin heretofore known.

Amid the influx of inferior distillation with which the market is now flooded, physicians find no little difficulty in procuring a good and pure Gin, which they can prescribe with confidence in its curative effects. As an importer of twenty year's standing, in the city of New York, and possessing a matured experience in the manufacture of Holland Gin, especially, I beg to submit to your attention my AROMATIC SCHNAPPS, an article which cannot fail to realize your utmost expectations, and I shall be happy to forward to you a bottle of it, free of charge, on receipt of a letter intimating your readiness to accept it.

It is now scarcely one year since I have prepared and distributed my SCHIEDAM GIN exclusively for medicinal purposes, yet within that brief period, I have received numerous letters, both from physicians and patients, testifying to its really extraordinary efficacy in cases of incipient Dropsy, and affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, also in cases of Dyspeptic Maladies, when taken in proper quantities as a Bed Drink, and especially at dinner, with a view to assist digestion. On the contrary, I have received numerous letters from the most obstinate cases, when even the best of the usual remedies have failed to afford relief, obtain temporary relief, and I have no doubt that it would yield similar results with precision and certainty as your own fresh ground.

The Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps is put up in stone bottles, pints and quarts; neatly encased and labelled with my name embossed on the bottle; also, a fac simile of my signature on the label, and my seal on the cork.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,

Importer, 22 Beaver street, New York.

For sale by FLEMING BROTHERS, 60 Wood street Pittsburgh; and by all the principal druggists and Grocers in the United States.

Extracts from the New York Medical Gazette and Journal of Health, edited by D. M. Reese, M. D., LL.D., 775 Broadway, October 1, 1852:

MOLASSES GIN AS A MEDICINE.

In our last number, we accompanied the publication of a circular on this subject, from our fellow citizens, Mr. Wolfe, Esq., with a brief commentary, expressive of our own views. Since then we have been employing this article to a very extensive extent, and have not yet met with one instance in the receipt of several communications on the subject from medical men, which serve to show that Mr. Wolfe's Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps is very extensively in use, and in the hands of physicians, in proving that a stimulating diuretic, to be eminently successful, after other means had failed, has been obtained.

Amongst the cases in which we have been employing this preparation, we have seen the most decided benefit in cases of incipient dropsy, with a tendency to the formation of calculi, by the usual process, which we readily detects and obtains ⅌ in the ordinary spirituous liquors.

Accordingly, I feel bound to say that I regard this Gin as being in every respect a perfectly pure and elegant article, of the highest medicinal properties, and thus conducive to the general comfort of our fellow citizens.

We know not the object of Mr. Wolfe in designating his preparation by the very simply unpretentious name of "Molasses Gin," nor of his ever mentioning it in his advertisements as "concentrated Tincture of Juniper," instead of "Gin," unless it be with a view of indicating its strength, that he admits it to be nothing else than the best article in the market, unpolluted by Vinous Essences, and hence the contradistinguishes it from the thin distillations usually offered by the trade, which are manufactured here and elsewhere from inferior whiskey and refuse stills, and which, if we mistake not, have of late years been given up by the regular distillers, who, in the hands of the adulterators, have lost the character of their product.

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