PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PITTSBURGH.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 5, 1853.

READING MATTER WILL BE FOUND ON EACH PAGE OF THIS PAPER.

PITTSBURGH WEEKLY GAZETTE.—The extensive circulation of our Weekly Gazette offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every village and county in Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Neither the Editorial Rooms nor Printing Establishment of the DAILY GAZETTE are opened on Sunday. ADVERTISERS who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o'clock, on Saturday evening.

DEMOCRATIC WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
MOSES POWNALL, *Of Lancaster County.*

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
ALEX. K. McCLURE, *Of Franklin County.*

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
CHRISTIAN MEYERS, *Of Clarion County.*

Antimasonic and Whig County Convention

THE WHIGS AND ANTIMASONS OF Allegheny County will meet on Saturday, the TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF AUGUST next, at the usual places of holding primary meetings in their several Election Districts.

In the townships respectively at 3 o'clock P.M., to adjourn at 5 except Pitt Township.

In the Boroughs and Pitt Township at 3 o'clock P.M., to adjourn at 7 o'clock; and in the several Wards at 12 o'clock M. to adjourn at 7 o'clock P.M.—the Election in the Wards to be by ballot. Each of the Election Districts to select two Delegates to a County Convention, to be held at the Court House, on Wednesday, the 31st day of August, at 10 o'clock A.M., to nominate a ticket to be supported by the party at the ensuing October election.

JOSIAH KING,
Chairman of Committee of Correspondence.

THE CRYSTAL PALACE.—The New York Tribune scolds at the very small display of American agricultural products in the great Exhibition, and after enumerating some half dozen articles which constitute the sum total of agricultural specimens exhibited, says:

"Can anything more disgraceful to that class of our citizens, upon whom all other classes are dependent, be conceived? Is there any one thing in the Crystal Palace of so much importance, or that would have been so interesting to so many people, as a collection of Indian Corn from every State in the Union, showing at a glance all the varieties grown, both in plants and ears, from the eighteen feet high stalks of the Ohio valley to the little dwarf of Lake Winnipiseogee? It is of no use to repeat that stale falsehood, "want of room," for an excuse for this outrageous neglect, because hundreds of feet of bare walls are too palpable a contradiction of such an assertion. Room could be found for an ordinary Broadway omnibus; for every day-seen fire-engines; for common brass cannon and oft exhibited gun-carriages and ammunition wagons; but are these, one and all, of one hundredth part as much importance or interest to visitors, as would be a stalk of growing cotton in full bloom and bearing?"

It may be, and doubtless is, the case that the excuse, "want of room," is a "stale falsehood;" but it nevertheless happens that when application was made to the managers of the exhibition for an assignment of space for specimens of Pittsburgh manufactures, the "want of room" was assigned as the reason for refusing it.—Such, at least, was the allegation made here at the time. Whether similar answers were sent to other places, we cannot say, but it is probable that they were, and that thus a general impression got abroad that all the available space of the exhibition was long ago taken up. Such an impression, we know, *did* get abroad; and it is to that, in combination with a belief widely entertained that a spirit of speculation and humboggery was connected with the enterprise, that the sparse representation of agricultural, as well as other specimens, is to be attributed. As it is not too late, yet, to gather together representative samples of our wide spread agriculture, it is to be hoped that the people will remedy the neglect of the managers of the Crystal Palace, and redeem the character of the nation in the eyes of the foreigners who may visit the exhibition.

AGRICULTURAL FAIR—COLUMBIANA COUNTY, OHIO.—The State of Ohio is famous for her fairs. Not only do her enterprising people hold immense State fairs, but every county has its annual gathering and exhibition. Such associations tell immensely upon the welfare of the people, and especially upon the advance of agriculture in all its branches.

We have been favored with a copy of the "Premiums and Regulations, and Rules and Instructions," for the annual fair in Columbiana county, Ohio, which will take place in New Lisbon on the 12th, 13th and 14th days of October next. The Agricultural Society of that county has purchased fifteen acres of ground, on which to hold their exhibitions perpetually. On it is a beautiful grove, and a never failing spring of water. This is an example which should be imitated by all such societies, and permanent buildings erected, by which much expense may be saved.

Among the premiums, are several for ladies who excel in riding and driving. This is a novel feature, and must add greatly to the attractions of the exhibition. The first prize for riding is a gold watch, valued at $80. Other prizes vary from $20 downwards. Premiums are offered separately for the most graceful and the most skillful riders, and for driving a single horse and a span. The ladies of any State can contend for these prizes. As a great many Pittsburghers will attend this fair, will not some of our fair townswomen contend for these prizes?

The annual address will be delivered by Gen. LARIMER, of our city, who has always been a fast friend of agricultural interests. The General will make a sensation among the warm-hearted people of the Buckeye State.

MAIL FAILURES.—We receive frequent complaints of the failure of papers and letters on the route by the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad. After inquiry, we have reason to believe that the cause of these failures originates with the route agents on that road. Packages are missent every day. Previous to the late changes there were no complaints. The present agents are new beginners, and are ignorant of the business. We suppose they do the best they can, and that they will rapidly improve. These frequent changes are a great loss to the public, and are wrong in principle. We heartily wish they were dispensed with. It is of little consequence to the public what the politics of a mail agent are, but it is of exceeding importance that they should be honest, faithful and capable men. We hope the mail agents on the route referred to will endeavor, as speedily as possible, to correct the errors into which they are daily falling, some of which have led to serious disappointment.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.—By request, we insert the two following paragraphs, from the Westmoreland Intelligencer, premising that we have no preferences, whatever, to be gratified in the Whig nominations for Governor and Judge of the Supreme Court:

Gen. W. H. IRWIN, of Mifflin county, has been spoken of as a Whig candidate for Governor. Gen Irwin was Adjutant General of Pennsylvania, during Gov. Johnston's term, and made, perhaps, the best officer the State has ever had in that department. He was a Volunteer Captain in the Mexican war, and was shot through the left hand, in one of the battles. He is a man of fine abilities, a very popular stump speaker, in short, is an honest man; and would be safe at the helm, to protect the Treasury from being plundered. The Whigs, perhaps, can take up no stronger man.

Hon. ALEX. KING, of Bedford county, is favorably named as the Whig candidate for Judge of the Supreme Bench. Mr. King is known to possess all the requisite qualifications as a jurist, and well and favorably known all over the State. As a citizen and a lawyer none stand higher, or more worthy of esteem—his well-known attainments, talents, independence, honesty and unbending integrity would place him in the rank of the first jurists of our country.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.—This body is called to meet on the 3d of September, one week after the Whig Convention. The earnest appeals of the *Post* to have it called at an earlier day were unheeded, much to the discomfiture of the ardent novice who daily, in that sheet, refreshes the public with displays of verdancy.—The "power upon earth," it is supposed, has not yet fully developed itself.

The attention of the people of the Third Ward, who are interested in the Public School of that district, is directed to an advertisement in another column.

OUR BOOK TABLE.

LIFE OF THOMAS CHALMERS, D. D., L. L. D. Edited by Rev. James C. Moffat, M. A., Professor of Latin, and Lecturer on History in the College of New Jersey, Princeton. Second Edition. Cincinnati: Moore, Anderson, Wilstach & Keys.

This is an abstract of the more extended biographies of one of the ablest divines and most remarkable men of the first half of the 19th century. It is brought into a compass placing it within the reach of the time and means of most readers, and rarely can a more valuable or interesting volume be added to the smallest library. No one can follow the great Chalmers through a long life of a varied and most remarkable usefulness, without deriving much benefit therefrom.

SCENES AND LEGENDS OF THE NORTH OF SCOTLAND. By Hugh Miller, author of "the Old Red Sandstone," "Footprints of the Creator," etc. Fourth thousand from the second London edition. Cincinnati: Moore & Anderson.

The announcement of a book of the description indicated by the title given above, by such a man as Hugh Miller, who has made his name famous by his geological researches, by true genius, and his unaffected piety, could not fail to excite the curiosity and interest of every intelligent reader, and lover of antiquarian researches. It is not surprising, then, that its sales are counted by thousands. No one who buys the book will be disappointed. It possesses all the absorbing interest of the most fascinating work of fiction, while it instructs the mind and improves the heart.

The above works are for sale by A. H. English & Co., Wood street.

THE FUGITIVE CLAUSE.—The New York *Tribune* of Monday contains an editorial article of two columns, upon the clause in the Constitution relative to the escape of fugitives from *service*, and contends that by no fair rule of interpretation can it be construed to mean fugitive *slaves*. The clause of the Constitution commented on is as follows:

"No person held to service or labor in one State under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due."

Upon this the *Tribune* remarks:

"As a question of words, governed by the laws of English grammar and standard dictionaries, nothing can be plainer than that this language has nothing to do with slaves. By the loyal definitions of the Slave States themselves, a slave is a person from whom nothing can be "*due*." He is incapable of giving anything. To whomsoever else this language may apply, it neither describes slaves nor applies to them, by any force of its own. Nevertheless by the creed aforesaid, it is held to mean slaves, and we are referred to history for the reason why."

The *Tribune* then proceeds to an examination of "history," as connected with this matter, and deduces therefrom conclusions that the framers of the Constitution did not intend to sanction or authorize the business of slave catching.

The article of the Tribune is too long, and our space too meagre, to enable us to give a full abstract of its reasoning on this point. The general grounds of its reasoning, however, are as follows:

1st. In the early colonial times, there was not only slavery such as now exists, but a species of involuntary servitude which does not now exist. Hildreth, in his history of the United States, vol. 1, page 504, and vol. 2, page 428, speaks of a certain class of "servants" or "redemptioners" who were brought from Europe on condition of working out, in the colonies, the price of their passage over the sea. On their arrival, these "redemptioners" were hired out to planters for a specified time and sum. This trade was very extensively carried on, and as the "redemptioners" were not generally well treated, they were much given to run away, which the slaves of that day were *not* given to: the Tribune therefore contends that it is to them, and not to slaves, that the clause in the Constitution was intended to apply.

2d. In the Convention which framed the Constitution, the extreme Southern members endeavored to get a clause inserted for the recapture of fugitive slaves, which the Convention refused to do; and in framing the clause in the Constitution, as it now stands, the Convention, according to the Tribune, struck out a part of it, as originally offered, in order to avoid giving a legal recognition to slavery. The Tribune concludes as follows:

"The Convention was well aware that the clause was intended by those who proposed it, to apply to Fugitive Slaves, and also that the Convention was resolved that nothing in its *language* should give the slightest sanction to Slavery.—And they undoubtedly succeeded in this. They passed a provision which—granting that it could be applied to Fugitive Slaves—was carefully so worded that no recognition of the legal right of Slavery should be deduced from it, but which, in its plain purport, in any just interpretation of its words, applied only to another class of fugitives who then existed, and whose case had been brought distinctly before the Convention, by one of the very movers of this claim.

What is the inevitable inference from all this? It is that those who drafted the Constitution and presented it to the people for adoption, purposely kept its provisions pure from the kidnapping crimes, distinctly refused to give authority to re-enslave any one, but at the same time were aware that the slaveholders intended to pervert a certain provision to its infamous purpose.—The probability is, that nine out of ten of the people who adopted the Constitution never dreamed that the harmless clause about fugitives from service would or could be so perverted, or they would not have adopted it."

We have thus given as full an abstract of this article as our space will permit, because a view taken of such an important matter by such a paper as the Tribune, is worthy of attention; however erroneous or contrary to the general judgment it may be. We offer no opinion of our own, in the premises; but must admit, frankly, that we have never been able to look at the matter in the light the Tribune does.

SALE OF LOTS IN CLEVELAND.—We direct the attention of capitalists to the advertisement of S. S. Stone, of 350 lots in the city of Cleveland. That city is advancing with great rapidity to wealth and greatness, and will always remain what it now is, one of the most pleasant places for a summer residence on the great Lake.—Property has advanced there amazingly within a very few years, and it is steadily going up, owing to its immense and continually increasing railroad facilities. We have placed a map of the lots to be sold, in our counting room, to which attention is directed. The lots are most eligibly situated.

THE PUBLIC WORKS.—The Democracy of "Old Berks," at their late Convention, passed a resolution in favor of the *immediate* sale of the Public Works. We are glad to hear it; and we are now not without hopes that the next Legislature will contain working majorities, in both branches, in favor of that measure, so essential to the deliverance of our tax ridden Commonwealth from her burdens, and to her escape from the horde of official plunderers who filch her means and disgrace her name.

TEMPERANCE MEETINGS.—In our local column will be found a list of appointments for Temperance meetings throughout the County, commencing to-day, and extending throughout the month. These meetings will be addressed by gentlemen of intelligence and eloquence, and it is hoped that they will be largely attended.

THE alleged defalcation of Wm. C. Zantzinger, Esq., late Disbursing Agent of the State Department, it is said, undoubtedly had its origin in malice. His accounts have not yet been settled, illness having prevented him from making them up. The difficulty on Thursday last, would have been avoided had the Department given him notice that his check for $10,000 had been dishonored. He had accounts with Corcoran & Riggs under several different heads. He drew a check against the certified balance due him on one account, which the bank teller declined because he had overdrawn on another private account. It is stated that all will be arranged amicably in a day or so, if it has not already been done, and that it will show that there was no possibility of a dishonest intention, and probably show a balance due by the Government to Mr. Zantzinger.

The United States are unrepresented at England, France, Russia and Austria, and at several of the minor governments. The administration deem that it has discharged its full duty in making the appointments, by which certain important partizan leaders have received their rewards. The idea that they have any duties to perform, other than drawing their salaries, does not seem to occur to any of them.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

The U. S. Mail Steamship Texas, Capt. Place, arrived at New Orleans on the 25th ult., from Vera Cruz.

The questions of a Spanish protectorate and a Spanish alliance have given rise to a fierce newspaper war in Mexico, in which the organs of the Government are arrayed in a sort of semi-defence of either or both against the *Siglo XIX.*, which vigorously opposes all return, whether partial or complete, to the Spanish yoke.

The Government gives daily signs of a union between Church and State. The Government portion of the Espiritu Santo building has been ceded to the priests for the establishment of a hospital by the Sisters of Charity. A commission has been named for drawing up the rules for the return of the Jesuits. Crosses and decorations granted by the Pope to several Mexican citizens are allowed to be worn. Labor and games on the Sabbath until after mass has been heard, has been strictly prohibited by the Government, but the parish priests can give a license in case of necessity.

Table-turning is turning the heads of the people in many parts of Mexico.

Count Raousset de Boulbon, who last fall attacked Sonora, had arrived in the city of Mexico, via Acapulco, and was presented to the President. He is said to be in very ill health.

The commission for forming new territorial divisions make very slow progress, and there seems to be little harmony among the members. Resignations and changes are continually taking place.

A new paper was to be established in the city of Mexico, called the *Eco de Espano.*

The penalty of death has been established against defaulters in the Treasury Department and defrauders of the revenue, stealers of the public money, forgers, or destroyers of documents relating to the revenue.

The British schooner Amethyst was lost near Vera Cruz. She was from Liverpool. It was supposed part of her cargo would be saved, but the vessel would be a total loss.

On the 24th ultimo, a boat belonging to an English brig-of-war was capsized on the bar of Tampico. Seven men and one officer was drowned.

The *Omnibus*, which had for a long time been praising the law of the press, had been seized for an infraction of it, and now thinks that he was in error about the benefit of that law.

Active measures against the highwaymen have been instituted, and several have been taken, tried and executed.

The ravages of the Indians still continue in the States of Durango and Zacatecas, and the lands were being rapidly deserted. It is stated that the army is not yet sufficiently organized to undertake the defence of the country from the savages, and that extraordinary measures must be taken. The Governor of the State of Zacatecas had ordered a general enlistment of all males between the ages of sixteen and fifty years, and had ordered the formation of guerilla corps in Foresnilla, Sombrerete, Neives and Mazapil. Besides the ravages of the Indians, bands of robbers are also prowling through the State. A child six years of age had been ransomed from the Camanches for $50. The General Government has contracted for 500 coats of mail, to be used in the war with the Indians.

An army of grasshoppers has made its appearance on the northern confines of Guatamala, and extended into Mexico as far as Ojaca. It is about three leagues long by half a league broad, and travels at the rate of twelve miles a day.—It has already traversed 150 leagues of country, moving during the day, and remaining quiet at night and during the cloudy days, keeping near the coast, and never beginning its march until 8 or 9 o'clock, when the sun is felt. Its preferred food is the indigo and corn, and it has not touched the sugar cane. It is described as being from two to two and a half inches long, of a deep yellow color, and having four small wings of the same color. A similar plague took place in 1771, when they invaded Yucatan and the coast of Vera Cruz and New Mexico in formidable numbers.

The Supreme Government has issued an order abolishing all crosses and decorations conferred for services during civil war, and permitting only such as have been conferred by foreign powers, or in service of Mexico during a foreign war. The reason assigned for this measure is a desire to erase all recollection of the political struggles that have destroyed the country.

The edict of Gov. Young, of Utah, in reference to Mexicans in that Territory, is complained of as being a gross violation of the treaty of Guadaloupe Hidalgo.

The Trait d'Union will hereafter abstain from all comments on Mexican politics or governmental acts, confining itself simply to the publication of facts and decrees. An official notification was the cause of this change.

OPENING OF TRADE WITH JAPAN.—We have been surprised, (says the Journal of Commerce,) at the confidence felt by some of the officers of the Japan expedition that they should succeed in effecting a commercial arrangement with that country, hitherto closed to the commerce of Christendom, except Holland, and to the latter under many restrictions. Perhaps the annexed paragraph from a California paper will throw some light upon the subject:

"A business transaction took place a few days since that is likely to be productive of important results in the history of the commercial world. A purchase of 100,000 pounds of rice was made by one of our most respectable Chinese merchants, which it is proposed to ship to Japan on board the ship Hamilton, which is now under Chinese orders, having been purchased from the American owners by two wealthy Chinese merchants. The Chinese have long been on trading terms with the Japanese, and their vessels are allowed to enter their ports and trade. The undertaking is a novel one, and, in the event of its succeeding, it would not require the foresight of a prophet to predict a very sudden increase in the mercantile marine of China, which would soon be able to show as handsome a fleet of clippers as any nation in the world. It would not be strange were it to happen that the opening of the ports of Japan should be brought about by the Chinese who have settled in California.—Indeed we are strongly inclined to the belief that such will be the case, and that the world will yet have to acknowledge themselves indebted to California for it all. The powerful changes going on throughout the world—the result of the gold discoveries—are every day becoming more and more apparent, and it would not be presumptive to suppose that the ports of Japan would be as free to the world before three years as those of China now."

THE OLD MOSLEM FANATICISM is said to be awakening in Turkey and all the Mahometan countries of the East, on account of the aggressions of Russia, and a bloody and ferocious religious war seems imminent. The military preparations of Turkey have far exceeded expectations, and the warlike feeling grows in intensity, as offers of resistance in men, arms, and money come in from remote corners of the empire. A recent letter from Constantinople says:

At Caesaria, where 20,000 students for the office of the priesthood are assembled, war is preached from every mosque, and the students parade the streets with banners, crying, "War with the Russians! and death to the Giaour!" and the reports of the different consuls in the interior speak of the same zeal and enthusiasm for the cause of Islam.

A FEARFUL ACCOUNT.—Mr Everett, late Secretary of State, is generally known as a gentleman of extensive information, and one who will not "speak without book" on important subjects involving statistical facts. From a computation of his, it appears that the use of alcoholic beverages costs the United States directly in ten years $120,000,000; has burnt or otherwise destroyed $5,000,000 worth of property; has destroyed 300,000 lives; sent 250,000 to prison, and 100,000 children to the poor house; caused 1,500 murders and 5,000 suicides, and has bequeathed to the country 1,000,000 orphan children.

RAPID GROWTH OF OREGON.—From the first week in 1853 to the Intelligence by last dates, it appears that the amount of immigration to the Territory of Oregon, is over ten thousand; which, added to the thirty thousand already on her soil, and the natural increase since the taking of the last census, must bring her present population up to forty-four or forty-five thousand. So that we may safely calculate that Oregon will be the next claimant for admission to the Union as a State.

FOREIGN MINISTERS WITH AMERICAN WIVES.—Don Calderon de la Barca, the Spanish Minister at Washington, now summoned as Minister of Foreign affairs at home, married an American lady; Mr. Bodisco, the Russian Minister, has an American wife, and a family of seven children American born; Monsieur Pageot, a former, and M. Sartiges, the present French Minister at Washington, have both American wives.

CHINESE LANGUAGE.—Who would have thought six years ago that the laws of one of the States of this Union would have to be published in English and Chinese, for general circulation? Yet so it is. The ninth section of an act passed by the California Legislature, for the collection of the foreign miners' tax, has been printed in the Chinese language, for the information of more than thirty thousand Chinese in the new State. Tong'k Achich, a Chinaman, certifies, that the translation is "faithful and good."

The New Orleans Picayune says, the practice of building neat and elegant iron verandahs in front of buildings, so as to cover the whole side walk, is coming into vogue in New Orleans. They protect the foot passengers from the sun and rain, and make a cool and comfortable promenade.

A man died of apoplexy the other day in Michigan. The next day the coroner held an inquest, when the following verdict was returned: "Died from a visitation of one beef steak, eight cold potatoes, and a fried pie."

WHIG JUDICIAL CONVENTION.

The Whig State Committee met in Philadelphia last Tuesday week, and fixed on Huntingdon for the meeting of the State Convention to nominate a candidate for Supreme Judge, and the 25th of August as the time. The attendance of members of the Committee was quite large, and the old Whig fire would seem to be burning brightly as ever in the most palmy days of the party. We subjoin the proceedings:

Pursuant to notice, the Pennsylvania Whig Central Committee met at the American House, in the city of Philadelphia. C. THOMPSON JONES, Esq., of Philadelphia, in the Chair, and HENRY S. EVANS, of Chester county, was appointed Secretary.

The following resolution was, on motion, unanimously agreed to:

Resolved, That a Whig State Convention of Delegates, to be chosen by the several counties and Senatorial Districts, be held at Huntingdon, on the 25th of August next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the Whig papers of the State.

C. THOMPSON JONES, Chairman.
HENRY S. EVANS, Secretary.

The manly stand taken by Capt. Stringham in behalf of the man believed to be entitled to the protection of the American flag, has been highly commended. His fearless language towards the Austrian officer whose prevarication so nearly occasioned serious consequences, and his withdrawal of any right to interfere so soon as the prisoner disclaimed his citizenship, showed a promptness and determination to discharge his duty as an American officer, which seems to have met with general commendation. The *European Times*, however, seems to anticipate in the following paragraphs some further discussion of the subject. In this event, the administration of Mr. Pierce will perhaps have an opportunity to make some demonstration in regard to the inaugural declaration to which we have referred:

"THE LEVANT.—The Austrian vessels Artemese and Custozza have been ordered in haste to Smyrna to assist the Hussar in the embarkation of Costa, should any interference be attempted by the American Corvette. During the disturbance the life of the Austrian Lieutenant Auernhamer was saved by two Englishmen, Messrs. Herry and Turrel, at great peril to themselves. According to the Austrian authorities the persons principally implicated are the Hungarian Bassits, and two Italians named Fumagello and Pizzarda."

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"It will be seen, by reference to another part of our paper, that a very serious collision has arisen at Smyrna, arising out of the seizure by the Austrian authorities of a person named Costa, a native of Hungary, and formerly aid de camp to M. Kossuth. The affair has been further complicated by the interference of the American Consul at Smyrna, and Capt. Stringham, the commander of an American corvette lying in the harbor, who believing that Costa had been naturalized as an American citizen, would not suffer him to be given up to Austria. In this affair the conduct of the American consul and captain has been spirited, and although Costa remains in charge of the Austrian consul, nothing will be done in his case until the Governments of Washington and Vienna have been consulted on the subject."—*Wash Republic.*

TESTING TABLE MOVING.—A Mr. Blackwell, in Caswell county, North Carolina, bet $100, with a believer in the spiritual agency of table-moving, that if he would be allowed to select six men of unquestionable veracity, to test the experiment, the table would not move three feet in two and a half hours. The bet was taken—the persons around the table obeyed the directions of Mr. Whitehart, and sat for two hours and a half at their posts, but the table did not move a jot. The money was paid over to Blackwell. Dr. Hare says, "a dry, wooden table, is almost a non-conductor, but if forming a link necessary to complete a circuit between the sky and the earth, it might possibly be shattered by a stroke of lightning; but, if the power of all the galvanic apparatus ever made, were to be collected in one current, there would be no power to move or otherwise effect such a table."

A LOCOMOTIVE VILLAGE.—The Illinois Journal says that a new plan of accommodating laborers on railroad improvements is practised on the Chicago and Mississippi Railroad. The entire working force on this road is one hundred persons, who live in cars fitted up for the purpose of boarding the men, and are pushed along as the rails are laid—thus securing the advantage of having the men always near their work. This locomotive boarding house or village comprises fifteen large covered cars, with all the necessary conveniences for cooking, eating, and sleeping. They carry the cows along—they graze alongside, and are put in their stalls when the locomotive village changes ground.

THE INDIAN TRIBES.—The Washington Union in a recent article says the United States regards these tribes as under its sovereign wardship and tutorage. Her statute books are replete with laws for their protection, and her Indian Department and military power on the frontiers are employed to enforce these laws. That this benevolent policy will be rigidly enforced by President Pierce—who seeks their admission to every just and practical right—to the setting apart of further colonies of refuge for them, where they may dwell and develop themselves, under their own laws, and reach to respectability in arts, labor, letters, and religion—we have assurances of the highest moral weight, and cannot be mistaken."

THE PANAMA ROUTE.—The passengers on the John L. Stevens published a statement to show the actual cost to a cabin passenger—amounting to $111 30—of crossing from Aspinwall to Panama, in the present execrable condition of the Cruces road, of which no description can convey, they say, a correct idea. They say that at Panama ice was $1 per pound, and drinks 25 cents. Those with their families spent from $120 to $150 for each member of their family. One party was obliged to pay $13 50 each for their boat and provisions, and the majority paid $18 and $20 for their mules.

The War Department will soon order twelve or fifteen hundred additional troops to garrisons on the Rio Grande. They will be drawn gradually from Texas and the Atlantic board, as the exigencies of the service will permit. In fact, all the disposable force of the army will be ordered there. It is probable this move is intended to influence negotiations for another slice of Mexico, sufficient to give us a defensible mountain boundary, such as Jefferson Davis wisely contended for when the Mexican boundary was under discussion in the Senate.

SINGULAR OCCURRENCE.—A few days since, two negro boys belonging to Robert A. Mayo, of Powhattan, Virginia, about one mile below Richmond, were drowned in James river. The Southern Era states that they came to their death in the following singular manner:

"They had taken a dog down to the river with the intention of drowning him. When they reached the water, one of the twain went into it with the animal, and to drown him more effectually, got upon his back. The dog attempted to escape from the hands of the boy, and while doing so, dog and boy got deeper into the water, where the dog got away, leaving his murderer to his fate. The other negro on the bank, seeing his comrade about to drown, plunged in to his assistance, and vainly essayed to rescue him. They both perished by drowning, while the brute safely reached the shore, and went back to the house. Such an incident we do not remember ever to have heard or read."

MORE JAILS EMPTY—WHY?—The Burlington (Vt.) Courier says that last year when the present jailor took charge of the jail, there were seven in its cells, and that there have since been, at different times, thirty others; but now, since the Vermont Maine Law has had time to produce its legitimate effects, looks and keys are useless, as the jail is without a tenant. This is the third jail in Vermont which has been emptied by the new prohibitory liquor law, and the editor very properly adds: "The simple truth is the sale of liquor peoples jails—prohibiting its sale empties them—and it is in the power of the people to say which they will have."

A "SLIP"—A travelling lecturer picked up a candidate for a wife a few days ago in Lynn, whom he selected through his knowledge of "bumps," as he had never known her until an hour and a half before. He procured a marriage certificate and they proceeded to Salem, when the girl, who had been nothing loth to accept the offer, found the house of her intended, who had buried his wife four days before, well stocked with children, but having little else in it. She was immediately seized with home sickness and borrowed money enough to return in the cars.—*Boston Courier.*

DEATH IN LIBERIA.—We have letters before us from Monrovia up to June, which announce the death of the Hon. Hillery Teage. This will be a great loss to the Republic of Liberia. Mr. Teage was without doubt one of the ablest and best read men in Liberia. He was the editor and proprietor of the Liberia Herald, and had filled several of the highest offices in the gift of the people.—*N. Y. Com. Advertiser.*

The Trenton American announces the death, on Sunday, at Bordentown, New Jersey, of Capt. Edward R. McCall, of the United States Navy. He was a native of South Carolina, and entered the service in January, 1808. Having distinguished himself on Lake Erie, under Commodore Perry, he was presented with a sword by Congress for his gallantry in that action. The death of Captain McCall promotes Commander Stribling to be a Captain, and Lieut. Tilton to be a Commander.

ORDER IN NEW YORK.—During last week no less than seventy-five rowdies were committed to the Penitentiary by a single police magistrate in New York City, for terms of imprisonment from three to six months, under the vagrant act.

VALUE OF A THICK SKULL.—The Memphis Appeal relates that a few days ago while a barrel of flour was being lowered from the upper story of a warehouse, and when yet at a considerable elevation, it slipped and fell upon a negro, striking him full on the head, and forcing out an eye. The skull was not even fractured, however, and the negro was doing well.

WHOLESALE EXERCISE OF THE PARDONING POWER.—Governor Wood, of Ohio, before resigning his governorship for the purpose of accepting a diplomatic appointment, granted pardon to some thirty notorious offenders, among whom are said to be many of the worst in the penitentiary, and the least deserving of clemency.

THE HERALD IN THE MARKET.—Swain, of the Philadelphia Ledger, is negotiating for the New York Herald. Last Friday he offered $400,000 cash for the whole concern, Hudson and all, or $70,000 per annum in perpetuo. Neither proposition has been definitely accepted.—*N. Y. Day Book, of Monday.*

The Governor of Arkansas has appointed the Hon. Robert W. Johnson, late a leading and highly esteemed member of the House of Representatives from that State, to fill the vacancy in the Senate occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Borland.

It is understood that the "Provisional" State Committee of the bolting Democrats of the last year's Massachusetts Democratic State Convention propose to call a separate Convention this year.

NOT BAD.—A county treasurer in Ohio, who is a defaulter in the sum of $7000, very innocently says "he has no idea how it occurred."

John Mitchell, the blind missionary, gave another street discourse in Baltimore on Sunday last. No disturbance was created.

Notice to Teachers—AN EXAMINATION of applicants for situations as Teachers in the Third Ward "Common School," city of Pittsburgh, will take place at the SCHOOL HOUSE, corner of Seventh and Grant streets, on MONDAY, August 15th, at 10 o'clock A.M. The number of Teachers required is seventeen, consisting of one male Principal, and sixteen female Assistants. The salaries vary from $100 to $175. Any other information may be obtained of JOS. W. LEWIS, Sec'y, 42 Fifth street.

The citizens of the Ward will notice that in consequence of the Examination taking place on the above date, the opening of the School will be deferred until August 22d. au5d7* J. W. L.

Assembly—WILLIAM WILLSON, Esq., of South Pittsburgh, will be a candidate before the Whig Convention for nomination for the Assembly Ticket.

County Treasurer—The subscriber offers himself for County Treasurer—his name will be tendered to the consideration of the next Whig Convention for nomination. [au1d&w] THOMAS DAFT.

Treasurer.—HUGH S. FLEMING, Esq., of Allegheny, will be a candidate before the approaching Anti-Masonic and Whig Convention, for nomination to the office of COUNTY TREASURER. [jy15d&wtf]

Treasurer.—Major JOHN WILLOCK will be a candidate for the office of COUNTY TREASURER, before the Whig and Anti-Masonic County Convention, to be held in August next. jy7d&wtf

For Commissioner—A. REED, Esq., of the Borough of Tarentum, will be proposed and supported as a candidate for the office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER by his numerous friends, subject to the decision of the Anti-Masonic and Whig County Convention. [au4*]

For Commissioner—E. J. BROOKE, Esq., of Robinson township, will be a candidate for the office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, subject to the decision of the Anti-Masonic and Whig County Convention.

For Commissioner—MR. BENNETT LAKE, of the Borough of Elizabeth, will be proposed and supported as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner by his numerous friends, subject to the decision of the Anti-Masonic and Whig County Convention. au1

For Commissioner—MR. JAMES MCGLAUGHLIN, of the Borough of M'Keesport, will be proposed and supported as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, by his numerous friends, subject to the decision of the Antimasonic and Whig County Convention. jy21 M'KEESPORT.

District Attorney—S. H. GEYER will be a candidate for the nomination of DISTRICT ATTORNEY, before the Whig and Anti-Masonic Convention.

District Attorney.—EDWARD P. JONES, Esq., will be a candidate before the approaching Whig and Anti-Masonic Convention, for nomination for the office of DISTRICT ATTORNEY. jy22&w

District Attorney.—Candidate for Whig nomination, for District Attorney, DAVID D. BRUCE.

District Attorney.—ALEXANDER M. WATSON, Esq., will be a candidate for nomination for the Office of District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Whig and Antimasonic Convention.

District Attorney.—CICERO HASBROUCK, Esq., will be a candidate for nomination for the Office of District Attorney, before the next Whig and Antimasonic Convention. jy22d&wtf

Daguerreotypes.—If you wish a fine picture, moderate in price, go to CARGO'S GALLERY, No. 76 Fourth street. jy6

CARD.—Doctor MYERS having been relieved from his official duties as Surgeon and Physician of the U. S. Marine Hospital, will give his undivided attention to his Profession. Office and residence No. 149 Third street, above Smithfield. m17:3m

WE DIRECT the attention of our readers to the advertisement of "MORSE'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL," to be found upon the fourth page.

No Family should be without them. We speak of M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, which have become an indispensable Family Medicine. The frightful symptoms which arise from a diseased Liver manifest themselves more or less in every family; dyspepsia, sick-headache, obstruction of the menses, ague and fever, pains in the side, with dry, hacking cough, are all the results of hepatic derangement—and for these Dr. McLane's Pills are a sovereign remedy. They have never been known to fail, and they should be kept at all times by families.

Directions—Take two or three going to bed, every second or third night. If they do not purge two or three times by next morning take two or three more. A slight breakfast should invariably follow their use.

The Liver Pills may also be used where purging is simply necessary. As an anti-bilious purgative they are inferior to none; and in doses of two or three they give astonishing relief to sick-headache. Also in slight derangements of the stomach.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, and take none else.—There are other Pills, purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States, and from the sole proprietors. FLEMING BROTHERS, jy30 Successors to J. Kidd & Co., 60 Wood street.

MORE HOME TESTIMONY.—Mr. Solomons: *Sir*—I think it no more than an act of justice to you as well as to the American community to state, the SPECTACLES I bought of you suit me well. I find my sight much improved. I can see small print with them for any length of time without fatigue to my eyes. Should my sight continue to improve by the use of them, I have no doubt but I shall be able to read without them in a short time. Yours, truly, T. MOUNDER. Allegheny City, June 25, 1853.

I have used Mr. Solomons EYE GLASSES for a very brief period, with decided advantage, and have no hesitation in stating that a defective vision of long standing has been relieved, and the organs seem to be acquiring vigor and tone. I therefore cheerfully bear testimony to their excellency and accuracy, as also to Mr. Solomons' skill as a practical Optician, and the wonderful facility with which he adapts his Glasses to the various peculiarities of vision. D. B. SUTTON, No. 24 Wayne street, Pittsburgh. June 23, 1853. je28:2m

MR. SOLOMONS:—From infancy I have been afflicted with weak eyes and shortsightedness, and in all my travels I have never been able to get a pair of GLASSES that would help me. I have had several pairs that would enable me to see more distinctly, but could never keep them on more than one-half hour from the fact that they caused such great pain.

I happened to see your advertisement, by which I saw you had just imported some, and as it has been my constant aim to get a pair that would benefit me, I thought I would try yours.

You must not think me flattering when I say they more than answer my expectations. I have not been able to read by candle-light for more than half an hour at any time before I got these Glasses. Since I got these, I read one Sunday all day, and until ten o'clock, without experiencing the least pain, which is a thing I have not done before for years.

I say this much as I think it deserving your enterprise, and hoping others may be benefitted by it.

You are at liberty to make use of my name at any time for reference. I am, sir, truly yours, HENRY EARL, Wharf Master, Pittsburgh.

P. S. I forgot to mention that my wife is greatly benefitted by the pair she got, and equally pleased. [jy15

BURKE & BARNES' SAFES—Here is the kind of testimony as to the value of our SAFES, upon which we can confidently rest the reputation of our work. We have already published several certificates, proving that Safes made for our regular and ordinary sales, and sold abroad, have been subjected to the SEVEREST TESTS IN ACTUAL CONFLAGRATIONS, and preserved their contents totally free from damage. The following is another proof of the same incontestable character:—

$10,000 WORTH OF BOOKS AND PAPERS SAVED WITH A $40 SAFE!

ALBION, ERIE COUNTY, Pa., November 12, 1852.

MESSRS. BURKE & BARNES—Dear Sirs: Your two letters were duly received. I was absent at the time. I now say, in regard to your Safe, I consider it perfectly FIRE PROOF. I tested the one I bought of you last fall on the morning of the 10th of June last—my store building, a large three story building. It was built of wood and brick; the fire, and fell into the cellar, where there was a large amount of oil. It was a very hot fire. My notes and book accounts that were in the Safe, amounted to about Ten Thousand Dollars, which was saved. There was not a single paper injured; and further, I would advise any person who is doing business, to lose no time, but buy a Safe to keep their papers, &c., in—and get one that is good. I can safely recommend your Safes to any one. Yours, truly, JOHN CLARKE. fe2d:tf

WE believe Nature has provided a remedy for every disease which flesh is heir to. KIER'S PETROLEUM or ROCK OIL, put up as it flows, from the great laboratory, concealed deep in the bowels of Mother Earth, is, without doubt, one of the greatest of these remedies. Read the following testimony, given by a grateful parent:

PLEASANT VALLEY, Ohio, Sept. 15, 1852.

Mr. S. M. Kier—Sir: I have sold all your Petroleum, or Rock Oil, some two months past, and have been looking for your agent to get a further supply. I could have sold some dozens more. We have found the oil very excellent in Flux and Dysentery. My daughter, at the time your agent was here, was lying very low with the flux; I gave her a teaspoonful, and in three hours gave the second, and the flux stopped, and she recovered immediately. It is also an extraordinary remedy for Sore and Inflamed Eyes, Cuts, Bruises, and Rheumatism, and for the Piles; some have been cured of long standing. Yours with respect, ISAAC RENLOW.

For sale by all the Druggists in Pittsburgh. (Papers advertising Petroleum please copy.)

New Certificates.—MR. SOLOMONS: I called at your office on the 2d July, and stated the nature of my eyes, which were very bad at that time; you suited me with spectacles that did my eyes a great deal of good. They were very much irritated at the time, but that inflammation has now left. I can now bear the light of the sun or a Lamp, as well as ever. I shall call on you and get another pair, in case I should have any misfortune with them, as I would not be without them under any consideration. Yours, Respectfully, JOHN MAGEE, corner High and Webster streets. PITTSBURGH, July 11, 1853.

MR. SOLOMONS:—Being compelled to wear Spectacles, I have never been able to get a pair but what made my eyes ache.—I have tried a great number of glasses, but always failed, until I obtained a pair from you. I can see by day or candle-light, for any length of time, with the greatest ease and comfort. Mrs. Waterman is very much pleased with her glasses. I remain, Yours truly, L. F. WATERMAN, 109 Wylie street. PITTSBURGH, July 19, 1853.

I have been under the necessity of using Glasses for several years, but have never found a pair to suit my eyes, so that I could use without fatigue, until I obtained a pair of Mr. Solomons. By the aid of those I bought of him, I can see as well as ever I could. I can read or write with them for hours, without the least fatigue, both by day and candle-light.

I have tried, in all the stores in the State of Pennsylvania to obtain a pair of Glasses that would suit my eyes and failed in every instance. Knowing the difficulty of obtaining those suitable for the sight, I do most earnestly recommend to those laboring under defective vision, to apply to Mr. Solomons, of whom Glasses can be obtained to suit all cases. Yours, &c. J. MORRISON. ALLEGHENY CITY, July 20, 1853. jy21:1&w:T

Lyon's Kathairon—FOR PRESERVING, RESTORING AND BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, is the most delightful and wonderful article the world ever produced. Its astonishing success is without a precedent in the history of the Materia Medica. Dark and luxuriant curls, soft and glossy hair, with scores of admirers, (mark this, ladies,) is the universal effect of the Kathairon. Bald and grey heads were perfectly astonished. "The Kathairon has fully restored my hair after a baldness of 12 years. A. J. Courtwright, 76 Bond st., N. Y." The Kathairon is a certain cure for Nervous Head-Ache, and all Cutaneous diseases. Sold by all dealers, everywhere. Try it. Price only 25 cents, in large bottles. D. S. BARNES, Proprietor, 161 Broadway, N. Y. Sold in Pittsburgh by R. E. Sellers, C. Frazer, Benj. Page, Jr., Fleming & Bro., and Braun & Reiter. jy20:1m

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW YORK. CASH CAPITAL $500,000! R. C. LOOMIS, Agent, No. 59 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

DIRECTORS:
Simeon L. Loomis—Late of the Ætna, Hartford. Jasper Corning—Firm of Corning & Co. Theodore McNamee—Firm of Bowen & McNamee. Richard Bigelow—Firm of Dane, King & Co. William H. Mellen—Firm of Claflin, Mellen & Co. George Bliss—Firm of George Bliss & Co. Amos R. Eno—Firm of Eno, Mahony & Co. Oliver E. Wood—Firm of Willard & Wood. Levi P. Stone—Firm of Stone & Starr. Henry C. Ely—Firm of Aly, Clapp & Bowen. James Low—Firm of James Low & Co. Charles B. Hatch—Firm of C. B. Hatch & Co. John B. Hutchinson—Firm of J. C. Howe & Co. William G. Lambert—Firm of A. & A. Lawrence & Co. Charles A. Buckley—Firm of Buckley & Co. Lewis Atterbury, Jr.—Firm of Lewis Atterbury Jr. & Co. Ward A. Morton—Firm of J. M. Beebe, Morgan & Co. Alson T. Dwight—Firm of Trowbridge, Dwight & Co. John G. Nelson—Firm of Nelson & Co. Charles P. Baldwin—Firm of Baldwin, Starr & Co. Cyrus H. Loutrel—Firm of Sherman & Collins. George C. Collins—Firm of Sherman & Collins. George D. Morgan—Firm of E. D. Morgan & Co. Lucius D. Cowan—Firm of Cowan, Lothrop & Co. Thomas Messenger—Firm of T. & H. Messenger. David Sherwood—Firm of Johnson & Sherwood. Cephas H. Norton—Firm of Norton, Butler & Hoyt. Stephen Fish—Firm of Boyd & Fish. Buckland W. Bull—Firm of Haskell, Merrick & Bull. Alfred S. Barnes—Firm of A. S. Barnes & Co. Rice Lockwood—Firm of R. Lockwood & Co. Levi S. Pierce—Firm of Pierce, Hopkins & Co. Lyman Cooke—Firm of Hopkins, Allen & Co. Joseph Dwight—Firm of Brooks, Rallmer & Dwight. Francis H. Fratenburgh—Firm of Frothingham & Co. John H. Swift—Firm of Swift, Hurlbut & Co. Curtis Noble—Firm of Cook & Noble. Ward A. Work—Firm of Ward A. Work & Co. Nathan H. Hotchkiss—Firm of Gibson, Brockwell & Co. James Humphrey—Firm of Humphrey & Butler. Lee T. Hooker—Firm of Hooker & Co. Burford N. Warner—Firm of Wells, Fargo & Co. Homer Morgan. George Pearce—Firm of George Pearce & Co.

SIMEON L. LOOMIS, President. CHAS. J. MARTIN, Secretary.

R. C. LOOMIS, (Of the late firm of M'Curdy & Loomis,) WHOLESALE DEALER IN BOOTS AND SHOES, 59 Wood street, Pittsburgh. jan1dly23

Third Annual Statement OF THE STATE MUTUAL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Harrisburg. HARRISBURG, May 1, 1853.

Assets of the Company, May 1, '52	$239,016 51	
Premiums rec'd to May 1, 1853	135,280 85	
Interest rec'd on Loans	2,596 39	
Stationery and Office Furniture	1,000 00	
		$346,153 29
Premiums cancelled	2,799 94	
Reinsurances	7,162 51	
Losses, Expenses, Commissions, Reinsurance, Returned Premiums, Stationery, Printing, &c.	77,991 81	
		$ 87,954 56
Capital Stock, paid in and secured		$258,318 70
		100,000 00
Amount of resources liable for losses		$358,318 70

ASSETS:

Premium Notes	$306,612 60
Bonds and Mortgages, stocks, and other securities	132,835 29
Cash on hand, or in hands of agents secured by bonds	17,820 81
Office Furniture and Stationery	1,000 00
	$358,318 70

Amount of adjusted claims against the Company not yet due $ 5,000 00

DIRECTORS: JOHN P. RUTHERFORD, Dauphin county; P. C. SEDGWICK, Harrisburg; SAMUEL JONES, Philadelphia; A. A. CARRIER, Pittsburgh; A. WILKINS, Banker, Pittsburgh; JOHN B. RUTHERFORD, Dauphin county; J. J. GILLET, Harrisburg; S. T. JONES; ROBERT KLOTZ, Carbon county. JOHN P. RUTHERFORD, President. A. J. GILLET, Secretary.

Will insure against perils of sea and inland navigation; also, on merchandise in city or country, at lowest rates consistent with safety. Policies issued on dwelling houses either perpetually or for a term of years. Branch Office, corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets. A. A. CARRIER, Actuary.

Citizen's Insurance Company of Pittsburgh. H. D. KING, PRESIDENT. SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, SEC'Y. OFFICE, 94 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS. INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, AND TRIBUTARIES. Insures against loss or damage by FIRE. Also, against the perils of the SEA and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.

DIRECTORS: H. D. King, Wm. Larimer, Jr., Wm. Bagaley, S. M. Kier, Samuel Rea, Wm. Bingham, Robert Dunlap, Jr., John S. Dilworth, S. Harbaugh, Francis Sellers, Edward Heazelton, J. Schoonmaker, Walter Bryant, Wm. B. Hays, Isaac M. Pennock. de22

CHARLES E. LOOMIS, STOCK AND BILL BROKER. Notes, Bonds, Morgages &c., Negotiated. PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS. Office over S. Jones & Co., corner Wood and Fourth streets. ja15

A. H. HOLMES & BRO., MANUFACTURERS OF SOLID BOX VICES, SLEDGES, PICKS, MATTOCKS, CROWBARS, &c., PITTSBURGH. Office 25 Wood st., between 1st and 2nd. All work warranted equal to any manufactured. mh24

NELSON'S FIRST PREMIUM DAGUERREOTYPES. POST OFFICE BUILDING, THIRD STREET. CITIZENS and strangers who wish to obtain an accurate, artistic and life like likeness, at a very moderate price, will find it to their interest to call at this well known establishment, where entire satisfaction is guaranteed, or no charge made. Having one of the best arranged Side and Skylights ever constructed for the purpose, with instruments of the most powerful kind, and having adopted the system of Daguerreotyping as now practised by the celebrated Roots, of Philadelphia and New York, Mr. Nelson flatters himself to be able to offer to the patrons of the Art, a style of Daguerreotypes which are either singly or in groups, which have never been surpassed. Rooms open and operating in all weather, from 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.

DAGUERREOTYPES AT THE NATIONAL GALLERY. JACKSON'S National Daguerrean Gallery, corner of the Diamond and Market street, (opposite L. Wilcox's Drug Store,) Pittsburgh. Ladies and Gentlemen wishing to obtain life-like likenesses at moderate prices, will find it to their interest to call at this establishment, fitted up with very superior Side and Sky Lights, arranged with such skill that the operator can take the most accurate fac similies of the human form with all the expression of animated life in all weathers. Engravings, Paintings, &c., accurately copied and duplicates taken of original likenesses. Parents not required to take a picture unless a perfect resemblance. Likenesses taken of sick and deceased persons in any part of the city and vicinity. Rooms open, and operating from 8 A. M. until 6 P.M. Entrance in Diamond.

JAMES P. TANNER, WHOLESALE DEALER IN BOOTS, SHOES, BONNETS, AND LEATHER, No. 50 Wood street, Pittsburgh, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH. My stock consists of upwards of 2500 CASES, embracing every variety and style of BOOTS, SHOES and BONNETS, purchased direct from the Eastern land manufacturers, adapted expressly for FALL and WINTER SALES, and will be sold at satisfactory prices—comparing favorably with those of Philadelphia and New York. Purchasers will please call and examine before buying. Also, NEW YORK SOLE LEATHER. [jy13

HENRY H. COLLINS, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN CHEESE, BUTTER, SEEDS, FISH, AND PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 25 Wood street, Pittsburgh. ja18

JOHN T. LOGAN, ROBT. T. KENNEDY, PHILIP WILSON, EDWARD GREGG. REMOVAL. LOGAN, WILSON & CO. IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c. &c. Have removed to their new and extensive warehouse, No. 52 Wood street, four doors above the St. Charles Hotel, where their customers, and purchasers generally, are invited to an examination of the most complete assortment ever offered in this city. fe10y

LAND WARRANTS WANTED—For which the highest market price will be given, by CHARLES E. LOOMIS, Stock, Bill, and Real Estate Broker, au1 74 Fourth street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

JOHN FLEMING, COCHRAN FLEMING. FLEMING BROTHERS, (SUCCESSORS TO J. KIDD & CO.) WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, No. 60 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge Liver Pills, &c. my7

MARRIED.

On Thursday morning, the 4th instant, by Rev. James Prestley, WILLIAM FREW and MARTHA E., daughter of Joseph Long, Esq., both of this city.

GREAT AUCTION SALE AT CLEVELAND, OHIO, OF REAL ESTATE, ON THURSDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER. 350 CITY LOTS. THE SUBSCRIBER WILL OFFER FOR sale, through Messrs. O. Cutter & Son, auctioneers, on Thursday, the first day of September next, on the premises, THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY LOTS in his allotment in the city of Cleveland.

This property fronts on First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Harrison, Canal, and Commercial streets, and on the Ohio Canal, and is nearer to the centre of the city than any other tract of land of equal extent now unoccupied. It being only five squares distant from the Court House, City Market, and Public Square, and but ten minutes' walk from the principal hotels. One hundred of the Lots are on high ground, and are as eligibly located for residences as any in the city. The Canal front being about 1,750 feet has been docked and filled in and is now ready for occupancy, and can be brought into immediate use for docks, coal, stone and lumber yards, and for other business purposes. The balance of the Lots being in the centre of the property, are suitable for stores, dwellings, machine shops, foundries, mills, &c. There are several large and valuable Springs on the premises, which have been taken up at great expense, and the water thrown into reservoirs, with the intention of supplying every lot in the plat with pure spring water; and it is believed that there is ample water for that purpose, and also to supply such machinery as may be erected.

Arrangements are being made for the extension of Canal street through to the Pittsburgh Street Plank Road; when this is done, there will concentrate upon this property the travel from two important thoroughfares—one leading into the city from the direction of Pittsburgh, and the other from the South and West, through University Heights.

All the streets in the plat are to be graded at the cost of the proprietor, and according to grades established by the city authorities. The work is now progressing, and will be nearly completed by the day of sale. Two streets of easy grade (not exceeding 5 deg.) will run from the Canal front on to the Heights. Many of the Lots have already been ornamented with thrifty young forest trees, and the coming fall trees will be planted by the proprietor in front of all the Lots that will be likely to be occupied for residences.

The undersigned has great confidence in recommending this property to the attention of capitalists, manufacturers, laboring men, and all others who are desirous of becoming interested in Cleveland real estate, and does not hesitate to say that the property must soon rank among the best and most valuable in the city.

TERMS OF SALE, as follows:—Auctioneer's fees to be paid by the bidder at the time of the bid; one-fourth the purchase money to be paid down at the time of signing the contract, and the balance in nine equal annual payments, with annual interest at 7 per cent., and taxes on the land and on the unpaid purchase money.

Parties paying a greater amount than one-fourth down will be allowed 5 per cent. on the excess.

Persons bidding off one or more Lots on time will receive a contract from the undersigned to which will be attached a stipulation from Leonard Case, Esq., who holds the title to the land, in which he will obligate himself to give a warrantee deed for such land on the fulfilment of said contract, and purchasers paying in full for their Lots will receive deeds directly from Mr Case.

Maps of the property can be procured at the counting room of Messrs. Cutter & Son, and at the several land offices in the city, and maps will be furnished to bidders on the day of sale. S. S. STONE. —*Cleveland Herald.* au5d3w

Allegheny County ss. AUGUSTUS BEYLLE for use of Benjamin Stiles et. John Little, Jr. —Vend. Ex. No. 191, April Term 1853—And now, August 1, 1853, on motion of Mr. Loomis, the Court appoint E. R. Todd, Esq., to distribute the money paid into Court. From the record: EDW. CAMPBELL, Jr., Prothonotary. All persons interested will please to take notice that the auditor above named will attend, for the purpose of his appointment, on MONDAY, the 29th day of August, 1853, at the office of Todd & Smith, in Fourth street, Pittsburgh, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day. au3:13t&w3.T E. B. TODD, Auditor.

NOTICE.—The members of the EAGLE FIRE COMPANY are requested to attend a regular QUARTERLY MEETING of the Company, to be held at their HALL, on SATURDAY EVENING, the 6th instant, at 7 o'clock. au5 CHRIS. H. SLADE, Secretary.

STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION will meet on FRIDAY, 5th instant, at 10 A. M., in the THIRD WARD SCHOOL HOUSE. The Committee on Reception will be in attendance at the School House at 8 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of assigning places to Delegates and Teachers from a distance. au3

ONLY FIVE DOLLARS AN ACRE—150 ACRES OF GOOD LAND in Cherry township, Butler county, on the graded road from Butler to Franklin. It is well timbered with a good vein of Coal four feet thick; abundance of water and Iron Ore. Payments very easy. Apply to B. McLAIN, au5 Real Estate Agent, No. 21 Fifth street.

MIND AND THE EMOTIONS—A Commentary of Medical and Moral Life, or Mind and the Emotions considered in relation to Health, Disease and Religion, by William Cooke, M. D., M. R. C. S. Just rec'd and for sale by J. R. WELDIN, Bookseller and Stationer, au5 63 Wood street, between Third and Fourth.

WINDOW GLASS—1,000 boxes Bellevernon and 400 boxes Country brands, for sale by VON BONNHORST & MURPHY.

TOBACCO—40 boxes assorted Tobacco, for sale by VON BONNHORST & MURPHY.

NAIL RODS—3 tons Juniata slit, for sale by [au5] VON BONNHORST & MURPHY.

BROOMS—50 doz. Corn Brooms, for sale by [au5] VON BONNHORST & MURPHY.

BUCKETS and TUBS—100 doz. painted Buckets and 40 doz. painted Tubs, for sale by VON BONNHORST & MURPHY.

CHEESE—100 boxes new Cheese, for sale by [au5] VON BONNHORST & MURPHY.

WHITE BEANS—5 bbls. prime small White Beans, for sale by VON BONNHORST & MURPHY.

MADDER—50 Kegs Madder, for sale by au5 VON BONNHORST & MURPHY.

TANNIN—50 oz. Tannin, for sale by FLEMING BROTHERS, au5 Successors to J. Kidd & Co. 60 Wood street.

TAPIOCA—200 lbs. fine white Tapioca, in store and for sale by FLEMING BROTHERS.

THERMOMETERS—Fisher's Thermometers, manufactured expressly for distilling, brewing, &c., for sale by [au5] FLEMING BROTHERS.

RAW UMBER—900 Raw Umber, in store and for sale by [au5] FLEMING BROTHERS.

COPAL VARNISH—200 gals. New York Copal Varnish, in store and for sale by FLEMING BROTHERS.

VANDYKE BROWN—200 lbs. Vandyke Brown, for sale by FLEMING BROTHERS.

CHINESE VERMILION—100 lbs. true Chinese Vermilion in store and for sale by FLEMING BROTHERS.

HONEY—Another lot of that superior Clover Honey—35 boxes just rec'd. au5 W. A. McCLURG, Grocer and Tea Dealer.

NO. 1 LARD—42 bbls. No. 1 Lard, in store and for sale by HARDY, JONES & CO.

HALIFAX HERRING—24 bbls. Halifax Herring, rec'd on consignment, for sale by au5 HARDY, JONES & CO.

LINSEED OIL—12 bbls. Linseed Oil, in store and for sale by SPRINGER HARBAUGH.

WINDOW GLASS—500 boxes assorted sizes Window Glass, in store and for sale by SPRINGER HARBAUGH.

MY BROTHER, JAMES H. GRANT, is this day associated with me in the COMMISSION BUSINESS, at No. 51 Exchange Place, under the name of GRANT & BROTHER. EDWARD H. GRANT. Baltimore, August 1, 1853. au4:3t [Post copy four times and charge Gazette.]

WHITE BONNET RIBBONS, &c.—MURPHY & BURCHFIELD have received by express—White Bonnet Ribbons, white Cashmere, white French Merino, and black English crape. At the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

RAILROAD AGENCY.—W. F. HERBERT, as Agent, is prepared to furnish Railroad Companies with everything pertaining to the rolling stock of their Road. Office at Thomas Woods', 45 Market street.

HANDS WANTED.—Blacksmiths, Finishers, Cabinet and Windsor Chair Makers. To good hands, the best wages and pay every Saturday night, will be given. Enquire of W. F. HERBERT, au4 at the office of Thos. Woods, 45 Market street.

THE SENATOR'S SON, or THE MAINE LAW; A LAST REFUGE—A Story dedicated to the Law-Makers, for sale by DAVISON & AGNEW, No. 65 Market street, near Fourth.

SHOULDERS—5,000 lbs. country Shoulders, for sale by SHRIVER, DILWORTH & CO.

FLAX—2,000 lbs. Flax, in store and for sale by SHRIVER, DILWORTH & CO. 130 and 132 Second street.

APPLES—10 bbls. green Marietta Apples, for sale by [au4] HENRY H. COLLINS.

CHEESE—300 boxes W. R. Cheese, and 140 boxes extra Cream Cheese, for sale by au4 HENRY H. COLLINS.

EGGS—2 bbls. fresh Eggs, rec'd this day, for sale by [au4] HENRY H. COLLINS.

FEATHERS—2,000 lbs. live-goose Feathers, for sale by [au4] JOHN GRIER.

RIO COFFEE—350 bags prime Rio Coffee, to arrive, for sale by [au4] JOHN GRIER.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—70 three quarter boxes Wm. H. Grant's "fives," for sale by au4 JOHN GRIER.

CLOVES—5 bbls. Cloves, for sale by au4 JOHN GRIER.

GREASE LARD—76 bbls. Grease Lard, for sale by JOHN GRIER.

FLOUR—80 bbls. fresh ground Superfine, just rec'd by railroad and for sale by J. J. BOONE, 295 Liberty street.

OATS—100 bus. Oats, just rec'd by railroad and for sale by [au4] J. J. BOONE.

SUGAR—15 hhds. N. O. Sugar, for sale by J. J. BOONE, 295 Liberty street.

DRIED APPLES—50 bus. Dried Apples, in store and for sale by J. J. BOONE, 295 Liberty street.

SOUR FLOUR—16 bbls. Sour Flour, in store and for sale by J. J. BOONE, 295 Liberty street.

FEATHERS and GINSENG—60 sacks Feathers and 4 sacks Ginseng, to arrive, for sale by au3 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NAPIER METAL—150 tons Napier Metal, in store, for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

BLOOMS—348 Tennessee Blooms, in store and for sale by [au3] ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TOBACCO—75 boxes assorted Tobacco, Virginia manufacture, for sale by au3 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

SUGAR—20 hhds. Sugar, of good quality, in store and for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

MOLASSES—25 bbls N. O. Molasses; 23 bbls. re-boiled Molasses, and 30 bbls S. H. Molasses, in store and for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

CREAM and WEST. RESERVE CHEESE in store and constantly arriving by railroad. au3 T. LITTLE & CO.

MACKEREL—25 bbls. and 15 half-bbls. large No. 3 Mackerel, in store and for sale by au3 T. LITTLE & CO.

FISH—White Fish, Trout and Shad, in barrels and half barrels. [au3] H. H. COLLINS.

DRY APPLES—For sale by au2 HENRY H. COLLINS.

DRY PEACHES—For sale by au2 HENRY H. COLLINS.

AMUSEMENTS.

WELCH'S PARISIAN HIPPODROME. GRAND RESTORATION OF THE Ancient Sports, Games and Ceremonies OF THE GREEKS AND ROMANS! WILL EXHIBIT IN PITTSBURGH On the 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, and 13th days of August. FOR SIX DAYS ONLY! PRICES: Boxes 25 cents, Reserved Seats 50 cents; Children under 10 (to Reserved Seats) half price. Doors open at 2½ in the afternoon and 7½ in the evening; performance to commence half-an-hour after. On MONDAY FIRST PERFORMANCE at 7½ o'clock P. M.

The HIPPODROME will be located on that large and beautiful LOT lying between Penn street and the Allegheny river, in the upper part of the FIFTH WARD.

This is the largest establishment in the World, comprising ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-THREE MALE AND FEMALE ARTISTES and auxiliaries, and a Stud of Two Hundred Horses, Ponies And other trained Animals. The Pavillion composing the Hippodrome proper is the largest in the World, and is constructed so as to be always cool and comfortable. It is built after a plan of the Gymnasium of Elis, and contains seats for Six Thousand Persons. During the evening it will be brilliantly illuminated with Gas from an apparatus designed expressly for supplying the enormous amount required in this exhibition.

THE ENTRANCE into town will be observed by a GRAND PROCESSION, led by POST'S CELEBRATED BRASS BAND, and followed by the Cars, Chariots, Wagons, Horses, &c. &c.

THE ENTERTAINMENTS Will be particularly NOVEL AND CLASSIC in their character, entirely dissimilar from any presentation ever made in the country; consisting of TRIUMPHAL ENTREES, CHARIOT RACING, HURDLE LEAPING, CARS OF JUNO, LA COURSE DES SINGES! By a troupe of Apes, Monkeys and Baboons, on Lilliputian Ponies. SCENES OF THE TURF, BY SIX PARISIAN LADIES, LA PERCHE EQUIPOISE, And other FEATS IN THE ARENA. On the COURSE, In the STADIUM, And on the TILTING GROUND. The whole concluding with a scene from the ITALIAN CORSO, IN WHICH TWELVE BLOODED HORSES Will be let loose in the Arena at one time. For further particulars see illuminated Posters, Lithographs, &c., at the principal Hotels. [jy28

LAST WEEK OF ROSSITER'S GRAND EXHIBITION. WILL open at CARGO'S NEW HALL, corner Fourth and Wood streets, and exhibit every day and evening excepting Friday (no exhibitions). ROSSITER'S MAGNIFICENT PAINTINGS: THE RETURN OF THE DOVE TO THE ARK, or the Triumph of Faith—having figures full size of life. Also ROSSITER'S CAPTIVE ISRAEL, TEX—having thirty-seven figures life-size. Doors open from 7 A.M. to 5 P.M. and from 7½ to 10 P.M. Tickets only 25 cents—Children half price. Season Tickets 50 cents. au2tw*

CARGO'S HALL—FOURTH STREET, NEAR WOOD, opposite Lafayette Hall, can be obtained for Parties, Festivals, Concerts, Public Meetings, &c. Also, CARGO'S GOTHIC and LAFAYETTE HALL BAND. FRANK CARGO, at the Crystal Palace Daguerrean Rooms of R. M. Cargo & Co., Fourth street. jy20

AUCTION SALES.

BY P. M. DAVIS, Auctioneer. *Commercial Sales Rooms, corner of Fifth and Wood streets.*

Choice Books, Pamphlets, Paper, Blank Books, &c. ON SATURDAY evening, August 6, at 8 o'clock, will be sold— A large collection of valuable new and second-hand BOOKS, embracing standard literary and various departments of literature, superb Family Bibles and splendid Illustrated Works in rich binding, large and small Blank Books, Quills, Wafers, Pencils, full and half bound Blank Books, backgammon Boards, &c. Also, oil Paintings, Engravings, &c. au5

Clothing and Cloth Sale. ON TUESDAY morning, August 9th, at 10 o'clock, will be sold on a credit of ninety days, on sums over $100, a large invoice of superior CLOTHING—fancy cassimere pants, frock and sack Coats; black and fancy Cassimeres, superfine black and fancy Satin Vests, black Satinets, Cassimeres and fancy Vestings; Clothing; Cloths, super and sixth black and plaid Cloths; Shirts; Drawers; 6 pieces super French black Satin; black and fancy Cassimeres; Satinets; tweeds; Gingham; Linens; Drillings; Muslins, &c. Silk Twist, Linings, Paddings, and an assortment of other goods suitable for Fall and Winter, to which the attention of clothiers is invited. au5

Very Desirable New Brick Dwelling Houses for Sale. TWO very superior modern style commodious unfinished three story DWELLING HOUSES with extensive back buildings and large Lots, situated in the best neighborhood in Birmingham, at the corner of Carson and Oliver streets, will be sold at a bargain at private sale. jy30

THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA. CHARTERED APRIL 26, 1850. CHARTER PERPETUAL. CAPITAL—$250,000. Office S. E. corner of Third and Chesnut streets, Philadelphia.

OFFICERS OF THE HOME BOARD AT PHILADELPHIA: DIRECTORS: Stephen R. Crawford, Paul B. Goddard, Ambrose W. Thompson, Lawrence Johnson, Benjamin W. Tingley, George M'Henry, Jacob L. Florence, James Devereux, William M. Godwin, William M'Kee, President—Stephen R. Crawford. Vice President—Ambrose W. Thompson. Medical Examiners—Pittsburgh, James H. Willson, M. D.; Allegheny City, R. D. Mowry, M. D. GEORGE E. ARNOLD, Agent, jy8 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

PEARL STEAM MILL; CANAL BASIN, ALLEGHENY, NEAR THE RAILROAD STATION. FAMILIES will be supplied with our various brands of FRESH GROUND FLOUR, by leaving their orders at the Mill, or in our boxes at Logan, Wilson and Co.'s, Wood street, or Braun & Reiter, corner of Liberty and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh; H. P. Schwartz, or J. T. Campbell, Druggists, Allegheny. Flour will be delivered to Families in either of the cities. Terms—CASH on delivery. BRYAN, KENNEDY & CO. jy3:tf

SAMUEL S. SHRIVER & CO., (LATE SHRIVER & DEAN,) FLOUR, PRODUCE, AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 34 South Water street, PHILADELPHIA. STRICT attention paid to the sale of FLOUR and PRODUCE generally, and best endeavors used to render satisfaction. Refer to—Messrs. Bailey & Brown, Liberty street, Pittsburgh; or to Messrs. R. Crangle & Co., Wheeling, Va. jy23:3m

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned Committee, at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE, on Tuesday the SIXTEENTH DAY OF AUGUST, at 3 o'clock P. M., for enclosing the FAIR GROUND of the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society. The Ground is situated adjoining the limits of the Ninth Ward of Pittsburgh, generally known as "Denny's Meadow."

The Ground is to be enclosed by a BOARD FENCE three sides of which to be eight feet high and the other side next the railroad, to be ten feet high. The boards are to be put up horizontally, without railing, between posts of three by four inches, and two feet in the ground, each pair of posts to be eight feet apart and fastened at the top with wire or lightened with blocks, each two feet wide to support the panel. The bidders will make their proposals for furnishing the lumber, building, and removing the Fence so much per rod.

The Fence to be completed by the sixth day of September. Proposals will also be received for furnishing fifty thousand feet of Pine Boards, sixteen feet long; ten thousand feet of Pine Boards twelve feet long; twelve thousand feet of Pine Scantling, sixteen feet long, three by four inches; the boards and scantling to be delivered on the ground immediately after the Fair by the contracting party. The Lumber to be good Common Pine, and all to be delivered on the Fair Ground on or before the eighth day of September.

Contracts will be awarded immediately after the Fair, and bids will be received for Renting the Refreshment Booths to be erected by the Society within the enclosure of the Fair Ground. The selling of intoxicating liquors will be prohibited in the Halls and within the enclosure of the Fair Ground. Proposals may be handed to any of the undersigned. ROBERT C. WALKER, WM. LARIMER, JR., WM. A. HILL, JOHN MURDOCH, JR., JOHN McMARTIN, ROBERT M'KNIGHT, JAS. H. HENDLEY, JAS. WAY, WM. MARTIN, A. R. McQUEWAN. Committee State Agricultural Society. Committee Allegheny County Ag'l Society.

A CARD—The undersigned takes this method of informing the citizens of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and the suburban places, that he and family having just arrived from the congregation of Geneva, New York, and having permanently located in this place, he intends giving INSTRUCTION IN French, Italian, Latin, Greek, and Hebrew. He is prepared to give instruction in Mathematics, Surveying, English Composition, and in the various other branches of public instruction. He is equally prepared to serve the Merchants and Business Men, in general, will find in the undersigned a ready calculator, as well as a correct Book-Keeper, by double entry. He therefore craves a generous indulgence of the good people of Pittsburgh, and is to sustain his helpless family. JAMES COX, Prof. of Languages.

P. S.—Classes will find it greatly to their interest to be at their convenient hours, on very moderate terms. I am permitted to refer to the following gentlemen: Rev. David Riddle, D. D.; Rev. M. West, Jr.; J. F. Cowell, B. Osgood. RESIDENCE—Locust street, east of Anderson, Allegheny City. jy22d1w*

CONTINUATION of the Semi-Annual Sale, and still further Reduction in Prices.—A. A. MASON & CO. will continue their semi-annual Sale for thirty days longer. Their immense stock will be again marked down, and offered at a greatly reduction in price. They offer in part—200 Cashmere Shawls at $3, usual price $6; 400 yards Wool Barege at 12½ cents; 2,500 yards Lawn at 6¼ cents; 1,500 yards Lawns at 10 cents; 100 Silk Bonnets at one-half the usual price; 500 yards fast colored Lawns at 12½ cents; 1,000 yards de Laines at 12½; 1,000 yards English Calico at 10 cents; 10 cases madder Calico at 6 and 8 cents; 40 pieces Dress Gingham at 9 cents; 600 Linen Handkerchiefs at 5 cents, and 44 French Chintzes at 12½ cents; Embroideries, Laces, Domestics, &c. Pittsburgh, August 4, 1853. A. A. MASON & CO. au3

LOTS FOR SALE—One LOT 22 by 70, on Fifth street, opposite the Court House and adjoining Alderman Lewis' office. Three LOTS on Penn street and Wayne street. These Lots are in the best part of the city—it will be well to lose no time to find bargains like these—if you want them inquire of THOMAS WOODS, 45 Market street.

LOUISVILLE LIME in store and for sale by [au3] T. LITTLE & CO.