PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PITTSBURGH.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 28, 1853.

☞ READING MATTER WILL BE FOUND ON EACH PAGE OF THIS PAPER.

☞ PITTSBURGH WEEKLY GAZETTE.—The extensive circulation of our Weekly Gazette offers to our business men a most desirable medium of making their business known. Our circulation is between four and five thousand, reaching almost every village and county in Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio.

☞ TO ADVERTISERS.—Neither the Editorial Rooms nor Printing Establishment of the DAILY GAZETTE, are opened on Sunday. ADVERTISERS who desire their notices to appear in the paper on Monday morning, will please hand them in before 5 o'clock on Saturday evening.

DEMOCRATIC WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

MOSES POWNALL, *Of Lancaster County.*

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,

ALEX. K. McCLURE, *Of Franklin County.*

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,

CHRISTIAN MEYERS, *Of Clarion County.*

The communication of "C." has been in type for some time, but a press of other matter has excluded it until now.

WHO DEFEATED GEN. SCOTT?

This was a question anxiously asked shortly after the election, but it could not be as easily answered then, as now. The confessions of such papers as the *Washington Republic*, the *New York Express*, and the *New York Mirror*, and others of like kidney, have disclosed the traitor in the camp. It was slavery which defeated General Scott, and the agents in the traitorous work were professed Whigs, scattered all over the country. The pro-slavery Whig papers, in the bitterness of their disappointment at finding Barnburners and Secessionists, equally with pro-slavery union saving men, rewarded by General Pierce with fat offices and positions of power, have divulged the deceitful course pursued by those who, while professing to act with the Whig party, were secretly consorting with the enemy. The New York Mirror, of last Saturday, says:

"With the election of President Pierce, the people looked for the inauguration of a great Union party—for the extinguishment of agitation and utter annihilation of all antagonists to such a glorious Party, under whatever name they might be disguised. Thousands of Union Whigs opposed the election of Gen. Scott, because they feared the influence of anti-Union men, who might obtain power under his administration. These men went for Webster, until their great luminary sunk beneath the dark horizon at Marshfield; and then, either voted for Pierce for his avowed Unionism, or did not vote at all. To this class of men Gen. Scott owes his defeat and Gen. Pierce his election. Have our hopes and expectations of a new era that was to dawn with the new Administration been entirely fulfilled? Decidedly not.

The "Inaugural Address" of the President promised all that the most sanguine Union man could desire. It endorsed the Compromise in general, and the Fugitive Slave Law in particular, to the fullest extent, and in the most emphatic manner. And will any man? A Cabinet composed of a prominent Barnburner on one side, and a leading Secessionist on the other! And what follows the initial act of the new Government? The Free-Soilers, Barnburners, Softshells, or by whatever other *alias* the New York Abolitionists seek to veil themselves, are evidently in the ascendant. Prime John Van Buren, the hero of the Buffalo Platform—who played the part of Brutus to the Cæsar of Gen. Cass in the drama of 1848, is among the first to dine at the White House, among the first to secure the appointment of his candidate! In the language of the turf, the Hunkers here in New York are literally "nowhere."

Whatever may be the sorrows and disappointments of such pro-slavery Whigs as the above writer, there are none to commiserate them.—They are alike scorned by slaveholders and abolitionists, by Democrats and true Whigs, as treachery is always despised, let it be found where it will.

The course of deceit was commenced in this State, when Gov. Johnston was defeated by a small faction of these Union-savers. At the Baltimore Convention, in order to carry out their nefarious work of ruining the Whig party and defeating Gen. Scott, they loaded him down with a platform which was a dead weight, and after all this, when they found the real Whigs of the country rallying around their candidate while they scouted the platform, they completed their treachery by voting for Gen. Pierce.

There is not, and never can be, the least sincere fellowship between this Union-saving faction and the real Whig party of this country. There is scarcely a sentiment in common between them. The sooner the line of demarkation is drawn, the better. Let us know where we are, who our friends are, and what we have to expect, and then there is some comfort and glory in fighting for party or principle. Any thing but deceivers and smooth-tongued traitors in the camp, whose whole aim is to ruin where they cannot rule.

This poor creature, who controls the Mirror, complains that the reward of his treachery is not paid. Pierce will not pay it, and pro-slavery men will not pay it. He says:

"The Abolition press is the best supported press in the country. Take the *Era* of Washington, the *Tribune*, *Post*, and *Independent* of this city,—what with enormous subscriptions, and abundant advertising, they grow and spread like weeds in a dung-hill. Even some of our own distinguished "Union men," who have been flattering themselves with their devotion to the great cause, find no conscientious scruples against feeding with their patronage the Abolition press, while they pour into the ears of "Silver Grey" and Hunker editors their fulsome puffs of empty praise."

Ha! ha! has it come to this. Wailing, lamentation and woe! These pro-slavery editors begin to discover that the people are against them, and leave them to starve. Who pities them?

He then goes on to state, that almost "every mail from the *South*" brings "*empty* letters of thanks, compliments, admiration, &c., for their independent stand he has taken on the Anti-Slavery question! But no money, no subscribers!

Cannot the man see the reason of this. The one party is governed by the "Higher Law", which he has for the last year been ridiculing. They esteem it a moral duty to support the right. While his Southern friends, although willing to make use of him to perform their dirty work, scorn the willing instrument. Thus living despised by one party and merely endured as a political necessity by another, and trusted by none, it is not difficult to see the end. We will not raise the curtain for the present.

THE WASHINGTON REPUBLIC.—The Republic announces that a change is to be made in its size and management; the first to be enemalled, and the second partially neutralized, politically. It will support the administration of President Pierce independently, that is, so far as it "follows in the footsteps of his illustrious predecessor." The editor did good Whig service in the Taylor canvass, but since then he has been worse than a dead weight to the party. Up to the last Whig National Convention the Republic was thinly devoted to Union-saving, and in its uncharitable zeal for the Compromise Measures alienated more Whig votes than it ever brought to the good old standard. We anticipate that its new hobby of neutrality will soon hobble the whole concern over to Locofocoism, a proclivity which began to manifest itself soon after the death of its lamented Taylor. A good riddance to bad rubbish.—*Cleveland Herald.*

We meet heartily concur with our neighbors of the Herald, in the above sentiments. The *Republic* has been a dead weight on the Whig party, and the sooner it goes to its own place the better. It never had one feeling in true sympathy with the real Whig party of the country.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.—All the Baltimore papers manifest the liveliest interest in the success of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, and urge the subscription of a million of dollars with all the vigor and zeal of men in earnest. We can assure our Baltimore friends that all is ready here. As soon as the Baltimore subscription is secured the work will go on in earnest. Everything is now waiting for that, and that only. Let us have it soon, as we want the work let to contractors as early as possible.

OMNIBUS LINE TO SHARPSBURGH.—Many of our readers will be pleased to know, that on the first of June, (NEXT Wednesday,) a line of omnibuses will run regularly between this city and Sharpsburgh, starting from each place every hour. This will be a great convenience. See advertisement of the Excelsior Line.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE OHIO LOCOFOCOS—THE MIAMIES TRIUMPHANT.

President Pierce has finally made a clean breast of it, and told his Locofoco friends in Ohio precisely what he will, and precisely what he will not, do for them. Many buried hopes will be found when the rubbish is cleared away, but for the present we confine ourselves to an enumeration of the victors—omitting the vanquished for a supplementary bulletin. The great strife, it will be remembered, was between the Manypenny men and the Medill men—the Miamies and the Anti-Miamies.

Manypenny's men come out of the contest with the following rich spoils:

Sam. Medary, Minister to Chili; Geo. W. Manypenny, Commissioner Indian Affairs; John W. Howdon, Consul to Bermuda; J.-W. Fitch, U. S. Marshal; D. O. Morton, U. S. District Attorney; The Postmaster at Cleveland; The Postmaster at Cincinnati; The Postmaster at Columbus; The Postmaster at Zanesville; The Postmaster at Dayton; The Postmaster at Sandusky; The Postmaster at Springfield; The Postmaster at Elyria; The Postmaster at Toledo; Collector of Customs at Cleveland; Collector of Customs at Sandusky; Collector of Customs at Toledo; Surveyor of the Port of Cincinnati; Special Mail Agent.

To this we should add all the other local offices.

To offset against this, Mr. Medills' friends stagger off under the following load:

Ministers,	000
Consuls,	000
Charges,	000
U. S. Marshal's,	000
U. S. District Attorneys,	000
Post Masters,	000
Special Mail Agents,	000
Total,	000

Was there *ever* such a total route? Talk about General Scott's not carrying but four States!—Medill has not even a township "to swear by."

But the richest part of it is the way the thing was done. Medill had beaten Manypenny at the 8th January Convention, and was afraid Manypenny would beat him at the polls. So he *sells* all of his original adherents, and goes quietly for the appointment of Manypenny men to all the offices in and belonging to Ohio.

The questions which come up now, and which we desire to put to the friends of Medill, are these:

1st. Did you, at the time you showed such devotion to Mr. Medill in the State Convention, design to carry the thing so far as to permit him to dispose of you like merchantable commodity?

2d. Did you suppose, after you had nominated Medill, that he was under the slightest obligation to you?

3d. Do you regard the election of William Medill as any more certain in consequence of the traffic by which you were sold?

We trust our inquiries will receive that attention to which they are entitled.

Hon. Reuben Wood, Governor of the State of Ohio, is appointed Consul to Valparaiso! We do not classify this with either of the above divisions, for the reason that Gov. Wood has never identified himself with either. But the appointment is in itself incomprehensible. It must have been intended by Pierce as an insult to the State, or to the Democratic party of Ohio. There can be no other solution. We take it for granted, that Gov. Wood will take just the proper notice of the matter to vindicate himself fully in the premises.—*Clev. Her.*

THE Philadelphia and Wheeling friends of the Hempfield Railroad are at loggerheads. When rogues fall out honest men get their dues. The editor of the Philadelphia Daily News, who was a member of the last Legislature, and who is a great friend of the Hempfield project, in an article castigating the editor of the Wheeling Intelligencer, says:

"Judge, then, of our surprise, on reading the article in the columns of the Intelligencer, which contained an attack on Pittsburgh, justifying, on principle, the continued future hostility of Wheeling to the right of way to the Steubenville road. The article alluded to charges upon Pittsburgh the whole of the opposition that has been waged upon the Hempfield road, and particularly in the injunction matter. It is only simple justice to our Pittsburgh friends to say that they are in no way implicated in this movement. It proceeds in this case, from parties who are alike opposed to giving aid to the Steubenville or Hempfield road, and who oppose the one as they would oppose the other. Whatever may be the sins of Pittsburgh, she has neither part nor lot in this matter, and should not be held to any portion of the responsibility, or receive any portion of the retribution."

MARRYING A SISTER'S DAUGHTER.—We cannot but express our surprise and regret at the action of the General Assembly (New School,) on this subject, which will be found in our columns to-day. If the Scriptures do not condemn such marriages, nature revolts at it, and the effects of such latitudinarian principles on the subject of marriage can only result in great evils.

PENNA. AND OHIO CANAL COMPANY.—The annual election for officers of the Penna. and Ohio Canal Company took place in Warren on the 21st inst., with the following result:

Directors chosen by the Stockholders.—Francis Freeman, Samuel Quinby, Henry W. Smith, Daniel Gilbert, and Thomas D. Webb, of Trumbull county; Seth Day, of Portage county; James Magee, of Philadelphia.

State Directors appointed by the Governor.—Jas H. Porter, of Trumbull county; Joseph Dewolf, of Portage county.

Thomas D. Webb was re elected President, and Samuel Quinby Secretary and Treasurer.—*Warren (O.) Transcript.*

PROTESTANT AND ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCHES IN THE UNITED STATES, AND THEIR CAPACITY.—The census of 1850 shows the following as the number and capacity of the Churches in the United States:

Methodist, churches	12,467, worshippers,	4,209,722
Baptist, churches	8791, worshippers,	3,130,178
Presbyterian and the four related churches, viz: Dutch Reformed, Congregational, Lutheran and German Reformed, churches	8112, worshippers,	3,705,211
Episcopalians, churches	1422, worshippers,	625,218
Total Protestant churches	30,482, worshippers,	11,670,635
Roman Catholic churches	1112, worshippers,	620,950
Excess of Protestant churches	20,370.	
Excess of Protestant worshippers,		11,049,685

COLORED PEOPLE'S NATIONAL CONVENTION.—A call for this Convention, signed by quite a number of prominent colored men in different States, has been issued, designating July 6th as the time, and Rochester, N. Y., as the place.—Its object is to consider the best means to ameliorate the condition of the colored people of the country, and to devise some plan for that end which shall be permanent. The formation of a Grand Council is proposed. The call also suggests the consideration of the disposition of such funds as Mrs. H. B. Stowe may receive in Europe, she having intimated privately that she intends to devote them to the establishment of an Institution where colored persons can learn trades.

FLOOD IN THE GASCONADE RIVER.—Intelligence has been received in the city of ——— of a freshet in the Gasconade River country which has caused the loss of property. It occurred about the 9th inst. On the 5th the water was very low; but in twenty-four hours the river rose seventeen or eighteen feet and flooded away seven out of ten large rafts and about 100,000 feet of lumber from a steam mill. Several other mills lower down the stream were much damaged, about half the lumber having been washed entirely away, and another lot of near 100,000 feet of lumber. All the farms adjacent to the river were much damaged, fencing washed away, &c. The water covered parts of the country to a depth of four or five feet.—*St. Louis News.*

DEMAND FOR CORN.—On the upward trip of the *Amazonia*, she carried 2,000 sacks of Corn from Bath, on the Illinois river, to Lasalle. On her next trip she takes 2,600 sacks. To-day we saw a Chicago dealer in this city who was wanting to purchase 5,000 sacks of Corn for that market. At the prices here he thinks he can ship it to Chicago and make a profit. He has come to a poor market for Corn, certainly.—*St. Louis News.*

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad stock sold in New York on the 23d inst. for $102. This road is doing a fine business, and we have no doubt will declare a dividend of 5 per cent. on the 1st of July. The extension to Wheeling will be of great benefit, and with its present efficient management it will continue to be one of the best paying roads in Ohio.—*Cleve. Her.*

RAILROAD IRON.—The officers of the Cleveland and Mahoning Valley Railroad, desiring to have the iron for their road manufactured at home, visited this place a few days ago, for the purpose of entering into a contract with our enterprising iron manufacturers, the Cosmo Company, to furnish them with the necessary amount. The Company, we understand, made a proposition which is likely to be accepted, and if so, will be of great advantage to our town and county. It is not only beneficial within itself, but will go far towards determining the location of the machine shops, &c.—*New Castle Gazette.*

BISHOP SCOTT AND LIBERIA.—The New York Times publishes the following note from a correspondent respecting Bishop Scott and his visit to Africa:

Bishop Scott of the Methodist Episcopal Church, sailed from Baltimore in the barque Shirley last December, for Western Africa, on behalf of the Church, and not on account of his health. He made a visit to every point on the coast of the Republic of Liberia, and penetrated somewhat into the interior, presided at the Liberian Conference, reorganized the mission schools, surveyed the general field, and obtained an amount of interesting and important information pertaining to that country.

He returned in the same vessel, and arrived at Baltimore a few days since, after a long passage of fifty-three days. He paid a visit to this city yesterday, and was present for a few hours at the session of the New York East Conference, in the Allen street Methodist Episcopal Church.

He brings a most excellent report from Liberia in every respect. The various churches and schools of the new Republic are in a flourishing condition. The Government is well established and prosperous. Colonists generally are well pleased with their new homes, and the native tribes are seeking friendly relations with the citizens of Liberia, and for the purpose of enjoying the blessings of civilization and the Christian Religion.

Bishop Scott gives it as his candid judgment, formed from personal observation of the whole field that the Government of Liberia and the Christian Church now planted and flourishing there, is constituting the hope of the redemption of Africa, and the best home for the colored people of this country, are the legitimate fruits of African Colonization.

THE COPPER MINES OF EAST TENNESSEE.—The Knoxville Register of the 16th instant says:

"Every day's Intelligence from the Copper Mines assures us that the business is to prove lucrative to an extraordinary degree. We have been informed, and that too by a gentleman in whom we can confide, that in a single day one man took from the mines ore enough to nett in the New York market one hundred and seventy dollars. The preparations for mining extensively are every day progressing, and all the facilities of boring shafts, tunnelling, &c., and if the ore should prove to be as abundant and rich as the indications now lead us to believe it will, these mines will certainly be more valuable than any gold or silver mines upon the globe. We are credibly informed that the ore which has been taken from these mines yields thirty and forty per centum of copper, and in some instances as much as *seventy* per centum. When it is known that the ore is worth in the New York market six dollars per ton for each per centum of copper, the value of these mines is no longer a matter of conjecture."

The same paper also says that "within the last two years lands in Polk county, East Tennessee, have advanced in value almost incredibly. It is now asserted, by those who profess to know how the fact is, that within that time minerals have been developed in that county which make the lands worth *ten millions of dollars* more than before."

THE QUESTION SETTLED.—At the meeting of the Board of Directors, held in Washington, on Friday of last week, the final location of the Hempfield Railroad was made to the Monongahela river by the adoption of the *Mingo Route*. This route strikes the river about two miles below Monongahela City, and runs up the shore to within the borough limits, and will probably cross the river about 400 yards below the present bridge. Our citizens are heartily glad of the settlement of this vexed question. For more than a year have they been left in doubt as to whether the road would go through the borough; every effort possible was made to carry it above us, and had we not presented the advantages of this route for it, we would doubtless have been defeated. A considerable degree of surprise was manifested by our citizens on learning the immense difference which existed in favor of the Mingo over all the other routes. The difference in cost between Mingo and Pigeon creek is over and a half miles in distance in favor of the former, and the cost of construction is $100,000 less, and over the Bellevernon route the difference in favor of Mingo is about four miles in distance and $700,000 in cost of construction. These facts in figures settled the matter at once, and we understand the friends of the rival routes were perfectly satisfied after examining the estimates, that the company could not avoid the adoption of the Mingo route. This route is the favorite of our citizens, and most of the stock subscribed was conditioned on its adoption.—*Monongahela City Republican.*

CINCINNATI BLACKLEGS.—The honest people of Cincinnati have of late been turning their attention to the breaking up of the hundreds of gaming establishments in that city, and the routing of the whole host of gamblers. The police have been called into requisition, and the result has been the closing of quite a number of the worst "hells." Friday evening the police officers visited several rondo rooms and found them closed, shut on entering one suddenly, they found some forty or fifty persons mostly engaged in gambling. An universal scampering followed. John Preuss and Edward Osgood, who were keeping the game of rondo, were captured, and a man named Courtwright, who was engaged in playing. The rondo table was taken to the watch house and broken up.—Preuss and Osgood were tried for keeping a rondo table, convicted, and let off with a fine of fifty dollars each. Had they been sent to the Penitentiary under the anti-gambling law, and got their deserts, a salutary example would have been salutary to Cincinnati and elsewhere. As it is, the fraternity will only mock at such justice and continue to plunder with impunity.—*Cleveland Herald.*

WE ASK FOR INFORMATION.—We have been informed by some of our Northern friends that a right was granted at the last session of our Legislature, to build a Railroad *anywhere* through our State, extending from the New York State Line to Ohio, without either accepting the privilege granted by the charter of the Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad, or of the Mercer and New Castle Company. We confess we are ignorant of any such privilege. We are informed that Senator Hoge attempted to procure such a right, by reviving an old charter of a Coal Road in Warren county—extending the Venango Road west from Sandy Lake, &c., but the "snake" we are told, was discovered in time to be "killed." Notwithstanding all the talk about charters granting such privileges, we are under the impression that when it comes to the test, it will be found that the Pittsburgh and Erie Company, is the only one which has the power to unite these States by Railroad. If we are wrong we will gladly receive any information which will undeceive us.—*New Castle Gazette.*

Wool begins to come in. It commands thus far, an advance of ten cents per pound on last year's prices; common selling for 46 cents; while last year it opened at 36. It is not our province to judge whether these prices will be realized or not. Each man must judge for himself—the buyer and seller must act upon the facts before them. Heavy woollens have fallen 5 per cent. within a fortnight; still they command an advance on last year's prices. This we may say with safety: the whole market will, as usual, be a little in advance of all competition hereabouts.—*Akron (Ohio) Beacon.*

DR. TOMLINSON.—We a day or two ago published a telegraphic dispatch stating that the Rev. Dr. Tomlinson had committed suicide. We now learn that such is not the fact, as we find by the Christian Advocate published in Cincinnati, under the date of May 18th. The editor of that paper states that the Reverend Doctor died suddenly of a heart disease, at his residence in Cincinnati, on Monday, the 16th. He was in Cincinnati on the day previous, and the editor of the Advocate conversed with him not thirty hours before his death, when he seemed in his usual good health.

C. AND M. RAILROAD LETTINGS.—Quite a number of contractors were in town last week, to compete for the lettings on the Cleveland and Mahoning Railroad from Warren to Youngstown. The work was finally let to the Messrs. Britton, of Livingston county, N. Y., on terms entirely satisfactory to the Company. The whole line so far as let, (bridges included,) is to be made ready for the rails in May, 1854.—*Warren (Ohio) Transcript.*

PHŒNIXVILLE, PA.—It was stated a few days since, that in consequence of the election of a Temperance License Board in the borough of Phœnixville, the tavern keepers of that place had closed their houses and chained up their pumps, so that travelers could obtain no accommodations. Such was the fact for a short time, but we learn that the difficulties which existed have been arranged, and that all the hotels are again open, and fully prepared to entertain the public on temperance principles.—*North Amer.*

MURDER TRIAL.—The trial at Milwaukie, of Miss Mary Ann Wheeler, who shot her seducer, a man named Luce, a few months ago, brought out such evidence of brutal heartlessness in the latter, as will go far to secure for the wretched woman the public sympathy.

NEW CONVERT TO SPIRITUAL RAPPINGS.—The English correspondent of the New York Times, says, that Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton is numbered among the believers in the delusion, and is even meditating a novel in which prominence shall be given to its alleged truth.

THE CROPS.—The prospects for good crops are seldom so flattering as at the present time, and should there be no destruction by worms or insects, a heavier yield than usual of all kinds of grain may be looked for in this valley.—*Monongahela Republican.*

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

MESSRS. PUTNAM have issued, in elegant form, "*The Laws of the Ancient Hebrews*," by E. C. *Davison & Agnew.*

We had the pleasure of listening to some of these Lectures, when they were attracting much attention in our principal cities. Professor Wines has earned, by this volume, the title to a more scholarship. He has gone for the great principles of civil law to the rich sources, and has proved conclusively that the institutions of Moses are more profound and worthy of study than those of Solon or Justinian, or the commentaries of Grotius, Montesquieu, or Blackstone. In proportion as the great Lawgivers of the world have consulted the Holy Oracles, or fallen in with their spirit, in that proportion have they framed laws which have been found wise, and good, and enduring. And apart from the peculiar feature of a Theocracy, the commonwealth of the Hebrews is shown to be the best model of republican government—embodying those great rules of a sound political economy, which all nations would do well to regard as of the highest authority, and basing itself on the wide-spread intelligence and enlightened conscience of the people. This volume, therefore, must attract the notice of civilians and jurists, as well as of divines. Indeed, it is the book for our lawyers and judges—which opens to them the profound wisdom of that great Jewish Lawgiver, as admired by Webster, Story, Lord Bacon, and Sir Matthew Hale. The laws of Moses are learnedly analyzed, in detail, and vindicated from infidel objection or sarcasm. The influence of these laws on subsequent civilization, and on the most notable codes of afterages, is pointed out, with special reference to the polity of Greece and Rome, and of England, as well as of the United States. The great principles of civil liberty, as set forth and developed in the Mosaic Institutes, are treated with a discussion of constitutional laws, as more or less copied from this, and so in a greater or less degree securing civil liberty.

The great ideas which lay at the basis of the Hebrew state are shown to have been such as these: The unity of God; the unity of the nation; civil liberty; political equality; an elective magistracy; the sovereignty of the people; the responsibility of public officers to their constituents; a prompt, cheap and impartial administration of justice; the sacredness of the family relation; the sanctity of human life; universal education; social union; a well adjusted balance of power; and an enlightened, dignified, venerable public opinion, than which the nineteenth century, with all its boast, can offer us nothing.

This learned discussion of law, drawn from the Bible as the first written constitution, and the profoundest code ever promulgated, amply proving itself Divine. The BIBLE has yet to be more deeply studied by our public men if they would become profound lawgivers. It must be mastered by all classes of their constituents if they would understand their true public freedom and their individual rights. It must be honored in our Public Schools, as the Great TEXT BOOK OF REPUBLICAN LIBERTY, and the Great Treasury of soundest maxims, wisest rules, highest safeguards, purest principles, for the security of the individual and the State.

We earnestly hope that Prof. Wines, whom we know to be eminently competent for such a work, and who has given us here the labor of years in one of the most valuable volumes of the American press, may have the universal verdict of the Bar and the Bench, to add to such proud testimonials as those of Kent, Woodbury, Butler, Geo. Wood, and others.

M. W. J.

It is known to millers and dealers in the article of Wheat, that the crop of Missouri has been quite indifferent for two seasons past. Last year there was an entire failure in many of the best grain-growing districts; but we are pleased to have it in our power to state that, so far as we have information, there never was a more distinct prospect for a bountiful harvest than at present.—*St. Louis News.*

On Saturday evening last, a flat boat or ark, loaded with 90 or 100 tons of railroad iron from Brady's Bend Iron Works, struck a snag just below town, and instantly sunk in eight or ten feet water.—*Kittanning Press.*

☞ A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the CITIZENS' DEPOSITE BANK of Pittsburgh will be held at the office of the Bank, MASONIC HALL Buildings, Fifth street, on MONDAY, May 30th, at 3 o'clock P. M., to take action on the acceptance of the Act of Incorporation, passed 25th day of April A. D. 1853.

SAMUEL McCLURKAN, Secretary.

By order of the Board, acting for the Stockholders.

my28:dlw

☞ FOR SALE—A superior BUGGY, nearly new, will be sold cheap. Apply at this office. my24:tf

☞ H. WILLIAMS has removed his Select School to that very eligible room of Mr. Bell's, at the corner of Ferry and Liberty streets—entrance on Ferry st. He will be the assistant also of the female imparting a knowledge of the branches studied, to enable the latter to instil correct principles. We have long known Mr. Williams as a faithful, efficient and successful teacher. Refers to Rev. H. P. Cain, R. S. Johnston, George P. Gilmore, Moses P. Eaton, A. H. English & Co., John S. Russell, A. L. Russell, William Larimer Jr., David Hunt, John Mecaskey, John F. Loy, Alexander Laughlin, John B. Warden, William G. Warden, R. G. Stockton, Francis G. Bailey, John Herron, David Elliott, George Albree. my16:2tw

☞ DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS.—The great and increasing demand for these Pills is the surest evidence of their excellence. People try them and recommend them to their neighbors. No one who has ever used them will take Calomel, or from any of the diseases arising from a disordered state of that organ, be yet failed in obtaining relief if he tried Dr. M'Lane's Pills and thus they have worked their own way into popularity by the astonishing cures which they are every day performing. Read the following:

"FREDERICK, April 2, 1850.

"MESSRS. J. Kidd & Co.—Gentlemen: You will please send us one gross of your Pills, prepared by Dr. M'Lane. They are in great demand. Please forward them, &c.

"KEILER & HAMILL."

"S. CHARLESTON, Clark Co., O., April 15, 1850.

Your Medicines are universally liked in this section of the country. We have constant calls for them, the Pills especially. Yours, respectfully, J. C. SAGE."

For sale by all druggists and merchants, in town and country, and wholesale and retail by the sole proprietors.

HENRY BROTHERS,

Successors to J. Kidd & Co., 60 Wood street.

☞ BURKE & BARNES' SAFES.—Here is the best of testimony as to the value of our SAFES, upon which we can confidently rest the reputation of our work. We have already published several certificates, but we have now on hand for our regular and ordinary sales, and sold abroad, a number which have been subjected to the SEVEREST TESTS IN ACTUAL CONFLAGRATIONS, and preserved their contents totally free from damage. The following is another proof of the same locomotable character:—

$10,000 WORTH OF BOOKS AND PAPERS SAVED WITH A $40 SAFE!

ALLISON, ERIE COUNTY, Pa., November 12, 1852.

MESSRS. BURKE & BARNES:—Dear Sirs: Your two letters were duly received. I was absent at the time. I would say, in regard to your Safe, I could not be more pleased. The one I purchased of you last fall on the morning of the 10th of January 1852, in my store building was entirely burned to ashes. It was built of wood and bricked in a large and substantial building. The Safe was in it at the time of the fire, and fell into the cellar, where there was a large body of water. It was a very hot fire.

My notes and book accounts that were in the Safe, amounting to over Two Thousand Dollars, which was saved. There was not a single piece burned, and further would state that my store was doing business, to-day as usual. Yours, truly, JOHN CLARKE.

P. S. Please send me a circular and further terms by return mail.

Yours, truly, JOHN CLARKE.

my24:tf

☞ We believe Nature has provided remedy for every disease which flesh is heir to. KIDER'S PETROLEUM or ROCK OIL, put up as it flows, from the great laboratory, concealed deep in the bowels of Mother Earth, is, without doubt, one of the most powerful of these remedies. Read the following testimony, given by a grateful parent:

PARKSBURY VALLEY, Ohio, Sept. 15, 1851.

MR. S. M. KIDER—SIR: I have sold all of your Petroleum or Rock Oil, during the past twelve months past, and have been looking for your agent to get a further supply. I have sold more of it than any other medicine. We have found the Oil very fine for your agent was here, we found very low with the fever and ague, and gave him a few drops on a lump of sugar the second, and the fits stopped, and are no more troubled since. It is also an extraordinary remedy for sore and inflamed eyes. Mr. Bridges, of Bloomington, and for Oil City, some have been cured of long standing rheumatism. Yours truly, ISAAC BUSHOW.

Sold (Pa.) and advertising Petroleum please copy.]

my24:dlw

☞ CARD.—Doctor MYERS having been relieved from his official duties as Surgeon and Physician of the U. S. Marine Hospital, will in future give his undivided attention to his Profession. Office and residence No. 149 Third street, above Smithfield. my24dlm

☞ WE DIRECT the attention of our readers to the advertisement of "MORSE'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL," to be found upon the fourth page.

Third Annual Statement

OF THE STATE MUTUAL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, of Pittsburgh.

Premiums received to May 1, 1852 ..... $259 018 81
Premiums received on Loans, &c. 135,220 80
Capital stock 1,916 19
..... 100,000 00

Returned premiums, Losses, Re-insurance, Expenses, &c. $496,183 26
..... 57,864 63
$333,318 70

INVESTMENTS:

Bonds, Mortgages, Stocks, and other securities $161,141 98
Premium Notes 179,016 21
Cash on hand 17,320 21

Total amt. of Resources, Liable for Losses $338,318 70

DIRECTORS:

JOHN P. RUTHERFORD, Dauphin county;
P. C. SHOEMAKER, Harrisburg;
SAMUEL JONES, Philadelphia;
A. WILKINS, Banker, Pittsburgh;
A. A. CARRIER,
JOHN S. RUTHERFORD, Dauphin county;
A. J. GILLET, Harrisburg;
R. L. JONES,
ROBERT KLOTZ, Carbon county;
JOHN P. RUTHERFORD, President.
A. J. GILLET, Secretary.

Will insure against perils of fire and inland navigation; also, on merchandize in city or country, at lowest rates consistent with safety. Policies issued on dwelling houses either perpetually or for a term of years.

Branch Office, corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets.

A. A. CARRIER, Actuary.

my24:tf

JAMES P. TANNER.

WHOLESALE DEALER

IN BOOTS, SHOES, BONNETS, HATS, &C.,

NO. 56 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH,

Between Third and Fourth.

☞ My stock embraces every variety and style of Boots, Shoes, Bonnets, &c., purchased direct from the New England Manufacturers, selected, at Wholesale, before previous auctioning, and will be sold at wholesale prices unusually low with those of Philadelphia and New York. Purchasers will please call and examine before buying.

mp3

Citizen's Insurance Company of Pittsburgh

H. D. KING, PRESIDENT.
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, SEC'Y.

OFFICE, 94 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.

☞ INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, AND TRIBUTARIES.

☞ Insures against loss or damage by FIRE, as well as perils of the SEA and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.

DIRECTORS:

H. D. King,	Wm. Lorimer, Jr.,
Wm. Imbrie,	S. M. Kier,
Samuel Jas.	Wm. Bingham,
Robert Dunlap, Jr.,	John S. Dilworth,
S. Garlaschi,	Francis Fellows,
Edward Swanston,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	Wm. H. Hays.

Issue M. Fremont. d622

JOHN FLEMING

Fleming Brothers,

(SUCCESSORS TO J. KIDD & CO.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

No. 60 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Proprietors of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, Liver Pills, &c. my7

CHARLES R. LOOMIS,

STOCK AND BILL BROKER.

Notes, Bonds, Mortgages &c., Negotiated.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS.

☞ Office over S. Jones & Co., corner Wood and Fourth streets. ja15

A. H. HOLMES & BRO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SOLID BOX VICES, SLEDGES, PICKS, MATTOCKS, CROWBARS, &c.,

PITTSBURGH.

Office 93 Wood st., between 1st and 2nd. ☞ All work warranted equal to any manufactured. ☜ mh24

REMOVAL.

POSTLEY, NELSON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

HAMMERED AND CAST STEEL SHOVELS AND SPADES, GUN BARRELS,

SOLID BOX VICES, PICKS,

SLEDGES, MATTOCKS,

&c. &c. &c.

Have removed to No. 17 Market street, where their customers, and merchants generally, are invited to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Having increased the capacity for the sale of Cast Steel, Harper & Co.'s celebrated HAY AND MANURE FORK, they are now prepared to furnish a superior article of Forks at Eastern prices. my23

REMOVAL.

LOGAN, WILSON & CO.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c. &c.

Have removed to their new and extensive store, No. 62 Wood street, four doors above the Diamond, where they invite their customers, and merchants generally, to call and examine their stock of the most complete assortment ever offered in this city.

my23

DAGUERREOTYPES AT THE NATIONAL GALLERY.

JACKSON'S National Daguerrean Gallery, corner of the Diamond and Market street, (opposite L. Wilcox's Drug Store,) Pittsburgh.

Ladies and Gentlemen visiting Cooke's Hotel are invited to call at the most valuable volumes of the American press, may have the universal verdict of the Bar and the Bench, to add to such proud testimonials as those of Kent, Woodbury, Butler, Geo. Wood, and others.

M. W. J.

It is known to millers and dealers in the article of Wheat, that the crop of Missouri has been quite indifferent for two seasons past. Last year there was an entire failure in many of the best grain-growing districts; but we are pleased to have it in our power to state that, so far as we have information, there never was a more distinct prospect for a bountiful harvest than at present.—*St. Louis News.*

On Saturday evening last, a flat boat or ark, loaded with 90 or 100 tons of railroad iron from Brady's Bend Iron Works, struck a snag just below town, and instantly sunk in eight or ten feet water.—*Kittanning Press.*

☞ A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the CITIZENS' DEPOSITE BANK of Pittsburgh will be held at the office of the Bank, MASONIC HALL Buildings, Fifth street, on MONDAY, May 30th, at 3 o'clock P. M., to take action on the acceptance of the Act of Incorporation, passed 25th day of April A. D. 1853.

SAMUEL McCLURKAN, Secretary.

By order of the Board, acting for the Stockholders.

my28:dlw

☞ FOR SALE—A superior BUGGY, nearly new, will be sold cheap. Apply at this office. my24:tf

☞ H. WILLIAMS has removed his Select School to that very eligible room of Mr. Bell's, at the corner of Ferry and Liberty streets—entrance on Ferry st. He will be the assistant also of the female imparting a knowledge of the branches studied, to enable the latter to instil correct principles. We have long known Mr. Williams as a faithful, efficient and successful teacher. Refers to Rev. H. P. Cain, R. S. Johnston, George P. Gilmore, Moses P. Eaton, A. H. English & Co., John S. Russell, A. L. Russell, William Larimer Jr., David Hunt, John Mecaskey, John F. Loy, Alexander Laughlin, John B. Warden, William G. Warden, R. G. Stockton, Francis G. Bailey, John Herron, David Elliott, George Albree. my16:2tw

☞ DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS.—The great and increasing demand for these Pills is the surest evidence of their excellence. People try them and recommend them to their neighbors. No one who has ever used them will take Calomel, or from any of the diseases arising from a disordered state of that organ, be yet failed in obtaining relief if he tried Dr. M'Lane's Pills and thus they have worked their own way into pop