HOME MATTERS.

ASSOCIATE GENERAL SYNOD—1st DAY.

SATURDAY, May 21st.

Synod assembled at the usual hour, the Moderator in the Chair.

Roll called, and minutes read and approved.

The Presbyterial report of Allegheny Presbytery was handed in read, and ordered to be laid on the table.

The report of the Shenango Presbytery, accompanied by a protest and an appeal, was referred to Committee on Appeals.

The Committee on Missions reported on a paper from the congregations of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, memorialising the Synod on the subject of Foreign Missions, urging upon Synod the duty of engaging in this work, and the special claims of Hindoostan as a mission field. The Committee reported a series of resolutions recommending the establishment of a mission-ary at this Synod. Also, that a Committee be appointed to address the Church in reference to the matter.

Several clergymen reported having in their possession legacies to Synod of larger and smaller amounts. On motion, referred to Committee on Funds.

On motion, the Synod proceeded to the order of the day—the consideration of the proposal from A. R. Presbyterian Church on the subject of Union.

The clerk read the communication presented to the Synod by the Committee of the A. R. Presbyterian Church, and also the report of the Committee of Synod appointed to act on the communication.

Dr. Rodgers moved that the members be called by the roll to give their opinion on the subject. Carried.

On motion, the speeches of members were limited to five minutes in length.

The Oregon basis was called for and read, which is as follows:

ARTICLE I. We hold the word of God contained in the Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments, as the only rule of faith and practice, and as the supreme and final authority for the regulation of the doctrine, worship and government of the Church. Westminster Standards.

ART. II. We retain the Westminster Confession of Faith, and the Catechisms, Larger and Shorter; also retain the judicial acts and testimonies of the Associate and Associate Reformed Churches in the United States, as valuable monuments of the laborious zeal and fidelity of these Churches, as witnesses for the truth in times past; and we declare that so much of the doctrines and principles of these documents, as is mutually embraced by the Associate and Associate Reformed Churches, shall be held as the exhibition at large of the faith of the United Church.

ART. III. We agree that all those matters which have constituted the ground of separation between the Associate and Associate Reformed Churches, shall be held and treated by the United Church as matters of private opinion and Christian forbearance.

ART. IV. We agree to be governed by the *Form of Government* and *Directory for Worship* now in use by the Associate and Associate Reformed Churches, with such incidental alterations as may be necessary to adapt them to the peculiar circumstances of the United Church.

ART. V. As the Standards on which we have agreed as the expression of our faith are voluminous, and found only in separate volumes, the United Churches further agree to adopt the sub-joined *Summary of Principles*; which with the *Form of Government* and *Directory for Worship* shall constitute the terms of admission to her fellowship.

ART. VI. We agree that in the ordination of Ministers and Ruling Elders, they shall be required to declare their approbation of the entire Standards of the United Church.

ART. VII. In consideration, therefore, of the circumstances in which we, on this coast, are placed, and the injurious effects of remaining longer in a state of separation, we do agree and resolve henceforth to unite in one body, to be known as THE UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF OREGON, trusting the bodies in the United States east of the Rocky Mountains will approve of our course, and speedily consummate the Union they now have, and so long have had, under consideration.

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPLES.—*Of God.*—There is only one God, who is a Spirit every where present, independent, eternal, infinite in knowledge, power, holiness, goodness, and every other perfection.—In the Godhead there are three Persons, the Father, Son and Holy Ghost, who are in essence, and, as Persons, equal in power and glory.

Of the Decrees of God.—God hath from eternity, for his own glory, and out of the good pleasure of his own will, decreed every thing which comes to pass;—and this plan of his works he executes in creation, in which he made all things very good;—in Providence, in which he upholds and governs every thing according to his pleasure.

Of Man's Original and Fallen State.—The first man was created in a state of perfect holiness and happiness; but by the breach of the covenant of works which God made with him for himself and his natural posterity, he brought himself and them into a state of sin and misery.—In their fallen condition mankind are guilty before God, and their whole nature is depraved; so that, in that state, they are incapable of performing actions acceptable to God, and they are also liable to present and eternal punishment, nor have they any ability to deliver themselves from this condition.

Of Redemption.—God having, in sovereign love, before the world began, chosen some of the human race to eternal life, through the sanctification of the Spirit and the belief of the truth, did enter into a covenant of grace with his Son for their salvation.

Our Redeemer having taken human nature, did in it obey, suffer, and die IN THE ROOM of sinful men as the surety of his elect, for the purpose of satisfying Divine justice for their sins, and thereby securing their salvation;—and his satisfaction thus made, being that of an infinite Person, has infinite value and efficacy, and is the only ground of the sinner's justification before God, and thus through him the chief of sinners can be pardoned and saved.

Of the Application of Redemption.—The Salvation obtained by the Son of God is presented freely, as the gift of Jehovah to all who hear the Gospel:—the word of God, and the ordinances of religion sanctioned by that word, are the eternal means by which it is applied to the soul.

These means are made effectual by the Holy Spirit in regeneration, by whom the sinner is spiritually enlightened and enabled to believe, and made spiritually alive to God in holiness.

When man thus renewed and strengthened receives, by faith, the Lord Jesus Christ, and is united to him, having an interest in his imputed righteousness, he is pardoned, accepted and made an heir of heaven.

Of the Perseverance of Saints.—The immutability of God's love, the stability of the covenant of grace, the Almighty power and grace of the Holy Spirit in sanctification, and the promise of God in Christ afford a sure guarantee that all true believers shall persevere and grow in grace and holiness until their death; when made perfect in holiness they shall enter into glory.

Of the Resurrection of the Dead.—There shall be a resurrection of the dead, both of the just and of the unjust. The former shall arise to the enjoyment of the inheritance of the saints in light, and the latter shall be raised in all their depravity and guilt, vessels of wrath fitted to destruction. The resurrection shall be followed by a GENERAL JUDGEMENT, in which both *living* and *dead* shall appear before the judgment seat of Christ, and receive according to their works.—The blessedness of the righteous and punishment of the wicked shall be *everlasting*.

Of Practical Religion.—As faith without works is dead, the truly sincere believer will endeavor to maintain a holy practice in humble reliance on Divine grace, and in universal obedience of any thing, but from regard to the authority of God and the glory of his name, as well as the means of his own preparation for heaven.

Of the Duties of Church Members.—A Christian ought to shun profane swearing, drunkenness and all impurity; and suppress and mortify the appetites and desires which lead to these and all others sins;

He should, under no circumstances, become a partaker in the support of any system by which man is reduced to slavery or involuntary servitude to his fellow-man;

Equally careful should he be to avoid all entangling vows and oaths, such especially as are required by secret societies;

He should study to know himself and maintain contentment, patience, meekness and purity.

He should serve God, by diligently reading and studying his word;

By worshipping him in secret and daily in the family;

By making conscience of keeping the Sabbath holy to the Lord;

And by attending with all diligence and piety on the sacrament and the Lord's Supper.

He should also faithfully discharge all the *relative* duties of life. And all this should be assayed in dependence on the grace of God; and acceptance sought through the mediation of Christ.

The Oregon basis met with a unanimous disapproval. The main question at issue was as to Covenanting, the Associate Synod contending that it should be specified in the testimony, the Associate Reformed Synod objecting. The latter contended that there was no occasion for Covenanting, besides it might be left to each member's conscience, without it being made a doctrinal point.

During the delivery of the speeches, the Synod adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

After the Synod had been re-opened, the calling the roll was continued, which occupied the attention of the Church until three o'clock, when

Dr. BEVERIDGE suggested the question be put whether the Synod concur in the Oregon basis for union proposed by the A. R. Presbyterian Synod, and then refer the matter to a Committee, and moved the following:

Whereas, The brethren of the General Synod of the Reformed Synod have rejected the basis of union proposed to them by this Synod, and have agreed upon the Oregon Basis,

Resolved, That this Synod do not agree on said proposal. Carried unanimously.

It was moved, seconded, and adopted that the matter be referred to a Committee, who shall report on Monday.

Dr. Wilson Dr. Rodgers, and Dr. Beveridge were appointed the special committee.

On motion adjourned until Monday at nine o'clock.

ASSOCIATE REFORMED SYNOD—3RD DAY

FRIDAY, May 20.

Synod opened with prayer by the Moderator. Minutes read and approved.

The Committee on Overtures reported on the Union in Oregon.

The address (published in Saturday's paper,) to the Associate Presbyterian Synod was then presented.

On motion, Resolved, That Drs. Pressley, Claybaugh and David Macdill be a committee to present the action of the Synod on union to the Associate Synod, and to make all necessary arrangements for the contemplated conference.

The Committee on Revision reported the minutes of the 11th and 12th General Synods, as engrossed, to be approved.

The Committee on the Report of James Pinkerton, Agent of the Synod to secure a bequest left by Wm. Smith, of Indiana, dec'd, reported that Mr. Pinkerton be directed to take such legal action as he may find necessary to collect the claim of Synod.

The report was adopted.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Committee to count the votes of the several Presbyteries on the various subjects overtured by last Synod, reported as follows:

On the *First Overture*, the following resolution:

Resolved, That Synod affirm that the right of voting for pastors is now extended to all *communing* members in the A. R. Church.

On the *Second Overture* the following:

Resolved, That in accordance with the vote of the Presbyteries, the extension of the privileges of voting in temporalities of Church to pew holders and supporters, be left discretionary with the Sessions.

On the *Third Overture*, as follows:

Resolved, That in accordance with a vote of the Presbyteries, the ratio of representation in General Synod be unchanged.

The report was adopted.

The following resolution, presented by Messrs. Findley and D. R. Kerr, was adopted:

Resolved, That a Committee of three be appointed to bring in a report on the state of religion.

The following preamble and resolutions were overtured to the various Presbyteries for decision—aye or nay.

Whereas, In the resolutions of 1839, fixing the powers of the General Synod, it was resolved that in all matters overtured to the Presbyteries the General Synod shall be governed in their decisions by a majority of the entire vote of the whole Church, thus obtained, and whereas, it is believed that this law did not contemplate matters affecting the constitution and standards of the Church; and whereas, said constitution should not be altered, but with such a decided majority as to give assurance of its harmonious practical adoption throughout the Church, therefore,

Resolved, That any matter affecting the constitution of the Church, shall not be sent down in overture to the Presbyteries but by a vote of two-thirds of the General Synod; and that such overture to alter the constitution shall not be adopted but by a vote of three-fourths of the whole Church thus obtained.

Synod adjourned.

FOURTH DAY.

SATURDAY, May 21.

The Synod was opened with prayer—roll called, and minutes read and approved.

A resolution was adopted, that the Synod should enter into Devotional Exercises, as it was understood that the brethren of the A. R. Church were at that time engaged in deliberating upon the proposed union.

After an hour spent in religious exercises, the Committee to revise the Psalmody reported at some length. Report adopted.

The action of the Rev. W. T. Findley in organising the congregation of Chicago, was approved.

The Committee on Overtures on the subject of securing persons to prepare themselves to labor in the foreign field, and in regard to Cairo, in Egypt, being occupied by a part of our present missionary force, presented the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Board of Agency be authorized to secure one or more suitable persons who shall be engaged in preparing themselves to labor in the aforesaid field.

A second resolution being under consideration, the clerk proceeded to read a communication from our missionary, Dr. Paulding, on the propriety of establishing a mission at Cairo, Egypt, and of his being sent from Damascus to occupy that field.

While the reading was progressing, the hour of adjournment arrived.

Closed with prayer.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Synod re-assembled at 2 o'clock, but adjourned without having transacted any business of importance.

"The Dispatch received its copy from a friend, without any restrictions as to its use—and was informed that *numerous* copies of the first sheet of the pamphlet were sold before its final issue. This, Mr. Schoyer, of the Gazette, (who was interested as a partner in the pamphlet edition,) informed us himself, and for further information on it, we would refer to Mr. John Morrison, of Allegheny City, and those others who were present when copies were sold to him."

We take the above from the *Dispatch* of Saturday morning, relative to the publication of the evidence before the Auditors as to the scrip deficiency. In reply, we have only to say, that at the time the copy was given to Mr. Morrison, it was understood that it was not to be given to any of the newspapers.

At the time of the erasures by Mr. Woods the attorney for the Auditors, the gentlemen whose names were erased, purchased the first thousand sheets, containing the error, with the understanding that they were all to be immediately destroyed, and we are assured that they were destroyed.

These were the only copies given out to the best of our knowledge.

☞Some difference of opinion having arisen in regard to the person whose duty it is to pay inspection fees; we have been requested to copy the following from the Acts of Assembly.

INSPECTION LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—SECTION 46th.—The inspectors of flour aforesaid, are hereby authorized to demand and receive payment of the fees of inspection from the owner of the flour, meal; his agent or factor, or other person in possession of the said flour or meal at the time of inspection; and the said owner, agent, factor or other person in possession of the said flour meal, shall pay to the said inspector, the full amount of the fees due and owing for the said inspection.

SECTION, 47TH.—The owner, his agent or factor, or the person so paying the fees of inspection, is hereby authorized to demand and receive the said fees from the persons purchasing from the owner, his agent or factor, or other person in possession of the flour meal, so inspected; and the said fees of inspection so paid, shall be a charge on the sale of the said flour meal, by the owner, his agent or factors, or other persons in possession after its inspection, distinct and separate from the price agreed on for the said flour.

TRIAL LIST.—The following is the trial list in the District Court for the week commencing Monday, May 23d.

BEFORE JUDGE SHANNON.

408. Hopkins' adm'rs vs. Reed et al.
415. Reiter vs. Geis.
416. Bell vs. Reilley.
423. McQuiston vs. McTighe.
429. Dirm. & Brownsv. T. R. Co. vs. Gregg, O. O.
430. Same vs. Gregg J.
473. Gribben vs. Semple, Bissell & Co.
474. Conway vs. Same.
484. Turner vs. Turner's Ex'rs.
485. Negley vs. McCombs.
488. Weyland et ux. vs. Kaufman et al.
236. McCandless vs. Williams.
338. McDonald vs. Dunbar et al.
350. Gray's adm'rs vs. Simpson.
358. Dunlap vs. Wallingford.
211. Forrester, vs. Smith.
245. Irwin et ux. vs. Wickersham.
263. Warner & Co., vs. Hoyt et al.
264. Same vs. Same.
351. Same vs. Same.
269. Hawkins' adm'rs vs. Chambers.
332. Hays vs. Hays.
344. Evans' heirs vs. Fulton et al.
355. Com'th of Pa., use vs. Lackey's adm'rs, &c.
424. Richbaum vs. Blackburn.
521. Goldsteen & Bro. vs. Waugenheim & Bro
536. Beeson vs. Patterson.
541. Myers vs. McKibben.
555. Palmer vs. Miller.
562. McKee vs. Miller.
560. Redpath et ux. vs. Allegheny City.
561. McFurk vs. McCurdy et al.
567. O'Connor & Co. vs. Livingstons.
568. Geyer vs. Christman.
569. Lane vs. Stewart et al.
571. Gibson vs. Poor.

RETURNED.—Our friend, D. C. O'Neil, reporter for the Dispatch, returned to his post, on Saturday, with a wife, after an absence of about three months, on a trip to Ireland.

CONFESSION.—John Coates, who was committed a few days ago, for further hearing on Saturday, by Mayor Riddle, on a charge of larceny, preferred by Alexander Ritchie, confessed to High Constable Hague that he was guilty of stealing the pocket book, which contained $53, and stated that it was then hid at the Bull's Head tavern. The book was found, containing only $27. He was finally committed.

FIRE.—On Saturday night, about 10 o'clock, a fire broke out in the packing room of the Glass Factory of Adams, Roseman & Co., on Ross, between First and Water streets. The building was partially destroyed, but as the fire was soon checked, the amount of injury done was not very extensive.

LARCENY.—Mayor Parke committed John Johns to jail, on Saturday, for stealing a sum of money from a small boy. Ten dollars of the money only were recovered.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PHILADELPHIA, May 21.

The new school Presbyterian Assembly at Buffalo is not in session to-day, having adjourned over till Monday morning. The old school assembly is in session to-day, and is occupied in receiving reports and appointing committees.—There has been a debate to-day as to the number of the Committee on Theological Seminaries. Doctor Murray moved to increase the number of the committee, at the discretion of the moderator, by the addition of names of commissioners from sections not now represented in the committee. Mr. Baird, of Arkansas, urged that the West should not be slighted; they had need of Seminaries in the West; he protested against any arrangements which would deprive the West of its rights. Finally, a motion to add one from each Synod was lost. Judge Fine, from the Buffalo Synod, withdrew his name, and moved that in the case of the Synod from Pittsburgh, which had also two representatives, one be stricken from the committee, which was adopted. There was some other unimportant business transacted, and then the Assembly adjourned till Monday.

NEW YORK, May 21.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune says, that the contract with Charles G. Mather to carry the mail between Louisville and New Orleans, for an amount of nearly half a million, had been secretly completed when Mr. Glover started for the West.

Mr. Wm. M. Correy of Ohio, will probably be appointed Consul at Constantinople.

The Baltimore and Connellsville bill has not become a law; a despatch from Annapolis, says that the bill passed the House unanimously, with an amendment requiring the vote of the people; it consequently requires further action of the House; it has meanwhile been referred to the Baltimore delegation.

NEW-ORLEANS, May 21.

The steamer United States, which arrived yesterday, brings San Francisco papers up to the 20th ult., and a number of passengers which had reached Panama by the Golden Gate, and have come through to New Orleans in 19 days. The state of health at the Isthmus and at Aspinwall, is reported as being good. The steamer Crescent City sailed from Aspinwall for New York, on the evening of the 14th. The Georgia was about to leave it on the 15th. On her late passage to Panama, the Golden Gate came into collision with another steamer, supposed to be the Sierra Nevada. The Golden Gate was slightly injured, and as the other steamer kept on her course without interruption, it is supposed that her injury could not have been very great. There have only been two struggling California papers received.

BALTIMORE, May 21.

News from California reports business there as being dull, there being a further depression in all leading articles, and the prices of provisions declining. Flour is rather firmer; stocks are heavy and little prospects of any improvement. The mining intelligence is favorable and the agricultural prospects are flattering.

In the Senate, on the 27th ult., the water front extension bill has been indefinitely postponed by a casting vote of the Lieutenant Governor.

The Legislature was to adjourn on the 12th of May.

The Banking house of Page & Bacon has been robbed of $3,000.

WASHINGTON, May 21.

The jury in the Gardiner case are still out without any prospect of agreeing upon a verdict. The Court has adjourned till Monday.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Cotton unchanged—Flour: 5000 bbls State $4,43@4,60; Ohio $4,60 @4.87 heavy; 600 bbls Southern, $4.87@5,25, easier. Wheat; 5,200 bu Genesee $1.30, steady; corn, 35,000 bu, mixed, 72; white, 74; sale demand. Whiskey: 450 bbls Ohio 22½@23. Provisions: sales 250 bbls mess pork 16.87, prime $18@13.12 easier; 200 bbls mess beef at $13, dull; 200 bbls shoulders, 6½; hams 9½; 1250 lbs lard, in bbls, 9½@10. Rice: 100 tierces $3.56@4,62, heavy. Tallow: 1200 lbs, 9½.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday Evening May 21st.—Cotton unchanged; flour dull; 500 bbls mixed brands $4.50@5.00; extra family $5.25. Wheat; 500 bushels prime Pennsylvania red $1—8000 bu Rye, 63 decline; Corn active demand, 3000 bu southern yellow, 64 afloat; there is a small business doing in groceries and provisions; Sugar, Porto Rico 5@6—on time.

CINCINNATI, May 21.—The river has fallen six inches; the weather is cool and pleasant. Flour is quiet, but prices unchanged; common brands $3,70a3,75. Whiskey 18½; there is an increasing demand for provisions, and more firmness in every article; bulk meat 5½; bacon; shoulders and sides 6 7/8; mess pork, shoulders and sides $15; lard, firm at 9½, in bbls, and 10 in kegs. There is nothing of interest in the market, in regard to other articles.

MOBILE, Saturday, May 21st.

Sales for the week: Cotton receipts for the week, 7000 bales; 1100 export, 1600 stock; 3600 middling Mobile, 9½.

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"Have we a Literary Depot among us?"

THOSE who wish to have this question answered correctly, should call at H. P. CALLOW'S Third street, opposite the Post Office. He has received fresh supplies of—

"My Story," by Bulwer;
My Home in Tasmania, or Nine Years in Australia: Villette, by the author of Jane Eyre;
Wyvern Mysteries, by the author of the American Stage;
Key to Uncle Tom's Cabin:
Agnes Sorrel, by G. P. R. James;
Popular Educator: History of the Crusades;
Glaire Rencontre, by Fanny Forrester;
Ladies' Guide, or Skillful Housewife;
Miss Gilbert's Career Across the Continent;
Bishop Otter, by Archdeacon Churton;
Michigan No. 2, Wall, Wellerville.
Beaver Meadow, Beaver.
Messenger No. 2, Kitchelder, Cincinnati.
Backeye Girls, Beilsbower, Cincinnati.
Ben Cleve, Cleveland, Perrville.
Return, St. Joe, Louisville.
Golden Rule, Bissell, St. Louis.

STEAMBOAT PACKET LIST.

BROWNSVILLE, 8 A. M., and 6 P. M.
WEST NEWTON, 8 A. M., and 4 P. M.

The Eliza Barker leaves for Steubenville every afternoon at dusk by her mark, and sailing.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

ST. LOUIS, By Hetzel.—179 bales bur rotton. 4 Coll'wtsom: 5 bxs drugs, 1 do starch, 1 do barley, 24 bbls A & Wood; 6 do sarsaparilla, Lyon & co; 50 bales hemp, 2 do wool, 1 do shot, 1 do bacon, 1 do tobacco, 1 do bbl, 1 do dried fruit; 133 bbls rosin, 2 do linseed oil, 1 do lard oil, 1 do pepper, 1 do pearlash, 15 do saleratus, 1 do indigo, 1 do cream tartar; 1 do wax, 2 do bales cotton; 30 bbls whiskey, Bryce & co; 1 do do, Hetzel & co; 1 do do, Hetzel & Bro; 7 bbls dry apples, 1 do dry peaches; 12 do potatoes, 11 pkgs sundries, 1 do mdse. Received 210 tons way freight.

WHEELING, By Hetzel.—Ira. W. Johnston: 6 bbls sugar, Stephen; 3 demijohns, Edwards & co; 2 bbls whiskey, Dalzell, Wilmarth & co; 1 bx mds, 6 kegs lard, Miller & Richardson; 1 bx do, Hetzel & Bro; 1 bx do, 6 pkgs, Peil & Liggett; 15 do, 82 do, Lyon & Parke; Asama & Barnes 150 do, McBride & Hay; 600 do, J L Shaw; 6 stoves, Ehrg & co; 3 do Livingston & co; 3 pkgs, E Heaze too.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE }
Monday Morn ng, May 23, 1853. }

Business was remarkably dull on Saturday, as it usually is at the close of the week.

FLOUR—the amount of flour offered was in small lots, and prices took another step downwards; sales reported of 30 bbls a. f. at $4,00; 23 do. s. f. and extra at $3.56@$3,75; 20 do. s. f. at $3,62; 45 do extra at $3,75; and 60 do. s. f. and extra at $3,00@$3,70.

GRAIN—no large lots of grain were offered on Saturday, except a lot of Barley from St. Louis, which did not, we believe, find a purchaser, as quote from first hands Oats 37½, Corn 50, Rye 56@60, Wheat 80@85, and Barley nominally at 70, but no purchases making at that rate.

BACON—there is a continued good demand for Bacon at quoted rates; sales to the country of 4000 and 2000 lbs. Should'ders at 6¼@6¾; 3300 lbs. shoulders and Hams at 6¾@8¾; 5000 lbs. do. do. at 6¾@8¾; 3,000 lbs. Sides at 8; 3000 lbs Hams at 9¾@10, and 4 tierces Sugar-cured Hams at 11½; to city trade sales of 12,000 lbs. Shoulders at 6¾@6¾, and 5,000 lbs. shoulders at 6, cash

FISH—sales of 15 bbls. Lake fish at $3 for Shad and $2,50 for White fish; steady sales of Baltimore dry-salted Herring at $6,50@$6,75; Baltimore Shads at $12.; Halifax Herring, pickled, $6.00, and Mackerel No. 3, large, at $11,00@$11.25.

POTATOES—there is no demand from first hands, and lots forced on the market would not bring over 25@30c from store sales of 150 bus. Garnet potatoes at 40.

EGGS—sales from store of 5 and 2 bbls. at 8 cts. per doz.

SUGAR—we note a sale of 7 hhds. at 5¾@5¾—the outside figure for extra prime; and by the single hhd. at 6@ 6¾ for fair to prime.

MOLASSES—sales of 30 bbls cak cooperage, at 35, four mos; by the single bbl. at 30@32.

HEMP—a sale of 10 tons at $122, 50 ₰ ton.

WHISKEY—sales of 45 bbls. rectified at 20@21.

LARD—sales of 5 bbls. No. 1, at 9¾.

BRICK—sales of 8,000 Hollow fire brick, common, at $23.

HAY—sales at scales of 12 loads at $13 to $12 ₰ ton

SODA ASH—sales of 15 casks domestic at 3½; imported, 3¾.

CHEESE—we note steady sales of new Western Reserve cheese at 8@9, for small and large.

BUTTER—in but little demand; sales of prime roll at 12.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

The principal feature which distinguishes the new Banking law of Louisiana from those of the other States, is that which requires the banker to keep on hand one dollar in specie for every three dollars of liabilities, exclusive of circulation. They are also to submit to four annual examinations by a competent and reliable accountant, one of which cannot fail to reveal your utmost expectations, and I shall be happy to forward to you a bottle of it free of charge, in answer to a letter intimating your readiness to accept it.

It is now scarcely one year since I have prepared and distributed my SCHEIDAM GIN entirely for medicinal purposes, and within that brief period, I have received numerous letters, both from physicians and others, testifying to its really extraordinary efficacy in Gravel, Inflammation of the Kidneys and Bladder, Dropsy, and a sedative of the kidneys and Bladder, Dropsy, and a sedative of the kidneys and Bladder, Dropsy, and a sedative of the