HOME MATTERS.

ORPHAN'S COURT.—On Saturday Judge McClure held a Court for the transaction of Orphan's Court business:

Judge McClure read his opinions on the various arguments before him a week or two since, among others his decision on the petition presented by the County Solicitors on last Saturday in relation to the appointment of a Keeper of vagrants. The charge is too long for publication, and we are compelled to present our readers with a summary of it:

The petition asks this court to "nominate and appoint some capable, discreet, and prudent person to be the keeper of the jail or workhouse, as provided by law," and sets forth the act of assembly of 1705, and two sections of the act of 1767. The petition makes no reference to acts passed since, through a period of 81 years, although acts vital, and to the point here have been enacted since 1767.

The act of 1705, says (1 Smith's Laws, p 56,) "and the respective prisons shall be workhouses, until others are provided for felons, thieves, vagrants and loose and idle persons, whereof one shall be in each county of this province.

By the act of 22nd February, 1718, the Quarter Sessions (as it was then organized) was empowered to make orders for building workhouses in Eastern counties, and in Sec. 2nd it was enacted that a workhouse should be built within three years, after the 25th of March 1718, one in the city of Philadelphia, one in Chester, and the other in Bristol.

On February 21st 1767,—"upon conviction Justices of the Peace may commit idle and disorderly persons to the workhouse of the said county, if such there be; otherwise to the common jail of the county, there to be kept at hard labor, by the keeper of such workhouse or jail, for any time not exceeding one month.

Sec. 2,—"On conviction, the justice shall commit to the workhouse or jail of the county there to be kept at hard labor during the term aforesaid.

Sec. 5. That the said Justices in their General Quarter Sessions, shall, as there may be occasion, nominate and appoint some capable, discreet and prudent person to be the keeper of such "*workhouse*".

Mark you, not jail, but *workhouse*. Now, if the petitioners had looked at Sec. 4, of the Act they rely on, they would find that that section enacts that upon the presentment of any Grand Jury, at any Quarter Sessions, that there is no workhouse, and it shall be for the benefit of the County, or common good to erect one, if the Justices of the Court shall approve of the same, the Commissioners and Assessors of the County, if they unite in judgment with the Justices and the Grand Jury, shall have full power and authority to build, erect, add to, or enlarge a convenient *workhouse*, and to purchase a lot or lots for the building of such house on, and for defraying the expense, charge, and cost thereon, may assess and levy on all estates, real and personal, &c., in the County.

The Act of 1705, and the 1st and 24 sections of the act of 1767, say nothing about the "keeper" of a workhouse being appointed by the Court. Sec. 4, of the act 1767, provides for the erection of workhouses, and section 5, of the same act, provided for the appointment of a 'keeper,' after the workhouse is built, and not before it was built. If the Sheriff is not keeper under the act of 1705, and under the 1st and 24 sections of the act of 1767, then there are no keepers of jails and prisons, and never were any.

The acts referred to were passed before the old Constitution of Pennsylvania, and were passed for the province, and not for the Commonwealth.

The petition made no allusion to an act passed in 1807, April the 4th, which directs the Jailor furnish the commissioners with a list of prisoners, under sentence of servitude, and if the commissioners shall refuse or neglect to provide sufficient articles and materials of labor and manufacture, and the commissioners, or any of them, so neglecting or refusing, shall pay one hundred dollars, and if there be sufficient room in or about the common jail for this purpose, with the approbation of the Court and Grand Jury, they are empowered to lease ground, and erect suitable buildings for that purpose.

This act, which has been entirely overlooked by Court and Counsel, prescribes in plain terms, first, That when a prison is used as a workhouse the Commissioners shall furnish the articles and materials, of labor and manufacture, under a heavy penalty. Second, the Jailor of the prison is the keeper. (Lec. sec. 4, 5, 6,) for he is so called.

Manufacture implies and presupposes machinery, but the venerable statute leaves us in the dark as to how the machinery is to get there, unless furnished by the Commissioners.

The Jailor of a prison is appointed by the Sheriff, the keeper of a workhouse is appointed by the Court; Allegheny county has a prison, it has no workhouse, therefore the Court does not appoint.

The fact of the matter is that County Sheriffs, Jailors and Commissioners, ceased to consider about authority and discretion in the premises, *after the establishment of Penitentiaries*, where *felons* are confined.

All previous acts were repealed by the act of 15th April, 1834, section 9 of which declares that all property on which court houses, jails, prisons and work houses are erected, shall be vested in the respective counties for the use of the people thereof, and for no other use. Section 10 declares that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, having obtained the recommendation of two successive Grand Juries, and of the Court of Quarter Sessions, to erect a workhouse, and if need be, to purchase ground for the erection of such building. In section 11, it is declared that the Commissioners can, with the approbation and consent of the Court of Quarter Sessions and of the Grand Jury, alter, add to, or enlarge such public building.

The act of 1834 repeals the acts of 1705, 1707, 1767, and 1807, from which last act this one was evidently drawn and framed by the Legislature. The judicial organization of this State was different before from what it has been since the adoption of the Constitution, three years after the Declaration of Independence. In Pennsylvania, if the object to which a statute was intended to apply no longer exists, then *non user* does repeal it. Commodwealth vs. Hoever; 1 Bennet's Appendix, p. 28.

What would common sense suggest if the law was doubtful, which it is not?

Judge M'Clure stated that the office of Sheriff was once judicial. He gives heavy bail, his power is great, and his responsibility is enormous. He is responsible for the safety of his prisoners. Nothing but an act of God or of the public enemy can serve as an excuse for an escape. Considering this responsibility, surely it is reasonable that the Sheriff should appoint his own agents and not have those clothed with authority in and about the prison in nowise responsible to him; perhaps strangers, or hostile, whose acts he cannot control, and by whose acts he may suffer.

So soon as a workhouse is built and workmaterial and material furnished, the Court will appoint a keeper, but as matters now are, these Israelites in bondage cannot make bricks without straw.

This Court has brought before five different Grand Juries (in charges written and oral) the necessity of the erection of a workhouse in Allegheny County, and Grand Juries have uniformly recommended it on their presentment, whenever this subject was noticed by them, except the Grand Jury at October term 1852, which recommended a chain gang. No workhouse has been built.

There is no doubt but that section of the act of 1834 relative to the building of a workhouse is imperative upon the Commissioners. Where the statute directs the doing of a thing for the sake of justice the word *may* means *shall*, and when a statute says, a thing "may" be done or "it shall be lawful," which is for the *public benefit*, it shall be construed that it *must* be done. The act is as specific in relation to the erection of a workhouse as it is to a Court-house or a prison.

Allegheny County should have had a workhouse long ago.

From a careful perusal of the Acts of Assembly, from 1705 until the present day, the Judge stated that the following propositions were manifest:

First. That a "prison" is not a "work-house," unless used for the double purpose of "a prison and a work-house."

Second. That since the establishment of Penitentiaries this has fallen into disuse.

Third. That sections one and two of the act of 1767, referred to in the petition, plainly indicates the jailor as keeper, where a prison is used as a work-house.

Fourth. That section four of act to 1767, (which is unconstitutionally omitted in the petition) plainly prescribes that a workhouse, as a separate building, shall be built before the Court appoint a keeper.

Fifth. The whole stream of legislation on this subject plainly indicates the jailor as the keeper where the prison is used as a workhouse. Section six of act of, 1847 is plain and so are other acts.

Sixth. The prison is under the control of the Sheriff, and so absolute and unconditional is this, that if a Coroner, under process of law, confines a Sheriff in the county jail or prison, he is guilty of an escape.

Seventh. Where the law casts upon an individual an enormous responsibility, it clothes him with power commensurate with that risk and responsibility.

Tenth. No law contemplates or connives at Courts appointing keepers where jails are used as workhouses.

Eleventh. No law enacts or designedly intends that any Court shall appoint a keeper of a workhouse until that workhouse is erected, as a separate tenement.

Twelfth. The act of 1834 is complete in itself.

Thirteenth. This petition is exceedingly defective in sins of omission. The Court has no doubt that if the learned counsel for the petitioners had perused *all* the Acts of Assembly on the subject, the petition would have never been presented.

Petition dismissed, at the cost of petitioners.

DISTRICT COURT.—On Saturday the District Court was engaged on the argument list.

The following is the trial list for this week, before Judges Shannon and Williams.

List No. 280. Murphy et als vs. Redpath's exs.
283. Miller et al vs. same.
510. Weeks vs. Miller.
339. Del. M. I. Co. vs. Forsyth & Co.
340. Calhoun use vs. Del. M. I. Co.
258. McKee vs. Irwin et al.
254. McVay vs Mathews et al.
276. Perry et als vs. Miller.
313. Rahm vs. Irwin.
425. Lewis vs. King et al.
455. King vs. O. & P. R. R. Co.
456. Same vs. same.
457. Same vs. same.
512. Westn. Ins. Co. vs. McCleary.
514. Hill vs. Dodds et al.
516. Shackelford vs. Morrison.
522. Blackburn & Co. vs Townsend et ala.
523. Scott vs. McClelland.
527. Corbett vs. Brown
528. Fawkes vs. same.
530. Quass vs. Yeager.
534. Townsend vs. Hamnett.
540. Butz et ux vs. Guizwiller.
544. Smith vs. Neil.
549. Digby vs. Martin.
555. Shope vs. Smith.
559. Ebbs vs. Chambers.
563. Hill & Co. vs. Warner et ale.
569. Same vs. Stewart et ala.

JUDGE M'CLURE decided on Saturday, that the Sheriff and Jailor have the power to discharge prisoners confined in default of a fine under $15, at the expiration of thirty days, on a remission of the fine by the committing magistrate, the county paying the costs, without appealing to Court.

COMMON PLEAS.—To-day, the Court of Common Pleas will sit for the transaction of business.

A motion was made in Select Council, but was withdrawn, until the next meeting, asking Council to raise the salary of the City Solicitor to $600, as the present salary was totally inadequate to the services.

VERDICTS.—In the case of Yeager vs. Quass, the jury found the amount of judgment ($333) for plaintiff.

The jury returned a verdict of $115 55 for plaintiff, in the case of Job vs. Stiker & Herlep.

THEATRE.—The beautiful historical romance of Ivanhoe, dramatised from Scott's great novel, will be played to-night, together with the fine drama of Will Watch. The plays are both excellent, and should ensure a full and fashionable house.

POLICE NEWS.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—A woman named Jane P. Baum, laid an information before Alderman Parkinson, yesterday, against a man named James Carr, accusing him with having kicked her in the stomach and choking her. A warrant was issued for James Carr.

TIPPLING HOUSE.—On oath of Jacob Pentz a woman named Mitchell was arrested and committed to jail, by Alderman Parkinson, for keeping a tippling house in the 6th Ward.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.—Another information was laid by Jane P. Baum of assault and battery against William Cadaman and James Carr, before Alderman Parkinson. Warrants were issued for their arrest.

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE.

JOSEPH C. FOSTER.....LESSEE AND MANAGER
J. P. BREELSFORD.....STAGE MANAGER

☞ Doors Open at 6½ o'clock: Performance commence at 7 o'clock.

PRICE OF ADMISSION:

Box	50 cents.
Second Seats	75
Private Box	$1,00
Second Tier	25

☞ Seats may be secured at the Box Office, during the day, without extra charge.

☞ Second night of the beautiful historical Drama of IVANHOE!

THIS EVENING, February 14th, will be acted the grand Historical Romance, founded on the most popular of all Sir Walter Scott's works, entitled

IVANHOE:
Or, The Knight of the Lion Heart!

Ivanhoe (the disinherited).....Mr. C. Foster
Isaac (the Jew of York).....Mr. Breelsford
Rebecca (the Jewess).....Mrs. Hiller
Rigiva.....Miss Wheeler
Friar Tuck.....Mr. Hiller
Pas de Deux.....Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert
Pas de Deux, Miss Waldegrave and Mr. Wood
To conclude with the Drama of
WILL WATCH.
Will Watch.....Mr. C. Foster
Mary.....Mrs. Hiller

☞ In active preparation—an original Drama of great interest, entitled,
THE GREEK SLAVE; or, THE SPECTRE GAMBLER.

GRAND ITALIAN EXHIBITION!

JUST ARRIVED, AND WILL OPEN FOR A SHORT TIME, AT THE

PHILO HALL.

RENE'S magnificent MIRROR OF THE ARTS, BIBLE, or Antediluvian World, commencing with the beautiful scenes of Chaos, from Martin's designs, the great historical painter of Europe, followed by the grand and picturesque scene of the Garden of Eden, or Paradise; the Temptation; the Expulsion; the Ark; the Flood; the Deluge; in Dry Facsimile Views.

Doors open at 6½ o'clock; curtain rises at 7¼ o'clock. ADMISSION 25 cents.

N. B.—On Wednesday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock, will commence afternoon exhibitions for families and schools. A liberal discount will be made to schools to these exhibitions. feb

In the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, No. 8, December Term, 1847.

IN the matter of estate of JAS. MORTON, deceased; and now, to wit—January 11, 1853, on motion of D. Heabronsk, Esq., the Court appoint David Reed, Esq., auditor to distribute the proceeds of the personal estate in the hands of the administrators.

From the Record. JARED M. BRUSH, Clerk.

The auditor above named will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Fewtsr & Reed, No. 105 Fifth street, in the City of Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of March, at 10 o'clock A. M.

feb14w4t DAVID REED, Auditor.

In the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, No. 62, June Term, 1852.

IN the matter of the sale of the real estate of JAMES MORTON, deceased—and now, to wit: January 17, 1853, the Court appoint D. vid Reed, Esq., auditor to ascertain the amount of liens or incumbrances on the real estate of the said decedent affecting the interests of the parties and to report the same to this Court.

From the Record. JARED M. BRUSH, Clerk.

The auditor above named will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Fewtsr & Reed, No. 105 Fifth street, in the City of Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of March, 1853, at 10 o'clock A. M.

feb14w4t DAVID REED, Auditor.

Administrator's Notice.

WHEREAS Letters of Administration to the Estate of JOHN WALKER, late of Allegheny County, deceased, have been granted (this 14th February 1853) to the subscribers. All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate of the said decedent, will present them properly authenticated for settlement, to either of the subscribers.

LEVI MATTHAWS,
J. SEATON WALKER.
Administrators.

feb15d4w6t

THOMAS LITTLE, SR. THOMAS LITTLE, JR.
(Late of firm Robison, Little & Co.)

T. LITTLE & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
PRODUCE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND DEALERS IN
PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURES,
No. 112 SECOND STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

ja19:y52

Valuable Iron Works at Private Sale.

THE subscribers offer at private sale their Iron Works at New Castle, Lawrence County, PA. Comprising a large Rolling Mill, Refinery, large Nail Factory, Spike Factory, Keg Factory, and all necessary out-buildings.

Allowance Dwelling Houses; 40 Building Lots, and one-fourth of the Water Power of the Shenango and Neshannock Rivers. The Rolling Mill and Nail Factory are driven by two good Steam Engines, and the balance of the machinery by Water Power.

A large part of the machinery is nearly new, combining all the latest improvements, and is now in good running order.

The Rolling Mill is capable of making all of the iron required for the Nail Factory; and, also, 50 tons of merchant Bar iron weekly.

The Nail Factory contains the necessary machinery for making 1,000 kegs of Nails weekly. Boats load and unload at the works, thus saving all freight.

With the above, we offer the "Fremont Furnace," near New Wilmington; being about eight miles from the Works. It is one of the best built furnaces in Western Pennsylvania, located in a good section of country for ore, charcoal and stone coal. The furnace has been built about four years, and has always made iron of a good quality. It has a good Cast Iron Blast driven by a Steam Engine.

The Iron Works having been in operation for the last ten years, its manufacture of Iron and Nails now have an excellent reputation, and always command the highest market price.

The above property is worthy the attention of persons wishing to engage in the Iron Business; possessing many advantages seldom to be met with. Its manufactures reach the Lake by way of the Erie Extension Canal, and the Ohio Cut and Ohio Canals. The Pittsburgh and Erie and Cleveland and Mahoning Railroads now being located will pass near the Works.

There are 25 Blast Furnaces within 20 miles which always afford a supply of Pig Iron one or two dollars per ton cheaper than the Pittsburgh market price for like quality.

For further particulars, enquire of
A. L. CRAWFORD,
President of the Comet Iron Co.

New Castle, January 11, 1853. decd1mawlm*8

FEATHERS and FLAXSEED—9 bags Feathers: 16 do. Flaxseed; now landing from steamer Twin City; for sale by [1125] ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

Opthalmic Diseases.

DR. J. R. SPEER, in addition to the practice of the usual branches of his profession, devotes special attention to DISEASES OF THE EYE, and all operations necessary for their relief.

This notice is deemed necessary to correct an erroneous impression prevailing in some sections of the country, that he has relinquished his profession.

Office 101 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. [no22

JOHN S. DILWORTH.....JOSEPH DILWORTH

J. S. DILWORTH & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, Agents for sale of Kanawha Salt, Pittsburgh Manufactures, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. jan19:y52

BY TELEGRAPH.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.

SENATE.—Mr. Davis made a report in defence of the bill he introduced last week, proposing reciprocal fishing rights and privileges between American and British fishermen in the waters of both countries. Postponed.

The House bill regulating the fees to be allowed Clerks, Marshals, Attornies, Solicitors, Proctors, and others in the United States Court, passed, with various amendments.

The Senate then adjourned

HOUSE.—Mr. Gorman, fom the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill for the relief of Col. Fremont, appropriating $17,500 to relieve him from certain costs, damages, and bail in England. The money was obtained on four separate drafts which were not met at maturity, for the reason that there was no appropriation out of which to pay them. The funds were sent by Mr. Fremont in the then territory of California, for the support of government troops.

After some debate the bill passed, and the House adjourned.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE

HARRISBURGH, Feb. 12.

SENATE.—The House bill authorising Allegheny County to subscribe to the Steubenville Railroad, and the Senate bill authorising the East Liberty and Penn township Plank Road, to erect a gate when two miles are completed were severally passed. The House was not in session.

FROM MEXICO.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 12.

Dates are received from Mexico to the 25th.

After the election of Congress by Cevallos, 58 members assembled at a private house on the 21st, impeached Cevallos, and elected Osorio, Governor of Puebla, President *ad interim*. Osorio refused to accept.

The garrison of the city has pronounced in favor of the plan of Guadalajara. The Siglio says that the revolution is ended as the whole country is in favor of the plan of Guadalajara. Gen. Barce, Minister of war has sent a message to Arago urging his cabinet until his arrival.—The latter is marching forward.

It is reported Santa Anna is willing to recognise Cevallos and also the Congress, provided the latter will reform the constitution. Cevallos has issued a proclamation opening the ports of Mazatlan, San Blas, Tampico, Vera Cruz, and Camargo.

The steamer Albatross arrived at Vera Cruz. Great excitement ensued as the people supposed Santa Anna was one of the passengers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.

The President has nominated John Randolph Clay, envoy extraordinary, and Minister Plenipotentiary to Peru, and Theodore Fay, charge to the Swiss confederation.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 11.

The steamer Isabel, arrived to-day from Havana, whence she sailed on the 8th. Mr. King arrived at Havana on the 6th, in improved health.

An English man of war offered a salute which was declined.

The Cayenne departed on the 7th for Tortugas, and Pensacola.

At Havana the weather has been good since the 28th. There is an improved demand for sugar; good qualities have arrived more freely and commanded the highest figures. Molasses are higher.

The loss by the fire at Cardenas is estimated at fully one million of dollars.

At Key West numerous shipments are reported. The Key Lighthouse is progressing. Provisions scarce. A cargo of Butter has arrived. Groceries find ready sale.

FALL RIVER, MASS., Feb. 12.

Mr. Meagher arrived here last night. He was received with the greatest enthusiasm. He lectures here to-night.

STEAMER MEMPHIS SUNK.

MADISON, IND., Feb. 12.

The steamer Memphis ran into the bank about five miles above this city, this morning at half past two o'clock and sunk to the cabin floor.—Her cargo is a total loss. Her passengers and crew escaped.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.

The Franklin sailed for Havana at noon.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 12.

The Board of Directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad held a meeting to-day and resolved, to give the workmen the advance asked and acceded to all other demands. The majority of other proprietors of foundries &c have also acceded to the advance and the strike is over. The business will be resumed on Monday.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.

The majority for the Maine Liquor Law, in 100 towns in Vermont, is 5000.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—Sales 300 bus Clover, cleaned at $6,12. Flour, more doing; sales 1300 bbls mixed good brands for export at $5,25. Sales 100 straight at $5,31½; 3000 bbls fancy $5,56. Rye Flour and Corn Meal, nothing doing. Wheat, nothing doing; red $1,15@1,16; white $1,23; the last sale of Rye was 85. Corn in better demand. Sales 4000 bus Southern yellow at 62½ afloat, including some in arrival. Other quotations. Oats, no transactions. Whiskey demand limited, and sales small 24.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 12.—Cotton has declined ¼ to ½, but active, the sales being fully 15,000 bales middling 8¼@9. Sight Exchange on New York advanced from par to ¼ prem. Freights firm asking 3 farthings to Liverpool.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
Monday Morning, February 14, 1853.

The weather on Saturday was open but unpleasant.—Business was only tolerably active.

FLOUR—The market was active and prices were well sustained. Sales of 200 bbls, straight brands, $ f. and extra, at $4,62@$4,38; 200 bbls s. f. straight, at $4,25; 187 do. do at $4,37½ and 270 bbls s. f. and extra at $4,50@$4,28. Extra, sales of 50 bbls at $4,40, and 100 bbls s. f. from store at $4,40.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales of 20 sks, at $1,12, and 125 racks at $1,06.

ASHES—Sales of 6 casks domestic, at 5¼ ℔ ℔.

CORN—Sales of 200 bus at 44, on the wharf.

OATS—Sales of 200 bus at 34, and 150 do at 33, from first hands.

MOLASSES—The market continues firm. Sales of 75 bbls cypress at 32 and 40 do at same rate.

SUGAR—Sales of 10 hhds at 5¾, and 20 do do at 5¾; market firm.

CHEESE—Sales of 40 boxes W. R. at 9, for small and 10 for large.

BUTTER—Sales of 700 ℔s at 12½ for common and 15 for roll.

TIMOTHY SEED—Sales of 20 bbls at $2 for inferior, and $2,25 for good.

SALT PETRE—Sales of 50 bags at 6¾—four mos.

FISH—Sales of 25 bbls, mackerel No. 3, Halifax inspection, at $9,25.

HAY—Sales of 63 loads, during the week, at $8 to $12 ⅌ ton.

CLOVER SEED—Some eastern purchasers were in market on Saturday, but we learned of no sales. Holders are firm.

BULK MEAT—The market is inactive, and buyers are holding off.

BACON—The market is quiet, and we continue to quote shoulders at 7 to 7¾, sides at 8¼@8¾, and hams at 10 to 10¾. Sales steady in small lots to the trade.

The Molasses Trade.

The New York Shipping List, of the 24 instant, contains a statement of the molasses trade of the United States from which we condense the following, not having sufficient space at our disposal to admit the summary.

The total receipts of foreign in the United States from January 1st to December 31st was as follows:

	1852.	1851.
Hhds	228,654	237,863
Tcs	16,256	18,251
Bbls	11,422	25,268

Stock at all the ports January 1st.

	1853.	1851.
Hhds	11,200	12,800
Tcs	337	310
Bbls	252	250

TOTAL SUPPLY.

	Hhds.	Tcs.	Bbls.
1852	239,204	16,593	11,674
1851	250,429	18,561	25,518

Stock on the 1st of January.

	Hhds.	Tcs.	Bbls.
1853	11,535	89	67
1852	11,200	337	252

After deducting the above stocks and shipments, inland to Canada, the total consumption of foreign in the United States appears to have been as follows:

	Hhds.	Tcs.	Bbls.	Total in gals.
1852	226,743	16,407	11,287	29,411,511
1851	236,923	18,193	25,027	33,238,278

Adding the crops of Louisiana, Florida, and Texas, most of which are taken for consumption during the respective years, and assuming the stocks on the first of January in each year to have been equal, the total consumption would be as follows:

	1852.	1851.
Domestic	48,460,000	50,719,740
Foreign	29,417,511	33,238,278
Total	48,257,511	43,948,018

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

STEAM BOAT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

THE RIVER—There was 8 feet 0 inches water in channel on Saturday evening, at dusk, by pier mark—about on a stand.

ARRIVED.

Jefferson, Parkinson, Brownsville.
Col. Bayard, Peebles, Elizabeth.
Lucerne, Bennett, Brownsville.
Thos Shriver, Bailey, West Newton.
Buckeye State, Belthoover, Cincinnati
Grand Prairie, Parson, Cincinnati
Michigan No. 2, Wolf, Wellsville.
Cincinnati, Kounts, Cincinnati.
Journal, Calhoun, Wheeling.
Allegheny, Barbolor, Cincinnati
Keystone State, Stone, Cincinnati.
Flag, Cincinnati.

DEPARTED.

Winchester, Moore, Wheeling.
Jefferson, Parkinson, Brownsville.
Col. Bayard, Peebles, Elizabeth
Lucerne, Bennett, Brownsville.
Honduras, Hill, West Newton.
Mayflower, Evenny, Cincinnati.
Michigan No. 2, Wolf, Wellsville.
Buckeye State, Belthoover, Cincinnati
Financier, Poe, Wheeling.
York State, Woodward, St. Louis.
Messenger No. 2, Kilgrefeler, Cincinnati

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

WHEELING—Diurnal.
BRIDGEPORT—Exchange.
NEW ORLEANS—Washington City.

BROWNSVILLE PACKET LINE.

BROWNSVILLE, 8 A. M. and 6 P. M
WEST NEWTON, 8 A. M., and 4 P. M.

The Exchange leaves to-day for Bridgeport; the Diurnal for Wheeling; and Washington City for New Orleans—all excellent boats.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

WHEELING, BY WINCHESTER—30 bbls flour, 3 bag polatoes, owner; 20 bbls flour, T R Hill; 20 bbls apples, 3 bbls cheese 3 do butter, 1 box do do, 1 box ham, 1 box tongues, Jas Allen; 4 bbls flour, Cummins & Sons; 54 sks wheat, Wilmarth & Co; 109 do do, Bryan & Co; 1 do do, Lyon & Co; 40 do do flour, S Lindsey; 1200 pcs bulk meat, Pa R R; 95 bbls pork, 24 do hams, Lemon & Co; 2 bxs hams, Graff & Co; 2 bxs tobacco, Jas Allen; 25 do do, J Shear; 7 bbls, 4 pks, sundries.

CINCINNATI, BY BUCKEYE STATE—5 bales wool, Spear & Co; 10 do do, Jas Allen; 5 bags feathers, 22 bbls do, 25 bbls beans, Pa R R; 5 kgs tobacco, J Wette & Co; 69 bbls pork, G Shaler; 20 bbls do, Lyon & Co; 20 bbls do, Miller & Ricketson; 100 do do, 100 do molasses, 12 bagels peanuts, Bagley & Co; 1 box do, Jas Allen; 1 box tobacco, T R Hill; 31 bbls beach, Brown & Kirkpatrick; 13 bbls grass, G & J H Shoenberger; 10 bbls beans, Shriver & Co; 25 bbls beans.

CINCINNATI, BY GRAND PRAIRIE—20 bbls sugar, 183 bbls molasses, W P Wilson; 92 hhds sugar, Palmer, Hays & Co; 18 bbls molasses, Lyon & Co; 1 do do, Bagley & Hoban; 218 bbls molasses, J Metcwitz; 114 hhds sugar, Hughes & Sons; 1 hhd, 1 bx, 10 bgs, 9 bbls, Pa R R; 2 bxs, J B Mittenberger.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

BY OHIO & PA. RAILROAD, Feb. 11—24 bbls clover seed, for New York; 80 bus wheat, Reynolds & Co; 1 car load Hogs, J Tomlinson; 235 pcs pork, 2 cks hams, 47 bus clover seed, Brown & Co; 1 do do, Fleming & Co; 1 do do, Lyon & Co; 25 bbls lard, J B Canfield; 3 sks scrap iron, 2 boxes Sahnstock & Co; 3 cars brewers, 65 bbls apples, 3 ℔s, one ... tobacco, 1 bbl do do, 174 bus beans, 1 bbl do do, 1 bbl eggs, 10 bbls pork, 7 calves, 11 bbls apples, 50 doz brooms, 92 bbls rye flour 12 bags, 4 sks feathers, 1 bags flour; 1 barrel matting, 1 bbl corn, 15 bus apples, 2 bags ... owner; 31 doz brooms, W M Gormley; 1 bbl apples, 1 bbl butter, J Watt & Co; 1 loads lumber, H Nixon; 30 bbls butter, Atkins & Evans, 1 bbl leather, Bryard & Son; 2 bbls apples, 1 do do, W Lyon; 2 bbls do do, 2 bbl potatoes, Lyon & Co; 2 sks feathers, 1 crate, 1 sk rags, 5 sks dried apples, J Dalzell; 6 bbls butter, for Philadelphia; 1 bbl do do, J Scullen; 1 bbl do do, Lyon & Co; 1 bbl clover seed, H A D Bohaven; 7 bbls rye flour, S Lindsey; 6 bags do, Newman & Robinson; 100 bbls paper, A A Marks; 10 bxs starch, Warner & Co.

STEAM BOATS.

FOR N. ORLEANS—The new and splendid light draught steamer WASHINGTON CITY, Capt. Gwin, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on SATURDAY, the 12th inst. at 6 o'clock, P. M. For freight or passage, apply on board. f12

FOR N. ORLEANS—The new and splendid steamer PAUL ANDERSON, Captain R. C. Cruger, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on SATURDAY, the 12th inst. at 4 o'clock, P. M. For freight or passage, apply on board. f12

FOR N. ORLEANS—The new and very superior steamer ATLANTIC, Hutchinson, master, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports, on SATURDAY, the 12th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to f12 JAMES HUTCHISON, Agent.

FOR NEW ORLEANS—The fine steamer MANCHESTER, Captain Bowman, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on SATURDAY, at 10 o'clock. For freight or passage apply on board. ja24

Regular Pittsburgh and Wheeling Passenger Packet.

THE swift running passenger packet WINDSOR, Capt. George D. Moore, will leave Pittsburgh for Wheeling every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10 o'clock A. M. and return the next day, leaving the wharf at Wheeling at 10 o'clock, A. M. for Pittsburgh. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.
W. M. GALLIGER, Agent.

Pittsburgh, Steubenville and Wheeling U. S. Mail Daily Packet Line.

THE new and splendid Passenger Packets, DELPHIA, Capt. Thomas D. Calhoun, and WINDSOR, Capt. A. H. Moore, The Pluralities Pittsburgh on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M.—Returning, leave Wheeling on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

The Winchester leaves Pittsburgh on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 10 o'clock, A. M.—Returning, leaves Wheeling on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

These magnificent steamers have been built expressly for this Trade, and for speed and accommodations are unsurpassed by any boats on the river.

These boats will receive freight for Parkersburg and all intermediate landings.

For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agt. f2 62 Water street.

Wheeling, Bridgeport and Sunfish Packet.

THE new and staunch steamer EXCHANGE, J. L. Roads, master, will run as a regular packet between Pittsburgh, Bridgeport and Wheeling, Bridgeport and Sunfish, leaving Pittsburgh, every Monday and Thursday of each week. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent. Water st.

The Exchange is an entirely new and speedy boat, of very light draught, excellent accommodations, splendidly finished and furnished, built expressly for this trade. f2d

FOR ZANESVILLE—The fine steamer JULIA DEAN, J. J. Bissing, master, leaves Pittsburgh every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and Zanesville, every FRIDAY at 8 o'clock A. M.

Shippers may rely upon the above regulations throughout the entire season.

For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
or JOHN FLACK, Agents.

feb2.

Twenty Dollars a Day!

BOOK AGENTS WANTED, to sell HAYWARD'S GAZETTEER OF THE UNITED STATES. Just published and now ready for canvassers. This work is invaluable to business men; gives a history of the settlement, general surface of the soil and state of agriculture, manufactures and population of every town in the United States, with valuable statistical tables, a new map of the United States, &c. &c.

An Agent wanted for this County. Apply immediately to HORACE WEYMOUTH,
No. 80 Washington street, Boston, Mass.

feb25w

SEEDS and IMPLEMENTS—Early Cabbage, Cauliflower, Radish, Lettuce, Cucumber, Egg Plant, and other seeds for hotbeds; Pruning Knives; Pruning Saws, with Chisels attached, on long handles; Corn and Cob Grinders; Corn Shellers; Corn Planters; Seed Drills; Cutters, suitable for hay or corn stalks, one of the most complete and useful in the country; Vegetable Root Cutters; Cultivators and Hoes; Patent Steel Teeth Plows, (Hall and Speers' approved patterns,) and a great variety of labor-saving implements. Almost Spades and Shovels, Hoes, Forks, &c. &c.

Orders from merchants or dealers will be filled promptly on liberal terms, from the Seed and Horticultural Warehouse, 49 Fifth street.

feb. JAMES WARDROP.

COTTON—66 bales, to arrive on steamer U. S. Mail for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
ja22 Water and Front streets.

TO LET AND FOR SALE.

For Sale.

THE attention of capitalists is called to that VALUABLE PROPERTY in Allegheny City, commonly known as the corner of Lacock street, and extending 200 feet along Federal street towards Robinson street, by 100 feet in depth to a 10 feet alley. This Property will be sold along other or be divided into lots of 25 feet front, to suit purchasers. It is handsomely situated on the main thoroughfare between the two cities, and in the immediate vicinity of the Depot of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company. It would be a most desirable location for a Hotel, a Public Hall, or for business houses with dwellings attached, as this Property accordily will advance in value, and pay a handsome revenue on the improvements which might be made. It is worthy of attention. Persons who wish to purchase, are requested to inquire of
W. H. FLEMY, or
N. HOLMES & SONS.

feb16tf

Coal Lands For Sale.

138 ACRES OF LAND, situated on the Muskingum river, five miles north of the city of Zanesville, 80 to 100 acres of which is underlaid with a vein of Bituminous Coal, about 3½ feet thick, and there is on it a valuable quarry of Free Stone, easy of access. There is about 50 acres of this tract under cultivation, and the balance in timber—the whole surface easy of cultivation, and adapted to the growth of all kinds of grain. The Coal Bed is opened and successful operation, with a double-track railroad from the mines to the river, 150 feet, with a full supply of "railway" cars, as well as ease to load boats, with all necessary appurtenances and fixtures for loading boats at any stage of water. On the premises is a Blacksmith Shop and tools, also a large Boat for hauling coal or stone to the city. There are also a number of Tenements for hands, as well as for tenants on the farm.

The property is desirably located, watered by living Springs of pure Water, and it affords some very superior Sites for Manufactories, such as glass works, &c., and has many advantages that will be appreciated by

To a person, or a Company who are anxious to engage in such business as Mining, I incline to the opinion that such opportunities as this are rare, as any quantity of Coal can be contracted for to be delivered at our Railroad, or at distant points.

Two of the owners of this land are in delicate health and unable to supervised the business as it requires,—hence their desire to sell. It is now, for the first time, offered for sale at a fair price, and reasonable terms.

Inquire of J. KEEN,
feb16 Land Agent, Zanesville.

For Sale or Rent.

ALL that commodious HOTEL situate at the junction of the Pittsburgh and Braddock's Field Road, and the Philadelphia Turnpike with the central Pennsylvania Road, eleven miles from the City, and within thirty minutes of the City by the cars.

The above Hotel is a two story high, containing forty conveniently arranged Rooms, furnished with the top modern style of furniture. The plan of the House is on the most modern and convenient arrangement. A good well of Water at the door, and within five minutes walk of "Turtle Creek," from which cool water and ice can be easily obtained.