HOME MATTERS.

DEATH OF JUDGE FORWARD.

After the District Court had assembled on yesterday morning, Judge Shaler arose to announce the decease of the Hon. WALTER FORWARD, President Judge of the District Court. He remarked that, at the request of many members of the Bar, and being himself the oldest member, he would rise to announce officially a dispensation that was but too well known in this community. He would say that he alluded to the decease of the great, the distinguished, the good colleague of Judge Williams. If any person should feel strong emotions in undertaking this task, it would be himself. Judge Forward was the last of those great and eminent men with whom the speaker had been associated in early life. He had been admitted to the Bar in 1806. He was young, enthusiastic, active and eloquent, but he was poor. There were giants in those days, and to them he had to oppose his youth, his enthusiasm, his activity, and his eloquence. Woods, Ross, Semple, Foster, Judges Baldwin, Wilkis, and other of those great spirits then stood at the head of the profession, and they were the men that Mr. Forward had to contend with. But he brought a new element into that contest. He was a man of genius; and instead of sinking to the cause before him, he raised it by the strength of his justice and his eloquence, and presented it successfully to the court and jury. He had the genius of a poet, and the heart of an orator. Whatever others might think, he always believed in the justice of his cause, in all its particulars and all its bearings. In his private and his public life he was always the same. His colloquial powers were not simply pleasing—they were brilliant and extraordinary. He was not a classical scholar merely, he was a classic. When you conversed with him it was not of Greek or Roman that he spoke, but a Greek or Roman stood before you. With him you entered the Acropolis, and looked upon the glories of the past. When he spoke of philosophy, a disciple of Socrates would seem to emerge from the shades of the Academy. If he alluded to Thermopylæ, Leonidas would stand before you in his immortal panoply. When he spoke of Rome, a Conscript Father would arise before you. It seemed, indeed, as if the spirit of some great and mighty man had risen from its mausoleum.

The speaker then alluded to the political career of Judge Forward, and spoke of him as one that was not wedded to party,—one whose principles were formed in his own soul, so that it appeared as if a burning coal had been taken from the altar of patriotism and implanted in his bosom. After filling many important posts, he was raised to the Bench, and became your colleague. How greatly, how nobly he fulfilled that duty, all know. His exhibitions of good sense, as a counsellor; the justice and equity of his feelings were appreciated by his colleague. The places that knew him will know him no more. The speaker had been with him in his last hours, and had found him calm, cool and collected. He died, as the speaker trusted all present might die—with the hope and decorum that should become a Christian. He lived an honest and incorruptible man—a pure Judge. May he rest in peace.

Judge Shaler then moved that the Court adjourn until such time as might be deemed proper. Every one should remember, however, that this was a testimony of regard for no ordinary man, but for a great and able one. He also hoped that arrangements would be made for the attendance of the members of the bar, when the day arrived to conduct the body of the deceased to the mausoleum.

Judge Williams then remarked, that the decease of his esteemed colleague had been sudden and unexpected to him. He had parted with him on the evening before with the expectation of seeing him in a better state of health in the morning, and he had promised to call and see him. He felt that the present was not the time to speak; it was the time for grief. When he thought of Judge Forward, it was not of his great talents and acquirements, it was of the greatness of his heart. He never knew a kinder man in his life. The lamented Judge had been more than a brother to him, and he never knew a stronger sense of justice, and a desire to do nothing but what was right than was possessed by him. Judge Williams did not speak of him prior to his occupying the seat upon the Bench, but afterwards. He had known him previously, but had not been intimate with him. The distance which he had felt was between him and his lamented colleague, from the superior age and attainments of the latter, had been removed by his kindness, and he acted like a brother. He was always willing to counsel with him, and to give him advice. The speaker loved him for his greatness of heart, and for his strong sense of an overruling Providence. He did not believe that God ruled alone by general laws, but that not a sparrow falls to the ground without His notice, and that even the hairs of our head are numbered.

His Honor then announced that a meeting of the Bar would be held in the afternoon, at 3 o'clock, and that the Court would adjourn until Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

MEETING OF THE BAR.

According to announcement the members of the Bar assembled in the District Court-room, at 3 o'clock, yesterday, to adopt resolutions expressive of their respect for the memory of the Hon. WALTER FORWARD. On motion of Judge Shaler, Judge Wilkins was called to the chair, and Judge Hepburn and the Hon. Moses Hampton were appointed secretaries.

Judge Wilkins, on taking the chair, remarked that his brethren were all aware of the melancholy occasion which had brought them together. It did not become him—he could not speak of the bereavement which the entire community had met with in the decease of Walter Forward. He had known and associated with him during the whole of his professional life, with the exception of four or five years. He preceded his admission to the bar about that length of time. He had only to say that during their long and intimate intercourse, both in private and professional life, every hour and circumstance tended to exhibit his enlarged and valuable character. The gentlemen of the Bar were aware of his professional acquirements. They were aware of the public loss, but no person that heard him then, could have had as thorough a knowledge of the deceased as he had. As violent as was the speaker's temper, when opposed, every hour of their intercourse was passed harmoniously and in good will. He felt his loss most sensibly. He could not speak of him as he would desire to do, and he begged that the meeting would let him off, without the usual opening address.

The Chairman then announced that the meeting was fully organized, and was prepared to receive any motion that might be made.

Thos. Williams, Esq. then arose and said that he participated, as doubtless they all did, with the feelings expressed by the Chairman, in this sudden and unexpected catastrophe. He was met on his way to the Court House, in the morning, and informed of the decease of his esteemed friend. It came as it were like a thunderbolt from the clear sky of heaven upon him.

He had been requested by those who were better able than himself to draw up a few resolutions to be presented to the members of the bar which he was informed was to be held this afternoon. He had prepared two or three resolutions he would present, if no other gentleman had resolutions which had been drawn up for this occasion. It would perhaps be proper to have the resolutions passed through a Committee. If it was their pleasure, however, he would read what he had written. Other gentlemen who were present, could express more fully than he, the great loss which they had all sustained.

Resolved, That the members of this bar have heard with the profoundest grief the startling announcement which broke upon them so unexpectedly this morning, that the Honorable WALTER FORWARD, the venerated Chief of the District Court of this County, and the oldest of their professional brethren, had parted with them forever.

Resolved, That in the decease of their distinguished Brother, in whose character were so admirably and beautifully blended the very highest and rarest qualities of the intellect, as well as of the heart, so that while there was much to admire in the greatness of his abilities, there was still more to love in the fervor and simplicity of his affections, they feel that they have indeed lost a brother.

Resolved, That while they thus indulge the expression of the feeling which has grown out of their own personal relations with the deceased, they recognize, also, in addition to their own, the still greater and more irreparable loss which has been sustained by the public in the removal of a Judge whose ripe experience and known abilities as a lawyer, no less than his remarkable endowments as a man, have won for him a degree of public confidence which few men, however meritorious, can ever expect to acquire.

Resolved, That while they would eschew the usual forms of eulogy as expressive of true grief, and unworthy of the memories of the truly great, they cannot forbear the remark that amongst the many bright and shining names which have been so recently numbered with the dead, a greater and a brighter has not illustrated the profession or adorned the walks of public or private life than that of the Honorable WALTER FORWARD.

Resolved, That in testimony of their high respect for the memory of the deceased, they will put on the usual badge of mourning, and attend his remains in a body to their last resting place.

Resolved, That the officers of this meeting be a Committee to convey a copy of the foregoing resolutions to the family of the deceased, with the appropriate expressions of the sympathies of the profession on the occasion of their bereavement.

Hon. A. W. Loomis, responded, and seconded the resolutions, in an eloquent address. Mr. Loomis said:

Mr. President:—His labors are ended—his spirit has departed—a great and good man has fallen! Walter Forward is no more! That voice, to which devoted thousands have so often listened with admiration and delight, is hushed in eternal silence. Those lips, from which flowed the pure and gushing streams of wisdom, of genius, and of eloquence, are sealed in death!—That tongue, whose mighty power swayed alike the hearts, the will, the affections and the understanding of his hearers, now rests in final repose. The morning breeze never bore upon its wing tidings more lamented, than those which have just been diffused through this community. The morning sun never shone upon a spectacle more sad, solemn and sublime, than that which was exhibited at the death-bed of our departed friend. The eloquent rehearsal of his death, to which we listened this morning, accorded with the faithful record of his life. His name, his fame, his labors and triumphs, conspicuously and brilliantly prominent, are mingled with the events which constitute the history of Western Pennsylvania. Fifty years of devoted service and brilliant efforts, have placed his reputation here, beyond the reach of criticism or of commendation. His highest and noblest eulogy will be found in the spontaneous and gushing tears of the poor, the unfortunate, the widow and the orphan, whose rights he has vindicated, whose interests he has protected; in the gratitude and thanksgiving of the powerless and persecuted captive, set free by the magic of his genius and the power of his eloquence; in the universal concession by the entire community in which he lived and died, that truth, honor, integrity, kindness and humanity, were the pervading and controlling influences of his life. However much he may have delighted to dwell upon the interesting scenes and events of antiquity; to visit the groves, and fountains, and temples of Greece and Rome; to commune with their sages and philosophers, their poets and historians; to gaze upon their wonderful productions of genius and invention, his inspiration was drawn from higher sources. His genius, bright, glowing, transcendent, sprung from the Eternal, like Minerva from the teeming brain of Almighty Jove; completely prepared for all the purposes and exigencies of being and action. It never flagged, or faltered, or failed. In every vicissitude and effort, it illuminated his path, and graced his triumphs. He was truly a man of great and varied acquirements—of extraordinary and transcendent powers. Sometimes his clear and unclouded reason sounded the very depths of philosophy; sometimes his vivid and brilliant imagination soared, like the eagle, above the heights of Parnassus. From the purity and virtue of his life, the serenity and tranquillity of his death, may we not readily imagine that, as the scenes of earth receded from his lingering gaze, and the visions of eternity burst upon his enraptured view, he faintly and happily breathed,

"Joy, joy forever—my task is done,
The gates are passed, and heaven is won."

Mr. Ritchie then stated that the funeral of Judge Forward would leave his late residence on Wylie street, and proceed to the cemetery on his farm, in Peebles township, on Friday morning next.

Judge Shaler moved that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the various papers of the city.

The meeting then adjourned to re-assemble on Friday, at nine o'clock, in the Court House and from thence to proceed to the residence of Judge Forward, on Wylie street.

TRIAL FOR MURDER.

SECOND DAY.

Wednesday, Nov. 24th.

At the opening of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, the death of Judge Forward was announced, but the usual testimonies of respect were postponed until the conclusion of the case of James Irwin, indicted for murder. From the peculiar circumstances of this trial, it was impossible to delay its progress. Accordingly the prisoner was brought into Court, and the trial proceeded with. Mr. Flanegin called for the prosecution.

John Gordon, who was sworn—Resides in the 7th ward; was acquainted with John Cavan, deceased, and also with James Irwin; have known deceased and the prisoner at the bar to have had several quarrels; do not know how many they may have had; some time last summer, Bill Taylor, Samuel Taylor, and James Irwin, came to my residence; John Cavan was lying in the stable, very sick; Samuel Taylor was in the stable, and was beating him; Cavan was hallooing murder, when some person came to my house, and told me that there was a parcel of fellows murdering John Cavan in the stable; I went down, and found Samuel Taylor was in there; I ordered him out, but he did not go; then James Irwin came in, and he d——d himself if he would not kill Cavan, or me, if I would take his part; some time before that Irwin had beaten Cavan pretty badly; I didn't see it, I did not hear Irwin say anything about it, only what he said to me on that Sunday; I did not hear Cavan say he would bring suit against Irwin, in his presence.

Cross-examined—I have had a difficulty with Irwin; I have been indicted by him; that bill is now pending; I did not take an active part in hunting up witnesses against Mr. Irwin at this time; I am not a constable; I do not know who took Nancy Ann Maden to Squire Major's; I took some of them down to his office; I did not go bail for any of the witnesses at Major's office, to appear at Court; I went in to Cavan's house—[objected to]. It was between 10 and 5 o'clock this man was beaten in my stable; I cannot recollect the month; I guess it to be the month of August or September; I swear that it was on Sunday; when these young fellows would gather at his house, he would come in my stable to get clear of them; Cavan worked the latter part of September in my brick yard; I never found him dead drunk in my stable; I do not know he got drunk any day; I know of him drinking, but do not recollect of him being drunk one day last summer; he slept in my stable for a month or two regularly, in the early part of the summer—in July; the stable was about 75 or 100 feet from my house; I think it was my sister or a girl who lived in our house, who told me that they were fighting in the stable; Daniel Fagan was in the door of the stable when I brought them out; the neighborhood is not as thickly settled as it might be; Samuel Taylor was there when Irwin [illegible] Cavan; I have got an indictment against Samuel Taylor; he has not got an indictment against me; this suit is also pending; Irwin and I have had a fight; I did not appear in the presence of any person that I would have James Irwin's life.

Alderman Major, sworn—I am an alderman of the city of Pittsburgh; on the morning of the 20th of October, a man came to my house and told me that "Cavan was murdered;" I went to his house, where he was lying in an up stairs room; Dr. M'Candless was present and officer Criswell; I went there several times during the day; the next morning saw him lying dead; I saw a peculiar mark upon the door; examined that particularly; there were two or three marks of blood against the door; might have been made by falling against it or by rubbing a bloody cloth against it; it was rubbed, the stains being heavier in some places than in others; William Taylor made the first testimony in this case before me; I did not hear his testimony yesterday; he did not swear before me that he knew nothing about the transaction; John Gordon did not bring him or any other witness; I sent an officer to bring in the witnesses; I arrested Irwin myself; I did not arrest him at the house of Cavan.

No cross-examination.

Alderman Major, recalled—Mr. Gordon entered into a recognizance to appear at Court; there was a witness named Ruth A. Gage, and another named Charlotte Ford; they were sent for by me.

Nancy Ann Maden, recalled—I think I would recognize the poker. [Here the poker was handed the witness, which she identified as the one with which she saw Irwin strike Cavan.] I said yesterday that the knob was in the hand of Irwin. [Here the witness explained how much the instrument was like a poker.] I saw that poker in Jim Irwin's hand; I did not see it last night or this morning; Cavan was sitting by the front door all the time I was in the room.

Oliver H. Rippey, Esq., sworn—This instrument is called a spanner; it is used for detaching sections of hose; it does not look much like a poker.

Officer Lynch, sworn—Am a police officer and accompanied Mr. Major when he went to see Cavan; found him in a low condition; I made an examination of his head; knew his hair matted together with blood; he was lying in the upper part of the house; I noticed blood on the door, and on the floor near the door, the blood on the door had the appearance of blood thrown against the door; there were spots of blood; this was on the day when Irwin was arrested; there was no sharp instrument on the floor on which he might have fallen; there was blood on the floor.

Cross-examined—Did not see Nancy Maden [illegible] Mr. David Moore.

there at the time; the blood was not on different parts of the floor, but near the door; there are steps on the outside leading to the second story; they are on the side of the house that fronts on the alley; the stairway leading from the second to the lower room is very steep, and requires a man to be pretty sober to go down safely; one would not fall the entire way, as there was a bend on the stairs; there is first a broad step, and then five or six small steep steps above that.

Here the evidence for the prosecution rested. The Hon. Cornelius Darragh opened the case for the defence, by a general review of the testimony for the prosecution. His remarks occupied about a half an hour. The following witnesses were then called for the defence.

George Gardner, sworn—I was at Alderman Thompson's office; asked him why Irwin was not arrested, and he said there was no complaint against him; I went over to the house, and heard Mrs. Taylor say that Cavan had fallen down stairs the day before; after that I came down the steps where all these colored people were; Nancy Maden said that if there was any murder, it had been a very still one, and said she didn't know any thing about it; Mr. Criswell, the constable, was standing close by, and might have heard it; I never had the conversation related by Nancy Maden, with her as to Irwin being in the country; I have not seen that woman sober for one year; I have seen her so drunk that when she went to Alderman Thompson for her child, she was too drunk to stand on the platform; she never works; her character is infamous; she has no character at all; I have known deceased for four or five years; he has been soberer this summer than he was before; he was perfectly foolish from drunkenness; he offered me his coat for two cents but two days before he was hurt; I have seen him sleeping in the brick yard, and in the stable of Mr Gordon; I would not believe what Nancy would say; I have seen the inside steps in Taylor's house; they are winding, steep stairs; I would not like to fall down sober; a man would fall between seven and eight feet; he would strike the corner of the steps.

Cross-examined—Besides the constable, there were several other colored persons when I was talking to Nancy—Charles Beanor, and two or three others. John Ford's daughter was present too; I cannot say that Nancy was drunk at the time I was talking to her: nobody told me to make the inquiry; the first I heard of it was at Thompson's. There is no particular intimacy between the prisoner and myself; I was bail for him only once; I never was at particular trouble to hunt witnesses for defence; Nancy was standing a few steps from her own door; I did say to her that she did not know anything about the occurrence; never spoke to her at all before; I associate with my equals; Nancy is not my equal; the most respectable people on the hill cried out "Shame, Shame!" because she drank so much. I never heard of her being examined as a witness before.

Thomas T. Thompson, sworn—I went to the house where Cavan was lying dead, after the arrest of Mr. Irwin; I saw Nancy Maden the morning that I first heard of the occurrence; I heard her say that she knew nothing of it at all, and that it must have been a very great murder, as she knew nothing about it. I have examined the inner stairway in Taylor's house; the stairs are steep; a man would fall about half way down; a man would be badly hurt if he fell down the stairs; I heard somebody talk about Cavan falling down stairs; Mary Maden's character is bad; she drinks; I would not believe anything she would say, unless corroborated; people generally say they would not believe anything she says; I have seen her beastly drunk in the streets, though not for a month since. She appeared on the evening of the conversation to be sober; she generally loses her child when she gets drunk; I have known Cavan for three years; he was a man that drank a great deal of liquor; he appeared to be a quiet person; I have known him to sleep in Franklin's Brickkiln; he told me twice that he was sick, and that he wanted to go to prison, and I took him down. Both times he was drunk.

Cross-examined—Cavan was a remarkably peaceable man; there were several persons in the alley when I spoke to Nancy; it was about 11 o'clock next day—not at the time when Gardner talked to her; I went around there, because I thought it was my duty to go there, hearing that Irwin was arrested; I served the subpœnas for defence; that is the only capacity in which I have been employed in this case; I filled some subpœnas under Mr. Irwin's advice.

Judy Malsey, sworn—I have known Nancy for six years in Buffalo, and for two here; she was always drinking more or less; I knew her last summer; she was drunk all the time; she has a bad character for drinking; I would not believe her on oath. I was slightly acquainted with Cavan; that's all I know; I was subpœnaed for this case; was not there at the time the deed was done; was there about 9 o'clock the same night; Nancy was so drunk that she could not stand up; she was crying for her child; Charley Beanor was not about; Mrs. Davis took Nancy's baby away, because she could not take care of it; it was about two hours after she had been in the alley.

Cross-examined—I live a little distance from Taylor's house, about a square and a half; had not heard about the murder before I went there; am pretty certain that it was Tuesday night; had seen Nancy that afternoon passing before my door; saw her just before dark going into the alley; did not see her again until 9 o'clock; did not see anybody in Charley's house when I was there. Almost every person round the hill (here the witness named a number of persons who had expressed a bad opinion of her character.) would not believe her on oath.

Officer Criswell, sworn—Had not seen Nancy Maden but once; would recognize her if I saw her again. [Here Nancy was brought forward and identified.]

The witness corroborated Gardner's statement of the conversation with Nancy Ann Maden.

Charles Wedley, sworn—I have known Nancy about four years; she drinks a good deal; knew Cavan; his habits of drinking were bad; Nancy's character for truth was bad.

J. Thompson, sworn—Nancy is a dissipated woman; she has been stupidly drunk; do not know anything of her reputation for truth.

Cross-examined—Have known her for three years.

By the Prosecution—Charles Beanor recalled—Am acquainted with Mrs. Malsey; she was at my house the night after John Cavan was beaten. I was not absent from my house, but was in bed when Mrs. Malsey was there, about 9 o'clock; Nancy was in the house when I went to bed; she was sober from dark till I went to bed; I was present when the conversation between Gardner and Nancy was had; he said that Irwin had been in the country for three days; which I contradicted; there was a white lady present at the time; did not take notice of Criswell being there.

By the Defence—Gardner attacked Nancy about what she had said about Irwin; I went to bed early, as I was tired; Nancy was pretty sober when I got home.

Dr. McCandless recalled—George Gardner told me that Irwin had been in the country for three days, and that it couldn't be him; that was the day after the occurrence, while Cavan was still living.

Here the evidence rested, and the Court took a recess until one o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

When the Court had re-assembled, Mr. Penney, for the prosecution, delivered a very able, argumentative speech. He was followed by Mr. Mahon, for the defence, in a speech perhaps unsurpassed by any ever delivered in the Criminal Court. Mr. Flanegin, for the prosecution, closed in a clear, lucid, logical and argumentative address, fully sustaining the reputation which he had previously acquired.

We are sorry that we cannot give our readers the charge of Judge McClure, a model of legal learning and elegance of style, owing to the crowded state of our columns.

The jury retired about half-past three o'clock.

Judge McClure then regretted that owing to the case of manslaughter before them, they could not pay that tribute of respect due to the memory of Judge Forward as early as could have been wished, but that any motion that might be made would now be received.

Mr. Flanegin arose and remarked that he coincided in the remarks of the Judge relative to the postponement of the case then before them. He would move that this Court adjourn until Saturday at ten o'clock, as a testimony of respect to the memory of the great and lamented deceased, and that this motion be entered upon the docket.

The Court then adjourned.

BANVARD'S beautiful Panorama is now open at the Athenæum. It is a splendid work of art, the best of its class which has ever been exhibited in this country. Mr. McClurg has just refitted the Athenæum. It is a perfect palace, and nobody, of no more pleasant or instructive amusement for old or young, than to lounge in one of those arm chairs and view this excellent painting, and listen to its description.

THE PANORAMA OF THE PILGRIM'S PROGRESS.—There will be three exhibitions of the "Mirror of Bunyan's Wonderful Dream," at Philo Hall to-day. The first exhibition will be given at 10 o'clock, A. M.; the second at 3, P. M., and the third at 7½ in the evening. This splendid painting is as attractive as ever.

THE sale of Dry Goods, Ribbons, Laces, &c., at the store of [illegible], will be continued on Friday morning at 10 o'clock, by P. M. Davis, Auct.

THEATRE.—There will be a day performance this afternoon at 2½ o'clock, at which children accompanied by their friends, will be admitted to the boxes at half price to see the Pantomime with all the tricks of Clown, Harlequin, Pantaloon, and Columbine.

The evening performance will commence as usual, at 7 o'clock.

NEW MARKET.—We understand that it is in contemplation to establish a market up town. The locality spoken of is in the large warehouse on the canal, now occupied by Messrs. Leech & Co., of Penn street. It is proposed to raise this two stories, and to make a meat market of the first story, and a vegetable one of the second. The city is now increasing very rapidly above the canal, and as the distance to our old market will be rather long, we should think the project would prove successful.

COMMERCIAL.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—We are pained to learn by telegraphic despatch, received here on Tuesday last, that Capt. James Hazlett, of the steamer Hartford, was killed by the falling of the jackstaff, while lying at the landing at Portsmouth. It seems that the Hartford and the Forest Rose had landed at the port together, and the latter boat, in backing out, by some means or other, knocked down the Hartford's jackstaff, which struck Capt. Hazlett on the head, killing him instantly. He was highly esteemed by all who knew him, and leaves a young wife and a large circle of acquaintances to mourn and lament his death.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
Thursday Morning, Nov. 25 1852.

The market yesterday was rather quiet, still a fair general business was doing.

FLOUR—We notice a continued firmness in the flour market at full prices. About 715 bbls changed hands, in lots as follows:—100 bbls at $4; 248 at $4; 39 at $4.05; 30 at $4.05; 42 at $4; 58 at $4.12½; 100 from store at $4.25; 50 s. f. at $4.12½, and 40 bbls extra white at $4.50 ℔ bbl.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales 72 sks from store at $1.00 ℔ sack.

GROCERIES—Sales of sugar in limited lots at 5½@6 ℔ lb. Sales 44 bbls molasses at 31½c. Sales of 10 bbls common loaf sugar at 8c. Sales 25 sks Rio coffee at 9½c, and 10 sks do at 10c ℔ lb.

OATS—Sale of 180 bu at 32c ℔ bu.

WHISKEY—Sale of 20 bbls at 20c 60 bbls at 21, and 40 at 20@21c ℔ gal. Sale of 10 bbls old whiskey at 21 ℔ gal.

TALLOW—Sale of 1000 lbs at 9½c ℔ lb.

LAKE TROUT—Sale 7 bbls at $9 ℔ bbl, and 15 hf bbls at $4.

APPLES—Sale of 20 bbls from store at $1.75 ℔ bbl.

DRESSED HOGS—Sale of 13 head at 5½c ℔ lb.

HAY—Sales 14 loads at $10@$12 ℔ ton.

CHEESE—Sales 150 boxes W. R. at 10c ℔ lb.

BUTTER—Sale of 7 boxes roll at 15c ℔ lb.

WHITE BEANS—Sale of 7 bbls from store at $1.25 ℔ bushel.

SALERATUS—Sales of 10 boxes at 5½c ℔ lb.

BULK MEAT—We announce the following as the opening sales of the season, which took place yesterday:—50,000 lbs shoulders at 7¼c; 50,000 lbs sides at 8¼, and 25,000 lbs hams at 9¼c ℔ lb.

HOGS—Sale of 200 head at 4¾, live weight.

SALT—Sales 400 bbls at $1.10 ℔ bbl.

SODA—Sale 10 tons at 3¼c, cash.

HOGS—We learn of no material transactions, but a few hogs were slaughtered yesterday. The number killed is about 13,000, a few sales were made at $5.50 net, holders demanding $5.75.

At Cincinnati yesterday, light sales were made at $5.75 @$6.00.

At Madison, Ia., the Courier report prices firm, with sales of 2500 at $5.50; few offered.—Product of hogs—sales of 10 0 barrels mess pork at $15; 10,000 lbs green hams at 7¼; 5000 shoulders at [illegible]; 5000 lard at 9¼.—Louis. Cou. Nov. 20.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

STEAM BOAT ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

THE RIVER.—There were 4 feet 5 inches water in channel last evening at dusk, by metal mark, and rising.

ARRIVED.

Thos. Shriver, Bailey, West Newton.
Michigan No. 2, Beaver.
Jefferson, Parkinson, Brownsville.
Luzerne, Bennett, Brownsville.
Federal Arch, St. Louis.
Georgetown, Maccs, Cincinnati.
Pilot No. 2, Stanley, Wheeling.
St. Paul, St. Louis.

DEPARTED.

Jefferson, Parkinson, Brownsville.
Thos Shriver, Bailey, West Newton.
Luzerne, Bennett, Brownsville.
Michigan No. 2, Beaver.
Diurnal, Calhoun, Wheeling.
Empress, Cincinnati.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

BEAVER—Michigan No. 2.
WHEELING—Pilot No. 2.
CINCINNATI—Georgetown.

BROWNSVILLE PACKET LINE.

BROWNSVILLE, 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.
WEST NEWTON, 8 A. M. and 4 P. M.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

SUNFISH, BY PILOT NO. 2—368 bgs wheat, Wilmarth & Noble; 24 bbls rye whiskey, Clark & Thaw; 13 bbls [illegible] [illegible]; 21 bbls flour, Bell & Leggett; 30 bbls whisky [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

CINCINNATI, BY GEORGETOWN—[illegible]

ST. LOUIS, BY ST. PAUL—1 bbl flax seed [illegible]; [illegible] 10 do tallow, J D Davis; 40 rolls leather, Clark & Thaw.

ST. LOUIS, BY FEDERAL ARCH—[illegible]

WHEELING, BY DIURNAL—[illegible]

STEAM BOATS.

FOR ZANESVILLE.—The fine new steamer HELEN MAR, G. W. Cox, master, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports, on Saturday, at 10 A. M. For freight or passage apply on board. [illegible]

Wheeling, Bridgeport and Sunfish Packet.

THE new and staunch steamer DIURNAL, Capt. [illegible], will run as a regular packet between Pittsburgh and Wheeling, Bridgeport and Sunfish, leaving Pittsburgh every Monday and Thursday. [illegible] For freight or passage apply on board, or to [illegible] J. COLLINGWOOD, Agent. [illegible]

Pittsburgh, Steubenville and Wheeling U. S. Mail Daily Packet Line.

THE new and splendid Passenger Packets, DIURNAL, Capt. [illegible], and WINCHESTER, Capt. [illegible], [illegible] The Winchester leaves Pittsburgh on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, [illegible] These magnificent steamers were built expressly for this Trade, and for speed and accommodations are unsurpassed by any boats on the river. [illegible] For freight or passage apply on board, or to [illegible] J. COLLINGWOOD, Agt. [illegible]

GRIFFITH, WYATT & CO.
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS,
[illegible] STREET,
BALTIMORE.
Refer to—John Lowry, Cashier, [illegible]; Josiah Lee & Co., Bankers; [illegible]; Patricks & Friend, Bankers, Philadelphia. nov24

THE
"OLD PROTECTION"
FIRE, MARINE & INLAND INSURANCE.
THE FRIENDS AND PATRONS OF THE
PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,
And the Merchants and Property Holders generally, of this Town and County, are hereby respectfully informed that the undersigned, as the duly Authorized Agent of said Office, is at all times prepared to issue Policies of Insurance, [illegible] against
LOSS OR DAMAGE BY
FIRE
OR THE
PERILS OF NAVIGATION.
On favorable terms. Persons inquiring [illegible] under Policies issued by the undersigned may always rely upon a prompt and satisfactory adjustment, by a special Travelling Agent, [illegible] [illegible] paid here in bankable funds [illegible]
GEO. H. ARNOLD,
Agent for Pittsburgh and Allegheny Co. nov24

LADIES' FANCY FURS.
WE RESPECTFULLY INVITE THE attention of the Ladies to our [illegible] assortment of [illegible] Furs, [illegible] [illegible] McCORD & CO., [illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH.

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE AMERICA.

NEW YORK, November 24.

The steamer America arrived at Halifax, this morning, at two o'clock. She brings Liverpool dates to the 13th.

COTTON MARKET.—The sales this week were 52,000 bales. New Orleans fair, 6⅞; Orleans middling, 5¾; Upland fair, 6¼; Upland middling, 5¾ nearly. The demand is moderate, and the prices have declined ⅛; holders are pressing on the market. The sales to speculators were 12,000, and for export 3,000 bales. The stock of Cotton at Liverpool, exclusive of ship board, is 485,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS.—Flour—Western Canal, 22s. Ohio, 23s. 6d. Corn—Yellow, 31s. 6d.; White, do, 31s. 6d.

MONEY MARKET.—Consols par to ⅛ premium.

The English actual session of Parliament commenced on the 11th. The Queen's speech was read personally. She pays a tribute to the memory of Wellington. She acknowledges the readiness with which the volunteers enlisted in the militia; assurances of friendly relations with all the foreign powers; and on the fishery question, she says, that while the rights of her subjects are firmly maintained, the friendly spirit in which the question shall be treated, induces the hope that the result will be beneficial to the extension and improvement of our common intercourse with that great Republic, the United States. She also announces that the English and French mission to the Argentine Confederation opens to commerce the greatest river in the world. From the zealous efforts of Brazil, for the suppression of the slave trade, stringent measures by England are suspended. The Queen announces the abolition of Portuguese duties on wines. She suggests, that the inquiry into the East India Company's Charter be resumed. Estimates will be laid before Parliament in due time; and a scheme for the advancement of the arts and sciences will be proposed. She congratulates the country on its prosperity, and hints vaguely at protection, as follows:—"If you should be of the opinion that the recent legislation, while it has been instrumental in contributing, with other causes, to the happy result, has, at the same time, inflicted unavoidable injustice on a certain important interest, I recommend you to consider, dispassionately, how far a practicable legislation may equitably mitigate the injury, and enable the industry of the country most successfully to sustain itself against the unrestricted competition to which Parliament has decided it shall be subjected." She trusts that some improvements will be extended to the condition of Ireland, and recommends a generous policy towards that country. She announces the appointment of a Committee on Ecclesiastical Affairs, and recommends an University reform, as one over which she would rejoice. Transportation to Van Dieman's Land, she recommends to be dispensed with. She refers, also, to future measures of law reform, and ends by praying for God's blessing on Kings, in general.

On Friday, nothing of importance was done in Parliament.

FURTHER BY THE AMERICA.

BOSTON, November 24.—The America arrived here, to-day, at a quarter before one. She brings English papers of later dates, but nothing of special importance. The commercial news from the East is favorable, and money is abundant both at Bombay and Calcutta. Exports are lively. Freights to London and Liverpool, £2 7s @ £2 10s.

The news from China is to the effect, that the insurrection movement is gaining strength. The latest intelligence from Paris is as follows:—

Already, time serving judges and prefects are filling the jails with parties who are suspected even of opposition to the tyrant and usurper. The slightest pretexts are made use of for the purpose of making arrests. France may remain tranquil, but Europe scarcely can.

In the English Parliament, Lord John Russell denounced the evasive policy of the Ministry. He said that the country demanded a declaration in favor of the present commercial policy.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.—The Hon. John Sergeant, one of our most eminent citizens, died last night, in the seventy-third year of his age. He had filled many important offices; was a member of Congress, and was one of the strongest advocates of the Missouri restriction. He was a candidate for Vice-President on the Clay ticket, in 1832.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 23.—The Governor's Message was delivered to the South Carolina Legislature to-day. He represents the banks of the State to be highly prosperous, the profits of the year have been 9 per cent; he recommends a charter, with additional capital, rests against public executions and whipping, and recommends an amendment to the Acts of 1848, to prevent colored persons from entering the State, so as to meet cases similar to that of the British [illegible] [illegible] imprisonment. He says that self-respect demands that we should not abate one jot or tittle of the laws. He recommends the Legislature to subscribe $1,000,000 to the Blue Ridge Railroad, and the continuance of the Commissioners on the Charleston Bar, until the work is actually commenced by Government. He concluded by congratulating the State on the present calm, but he fears it will be of short duration, and hopes the Southern States, in the assurance of further aggression, which will surely come, will rise to the majesty of their strength, and, in conjunction with South Carolina, either force their rights to be respected, or take their place as a Southern Confederacy among the Nations of the earth.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Passed Midshipman Davenport's recent course, at Havana, is severely censured by the Government. He has been removed from the Crescent City, and ordered to the Princeton, now fitting for a three years' cruise in the Pacific.

A special meeting of the Cabinet was held this afternoon, perhaps upon the affair of the Crescent City, but more probably respecting the President's Message. Some twenty special messengers have been detailed from the Post Office Department to deposit the messages with the Post Masters in the principal cities and towns throughout the United States, as was done last year. They will start early next week.

Gen. Shields and half a dozen members of the House have arrived here.

The President officially recognizes José Gilman Batez, Consul for Belgium, at Boston.

The Intelligencer announces that the sloop of war Cyane, has been ordered to the harbor of Havana, and the Albany to Pensacola.

There is no mail beyond Richmond.

It is reported that the failure of the machinery of the steamship Princeton, is confirmed by the Norfolk papers. Only fifteen inches of steam can be kept in her, and usually not more than six or seven. Her speed is but six miles an hour. She is going to Norfolk, the Mississippi had to take her there. Commodore Perry has gone to Washington to endeavor to get the Powhatan substituted for her.

RAILROAD PROJECT.

RUTLAND, N. Y., Nov. 24.—A convention is now in session in this city, of the friends of a Railroad, from Albany to Plattsburgh. Erastus Corning is President. A committee was appointed to prepare articles of Association.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 24.—The House voted to suspend the statute requiring the meeting of the Presidential Electors on the 30th, in order to allow the Legislature to attend the Webster obsequies in a body. Thursday next is assigned for the choice of U. S. Senator.

NEW-JERSEY OFFICIAL VOTE.

TRENTON, Nov. 24.—The official vote in New Jersey is as follows:—Pierce, 44,263; Scott, 38,540; Hale, 350; Broome 818.

THE NEW YORK SLAVE CASE.

RICHMOND, Nov. 24.—The mail is through from New Orleans. No news of interest.

Gov. Johnston, of Va., has called the attention of the Legislature, to the recent slave case in New York. He does not recommend any special action, but says that when he obtains a certified copy of the proceedings in the case, he will make it the subject of communication.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 24.—The Susquehanna Railroad from Sunbury to Harrisburg was let on favorable terms, yesterday. There were 800 applicants for different portions of the work.

Advertisements in the Philadelphia papers, show the Williamsburg and Elmira Railroad has passed into New York hands, it is stated here, that a majority of the stock is owned.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 24.—The Democracy of Washington are arranging a sumptuous jubilee dinner, to be given at the United States Hotel, on Tuesday next.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The President is said to have disapproved, by advice of Gen. Scott, of the sentence of the Court Martial acquitting Capt. McLane, and has ordered a new trial.

Four hundred thousand dollars of the principal of the Maryland State debt has been paid off during the present fiscal year. It is estimated that the whole $300,000 more will be paid, and, at the present rate of taxation, in six years the entire debt will be swept off.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—The Herald says the Crescent City will go into dock for repairs. Her [illegible] [illegible]

STOLEN JEWELRY FOUND.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., November 24.—Three thousand dollars' worth of jewelry and watches, which were stolen from the store of H. D. Brackett, Brattleborough, two years ago, were found this morning under the walls of a dwelling house, in this city, which was lately occupied by the person always suspected as the robber, and who was watched so closely, that he could not dispose of the plunder.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—The Whigs will have from five to eight of a majority in the House.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.

Flour—Inactive; sales 600 bbls for shipment, $5,50; Western $5. Rye flour unchanged. Corn meal in good demand; sales 600 bbls Penna at $3,50. Grain; Wheat, less active; sales 600 bu prime old Penna white $1,15; red at 1,10@1,13. Rye in good demand; sales 600 bu at 90. New Corn arriving freely, at lower prices; sales 40,000 bu yellow at 60@68 for damp, prime and dry. Oats in demand at last quotations. Whiskey held firmly; sales 400 bbls at 28.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24—Evening.—Flour, sales 9,600 bbls State $5,11@5,18; Ohio $5,25@5,37; sales 2000 bbls southern $5,37@5,50; the market opened firmer for lower grades, but the market is heavy. Grain—wheat, prices nominal; sales 80,000 bushels mixed corn at 84@85. Lead—Sales 5,700 tons at $5,10; advancing. Cotton declined ⅛, and dull; sales 300 bales. Tobacco—Sales 80 hhds Kentucky at 6¼@7¼. Coffee—Sales 4000 bags Rio at 8¼@9¼. Molasses—Sales 150 bbls Orleans at 32. Whiskey—Sales 700 bbls Ohio 27½, active. Provisions—Sales 1400 bbls mess pork at $19@19,50; prime $15,75@16; old less active. Sales 205 bbls mess beef at $13@13,35; repacked; active; sales 200 tierces good Ohio at $18,50@19; sales 150 do beef hams at $14,97@15 for Chicago. Sales 300 bbls lard at 12¼@13¼; scarce. Hogs in good demand at 7¼@8. Bacon quiet at 9@10 for city. Butter firm; Ohio unchanged. Cheese plenty; inactive at 8¼@9¼. Tallow—Sales 25,000 lbs at 9¼@9¾; tending upwards.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 24.—The river remains stationary; weather wet. No new feature in the market. Flour is not affected by the foreign news; sales 2500 bbls at $3,94@3,05. Whiskey 19c. Cheese steady, but the demand is less active. Clover Seed, $5. Buckwheat Flour, $2,30@2,40. Hogs active, with a strong upward tendency; sales 5,000 at $6, and a premium at the close; no sellers at $6. Provisions firm; prime barrelled Lard 10½c. Shoulders in salt 5¼; green Hams 8; green Shoulders 5¼. Sales 1,000 bbls Mess Pork, deliverable at Madison, $10,25; sales 3,000 do, deliverable at Louisville, $16. Groceries unchanged.

NOTICES, &c.

Co-Partnership.

I HAVE this day associated with me in my Brewing, Malting and Hop Business, here and at Wheeling, JOSEPH RICHARDS, late of Philadelphia, under the firm of GEORGE W. SMITH & CO.
nov23 GEO. W. SMITH.

Monongahela Navigation Company.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—An annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Monongahela Navigation Company will be held in pursuance of the provisions of the charter of incorporation, at their office, No. 14 Grant st., in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 3d day of January, A. D., 1853, (being the first Monday in the month,) at 2 o'clock, p. m., for the election of officers for the ensuing year.
nov24td WM. BAKEWELL, Sec'y.

Notice.

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Penna. Salt Manufacturing Company will be held on the second day of December next, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the office of S. F. Fisher, No. 76½ Walnut street, Philadelphia.
nov24d2w GEORGE THOMPSON, Sec'y.

Notice.

HAVING sold my Magazine, and declined the Powder Trade in favor of my brother D. W. C. BIDWELL, I take pleasure in recommending my former customers to him for their supply of Powder and Fuse, which he is prepared to furnish promptly, of the best quality, and on accommodating terms; and hope my friends will all give him a trial.
J. C. BIDWELL.

Du Pont's Powder.

SIX THOUSAND kegs of this unequalled manufacture in Magazine and to arrive, of the various qualities, Blasting and Rifle, put up in barrels, kegs, half and quarter kegs, and canisters; for sale in the trade and to contractors, at the lowest prices, deliverable in any quantity, as required.
D. W. C. BIDWELL,
Agent for Manufacturers.
Office, No. 134 Water st., 2 doors above Monongahela House. oct22m

EXTENSIVE WATER POWER,

Lachine Canal.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the extensive water power on the Lachine Canal, at [illegible], with the lots of ground to be attached, will be leased by public auction at the Lachine Canal Office, at Montreal, on Wednesday, the first day of December next, at the hour of ONE o'clock, p. m. [illegible] [illegible]
J. CHABOT,
Ch'f of Commissioners of Public Works.
Office of Department of Public Works, Quebec, [illegible] October 20th, 1852.

Notice.

Allegheny County, ss:

THE Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to John Deary, Mary Deary, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] WM. MAGILL, Sheriff.

Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of ROBERT KNOX, late of the First Ward, Allegheny City, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber; all persons having claims or demands against the said estate, are requested to make them known to the subscriber without delay.
SAMUEL GRIFFITH, Adm'r.
Federal street, Allegheny city.

Notice.

IS hereby given that Heola Furnace advertised in this paper for sale to the highest bidder, if not previously disposed of at private sale, on the 30th of November next, has been this day sold.
JAMES O. WILLIAMS, Adm'r.

Notice.

JOHN A. CAUGHEY having retired from the Agency of the Union Line, C. M. BARTON, Esq. of [illegible], is now our Agent, assisted by J. A. COOK, at the office formerly occupied by Mr. Caughey, who will hereafter act as Agent for said Line.
CHAMBERLIN & CRAWFORD, Proprietors.

UNION LINE.

1852

To Cleveland and the Lakes.

CHAMBERLIN & CRAWFORD, Cleveland, Proprietors. PARKS & CO., Agents, Rochester, Pa.

THIS WELL KNOWN Line is prepared to transport freight and passengers between Pittsburgh and Cleveland, all ports on the Lakes and ports on the Ohio Canal.

The steamer Michigan No. 2 will run in connection with said Line, between Pittsburgh and Rochester, daily (Sundays excepted) connecting at Rochester with a daily line of packets to Warren. Apply to
C. M. BARTON, Agent.
Monongahela House Pittsburgh.
J. A. COOK,
corner Smithfield and Water sts.

NOTICE.—If Mr. Louis Baker, of this city, lately acting as United States Consul in Lacoyra, South America, will call on the subscriber, he will hear of something to his advantage.
oc18 JACOB WEAVER, Jr. Wine Merchant.

Notice.

SUBSCRIBERS to the Fund of the Diamond Market House will please call and pay the amount of their subscription to [illegible], Treasurer.

Notice to Stockholders.

THE Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Rail Road Company, are hereby notified, that the third instalment of five dollars per share is now called in, and will be paid into the Treasury of said Company, on or before the 18th day of December, inst., at the Treasurer's Office, No. 44 Wood street, Pittsburgh. By order of the Board of Directors.
WM. A. HILL, Treasurer.

Notice.

THE Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Trust and Savings Company, are hereby notified that the second instalment (5$ per share) is required to be paid on or before the 15th inst., and an equal amount on the 15th of each succeeding month thereafter until the full amount of their stock is paid.
JOHN D. SCULLY, Actuary.

Notice to Travellers.

TWO Daily Lines of splendid Coaches run from Pittsburgh via Washington to Wheeling. Passengers will find these horses good, and drivers accommodating. [illegible] at 8 o'clock, [illegible] [illegible]
JOHN J. EVANS, Agent.

To the Public.

THE NOTICE of the Dissolution of the firm of JOHN PARKER & Co. in the morning papers of Monday, is incorrect. A dissolution is contemplated, of which the public shall have due notice when consummated.
JOHN PARKER & CO.

FRANCIS' METALLIC LIFE BOATS.

THE undersigned are prepared to supply Steamers with Metallic Life Boats, on application at their
Office, No. 10, Broadway, New York.
As called for by the recent Act of Congress, [illegible] [illegible] Joseph Francis, Director, [illegible]
FRANCIS' METALLIC LIFE BOAT CO.
No. 10 Broadway, N. Y.

To Let.

AN excellent brick Dwelling, situated [illegible]

RAIL ROADS, &c.

OHIO & PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing November 17th 1852.

TO CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS, CINCINNATI, DETROIT, CHICAGO, MILWAUKIE, &c.

FARE REDUCED TO CINCINNATI TO $9 00.

RUNNING DIRECT TO CANTON, MASSILLON AND WOOSTER,

AND BY STAGES FROM WOOSTER THROUGH TO MANSFIELD IN A DAY.

Connecting at Alliance with the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad to Cleveland.

FIVE Trains start from Pittsburgh daily, (Sundays excepted.)

MAIL TRAIN

Leaves Pittsburgh at 8 A. M., dines at Alliance at 12.15 P. M., and reaches Wooster at 3.20 P. M. Fare to Alliance $2.50, to Wooster, $3 75, to Mansfield $5.00, and to Mount Vernon $5.25. Connecting at Massillon with stage lines to New Philadelphia, Coshocton, &c.

EXPRESS TRAIN

For Cleveland, Columbus, and Cincinnati, leaves Pittsburgh at 12.30 P. M. Passengers reach Alliance at 4 P. M. and Cleveland at 7 P. M., sup at Cleveland, and reach Cincinnati at 8.30 A. M. Passengers dine early in Pittsburgh and breakfast next morning in Cincinnati. Fare through $9 00. Fare to Cleveland $4 00. The Express Train stops only at the principal stations.

Returning, the Mail Train leaves Wooster at 9 A. M., dines at Alliance at noon, and reaches Pittsburgh at 4.20 P. M., connecting with the evening train on the Pennsylvania Rail Road for Philadelphia and Baltimore.

THE EXPRESS TRAIN

Leaves Alliance at 10.30 P. M., and reaches Pittsburgh at 2 A. M., bringing the passengers who leave Cincinnati at 7 A. M., through to Pittsburgh in 19 hours, and connecting with the morning train on the Penna. R.R.

Stages run in connection with the rail road from Enon to New Castle, Mercer, and Meadville, and from Salem to Warren.

The New Brighton Accommodation Train leaves Pittsburgh at 10 A. M. and 4.15 P. M., and New Brighton at 7.30 A. M. and 1 P. M.

Excursion Tickets between Pittsburgh and New Brighton are sold for $1.00.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN

Leaves Pittsburgh at 4.30 A. M., and arrives at 4 P. M. Passengers who wish to stop at any way station must buy their tickets for that station.

The trains do not run on Sundays.

Omnibuses run in connection with the trains to and from the station on Federal street.

For tickets apply at the Federal Street Station of the Ohio and Pa. Railroad, to
GEORGE PARKIN,
Ticket Agent.
or to J. MESKIMEN,
Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, November 17, 1852.

Pennsylvania Rail Road Company.

THE Winter Rates to Philadelphia and Baltimore are as follows:

Bacon, beef, pork, barley, fish, grain, lead	per 100 lbs.	50c
Butter, candles, cheese, cotton, earthenware, hides, hogs, hair, lard, lard oil, leather, tallow, tobacco leaf, window glass	do	75c
Beeswax, bones and horns, bristles, clover, timothy and flaxseeds, deer skins, dried fruits, glassware, hemp and flax, leather, rags, soap, starch, wool	do	85c
Brooms (corn,) eggs, feathers, furs and peltry, ginseng, merchandise	do	$1
Flour	per barrel	$1

COVODE & GRAHAM, Agents,
corner Penn and Wayne sts. Pittsburgh

1852 1852

FALL ARRANGEMENT.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

ONLY TEN MILES STAGING.

Which will be avoided by the twentieth of November.

Two Daily Trains,

FROM PITTSBURGH TO PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE.

Only 24 hours through, to either place, both trains Connecting at Harrisburgh with trains direct for Baltimore.

FARE, to Philadelphia, $9 87 1-2.
Baltimore, 9 50

Thirty seven cents extra being imposed on Philadelphia Travel by the Canal Commissioners.

THE EXPRESS MAIL TRAIN WILL leave the Depot on Liberty street, above the Canal Bridge, every morning at NINE o'clock.

Passengers will go by the cars 30 miles to Rodebaugh's station (near Rodebaugh's) where they will find the best of Coaches in readiness to convey them 10 miles, over a first rate Plank and Turnpike Road, to Beatty's Station; (Conductor accompanying each train of Coaches,) and then take the Cars DIRECT TO PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE.

Passengers for Baltimore take the cars of the York and Cumberland Rail Road at Harrisburgh.

Passengers who wish to avoid night travel can lodge over night at Hollidaysburgh.

THE EVENING MAIL TRAIN will leave daily at 8 P. M., arriving at Philadelphia or Baltimore at 8 o'clock, next evening.

Passengers are at no expense moving baggage on this line.

Passengers can stop on the way if they choose, as their tickets are good any reasonable time.

The Accommodation Train will leave Pittsburgh daily at 6 P. M., and arrive at Rodebaugh's, near Greensburg at 8 P. M. Returning, the Trains will leave Rodebaugh's as follows:—The Accommodation Train at 6.15 A. M., arriving in Pittsburgh at 8 A. M.; First Mail Train at 2.20 P. M., arriving at Pittsburgh at 4 P. M.; Second Mail Train at 10.20 P. M., arriving at Pittsburgh at 11.20 P. M.

Fare from Pittsburgh to Rodebaugh's Station, 60 cents; to Greensburg, $1.

Passengers will procure their Tickets at the Railroad Office, at the Depot in Liberty Street, above the Canal Bridge.

Arrangements have been made to check Baggage through to Philadelphia.

NOTICE.—In case of loss, the Company will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding one hundred dollars.
J. MESKIMEN, Agent P. R. R. Co.

NOTICE.—Messrs. H. & J. Bridenthal, Omnibus Proprietors, have been employed to convey passengers and baggage to and from the Depot, at a charge not to exceed 12½ cents for each passenger, and 12½ cents for each trunk. nov6tf

FARE REDUCED.

West Newton Plank Road Route

FOR

BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA & WASHINGTON CITY.

FARE REDUCED.

THIS is the only office which insures a THROUGH TICKET to Washington, and by taking the route, passengers will save time and money.

The Mail Boat, (carrying the United States Mail,) leaves the Monongahela Wharf, above the Wire Bridge, EVERY AFTERNOON at 5 o'clock, via the Youghiogheny River. Passengers will lodge on the boat, and take splendid U. S. Mail Coaches at West Newton, over the splendid Plank Road, crossing the mountains in daylight; Take the magnificent sleeping cars of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, at 10 o'clock, P. M.; Breakfast at Baltimore and Washington City, dine in Philadelphia, and arrive in New York the same evening.

Fare to Baltimore	$8 00
" Philadelphia	8 75
" Washington City	8 00

MONONGAHELA ROUTE.

The steamer leaves the Wharf, above the Bridge, Daily, at 8 o'clock, A. M. Travelers leaving Pittsburgh by the morning boat, will cross the mountains in the day time, and arrive in Cumberland next morning for the 8 o'clock train of cars for Baltimore. Will arrive in Baltimore and Washington City at 5 o'clock, and in Philadelphia at 10 o'clock the same night.

Fare to Baltimore	$8 00
" Philadelphia	9 75
" Washington City	8 00

For tickets, by either of the above Lines, please call at the West Newton Plank Road Office, in the Monongahela House, Water street.
J. J. EVANS, Agent.

CUTTER, BRODHEAD & CLAPP,

29 STATE STREET, BOSTON,

BANKERS, & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,

Checks, Drafts, Certificates of Deposite,

AND Uncurrent Money bought at lowest rates. Collections made on all parts of the Union.

REFERENCES:

BOSTON—Franklin Haven, Esq., W. H. Foster, Esq., Cashier State Bank of Commerce, Messrs. J. E. Thayer & Bro., G. M. Bebe, Morgan & Co., E. D. Brigham & Co.

NEW YORK—Messrs. G. S. Robbins & Sons, Curtis, Beals & Frazing, Carpenter & Vermilye, McCurdy, Aldrich & Spencer.

PHILADELPHIA—Messrs. W. H. Newbold & Son, Grant & Stone.

[illegible] Messrs. Corcoran & Riggs, Washington, D. C.

SHANKLAND, STEVENSON & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO PHILIP R. KINCAID.)

MANUFACTURERS of Plows, Stoves, &c., corner of Liberty and Pitt streets, Pittsburgh. The subscribers would respectfully call the attention of Farmers, and the public generally, to the fact that they have opened a Warehouse at the above place, where they will keep constantly on hand, and sell cheap for CASH, a general assortment of the following articles, which they will offer for cash, as cheap or cheaper than any house in the city:

Patent Iron Union Plows,	Cooking Stoves, Office Stoves
Patent Lever	Parlor Stoves, Hollow ware,
Kincaid	Tea kettles, sugar kettles,
Hill Side	Fancy Grates, Cauldrons,
Improved Bull	Fancy Fenders, Common do,
Cotton and Corn	Fed Irons,
Shovel	Smoke Iron Coal Buckets,
Cultivator & Corn Shellers,	Kussia Sadie Pans,
Horse Rakes,	Threshing Machines,
Shovels, Spades and forks,	Rosetta Stove Pipe, &c. &c.

They will also have in a short time a general assortment of agricultural implements.
oc12tf SHANKLAND, STEVENSON & CO.

For Australia.

I AM prepared to engage Freight or Passage on all the Steamers or Clipper Ships sailing from New York, lower than any other house.
JAMES R. SMITH, Jr.
71 South Front street, Philadelphia.

For San Francisco.

I AM prepared to engage Freight or Passage on all the Steamers and A 1 Clipper Ships sailing from New York, lower than any other house. Address
JAMES R. SMITH, Jr.
71 South Front street, Philadelphia.

CARD.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends, and the public, that he has opened the house lately occupied by Messrs. Marcer & Robinson corner of Water Alley and Federal st., Allegheny, for the purpose of doing a regular Family Grocery and Tea Business, where he hopes by close attention, and fair dealing to merit a share of patronage.
WILLIAM FRANCE.

$5,000

LOAN, clear of Taxes, wanted, on ground rent security—so that the lender will be free of all taxes. Address Box 137, Post Office.
H. B. WILKINS, Esq.

HIDE, OIL, AND LEATHER STORE.

D. KIRKPATRICK,

NO. 21, SOUTH THIRD STREET,
(Between Market and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia.)

HAVE FOR SALE SPANISH HIDES, Dry and Green Salted, Patna Kips, Tanners' Oil, Tanners and Curriers' Tools, at the lowest prices, and upon the best terms.

All kinds of Leather, in the rough, wanted, for which the highest market price will be given, in cash, or taken in exchange for Hides.

Leather stored free of charge, and sold on Commission.

Bolivar Fire Brick and Crumble Clay Manufacturing Company.

THIS Company having enlarged their capacity for Manufacturing, are now prepared to meet the increased demand for their brick, Crucible and Bolivar Clay.

Orders promptly attended to by
KIER & JONES, Canal Basin.
Pittsburgh, September 21, 1852.

Evergreens, Shrubbery, &c.

DWARF PEAR TREES and other Fruit Trees, of all descriptions, from the Nurseries of Ellwanger and Barry, Rochester, New York. [illegible] [illegible] JAMES WARDROP, Manchester Nursery. [illegible]

E. WATTS & CO.

MERCHANT TAILOR, 185 LIBERTY ST.

GENTLEMEN'S Clothing made exclusively to order, and warranted to suit. [illegible]

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

FOR THE CURE OF
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

"And by the river, upon the bank thereof, shall grow all trees for meat, whose leaf shall not fade, and the fruit thereof shall be for meat, and the leaf thereof for medicine."

Here was hope for the sick recorded long ago, and every year adds new proof to the assurance that these promises shall not fail.

As medical science discovers and designates the remedies nature has given, one by one, the diseases that afflict our race yield to the control of art. Of all the maladies we suffer from, none has carried more victims to an untimely grave than consumption of the Lungs. Subjoined we give some evidence that this too may be cured, and that Pulmonary Complaints, in all their forms, may be removed by Cherry Pectoral.

Space will not permit us to publish any proportion of the cures it has effected, but the agent below named, will furnish our Circular, free, wherein are full particulars, and indisputable proof of these facts.

Sufferers, read and judge for yourselves.

FOR INFLUENZA AND WHOOPING COUGH.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., June 26th, 1851.

Sir—I have repeatedly used your CHERRY PECTORAL for Whooping Cough and Influenza, and have no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete remedy. Four of my children have been afflicted with these diseases, and the free use of the PECTORAL has always afforded almost instant relief.
JAMES GLOVER.

We attest the truth of the above statement.
M. MCGINTY, Editor of the Nashville Whig.
J. M. ZIMMERMAN, Druggist.

FOR A CONSUMPTIVE COUGH.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 25, 1851.

Dear Sir—For three years I have been afflicted with a Cough, so distressing that I frequently despaired of recovery; much of the time I was obliged to sit up all night in my chair, as my cough would suffocate me when I laid down. Having used many remedies without much relief, I at last tried the CHERRY PECTORAL, which, under Providence has cured me altogether.
I am, with gratitude, yours,
JAMES M'CANDLESS.

This is one of the numerous Cures of Asthma which have been accredited to Cherry Pectoral.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 17, 1848.

Dr. Ayer, Lowell—Dear Sir:—I have for years been afflicted with Asthma in the worst form, so that I have been obliged to sleep in my chair for a larger portion of the time, being unable to breathe on my bed. I had tried a great many medicines to no purpose, until my physician prescribed, as an experiment, your CHERRY PECTORAL.

At first it seemed to make me worse, but in less than a week I began to experience the most gratifying relief from its use; and now, in four weeks, the disease is entirely removed. I can sleep on my bed with comfort, and enjoy a state of health which I had never expected to enjoy.
GEORGE S. FARRANT,
Commission and Forwarding Merchant.

From the President of Amherst College,

EDWARD HITCHCOCK, M. D., LL. D., &c.

J. C. Ayer, Sir—I have used your CHERRY PECTORAL in my own case of deep-seated Bronchitis, and am satisfied from its chemical constitution, that it is an admirable compound for the relief of laryngial and bronchial difficulties. If my opinion, as to its superior character, can be of any service, you are at liberty to use it as you think proper.
EDWARD HITCHCOCK.

Amherst, September 12, 1849.

Among the other distinguished authorities who have lent their names to recommend this preparation as the best known to them for affections of the Lungs, are:

President Perkins, Vermont Medical College.
Hon. Chief Justice Story, Supreme Bench U. S. A.
Prof. Valentine Mott, New York.
Prof. Cleaveland, Bowdoin Med. College.
Prof. Butterfield, Ohio Med. College.
Canadian Journal of Medical Review.
Boston Medical and Surgical Journal.
Charleston, S. C., Medical Review.
New Jersey Medical Reporter.
Hon. Henry Clay, U. S. Senator.
Hon. Geo. P. Marsh, Am. Ambassador to Turkey.
Gen. Emanuel Bulnes, President of Chili.
Rt. Rev. Ed. Power, Lord Bishop of Toronto.
Rt. Rev. Bishop Keese, of the Meth. Epis. Church.
Archbishop Purcell, of Cincinnati, Ohio.

Also many eminent personages in foreign countries.

Not only in the dangerous and distressing diseases of the Lungs, but also as a family medicine for occasional use, it is the safest, pleasantest and best in the world.

Prepared and sold by JAMES C. AYER,
Druggist and Chemist, Lowell, Massachusetts.

Sold in Pittsburgh by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., in Allegheny by H. P. Schwartz and by Druggists and dealers in Medicines every where.

FIVE Gross "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral" just received by R. E. SELLERS,
aug31 57 Wood street.

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

FROM B T HOLLINS, HILLSBORO, TENN., July 1, 1851.

MESSRS B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.—Gentlemen—I have been selling your Vermifuge for several years in this place, and can freely say that it has given entire satisfaction. It is an indispensable article in many families, with whom no other kind will do. Scores of persons in my vicinity could testify to its efficacy in relieving suffering and restoring health.

The quantity of Worms expelled from some children almost exceeds belief. Every family should have a supply constantly on hand. I am out and want a supply as soon as possible.
B T HOLLINS.

Prepared and sold by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO., corner Wood and First streets, Pittsburgh.

Dr. Guysott's Improved Extract of YELLOW DOCK AND SARSAPARILLA.

The original and only genuine preparation for the permanent cure of Consumption and Diseases of the Lungs, when they are supposed to be affected by the too free use of Mercury, Iron, Quinine, &c., &c., &c.

It Will Cure, Without Fail

Scrofula or King's Evil, Cancers, Tumors, Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring-Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones or Joints, Old Sores and Ulcers, Swellings of the Glands, Syphilis, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Diseases of Kidneys, Loss of Appetite, Disease arising from the use of Mercury, Pain in the Side and Shoulders, General Debility, Dropsy, Lumbago, Jaundice and Costiveness.

The best Female Medicine Known!

THE SHAKER PREPARED YELLOW DOCK, AND THE RED HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA, [illegible] [illegible]

Scrofula, Syphilis, Mercurial Complaints, Cancers, Cankers, and a vast variety of other diseases [illegible]

[illegible] Mr. John D. Park—Dear Sir—[illegible]
HARRIET VAUGHAN.

[illegible] W. A. REESE.

Scrofula and Cancer cured by Dr. Guysott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla.

[illegible] April 21st, 1852.

J. D. Park, Esq., Cincinnati, Ohio—Dear Sir—It gives me great satisfaction to add my testimony in favor of Dr. Guysott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, [illegible] [illegible]
Accept my gratitude. Respectfully,
MICHAEL GOLDMAN.

HARRISBURG, Ky., March 20, 1851.

Mr. John D. Park—We have sold out the six dozen Dr. Guysott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla [illegible]
Yours Respectfully,
T. ALLEN & CO.

Females, Read the following!

[illegible] Mr. Bennett—We take pleasure in stating [illegible] Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla [illegible]

Price, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.

Sold by J. D. PARK, [illegible] J. Kidd & Co., B. A. Fahnestock & Co., [illegible]

Good News for the Ladies!

DR. LATROBE'S FRENCH FEMALE PILLS, [illegible]