PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 16, 1852.

For the New York Letter, the Caloric Ship, and some other matters, see first page.

RAILROAD CHANGES.—On and after to-morrow, Wednesday, the Express train, on the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, will leave Pittsburgh at half-past twelve o'clock, at noon, and arrive at Cleveland at seven P. M. The night Express train from Cleveland to Cincinnati, will leave Cleveland at eight, P. M., and arrive in Cincinnati at 8.50 A. M.—in twenty hours from Pittsburgh, and allowing passengers time to get supper in Cleveland. The mail train on the Ohio and Pennsylvania road will leave to-morrow, and hereafter, at eight o'clock, A. M., and returning arrive at half-past four P. M. Other changes in the time-table will be noticed to-morrow.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—There seems to be an evident disposition on the part of the Lessees of the Columbia Railroad, to throw every impediment possible in the way of the Pennsylvania line. We are informed from excellent authority, that an arrangement had just been concluded between the Ohio and Pennsylvania Lines to run an Express train through from Philadelphia to Cincinnati, making the time from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh in eighteen hours. The Lessees of the State Road had approved of the arrangement, and had concluded verbally to alter their hours so as to suit the wishes of the other Lines. They now—after the arrangement had been concluded on the part of the other Lines, refuse to come into the arrangement, and assign as a reason, that the Hotel Proprietors in Philadelphia and on the route are opposed to it.

Thus, to suit the convenience and pockets of some tavern keepers, the great Pennsylvania route for travel must be injured. Just at the present moment, when the Lake shore line is about finished, and when the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is nearly done to the Ohio river, and when there is to be, from these causes, the most desperate competition for the western travel, the convenience of a few tavern keepers is offered as an excuse for controlling arrangements for great express through passenger lines. The excuse appears to us so ridiculous, that we should be inclined to indulge in a hearty laugh at it, were it not a matter of so serious a character, and calculated to inflict so great injury on the Pennsylvania route.

This easy confirms our oft-repeated opinion of the urgent necessity there exists for the Pennsylvania Railroad to secure as soon as possible, an independent line to Philadelphia. As long as the Company has to depend upon the State works, the Pennsylvania route will never be a popular one, and will never command the great western business. The matter is so important as to brook of no delay, and we again urge upon the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to take immediate measures to secure so desirable a result.

THE MAYOR'S INQUISITION.

The *Post*, of yesterday, makes an elaborate defense of the conduct of the Mayor, in relation to the naturalization frauds, which was commenced upon in the *Gazette* of Saturday. We made five specific charges of improper proceeding, to wit: 1. Requiring witnesses to answer on a criminal inquiry as to their knowledge of naturalization frauds, instead of examining them solely in reference to a particular case under consideration, thus constituting the Mayor's Court into an unconstitutional inquisitorial star chamber. 2. Permitting a witness to criminate himself, as was done in repeated instances, as appears from the evidence taken before him; and published in the *Post*; and for which it is highly probable persons, so criminated, will be obliged to answer. 3. Choosing, arbitrarily, from among the alleged guilty persons those he saw proper to commit, and letting the rest go free. 4. Refusing a person brought before him the benefit of counsel. 5. Demanding unreasonable and exorbitant bail.

The *Post* passes over the three first and most important charges without any specific reply, except an effort to cover them up by its usual personal hostility. We take it for granted, therefore that the charges cannot be answered by the Mayor's Defender. The 4th charge in regard to refusing a person to be examined the presence of his counsel, is noticed as follows:

"This is wholly and totally false. The person alluded to had the privilege to consulted with him; he again requested to see him—he did see him; and was then, bail to bail as one of the persons who had uttered fraudulent papers. He had his counsel, and all the benefit he could derive from it. If he had taken counsel from common sense, he would have at once divulged the names of the persons who induced him to participate in the fraude, and by exposing them, he might have saved himself. But he has preferred to stand the ordeal of the "inquisition" imagined after the election, by the saint-like editor of the *Post*; and we hope he may have a good time of it, when the "thumb-screws" alluded to are applied."

In reply to this, we assert that our statement is substantially true. The person charged was Henry M. Smith; the counsel, Edwin H. Stowe, Esq. Mr. Stowe appeared before the Mayor as Smith's counsel, and sat down in the front office. The Mayor and the informer retired to the back room, and called Smith to come in. He went, and Mr. Stowe went with him, and took a seat at the table, when the Mayor either told Mr. Stowe to leave the room, or that he wanted the room to himself as he intended to have a *private* conversation with Smith. Mr. Stowe, thereupon, left the room without any remark. The Mayor knew that Mr. Stowe was Smith's counsel for he had appeared on his behalf but three or four days before.

Having thus disposed of the only case in which the Post has denied the truth of our charges, we have a word to say, in reference to the editor's unfounded and libellous attacks upon ourselves and the Whig party. It says:—"The only *defense* they [the Whig papers] can make for the *recently practices of their party* is a gross attack upon the chief magistrate of the city." "Both the leading organs of the Whig party attempt to *defend the frauds* by assailing the Mayor." "A more base attempt to palliate fraud was never placed upon record."

We have made these quotations to show the course pursued by the *Post* to divert attention from the Mayor's inquisitorial proceedings. In answer to them, we state;

First—That the insinuation of the *Post*, that the *Whig party*, as such, either by any of its constituted committees, or in any other form, has committed any fraud, or connived at any, is a gratuitous and unfounded slander. The Whig party is wholly innocent of any such fraud, and the editors who make the charge, cannot but know it.

Second—We have never defended the frauds or the culprits, and we defy the *Post* to point to a line or a sentiment in our paper bearing such a construction. It is alleged that certain persons belonging to the Whig party have been guilty of issuing, and circulating, false naturalization papers. The party is not accountable for such frauds, and we have no defence to make for them. We utterly disapprove of all such conduct, and we leave them to their just deserts. But we deny the implication upon the party, and we protest against any illegal and inquisitorial proceedings in ferreting out cases, which, we feel assured, has been pursued more for the purpose of finding fraudulent votes to be used in another case, than from any love for the vindication of the law. We have neither palliated, nor sought to palliate frauds, but we are determined that no illegal proceeding, dictated by partisan zeal, shall be permitted to pass without censure. Let the Mayor proceed in a proper and legal and impartial manner, to investigate any cases which come properly before him, and he shall have our hearty support.

The *Dispatch*, of yesterday, also defends the Mayor, but in a manner and spirit quite different from the blackguardism of the Post. It excuses the case of the person the Mayor sent to jail, by saying that he was only required to answer to a case then pending. In this we think the Dispatch is mistaken. Our information is different. We admit he was sworn the next morning to answer to a particular case, but the questions asked were on the general inquiry, and when he was told by his counsel he need not answer such questions, and when nothing could be elicited from him in relation to the particular case in hand, he was discharged. We have no doubt the Mayor was disappointed in his object in that particular person.

In relation to permitting men to criminate themselves ignorantly, the editors of the Dispatch say they have been present when the Mayor explained to witnesses their legal rights. We do not doubt their word, but we cannot believe the evidence published in the *Post* and *Dispatch* was ever made voluntarily by men who possessed any real knowledge of their rights. If they had had Counsel to aid them, the Mayor would hardly have been able to get them to swear that they had been knowingly guilty of a crime which subjects them to a liability of going to the Penitentiary.

There are various ways to coax, frighten, and wheedle men into confessions by persons who understand the art. We confess we feel no sympathy for these men for they seemed willing in the first place to commit a fraud, and then were just as ready to acknowledge it, for the purpose of criminating others, if we are to believe the statements of the Mayor's friends. Was it right to entrap them into a confession which, according to the Dispatch consigns them, if they are prosecuted, to the Penitentiary?

In relation to refusing counsel to a prisoner, we have, we think, fully sustained the charge in reply to the *Post*.

In regard to exorbitant bail, the Dispatch says: "No one has been held to more bail than $1000 on each charge." This does not tally with the information the Post and Dispatch have previously given us. The Dispatch mentions cases of persons being held to bail in $5000, and $2000—one held in $5000 on *additional* charges. If we understand the Post, one man is held to bail in $10,000, on two charges, one in $7000, on three charges, and one in $5000. If this is not exorbitant, then we are mistaken, that is all.

NEW MUSIC—*Love of the Old.*—Words by L. Virginia Smith. Music by H. Kleber. The words of this song are most beautiful, and those who know Mr. Kleber's talents and taste, will feel no doubt that the music is worthy of the song. New York: Firth, Pond & Co. Pittsburgh; H. Kleber.

THE NEXT—23D—CONGRESS.

	Next Congress.		*Present Congress.*	
	Whig.	Ab.	Whig.	Ab. Dem.
Iowa,	1	1	—	2
Missouri,	2	3	3	2
Vermont,*	2	—	3	—
Maine,	3	3	2	5
Florida,	—	1	1	—
Pennsylvania,	9	16	9	15
Ohio,	7	2	12	8 2 11
Indiana,	1	10	2	8
New Jersey,	1	4	1	4
Massachusetts	3	—	3	—
Wisconsin,	—	3	—	3
New York,	10	1 2	17	— 17
	39	3 75	49	2 67

Showing a Whig loss of ten members, and a Democratic gain of eight, compared with the present Congress.

It will be noted that in several States the number of Representatives in the new Congress is not the same as in the old, having been modified by the census of 1850, which now for the first time takes effect upon the Congressional election.

So far as can be inferred from the results thus far, the next House, like the present, will be largely Democratic. Whole number of Senators, 62. Representatives, 234. Total 296.

*One vacancy. †Eight vacancies.

REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENT ON THE RIO GRANDE.

Our telegraphic correspondence announces the receipt of advices from Brownsville, on the Rio Grande, to the 5th instant, containing accounts of a late revolutionary movement at Matamoros, which terminated in the rout of the Government forces, by the insurgents. The following particulars are given:

On the 2d instant a portion of the National Guard stationed at Matamoros revolted, and crossed to the American side of the Rio Grande, where they raised the revolutionary standard, and soon had a well armed and organized force of six hundred men, when preparations were made to recross the river and attack Matamoros. The revolutionary troops succeeded in crossing to the Mexican side on the 4th instant, and immediately took up their line of march towards Matamoros.

General Avalos, with 1,500 Government troops, had been sent out by Cardenas, the Governor of Tamaulipas, to meet them, and a battle soon ensued. The insurgents fought with great bravery, and notwithstanding the Government troops outnumbered them almost three to one, they soon put Gen. Avalos to flight, and routed his troops with considerable loss of life. Avalos and his scattered forces fled to Matamoros, where preparations were making to meet and repel the insurgents.

The revolt was caused by the appointment of Cardenas as Governor, whose usurpations have made him very objectionable to the people.

It is suggested in some mercenary quarters that Mr. George Law's willingness to have a war with Spain grows out of the fact that he is the owner of a large lot of excellent muskets the property of the Government which he hopes to sell at a profit in the event of the invasion and capture of Cuba. These weapons were bought at a low rate, and it would be very pleasant to dispose of them at a high one. The following is stated as their cost to Mr. Law:

64,899 muskets at $2 40	$154,557 60	
65,623 muskets at 2 00	131,240 00	
14,831 muskets at 2 00	28,662 00	
144,853	$314,459 66	

These guns are well packed in safe boxes and are stored somewhere in this vicinity, say at Atlantic Dock or thereabouts, ready for the outbreak of a great national convulsion. If they could be got off for $10 each, which is less than the cost to make them, Mr. Law would pocket a clean million by the operation. If this could be done and the area of freedom extended at the same time, by a great deal of public glory and private profit would be realized cotemporaneously.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

GEN. PIERCE—THE FILLIBUSTERS—GEN. SCOTT—POST OFFICE DECISION.

Correspondence of the New York Tribune.

WASHINGTON CITY, Nov. 11.

An intimate personal friend of Gen. Pierce, who came recently from Boston, says the President elect will not entertain the subject of the distribution of spoils even with his particular friends—that he has not made up his mind at all what course of policy he shall pursue, and has not, and will not make any indications thereof for the present. Meantime the *Filibusters* are making ready for a descent on Cuba as soon as the present administration goes out. They expect Douglas to take the Department of State, and do the diplomatic engineering for them here. One thing is quite certain, they have plenty of money and a sufficiency of men and muskets. They have reliable information from the Island, and 800 men—Cuban Refugees—for pilots, who know respectively every part of the coveted country intimately. They had better not fall into the hands of the present Administration.

The statement that Gen. Scott attributed his defeat to the *Herald*, was so grossly absurd as to excite no notice here. It was only intended by the *ex-Senatorial* correspondent of that paper, to lift it out of the mire and filth, into decent association. Gen. Scott never reads it, and never alludes to it, and could not, if he wished, express the loathing which he feels for everything connected therewith. His proud form was never more erect, nor his eagle eye brighter than it is to-day. He stands alone and unapproached—grand and unconcerned, like a light-house after a dreadful storm. His bosom has often been bared to the storms of war; his heart's blood has always been ready if his country's altar required the sacrifice, and he would to-morrow, if war should come, leave his fire-side and his family, and forgetting all the ingratitude which he has received, lead the army, as of old, to victory. A truer, more patriotic heart than that old bosom carries, never beat.

The Postmaster General has decided that there is nothing either in the laws or regulations of the Post Office Department, which prevents the sending of periodicals or papers to "actual and bona fide subscribers," by agents or dealers, the same as if they were mailed directly from the office of publication—all former decisions to the contrary notwithstanding. The first section of the new law embraces the case.

Yours, KORNER.

THE NATIONAL PARTY.—Gen. Scott was dragged down, it is said, even by the Whigs, because he was Mr. Seward's candidate—that is, because Seward in this free country chose to prefer him to Pierce or Hale. But John and Martin Van Buren sustained Pierce—all right! The only open coalition between the Freesoilers and any other party is in Massachusetts, where the Democrats and Freesoilers are in one family—all right! The Disunion party in Alabama, Georgia, and Mississippi all supported Pierce—all right! The South Carolina Legislature chose Pierce and King electors, but at the same time passed in caucus a resolution declaring that in so doing the State "protests against an approval or acquiescence in the measures commonly called the compromise"—all right! Hurrah for the Democratic National Union party!—*New Haven Palladium.*

RESULT OF THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.—The result of the Presidential contest may now be accurately stated. Of the doubtful States, Kentucky and Tennessee have cast their votes for Gen. Scott, and North Carolina has gone for Mr. Pierce by two or three hundred majority. Texas and California, the only States not yet heard from, are conceded to Pierce and King. This will make the vote in the Electoral College stand forty-two for Scott and Graham, and two hundred and fifty-four for Pierce and King—giving the latter a majority of two hundred and twelve votes. We append a table of the result, in detail:

	Gen. Pierce.	Gen. Scott.
Maine,	8	—
New Hampshire,	5	—
Vermont,	—	5
Massachusetts,	—	13
Connecticut,	6	—
Rhode Island,	4	—
New York,	35	—
New Jersey,	7	—
Delaware,	3	—
Pennsylvania,	27	—
Maryland,	8	—
Virginia,	15	—
North Carolina,	10	—
South Carolina,	7	—
Georgia,	10	—
Florida,	3	—
Ohio,	23	—
Indiana,	13	—
Illinois,	11	—
Iowa,	4	—
Wisconsin,	5	—
Michigan,	6	—
Kentucky,	—	12
Missouri,	9	—
Alabama,	9	—
Louisiana,	6	—
Tennessee,	—	12
Mississippi,	7	—
Arkansas,	4	—
Texas,	4	—
California,	4	—
	254	42

The Louisville *Democrat* has the following startling statistics of the swine business of the West:

Ohio, in 1859, produced	1,964,770	hogs.
Kentucky, do	2,861,163	do
Illinois, do	1,016,910	do
Indiana, do	2,263,776	do
Tennessee, do	3,114,114	do
Total	12,119,730	

This is coming it pretty strong—half a hog to every man, woman and child in the Union; but it is nothing to what we are threatened with at the next census in 1860. Here is a grand total of over twelve millions of swine from only five States, and these States not a quarter settled. If this is not going the whole swine, we should like to know what is. Why, if these porkers were placed in a row, and a continuous line formed by placing the caudal appendage of the first in the mouth of the second, and so on through the entire millions, and taking no unfair advantage by untwisting the kinks, but allowing only four feet to each animal, there would be nine hundred one hundred and eighty-one miles and a half of continuous pork; for if Bymmes' hole could be found, they would stretch quite through our globe from arctic to antarctic pole, leaving, besides a handsome projection of over five hundred miles above the surface on each side; or, supposing the Atlantic to be three thousand miles broad, and the width of each pig to be but eighteen inches, a pig bridge of nearly five feet broad might connect New York and London—making a road broad enough for a neat hand to tool a sulky through in handsome style. It is no joking matter, but a pretty serious and substantial fact. What we are coming to at this rate, no one can tell. This western country will become one vast hog pen if this thing continues to increase at this rate.

THE ELECTION IN GEORGIA.—The Milledgeville Recorder briefly sums up the result of the Presidential election in eighty-two counties of Georgia, from which official returns have been received. In these counties one hundred and fifty regular Democratic ticket has obtained 30,045 votes, the Scott ticket 14,621, the Webster ticket 4,313, the Union Pierce and King ticket 5,210, the Troup and Quitman ticket 150, and sixty votes cast scattering. In these counties the vote polled is 50,172 less than in the same counties last year, and the vote given to the successful Democratic ticket is 4,597 less than the Whig vote in 1851.

ILLINOIS.—We are happy to state (says the Boston Atlas) that the election of E. B. Washburn, Whig, from Galena district, Illinois, is confirmed. Mr. Washburn is a gentleman of fine talents, a native of the State of Maine, and a brother of the Hon. Israel Washburn, member of Congress from that State. He beats Campbell, the present Democratic member, and his election is, of course, a Whig gain.

Hon. Richard Yates, Whig, is re-elected from the Jacksonville district. This is an unexpected and gratifying result, the more so that his district was gerrymandered expressly to defeat him.

Mr. John Wentworth appears to have succeeded in the Chicago district, although there was a strong opposition against him in his own party.

MASSACHUSETTS STATE ELECTION.—The people of Massachusetts failed to make choice of a Governor at the State election on Monday last. The plurality for the Whig candidate is upwards of 20,000.

The selection of a Governor will make no revolve on the Legislature, of which a large portion of the members are to be elected on the fourth Monday of this month. So far as elections were made last Monday, the Whigs secured ten members of the Senate and about 40 of the House, and the Coalition 8 in the Senate and 88 in the House. The struggle now is to obtain the majority in the latter body, which will have to fill the twenty-two vacancies in the Senate.

The Legislature will also have to elect a United States Senator.

The call for a Convention to alter the State Constitution has been carried by a majority of 5,000.

Samuel H. Walley and William Appleton, Whigs, are the only Representatives to Congress yet elected. The latter has a majority of about 1,200 votes. Mr. Scudder, Whig, lacks but nine votes of an election. The Whig candidates have a plurality in nearly all the districts, and at the next trial a plurality vote will elect.

NEWS ITEMS.

At a meeting of the Committee of the Western Branch of the Methodist Book Concern, held on Wednesday, Rev. D. W. Clark, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., was chosen editor of the Ladies' Repository, vice Professor Larrabe, resigned.

The great sale of cattle lately imported from England, by the "Scioto Valley Importing Company," came off at Chillicothe, on Thursday. The highest price obtained for them was $2,610, and the lowest $450. Sixteen in all were sold, bringing $21,785.

On Saturday evening last, George W. Wheeler was killed by the falling of a tree, in Painesville. Mr. Wheeler, in company with others, went out on Saturday evening "coon hunting." Believing, they had a coon in the top of a tree, some of the company cut it down. Wheeler saw the tree falling towards him, and ran to get away from it. The top of the tree struck him on the back part of the head, breaking the skull. He expired instantly. Not a word escaped his lips after the tree struck him. Mr. Wheeler was an active, worthy, and industrious young man, about 28 years of age.

The Ironton Register says that in Salt Lick township, there is an immense deposit of coal of the best quality, estimated to be from 60 to 112 feet in depth, and to be the largest known vein in the world.

Ironton, which has recently been made the county seat of Lawrence county, increased in twenty years by population from about nothing to 2,000 inhabitants.

A LOCOMOTIVE AT WHEELING.—The locomotive George Washington, was placed on the track of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at Wheeling, on Wednesday, to gratify the curiosity of those who never before witnessed the prankes of the iron horse.

GRAND SPEED.—In collecting the election returns in Massachusetts, at the late State election, a locomotive on the Connecticut River Railroad, ran 50 miles in 58 minutes, making six stops on the way. On the Western Massachusetts road, a locomotive ran 54 miles in an hour and a half, including one stop for wood and water.

FISH IN THE MOUNTAINS—*Great Haul of Wild Ducks.*—The Blue Mountains, in the vicinity of Hamburg, the Reading Pennsylvania Railroad Journal says, took fire from a locomotive on last Monday night. A singular circumstance connected with the fire, was the capture next day of a large flock of wild ducks. These ducks were attracted by the fire during the night, and had their wings and feathers so badly singed and burnt, that they were prevented from flying, and were of course easily caught.

The largest tunnel in the world is in Hungary. It extends from the shore of the river Gran, near Zarnowitz, to the Schemnitzer Hill Mines, and is ten miles in length. It is designed to serve the double purpose of a drain for the water accumulating in the mines, and of a railway to transport the mineral ore from the works to the river Gran.

Three pounds, eight ounces, troy weight, is the average of the brain of a male adult, and three pounds four ounces of a female. Cuvier's brain weighed four pounds, eleven ounces, four drams and thirty grains, troy weight. The brain of Dupuytren, the great French surgeon, weighed four pounds and ten ounces, troy weight.—Mr. Webster's brain was next in size to the Dupuytren, with these exceptions, the largest of any man's who ever lived.

The Steubenville Messenger changed owners, and turned Locofoco, the day before the election. So there are now *two* Locofoco papers and four daily papers in that place.

The Dutch Government has taken possession of the valuable collections bequeathed to the State by the celebrated bibliophilist, Baron Westtranan Van Tiellandt, and is about to form them into a separate museum, to be called the Museum Wertrenianum. A gallery of pictures by Giotto, Cunabue, and others of the oldest masters, ancient Greek and Roman sculptures, ancient Greek, Roman and Oriental coins, and a library of ten thousand rare and curious volumes, not including manuscripts, form this valuable collection.

DELEGATE FROM OREGON.—The Elyria Courier (Ohio) has been informed that Mr. E. M. Barnum, who only left Ohio for Oregon eighteen months ago, has been chosen Delegate to Congress from that Territory.

ATT REPLY.—"Reply, sir," said a judge to a blunt old Quaker who was on the stand, "do you know what we sit here for?" "Yea, verily I do," said the Quaker. "Three of you for four dollars each a day, and the fat one in the middle for four thousand a year."

The Highland costume is quite the fashion for little boys in England. The prevailing color for bonnets is said to be cactus-color.

E. S. Connor, an actor of some note, it is said, has recently inherited, by the will of a relative, a fortune of $80,000.

The English journals are grumbling at the want of respect shown to the memory of the great Duke.

The amount collected on the day of the Presidential election at twenty-two places (all that have yet been heard from,) in aid of the Washington Monument Fund amounts to $6,634 71. If collections had been made in the same ratio in all parts of the United States, the aggregate amount would have been sufficient to finish the Monument.

INCIDENTS OF THE LATE ELECTION.—The district of St. Mary's, in Elk county, Pa., gave 173 votes for Pierce and all for Pierce and King. The New York Express says it is some consolation to know that the whigs got 42 majority in "Jerusalem," and 1 majority in "Helltown," two precincts in Virginia. The district of "Nowhere," in Georgia, voted 49 for Fillmore, 1 for Scott or Pierce.

A PREDICTION.—We predict, that by the 1st of January, 1853, a revolution will be in successful operation in the States of Zacatecas, Tamaulipas, Chihuahua, and all the Northern States of Mexico. The object will be to establish an independent confederated republic, similar to the United States. It will be under the lead of Americans, though nominally under that of Mexicans. It will be successful, and will have a material bearing on the destiny of the South, of the United States, and of this continent.—*Natchez Free Trader, 18th ult.*

General Pierce is at present in Boston. The Journal of that city says he has already been notified by scores of "unterrified," soliciting promises from him that their services shall be remembered and *rewarded* so soon as he is fairly fixed in the presidential chair. It is also stated, that although all who call upon him with congratulations on his success are received with the courtesy and urbanity of a gentleman, and although he readily acknowledges their services, he is chary in dealing out promises of reward.

GOLD AND THE MONEY MARKET.—Private letters by the late steamer from California state that the gold on freight, by the Panama steamer, would be two and a quarter millions, which is larger than was anticipated. This continued influx of two to two and a half millions of gold semi-monthly, with only a moderate export, must influence materially the money market for the next three months.

OPIUM USED IN NEW YORK.—A physician of New York asserts that a thousand pounds of opium are sold by retail in that city every week, and that the terribly destructive practice of opium eating is fearfully increasing. If there is anything worse than alcohol, opium is the article.

EXPEDITION TO KAMSCHATKA.—A Russian expedition to Kamschatka has been organized, and half of it will set out this winter. The entire expedition comprises twelve persons, and will be absent about six years.

WINES, &c.—Persons wishing to purchase FRENCH WINES AND LIQUORS of all descriptions, pure as imported, can obtain them, at the lowest prices, at the Wine Store of JACOB WEAVER, Jr.,
no15 Market and Front streets.

Scrofula.

IT is due to Kier's Petroleum to say that it has been known to completely eradicate every vestige of this dreadful disease in less time than any other remedy, and at less cost or inconvenience to the patient.

The thousands of certificates in the hands of the proprietor, many of which are from well known citizens of the city of Pittsburgh and its immediate vicinity, go to show clearly and beyond all doubt, that KIER'S PETROLEUM is a medicine of no common value, not only as a local remedy in Paralysis, Rheumatism, Deafness, loss of Sight, but as a valuable internal remedy, inviting the investigating physician, as well as the suffering patient, to become acquainted with its merits.

Those having a deed of mixtures are assured that this medicine is purely natural, and is bottled as it flows from the bosom of the earth.

The following certificate is copied from a paper published at Syracuse, New York, and bears date August 2, 1852, of which any one can obtain the certificate of the celebrated D. Y. Post, M. D., of Syracuse:

This may in truth certify, that I have been so badly afflicted with the Scrofula for the past seven years, that most of the time I have been unable to attend to any kind of business, and much of the time unable to walk, and confined to my bed, and have been treated nearly all the time by the most eminent physicians of this place. I occasionally got some relief, but no cure, and continued to grow worse, until Dr. Post recommended me to try the Petroleum, or Rock Oil, as every thing else had failed. I did so without faith at first, but the effect was astonishing; it threw the poison to the surface at once, and I at once began to grow better, and by using seven bottles, I have got a cure worth thousands of dollars.

MRS. NANCY M. BARKER.

This may certify that I have been acquainted with Kier's Petroleum or Rock Oil, for more than a year, and have repeatedly witnessed its beneficial effects in the cure of incident illness, and other diseases for which it is recommended. I can with confidence recommend it to be a medicine worthy of attention, and can safely say that success has attended its use, where other medicine had failed. D. Y. POST, M. D.

For sale by all the Druggists in Pittsburgh.
aug26d1w

Goodyear's Patent Rubber Shoes.

JAMES P. TANNER, No. 56 Wood st., is now in receipt of a large lot of the above make of shoes, which he will sell at a small advance on the Boston manufacturers'—Dealers will please call and examine.
no10d2w

JAMES P. TANNER,
WHOLESALE DEALER
IN BOOTS, SHOES, BONNETS, &c.,
NO. 50 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Between Third and Fourth.

My stock embraces every variety and style of Boots, Shoes, Bonnets, &c., purchased direct from the New England Manufacturers expressly for our Fall and Winter sales, and will be sold at modern prices.—Please call and examine before buying.
sep2

DAGUERREOTYPES
AT THE
NATIONAL GALLERY.

JACKSON'S National Daguerrean Gallery, corner of the Diamond and Market street, (opposite Wilson's Drug Store,) Pittsburgh.

Ladies and Gentlemen wishing to obtain life like likenesses at moderate prices, will please call at the above mentioned, fitted up with very superior light and fine taste. The subscriber would call the attention of the public to the most accurate representation of animated life. IN ALL WEATHER, Engravings, Paintings, &c. accurately copied, and enlarged to the size of original likenesses.

Persons not satisfied with a picture, makes a perfect resemblance.

Children taken of sick and deceased persons in support of the city and vicinity.

Rooms open, and operating from 8 A. M. until 5 P. M. Entrance in Diamond.
no20-3m1w1w

Nelson's First Premium
DAGUERREOTYPES
Post Office Building, Third Street.

CITIZENS and strangers who wish to obtain accurate, artistic and life like likenesses, at a very moderate price, will find it to their interest to call at this well known establishment, where entire satisfaction is guaranteed, or no charge made. Having one of the largest and best arranged Side and Skylight over constructed for the purpose, with instruments of the most powerful kind, and having adopted the system of Colering Daguerreotypes, I feel confident of the patronage of the Philadelphia and New York, public. Having himself to attend to the entire management of the Art, a style of Daguerreotypes, either simply or in colors, which he will warrant surpassed.

Rooms open and operating, in all weathers, from 8 o'clock A. M. to 5 P. M.
no10d3m

NEW CARPET STORE.
ROBINSON & CO.,
NO. 47, FIFTH STREET, NEAR WOOD.

Now opening a large and entirely new Stock of Imported and American Carpets, together with everything usually kept in a Carpet Store, at the lowest cash prices.
oct9

A. H. HOLMES & BRO.
Successor to H. P. Nelson & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
SOLID BOX VICES,
PLATED SHOVELS, MATTOCKS, SPADES, HOES, PICKS, FORKS, &c.
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

Office No. 124, Water street, third door above Smithfield
All work warranted equal to any manufactured.
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C. G. HUBENY, President.
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Sec'y.

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INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, AND TRIBUTARIES.

Insures against loss or damage by FIRE. Also, against the perils of the SEA and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.

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LARD.

R. WATSON is now engaged in slaughtering 3,000 Hogs, and will have constantly on hand a No. 1 article of Lard, in bbls and kegs, for sale at his Ware House, corner of Liberty and Wayne Streets.
Nov. 6:2w

Derangement of the Liver,

IS one of the most common, as well as the most formidable of diseases known to American physicians. It has for years stood the closest attention of the medical faculty, in all parts of the United States, and yet up to the time of the discovery of Dr. M'Lane's great Specific, it was almost beyond the reach of medical skill. Thousands had perished without even a hope of relief, and although thousands may yet be destined to feel the direful effects of this so it complicated disease, it is now, thanks to the research of Dr. M'Lane, most completely brought within the scope of medical control. The proprietors of the Liver Pills are confident that they offer a remedy which has been fully tested by time, and which has never failed of success, when fairly tried.

These Pills are universally taken by all, and also administered by the medical profession, in the above disease. A trial is all that is necessary to prove their unrivalled superiority over all other Liver Pills.

For sale by all Druggists and Merchants, in town and country, and the sole proprietors.

Price, 25 cents per box. J. KIDD & CO.,
novl5-d&w1 62 Wood street.

JOHN D. WOOD. JAMES S. WOOD.

M'CORD & CO.,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL FASHIONABLE
HAT AND CAP
MANUFACTURERS.

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Their stock embraces every quality and style of Hats and Caps, Muffs, Boas, Cuffs and Fur Bonnets.
aug23d1m&1y

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NO. 39, WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

MANUFACTURERS OF Gun-Barrels, Cast Steel and Steel Springs, Axes, Hatchets, Spades, Solid Box Vices, Hoes, Hay and Manure Forks.

All articles made of the best material, and warranted equal to if not superior to any in the market. Merchants and others wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
no6

DIED,

On the 11th inst., JOHN BABBURN, aged 57 years.—The funeral will proceed from his late residence, Anderson street, Allegheny, to Mount Union Cemetery, this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

JUST rec'd James' last new Novel: A Life of Vicissitudes, a Story of Revolutionary Times, by G P R James.

Europe a Entry, by George Wilkes, Editor of the New Yorker Gazette.

Capt. Kidd, by J H Ingraham, author of Lafitte, &c. &c.

Romance of the Mary Wives of Bluebeard, by the Author of Men's Wives, by Thackeray.

Book of Snobs, by Thackeray. For sale by
W. A. GILDENNEENEY & CO.,
76 Fourth street.

"Europe in a Hurry."

REEL & CALLOW, opposite the Post Office, have just rec'd the following new work, "Europe in a Hurry," by George Wilkes the Editor of the National Police Gazette.

Waverly Novels, Vol. 14.

A Life of Vicissitudes, a Story of Revolutionary Times, by G P R James.

Rockster, or the Merry Days of England, by the author of Amy Lawrence, the Jesuit, Cabin and Parlor—a new supply.

The "Musical World" received regularly, by
no16 BEEL & CALLOW.

Pearl Keys.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECD the various of several superb Pianos, 7 octaves, made by NUNN & CLARK, and HUNTER & WEIL, the keys of which are made entirely of PEARL, and very highly ornamented with white and black ivory, beyond conception, rich and beautiful. Pearl Keyed Pianos are always very much admired and coveted by the wealthy and fashionable of the Atlantic cities.

S. P. SHRIVER is prepared to tune, repair and examine the same on their arrival, of which due notice will be given.
no10 H. KLEBER, No. 101 Third street.
(Journal and Post copy.)

MOSS—9 bales, in store, and for sale by
[nov 10] PERKINS & BATEMAN.

BUTTER—11 kegs. Just received and for sale by [nov 10] PERKINS & BATEMAN.

BROOMS—50 dozen, in store and for sale by [nov 10] PERKINS & BATEMAN.

SEGARS—20 M. Havana Segars—in Store and for sale by PERKINS & BATEMAN.

FRENCH MERINOS—A A MASON & Co are now receiving one hundred pieces French Merinos, including the most fashionable colors, to which they would invite the attention of the wholesale trade.
no16

MERINO AND PARAMATA CLOAKS We shall exhibit for sale on Wednesday, 16th inst. a large lot of entirely new styles of the above Cloaks.
no16

Desirable Country Seat for Rent.

THE subscriber desires to rent that beautiful country seat, on the Perrysville Plank Road, one mile from the city of Allegheny, late the residence of Jno Mac, Esq., dec'd. The house is large and convenient. The out buildings are Stables, Carriage House, etc. The grounds are painted with ornamental and choice fruit trees, and the tenant can have one of the same at his own choice. Possession given at any time after the first day of January. Apply to the subscriber, on the premises, or 11 Ann and Liberty sts., or of the subscriber, on the premises.
no10,d1f W. B. PUSEY.

Canal Boat and Horses at Auction.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 16th, 1852, at 10 o'clock, at the Canal, on Grant st., will be the Warehouse of Kier & Jones, will be sold without reserve—
One Section Canal Boat, with her Tackle and Furniture, &c.
Two Horses and Harness. Terms at sale
no16 DAVID LAVIN, Auctioneer.

Adjourned Sale of Villa Sites

THE sale of Lots on the hill north of W. McClintock, in the Reserve Tract, recently advertised having been postponed on account of the rain, will take place on the premises of the subscriber, on the Saturday (the Diamond, in Allegheny City, on Thursday evening, November 18, and again on Saturday, November 20, at 3 o'clock.

It is the intention, they can be examined by further waiting to purchase, who will find them marked with stakes, containing numbers and dimensions of each lot to offered.

This property is very desirable, entirely free of encumbrance, and will go cheap, and on easy terms.
H. H. DOYLE, Auctioneer.

Orphans' Court Sale.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, we will sell at public sale, on the premises, on Saturday, the 18th day of December, at 10 o'clock, A. M., all the Estate right of Intestate in Baden township, Allegheny county, bounded by lands of James Brady, John Jocelin, Henry Gillon, Roger Sullivan and Robert Fulton, containing 40 acres 88 76-100 perches, still in unimproved Rock Oil, as every thing else had