PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 1, 1852.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

GEN'L WINFIELD SCOTT, of New Jersey.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, N. Carolina.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

JACOB HOFFMAN, OF BERKS COUNTY.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

(In the room of the Hon. Richard Coulter, deceased.)

JOSEPH BUFFINGTON, of Armstrong Co.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

SENATORIAL.

A. E. BROWN, JAMES POLLOCK.

REPRESENTATIVE.

Districts.	
1. WILLIAM F. HUGHES,	14. JAMES H. CAMPBELL,
2. JAMES THOMAS,	15. JAMES D. PATTON,
3. JOHN W. STOKES,	16. JAMES K. DAVIDSON,
4. JOHN P. VERREE,	17. JOHN WILLIAMSON,
5. SPENCER MCILVAINE,	18. HALSEY DRAKE,
6. CHARLES W. WELLER,	19. JOHN LEDYON,
7. JAMES PERRINE,	20. ARCHIBALD ROBERTSON,
8. JOHN SHAFFNER,	21. THOMAS J. RIGHAM,
9. JAMES MARSHALL,	22. LEWIS L. LORD,
10. CHARLES P. WALLS,	23. CHRISTIAN MEYERS,
11. DAVID AIKEN,	24. DARWIN PHELPS,
12. J. C. MERCER,	25. SAM'L A. PURVIANCE.
13. H. MIDDLESWARTH.	

Antimasonic and Whig County Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS—21st DISTRICT,

DAVID RITCHIE, Pittsburgh.

FOR CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT,

THOMAS M. HOWE, Allegheny

FOR SENATE,

REGGIE DARSIE, Allegheny.

FOR ASSEMBLY,

GEORGE K. APPLETON, Birmingham
THOMAS PENNEY, McKeesport.
RICHARD COWAN, Pittsburgh.
C. S. SYSTAD, Pittsburgh.
JOSEPH S. FORTER, Tarentum.

SHERIFF,

WILLIAM MAGILL, Pittsburgh.

PROTHONOTARY,

EDWARD CAMPBELL, Jr., Pittsburgh.

CLERK OF THE COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS, &c

GABRIEL ADAMS, Pittsburgh.

COMMISSIONERS,

WILLIAM ALGEO, Pittsburgh.

CORONER,

JAMES LOWRY, Pittsburgh.

AUDITOR,

FRANCIS I. GARDNER, Elizabeth.

HAVE YOU BEEN ASSESSED.

Every person must be assessed at least ten days before the election, to legalize his vote. The time is short. Let every Whig voter make immediate inquiry, and see whether he is assessed or not.

Scott Meetings.

THE "Scott and Graham Club" of Allegheny County, have appointed meetings at the following places and times:

At Benjamin Sarver's, Franklin township, on Wednesday, September 29, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

At Manchester, on Thursday, September 30, at 7 o'clock p. m.

At McCook's School House, Pine township, on Thursday, September 30, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

In Sewickleyville, Ohio township, on Friday October 1st, at 7 p. m.

In Birmingham, at the Market House, on Friday, Oct. 1st, at 7 p. m.

In Texas, at John Somerville's, Plum, township, on Saturday, October 2d, at 2 p. m.

In Clinton, Findley township, on Saturday, October 2d, at 7 p. m.

In Wilkinsburgh, on Monday, October 4th, at 7 p. m.

At Joel Monroe's Patton township, October 4th, at 2 p. m.

In Temperanceville, on Monday, October 4th, at 7 p. m.

In Duquesne Borough, on Tuesday, October 5th at 7 p. m.

In Middletown, Moon township, on Tuesday, October 5th, at 7 p. m.

In Stewartstown, Shaler township, on Wednesday October 6th, at 7 p. m.

At Hill's, near Carmick's Moon township, on Wednesday, October 6th, at 2 p. m.

At Wm. Porter's store, West Deer township, on Thursday, October 7th, at 2 p. m.

In Bakerstown, West Deer township, on Thursday, October 7th, at 7 p. m.

At Reiff's Tavern, Indiana township, on Friday, October 8th, at 7 p. m.

In Tarentum, East Deer tp, on Friday, October 8th, at 7 p. m.

At Robert S. William's, Upper St. Clair, on Friday, October 8th, at 7 p. m.

In Torrence's School House, Jefferson township, on Saturday, October 9th, at 2 p. m.

At Clowes, Baldwin township, on Saturday, October 9th, at 7 p. m.

At Snow's, Jefferson tp., on Saturday, 9th, at 7 p. m.

At King's School House, Snowden township, on Saturday, October 9th, at 7 p. m.

At Union Rally, at the Market House, Pittsburgh, on Saturday, October 9th, at 7 p. m.

Grand Rally, rear of the American House, Pittsburgh, on Saturday, October 9th, at 7 p. m.

Torch Light Procession, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday evening, October 11th.

BY ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE.

"N. B." was received too late for to-day's paper.

The proceedings of Councils will be found on our first page to-day.

Right Rev. Bishop Potter will arrive in town to-day, and will stop at F. R. Brunot's, Esq., Allegheny.

FIRST GUN FROM TENNESSEE.

A telegraphic despatch to the New York Tribune, announces that at the Nashville Municipal election, the Whig Mayor was elected by 244 majority. Last year the majority was 25! Nine Whig and three Democratic Aldermen were elected.

A SCOTT CONVENTION is BROWNSVILLE.—The friends of Gen. Scott are to hold a Mass Convention in Brownsville, Pa., on the 6th of October. Great preparations are making, and the Whigs of Pittsburgh and Allegheny county are invited to attend. The "latch string will be out." The best spirit prevails in Fayette county, and the friends of Scott are hard at work. They should be encouraged.

GOOD NEWS FROM INDIANA.—The Indianapolis State Journal enters into an elaborate statement of facts and arguments to show that Gen. Scott will carry that State. The positions taken are strong, and we think are worthy of all confidence. We have always considered Indiana and Illinois both as doubtful States, and it would not surprise us in the least to see them voting for Scott. The Journal concludes its remarks as follows:

"We believe, too, that we shall be able to elect our State ticket in October; but whatever may be the fate, of this fact we feel assured, the vote in November will be in favor of Scott and Graham. Let our friends at home and abroad remember this prediction.

DEATH OF BISHOP CHASE.—The telegraph has informed our readers of the death of the Right Rev. Philander Chase, D. D., of the Protestant Episcopal church, of the Illinois diocese, and senior Bishop of the Denomination. His death which is universally regretted, took place on the 20th ult., and resulted from injuries received in a fall from his carriage, a short time ago.

From a notice in the New York Commercial, we learn that this venerable and universally esteemed clergyman was in the seventy-eighth year of his age. He has closed a career of ripe and matured piety, and of spotless reputation and Christian dignity, which shed a halo of purest light around his path while yet he lived, and now that he is no more will be a star to guide many to the same grandeur and perfectness of religious character.

The deceased Bishop was ordained to that office in St. James's Church, Philadelphia, on the 11th of February, 1819, and has, therefore, held the episcopal office for more than thirty-three years. He was the eighteenth Bishop, in succession, of the Protestant Episcopal Church in this country. Though feeling long somewhat the infirmities of advanced age, and the physical weariness consequent upon long and self sacrificing toil in the service of his Divine Master, and of that branch of the Christian Church to which he was on principle attached, he had scarcely remitted his labors or oversight of those interests committed to his judicious care.

His arduous duties had, however, involved the necessity of further aid in his episcopal labors, and the Rev. Henry S. Whitehouse, D. D., late some time since, elected Associate Bishop of the rector of St. Thomas's Church in New York, was diocese of Illinois.

The Right Rev. T. C. Brownell, D. D., will now be the senior Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

San Francisco, at the present time, contains 40,000 inhabitants, thirteen churches and nine Sunday schools. There are over fifteen hundred children in the city of a suitable age to attend public schools, and nine hundred attend Sunday schools.

MORGAN MORGANS, Esq., has been nominated for the Mayoralty by the Whigs of New York. He has been an active member of the Common Council, and was, last year, President of the Board of Aldermen.

The Whigs of Portage and Summit counties, Ohio, nominated Darius Lyman, Esq., for Congress. The selection is an excellent one.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.—The 6.40 accommodation train for Cleveland to Bayard, will, on and after Sept. 30th, run only to Alliance, where it connects with the train of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad for Pittsburgh.

The Cholera is subsiding in Rochester. Some four or five hundred persons died of this disease in that city since the first of August.

In 1832, Rochester had a population of 12,000. The deaths from cholera were 108. In 1834, 58 deaths; population 16,000. In 1849, 167 deaths; population 36,000. In 1852, 400 or 500 deaths; population 40,000.

FROM KITTANNING.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.

KITTANNING, Sept. 29.

Valley of the Allegheny—Female Seminary—Remarks upon Education—Fruit.

At this season of the year this Valley is surpassingly beautiful. The clear, pure water of the Allegheny, alternately purling over pebbly ripples and resting in saline deep pools, giving to the river the aspect of a chain of little lakes, and all over shadowed by the bold and heavily timbered hills, now putting on the sober livery of autumn, which on one side or the other skirt its margin, form ever varying scenery rarely equalled. When the Railroad shall be completed, no route out of Pittsburgh will equal this for excursions for health and recreation, and no Valley in Western Pennsylvania affords so many healthy and beautiful sites for country residences. From Pittsburgh to Kittanning the character of the scenery is that of quiet beauty; from Kittanning to the head of the river it possesses more of the element of grandeur.

Yesterday I had the pleasure of attending the semi-annual examination of the pupils in the Female Seminary near this village, under the care of the Rev. Dr. KILLIKELLY. This Seminary situated near the bank of the river, about half a mile above the town. It is an institution of a high order, and deserves a greater celebrity than the modesty of the excellent and accomplished Principal has permitted him to give it. The studies embrace the solid and useful branches, rather than the ornamental, although the latter are by no means neglected.

In the examination yesterday, embracing Grammar, Geography, History, Philosophy, Chemistry, the analysis of the English language (a most useful and instructive study,) together with the French, Music, Readings, Recitations, &c., both teachers and pupils proved that they had been faithful and assiduous in their labors. At the close of the examination, Bishop Potter, who was present during the most of the time, delivered an animating and impressive address to the citizens and parents present, and lastly to the young ladies. He spoke in terms of strong commendation of what he had witnessed, and he is not a man who deals in flattery as I understand compliment.

Dr. Killikelly is assisted in his labors by two ladies, Miss MAGUIRE and Miss CLARK, who are admirably fitted to preside over their respective departments; while his excellent lady, by her well directed supervision, gives to the whole establishment the air of a harmonious, happy, and well ordered family. It is a good school, for the affections and morals, as well as the intellect, are educated. If I have said too much, my apology is that I feel that I ought not to say less.

I trust the time is not far distant when such a tone of education will be introduced in all our borders, so as to bring it within the reach of every household. Our common schools are yet far below the standard that we ought to aim at; and unless we agree to bestow upon them a little more care and expense, I fear that the intellectual and moral improvement of our country, will by no means keep pace with its material progress. These remarks are applicable to the rural districts rather than to the towns and cities, where, as a general thing, this great interest is much better attended to.

I know of no section of country where fruit of almost every kind thrives better, or comes to greater perfection than in Armstrong county.—Peaches and apples are abundant, and, when any care had been bestowed upon them, are very good. When the Railroad shall have opened an outlet northward, the culture of fruit will be a good business here. J. C.

FROM NEW YORK.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 28, 1852.

Our Mayoralty Convention was held last evening, and after several balloings, Morgan Morgans, a citizen well informed of our wants was nominated, which is equal, in the present state of feeling, to an election. Next week the Congressional Conventions meet, after which the details of canvassing will be speedily completed, and the campaign be conducted with even more vigor than at present. The news from Nashville is full of encouragement to the friends of Gen. Scott, and indicates what we may expect in November.

Madame Sontag's concert last evening was as fully successful as she or her warmest friends could wish, and she has nothing to do now but quietly make as large a fortune as she desires. There are not a few who rank the fair German far above Jenny Lind, and not without reason if power to create enthusiasm in an audience be the test of merit. Where Jenny charmed by her coldness and mechanical execution, Madam Sontag rouses her audience by the passion she so vividly portrays, and develops in her hearers. The applause Jenny Lind received for her good heart is more properly tendered now to the new singer's vocal powers.

The Irving House, that grand caravansary, changed hands yesterday, to a Mr. Burroughs, formerly of the Franklin House, for one hundred and twenty thousand, the price of the furniture and good will of the balance of the lease. Mr. Howard retires with a fortune of a quarter of a million, which, though large, is a small sum compared with the profits of the Astor House, the New York Hotel, or even the Union Place Hotel. The Irving has always been the resort of "drummers," who bore the patience of country merchants out of them, making them execrate a custom peculiar to New York above all other cities.

We are in the midst of agricultural shows just now, and at Flushing to-morrow the Queens mean to introduce a novelty in the way of receiving invited guests. The delegation from the American Institute are to be placed in a wagon drawn by one hundred yoke of oxen preceded by the military of the county and a band of music. The address is to be delivered by the Hon. Charles King, President of Columbia College.

The past four days has witnessed an increase to our population by imigration of no less than fourteen thousand one hundred and fifteen persons. For want of adequate accommodation, the poor creatures suffer much, and nightly hundreds of them have no shelter save that given by door-steps and lumber piles. With all this immigration and the exposure of so many unacclimated people, the health of the city continues to improve, as is shown by the decreased bill of health, which gives only four hundred and twenty-four deaths for the past week.

In money matters there is not much change. There is still an abundance of capital seeking investment, but at rather higher rates, and six and seven per cent is freely paid. The subtreasury continues to accumulate and has now over seven millions of dollars in its vaults, a much larger amount than the banks of Wall street desire to see there. Another ship is about due from California to replenish the banks and renew confidence in a reduction in the price of money as the season advances. All good stocks are held firmly, and upon the whole the sellers have a decided advantage. Coal stocks are great favorites, and promise soon to pass from the stock list to the hands of capitalists.

Wm. A. Graham, the next Vice President of the United States, is at present in the city, and was this morning received on board the steam frigate Mississippi with the honors due his present rank as the head of the Navy Department. He proceeded thence to the Navy Yard, where he also was received with the usual noisy welcome; an emblem of the sort of favor the Scott and Graham ticket is to receive in this latitude at the hands of the people who do their own voting as well as fighting.

The New York Chrystal Palace is progressing finely, and by March will be ready to receive contributions, and be open in May, punctually, as business matters should be conducted, so is the concern, and success must ensue. Our mechanics are all hard at work, and were we to have an influx of thousands, they could be employed. But so good mechanic should abandon the country for this spot unless he is on cars at home. In this case, if he wants a chance to work this is the place to find it now. C.

"I know Gen. Scott, and have known him long and in a true way, and a high-minded, honest patriot, that is not my choice."—*Lewis Cass' Last Machinery speech.*

GLORIOUS SCOTT CONVENTION.

OUTPOURING OF THE WHIGS.

A mass Whig convention assembled at Uniontown, on Wednesday, which was attended by an immense assembly from all the surrounding townships. A delegation of about one hundred went up from Pittsburgh, and on arriving opposite the landing we found a Scott and Graham pole one hundred and fifty feet high erected, gaily decorated with appropriate flags and streamers. The whole town was alive with enthusiasm; here and there Whig mottoes and devices were stretched from house to house, with numerous beautiful flags in the principal streets showing that the inhabitants were alive to the importance of advancing the interests of the great Whig cause. The taverns were not, of course, large enough to accommodate the visitors, but the "latch strings were out," and all hospitably entertained. Our host was Col. Jas. A. Ekin, to whom, with his amiable lady, we beg leave to tender our thanks for their kindness, remarking, by the way, that Col. E., a democrat in the days of yore, is now a good Whig, thanks to the locofoco doctrines on the subject of protection to home industry.

At two o'clock the various delegates, and the inhabitants of Elizabeth, assembled at a stand, which had been erected for the speakers, and we were pleased to see a very large number of ladies in attendance.

The Convention was organized by calling Gen. WILLIAM LARIMER, of Pittsburgh, to the chair, and appointing as Vice Presidents,

Robert M. Biddle, Pittsburgh,
S. Speer, Fayette county,
Hugh Fergus, Allegheny county,
George Lawrence, Washington county,
Capt. R. Greenlee, Allegheny county,
Wm. Eichbaum, Pittsburgh,
M. Henderson, Allegheny county,
D. Wilson, " "
Dr. J. Hoey, McKeesport,
Isaiah Brink, West Elizabeth,
M. D. Campbell, Westmoreland county,
Capt. Heath, Allegheny county.

On motion, the following gentlemen were appointed Secretaries:

Colonel Eddy, Somerset county,
James K. Kennedy, Pittsburgh,
E. L. Jones, "
B. Lake, Elizabeth.

General Larimer, having opened the meeting in a few appropriate remarks, concluded by introducing Gov. WM. F. JOHNSTON to them: the citizens of that place had always been his warm friends, and had given him very large majorities for Governor. The speaker, in common with those around him, regretted that he was not Governor yet, but trusted that they would have an opportunity of making him President or Vice President, (a voice, "or both.") of the United State. [Cheers.]

We may here observe that owing to a want of space, we are compelled to give an exceedingly brief abstract of the remarks of the various speakers.

Governor Johnston rose amidst loud cheers, and complimented the ladies on their attendance. Any cause cheered by their smiles and presence must succeed. As to the allusion of his friend, he might say that he had no desires to gratify; his ambition was fulfilled. Through the kindness of the people, he had received honors which he had no right to expect, and trusted that while in office he had discharged his duties so as not to disappoint the expectations of his friends. The Governor then eloquently to point out the progress of the United States, from its infancy to the present day, through all its years of continued triumph. There was one man who for the past forty years had been intimately connected with all those triumphs, both in war and peace, General WINFIELD SCOTT, the glorious leader, whose claims to the Presidential Chair they had there met to advocate.

The citizen who went to the ballot box to deposite his vote, had a double duty to perform. He must not only support the best interests of his country, but pay a tribute of gratitude, if he could do so, to those who have heretofore distinguished for patriotism, valor and ability in the Whig service. General Scott was associated with a party who professed certain principles. What were they? The speaker pointed out at length the distinguishing characteristics of the Whig party. The first was that the Constitution was the supreme law, and its provisions must be strictly observed, so that State rights and the rights of individuals must not be interfered with. In other countries liberty had fallen because the rights of the people were not guaranteed by a written constitution, here they were clearly defined, and must be enforced This had been a cardinal principle of the Whig party for the last twenty-five years. That party too, asserted that not only was this an American people, but that it was the duty of all its citizens to carry out their interests as a people; in other words, that the Government should be administered as to confer the largest amount of good on the largest number of citizens. Thus it became the duty of the Government to protect the people, by a suitable tariff, from the injuries produced by foreign pauper labor, for it was impossible that a nation should be entirely free unless it were independent of all others as regarded the production of the necessaries of civilized life, and without protection our manufactures languished and died.

The Whig party, for the last twenty five years, had also maintained that the General Government should protect the internal and external commerce of the country. To do so it was necessary that our harbors should be kept open and our rivers freed from obstructions, in order that our citizens might enjoy the benefits of the great avenues of communication which the Giver of Nature had given them. The Whigs had always supported and voted for all measures tending to this end. These were their principles, and he asked all men to weigh them well: Protection to American industry, liberal appropriations to river and harbor improvements, and obedience to the laws when passed under the Constitution, no matter what their individual feelings on the subject, but if the enactments were not proper, then let them advocate their repeal, and he was less than a freeman who would not do so. There was no concealment about their principles, they were published to the world, and it was under them that their glorious old chieftain would lead their party to victory. The speaker commented upon them with great force and power.

The glowing terms in portrayed the character of Gen. Scott, equally distinguished as a great statesman and military chieftain. Glorious as had been his whole career, its most glorious act, was his submitting to the cruel and unjust order which deprived him, a victorious general, of his command. He soon appointed to a station in the Army by a Democratic President, and had been employed in arduous services, both civil and diplomatic, by every succeeding President, who had thus testified their admiration of his abilities, and it was only the last, James K. Polk, who had caused him to be brought home in disgrace with the Administration, though not with the People.

A State election was now approaching, which would precede the Presidential. It was his duty to say a few words on it. He had for years lived next door to Joseph Buffington, the Whig candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court. There was no better or purer man and patriot in this Commonwealth. He had been a successful lawyer, and was now an eminent judge. He could not speak the sentiments of every man of all parties in Armstrong county, when he said so. As for George W. Woodward, his opponent, he did not know him, and was glad of it, for he would not wish the acquaintance of such a man. Governor J. proceeded to show how bitterly Woodward had opposed foreigners in the Reform Convention, and then his own denial of what he had said when he thought it would injure his election, but as we have already published the proof of this, we do not deem it necessary to publish his remarks on this subject.

In order however to show what Judge Woodward's qualifications for the office to which he aspired were, he would read them a decision in the Supreme Court, on an appeal taken from a decision of George W. Woodward, then Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. He then cited from 5th Barr's reports, page 320, the OPINION OF THE LATE SUPREME BENCH as to Woodward's qualification's. It was given in the case of Cadbury vs. Nolan, and we copy, *verbatim*, the italics and brackets being our own, that part relating to the legal aspirant to a seat on the same bench. "The Court (Judge Woodward,) waudpr over the whole facts and *view them with a strong bias*, and intimate that they involve no actual fraud, but give no instruction as to what constitutes legal fraud, and the case has been argued pretty much in the same way here. The *apprehension*, or perhaps, more properly, the *comprehension* of actual fraud, depends much upon the *moral sensibilities of the individual who contemplates the facts ont of which it is supposed to arise*. * * * * * * *

The Court, (Judge Woodward,) *made a strong argument* to the jury to evince that no actual fraud existed, and they said emphatically, "taking Balston's testimony to be the true view of the case, are any grounds disclosed for treating this sale to Patrick as fraudulent?" This is a pregnant inquiry, and taken in connection with all the Court said before, could only be understood by the jury to mean from all the testimony of Balston, (whom the Court near the close of the large, call the 'champion of the defence') there was no fraud, even according to the strongest evidence in favor of the defendant. And so interesting, I think the jury were misled, and that it was error in the Court, (Judge Woodward.)

It appears to me to be a *very gross case with fraud sticking out at its elbows and knees, and especially sticking strongly so by the testimony of the said Balston.*"

This then was the legal character of the locofoco candidate for a seat in the Supreme Court, if the records of that very Court were deemed of any authority.

Gov. Johnson concluded by trusting that all would turn out at the State election, since it would have a great effect upon the Presidential contest. Loud cheers.

DAVID RITCHIE, Esq., Whig candidate for Congress in the 21st District, was then loudly called for and made a brilliant and masterly address, which was received with much applause. He is one of the chastest and most effective speakers to whom we have ever listened, and we venture to say that he will distinguish himself in Congress. We regret that we have not room for his eloquent remarks, at the close of which he sat down amidst loud cheers.

He was succeeded by Col. Eddy, of Somerset county, who showed how brightly the Scott fires were burning there. The utmost enthusiasm prevailed and Allegheny county would have to give nine thousand majority if she expected to rival little Somerset. (Cheers and cries of "we will.")

Towards the conclusion of his remarks, after eulogizing the abilities of Judge Buffington, with whom he was personally acquainted, Col. Eddy proceeded to depict, in glowing terms, the frauds and corruptions which prevailed among the Democratic Board of Canal Commissioners, who were robbing the State at every opportunity. Would it not be well to put in an honest Whig to watch over and expose their peculations? Mr. Hoffman, Whig candidate for Canal Commissioner, was such a man, and the locofocos knew it, and they were trembling in their shoes, for they knew that he was deservedly popular even in their own party. They knew that even in Democratic Berks, which sometimes rolled up five thousand of a majority for them, he had only been defeated when he ran there by *five hundred* majority. He was sure of his election. Let Buffington and Hoffman be elected, and a flood of light would be shed over the land which would blind the vision of our opponents. Col. E. pointed out the negative qualities of Franklin Pierce. He had nothing decided about him. All his votes in Congress had been—no, no, no; all his actions in the battle-field had been of the same nature. He had never done anything worthy of national regard in his life.—(Loud cheers.)

The Second Ward Glee Club, the best to which we have ever listened in the State, then sang a number of their most beautiful airs, which were enthusiastically received.

Gov. Johnston was again summoned to the stand by the multitude, and delivered a second eloquent and happy address, in the course of which he showed that the locofoco and British principles, as regarded the tariff, were identical, and it was on this account that the London and other English papers, favored Pierce's election. At the close of his address, the Convention adjourned until half past six o'clock, amidst loud cheers for Scott, Graham and the tariff of '42.

EVENING SESSION.

The various delegations then again partook of the hospitalities of the citizens of Elizabeth, and as for ourselves, we were once more laid under obligations to Col. Ekin and lady.

At half past six o'clock, the stand was surrounded by a dense crowd, and cheer after cheer was given for Scott and Graham. Eloquent and appropriate speeches were delivered by Hon. George Darsie, Robert McKnight, Esq., Hon. Jasper E Brady, John H. Hampton, Esq., and C. S. Eyster, Esq. At the close of each speech the Second Ward Glee Club favored the Convention with a soul-cheering Scott song.

At 9 o'clock, the Convention adjourned, with three cheers for Scott and Graham, and, the boat having arrived, the various delegations and the inhabitants of Elizabeth, escorted the Pittsburgh delegation to the boat, and gave them three hearty cheers at parting

Altogether the day passed off most pleasantly, and we think that our Whig friends may set down old Elizabeth as good for a larger majority for Scott and Graham, than she has ever given to any other Whig candidates.

NEW HAMPSHIRE TEST.—The following resolution was unanimously passed at the Whig State Convention, held at Concord, N. H., a few days ago:

Resolved, That we believe it to have been the design of the founders of the Government to make America the asylum of the oppressed, but never to the subversion of its distinctive character; that it be the refuge alike from religious and political oppression, and that within its boundaries civil privileges should be unabridged by religious opinions; therefore we, the Whigs of New Hampshire, are, as we always have been, *decidedly in favor of blotting the religious test from our State Constitution.*

OHIO—CHEERING INTELIGENCE.—A Postscript to a business letter, dated Middletown, Butler Co., Ohio, says:

The prospect for Scott continue to brighten daily. You need not be alarmed about Hale'sm or Free Soilism in this State. But few Whigs will be caught in that third party trap this time. Ohio will give Scott 15,000 majority—certain. I have mixed with the hard fisted yeomanry of the country, and I know what they will do.—Mark my prediction! —*Tribune.*

SOUTHERN BANK CASES.—The Court of Common Pleas in Wayne county was principally occupied the present week in the trial of the case of Bank of Wayne vs. Jessup. The jury returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff. The Wayne County Democrat says, "the decision firmly fixes the individual liability upon the stockholders."

NEWS ITEMS.

—On the Pittsburgh train yesterday a vote was taken which showed that the passengers were for Scott 97, Pierce 34, Hale 10, doubtful 3.—*Cleveland Herald.*

—General Pierce arrived in Boston on Tuesday evening, and put up at the Revere House.

—The Democrats of Cincinnati have tendered Gen. Wool a complimentary dinner.

—The corner stone of a new court-house was laid at Cincinnati, on the 18th instant, with imposing ceremonies.

—Jerome Bonaparte has changed his name The Paris Pays speaks of him as Jerome Napoleon.

—Lord Elgin, it is now said, has no intention of resigning the Governor Generalship of the Canadas.

—A Miss Fry was shot through the head and killed, a few days since, in Fayette county Ky., by her own brother.

—The quantity of beet-root sugar manufactured this year in France is 64,445,494 kilogrammes, or 7,658,969 kilogrammes less than last year.

—Hands are so scarce in many parts of Ireland that many laborers are receiving 8s. a day for field labor.

—Francisco de Carvalho Moreira, the new Brazilian Minister, presented his credentials to the President on Monday.

—The grapes in the vicinity of Philadelphia, it is said, continue green, and show no symptoms of ripening.

—THE AMERICAN FISHERIES appear to be pretty well broken up. The Newburyport Herald thinks it probable that our markets will be supplied by the British fishermen, as the duty, under the tariff of 1846, is only about 50 cents a barrel, at the rate the British fish come invoiced.

—A great interest has lately been excited in New Britain, in consequence of the discovery there, of a large portion of the skeleton of a huge mastodon.

—The report that the cholera was on the increase at Chambersburg is incorrect. There has been but four deaths during the whole week, and the disease is abating.

—Messrs. R. H. Gallaher and E. A. Gallaher have transferred their Interest in the Richmond Republican to Messrs. John Greene, Jr. and J. W. Lewellen

—ABLE BLOOD, of Goshen, New Hampshire who fought in the revolution, died on the 19th ult., aged 94 years. He fought bravely in eight battles, and in innumerable skirmishes and surprise of the enemy.

—Hon. W. Badger died at his residence in Gilmanton, N. H., on the 21st inst. He has filled various important offices under the State Government, and was Governor in 1834 and 1835. He was 75 years of age.

—The Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad Company have purchased 32,000 tons of rail in England, deliverable at New Orleans; and payable in the bonds of the company. This will be sufficient to iron the entire road between those cities.

—The Cincinnati Commercial states that Mrs. Wileham, a widow with five children, residing in Cincinnati has been taken to the insane department of the Commercial Hospital, and is regarded as an incurable lunatic, the result of spirit rappings.

CHICKERING'S PIANOS,

HAVE STOOD THE TEST OF THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE!!

THEY ARE USED BY MORE THAN

TWELVE THOUSAND FAMILIES,

IN THE UNITED STATES,

AND HAVE GIVEN UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION.

THEY ARE DISTINGUISHED FOR EXQUISITE QUALITY OF TONE! ELASTICITY OF TOUCH! STANDING IN TUNE and DURABILITY!

Mr. Chickering is now Manufacturing

Twelve Hundred Pianos a Year,

and the Demand is Steadily Increasing.

All Persons desirous of obtaining a Piano

WHICH WILL LAST A LIFE TIME

AND GIVE PERFECT SATISFACTION,

Are invited to call and examine the splendid assortment which has been

CAREFULLY SELECTED!

and are just opened at

JOHN H. MELLOR'S

No. 81 Wood street.

sep27:d&wlm

JOSEPH PLUMMER,

WHOLESALE DEALER

IN BOOTS SHOES, BONNETS, HATS, &c.,

NO. 111, WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH,

(BETWEEN DIAMOND ALLEY AND FOURTH ST.)

☞ Stock embraces every variety of Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Bonnets, &c., purchased directly from the New York and Philadelphia prices. Purchasers will please call and examine before buying.

ALEXANDER FOX JAY. JACOB PARK.

sep18:lyd&w JAY & PARK.

POSTLEY, NELSON & CO.,

NO. 39, WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

MANUFACTURERS of Gun-Barrels, Cast Steel and Hammered Shovels, Spades, Solid Box Vices, Hoes, Hay and Manure forks.

☞ All articles made of the best materials, and warranted equal to if not superior to any in the market. Merchants and others wishing to purchase will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

sep2

Nelson's First Premium DAGUERREOTYPES.

Post Office Building, Third Street.

CITIZENS and strangers who wish to obtain a natural, artistic and life like likeness, at a very moderate price, will find the rooms of the subscriber well known establishment, where entire satisfaction in picture likeness, or no charge. Having one of the largest and best arranged Side and Skylight rooms attached for the purpose, and all instruments of the most powerful kind, and having one of the best operators in the United States, as he is practiced by the celebrated Roots, of Philadelphia and New York, Mr. N. flatters himself that he will merit the patronage of the Art, a style of Daguerreotype, either whole or in groups, which has never been surpassed.

Rooms open and operating, in all weathers, from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. NELSON.

sep18:dawtf

DAGUERREOTYPES AT THE NATIONAL GALLERY.

JACKSON'S National Daguerrean Gallery, corner of the Diamond and Market street, (opposite Wilson's Penn Store,) Pittsburgh.

Ladies and Gentlemen wishing to obtain lifelike likenesses at moderate prices, will please call at the above established, fitted up with very superior Side and Sky Lights, surrounded with such skill that the operator can take the most accurate likeness of the smallest child, as well as all the expression of animated life in ALL WEATHERS.

☞ Operating, Parlors are kept perfectly cozied, and disagreeables taken of celestial likenesses.

☞ Pictures sent reciprocal to take a picture, unless a perfect resemblance.

☞ Likenesses taken of sick and deceased persons in any part of the city and vicinity.

☞ Rooms open and operating from 8 A. M. until 6 P. M. Entrance in the alley. JACKSON.

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A Sure Reliance.

☞ So certain are the effects of Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, in cases of disordered Liver, that they are regarded as the specific for that complicated class of diseases known as Hepatic. The patient has a medicine at hand upon which he can always rely. All that is necessary is to purchase and use Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills, to secure a restoration to health. Read this—

WILKESBORO TOWNSHIP, Allegheny Co., Pa.

J. Kidd & Co.—Please let me have two boxes more of Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills. My wife has used two boxes of the Liver Pills, and I can assure you they have done her more good than any family physician has for two years, during which time he was in regular attendance.—These two boxes, I think, will effect a cure.

JAMES JONES.

For sale by Druggists and Merchants, in town and country, and by the sole proprietors.

J. KIDD & CO.,

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JOHN D. MYERS. JAMES M'KEOWN

M'CORD & CO.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL FASHIONABLE HAT AND CAP MANUFACTURERS,

AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF FURS.

CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STS.

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☞ Their stock embraces every quality and style of Hats and Caps, Muffs, Boas, Cuffs and Fur Bonnets.

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Scrofula.

☞ IT is due to Kier's Petroleum to say that it has been known to completely eradicate every vestige of this dreadful disease in less time than any other remedy, and at less cost or inconvenience to the patient.

The thousands of certificates in the hands of the proprietor, many of which are from well known citizens of this city of Pittsburgh and its immediate vicinity, go to show clearly and beyond all doubt, that KIER'S PETROLEUM is a medicine of no common value, not only as a sure remedy in Paralysis, Rheumatism, Deafness, loss of Sight, but as a valuable internal remedy, inviting the nice vitiating physician, as well as the suffering patient, to become acquainted with its merits.

Those having a dread of mixtures are assured that this medicine is purely natural, and is bottled as it flows from the bosom of the earth.

The following certificate is copied from a paper published at Syracuse, New York, and bears date August 2, 1852, to which is also appended the certificate of the celebrated Dr. Foot, M. D., of Syracuse:

I may in truth certify, that I have been so badly afflicted with Scrofula in the last seven years, that most of the time I have been unable to attend to any kind of business, and much of the time unable to walk, and confined to the bed, and have been treated nearly all the time by the best physicians our country affords, I occasionally got some relief, but no cure, and continued to grow worse, until Dr. Foot recommended me to try the petroleum, or Rock Oil, as every thing else had failed. I had but little faith at first, but the effect was astonishing; it threw the poison to the surface at once, and I at once began to grow better, and by using seven bottles, I have got a cure worth thousands of dollars.

MRS. NANCY M. BARKER.

This may certify that I have been acquainted with Kier's Petroleum, or Rock Oil, for more than two years, and have frequently witnessed its beneficial effects in the cure of the most inveterate cases, and other diseases for which it is recommended, and can with confidence recommend it to the medicine worthy of attention, and can safely say that no sickness has attended its use, where other medicines had failed.

For sale by all the Druggists in Pittsburgh.

sep3:lawly

A. H. HOLMES & BRO.

Successor to H. P. Nelson & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SOLID BOX VICES,

PLATED SPOONS, MATTOCKS, SPADES, HOES, PICKS, FORKS, &c.

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

☞ No. 124, Water street, third door above Smithfield

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Citizen's Insurance Company of Pittsburgh

OFFICE, 94 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.

☞ INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, AND TRIBUTARIES.

☞ Also to insure against loss or damage by FIRE. Also, against the perils of the SEA and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.

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☞ JOB PRINTING of all kinds executed at this office with neatness, and at reasonable rates. Special attention will be given to Posters and Programmes for Exhibitions and Concerts.

Cards, Bill Heads, Bills of Lading, Invitations, Labels, Blanks, Store Bills &c., &c., neatly and promptly Printed

sep2

DIED,

On Wednesday Evening, the 29th inst., at 10 o'clock, W