PITTSBURGH GAZETTE:
PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.
PITTSBURGH.
THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 9, 1852.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN'L WINFIELD SCOTT, of New Jersey.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, N. Carolina.

Scott Club

☞THE Executive Committee of the "Conty Scott Club" have fixed upon the following meeting s to be held prior to the Great Mass Meeting on the 23d of next month—

At McKeesport, on Friday, September 10th, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

At John Cowan's, Baldwin Township, on Saturday, Sept. 11th, at 7½, P. M.

At Tarentum, on Tuesday, September 14th at 3 and 7½ P. M.

At James Irwin's, Robinson Township, on Thursday 16th September, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

At Benjamin Sarver's, Franklin township, on Friday 17th September, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

At Noblestown, on Saturday, September 18th at 7½ P. M.

At Sharpsburgh, on Monday, September 20th at 7½ P. M.

OHIO STATE FAIR.

This most interesting and important exhibition of the manufacturing and agricultural productions of Ohio, and the adjoining States, takes place next week, in Cleveland, commencing on Wednesday.

In answer to the numerous questions propounded to us, in regard to Railroad fares, we state, authoritatively, as follows:

Excursion tickets *to Cleveland and back*, can be procured at the ticket office of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, at any time during next week, from Monday to Thursday, for *four dollars each*; which is half price. Such tickets will be good until Saturday, *and no longer*. These excursion tickets will be sold at all the stations along the line, from Pittsburgh to Wooster.

From this, it will be seen that any person, ladies or gentlemen, who wish to visit Cleveland during the Fair week, and return, can do so at half price, by purchasing an excursion ticket. No doubt that hundreds of persons will avail themselves of this opportunity to visit the beautiful city of the Lakes, and to take a pleasant, healthful and cheap excursion.

Articles for exhibition must be shipped in the freight trains, unless persons wish to pay the price of express freight. Articles left at the freight depot on Saturday will reach Cleveland on Monday evening, and those left on Monday, will arrive on Tuesday evening. The freight trains leave at 4 o'clock in the morning, and go through in one day.

"FURNACES OF THE DEMOCRACY."

The Post of Tuesday had an article under the caption "The Country is Safe," which escaped our notice until we found in the Journal the following paragraph extracted from it, accompanied with some appropriate comments:

"We are happy to announce that we have heard a voice from Clarion, which brings the cheering news, in clear tones, that the country is safe and that sterling county will give a larger majority for the Democratic ticket than has ever been given before. The furnaces of the Democracy are in full blast, and there is now not a doubt but that unwavering Democratic County will turn out a larger majority than is ever has yet been. We are informed that the names of Scott and Graham are scarcely ever heard except to connect them with Webster's joke about tar and feathers."

They have "heard a voice from Clarion," have they? Well, so have we. They have heard that "the furnaces of Democracy are in full blast." We have heard that the furnaces for the manufacture of iron in that county are nearly all out of blast, and that the greater part of them have fallen under the hammer of the Sheriff. When the latter were in full blast, labor had abundance of employment, and the farmers had good markets for everything they could spare. But how is it now? Do the "furnaces of Democracy," which are now said to be in full blast, afford a good paying market for produce and labor? Do they enrich the country, bring comfort and contentment into the dwellings of the poor, or prosperity to the agricultural classes? The very opposite is the fact—Their full blast has *blasted* the prosperity of that fine county, put out the fires of its furnaces, and deprived its hitherto prosperous people of the means of prosperity. Seven columns of Sheriff's advertisements afford a sad commentary upon the policy of the party over whose "blasting" influence the Post exults in language which it would not be too strong terms to characterise as diabolical mockery. Could it not speak of the doings of its politicians in that county, without using a figure which, in the present prostrate condition of the great interest that has made Clarion county rich and distinguished, is bitterly insulting?

But whilst the blast from "the furnaces of the Democracy" has blown out the fires of American iron furnaces, it has imparted unwonted activity to the fires of those of Great Britain. Is this doubted? Then read the following, and let our friends in Clarion, Armstrong and Venango see to it that those who are blowing the bellows of Democracy among the cold and deserted furnaces of that "blasted" region have a chance either to read it or hear it read.

From the London Times.

"The triumph of the candidate of the Democratic party, BROUGHT FORWARD BY THE MEN OF THE SOUTH, *will secure, probably for ever, the ascendency of liberal commercial principles*, and if Lord Derby should next year be disposed to take the American tariff for his model, we have little doubt that it will serve to remove the last illiberal restrictions of the protective system from his mind. In this respect, and on this point, we take Gen. Pierce to be a fair representative of the opinions of Mr. Calhoun, and, as such, *a valuable practical ally to the commercial policy of this country."*

The *Times* is a good "Democratic furnace," too, is it not? It can blow a strong blast at all events for the candidate of "the men of the South," and the "valuable practical ally to the commercial policy of" Great Britain.

Here is another extract from another leading English paper, which, although not so confident, because not so well informed as the Times, is full of hope that Gen. Pierce will "co-operate with England" in its efforts to break down American manufacturers, and give to that country a full and enduring ascendency.

From the London Leader.

"We are without information as to the views of Gen. Pierce on the subject of co-operation with England. We cannot say that we feel any apprehension on the point, and we shall await the final election not without share in the confidence of many American friends that it will result well."

The next extract we shall give is more confident in its tone. Its author is exceedingly well pleased with Gen. Pierce; and why? Because the editor knows that as he was, as the Times truly expresses it, "brought forward by the men of the South," and is "a fair representative of the opinions of Mr. Calhoun," his election will be an assurance that "the Democratic majority are unanimous in their testimony on behalf of a liberal commercial policy;" that is, a policy which will enable England, with her vast capital and low wages, to manufacture all our iron, cutlery, cloths, cottons and many other things for us. A policy under the operation of which she will buy from us some eight millions worth of bread-stuffs at low prices, and we buy of her near one hundred millions worth of the articles above enumerated; the balance being made up in raw cotton and gold. This is what the English call "a liberal commercial policy," here we call it free trade, by which we mean that it is free all on one side. It is a policy that may suit the South pretty well; at least the people of that section imagine so, because they think they can get goods in return for their cotton a little cheaper than they could under protective duties. We think they are mistaken; for we are pretty sure that the English manufacturer pockets the difference. If it were not so, they would not be so anxious about our commercial policy. It is a policy that is really advantageous to England, but very injurious to the manufacturing and grain-growing States of the Union. Here is the extract;

From the Manchester Examiner.

"*The election of Gen Pierce will, at any rate, prove that the Democratic majority*, whatever may be their other differences, *are unanimous in their testimony* on behalf of a liberal commercial policy, and any government *he* may form will be one on which *this country may rely for effectual co-operation* in reducing, wherever practicable, existing impediments to international intercourse."

The fourth and last extract we shall give at this time will be equal to an additional bellows to the "furnaces of the democracy." It will encourage them greatly to know that Gen. Pierce enjoys the sympathy of the people of England. Here it is:

From Wilmer & Smith's Liverpool Times.

"As regards England, public sympathy, it is heedless to say, is enlisted on the side of the Democratic candidate. Not that General Pierce is considered the better man. *Far otherwise.* He is merely accepted as the nominee of that great party in the Union, who desire to push the principle of free trade to its utmost limits."

Wilmer and Smith's Liverpool Times is one of the best informed papers in England. It knows that on the score of fitness for the office, Gen. Pierce is far from being the better man; but it likes him, and supports him, because he is the "nominee of that great party in the Union *who desire to push the principle of free trade to its utmost limits.*" Wilmer and Smith are right in their estimate of the man and his party, and it is right in them, as the true friends of British interests, to support him; but ought Americans to support him because he is, as the London Times expresses it, "a valuable practical ally of the commercial policy of that country?"

We wish these extracts could reach the eye or ear of every honest Democrat in the country. Will not our Whig friends see to it, that they are widely disseminated from neighbor to neighbor, from the stump, in short, in every way that it can be done. Let them show their democratic friends how they have been humbugged and deceived. Let them see what company they have got into, and what political adjuncts they have. Let them see that they have unwittingly been supporting British interests, at the expense of America; and then, perhaps, these "furnaces of Democracy," which are now in full blast, will go out, and true American furnaces, in which there is some profit, will blow in again. Then, perhaps, we shall hear a different "voice from Clarion" than the one the editors of the Post heard—not the voice of brawling demagogues, mingled with the saddening sound of the sheriff's hammer—but the cheerful voice of industry and thrift.

AN IRISHMAN'S REASONS FOR VOTING FOR SCOTT.

The Illinois Statesman tells the following good story:

"It was our good fortune a few evenings since to make the acquaintance of an old Irish gentleman of considerable information, who had been travelling for nearly two months past in Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, and the northern part of this State. He informed us that in his travels he had seen quite a number of his countrymen who would vote for the Hero of Lundy's Lane for President in November next, and for our gratification he related a conversation which took place in the town of B——, in the north of this State. He was, he said, stopping for the night, and was placed in a room with several others, two of whom were from the county of Limerick, Ireland. They had that evening attended a democratic meeting. Some of the boys were in our apartment, the eldest of my country men asked me if I was not a *democrat*. I answered no, but if I had been a whig for many years, though when I first came to America I was not, but as soon as I was acquainted with the institutions of the country, the wants and interests of it, such as the protective Tariff, &c. &c., I was a whig. My friend soon informed me that he and his comrade were both democrats. For, said he, when we landed at New York, we were waited upon by a couple of gentlemen, who informed us that the whigs were against us, and did all in their power to keep us away from America, and they would sooner see us starve than give us a day's work. But we have not found it so, and as for General Scott, he is just the man for us, and if we live we intend to vote for him for President in November next; for, said he, it would be a crying shame to vote against a man, whose whole life has been devoted to his country's service, and by just knowing him thoroughly we understand the whole history of this blessed country. And if it was not for the Loyal men of our democratic party, and such men as those who met us on the ship at New York, we would vote for General Scott almost entirely. But fortunately, some of our brethren from the old country want firmness, they are afraid of being called a turn coat by simply voting for one of the Fathers of this blessed America, but we are not all of that stripe. We are not afraid to meet those who would call us turn-coats, and whigs, just because we at this time prefer General Scott to General Pierce. Such men as these are demagogues and think more of the loaves and fishes than they do of their country—and as we find them out, we look on them as you would on a crocadille, for they are dangerous to our institutions, and care no more for us after we have voted, than a crocadille does for his young live days after he has ate them."

Hear what this sensible and patriotic Irishman says of the means taken to poison the minds of emigrants against the Whig party. He was told by a couple of gentlemen, Tammany Hall Locofocos, that the Whigs were against Irishmen—were doing all they could to keep them away—would not give them any work to keep them from starving, etc.; the whole of which lies are wholly false, as every Irishman knows, who has been in this country a few years. Contrast this lying Locofocos statement with the *fact*, as it relates to the Locofoco party of this State. At the late Democratic Convention, the party nominated a man for the highest office in the gift of the people of this State, at the approaching election, who, when a member of the Convention to reform the Constitution of the State, offered a resolution to amend the constitution so as to deprive all foreigners who should arrive after 1841, of the right of suffrage, not for 21 years, *but for life*, and also to deprive them of the right to hold office, and all the benefits of citizenship. This man is Judge Woodward, who was raised to the Supreme Bench by Gov. Bigler, and who is now the Democratic candidate for that honorable office. Should any person charitably hope that he has repented of this bitter opposition to our foreign population, we have only to remind him, that Mr. Woodward defended his opinions and acts in this matter no longer ago than last year, and that it was with a full knowledge of his opposition to naturalizing foreigners, that the Democratic party nominated him for this high office. Here is a striking fact, which shows how much regard to our foreign population the Democrats really possess. They will flatter them and promise them great things, waiting all the time for an opportunity to deprive them of political privileges altogether.

The Iowa *State Zeitung*, a German Democratic paper, published at Dubuque, has hauled down the flag of Pierce and King, and run up that of Scott and Graham. This is a significant sign. The truth is, the foreigners in every part of the country are beginning to discover that they have been most egregiously humbugged by the party which in this country is called democratic. In Europe the people associate the idea of liberty and popular power with the word Democracy; but in this country it is nothing but blind obedience to the will of a few lordly leaders, who tell their followers for whom and for what to vote. In the Whig party the people demanded Gen. Scott as their candidate, and they got him; but in the miscalled democratic party, a candidate was thrust upon the voters that none of them had asked for, or even thought of; and now we see that these shrewd foreigners are not going to be bamboozled any longer with such counterfeit democracy. A great revolution in this respect is going on, of which the change we spoke of at the beginning of this article is only one evidence out of a thousand. We do not wish any foreigner or native to be less democratic than he is, but simply to open his eyes to the fact that there is very little true democracy or liberty either in the party which calls itself by that name.

We understand the Susquehanna, and the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Companies, have settled all their difficulties amicably, and will now go on with their roads harmoniously. A certain portion of the road is to be built by each party, and to be used in common, or on equal terms.

VILLAGE OF MANSFIELD.—This is a new town, laid out on Chartier's Creek, about five miles from Pittsburgh, on the Washington Plank Road, by Mansfield B. Brown. It is a lovely situation, affording fine situations for delightful country seats, which can be easily reached by the Plank Road, and also shortly by the Steubenville Railroad. A sale of the lots will take place next Saturday. See advertisement.

ANTHO COPPER MINE.—Extract of a letter from Capt. Samuel Sippett, of the Antho copper mine, Lake Superior, dated Aug. 26, 1852.

"A prettier vein than we have now I never saw in this country. We blasted out a rock yesterday, I believe over 600 lbs weight, which is judged to contain two-thirds copper; this morning two large masses were taken out, not as heavy, but equally as rich. The vein, throughout, is very rich, both for barrel and stamp work."

The great Locofoco State Mass Meeting, at Reading, was a miserable failure. Instead of "20,000," as stated in the telegraphic despatch to your city, there were scarce 2000 persons present from abroad. There were not more than five hundred citizens of Berks, out of Reading, in attendance.

As for the "large military turnout," it consisted of a single corps—the "Ringgold Artillerists," *commanded by a good Whig!!* In order to make up for the deficiency in numbers, and present a large appearance on paper, they organized by calling the Hon. James Buchanan to the chair, and appointing seventy or more Vice Presidents—not one-fourth of whom were on the ground. Besides, there were "big guns" and speeches enough to attract and engage fifty thousand people. In fact, the whole affair was an assemblage of politicians, and *politicians alone*—the people were wanting.

JUNIUS.

VERMONT.—It will be seen by the telegraphic despatches, that the Whigs have made a handsome gain in this gallant little State. To be sure this makes that State no surer for Scott than it was before the election, but it is valuable as an index of the way the tide is rolling. The same causes which gave us a gain in Vermont are in operation everywhere.

THE SATANIC PRESS FOR PIERCE.—The *New York Herald*, a sheet of universal and bad notoriety, is doing its utmost to defeat Gen. Scott. The New York Tribune refers to that sheet in the following remarks:

"We presume the public is by this time generally aware that the most unprincipled, mercenary, and mendacious journal ever published in this city, and which has attained a large circulation through the favor it has earned and achieved in every haunt of dishonesty and depravity, not only in our city, but throughout the country, is thoroughly devoted to the election of Pierce and King. That its natural rancor and recklessness have been stimulated by money in hand, or the promise of office and jobs in case of Pierce's election, we do not doubt. Indeed the evidence of the fact is, of course, confined to the contracting parties. But its natural instincts and sympathy, its obsequious devotion to foreign interests, as against the development of American industry, in connection with the parity affinities of the present majority of the keepers of brothels, gambling houses, and low groggeries wherefrom it derives the great bulk of its patronage and consequence, would, of course, incline it strongly to the course it is now pursuing. To defame and disparage such a man as Winfield Scott is its congenial work; to hoot and belie the Whig party is the inevitable prompting of its grovelling, obscene nature, and its vicious aptitudes and associations; to promote the interests of foreign manufacturers and shippers at the expense of American labor, is a work which has been to it a labor of love and choice for years.

We do not object to its being heartily and unscrupulously Loco Foco, for it could not, with justice to its own tastes and appetites, be any thing else; but we *do* object to its deceitful, political pretensions to patriotism. There is not one principle of the Loco Foco party which it does not hold and advocate; there is no purpose, no impulse of the Whigs, which it does not defame; and it rarely or never speaks well of a Whig Statesman until he is dying or dead, unless it has reason to believe that he has abandoned from his integrity, and may now be used to distract and defeat his own party. We protest, therefore, not against its habitual falsehood, which is defamation of every thing Whig, and laudation of every thing Loco Foco, since it is in accordance with the instincts and tendencies, but to its hypocrite's cloak of independence and non-partizanship, when there is not in all this nation an editor who more intensely and virulently hates Gen. Scott and the cause whereof he is the standard-bearer, than does that same Satanic Press.

The New York Tribune, in an article on the disaster of the steamboat Reindeer, concludes its remarks as follows:

Meanwhile, we counsel travellers to shun these fast steamboats. If you are in haste to get to Albany, take one of the railroads; but if you value your life, peril it not on board of any boat whose owners and officers will risk burning or blowing up their fellow beings in order to arrive at Albany a half-past three instead of four o'clock. Keep away from these blood-stained conveyances and that fatal river!

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4, 1852.

The autumn has brought the summer vacation. The President, the Secretaries of State, Interior, and Navy, have taken flight with Congress. The President seeks repose from the cares of State amidst the rural shades of Berkeley, in the Old Dominion, and Mr. Webster has gone to sniff the saline breezes of Marshfield. People here seem to wander about the streets of their overgrown village like the melancholy shadows which will flit through the purlieus of a watering place, even after the scenes of its glory have departed with the season which gave them birth. At no other session of Congress has so much been done for the improvement of the Capital City. More than a million of dollars was appropriated for the continuance of work upon the two principal unfinished public buildings, the grading and paving of streets, the repairs of bridges, the planting, fencing, and adorning of parks and squares. It causes a sad reflection upon the uncertainty of the tenure by which we hold all things in this life, that the man whose taste and genius were absorbed, a few weeks since, in the task of making the public grounds of Washington the finest on the continent, has been snatched away by a sudden and fearful calamity, leaving the works which he planned to be carried out by others.—But his design will be executed with a more or less fidelity by his successor, and by the aid of the awakened liberality of Congress, the seat of Government of this great Republic will take its place among the most beautiful cities of the world. Among other provisions for which our citizens have cause to congratulate themselves, is an appropriation for a survey preliminary to the adoption of means for supplying the city with water. The result, we hop hope, will be the building of an aqueduct from the falls of the Potomac which will be an honor to the country.

The Whig party is just arousing its energies. The meetings which have assembled at various points in the North and South, to receive the members of Congress on their return, indicate the revival of a spirit which has never been called out, without bearing upon its waves the Whig candidate to the pinacle of triumph.

The Senate did not enjoy the pleasure of an extra session, with the chance of a grab at an indefinite amount of constructive mileage.

Upon looking over the appropriations, I find that the sum voted for the foreign steamer service have risen to the enormous amount of $1,949,000, about one third of the whole amount expended for the support of the post office system of the interior. This class of expenditure, too, will go on increasing, instead of diminishing, until probably it will break down by its own weight. The Indian appropriation bill contains items summing up over $2,000,000, and with the innumerable wild tribes of the interior, from the borders of civilization to the coast range of mountains in California and Oregon, it may well be anticipated that these expenditure will also swell with rapidity for some years to come.

Some minor changes in the official list here. A few days since, Mr. Williamson, pay agent of the department of the Interior, was dismissed for a contumacious refusal to act upon the peremptory orders of the Secretary. Seventeen clerks were, on the 2d inst., discharged from the office of the Third Auditor, the work on which they had been employed having been completed.

I said in a recent letter that I could not remember one useful or commendable thing accomplished by Congress at its late session, beside the passage of the appropriations which are matters of course. I am reminded of one exception to the justice of this remark. Under the pressure of a political necessity too severe to be resisted, the party in the majority were compelled to aid the Whigs in the restoration of the national policy of improving the navigation of rivers, and giving security to life and property in harbors upon our ocean, gulf, and lake coasts. This, I admit, was an achievement which should go far to redeem the generally indifferent character of the body, and perhaps may be taken as an evidence that upon occasions of real exigency in national affairs, Congress will prove true to its reputation and to the country.

But to the Whigs and the Whig Executive belongs the honor of a result so glorious, considered as a party triumph, and so very vainly hoped for by the people. All honor to the President and his Cabinet, who, as true representatives of the principles of their party, by the power and influence of their high stations, with a due regard to the independence of Congress, carried through this great and beneficial measure. They are Whigs who are Whigs, as the straight forward and the honorable course pursued by them illustrates the difference between a Whig and John Tyler, who, having been placed at the head of affairs by a calamity which deprived the nation of its choice, ratted to the enemy, and vetoed a bill containing nearly the same appropriations as this, and which, if passed, would have saved, are this, thousands of lives and tens of millions of property. Mr. Fillmore has been while at the apex of power, what he has been in all other situations in life, a firm and consistent advocate of Whig principles and measures.

JUNIUS.

NEW YORK FREE DEMOCRACY.—A Free Democracy ratification meeting was held at Syracuse on the 3d. Hon. Henry Wilson, of Mass., was the principal speaker. The Journal says a Free Democracy State Convention is to be held in Syracuse, on the 29th inst., and adds—"A State ticket will be nominated, Hale and Julian Electors appointed, and a plan of State organization commenced. The call will be issued in a day or two."

THE FIRE AT RODNEY, MISS.—The following are the sufferers by the fire in Rodney, Miss:—Miller House, F. B. Harwood & Co., druggists, J. S. Dohan & Co., and Worthington & Co., produce merchants; Broughton & Murdock and S. Levi dry goods merchants; Telegraph office; Printing office of the Jefferson Gazette; Synder's coffee house; Masonic Hall; S. R. Morrison, Book and Stationer store; together with several others—in all to about 18 houses. Scarcely anything was saved from the flames.—*Louisville Courier.*

CHOLERA AT TOLEDO.—The Board of Health announced that on the 4th cholera had entirely disappeared from Toledo, no cases having occurred in the two days previous. The Blade says that the city has felt the scourge severely, and adds, "several of our friends have gone to Gibraltar, up Liberty to Factory, down Factory to Perry, down to Michigan street, down Michigan street to the Bridge, across the bridge to Institution, thence to Ohio down to the Plank Road to Monroe street, down Monroe street to the place where the address is to be delivered, at the lower end of Manhattan street, which they will form into procession, and return up Lower street to the Plank Road, up the Plank Road to Summit street, up Dorr to Walnut, down Walnut to Robinson, up Robinson to Monroe, down Anderson to the Bridge, across the Bridge to Indian, up Hand to Union, down Union to Liberty to Water, down Water to Summit, up Summit to the corner of Third and Walnut, where the exercises will commence."

John Knox Lodge, No. 1, with American flag, banner and music.

Washington Lodge, No. 2, with banner and music.

Mother Lodge, No. 3, with banner and music.

De Witt Clinton Lodge, No. 4, with American flag, banner and music.

Washington Lodge, No. 5, with banner and music.

Sam. Penn Lodge, No. 11, of Kittanning, with banner and music.

Sons of Joshua Lodge, No. —, with banner and music.

Sons of Jacob Lodge, No. —, with banner and music.

Protestant Boys of America Lodge, No. 17, with American flag, banner and music.

The Lodges will assemble at their respective Lodge Rooms in time to be in the ground precisely at the hour advertised. By order,

VALENTINE SIGHT,
Grand Marshal.

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MELODEONS.

H. KLEBER has just received a splendid assortment of Melodeons from the celebrated factory of Dorn, they were selected from the inventories of the instrument.

Five of these are flowered double swell,
Five elegant plain,
Five magnificent piano melodeons double reeded—equal to any small organ in quality of tone. Sold on the most reasonable terms.

The prices were:

Brussels,	90@1024	‡ Twilled,	35@42
Three Ply,	80@92	Ingrain,	37½@50
Superfine,	60@65	Druggets,	47@62½
‡ Tapestry wove,	46		

F. S. Cleaver's "Prize Medal Honey Soap."

☞THOSE who have ventured on the use of this unscrupulous base counterfeit of the celebrated "Prize Medal Honey Soap," have very naturally supposed that the indiscriminate similitude of the articles of Honey with other meritorious articles of toilet utility exhibited in the manufacture of the genuine article, is sufficient to place it in competition with that produced by F. S. Cleaver. It is but an act of justice, however, to the skillful inventor, to mention (and doubtless this fact must have been brought before the view of the learned and impartial committee who awarded to him the medal) that his success was not the result of chance, nor the work of a momentary enterprise, but the fruits of long and careful study, joined to a knowledge of those materials which, by chemical combinations, and so exact analysis, has rendered his labors peculiarly adapted to himself and suited to the world.

For sale retail at all Dispensing Drug Stores, and wholesale only by the agents for Pittsburgh and vicinity.

J. SIDDS & CO., 60 Wood street.

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☞JOB PRINTING of all kinds executed at this office, with neatness, and at reasonable rates.

Special attention will be given to Posters, and Programmes for Exhibitions and Concerts.

Cards, Bill Heads, Bills of Lading, Invitations, Labels, Blanks, Store Bills, &c., neatly and promptly printed and

Scrofula.

☞IT is due to Kier's Petroleum to say that it has been known to completely eradicate every vestige of this dreadful disease in less time than any other remedy, and at less cost or inconvenience to the patient.

The thousands of certificates in the hands of the proprietor, many of which are from well known citizens of the city of Pittsburgh and its immediate vicinity, go to show clearly and beyond all doubt, that KIER'S PETROLEUM is a medicine of no common value, not only as a sure remedy in Paralysis, Rheumatism, Deafness, loss of Sight, but as a valuable internal remedy, inviting the investigating physician, as well as the suffering patient, to become acquainted with its merits.

Those having a dread of mixtures are assured that this medicine is purely natural, and is bottled as it flows from the bosom of the earth.

The following certificate is copied from a paper published at Syracuse, New York, and bears date August 2, 1852, to which is also appended the certificate of the celebrated D. V. Foot, M. D., of Syracuse:

This may in truth certify, that I have been so badly afflicted with Scrofula for the last seven years, that most of the time I have been unable to attend to any kind of business, and confined to the house, and unable to walk, and could not move, and have been treated nearly all the time by the best physicians our country afforded; I occasionally got some relief, but no cure, and continued to grow worse, until Dr. Foot recommended me to try the Petroleum, or Rock Oil, as every thing else had failed. I did so without faith at first, but the effect was astonishing; it threw the poison to the surface at once, and I at once began to grow better, and by using seven bottles, I have got a cure worth thousands of dollars.

MRS. NANCY M. BARKER.

This may certify that I have been acquainted with Kier's Petroleum, or Rock Oil, for more than a year, and have repeatedly witnessed the beneficial effects in the cure of incident ulcers, and other diseases for which it is recommended, and can with confidence recommend it to be a medicine worthy of attention, and can safely say that success has attended its use, where other medicine had failed.

D. V. FOOT, M. D.

For sale by all the Druggists in Pittsburgh.

aug26law

Nelson's First Premium

DAGUERREOTYPES.

Post Office Building, Third Street.

☞CITIZENS and strangers who wish to obtain an accurate, artistic and lifelike likeness, at a very cheap price, will find it their interest to call at this well known establishment, where entire satisfaction is guaranteed, or no charge made. Having one of the finest and best arranged Rooms and Skylights ever constructed for the purpose, with instruments of the most powerful kind, and having adopted the system of Daguerreotyping, as now practised by the celebrated Artists of Philadelphia and New York, Mr. N. flatters himself to be able to offer to the patrons of the Arts, a style of Daguerreotypes, either singly or in groups, which has never been surpassed.

Rooms open and operating, in all weathers, from 8 o'clock A. M. to P. M. tos9dawtf

DAGUERREOTYPES
AT THE
NATIONAL GALLERY.

JACKSON'S National Daguerrean Gallery, corner of the Diamond and Market street, (opposite L. Wilson's Drug Store,) Pittsburgh.

Ladies and Gentlemen wishing to obtain lifelike likenesses at moderate prices, will please call at the above establishment, fitted up with very superior Side and Skylights, arranged with such skill that the operator can take the most accurate fac similes of the human form with all the expression of animated life, IN ALL WEATHERS.

Engravings, Paintings, &c., accurately copied, and duplicates taken of original likenesses.

☞Persons not required to take a picture, unless a perfect resemblance

☞Likenesses taken of sick and deceased persons in any part of the city and vicinity.

☞Rooms open, and operating from 8 A. M., until 5 P. M. Entrance in Diamond. MONDAY

☞SHERIFALTY—To the Freemen of Allegheny County—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, for the ensuing term, and without any party nomination, as an independent candidate, and would thankfully solicit the votes of my fellow citizens of all parties. After a residence of thirty three years (save three months) in Pittsburgh, in active business, I trust my character is known to the entire community, so not to require any endorsement, and hope I may be deemed trustworthy. Please give your suffrages to the oldest (but not the most fortunate) Bookseller in Western Pennsylvania, and oblige, Gentlemen, your obedient servant.

aug23 LUKE LOOMIS.

JAMES P. TANNER.
WHOLESALE DEALER
IN BOOTS, SHOES, BONNETS, &c.,
NO. 50 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Between Third and Fourth.

☞My stock embraces every variety and style of Boots, Shoes, Bonnets, &c., purchased direct from the New England Manufacturers, adapted expressly for Fall and Winter sales, and will be sold at Eastern prices—Please call and examine before buying. sep2

JOHN D. MCORD. JAMES S. MCORD

M'CORD & CO.,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL FASHIONABLE
HAT AND CAP
MANUFACTURERS.
AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF FURS.
CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STS.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞Their stock embraces every quality and style of Hats and Caps, Hatts, Bonn Caps and Fur Bonnets. sep30-daily

A. H. HOLMES & BRO.
Successor to H. P. Nelson & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
SOLID BOX VICES,
PLATED SHOVELS, MATTOCKS, SPADES, HOES,
PICKS, FORKS, &c.
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
Office No. 124, Water street, third door above Smithfield
☞All work warranted equal to any manufactured. sa29

Citizen's Insurance Company of Pittsburgh

O. H. HUSSEY, PRESIDENT,
SAMUEL L. MARSHELL, SEC'Y.

OFFICE, 94 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.

☞INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, AND TRIBUTARIES.

☞*Insures against loss or damage by FIRE. Also, against the perils of the SEA and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.*

DIRECTORS:

O. H. Hussey,	Wm. Larimer, jr.
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Edward Heazelton,	J. Schiemacher,
Walter Bryant,	Samuel Rea.

Isaac H. Pennock.

DIED.

Died at New Brighton, Beaver County, Pa., on the 6th inst., in the 24th year of her age, FRANCES K., eldest daughter of Joseph W. Maynard, Esq., late of White Water, Wisconsin.

Calmly and peacefully with a firm reliance on the precious promises of Christ her Saviour, her spirit returned to God who gave it.

Mass Convention of the 23d.

PRIZE BANNERS!

☞The Scott Executive Committee for the County will present three Banners, one to the Ward of the two cities having the largest delegation in procession on the 23d inst. One to the township or borough in the county having the largest delegation, taking the distance into consideration, and one to the county, without respect to State, having the larges delegation, distance considered.

BY THE COMMITTEE.

CHOLERA AT TOLEDO.—The Board of Health announced that on the 4th cholera had entirely disappeared from Toledo, no cases having occurred in the two days previous. The Blade says that the city has felt the scourge severely, and adds, "several of our friends have gone to Gibraltar, up Liberty to Factory, down Factory to Perry, down to Michigan street, down Michigan street to the Bridge, across the bridge to Institution, thence to Ohio down to the Plank Road to Monroe street, down Monroe street to the place where the address is to be delivered, at the lower end of Manhattan street, which they will form into procession, and return up Lower street to the Plank Road, up the Plank Road to Summit street, up Dorr to Walnut, down Walnut to Robinson, up Robinson to Monroe, down Anderson to the Bridge, across the Bridge to Indian, up Hand to Union, down Union to Liberty to Water, down Water to Summit, up Summit to the corner of Third and Walnut, where the exercises will commence."

John Knox Lodge, No. 1, with American flag, banner and music.

Washington Lodge, No. 2, with banner and music.

Mother Lodge, No. 3, with banner and music.

De Witt Clinton Lodge, No. 4, with American flag, banner and music.

Washington Lodge, No. 5, with banner and music.

Sam. Penn Lodge, No. 11, of Kittanning, with banner and music.

Sons of Joshua Lodge, No. —, with banner and music.

Sons of Jacob Lodge, No. —, with banner and music.

Protestant Boys of America Lodge, No. 17, with American flag, banner and music.

The Lodges will assemble at their respective Lodge Rooms in time to be in the ground precisely at the hour advertised. By order,

VALENTINE SIGHT,
Grand Marshal.

sep9tf

NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS.

Edmund Watts & Co.
Merchant Tailors, No. 185 Liberty Street.

WE are now receiving our Fall Stock, and are enabled to present for the inspection of our customers and the public, an unequalled assortment of new fashionable and staple goods at moderate prices, and to excel in the character of our work, for fit, style, durability and comfort, we will keep on hand a choice assortment of ready made clothing of our own manufacture. (sep9)

Montgomery Greys.

THIS Volunteer Company will parade on Saturday next at one o'clock, P. M., in East Birmingham, also drill, and shoot for medals.

sep9.

COFFEE—175 bags prime Rio Coffee—in store and for sale by O. BLACKBURN & CO.

sep9.

FOR SALE,—A new two-horse wagon, cheap for cash. RUSSELL & JOHNSTON.

sep9.

School Books, School Books.

JUST OPENING at the New Book Store, No. 65 Market street, a great variety of all the text books used in the City Schools, as well as those in more general use throughout the country.

Town's Swan's, Mandeville's and the Eclectic series of Readers.

Cobb's, McGuffey's, Swan's, Town's, and Sanders' Spelling Books.

The full series of Greenleaf's, Davies', Smith's and Ray's Arithmetics.

Mitchell's, Smith's, and Olney's Primary Geographies.

Kirkham's, Smith's Sullivan's, and Analytical Grammars.

These with similar class books, and the higher text books in Language, History, Geology, Mythology, Philosophy, &c., &c.

Also, a full supply of all the books for Sabbath Schools, published by the American S. S. Union & Boston Association.

DAVISON & AGNEW,
65 Market st., near Fourth.

sep9

New Books.

The Angel over the Right Shoulder, by the author of Margaret Maitland.

Female Patriotism, by the author of The Wide, Wide World.

The fourth and last volume of Cosmos.

Wife, or to a Newly Married Pair.

The Excellent Woman, by Spurgeon.

Copies of Uncle Sam, and a great variety of new and popular works just receiving from the publishers in the East, by DAVISON & AGNEW,

65 Market st., near Fourth.

sep9

WHITE SUGAR—

For Preserving, &c., at 6cts per lb.
do do 6 to 7 "
For sale by
W. A. McCLURG & CO.

sep9 No. 256 Liberty st.

WINE VINEGAR for Pickling;

Pure Cider
For sale by
W. A. McCLURG & CO.

NEW BOOKS—Just received,—No. 16 Putnams Library; contents Sicily; A Pilgrimage, by H. T. Tuckerman; The Horticulturist and Cultivator, for September.

Adventures of a French Milliner, by Alexandre Dumas.

Adventures of Clarence Bolton or Life in New York, by Joseph A. Scoville—editor of the Pick, for sale by

W. A. GILDENENNY & CO.,
76 Fourth street.

sep9

MESS PORK—20 bbls. heavy Mess Pork, in the order, for sale by ROBISON, LITTLE & CO.

BACON SIDES—20,000 just out of smoke house in prime order, for sale by ROBISON, LITTLE & CO.

sep9

Ribbons! Ribbons!

WE have just received a Brilliant assortment of Fall Ribbons, A. A. MASON & CO.
62 & 64 Market st.

JUST opened at A. A. Mason and Co., 15 cases of New Style De Laines. sep7.

BONNETS—A. A. Mason & Co. have just received per express an assortment of Fall Bonnets.

sep9

FEATHERS—128 sacks now landing from steamer Gem, Gaines, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., Water & Front st.

GINSENG—11 sacks now landing from steamer Gem, Gaines, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
Water & Front streets.

COTTON—49 bales, to arrive, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
Water & Front street.

FEATHERS—13 sacks, to arrive, for sale
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
Water & Front st.

AN APPRENTICE wanted at this Office.

sep6

EXTRA CLARIFIED BOSTON SYRUP

A superior to any thing of the kind in Pittsburgh, for sale low, for sale by

MORRIS' in the Diamond.

Blankets.

WE have received our Fall assortment of Eastern Manufactured Bed Blankets, of the very choicest kind. We have also received from the Country a good lot of Homemade Blankets and Flannels.

Persons wanting a good assortment of these goods during the Fall and Winter, persons wanting to purchase will find it to their advantage to call with us

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD.

sep7

For Spreads and Quilts.

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD have just received a large assortment of Fall Goods, among which will be found,

Rich Brocade Silks,
Striped
Plain Black, high Lustre.
All Wool M. de Laine, very rich colors.
Ja