PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 11, 1852.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

GEN'L WINFIELD SCOTT, of New Jersey.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, N. Carolina.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

JACOB HOFFMAN, OF BERKS COUNTY.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

(in the room of the Hon. Richard Coulter, deceased.)

JOSEPH BUFFINGTON, of Armstrong Co.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

SENATORIAL.

A. E. BROWN, JAMES POLLOCK.

REPRESENTATIVE.

Districts.		Districts.	
1.	WILLIAM F. HICKOX,	14.	JAMES H. CAMPBELL
2.	JAMES TRAQUAIR,	15.	JAMES D. PAXTON,
3.	JOHN W. STOKES,	16.	JAMES E. DAVIDSON,
4.	JOHN P. VERREE,	17.	DR. JNO. MCCLOSKEY,
5.	SPENCER MCILVAINE,	18.	HARRY DRAKE,
6.	JAMES W. FULLER,	19.	JOHN LOWTHER,
7.	JAMES PERSHING,	20.	ARCHIB'D ROBERTSON,
8.	JOHN SHAFFER,	21.	THOMAS J. BIGHAM,
9.	JACOB MAGEE,	22.	LEWIS L. LORD,
10.	CHARLES P. WALLER,	23.	CHRISTIAN MEYER,
11.	DAVID ALTON,	24.	DARWIN PHELPS,
12.	M. G. MERCER,	25.	SAM'L A. PURVIANCE.
13.	JOHN MIDDLESWARTH.		

Antimasonic and Whig County Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS—21ST DISTRICT.

DAVID RITCHIE, Pittsburgh.

FOR CONGRESS—22D DISTRICT.

THOMAS M. HOWE, Allegheny

FOR SENATE.

GEORGE DARSIE, Allegheny.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

GEORGE E. APPLETON, Birmingham.
THOMAS PENNEY, McKeesport.
RICHARD COWAN, Pittsburgh.
C. S. SNYDER, Pitt Township.
JOHN M. PORTER, Lawrenceville.

SHERIFF.

WILLIAM MASHIL, Pittsburgh.

RECORDER.

EDWARD CAMPBELL, Jr., Pittsburgh.

STATE JUDGE OF COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS, &c.

JOHN GUSHART, Allegheny.

COMMISSIONER.

WILLIAM ALGEC, Pittsburgh.

CORONER.

JAMES LOWRY, Pittsburgh.

AUDITOR.

FRANCIS I. GARDNER, Elizabeth.

DECLINATION OF JOHN P. HALE.—We learn that a letter has been received by the Free Soil Convention which assembles in this city to day, from JOHN P. HALE declining to be a candidate for the Presidency. The choice we presume will fall upon the next strongest man, who is conceded to S. P. CHASE, Senator in Congress from Ohio.

THE ENGLISH PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS After an arduous and bitter struggle, more so indeed than any preceding election held during the present reign, the result is at length known. In our telegraphic column yesterday morning it was stated at, Ministerialists, 325; opposion, 301; uncertain, 2. Whether the third party members, or Liberal Conservatives, as they are called, are included in the number assigned to the ministry is uncertain, the telegraphic report being exceedingly meagre. It is most probable that they are. If so, the Liberalists have still a small majority over the Conservatives. Their being in the majority, however, would be of but little avail to them, excepting on the question of free trade, since the Liberal Conservatives will, on all other points, sustain the ministry in its present policy.

The final result of the returns from the whole of the United Kingdom, must have fallen like a thunder clap upon the Liberal party. Never was victory more confidently expected, and never did expectations seem more fully justified, than did theirs for a time after the election, when the returns as they came in from all parts continually swelled the majority in their favor. So favorable was the result indicated by the returns as far as received that the Opposition press in many instances claimed an ultimate majority of one hundred or more, while even the London Herald, the organ of the ministry, admitted that they were defeated, and at one time conceded a large majority to the opposition.

Later accounts have, however, scattered those apparently well-founded conjectures to the winds. The Liberals are defeated. Still it must be considered that the ministry have gained only a partial victory. They have not a "working majority." Twenty-four is not sufficient majority to enable them to carry out their policy to its full extent, more especially when the balance of power is in the hands of a squad of third party members, who will oppose the ministerial policy in one of its most vital points. Such at least is the opinion of the London papers brought by a preceding arrival, when it was thought that the Conservatives would have a majority over all. So great was the reaction of opinion when the returns so favorable to the government began to pour in. If then the ministry could not be sustained with such a majority it must readily be admitted, by those who can trust to the almost unanimous statements of the London press, that the Derby administration, although they have apparently gained a victory, are now surrounded by all the difficulties consequent upon a defeat, and from which nothing but complete success could have set them free.

Whether the result of this election will effect the overthrow of the Derby ministry is by no means certain, although that event is confidently predicted by certain English journals. Certain it is that premiers of higher standing, greater political capacity and much longer experience in the management of public affairs, than Lord Derby, have been compelled to resign from the very cause which, it is asserted, will cause the downfall of the Derby ministry—the want of a sufficient majority in Parliament to sustain their policy.

Already they seem to be feeling the effects of their only partial victory. The last arrival from Europe brings intelligence that it was expected in England that many changes in the Cabinet would soon take place. What they are it does not state, but the next mail will doubtless bring full particulars.

There is one sad feature in connection with the late elections, that indirectly casts a gloom over the prospects of republicanism in Europe. We allude to the disgraceful election riots which have taken place in England and Ireland, and have been extremely lamentable in their results, more especially at Limerick, where a loss of eight lives, as well as great bodily injury to many others, together with destruction of property, ensued from one of these party broils.—Our readers will remember the bloody riot which occurred a few days since at the late elections in England. Since then reports of such affrays have become so frequent that they are looked upon in England as an almost necessary consequence of choosing their representatives. These afford the strongest arguments used by monarchists against allowing the masses to choose their own rulers, and although the inferences drawn from such facts may be false in the main, it would be well for the cause of liberty if such blemishes upon the skirts of the representative system were done away with, and the mouths of tyrants shut in this respect.

There is a statement going the rounds of the Locofoco papers, to the effect that Gen. Scott proposed to make *every* foreigner serve two years in the army and navy before being allowed to vote in this country, which is a gross fabrication, or rather a misrepresentation of Scott's sentiments on that subject. All the journals which have aided in circulating the falsehood know, or ought to know, that Gen. Scott's avowal of his opinions on the subject of the naturalization laws was almost diametrically opposite to the above version. His sentiments, as expressed on the occasion referred to, were, that all foreigners should be allowed the rights of citizenship after the limited period fixed by existing laws, and also, that any foreigner serving one year in the army or navy should be allowed the same rights. Scott wished this alteration to be made in the naturalization laws, not for the purpose of obtaining numbers of foreigners as recruits, or for the purpose of enlarging the standing army, as was absurdly stated by some prints, but as a suitable reward for faithful services rendered to their country, as we now give bounty lands to soldiers who have been engaged in actual service.

We are requested to state that an examination for teachers in the Third Ward will take on Thursday. The hour of examination for the males has been changed to 8½ A. M. The hour for the females is as before advertised, 10 A.M.

THE GROWTH OF THE WEST BRANCH REGION OF THE SUSQUEHANNA.—The Williamsport Democrat speaks flatteringly of the growth of the West Branch region. A new town has been ushered into existence on the banks of Kettle Creek, in Potter county, which it says will become the seat of justice. It is called Augusta, and what is a remarkable geographical fact, it is in direct water communication—not altogether navigable, it is true, but navigable and wadeable the whole distance—with the Chesapeake Bay, the Mississippi and the St. Lawrence rivers. The Democrat also, gives a long account of the saw mills in Williamsport. There are nine of these in operation, which have the capacity to manufacture over 100,000 feet of lumber every twenty-four hours, or 36,500,000 feet per annum.

From the New York Tribune.

THE DEMOCRACY WHO MEAN IT.—A personal friend of long standing, at Rochester, who has always hitherto acted with the self-styled "Democracy," but who writes us that he shall this time vote for SCOTT and GRAHAM, gives the following incidental glimpse of the prospect in Western New York:

"To-day SCOTT is the same as elected President for four years from the 4th of March next. That is a 'foregone conclusion:' and the 'Democracy' might as well (as some of them do) 'take some something warm,' go to bed; and sleep till the polls are closed in November, and then get up to see the Whig bonfires, and listen to the *Telegrams* from the four winds of heaven proclaiming the triumph of Scott.

"I understand all the blustering, lying, and betting on the head of that forlorn Hunker and foe to all true Democracy, Frank Pierce; but mark me, the 'Democracy' *here*, of both stripes, is hollow as a stove-pipe. *One-half* of the Van Buren wing will vote for Scott and Graham; one-fourth for the Pittsburgh nominee; and the balance for Pierce, impelled by *faint* hopes of promotion to office when the party shall triumph again. The Cass-men will divide in the same proportion, except the Pittsburgh quarter, who will save shoe-leather on the day of election by staying at home.

J. G."

THE CHOLERA AT BUFFALO was by no means so fatal as was at first represented. We are glad to notice that it has now almost entirely disappeared. The *Advertiser*, of the 5th inst., says that the cholera has been on the decrease there since Sunday, and we have heard but little of it for the past two or three days. It does not appear to have been epidemic in its character, but superinduced by local causes, and confined to certain localities. The physicians of the city not having reported to the Board of Health, it has been impossible to ascertain the number of cases or deaths from this cause; but they have not reached a fifth of the number that rumor, in the surrounding country, has set them down at. We anticipate that the cholera will soon disappear entirely from among us; yet our citizens should not omit the necessary sanitary measures to guard against it, and all diseases of a similar nature, which are usually prevalent during July and August.

It now seems that there is some slight hope for the hopeless State of Illinois. The Chicago *Democrat* has admitted, though reluctantly, that it is debateable ground. In no preceding contest was there the least expectation of carrying Illinois, but now the leading Democratic paper in the principal city of the State, is beginning to be afraid of Scott's popularity.

A correspondent writes to the New York *Tribune*, from New Orleans, as follows:

All right in this quarter. All the whig papers in this State have declared for Scott and Graham. The politicians who went off before they took the "sober second thought" have come back to the fold and have been received into full communion. Parham, who you see figuring in the papers as having gone off from Scott and refused to serve as Elector, never was a reliable whig—he having voted Mr. Soule to the Senate. The new districting of the State has changed some people's sentiments wonderfully. Mr. Parham now lives in an anti-whig district.

For the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.

To the Editors of the Daily Morning Post:

GENTLEMEN—On Friday last, I made, through the columns of this paper, the following request of you: "Will you please inform your readers, of whom I am occasionally one, whether the present River and Harbor bill, now before Congress, is Constitutional or not, and whether it does not conflict with one of the Resolutions of the Democratic Platform; and whether it ought, or ought not to pass and become a law of the land"

No reply or answer being made in your paper of Saturday, in Monday's Gazette I repeated the question, and added—"Shall the Constitution be violated; and one of the principal planks of the *Democratic* Platform be knocked from under your feet, and your readers have not one word of warning or protest from you? Speak, gentlemen, speak!"

In your paper of this morning I find the following: "There is some person in Pittsburgh who signs the productions of his wise "rumination" "A Live Whig," picking at the Morning Post through the Gazette. He assumes that there is something unconstitutional in the Democratic Platform, and calls upon us to explain it. Now, we are well satisfied with our Platform," &c. Again you say: "What does "Live Whig' desire to have explained" Again:—"What does he object to?" And then after putting some half dozen irrelevant questions, conclude as follows:

"When he will answer these questions seriously, (in the spirit they are put,) and satisfactorily, and makes clear his objection to the Democratic Platform, we will take his questions into consideration. In conclusion, we hope he may live until after the election, for we think that about that time, Barnum will be willing to pay a high premium for a "live whig," to exhibit as a curious relic of the campaign."

Gentlemen, if you were conscientious in your professed political principles, and really "well satisfied with your platform," the first thing you should do would be to *speak the truth*. You would copy, or at least give your the *substance* of the request made, the question propounded. This you have not done, but on the contrary have concealed the request made, and left your readers to infer an entire different question from the one put. It seems to be not in your political creed to meet and answer a simple and fair question in a direct and honest manner. Do you lay any claim to truth, integrity, courage and fair dealing? If you do, why, when a plain, simple and fair question is put to you concerning a question of momentous importance to the whole country, do you refuse to let your readers know what it is, and like cravens, or cowardly country *bumpkins*, whine out, "A Live Whig' is 'picking' at us! Why alledge that I "assume that there is something unconstitutional in the Democratic Platform, and calls upon us to explain it," when I have done no such thing, but on the contrary rather assumed that the present River and Harbor bill was unconstitutional, and urged you to at least "one word of warning or protest" against it? Why, before complying with the respectful, reasonable and fair request made by me, compel me to answer *irrelevant* (to the matter inquired of by me) questions concerning the conduct of other persons over whom I have no control, and who are better qualified to answer those questions than I am, and no doubt willing to do so? Why, if you are honest men, and "well satisfied with" your "platform," and not afraid to speak the truth, although in direct "conflict with one of the resolutions of the Democratic Platform," do you refuse to give me and your readers the satisfaction asked at your hands? Why impose upon me a perhaps *impossible* condition, namely: to answer your questions "satisfactorily," and then only promise to take my "questions into *consideration*?" It appears, therefore, that even if I should succeed in answering your irrevent questions "satisfactorily," that we are not to expect, as a certainty, the information sought by me.

Gentlemen, I shall not attempt to answer your questions, and unless you comply soon with the request made by me, and give the information sought by the question put, I shall answer it for you, and perhaps in such a manner as will make you wish that you had answered it yourselves. The people *shall* have your answer, or the reasons why it is not given.

A LIVE WHIG.

IMPORTANT SLAVE DECISION.—A case has recently been decided in the District Court for the county of Dexar, in Texas, which if confirmed in the Supreme Court, will operate, it is said, to declare several thousand blacks free, who have been held heretofore as slaves. A slave woman was carried from the United States to Austin's Colony, in Texas, in 1825. Slavery was not recognized by the laws of Mexico at that time. The constitution of Coahuila and Texas was proclaimed early in 1827, and the woman, the subject of suit, daughter of the original slave, was born the Brazos about the middle of 1827. When the constitution of 1836 was adopted by the Republic of Texas, slavery was established, and the mother slave was of the class enumerated in the constitution as slaves. The daughter, having been born in the country, was not included by the provisions of the constitution.

In a suit, involving the question of the freedom of the girl, it has been decided that the condition of blacks in the country during the existence of the Mexican law was that of freedom, and that the act of sovereign power in remanding them to the original condition of slaves, which they held when imported from the United States, did not affect their offspring born in the country, before the adoption of the constitution of the Republic, who are consequently free.

LATER FROM TEXAS.—We have Galveston papers to the 27th ult., and papers of late dates from the interior.

The Galveston News says that the lighthouse on Bolivar Point is completed, and the work has been accepted and approved by the Collector. The lights, however, have not yet been procured. The News further says that the light at Matagorda will be completed in two weeks, and that at Brazos Santiago soon after.

At San Antonio on the 17th ult., in accordance with a resolution of the Common Council, guns were fired every half hour during the day as a mark of respect to the memory of HENRY CLAY. The stores were closed, and (says the Ledger) the city seemed wrapped in gloom.

The Ledger says that San Antonio is unusually healthy for this season of the year.

The State election for State and county officers takes place to day.

The Civilian says that the Cotton crop through out the State, continues to be very promising, and that unless the worm should make its appearance within a few days, the product will greatly exceed that of any past season.

The Victoria Advocate says the cholera has entirely disappeared from that place, and that the general health of the surrounding country is good.

NEWS ITEMS.

John J. Crittenden has consented to deliver a funeral oration on Henry Clay, on the 29th December.

The mail from Nashville to Louisville was robbed on the 23d ult., of $1,300 in drafts. It is also reported to have been robbed on the 27th ult., of a very large amount—near $30,000.

The police reports of London show a constant increase of drunkards ever since the year 1844, equalling in the aggregate about fifty per cent.

It is estimated that there are 50,000 pounds of opium annually retailed in New York city, the greater portion of which is used in destroying the health, the intellect, and the morals of the community.

By dates from Cape Hayti, to the 22d July, we learn that a most malignant epidemic was raging at the time, somewhat resembling the plague in its effects, carrying off large numbers of the inhabitants daily, principally of the younger class.

An affair of honor took place at Lancaster, Ky., on Friday last, between Jos. Murphy and S. T. McKee. Four shots were exchanged, and both parties were badly wounded. A negro woman was killed while looking on.

L'Eco d'Italia, the only Italian paper published in the Union and a faithful organ of the Whig party, advocates in strong language the nomination of Gen. Scott as President of the United States.

A man named Haley, who in his sleep, a week or so since, walked out of the third story window of a house in Broad street, Boston, died of his injuries on Wednesday at the Massachusetts Hospital.

The writ of *habeas corpus* issued by Judge NELSON being merely formal, Thomas Kaiffe will remain in the custody of the United States Marshal until the next general term of the Supreme Court, which does not sit until January, 1853.

Capt. Treat of brig *Eliza Maria*, reports when he left Demarara, on the 25th June, a most awful mortality was raging among the shipping in the river.

In consequence of the frequent rains, the rice crops on the Savannah river are backward, and little if any harvest will commence before September 1st. The crop, it is thought, will not be more than an average.

There was a perfect deluge of rain on Saturday last at Medina, N. Y. A stream 4 miles hence, carried away a dwelling with the inmates, and two children were drowned. Their bodies have not been recovered.

The Boston Relief Committee appointed to collect a fund for the relief of the sufferers by the late fire at Montreal, have already obtained between $4000 and $5000.

The Eco del Comercio, of Vera Cruz, says that a company has been formed in the Capitol to purchase two steamships to make monthly trips between Vera Cruz and New York, calling at the ports of Tampico, New Orleans, Havana and Charleston

Mr. F. B. Didier, of Baltimore, shot in a recent fireman's riot there, has recovered

A private note to the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser says that a slight shock of earthquake was felt on Sunday forenoon, at the village of Groton, Conn.

Tennessee papers are full of the Scott fire, and the campaign has opened auspiciously. The ratification meetings in different sections of the State have been largely attended and Scott clubs are everywhere being formed.

Spurious Quarter Eagles are in circulation in New Orleans, and so well executed, the True Delta states, as to have been received and paid at some of the banks in that city. They are made of steel and covered with gold, ring well, are of the right superficies and thickness, but are deficient in weight.

A Kentucky editor and publisher, notifies his neighbors that he will insert their advertisements and do their job printing, taking his pay after the election of Gen. Scott.

MR CORWIN, Secretary of the Treasury, arrived at New York, on Tuesday last, on his way to Washington City. A gentleman who travelled with him down the St. Lawrence River, says that since his departure from Washington, and relaxation from his arduous official duties, his health had materially improved.

It is reported that a Court Martial was lately convened at Fort McHenry for the trial of a non-commissioned officer accused of sundry acts of insubordination whilst in a state of intoxication; and the charges being found guilty of the charges alleged, he was sentenced to receive fifty lashes and be branded with a hot iron upon his shoulder!—*Balt. Argus.*

We have already chronicled the death by suicide, on the 20th, of Mr. Stephen Watkins, living near Damascus, in Montgomery county, by cutting his throat with a razor. On the following Thursday night his brother William attempted to commit suicide, but only inflicted on his neck a slight wound. It is not a great while since the father, and also the aunt of these young men adopted this means of passing from the stage of action.—*Balt. Clipper, July 31.*

☞ JOB PRINTING of all kinds executed at this office with neatness, and at reasonable rates.

Special attention will be given to Posters and Programes for Exhibitions and Concerts.

Cards, Bill Heads, Bills of Lading, Invitations, Labels, Blanks, Store Bills &c. &c. neatly and promptly printed.

Dr. M'Lane's Great Remedy for Liver Complaint.

☞ THE properties of this justly celebrated medicine are in the daily receipt of the most gratifying testimonials of its excellence. Cases that had been given up as incurable by most skillful physicians, were cured immediately after these pills were given. The certificates are so numerous, that it is impossible to publish them within the limits of a newspaper; but as it now is no established fact that M'Lane's Liver Pills are the best medicine ever offered for the cure of hepatic derangement, their publication is rendered unnecessary. Those who suffer from that worst of scourges, Liver Complaint, should lose no time, but hasten to purchase and die the invaluable medicine, which may be had from most Druggists and Merchants, in town and country, and by the sole proprietors.

J. KIDD & CO.
60 Wood street.

aug7dawS

F. S. Cleaver's "Prize Medal Honey Soap."

☞ THOSE who have ventured on the useless and unprofitable task of imitating "Cleaver's Prize Medal Honey Soap," have very naturally supposed that the indiscriminate admixture of the articles of honey and other ingredients, usually employed in the manufacture of newly invented soaps, is sufficient to place it in competition with that produced by F. S. Cleaver. It is but an act of justice, however, to the skillful inventor, to mention (and doubtless this fact must have been brought under the view of the learned and impartial committee who awarded to him the medal) that his success was not the result of chance, nor the work of a momentary enterprise, but the fruits of long and careful study, joined to a knowledge of those materials which, by chemical combinations, and an exact analysis, has rendered his labors memorable to himself and useful to the world.

For sale wholesale and retail by Dispensing Drug Stores, and wholesale only by the agents for Pittsburgh and its vicinity.

J. KIDD & CO., 60 Wood street.

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Nelson's First Premium

DAGUERREOTYPES.

Post Office Building, Third Street.

CITIZENS and strangers who wish to obtain an accurate, artistic and life like likeness, at a moderate price, will find it to their interest to call at this well known establishment, where entire satisfaction is guaranteed, or no charge made.

Largest and best arranged Rooms, having one of the powerful kind, and having adopted the system of Daguerreotyping, as now practised by the celebrated Artists of Philadelphia and New York, Mr. N. flatters himself to be able to offer to the patrons of the Art, a style of Daguerreotypes, either singly or in groups, which has never been surpassed.

Rooms open and operating, in all weathers, from 8 o'clock A. M. to 5 P. M.

NELSON'S

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Cleveland and Pittsburgh Rail Road.

TICKETS THROUGH TO BUFFALO, DUNKIRK, TOLEDO, DETROIT, CHICAGO, MILWAUKIE, COLUMBUS and CINCINNATI.

Fare to Cleveland.....$3 50

THE new and fast running steamer FORREST CITY, leaves the Monongahela wharf, opposite Monongahela House, every morning (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock, precisely, connecting at Wellsville with the Express Train of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Rail Road, leaving Wellsville Cleveland and Pittsburgh at Cleveland at 40 minutes past 5 o'clock, P. M. and arriving at Cleveland at 40 minutes past 9 o'clock, P. M. and connecting with steam boats for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Toledo, Detroit, Milwaukie, and Chicago.

Passengers leave Pittsburgh in the morning, and take next evening in Chicago.

Passengers going to Cleveland via Ohio and Penna. R. R., are put out at Wellsville (by the 8.20 A. M. train,) at 1 o'clock P. M. and (by 11 o'clock A. M. train,) at 7.45, P. M., where they have to wait till 9 o'clock, P. M., for the Express train from Wellsville, which takes them on to Cleveland, arriving at same time, and in same train of Cars as those who go by way of Wellsville.

Baggage checked through from Pittsburgh to Cleveland, on board the steamer Forrest City.

For tickets, apply to

JOHN A. GAUGHEY, Agent

Office in McKennon's House, Water St., 2nd door from corner of Smithfield.

NOTE—By the Ohio & Penna R. R., to Alliance, and Cleveland and Pittsburgh R. R. from Alliance to Cleveland, the fare is $4.00.

☞ S. M KIER—And now as to your Petroleum. (I thought as I had delayed writing so long, it would be well to wait until I had "somewhat to write." Was perhaps like the quack patent productions of the age, and so left but little disposed to buy. But I gave it to them to test its medical powers. It soon began to cure the deaf and lame, &c. A man who had been blind for eight years, was persuaded to try its virtues; and when he had used but three bottles, he could see across the room, and clearly distinguish the color of clothes, &c., while his health was otherwise much improved. His blindness appears to have been the result of a very lovely case of Scrofula. Much more might be said of the healing powers of Petroleum. But let it suffice to say that it has obtained an extended popularity in this country. I have sold all that you gave me, and might have disposed of a hundred bottles more. M. HIMBRAUGH.

SHERIDAN FALLS, Wisconsin, March 16, 1852.

A. H. HOLMES & BRO.

Successor to H. P. Nelson & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SOLID BOX VICES,

PLATED SHOVELS, LATCHES, SPADES, HOES, PICKS, FORKS, &c.

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

Office No. 124, Water street, third door above Smithfield.

☞ All work warranted equal to any manufactured.

aug 11 3t

DAGUERREOTYPES

AT THE

NATIONAL GALLERY.

JACKSON'S National Daguerrean Gallery, corner of the Diamond and Market street, (opposite Lafferty and Gentlemen wishing to obtain lifelike likenesses at moderate prices, will please call at the above establishment, fitted up with very superior Side and Sky Lights, arranged with such skill that the operator can take the expression of animated life, in all WEATHERS.

Engravings, Paintings, &c., accurately copied, and duplicates taken of original likenesses.

☞ Persons not required to take a picture, unless a perfect resemblance.

☞ Likenesses taken of sick and deceased persons in any part of the city and vicinity.

☞ Rooms open, and operating from 8 A. M., until 5 P. M. Entrance in Market street.

Citizen's Insurance Company of Pittsburgh

C. G. HUSSEY, PRESIDENT.
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, SEC'Y.

OFFICE, 94 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.

☞ INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, AND TRIBUTARIES.

☞ *Insures against loss or damage by FIRE. Also against the perils of the SEA and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.*

DIRECTORS:

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Wm. Bagaley, S. M. Kier,
Hugh R. King, W. Phillips,
Robert Patterson, Jr., W. Bingham,
S. Harbaugh, D. Lebaron,
Edward Heazel, Francis Vogdes,
Walter Bryant. J. Schoonmaker.

JAS. M. PORTER, Jr.

HEALTH OFFICE.

Interments in the City of Pittsburgh

FROM JULY 31, TO AUGUST, 7, 1852.

DISEASE.	MALES.	FEMALES.	CHILDREN.
Age Required			
Consumption	1	0	1
Cholera Infantum	0	0	1
Dysentery	0	0	2
Drowned	1	0	0
Intemperance	1	0	0
Congestion	0	1	0
Hooping Cough	0	0	1
Inflammation of Bowels	0	0	1
Obstruction of the Bowels	0	1	0
Scarlet Fever	0	0	1
Scrofula	0	0	1
Still Born	0	0	1
Typhoid Fever	1	0	0
Total	6	2	10=18

OF THE ABOVE THERE WERE,

Under 1 year	5
From 1 to 2	0
" 2 to 5	0
" 5 to 10	0
" 10 to 20	1
" 20 to 30	1
" 30 to 40	1
" 40 to 50	1

By order of the Board of Health.

JAMES H. WILSON,
Physician to Board of Health.

Notice to Teachers.

APPLICANTS for the Male Departments of the Third Ward Public School, are requested to be at A. Cuthbert's House on Thursday, 12th inst. at 8½ o'clock, instead of 10, A. M., as previously published. By order of the Board.

JOSEPH W. LEWIS, Secretary.

aug11 2t

Monongahela Cemetery.

THE following named gentlemen have been elected officers of the above named Corporation, viz:

President—L. R. Livingston.

Managers—James King, Wm. Holmes, James S. Craft, H. Umbstetter, George L. Reis, Wm. P. Rea.

Secretary—George F. Gilmore.

The Managers have passed resolutions, directing the ground selected by them, on the North side of the Monongahela River, between the Borough of Birmingham and Oakland, to be surveyed and laid off, with suitable avenues, for interment lots, preparatory to sale, as early as possible. The office of the Company is at 114, Fourth street.

aug11 1t

THOMPSON BELL & CO.

Exchange Brokers,

CORNER OF THIRD AND MARKET STREETS.

WESTERN Money bought at the lowest rates.

Time Bills on the West purchased on favorable terms. Stocks bought and sold on Commission.

aug11

THE COLLEGE OF ST. JAMES,

Washington County, Maryland.

THE REVEREND JOHN R. HERBERT, D. D., RECTOR

THE Eleventh Annual Session of the College will open on Monday, October 4th, and continue till August 15th. Besides the continuous instruction of the College Classes, there are, in each year, several courses of Lectures by Professors stationed at the College.

The GRAMMAR SCHOOL requires its duties on the same day with the College, besides its proper Tutors, is under the personal oversight of the Rev. Professor Wm. Bausman, who has charge of the Grammar School, and is quite distinct, both in its organization and discipline, from the College. Annual charge in College or Grammar School, $121.

For registration, &c., apply to the Rector, College St. James, P. O. Maryland.

aug11dlaw2m

NORRIS McCOMBS,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

No. 83 WOOD STREET,

IS now receiving, direct from the Manufacturers, in Europe and this country, a large and well selected stock of Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, &c., which he offers for sale at lowest cash rates. His stock comprises in part:

Iron, Steel, Nails and Blister Chains.
"Mann's" celebrated C. S. Axes.
Mill, Circular and Cross Cut Saws.
Patent Spring Balances and Spades.
Anvils, Bellows, Vises.
Locks, Latches, Hinges, Files, &c.
Together with every article in the Hardware line, to all of which the attention of country Merchants and Mechanics is respectfully invited.

He has just received, per packet from England, 1 cask "Mousehole" Shears.
1 " "Wade" celebrated razors.
2 cases Sheet and double-iron.

N. McC. would call the attention of Carpenters to his large assortment of celebrated "Union Factory Planes" aug11

WHITE GOODS—A. A. Mason & Co. of White Goods, are now in store per express—large assortment of Jaconets, Swiss, Mull, Plain Dotts Swiss, Embroidered Cambric Stuff, &c.

SILKS—Just rec'd (per express) at A. A. Mason & Co's a beautiful assortment of plaids and black silks; also, changeable and fancy Silks.

BLACK SILK LACE—50 pcs. Fine Black Silk Lace, latest and most fashionable styles; just rec'd by A. A. MASON & CO.

WHISKEY—48 bbls. Rye, copper distilled, for sale by BURBRIDGE & HOBRIAN, No. 116 Water st. and 199 Front st.

LIQUORS—4 bbls Peach Brandy; 1 do Port Wine; for sale to close consignment. VON BONNHORST & MURPHY, No. 91 Water and 101 Front streets.

SALERATUS—6 bbls. on hand, for sale by VON BONNHORST & MURPHY.

SUNDRIES—
2 bbls. Pitch;
12 " Tallow;
25 doz. Whisk;
25 bxs. Glaz Paper;
10 " Sperm Soap; for sale by
VON BONNHORST & MURPHY.

TEA—10 chests Young Hyson;
12 " Gun Powder.
15 " Black;
15 pound boxes;
15 lb " " for sale by
VON BONNHORST & MURPHY.

Cash for Wool.

THE highest market price, in cash, paid for wool by VON BONNHORST & MURPHY.

GOTHIC CHIMNEY TOPS—A beautiful ornamental article, made of best fire clay—on consignment for sale by JENNY H COLLINS, Water st. above Smithfield.

CHEESE—117 bxs. W R for sale by
VINEGAR—30 bbls. pure, for sale by J D WILLIAMS & CO., 122 Wood st.

SOAP—100 bxs. Palm and Rosin;
10 " Castile and Almond; for sale by
J D WILLIAMS & CO.

CANDLES—40 bxs. Sperm and Star;
50 " Summer Mould; for sale by
J D WILLIAMS & CO.

STARCH—40 bbls. Pearl, in papers;
J D WILLIAMS & CO.

ESTRAY HORSE—Came to the premises of the subscriber, in Jefferson Tp., on the 29th of July, a bay horse, supposed to be a 6 years old, one hind foot white, a white star on her forehead, to be about 12 or 13 hands high—The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law.

JAMES P. WYLIE, Jefferson Tp.,
one mile below West Elizabeth.

aug11w3t

O. KECHELEN, M. D. J. P. BAKE, M. D.

Co-partnership.

ASSOCIATED in the Practice of Medicine from this date, will occupy the office hitherto occupied by Dr. Bake, 319 Penn street, between Hand and Ross streets.

aug10 aug10

LINEN HDKFS—250 doz. of those very cheap Linen Hdkfs., at 8 and 10 cents, just rec'd by A A MASON & CO.

To Druggists and Country Merchants.

THE subscribers, successors to PHELPS FOWLER & CO. and formerly for many years in the employ of HOADLEY, PHELPS & CO. are now prepared to supply the Trade and Country Merchants with every article in the line of Drugs, Medicine, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, &c. &c., and on the most favorable terms. Having for some three years since been engaged almost exclusively in the importing business, we feel confident that we possess superior facilities for obtaining our goods, especially favorable terms to our customers.

SPERING, MORGAN & BUTLER,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers,
46 Old Street, New York.

aug10,3m

BUTTER—50 pkgs. new yellow, in store and for sale by JOHN WATT & CO.

A Ploughing Match.

PERSONS having fields suitable for the Ploughing Match, to take place this Fall, under the direction of the Allegheny County Agricultural Society, are requested to give notice, personally or by letter, to ALEXANDER SPEER,
Plough Manufacturer, Penn Street,
or to J. K. KENNEDY, Secy
at the Gazette Office.

aug10:w4tT

EGGS—3 bbls. just rec'd for sale by
HENRY H COLLINS.

aug7

500 TONS WIRE WANTED.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED

BY the undersigned, on the part of the COMPANIES, for the construction of the wire cables of the NIAGARA FALLS INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE Rail Road suspension Bridge, of 800 feet span, to be erected over the Niagara river, below the Falls, for the delivery of

ONE MILLION OF POUNDS OF IRON WIRE,

and pounds at the site of the Bridge, on the following conditions:

1 The wire is to be of No. 10 size, that 20 feet will weigh exactly one pound.

2 The skeins to weigh not less than 300 nor more than 50 to 40 lbs will be strongly preferred. An offer for 100 lbs wire must be finished with a thick coat, smooth as string, and be in good order.

3 The iron must have been manufactured of the best quality of charcoal blooms, which will make hard wire of great elasticity, strength, fibre and toughness.

4 The blooms must have been manufactured of cold blast charcoal pig, and not of anthracite pig, nor of hot blast pig.

5 Satisfactory evidence will be required before hand of the quality of the iron, of which the wire is to be drawn.

6 The wire must be drawn on blocks of no less than 2 feet diameter.

7 It must be put up in bundles of 200 lbs. as near as can be done, without small skeins.

8 The wire is to be delivered in five equal portions during the months of May, June, July, August, and September of next year.

11 On delivery, the wire will be examined and tried in the following manner:—Of every 5 bundles or 1000 pounds one skein will be selected, and carefully untied between two posts 6 or 8 feet apart, and one end attached to a capstan, by the capstan the wire must be gradually hauled on, until it breaks. A greater deflection than 3 inches, with a load of 1300 lbs., or 90,000 per superficial inche of wire section, 1000 lbs., in respect to other qualities, will be continued; if it stands this test, then further examination of that but if not, it will be rejected and placed at the disposal of the contractor.

12 As regards toughness and fibre, each, each end of a skein will be tested by bending it square over the jaws of a large pair of new and sharp pliers, and bending it back again. The wire must stand this test, without the least sign of failure. Its hardness and elasticity will at the same time be examined by bending and swinging, also, some part of the operation of splicing.

13 Such lots as have stood the various tests satisfactorily, if all value will then be paid to the contractor, in bank notes.

14 The 20 per cent will be reserved for four months longer. Should in that time, during the construction of the cables, any more defective skeins be discovered, such skeins will be rejected, and placed at the contractor's disposal, in condition as they happen to be, dried or not oiled, in such work. The value of such wire, together with the labor expended upon it, will then be deducted of the 20 per cent.

15 The undersigned, as the Engineer of the Bridge, will be the sole judge of the above tests; he will state an impartial umpire between the Contractor and the Bridge Company, and from his decision there shall be no appeal.

One half, or 500,000 lbs., will be used in the cables, and may be looked for early in the spring of next year.

1 Proposals will be received until the 1st October next, addressed to the undersigned, at Niagara Falls, N. Y., and should be marked on the envelope, "Proposals for Bridge Wire."

17 Those Contractors whose proposals are accepted, will be informed of the fact by mail, before or on the 10th of October next.

JOHN A. ROEBLING,
Engineer of the Niagara Falls Railroad Suspension Bridge.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., August 5th, 1852.—aug10d120w5w

NEW BOOKS—Hawthorn's New Book, The Blithedale Romance.

The Book of Snobs, by Thackeray, formerly known as Jeffrey Prime's celebrated Review of Jeffrey.

Presentation, a novel by J. Fenimore Cooper, containing the author's