PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITN & CO

PITTSBURGH.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 9, 1852.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,
GEN'L WINFIELD SCOTT, of New Jersey.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, N. Carolina.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER.
JACOB HOFFMAN, OF BERKS COUNTY.

JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
(In the room of the Hon. Richard Coulter, deceased.)
JOSEPH BUFFINGTON, of Armstrong Co.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
SENATORIAL.

A. E. BROWN, JAMES POLLOCK.

REPRESENTATIVE.

Districts.	Districts.
1. William F. Hughes,	14. James H. Campbell,
2. James Traquair,	15. James D. Paxton,
3. John W. Sykes,	16. James K. Davidson,
4. John C. Varrel,	17. Dr. Jno. McClelloch,
5. Spencer McIlvaine,	18. Ralph Drake,
6. James W. Fuller,	19. John Linton,
7. James Perrose,	20. Archibald Robertson,
8. John Snaffer,	21. Thomas J. Bigham,
9. Jason Marshall,	22. Lewis L. Lord,
10. Charles F. Wilkes,	23. Christian Myers,
11. David Alton,	24. Darwin Phelps,
12. Ex. Mercer,	25. Saml. A. Purviance.
13. Wm. Middlesworth,	

Antimasonic and Whig County Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS—21st DISTRICT.
DAVID RITCHIE, Pittsburgh.
FOR CONGRESS—22D DISTRICT.
THOMAS M. HOWE, Allegheny.

FOR SENATE.
GEORGE DARSIE, Allegheny
FOR ASSEMBLY.
GEORGE E. APPERSON, Birmingham.
THOMAS PENNEY, Mifflinport.
RICHARD COFAN, Pittsburgh
C. S. EYSTER, Pitt Township.
JOHN M. FORTNER, Taretum.

SHERIFF.
WILLIAM MAGILL, Pittsburgh.
CORONER.
EDWARD CAMPBELL, Jr., Pittsburgh.
ASSOCIATE JUDGE OF COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS, &C.
JOHN GEORGE, Allegheny.
COMMISSIONER.
WILLIAM ALGEO, Pittsburgh.
CORER.
JAMES LOWRY, Pittsburgh.
AUDITOR.
FRANCIS I. GARDNER, Elizabeth.

For the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.

MR. EDITOR:—In your editorial of yesterday headed "The Punishment of Crime," you used the following language: "The delay and uncertainty of justice do, much also to promote and encourage crime. Most cases are bailable, and if the criminal thinks there is danger of his conviction he walks off, and the bail bond is suffered to lie as so much useless lumber in the Commissioner's Office."

So far as regards "delay and uncertainty of justice" I have but to say that the Judge of the proper Court, as also the prosecuting attorney, are very prompt in giving an early and fair trial to every case, if nothing but a good and legal excuse can or does "delay" a trial as it comes up on the calendar; a reference to the same will satisfy you that your charge of delay has no foundation.

You are mistaken in your statement that "bail bonds are suffered to lie as so much useless lumber in the Commissioner's office;" *recognizances* are never filed in the Commissioner's office, they are part of the record in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions, &c., and are forfeited in said court and estreated to the County Commissioners. Since I have been acting as Solicitor for the County the worthy and prompt clerk of said court has performed his duty, and at the request of the County Commissioners I have brought, and am still bringing, suits on all the forfeited recognizances estreated to them.

I make this reply in justice to all parties concerned, as your charge was a sweeping one, founded on false information.

I here take the liberty of suggesting to all persons authorized to take bail in recognizances and that is to follow the rule adopted by the Court of Quarter Sessions by satisfying themselves on the oath of said surety that they are "good and sufficient," and not what is commonly called "straw bail." Much in this way might be saved to the county that is now lost.

Very respectfully; &c,
J. HARRISON SEWELL

July 7, 1852.

REPLY.

We are always willing to be corrected, when in error. We had no object in penning our remarks on the punishment of crime, but the promotion of the ends of justice. The subject was forced upon us. We felt we could no longer hold our peace and remain guiltless, when men were stricken down in our streets by a horde of ruffians, and when it is notorious that so many criminals escape punishment, from some cause or other. We may have misapprehended the true causes why so many crimes go unatoned for, but if we shall stir up investigation, or incite to renewed activity, so that the evil shall be remedied, our object will be answered

Mr. SEWELL corrects a technical error into which we have fallen, though we cannot see that it affects the force of our statement. We asserted that forfeited bail moneys were not collected, and this is true of the past, whether the fault lies with the Clerk of the Court, the Commissioners, or the Solicitor for the County. It is notorious that for years past these forfeited recognizances have not been diligently prosecuted for collection We are glad to know that an improvement has taken place, and that these important matters are to be no longer neglected. We shall watch Mr. SEWELL's discharge of this duty with deep interest, and if he firmly and diligently discharges it, he will deserve the thanks of his fellow citizens, and will greatly benefit the public treasury.

There is another evil connected with this bailing system, and which is referred to by Mr. Sewell. Probably one-half of the persons taken as bail are not worth a cent, and of course nothing can be collected. There are hundreds of cases on the dockets which it is no use to prosecute, and thus both the criminal and his sureties go unpunished. This is a gross perversion of justice. We cannot see how a magistrate or judge, who has any regard for the solemnities of his oath, can thus connive at the escape of the criminal. Both judges and magistrates are too ready to admit to bail, even in cases of great criminality, where men's lives have been taken, and where it is evident if justice is done, the accused must be punished. Is it to be wondered at, that the criminal escapes? If he is wealthy, or has wealthy friends, he may secure his bail, and thus pay his way out of the hands of justice Or, as is frequently the case, the Executive may remit the penalty. In fact, there are so many ways of escape for the man who has money or active friends, that the chances are all in his favor. A poor unfortunate wretch, who has neither friends nor money, is made to atone for all this mockery of justice, by suffering the most ample measure for his crimes.

Mr. Sewell enters into a defence of the Judge and Prosecuting Attorney of our criminal court. This was unnecessary. We made no assault upon them. Our remarks were general, and intended to apply to the whole system of criminal jurisprudence. Who not say who is to blame, but we aver that there is error somewhere, and that it ought to be corrected. The Prosecuting Attorney we know to be a vigilant, industrious and able officer. We believe he does all in his power to stem the torrent of crime, and to bring the guilty to punishment. The Judge strives to facilitate business, and to render justice prompt, but we fear sometimes he permits the impulses of a naturally kind heart to affect his sense of what is due to justice. He sees only the criminal before him in bisstate of penitence and humiliation, and permits the mists of compression to dim his eyes to the presence of the thousands of his fellow citizens whom he sits there to protect. This is an amiable fault, but a Judge of a criminal court should know nothing but impartial justice.

We trust we shall not have occasion to notice this subject again, but we shall not shrink from it as long as a sense of duty impels us to the task.

HENRY CLAY'S FUNERAL.—All that is mortal of Henry Clay, will be consigned to the tomb on Saturday next, to-morrow, between the hours of eleven and one o'clock. The Mayor has issued his proclamation, in conformity with the resolutions of a meeting of citizens, directing the closing of all stores and places of business during those hours, at which time other demonstrations of respect to the deceased patriot will take place. It is only necessary to mention these arrangements, and to refer to the proclamation of the Mayor, to secure acquiescence on the part of our whole population.

We are indebted to Mr. Stanton for a copy of his "argument before the Senate Committee, in the Florida contested election of United States Senator." The argument is an able one, and must add to Mr. Stanton's already high reputation, as an accomplished pleader.

BEAVER COUNTY.—The Whigs of Beaver county, have put in nomination the following ticket, which the Argus says is an excellent one. We have a personal knowledge of some of the candidates, and know that they are first rate men. We hope the rest of the District will agree to Mr. Allison's nomination.

Congress.—John Allison.
Assembly.—B. B. Chamberlin.
Commissioner.—James Moody.
Auditor.—Hiram J. Brown.
Poor House Directors.—William Elliott, Joseph R. Martin, David Dunlap.
Trustees.—John Barcley, Richard P. Roberts, John A. M'Gill, (one year.)

The Whig Convention of Washington County met on the 6th inst., at the borough of Washington. Hon. W. McDANIEL was chosen President.

On motion, it was

Resolved, By the Convention and the Whig party of the county generally, that a County Mass Meeting be held at Washington on WEDNESDAY the 1st day of SEPTEMBER next, and that said meeting be an old fashioned turn out such as distinguished the Whig Campaign of 1840—that we come with our wives and daughters, full to running over with enthusiasm and a hearty devotion to our glorious cause and candidates.

The Convention then nominated the following ticket:

Congress.—John L. Gaw.
Assembly.—John N. McDonald, J. W. Alexander.
Commissioner.—John W. Philips.
Poor House Director.—O. M. Wallace.
Auditor.—John McDonald.
Coroner.—Abm. B. Wolf.

The Democratic Convention of Washington County convened in the Court House of that Borough on Monday last, and nominated the following ticket:

Congress.—J. L. Dawson, of Fayette county.
Assembly.—James M'Closkey, of Mt Pleasant.
David Riddle, of Somerset.
Sheriff.—John M'Allister, of Charleiers.
Commissioner.—Thos. M'Carrel, of Mt. Pleasant.
Auditor.—James Taggart, of Canton.
Director of the Poor.—Jas Fife, of Peters.
Coroner.—W. B. Candle, of Chartiers.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette

WASHINGTON, July 4.

Mr. Gentry contradicts the statement that the President has offered him a seat in the Cabinet as successor to Mr. Graham. Mr Bell has been invited to take charge of the navy. He was Secretary of War under Gen. Harrison, and resigned in 1841, when the whole cabinet except Mr. Webster went out, upon the discovery that John Tyler had ratted to the democrats.—His acceptance is doubted, as he is a distinguished member of the Senate, in which his duties are as important and more pleasant than they would be in the Navy Department. He would make a capital cabinet officer, should he assume the post tendered to him.

We have the particulars of the negotiation said to have been concluded between Mr. Webster and the British Ambassador, relative to Nicaragua, San Juan, Costa Rica and the Musquito Indians The main features of the convention are said to be.

The restoration of San Juan to the territorial jurisdiction of Nicaragua, but with such restrictions as to the rates of duty on merchandize, and the charges upon vessels, as make it a free port, under the protection of the United States and Great Britain.

The recognition of the British protectorate over the Musquito Indians, which the British government solemnly stipulate to abandon by the Clayton and Bulwer treaty; and the seizure of a tract of land belonging to Nicaragua, extending from the river San Juan on the South to Honduras on the North, and about fifty miles inland from the sea, to be appropriated to these Musquitoes as a possession, that is to say, until Great Britain gets ready to appropriate it to herself, which will not be long

The settlement of the boundary between Costa Rica and Nicaragua.

And lastly, some provisions for the encouragement of the Atlantic and Pacific Ship Canal Company, emracing an extension of time for the commencement of the work.

Mr. R. M. Walsh, son of our Ex-Consul Mr. Walsh, has been sent down to central America, to obtain the consent of Costa Rica and Nicaragua to this cool settlements of their affairs. The British Minister has dispatched a Mr. Wyke or Wye, to negotiate between the breechless clients of his government, the Musquitoes, and their proper and lawful superiors, the State and people of Nicaragua. It is quite clear to my mind that those Indians have no more right to claim independence of Nicaragua or to treat with foreign powers, than the Cherokees in our four territories.

It should doubt whether this supplement to the treaty of 1850, would be confirmed by the Senate, if laid before it: but I should consider it of very little consequence whether it were or not. Every matter of dispute between the United State was honorably and advantageously adjusted by the former treaty—and that agreement was not executed in any particular—what good can result from making any more solemn compacts?

Mr. Webster will go to Marshfield this week, but will return before the adjournment of Congress. The dinner tendered him by a number of Southern members of Congress, will not probably take place until after the Presidential election.

JUNIUS.

FROM NEW YORK.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 6, 1852.

The remains of Mr Clay reached the city on Saturday afternoon and were received with a solemnity that was never equalled or approached on any similar occasion. A more public celebration has been determined upon by the city authorities to take place the latter part of the month, when an outpouring of people will be seen that will show how truly the departed statesman was venerated in New York.

Yesterday's celebration passed off with less than the usual number of accidents, yet marked by one more fatal than has occurred for a long time in our waters. Last night as parties commenced to return from Staten Island, the bridge leading to the ferry boat broke from the rush of people upon it, and precipitated a large number of men, women and children into the water. In the confusion there seemed no means at hand to rescue the poor creatures, and rumor states the number drowned at twenty-five. *Fourteen women have been already recovered*, and the total loss can hardly be exaggerated by rumor The unfortunates were all of the class which finds, only upon holidays, time for recreation, a class which, upon such days, throng such resorts as Staten Island to a degree that makes such accidents wonderfully infrequent

The bolting of the Southern Whigs and the publication of their manifesto in the National Intelligencer, does not cause much alarm here, and is not considered as materially damaging General Scott's chance of election. It is all very well for these gentlemen to withdraw their support after one of the most satisfactory conventions ever held, upon a doubt by them of Gen. Scott's honesty upon the Compromise questions—acts he is as fully committed to, as a man posed be, who has simply to carry them out as President. Gen. Scott needs no forced men to elect him, possessing, as he does, such an army of volunteers; and the bolters will find that for each man they alienate, in a slave state, by their doubts, they will secure for Gen. Scott fifty in the North. It will be a long while before a President can be elected by declaring himself in favor of the finality, and it is fortunate that Gen. Scott is sensible enough to go along with the age, and not waste his time by prattling about things finally settled long ago, as were the compromise measures.

Business has hardly been resumed to-day, in consequence of the large number of absentees, On Saturday last the payments were very heavy, but owing to the extreme ease of the money market no difficulty was experienced in meeting them. The large sums put afloat by the payment of the July dividends are now seeking investment, and, as a natural consequence, securities of the first class are all up and in demand. At the stock board there was an upward tendency in all kinds of stocks and the market closes with a great speculative tendency.

A sudden impulse has been given to the Panama railroad securities by the cession to the company, of its Atlantic terminus, by the New Grenadian government, and the announcement the Cunard company mean to establish a line of steamers for the Pacific route via the Panama Railroad. The Nicaragua transit company's stock is also in large demand, and both routes will have all they need to make them largely profitable.

The city has commenced to swarm, and all the near by watering places are crowded to their utmost capacity. Newport is full, in the face of the Maine liquor law, and the reports of interested presons to the contrary are all a sham. Hordes of people have gone to the seaside watering places of Maine, where temperance rules the hour, nor has the law been the means of checking a single traveller to Maine or Rhode Island, if the landlords themselves are credible witnesses

Preparations for the next Maine election are going vigorously forward, and Mr. E. H. Crosby the whig candidate, will be elected, from present appearances The rum loving locofocos will defeat Gov. Hobbard, who attempted to re-elect himself by signing the liquor law. The new legislature will in all probability be against the liquor law, and will repeal it. This repeal will be made the test question, and succeed, not because Maine is a besotted, drunken State, but because a good meaning law has been most offensively constructed, and administered with the brutality that has been attributed to drunken—not temperate men.

C.

[COMMUNICATED.]

TO THE FRIENDS OF COLONIZATION.

On the 4th June last, the Hon. Edward Stanley, of North Carolina, introduced into the House of Representatives, a bill to authorise the Secretary of the Treasury to deposit the fourth instalment of the public money due the several States, with said States for Colonization purposes. In the words of the bill, this deposite is to be made with the States, "to transport to Liberia, in Africa, the free people of color in said States respectively, and to provide for and to educate said people, as each State emitted to stock may direct" The principal of the deposite is to remain in the Treasury, and is only to be paid by order of Congress: the interest, at five per cent. per annum is payable half yearly and, after the removal to Liberia of the free people of color, is to be devoted to internal improvement or the education of the poor. This bill would give our own State stock to the value of $955,838 26, with an annual revenue of about $47,792 91, to be applied to the colonization and education of her free black population, which at the late census numbered fifty three thousand persons.

The importance of this movement will be immediately felt by every friend of African Colonization. The grand obstacle to the beneficial operation of the cause, has always been the want of sufficient funds. Though the revenues of the National, combined with those of the State Societies, amount to a very considerable sum, they dwindle to a mere trifle, and the ample benevolence of individual supporters seems parsimony, when compared with the magnitude of the enterprise, and the benefits to ourselves and the African race, anticipated from its success. Yet limited as it has been by its dependence upon private contributions, it has accomplished, during the few years of its existence, more than was effected in a century, by the Great Company chartered for the first settlement of our own land, and with the increased facilities afforded by the pending bill, the most glorious consequences might be expected. Already a colony has been established and supported through trial and difficulty, on a sickly, barbarous, and inhospitable coast, until the dense forests have given place to cities and villages, the deadly miasm has yielded to a salubrious atmosphere, civil institutions have become those of citizens, and many of them Christians, and the colonists themselves, relying upon the sympathy of the ruling power of the two continents, and their own capability of self government, have thrown aside the garb of tutelage, and assumed a station in the great system of nations. During eighteen months elapsed since the 1st of January, 1851, five thousand dollars have been expended in the purchase of a considerable quantity of slave coast, while over eight hundred emigrants have been transported and provided with subsistence for six months after their arrival in Liberia.

It is a significant fact, and one which at once gives the lie to these rabid zealots who stigmatize the Colonization Society as a mere pander to Slavery, that, of three returning Africans, three hundred and thirty-five were slaves, emancipated solely in consideration of their transportation to Liberia. These are but a tithe of those who, according to the promise of their masters, will be liberated when the resources of the Society shall be sufficient for their removal, and thus the bill proposed by Mr. S will give freedom to the slave by placing the means of emancipation within the reach of every slave owner, while it will hasten the emigration of a burdensome and accumulating colored population, and will be but a right national atonement for the wrongs of long oppressed Africa.

As the bill is already very popular in Congress, there is little doubt of its passage, in case its friends act promptly and energetically. Petitions for its adoption should be immediately subscribed and circulated for signature. They can be forwarded to the Hon. Edward Stanley, or to the Representative in Congress of the district whence they emanate. Appended is a form of petition which may be varied as the feelings of the petitioners dictate

A. B. QUAY,
General Agent Penna Colonization Society

FORM OF PETITION

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled

We, the undersigned, citizens of ——— in the State of ———, most earnestly pray your honorable body to pass the bill introduced into the House of Representatives by the Hon. Edward Stanley, entitled a "Bill to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to deposite with the several States the fourth instalment of the deposites of the public money directed to be made with said States by the Act approved June 23, 1836." The most respectfully represent that we approve of the provisions and fervently desire to see them adopted

———

FRIGHTFUL CALAMITY AT STATEN ISLAND.

Hundreds of people overboard—A great number Drowned, etc.

Yesterday afternoon, as the ferry boat Hunch back was leaving Staten Island, at five o'clock, P. M., the bridge between the boat and the shore gave way, and precipitated about a hundred passengers into the water There were great crowds of persons around, both on the shore and on board the boat, and the excitement, as might be expected, was great. The cries of the drowning were not more heart rending than those of their friends on board the boat and on the dock Every exertion was made to save the persons who were immersed, and by great good fortune most of them were saved Many were taken from the water in a critical state—indeed, almost drowned—but most of these were resuscitated before the boat reached this city One body, that of a female, a fine thirty eight or forty years of age, was taken up from the bottom quite lifeless. Among the number who went down with the bridge was a laboring man, his wife, and a child four months old. The man and woman were both saved, and up to a late hour were looking for their child. The father would not believe that his infant was drowned, and he looked for its arival by every boat But it is too probably that the little one is long before this out of the world's troubles

The night presented when the Hunckback landed at New York, was pitiable in the extreme. Females were brought ashore in numbers, with dripping garments, some of them swooning still from the awful scene of the scene through which they had passed. One handsome looking woman in a half unconscious state, was brought in that strange condition between life and death, called half drowned; and last of all came the party of the boat's crew, bearing the dead body of a drowned female. No one knew who she was, but each vied with the other in paying those small attentions to the deceased which they were coming from the living to the dead; and as they laid her out on her humble bier in the ferry house, and arranged her cloths and straggling tresses, a close observer might see that those hardy boatmens' eyes were filled with manly tears. They did all they could, and then left their charge to be claimed by her friends. But that bereaved father—his case was pitiable. He had gone down with the rest into the water, and his wife and child were with him. When he regained the boat his wife had already been saved. They were both on board the boat when she came up, and he confidently expected that the next boat would bring his child also, but the first boat came, and no child was there, and that father was left to the agonising conclusion that his darling was drowned. Oh, how his stout heart yielded then, and he bowed down as if stricken by fate. There were hundreds around him at that time, and all seemed to sympathise with the bereaved parent. He, when he learned that his child was not saved, bowed down his head, and left the ferry a dejected mortal.

It is not yet known how many were drowned; but it is altogether probable that there were quite a number lost—some accounts say forty were drowned. We shall give further particulars hereafter.

P. S.—At a late hour it was reported that 11 dead bodies had been recovered, (eight women and three children.)

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS.

Tuesday Morning 7 o'clock.

We are just informed that fourteen bodies have been recovered—all females. No males have been found. It is now supposed that from twenty to thirty lives were lost. The current has undoubtedly carried several bodies to some point below the landing.—*N. Y. Her.*

Terrible Explosion and Loss of Life—Burning of the Steamer St. James—Judge Preston, of the Supreme Court, among the killed.

NEW ORLEANS, July 6.

The Picayune has accounts of the explosion, on Lake Pontchartrain, at about three o'clock this morning, of the splendid steamer St. James, Capt. Thomas Clark.

She was on her return to the city from Beloxi, and was crowded with passengers.

After the explosion, the utmost consternation prevailed, as it became apparent that the boat would soon be wrapped in flames. In a short time after she caught fire, she was burned to the water's edge.

About twenty lives were lost; among them Judge Preston, of the Supreme Court, and J. M. Wolfe, a distinguished lawyer. The sufferings of the victims are described as horrible in the extreme.

The steamer California hove in sight, took off the remainder of the sufferers, and brought them to this city.

Sale of Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge.

☞AMONG the hundreds of letters, certificates and orders received by the proprietors of this medicine, the following are selected to show its character, and the effect of its use in a distant part of the West:

ROYALTON, Penn Co., Ia., May 10, 1850.

Messrs. J. Kidd & Co.—Gentlemen—I write to you to solicit an agency for the invaluable Vermifuge you prepare Some time since, I purchased one dozen vials of your's and prescribed it in my practice, and it proving so effectual in the expulsion o. worms, that no other preparation will satisfy the citizens of this village and vicinity. Please send me one gross of the Vermifuge immediately. Yours, &c., SAMUEL ROSS.

NEW PROVIDENCE, Tenn., July 1, 1851.

Messrs. J. Kidd & Co.—Please send the Vermifuge for us as soon as possible, as we are nearly out, and the demand for it is very great. We believe it to be the best Vermifuge ever invented. POKEE & DYUS.

For sale by most Druggists in Allegheny, Pittsburgh and country, and by the sole proprietors. J. KIDD & CO.
jy9dawly 60 Wood street.

F. S. Cleaver's "Prize Medal Honey Soap."

☞THE continued and increasing demand for the above desirable article, unquestionably demonstrates from actual experience its superiority over all similar preparations. It has now stood the test of careful examination, and the approval of the public for a period of seven years; and under an unbounded patronage and unexampled circulation, has triumphantly survived, all its rivals in the arts of imitation and supposture. Its extensive merit (realized by immediate results) places it foremost in the list of all those toilet soaps, that by an overwrought perfumery, have found their way to an ephemeral and temporary notoriety.

For sale retail at all Dispensing Drug Stores, and wholesale only by the agents for Pittsburgh and its vicinity.

J. KIDD & CO., 60 Wood street.
jy9dawly

I Could not Recover.

TIPTON, Warren co., Pa., June 28, 1852.

MR. E. SELLERS—Dear Sir—I hereby certify that I have been afflicted with a severe cough and affection of the lungs—I was afflicted so severely that my friends thought I could not recover I was induced to use your Cough Syrup, which I did, with the most happy effect. I now feel entirely relieved, and feel it is a duty to recommend the same to those afflicted in the manner. If you choose to use the above certificate, you are at perfect liberty to do so

Yours, &c., JOHN A. CAUGHEY.

Prepared and for sale by E. E. SELLERS,
jy9 57 Wood street

☞If there be any man, be he single or married, farmer, mechanic, merchant or teamster, who has not yet supplied himself with a bottle of the Great Arabian Liniment, let him do so at once and be assured, it will be worth its weight in gold over and over again, before it shall all have been used. It is the cure sure for that, like all other complaints, requires prompt attention.

☞Job PRINTING of all kinds executed at the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms.

Special attention will be given to Posters and Programmes for Exhibitions and Concerts.

Cards, Bill Heads, Circulars, Ladies Invitations, Labels, Blanks, Store Bills &c., &c., neatly and promptly executed on the lowest terms.

☞S. M. KIER—And now as to your Petroleum. I thought as I had delayed writing you long, it would be well to wait until I had "a word to write." When I first offered the oil for sale, the people thought it was perhaps like the quack patent medicines of the age, and so left it little disposed to buy. But I gave it to some on trial, and persuaded some to buy, until I got them to test its medical powers. It soon began to earn for itself and fame, &c. A man who had been blind for eight years, was persuaded to try the mixture and when he had used but three bottles, he could see as well as ever, and clearly distinguish the color of cloth, &c. Scrofula has finally, as otherwise much improved this business appears to have been the means of entirely eradicating the case of Scrofula. Much more might be added in relation to the healing powers of Petroleum. But let it suffice to say that it has obtained an extended popularity in this country. I have sold all that you sent me, and might have sold a hundred bottles more.

M. HUBBARD.

EDINBURGH FALLS, Wisconsin, March 10, 1852.

Board of Health.

☞The public are informed that the office of the Board of Health of the city of Pittsburgh, is at No. 115, Fourth street, between Grant and Ross, in the Court house, where all orders and communications for the Board must be left.

S. M. LEWIS,
Secretary.

DAGUERREOTYPES
AT THE
NATIONAL GALLERY

JACKSON'S National Daguerrean Gallery, corner of the Diamond and Market street, (opposite Wilson's Drug Store) Pittsburgh.

Ladies and Gentlemen wishing to obtain life like likenesses at moderate prices, will find the above establishment well fitted up with very superior Sun-shades, and furnished with every facility for the operator can take the most accurate likenesses of the human face, in all the various styles of ambrotypes, &c.

Engravings, Paintings, &c., carefully copied, and daguerreotypes taken of original likenesses

☞Persons not required to take a picture, unless a perfect satisfaction.

☞Likenesses taken of sick and deceased persons in any part of the city and vicinity.

☞Rooms open, and operating from 6 a. m. until 6 p. m.

☞Entrance in the Diamond.
jy9dawly

Nelson's First Premium
DAGUERREOTYPES.

Post Office Building, Third Street.

CITIZENS and strangers who wish to obtain accurate, artistic and life like likenesses, are invited to call at the above establishment, where they will find the most improved apparatus, and operators of long experience in connection with one of the largest and best arranged Saloons in the country. Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, Paintings, Engravings, Portraits in oil, water colors, India ink, &c., executed in the most superior manner, and in a style not excelled in Chicago.

Persons visiting Pittsburgh via Ohio and Penna. R. R., can put up at Allen's Hotel, and by the Pittsburgh and Steubenville R. R., can put up at Mansion House, and by the Ohio & Penna R. R., can put up at Allen's Hotel, and by the Cleveland and Pittsburgh R. R., can put up at Allen's Hotel, and by the Erie R. R., can put up at Allen's Hotel, in all of which hotels there is a Daguerrean Saloon, and by calling at the Saloon of the subscriber, strangers will be directed to the most respectable boarding houses in the city.

A. H. HOLMES & BRO.'S
Successor to H. P. Nelson & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
SOLID BOX VICES,
PLATED SCREWS, NUTTINGS, SPADES, AXES, PICKS, &c.
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

Office—No. 124, Water street, third door above Smithfield.
☞All work warranted equal to any manufactured.
jy2-ly

Citizen's Insurance Company of Pittsburgh

C. C. HUSSEY, President,
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, Secy.

OFFICE, 94 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.

☞INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISES ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, AND INTERIOR RIVERS.

☞Loss is promptly paid or damage by FIRE. Also, against the perils of LAKE and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION

DIRECTORS:

C. C. Hussey,	Wm Larimer, jr.,
Wm Eichbaum,	W. B. Kay,
Hugh D. King,	Wm. Bingham,
Robert Penny, jr.,	Wm. Eichbaum,
S. Harbaugh,	Francis Feiler,
Thomas Bingham,	P. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	Samuel Rea,
	Isaac M. Pennock

MARRIED.

In Allegheny City, on Thursday morning, the 8th inst., by the Rev. John B. Bowser, Mr. EDWARD D JONES, of this city, to Miss ELIZA JANE BYERS.

To the Hon. J. B. Guthrie, Mayor of the city of Pittsburgh

SIR: The undersigned, a Committee appointed at a public meeting, to make suitable arrangements relative to the funeral obsequies of Henry Clay respectfully beg leave to state that they are informed the funeral will take places at Lexington, Ky., on Saturday next, the 10th inst., between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 1 o'clock P. M., at which time, in conformity with the resolutions passed at the above named meeting of the city of Pittsburgh, request an entire suspension of business during the above named hours, when minute guns will be fired. The bells of the various churches and engine houses be tolled, and the flags of the different public offices, and steamers will be hung at half mast.

M. SWARTZWELDER,
J. COD. CROSMAN,
CAPT. M. HENRY,
CAPT. ROBT PORTER,
H. KAY,
Hon. H. S. FLEMING,
C. B. EYSTER,
Committee

MAYOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, }
July 8th, 1852. }

Conformably to the foregoing, the citizens of Pittsburgh are respectfully requested to suspend, as far as practicable, all manner of business on Saturday, 10th inst., between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M and 1 P. M., in order that proper respect may be shown to the remains of the illustrious deceased.

J. B. GUTHERY, Mayor
jy9-2t

Dissolution.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of HARVEY CARSON & CO., was dissolved on the 1st inst., by limitation and by mutual consent; either partner is authorized to use the name of the firm in settlement.

HENRY D. HARVEY,
THOS. J. CARSON.
JAMES ROSS,
SAMUEL C. EDES.

Baltimore, July 6, 1852.—jy9

Co-Partnership.

THE subscribers have formed a Co-Partnership and will continue the Wholesale Grocery Business at the old stand, under the firm of HARVEY CARSON & McKNIGHT.

HENRY D. HARVEY,
JOHN CARSON,
SAMUEL J. M'KNIGHT.

Baltimore, July 1st, 1852.—jy9

Dissolution.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of HOOD, M'KNIGHTS, was dissolved on 1st July, by mutual consent. The business of late firm will be settled by McKnight & Brother, they having purchased the entire interest of James Wood, in the Birmingham Iron Works.

JAMES WOOD,
JOSEPH M'KNIGHT,
WILLIAM McKNIGHT.

JOSEPH MCKNIGHT.....WILLIAM MCKNIGHT.

Birmingham Iron Works.
M'KNIGHT & BROTHER,
NO. 55 WATER STREET, PITTSBURGH,

WILL continue the manufacture of Iron Blister, Spring and Plough Steel, American and Welds, Cut and Wrought Spikes, American Anvils, &c., at the old stand, No. 55 Water street, Pittsburgh, and solicit a continuance of the favors of their friends and customers.

JOSEPH M'KNIGHT,
WILLIAM M'KNIGHT.
jy9-3m

Information Wanted

OF the whereabouts of ANDREW JONES, a native of the State of Ohio, a Blacksmith and Grinder by trade, about 23 years of age, who deserted his wife in Newark, New Jersey, about the 1st of June, or of his father, Samuel Jones, also a blacksmith, understood to be residing near Olive Green, Ohio. Any information of the above will be thankfully received.

CATHERINE JONES.
Pittsburgh P. O. [jy9-3t*-28.

WINES—A choice stock of Brandies, Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines, for sale by A. DILLERTSON.
jy9

MR. ISAAC HARRIS can be found at his former residence, Allegheny City, or letters for his address left at either Post Office, Pittsburgh or Allegheny—will be promptly attended to. He expects to open a new office in a few days to resume business.
jy9-2t*

Time Bills Wanted.

TIME Bills and Acceptances on Cleveland, Detroit, Saint Louis, Louisville and Cincinnati will be bought at low rates by A. WILKINS & CO.,
Exchange Brokers, 75 fourth st.
(Union and Dispatch copy.)

CHEESE—50 bxs prime W. R. just rec'd and for sale by R. SELLS & JOHNSTON.
jy9 119 Water street.

SOAP—50 bxs. Cincinnati Soap, Brown, Yellow and Plain White. For family use, rec'd and for sale by A. McCLURG & CO.
jy9

CASTILE SOAP—30 bxs. just rec'd by J. KIDD & Co., 60 Wood st.
jy9

AQUA AMMONIA—300 lbs. in store, for sale by J. KIDD & CO.
jy9

OCHRE ROCHELLE—1080 lbs. in store and for sale by J. KIDD & CO.
jy9

ORANGE PEEL—1 case fresh dried, for sale by J. KIDD & CO.
jy9

JAMAICA GINGER—Lot of ground in store, and for sale by J. KIDD & CO.
jy9

Life of General Scott.

REEL & CALLOW, Third St., opposite the Post Office, have received the following:—Marshall's life of Gen. Scott, 536 pages, 51 engravings, price 25 cents.

Life of the Rt. Hon. Feargus O'Connor, 25 cents.
Uncle Tom's Cabin, full gilt, $2.50.
The Horticulturist for July.
The Cultivator.
Romance of Life in New York or the Secret Order of the VII.
Stuart of Dunleath.
Logeman, &c., &c.
jy9

BOARDING HOUSE—A respectable gentleman and lady with a small family, or two or three gentlemen and lady, will be accommodated with good boarding at No. 5 ISAAC HARRIS'
jy9-3t* Beaver st., Allegheny city.

Orphans' Court Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, No. 72, March Term, 1852, I will expose to Public sale, at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, on Sat. 24th day of July, 1852, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, the following described real estate, late belonging to Thomas Lowmaster, deceased, to wit:

The equal undivided one-third part of all that certain piece of land, situate in the city of Pittsburgh, being part of lots numbered 227, 228, 229 and 248 in the plan of said city, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the corner of Market street and Second street, (now Wood street) thence by the line of lot No. 228, Second street southwardly 100 feet to the line of lot No. 248, thence eastwardly parallel with Market street, 42 feet 6 inches, to William Hamilton's line, thence northwardly through lot No. 247 and 248, 100 feet to the line of Market street, thence by the same westwardly 42 feet 6 inches to the place of beginning, with the three-story brick messuage and tenement thereon erected.

The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall pay one-third part of the sale by the orphans' Court on the confirmation of the same, one-third in one year, and one-third in two years, with interest, the whole to be secured by the bonds of the purchasers and a mortgage of the premises.

MARY J. TOWNSEND,
Guardian of Thomas Lowmaster, deceased.
jy9-2aw3w

Collins Mining Co. of Michigan.

NOTICE is hereby given that an installment on the capital stock of the Collins Mining Co. of Michigan, to the amount of Five Dollars on each Share of Stock, will be paid at the office of the Treasurer, in Pittsburgh, on the 20th of August next. By order of the Board of Directors.

GEORGE E. ARNOLD,
Secretary.
jy9-3t

Austin Loomis,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Stock, Merchandize and Bill Broker, office No. 92, Fourth st., Pittsburgh.

☞Business promptly attended to. jy9-dly

FOR REAL GOOD TEA, go to Morris' Tea Mart, in the Diamond.
jy9

ENCLINE FRENCH BRANDY—Suitable for medicinal purposes, can always be obtained at MORRIS' Tea Mart, in the Diamond office, 3 doors from Market.
jy9

B. F. CRAGIN,
No. 20, Nassau Street,
Between the Post Office and Custom House, N. Y.

TWENTY THOUSAND Gilt Block Letters, of different sizes, for sale, carved by steam Machinery.

The difficulty of procuring cheap and handsome signs for new stores, has been long felt by merchants, having several advantages over other signs—they can be seen at a great distance, are very durable, and when once put up in the desired situation will last for years without repairing, letters warranted not to change color.
jy9-3m*

FINE DRESS GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES—A. A. Mason & Co. are now closing out their large and fashionable stock of Dress Goods, consisting in part of rich plain and figured Silks, Satins, Velvets, Brocade and Plaid Poplins, Lustres, Mouslin de Laines, Ginghams, Prints, &c., &c., at greatly reduced prices. Their stock of Spring and Summer