PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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PITTSBURGH.

MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 28, 1852.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

GEN'L WINFIELD SCOTT, of New Jersey.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, N. Carolina.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER.

JACOB HOFFMAN, OF BERKS COUNTY.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS

SENATORIAL.

A. E. BROWN, JAMES POLLOCK.

REPRESENTATIVE.

Districts.	Districts.
1. WILLIAM F. HOOPES,	14. JAMES H. CAMPBELL,
2. JAMES THOMAS,	15. JAMES B. PAXTON,
3. JOHN W. STOKES,	16. JAMES K. PATTERSON,
4. JOHN F. HERRIS,	17. Dr. JNO. MCCULLOUGH,
5. SPENCER MCILVAINE,	18. HARRY DRAKE,
6. JAMES W. FULLER,	19. JOHN LINTON,
7. JAMES PEARSON,	20. ANDREW ROBERTSON,
8. JOHN SHAFFNER,	21. THOMAS J. HIGHAM,
9. JACOB HERSHEY,	22. LEWIS L. LORD,
10. CHARLES F. WALLIS,	23. CHRISTIAN STEVERS,
11. DAVID ALTON,	24. DARWIN PHELPS,
12. M. C. MERCER,	25. SAML A. PURVIANCE.
13. WM. MIDDLESWARTH,	

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,

(In the room of the Hon. Richard Coulter, deceased.)

JOSEPH BUFFINGTON, of Armstrong Co.

Antimasonic and Whig County Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS—21ST DISTRICT.

DAVID RITCHIE, Pittsburgh.

FOR CONGRESS—22D DISTRICT

THOMAS M. HOWE, Allegheny.

FOR SENATE.

GEORGE DARSIE, Allegheny.

FOR ASSEMBLY.

GEORGE E. APPLETON, Birmingham.
OMAR PENNEY, McKeesport.
RICHARD COWAN, Pittsburgh.
J. S. LYSTER, Pitt Township.
JOHN M. PORTER, Tarentum.

SHERIFF.

WILLIAM MAGILL, Pittsburgh.

SECRETARY.

EDWARD CAMPBELL, Jr., Pittsburgh.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE OF COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS, &C

JOHN GEHSART, Allegheny.

COMMISSIONER.

WILLIAM ALGEO, Pittsburgh.

CORONER.

JAMES LOWRY, Pittsburgh.

AUDITOR.

FRANCIS I. GARDNER, Elizabeth.

☞THE following gentlemen will compose the Allegheny County Antimasonic and Whig Executive Committee until the meeting of the next Convention:—Wm. Larimer, Jr. John Morrison, A. H. Miller, W. J. Howard, Patrick Lyvear, Joseph Fenwick, Alfred Curling, James McAuley, J. Will. Denny, C. O. Loomis, Robert McKnight, F. G. Kay, Charles B. Scully, James H. Sewell, Leopold Sahl, D. D. Bruce, Casper Gunz, John F. Parke, Thomas Jones, John McKee, Hiram Hulitt, Ephraim Brooke, David Irwin, Thomas Steele and Henry Large. By order of Convention.

JOSIAH KING, President.

NOTE—It will be borne in mind that the County Convention resolved itself into a Committee of Vigilance, for the pending canvass, and that its members are expected to act as Local Committees in their several districts.

[Editorial Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WASHINGTON, June 23, 1852.

Wednesday Evening.

I have been in this city two days, and have seen all the sights, have made many agreeable acquaintances, and have acquired I trust some useful information.

While I am writing, the Whigs of the city are holding their ratification meeting. Cannon have been pealing for some hours, and Pennsylvania Avenue, and other streets, are brilliantly illuminated with bonfires. The speaking is from a stand in front of the City Hall, but I did not go to it, as it is some distance from my lodgings, and it is raining.

I find here a general and hearty acquiescence in the nomination of Gen. Scott, and a pretty general satisfaction with the platform. There are not more than two or three of the members of Congress, on the Whig side of the House, who will not support the nomination heartily. There are very many of them who would have preferred a platform differently constructed, or rather none at all, but they see nothing in it which ought to drive them from the support of Gen. Scott.

It must be evident to the most superficial politician, that if we have a national party at all, and agree to any declaration of principles, there must be some things affirmed which will be distasteful to certain sections. What are we to do in such circumstances? We know of no better way than to support what we approve and repudiate the rest. If we cannot agree to agree, we can agree to disagree. If we cannot agree on the platform, we can agree on the man. If the South has got some part of the platform, the North has got other parts, and the North has got the candidate, which is the main thing after all. We have no faith in platforms. They are a modern invention of doubtful expediency, intended, as a sort of Procrustean bed, to bring all the members of a great political party to one mode of thinking, which is about as difficult as to bring all men to one physical standard. As far as the compromise measures are concerned, the platform is well enough. It merely asserts that they shall be observed in good faith until wisdom shall dictate their modification. This is all we ever contended for. We think wisdom and humanity dictate now, and have always dictated, the modification of the Fugitive Slave law, but the great majority of the people do not think so, and there is no reasonable prospect of any alteration or repeal. It is our duty, then, to acquiesce in the execution of the law, uttering our protest as often as occasion may arise. But part of the 8th resolution which enjoins a cessation from agitation on the subject of slavery is simply a nullity. No Whig Convention can bind men's consciences on moral subjects, and men will speak, and write, and print, despite all the Conventions in the world. We shall not change our course in this respect, but shall still speak for the oppressed, and do our part in hastening the day when the oppressed and the oppressor shall be alike freed from the galling yoke of slavery.

The southern Whigs generally will support the nomination with zeal and enthusiasm. Toombs, Stevens and Cabell will probably go to the Democrats, which they have been seeking an opportunity to do for some time. Gentry will support the nomination, and we shall not be surprised to hear of his taking the stump for Scott in Tennessee. The South promise as, with a great deal of confidence, the States of Maryland, North Carolina, Louisiana, Tennessee, and Kentucky; and some of them say we shall carry Georgia and Florida. It is certain they intend to try.

I have visited both houses of Congress, while in session. I cannot say I was much edified. The halls are so badly constructed, and the noise is so great, that it is very difficult to hear. To-day, in Committee of the Whole, in the House, Mr. Townsend, of Ohio, and Mr. Giddings of the same State, made political speeches. I could not hear a word that Townsend said, but understood that he was severe on the Democratic platform and candidate. Mr. Giddings paid his respects to both parties. The members crowded around him when he began to speak, and several Senators came into the Hall and took their seats near him. Among others I saw present, were Senators Houston, Douglass, Soule, Cooper, and Mr. Conrad, the Secretary of War.

In company with Hon. T. M. Howe, I paid my respects to Gen. Scott, at his residence, to-day. We found the General alone, and he received us with great cordiality and kindness. He is remarkably affable and easy in his manners, and one feels no constraint in his presence. He manifested a perfect knowledge of Allegheny county, and spoke of it in terms of high consideration. He has treasured in his memory the frequent exhibitions of attachment given by the people of that county, and he looks confidently, for a large majority. He will not be disappointed. Gen. Chapman, the Chairman of the Whig Convention, had just been with him, and had presented him with the official notification of his nomination. He spoke of the nomination as being the greatest honor he had ever received from his countrymen, and one which he should ever remember with the liveliest gratitude. We took our leave of him deeply impressed with the unaffected simplicity and purity of his character, and with the knowledge which he possesses of every part of the country. He is in robust health, and looks as if he could yet take the field with all the vigor and ardor of a man twenty years younger.

I was glad to hear that the Whigs of Pittsburgh received the nomination with so much enthusiasm. It was much spoken of here. I hope you will have a glorious ratification meeting.

D. N. W

Monsieur Petin, the French Aeronaut, will make a balloon ascension on horseback, from New York on the Fourth of July.

A serious accident occurred at Harper's Ferry, whilst a salute was being fired in honor of the visit of the board of directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company—invited guests of the town. The cannon burst, killing Mr. James McLaughlin and a negro man instantly, and seriously injuring several others.

THIS EVENING, Monday, June 28, Mr. JOHN C. SCHAAD will deliver a lecture at the Lecture Room of the First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Dr. Swift's, in Allegheny City. SUBJECTS—An outline of the history of the Reformation, and the history of Geneva previous to the arrival of John Calvin at that city. The life of Calvin—his merits as a reformer, legislator, and as a literary man—his conduct towards Servetus, &c. &c. The lecture will conclude with a few brief remarks on the influences of Calvinism on the civil institutions of Europe and America. In order to accommodate everybody the admittance has been reduced to TEN CENTS.

We take the following paragraph from the *Post*. As it appeared in that paper, without comment—we take it for granted that it expresses the sentiments of the editors:

THE TWO-THIRDS RULE.—An exchange paper says:—"In ascertaining public sentiment, and we speak it respectfully but freely, it is not out of place to say that there is no diversity of opinion on the point in this quarter, that the two-thirds rule is tyrannical, anti-republican, subversive of the popular will, calculated to get up sectional candidates, and a variety of them looking for the chances—breeding civil and anarchy in the party. On two instances it has succeeded well: Mr. Polk made a good President—we feel assured Mr. Pierce will make a good one—but the *chance* hereafter might happen to be a most unpropitious one."

Slavery now rules whiggery—the fact can neither be denied nor "repudiated."—*Post, of Saturday.*

After the triumph of the Seward abolitionists in the nomination of Gen. Scott, we presume Mr Webster is sick of the atmosphere of Washington.—*Ib.*

Does the Post wish its readers to believe the first of these assertions, or the second, or *both*, or neither?

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.

GREAT PIC NIC AT ALLIANCE.

ALLIANCE, June 26, 1852.

The schools of Canton, Massillon, Salem, Mt. Union, and some other places, had a grand Pic Nic in a grove at Alliance, on Friday. About 1,500 persons were present, two-thirds of whom came in the cars on the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad. The day was beautiful and the whole affair went off admirably. There was a good deal of music, both vocal and instrumental, and much public speaking, one of the best addresses being delivered by a lady from the Mount Union school. The Bloomer costume was quite prevalent, but it did not appear that the ladies who wore it were any more beautiful than the others. The children enjoyed themselves very much, and the parents seemed to be as much pleased as the children. The extra train from Canton to Alliance carried about 750 passengers. Through the care of the officers of the Railroad company they all reached home in safety, having enjoyed a cheap and pleasant excursion, which without the railroad would have been impracticable. It is to be hoped that the success of this excursion will cause the example to be imitated W

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 24, 1852.

Land Distribution Bill—Opening of the Presidential Debate—The Filibusters and the nomination—Indian Treaty—Lieut. Meade's Case.

In the House to day there was a fierce struggle over Mr. Henry Bennett's land distribution bill. It is very singular that these democrats from North and South, who are redmouthed in the virulence of their zeal to give away unlimited quantities of the public lands to the new States for railroad and other purposes, are most virulent in their hostility to this scheme which presents the only practicable plan that has been suggested, to receive any sort of justice to the old States. The bill has been gaining friends ever since it was first reported from the Committee on public lands, at Mr. Bennetts' instance, with a recommendation that it do not pass. This was done by Mr. B. in order to overcome the opposition of that Committee, and to get the plan before the House. To-day the bill was passed to its engrossment, and read a third time, by the vote of 95 to 93. This very trifling majority so alarmed the author of the bill, that he dared not then risk the bill on its passage, but moved to recommit it to the Committee on public lands. This motion lies over for another day. Great excitement was manifested, and the signs indicate the probable defeat of the bill.

The House then went into Committee, and the great debate on the Presidency immediately began, although I think the deficiency bill was properly before the Committee. Dr. Townsend, free soil democrat from Ohio, opened with a speech denouncing the democratic platform and nomination. He declared that no sincere free soil man could endorse either. The inference drawn from his remarks was, that in Ohio, at least, the discontented democrats would run an independent ticket. The Doctor's style is colloquial and pleasing, but his voice is so low, that he cannot well be heard on the outside of the bar.

Mr. Giddings followed, and of course excited great curiosity. He denounced, ridiculed and repudiated the action of both parties. Both had abandoned all real political issues except that upon slavery. Their several creeds were like parallel lines, which never meet and never conflict, however closely they may run. They were positive upon nothing, and in regard to that, it had seemed to be a struggle which should outdo each other in servility. As to the tariff, the Whigs had adopted the vapid and meaningless phraseology of the Democrats in former days and in places where they found it expedient to temporize. They had deserted the principle of protection. In respect to internal improvements they were even less decided and favorable than the Democrats. Both deprecated agitation upon slavery, and yet both would agitatate, and neither know how to prevent it if it wished to. He appealed to his democratic colleagues in Ohio to know how this agitation would be stopped there, and how they would sustain themselves under the resolution of their Convention, proscribing all agitators on the subject.

It is understood that the Southern Filibusters still hold out. Chris. Williams, of Tenn, Gentry, Marshall, Cabell, still say they will not sanction what the party has done. They will not swallow Scott and their own silly charges and objurgations against him and his friends at the same time. They have screamed abolition, Seward, fanaticism, and a hundred other such parrot-like notes, until their throats can give forth no other sound. It is said that Toombs is prepared with a broadside which he will pour into the Scott camp at the first opportunity.—That will be of material aid and comfort to its Defenders within.

The Senate yesterday ratified the Minnesota Indian treaty, and to day they confirmed the nomination of Richard K. Meade, of Philadelphia, to be a Lieutenant in the Navy. Lieut. Meade conceived that he was ill-treated two years ago, and resigned in a summer. He is now restored on his own earnest application.

JUNIUS.

WASHINGTON, June 24, 1852.

Politics, I find, can neither cure nor soothe the heart ache. I shall, therefore, not to trouble your readers with my sad sobriety, be very brief.

The proceedings of Congress have been less animated to-day than yesterday. The Senate adjourned early, finding no business to its taste prepared for its action from the House, and afraid to approach such as is lying upon its hands and will tax its patience, industry and ability to the utmost, like the Homestead Bill. In the House, Mr. Henry Bennett's land distribution bill was again taken up, and again provoked a sharp skirmish. Something like an organized partisan opposition to it begins to appear. It is found to be in conflict with a provision of the Democratic platform on the subject of managing the public lands, nevertheless. But so far Democracy has drooped in the battle. It was not fear of the result, I am informed, that induced Mr. Bennett to recommit the bill, yesterday, to the Land Committee, but rather a desire to keep the bill before the House in a position for action. By that dexterous manœuvre he this morning got the bill up again, and obtained the previous question on its passage. There is good reason now to hope that it will become a law. If it should, there will be a great hole made in the Democratic platform.

The Pennsylvania contested election case, between Messrs. Fuller (Whig,) and Wright (Democrat), was debated a couple of hours. Mr. Fuller got the floor to state his own case, but was courteously allowed to postpone his remarks until to-morrow. I ardently hope he will floor Wright, as the right of the case is clearly on his side, and Wright is wrong; but the majority will be apt to decide against him.

The end of all Mr. Webster's negotiations about San Juan and Central America is, apparently, to have established the former as a free port, open to the commerce of all nations under American and British protection. Your readers will recollect that I have steadily recommended that this result should be secured; rather than to permit the continuance of the British exclusive operation in insolent defiance of the Clayton and Bulwer treaty. But it is still essential to enforce so much of that treaty as will send packing the spurious Mosquito Government established there.

There is a rumor, which bears the impress of truth, that Mr. Webster has notified the President that it is his purpose to resign about the end of September. It is understood that he will shortly repair to Marshfield, and will not return to the Capital until the appointed period arrives for his leaving office. Mr. Lawrence is expected to retire from St. James about that time, and it will be an agreeable and natural termination of Mr. Webster's service to spend the intervening months of the present administration at that court.

The Democrats pretend to be exceedingly solicitous that Gen. Scott should resign, and allege that Gen. Taylor did so directly after his nomination. This is an egregious mistake. Gen. T. did not resign until the January following his election to the Presidency. Gen. Scott probably intends doing the same thing.

The private news from among the people at the South is very favorable to the Whig nomination, but some of the leading men in Congress, it is said, are still resolved to filibuster. Toombs and Stevens, of course, belong to the black list; but it is rumored that Senator Dawson speaks of joining them. Gentry, Kit Williams, and Cabell are going off, in accordance with promises made before the election.

JUNIUS.

FROM NEW YORK.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 24, 1852.

The nomination of Scott takes with an enthusiasm that promises the most auspicious result in November, and the democracy may as well surrender at once, and save the cost of the campaign, as the General will get at least one hundred electoral votes. The anti Scott Whig press is in a little distress as yet, and cannot understand why the Republic insisted upon being ungrateful, by not nominating a candidate under which we must have been soundly whipped. The Democrats are almost as much depressed at the stupidity of the Whigs in nominating such a weak man, and predict defeat everywhere. To night the Whigs of New York ratify the nomination, and we shall send you such a greeting as will make any Whig heart thrill, and any "democrat" feel that for four years more they may adorn the private circle when they are so honest.

Madame Alboni's concert was well attended last night, and she acquitted herself in a manner that showed her European fame not too strongly proclaimed. Still, she did not at once take that eminent stand in the estimation of the press accorded to other artists—a fact that may be in part attributed to her neglect to conciliate them by courteously making no difference in her attentions to the fraternity.

A great "rum fight" will take place to night in the Board of Aldermen of the city of Portland, upon the question of opening the "city rum hole," which the locofoco Aldermen and Mr. Mayor Albion K. Parris desire to do in order that they may give a locofoco a salary, and control the rum-suckers during the fall elections. Taking advantage of the absence of a whig Alderman, elected as a liberal by locofoco votes, the latter attempted to open the rum hole after shutting up the last week. The virtuous whig, him of the danger, and the grog will be stopped. The city record shows very poor health on the part of a good many temperance families in Portland, and it will no doubt improve after the medicine has been carried out. The way rum was smuggled into Portland, for some time, was much the same as the course adopted by our locofoco Aldermen took, to cover up the brandy drank at the expense of the city. It was called maple! Casks of rum were smuggled from New York packets to a town near Portland, and returned in milk cans along with the pure juice, to the greedy customers who squander their three cents upon rum, instead of bread for their children

A new printing press has been invented by Mr. A. B. Taylor, the great engraver at the Hague street explosion, that promises to supersede the Hoe lightning presses, from the fact it is as cheap as a common press and will run off six thousand copies an hour, a rate of speed equalled to any newspaper, except of mammoth circulation. It is a rotary press—the form or forms revolving on a large and the sheets being fed on a smaller cylinder, or more than one, after the fashion of the great Hoe Press. On this press both sides of a journal may be printed at once—that is, the first side of one sheet and the second of another—as fast as the bound white sheets shall have been fed simultaneously by two different feeders, they will all be printed on both sides. Or a job and a newspaper, or either and a book form or two jobs entirely unlike in size and shape, may be printed at the same time.

The Press now working takes a sheet 26 by 44 inches, and is fed by two men on the same cylinder, printing (the builders estimate,) 2,500 sheets on both sides every hour. This press, with all necessary fixtures they offer to furnish to any extent for $500; while the additional feeding cylinder, &c., required to give a chance for two more feeders and double the product, would only cost $100 additional.

This press is extremely simple in all its parts, does not weigh one-fifth as much as the Hoe press, and is built at one twentieth the cost of the latter. It is also more approachable, requires far less power, (this one being run by hand,) and having far fewer screws, wheels, pinions, &c., would seem much less liable to get out of order.

The last novelty about town is the Barber Shop of Phalen, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, on Broadway near Spring street—one of the new mammoth houses. It is a saloon eighty feet long by thirty-five wide. One side is covered with mirrors at an expense of $6000. The floor is of Italian marble, and the chairs cost $100 each, and a corresponding price has been paid for all the surroundings, which are of rose wood in scarlet brocade. In the centre of an immense table of wash-stands is a marble statue, cost $1,200. A good deal of shaving and show this for sixpence.

It is stated on good authority, that Gen. Scott and Mr. Secretary Graham will neither of them resign their present positions, nor should they. Mr. Webster will leave Washington for some months, but will not go to England as has been suggested.

C.

THE WHIG NOMINATIONS.—The cordial satisfaction with which the nomination of Gen. Scott for the Presidency is hailed by the Whigs through out the country has an appropriate counterpart in the dissatisfaction which that event has caused among our political opponents. No doubt the partizans of Gen Pierce would have found fault with any candidate that the whig Convention might have selected but at present their hostility is mingled with indications of particular alarm.

The great popularity of Gen Scott may well produce consternation in the ranks of his opponents. They are well aware of its overwhelming strength, and they cannot but feel a presentiment that every day from now to the day of election must add to its force and extent. The swelling tide of the popular enthusiasm in behalf of this illustrious warrior is destined to sweep over the country bearing down before it the bulwarks and embankments of merely political and partizan opposition.

Harvey Bollman Esq., of Pittsburgh, a man of considerable eccentricity, declared in 1836 that he would not shave until Scott was President. We have seen him several times since, and his beard was of awful length. It is generally expected that he will visit a barber shop this fall.—*Steubenville Her;*

HARTFORD June 22, 1852.

Last evening, as the whigs were firing a national salute of one hundred guns, in honor of Scott's nomination, a man named Viberts, who was assisting to fire the pieces, bent before the gun just as it was discharging, and was instantly torn to pieces, some parts of his body being blown some ten rods. Viberts leaves a wife and six children.

LENGTHS OF RAILROADS IN OHIO—1852.

	Miles.
Little Miami, Xenia, Columbus and Cleveland.	254
Cincinnati, Dayton, Springfield and Sandusky.	217
Hamilton and Eaton	27
Dayton and Greenfield	37
Findlay Branch	15
Hillsboro' Railway	37
Sandusky Mansfield, Mount Vernon, and Newark	110
Cleveland and Wellsville	90
Pennsylvania and Ohio (in Ohio)	60
Zanesville to Newark	30
Xenia to Springfield	20
Ironton	20
Lake Shore Line	70
At present finished	987

Besides these are more than a thousand miles now in course of construction, which will be added to the above within the next two years.

THE SCOTT BOYS ABOUT.—The Scott boys had a lively time in this borough on Monday evening last. The nomination of General Scott again brought out the "Young Coons," and the stirring music of the drum and fife, the deafening huzzas of the Young Whigs, and the illuminated streets occasioned by bonfires, gave us sufficient evidence of the enthusiasm inspired by the nomination of the glorious Whig leader. If "coming events cast their shadows before," the enthusiasm of this campaign will equal that of '40 and '44. Gen. Scott is bound to sweep every thing before him. Mark this.—*Wash. Com.*

☞If there be any man, be he single or married, farmer, mechanic, merchant or teamster, who has not yet supplied himself with a bottle of H. D. Forsyth's Arabian Liniment, let him go now and do it, for he assured, it will be worth its weight in gold, over and over again, before it shall all have been used. You have our word for that, Reader! See advertisement.

☞WORMS, WORMS—In commending Dr. St'Lane's Worm Vermifuge to the public, the proprietors of this great remedy prefer to use the language of those who have tested its merits. Read and be convinced.

ALBANY, Allegheny Co., Pa., Sept 1, 1847.

Messrs. Rhea & Co.—We received a quantity of M'Lane's Vermifuge, by your agent, which we have sold to our customers, and in every case it has had unparalleled success, and has never failed in any case. We can cheerfully recommend it as the best worm medicine that we have ever known. We might mention any number of cases, where it has had wonderful success, if it was necessary.

KAUFN & HIGHLANDS.

This celebrated vermifuge may be had from most Druggists and Merchants, in town and country, and by the sole proprietors.

J. KIDD & CO.
60 Wood street.

F. S. Cleaver's ("Prize Medical Honey Soap."

☞IN addition to the great advantages enjoyed from the use of "Cleaver's Unrivalled Honey Soap," in softening, cleansing and beautifying the skin, it is a fact, attested to by eminent individuals, among whom are one of the distinguished clergymen, that by its continued use of this delightful article he has entirely been removed from the skin, and a new one has sprung up in its stead, and that all other parts of the body, its happy effects may be related by a few imperials, and daily use of the most agreeable appliances for family use, embracing health, comfort, and the most pleasurable sensations.

The celebrated Soap for sale retail at all Dispensing Drug stores, and wholesale only by the agents for Pittsburgh and its vicinity.

J. KIDD & CO., 60 Wood street.

☞S. M KIER—And now as to your Petroleum. I thought as I had decided within no long it would be well to wait until I had "somewhat to write." When I first opened the oil for sale, the people thought it was perhaps like the famed patent productions of the age, and so felt but little disposed to buy. But I persevered, soon on trial, and persuaded some to buy, until I got them to test its medical powers. It soon began to cure the deaf and lame. I had men who had been deaf for eight years, was persuaded to try its virtues; and when he had used but three bottles, he could see across the room, and clearly distinguish the color of clothes, &c., while his health was otherwise much improved. His blindness appears to have been the result of a very luxuriant crop of Scrofula. Much more might be said of the healing powers of Petroleum. But let it suffice to say that it has obtained an extended popularity in the country. I have sold all that you gave me, and might have sold a hundred bottles more. S. M. KIER.

SHARPSBURG PARK, Watertown, March 10, 1852.

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DAGUERREOTYPES.
Post Office Building, Third Street.
CITIZENS and strangers who wish to obtain correct, artistic and life like likenesses of a superior order, will find it to their interest to call at Nelson's establishment, where entire satisfaction will be given in every case. Miniatures, Lockets, Pins, Rings, &c., put in the most approved style and at reasonable rates. Rooms open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 5 P. M. Also, Nelson's Premium Daguerreotype Apparatus, Cases, Plates, Chemicals, &c., for sale as above.

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SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
FARE, $9,00.
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Between Pittsburgh, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.
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TIME THROUGH, THIRTY EIGHT HOURS
FARE TO PHILADELPHIA & BALT. $9,00.
PATENT, MOST PLEASANT AND COMFORTABLE ROUTE.

ON the opening of Canal Navigation a daily Line of Express Packet Boats will run, connecting at Blairsville with the Pennsylvania Railroad. A Packet Boat will leave Pittsburgh every evening at 6 o'clock, precisely.

Passengers take the Railroad at Blairsville next day at 9 o'clock, and reach the Portage Road in daylight, arriving at Philadelphia or Baltimore, early next morning. Passengers on arrival at Harrisburgh, take the Express Train on the Pennsylvania Rail Road to that city, arriving in time to connect to Washington City same morning.

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J. HERRIMMEN, Mon. House.
ec 15 D. LEECH & CO., Canal Basin.

1852. 1852.
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Cleveland and Pittsburgh Rail Road.
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THE new and fast running steamer FOREST CITY, leaves the Monongahela "Packet of Pittsburgh, every morning at 8 o'clock, (Sundays excepted) for Cleveland, at Wellsville with the Express Train at 12 o'clock, M., the latter arriving at Cleveland at 5 o'clock, and connecting with fine steamboat and rail road lines for Toledo, Sandusky, Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukie, Buffalo and Dunkirk.

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JOHN A. GEORGE, Agent
Office, corner of Cleveland and Pittsburgh Rail Road Co. opposite Monongahela House.
Also—by the Ohio & Penna. R. R. to Alliance, and Cleveland and Pittsburgh R. R. from Alliance to Cleveland in 5½ hours, the fare from Pittsburgh to Cleveland is $4,00. Passengers by both routes arrive at Cleveland at the same time, and on the same train at 5 P. M.

Citizen's Insurance Company of Pittsburgh
G. G. HUSSEY, PRESIDENT.
SAMUEL L. MARSHALL, SEC'Y.
OFFICE, 94 WATER, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.

☞INSURES HULL AND CARGO RISKS ON THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, AND TRIBUTARIES.

☞Insures against loss or damage by FIRE. Also, against the perils of the SEA and INLAND NAVIGATION and TRANSPORTATION.

DIRECTORS:

G. G. Hussey,	Wm. Larimer, Jr.,
Wm. Bagaley,	A. M. Kier,
Hugh D. Kier,	Wm. Bingham,
Robert Dunlap, Jr.,	D. Lebaron,
H. Hartshorn,	Francis Fellers,
Edward Heazelton,	J. Schoonmaker,
Walter Bryant,	Samuel Rea,
	Isaac M. Pennock.

THE Ladies of Lawrenceville Presbyterian Church respectfully tender their thanks to Major Bell, of the Allegheny Arsenal, for the use of the United States Park upon the 15th and 16th. Also, through him, to the officers and men, whose services so materially promoted their comfort.

They are likewise grateful to all their friends, whose united efforts secured the success of their enterprise. They are happy to state that they have received from their festival, on the 15th, $283 50, and feel certain of realizing $500 when little bills are paid in, and a few remaining articles sold.

Their most sanguine expectations are fully realized, and they look with pleasure to the time when the fane of worship of God, in which they worship, shall be adorned in a beautiful manner.

In behalf of the Ladies

H. LEA, Pastor.

Notice.
THE Members of the Eagle Fire Company are hereby notified to attend a stated adjourned meeting of the Company at their Engine House, on Wednesday evening, 30th inst., at half past 7 o'clock, punctually.

CHRISTIAN H. LEAVY, Secretary.

COTTON—98 bls. to arrive, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

The Old Established Looking Glass Ware-House and Store Windows.
No 23 Courtlandt Street, New York.

RICHARDS KINGSLAND, Wholesale and Importer of Looking Glass Plates for Merchants, and buyers generally are respectfully invited to call and examine his large stock, embracing all the size and various styles now in use in this country, from a six Dent Glass, to the supremely ornamented Mirror of Five Hundred Dollars, and upwards.

Notice.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Turnpike Company, for the construction of a branch Plank Road, of about half a mile in length, until the meeting of Friday, the 9th of July, at 10 o'clock, A.M., at the office of Hemphill, Jones & Fowler, No. 4, Wylie street, Pittsburgh.

The Proposals will state the prices for the several kinds of work, in the usual manner; and also for the construction of the whole.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's Office after the 4th July, proximo. [je26:d14&w2w7

(Post copy and charge Gazette.)

For Sale.
A DESIRABLE location for a Saddler, in the thriving town of Hanover, Columbiana County, Ohio. The buildings on the premises were erected for the purpose of carrying on the Saddle and Harness manufacture, and an excellent business has been done in that line. For further information, apply to Joseph Keith on the premises, or to R. T. LEECH, Jr.,
No. 63 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

N. B.—If not sold before the first day of September, 1852, the property will on that day be disposed of at public sale. je26:d12w

Last Notice.
ALL PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Chas. Wilmoth & Co., are hereby notified that their accounts will be placed in the hands of a magistrate for collection, if not paid or satisfactorily adjusted, on or bef re the first day of July, 1852.

R. T. LEECH, Jr., As ignee.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, SS.:
Common Pleas, Commonwealth of Penna. Ex. Rel.
John Morrow, } No. March Term 1847.
vs. } Account of Thomas Sackett, Committee, &c., filed.
Thomas Sackett. }

AND now, to wit, June 26th, 1852. The account, exhibited in open Court and filed, and the Court confirm the same nisi, and order that this confirmation become absolute, and the said Thomas Sackett Committee as aforesaid, do pay over the balance found due on the thirty first day of July, A. D. 1852, unless objections be filed in the meantime. Notice of this order to be given by publication in the Weekly Pittsburgh Gazette, by three insertions in the same. From the Record.

Attest: SAMUEL HAYS, Prothonotary.

Penn Cotton Mills, Pittsburgh.
KENNEDY, CHILDS & CO. Manufacturers of
Yarn A, No. 1 4-ply 4-4 Shirting;
Yarn A, No. 1 2-ply 4-4 Shirting;
Carpet Chain of all colors and shades;
Cotton Twine:
" Bed Cords;
" Plough Lines and Sash Cord;
" Rope of all sizes and description;
Batting;
Flannels.

☞Orders left at the Hardware store of Rowan, Wilson & Co., 121 Wood street, will have attention. [je26:d3m

EGGS—14 bbls. just rec'd and for sale by
BELL & LIGGETT, Water st.

FLOUR—100 bbls. Hanover Mills, Extra, (fresh ground) for sale by
BELL & LIGGETT.

COTTON—11 bls. on hand, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
Water and Front sts.

FEATHERS—6,000 lbs. prime, live geese, Feathers in store, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

CHEESE—100 bxs. in good order, in store and for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

MILL GREASE—On hand, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

SUGAR—75 hhds. in store, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

MOLASSES—125 bbls., (oak cooperage), for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

TANNERS' SCRAPS—1 crate just rec'd for sale by
R. DALZELL & CO.

CHEESE—W. R. arriving daily, of all qualities, for sale by
R. DALZELL & CO.

BACON Sides & Shoulders for sale by
R. DALZELL & CO.

FAMILY FLOUR—A regular supply from the Charter Oak Mills—fresh ground—from selected White Wheat, for family use, for sale by
BELL & LIGGETT, Water st.

FLAX SEED—4 tcs. rec'd for sale by
BELL & LIGGETT.

SILK POPLINS—A. A. Mason & Co. have just rec'd 2 cases fine Silk Poplins.

BONNET LININGS—Just rec'd at A. A. Mason & Co's, 25 pcs. Fashionable and Lace Bonnet Linings, (assorted colors.)

LINEN SHEETING—10 pcs. extra quality 11 4 and 12 4, just rec'd at
A. A. MASON & CO.

LINEN LUSTRES—20 pcs. fine, fast colors, just received at
A. A. MASON & CO.

Notice.
THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Atlantic and Ohio Telegraph Company will be held at the office of the Company, on Thursday, July 15th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at which time the Directors of said Company for the purpose of electing nine Directors for the ensuing year, and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

R. B. CUMMINGS, Secretary.

William's National Shaving Cream.
THIS Cream will yield a very abundant, fragrant and permanent lather, which is a beautiful emollient, allaying all irritation of the skin, leaving it soft, smooth and healthy.

☞Every purchaser who is not satisfied with the article can return it, and the money will be refunded.

R. E. SELLERS,
67 Wood street.

JUST received at WM. DIGBY'S, new pattern Gentlemen's Vests cheap. Also, on hand the cheapest and most fashionable Stock of Braces and Suspenders in the city.

BANDS FOR PAPER HOLDERS—3 dozen just received
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
No. 116 Market street.

GUM ELASTIC WEBBING—Just received at the India Rubber Depot, 59 yards of black and white, the finest ever brought to Pittsburgh. The attention of Shoemakers is invited to the above article, which we will sell low.
J. & H. PHILLIPS.

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD have just received long black Bird's Eye Muslin de Laine for 12½ per yard; do do do do do do 8 do do
Plain Blue and Buff Muslin de Laine for 12½ per yard;
Swiss Edging and Insertings;
Jaconet do do
Black English Crapes;
Embroidered Muslin for dresses.
No. 56 Northwest corner 4th and Market sts.

CRAPE SHAWLS—A. A. Mason & Co. are selling out their large assortment of plain and Embroidered White and Colored Crape Shawls, at greatly reduced prices.

LAWNS, LAWNS—
1 case fast colored brown Lawns at 12½ cents;
do do do do 10 do
1 do small figured do do 8 do
Just rec'd and for sale by
A. A. MASON & CO.

WOOL—3 sks. rec'd this day per steamer Allegheny Belle. For sale by
R. DALZELL & CO.

SALERATUS—In bxs. and bbls. constantly on hand for sale by
R. DALZELL & CO.

MOLASSES—50 bbls. just received and for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

SUGAR—10 hhds. N. O., just received and for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

MOLASSES—51 bbls. Sugar House,