PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 28, 1852.

Antimasonic and Whig County Convention.

☞ The Whigs and Anti-Masons of Allegheny county, will meet on Saturday, the 29th of May next, at the usual places of holding primary meetings in the several election districts, . . .

In the townships respectively at 3 o'clock, P. M., to adopt rules and elect Pitt township at 3 o'clock, P. M., to adjourn at 7 o'clock, and in the several wards at 12 o'clock, M., to adjourn at 7 o'clock, the election in the wards to be by ballot. Each of the election districts to select two delegates to a county convention, to be held at the Court House, on Monday, the 2nd of June following, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a ticket to be supported by the party, at the ensuing October election.

JOSIAH KING,
ap15 Chairman of Committee of Correspondence.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER.

JACOB HOFFMAN, OF BERKS COUNTY.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

SENATORIAL.

A. W. BROWN, JAMES POLLOCK.

REPRESENTATIVE.

Districts.	Districts.
1. WILLIAM F. HOOKER.	14. JAMES H. CAMPBELL.
2. JAMES MAGUIRE.	15. JAMES D. PAXTON.
3. JOHN W. RYDER.	16. JAMES K. DAVIDSON.
4. JOHN M'CLURE.	17. JOHN M. SHALLENBERGER.
5. ROBERT MOLTZABER.	18. RALPH DEARE.
6. JAMES WOLLEN.	19. JOHN LEPPOY.
7. JOHN M'CLURE.	20. ROBERT L. ORMSTROM.
8. JOHN SHAFFNER.	21. THOMAS J. ROGERS.
9. JAMES MARSHALL.	22. LEWIS L. LEWIS.
10. CHARLES J. WALLIS.	23. CHRISTIAN MYERS.
11. DAVID DARSIE.	24. DAVID PHILIPS.
12. M. C. MERCER.	25. SAM'L A. PURVIANCE.
13. NEH. HIGINBOTHAM.	

☞ READING MATTER WILL BE FOUND ON EACH PAGE OF THIS PAPER.

THE PAPACY AND LOUIS NAPOLEON.—Whatever may be said of the influence of Catholicity upon the civil institutions of the United States, there can be no question that the present civil institutions of France are congenial to Catholicity. The following extract from the Paris correspondence of the Republic settles that point.

The Archbishop of Bordeaux having lately been created a Cardinal by the Pope of Rome, and the Legate of Pio Nono having arrived with the barrette to be formally presented to him, the ceremony was performed yesterday at the chapel of the Tuileries. The President, a large number of Senators and Deputies, a portion of the Metropolitan clergy and of the corps diplomatique, and a few ladies in grand toilet, were present. During the mass the Archbishop approached the President, who placed upon his head the cap of office, thus making him the first Cardinal since the time of Monseigneur Donnet now retired to change his Archbishop's costume for the flowing red robes befitting his new estate. He returned in his new rig and made a speech to the President, in which he declared it to be the single, unanimous, and universal belief of the Church, the Church that the coup d'etat had rescued France from impending ruin. The President replied in the following terms:

"I did not expect Monsieur le Cardinal, so eloquent, so greatly developed a discourse; so you will pardon me if I reply very briefly.

"Your embassy cannot doubt that I attach a high prize to this peculiar prerogative of my position, which permits me a layman to place upon the head one of the princes of our religion, the insignals of the elevated rank he is to occupy.

"This ceremony is not a vain formality; it is the emblem of the union which ought always to exist between the spiritual and the temporal power, whose perfect concord and harmony aid so powerfully the happiness and peace of the world.

"I am happy to be able to crown, by so splendid a position, a career so honorably filled; and I am highly grateful for the benevolent manner in which your eminence has judged my efforts for the prosperity of France, *and for the triumph of religion.*"

The President had already addressed the Pope's envoy in the following terms:

"MONSEIGNEUR.—I congratulate myself upon the choice his Holiness has made of so distinguished a prelate to represent him in this imposing ceremony, and that he commissioned you to express to me sentiments which I am proud of having inspired. . . .

"I hope by all my acts to merit the confidence of the respected head of the Church, and justify the opinions of which you are the willing interpreter. . . .

"Thus we see that this wretched man, who stands before the world branded with the triple crimes of perjury, murder and treason, has received from the highest authority in the Church a full and complete approval of his course, an unqualified endorsement of his probity and virtue.

It were difficult to imagine any two systems of polity more diverse than those of the United States and those of Louis Napoleon; and yet, while the Pope and his Cardinals are engaged in the one, Bishops Hughes and O'Connor are endeavoring to convince us that the other is in perfect accordance with Catholicity. But as the Pope is infallible, we are bound to follow him, and conclude that Catholicity is not compatible with republican principles, seeing that he praises and blesses Louis Napoleon for having destroyed those of France. The violation of his oath, the murder of many of his people in the streets of Paris, the thievish confiscation of private property, and, the expatriation of hundreds of French citizens without trial, are all "venial sins," which are more than atoned for by the great benefit that he has conferred upon the Church by the abrogation of every vestige of the Republic, the suppression of the liberty of the people and of the press, and the introduction of the reign of unmitigated despotism. Whatever may be said of "the infidels of Catholicity upon the civil institutions of the United States," about which we have heard so much of late, there can be no mistake now as to "the infidels of Catholicity" upon the institutions of France. But the Pope can at least claim the merit of consistency, in the part he has taken in this matter, a merit which we fear our American Bishops have forfeited, and it will require more ingenuity than Bishop O'Connor has yet displayed to get over this ugly fact.

The retirement of the Rev. N. West from the Fifth Presbyterian Church was noticed in our paper last week. From the published proceedings of a meeting of the congregation, on the occasion of his retirement, we extract the following paragraph:

"The memorial of his faithfulness is continually before our eyes, as often as we enter our beautiful sanctuary, furnished so handsomely by his perseverance and industry, without drawing on the treasury of the church for a single dollar. We observe with pleasure that in our property no mortgage equivalent for his self denying services. The proposition of the Trustees, so far as it goes, we most cordially approve, only regretting the inability which hinders a more substantial manifestation of our kind friendship and respect. With these sentiments we commend him and his ministry to the watchful care of that kind Providence which ever throws its mantle over an honest heart; to the sympathizing care of that great High Priest who never frowns ingenuousness from his throne, nor withdraws his spirit from the man who fears and loves God."

"Passed unanimously.

S. T. COVELL, Sec."

Mr. West does not leave, as was erroneously stated, on account of the pecuniary embarrassment of the church, but that it might not be misunderstood. Our best wishes accompany him to his new charge at McKeesport, and we hope that the connection between him and that people may prove mutually pleasant and profitable.

LARGE DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY.

We regret to learn that on last Monday week the dam of the small Reservoir of the Sandy and Beaver Canal, five miles N. W. of New Lisbon, suddenly gave way and the immense body of water covering some 400 acres of land, rushed in irresistible fierceness, carrying away nearly every moveable thing which stood in its way. Mill-dams, bridges, canoes, and in many instances cattle and sheep swimming, were carried away by the rushing flood. The loss of property is said to be very great, falling heavily upon those individuals who are the least able to bear it. The Canal it is said, is destroyed for several miles, preventing further navigation upon the Western end, for the present, at least.

The citizens in the vicinity of the region where the destruction of property occurred, were to hold a meeting the latter part of last week to consult over their grievances, and take some measures to have the large Reservoir drained to prevent a still greater destruction of property in the event that the dam of it should give way suddenly at some future period, like the other.—*Salem Journal.*

We fear this closes the history of Ohio's fortunate work forever. It has been a lasting concern to its projectors and stockholders from its commencement, and it is not likely that it is ever will advance any further meant to repair it, while there is no prospect of any returns.

GERRARD SOLOMON VAN RENSSELAER, died at Albany, on Saturday last, in the 79th year of his age, leaving a long and brilliant career.

LETTER ON CATHOLICISM.

On to-morrow, Thursday, morning, we shall publish a letter from the Rev. Dr. JACOBUS of the Western Theological Seminary, to the Rev. Bishop O'Connor in reply to certain portions of the Bishop's last Lecture in Masonic Hall. Extra can be had at the counter.

Notwithstanding the recent wise decision of the Whig Congressional caucus, not to make the Fugitive Slave Law an issue in the approaching contest, we are sorry to that the question is to be pressed upon the National Convention with a determination and pertinacity which will require all the firmness of the North to resist and resisted it must be if we hope to carry the Northern states. The *Baltimore Daily News*, a Whig paper, discourses as follows on the subject of the withdrawal of some of the southern Whig members from the caucus, and the endorsement of the Compromise by the National Convention.

The withdrawal was only a question of *time*—a refusal by the National Convention to approve the Compromise would render it justifiably and inevitable. No Southern State should vote for any candidate whose declaration of principles omitted the one on which depends the question of peace or war, union or disunion, life and death throughout the Southern States. Silence on such a topic could be no accident. It would be designed. It would reveal a hidden purpose. It would not be merely refraining from wounding the prejudices of certain sensitive disciples of the higher law, but it would involve the virtual abandonment of the greater concession of Northern patriotism to Southern fears and wrongs, without which, he is a fool who does not know that long ere this, the sword would have been stained with fraternal blood. On that topic and on that occasion, silence would be treason. No Southern State—scarcely any Northern man would dare to support a candidate discredited by such a silence. It must drive, every Southern State from any party adopting such a course, and effectually and finally make a line the criterion of parties. The triumph of either would be that of a compact, segregated section; and it would be only the first step to the indurating of those volunteer parties into stable, powerful and hostile territorial governments.

The effect of such a course cannot be doubtful. A new Union party would instantly be organized—Webster or Fillmore placed at its head —the whole South rallied to his support—the election thrown into the House of Representatives. There the South has within one of *half* the States, and more than one Northern State would be found to stand between the living and the dead and stay the plague. Scenes of confusion, of disorder, of fierce conflict, of violence, of secession even, might follow. We cannot venture to read that future. The South would not be beaten in the House; and if she was, she would appeal to higher power and another fields and arbiter than votes. Let us therefore, be quiet, sedate, not hasty, not unreasonable, not pressing declarations out of reasonable shape in their value and discrediting our cause; but let us wait till the proper time, meet, consult, decide, and if such assurances are not given as place us beyond fear or doubt, let us do, as we have done before, fling party ties to the winds, appeal to the patriotism of the people for our defence, and trust to the unfailing genius of our Statesmen for the means of victory.

The *New Orleans Bee*, which professes friendship for Gen. Scott, also demands the endorsement of the Compromise measures:

If the National Convention nominated any man whose opinions on the compromise are not *known* to be satisfactory to the South, it must accompany the nomination by a specific and distinct affirmation of acquiescence in the compromise. Otherwise its action will command neither respect nor support at the South. Apply this to General Scott, and let us see how it will work. If Gen. Scott be the nominee, we contend that he must either be bound by his own pledge, or by a compromise platform adopted by the convention, either plan would probably content Southern Whigs. It is not enough to believe Gen. Scott sound—we must know him to be so, ere the South can give him a cordial support.

We shall not implore our Southern Whig brethren, by making threats of flinging party to the winds," and of doing sundry other foolish acts, because our wishes are not carried out, but we can tell them in all sincerity and candor that if the Whig National Convention violates imperative and foolish as not to endorse the Fugitive Slave Law, and thus make it a Whig measure, a test, in the coming struggle, that the Whig candidate will not be elected—unless indeed the Whigs of the Northern States, as would most likely be the case, should repudiate the acts of the National Convention thus laying down a platform which is contrary to the will and opinions of nine-tenths of the Whigs of the Northern States.

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRACY.—The Locofoco convention which nominated Gov. Bigler last summer endorsed in all their length and breadth the compromise measures. Their servility to the slave power knew no bonds. Now, however, when the democracy of New England, New York and Ohio are to be conciliated, the compromise is kept carefully out of view. Even the South is warned. Thus we see that Mr. Buchanan and his followers, after having degraded themselves to gain Southern favor, have missed their mark. They are despised alike by the opponents and the supports of slavery and the fugitive law, and will be whistled down the wind without compunction or regret. The "party" in Pennsylvania and the "favorite son" are lightly esteemed by those to whom they have so basely cringed. So, may it ever be, until they learn to stand up manfully for the true interests of their State, and for the great principles which the people of Pennsylvania ever cherished, until they fell under the rule of locofocoism. Buchanan richly deserves the contempt with which he is treated by his party. He has no chance whatever of a nomination; and from this time forward we shall not be troubled with his aspirations. May we not hope that now the State will be redeemed from that shameful and injurious thraldom which for years has been alike destructive of her dignity and her prosperity? Scott will emancipate her.

WHIG CONGRESSIONAL CAUCUS.—The following is given by a Washington correspondent of the New York Herald, as the vote in the Whig Congressional Caucus, by which the ruling of the Chair, deciding that the resolution introduced by Mr. Marshall, of Kentucky, embodying an endorsement of the Compromise Measures, was a finality, was out of order, was sustained:—

Ayes.—Senators—Clarke, Davis, Fish, Miller, Smith, Spruance, Underwood, Wade. . . .

Members—Allen, Barrere, Bayne, Benton, Briggs, L. D. Campbell, Chandler, Chapman, Colcock, Fowler, Goodenow, Goodrich, Grey, Hascall, Hebert, Hosford, J. W. Howe, T. M. Howe, Hunter, G G King, Kuhns, Meacham, H D Moore, Morehead, S W Parker, Peaslman, Putnam, Sackett, Schoolcraft, Scudder, Stanly, Stewart, B Thomas, Taylor, Walbridge, Ward, Washburn, Wells, and Yates—40.

Nays.—Senators—Brook, Cooper, and Morton.

Members—Wm Appleton, Brooks, Cabell, Cottingman, Dockery, P Ewing, Gentry, Hawn, Haven, Landry, Marshall, Martin, J Moore, Outlaw, Schermerhorn, Strother, White of Ky, Williams—18.

The resolution subsequently introduced by Gentry, of Tennessee, also ruled out of order, was as follows:

Resolved, That the Whig members of Congress, in thus recommending a time and place for the National Whig Convention to assemble, are not to be understood as pledging themselves to support the nominees of said Convention, except upon the condition that the persons then and there nominated as candidates for President and Vice President shall be publicly and unequivocally pledged to regard the series of measures known as the Compromise measures, as a final settlement of the dangerous questions which they embraced; and to maintain that settlement inviolate.

The great yield of Mr. Dorris' gold mine in South Carolina is attracting considerable attention in that State. The Edgefield Advertiser gives the result of the operations for the month of March, taken from the books of Mr. D., as follows:

Total product 28,167 penny weights, making an average for each working day of about 1000 penny weights. This daily yield is worth nearly one thousand dollars, which is proved by the fact that 4625 penny weights, already carried to the mint by a responsible agent, has been paid for something over $4300. Pretty fair, we think, for eight hands in South Carolina diggings.

MARSHFIELD.—We learn that this locality is in a very prosperous condition and rapidly increasing in population and wealth. The last Legislature had adjourned, after many motions made, &c. A liquor bill was passed, which requires something like a popular submitting it to the people for ratification. The election of a delegate to Congress was postponed. A mass meeting of citizens had been held for the purpose of nominating a delegate to Congress the necessary steps of immediately ratifying the Indian treaties recently negotiated.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, April 23, 1852.

Illness of Capt. Charles G. Hunter, The Aspen Expedition, Mr. Brookes and Mr. Mangum.

The Senate passed a bill to-day almost unanimously for the restoration of Capt. Charles G. Hunter to his rank in the Navy from which he was dismissed last summer for a deficiency in his accounts. Capt. H. acquired a reputation for gallantry and enterprise by the capture of Alvarado in Mexico. Every one is in favor of his restoration, if it can be effected in conformity with law, and without opening a door for the introduction into the service of such adventurers as the so-called Com. Moore, of Texan notoriety. The question in Capt. Hunter's case, is whether it is competent for Congress to legislate any person into a military or naval office, all appointments being vested by the Constitution in the hands of the President.

The published instructions relative to the Japan Expedition, sustain in all points my views of the probable objects of that enterprise. I look upon this undertaking as likely to lead to important results. What the voyage of the Argonauts was to the Greeks, inviting their attention to the colonization of Asia, what the voyages of Raleigh in search of his Dorado were to the spirit of English adventure two centuries and a half ago, may this imposing mission, clothed with the authority and power of a great nation, prove to our republic. It may sow the seeds of a new nationality in those little known islands, which will in its full growth, and development Americanize the whole of western Asia. That the establishment of new Eastern commercial relations with those countries will produce a vast effect upon the condition of the world is unquestionable.

There is no longer any doubt that the construction of a ship canal between the Atlantic and Pacific, is entirely feasible. Probably twice the capital expended on the Erie Rail Road, would suffice for its completion. That done the whole trade of the opposite hemisphere would change its channels.

It would flow to the ports of the Pacific and Atlantic States of this collossal confederacy, as it now does to Liverpool, London, Amsterdam, and Cadiz. The opening of that communication will operate greater changes than the discovery by De Gama of the route to the Indies around the Cape of Good Hope, when in a night the desolation spread her mantle over the proud palaces of Venice. The trade of the world will then be ours, with the wealth, dominion and power which commercial monopoly has always conferred. These are the reasons which have made the proposed expedition to Japan a subject of such interest and curiosity in Europe. If it be wisely and successfully prosecuted it will be highly honorable to the administration which has projected it.

Mr. Brookes replied in the House this morning, to the very bitter personal assault of Mr. Maugum. He was more dignified than the Hon. Senator, but I cannot say much for the spirit with which he repelled the insults of that invective. He complained most feelingly that Southern men had failed to *protect* him from the consequences of that odium which his course had brought upon him at home. I cannot conceal my distaste for all such appeals. If, as Mr. Brookes says, he has incurred the hatred and contempt of the community in which he resides, by sustaining, the pretensions of slaveholders, and above all, of slave dealers and, slave catchers, let him, for God's sake, seek relief from other sources than their patronage and condescension. If I thought myself condemned and despised by my fellow citizens for pursuing what I regarded as a just course; I would rest my justification upon the rectitude of my acts and motives; I would not ask for the intervention of strangers.

Does not this look as if the Northern Compromisers included in the "sacrifices" they claim to have made in sustaining the *institution*, that greatest of all, the sacrifice of their self-respect, and their personal independence? Is it not to the last degree humiliating to see a member of Congress from a free State supplicating Southern men to protect him from the indignation of his own constituents? Of all the debasements of doughfacesism, I recollect nothing more craven than this.

At the conclusion of his personal explanation Mr. Brookes withdrew the charge he had before made against Southern Whigs that they had faltered and wavered in the support of the compromise.

Mr. Stanley also corrected a statement of Mr. B.'s that a majority of Southern Whigs had seceded from the caucus the other night when it refused to endorse the compromise. He said a majority remained. This destroys the basis of all the speculations upon the disruption of the Whig party, consequent upon the result of that meeting. JUNIUS.

FROM HARRISBURG.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Daily Gazette.]

HARRISBURGH, April 19, 1852.

The House, to-day, was engaged upon the Appropriation bill, and passed the same through. Among the appropriations were—one ten thousand dollars to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, at Pittsburgh; also, an additional appropriation to the Western Penitentiary, of $25,000, to complete the unfinished cells and pay gratuities.

HARRISBURGH, April 20.

SENATE.—Mr. Carothers read, in place a bill to incorporate the Pittsburgh Medical College.

Senate bill No. 546, relative to executors and administrators, was taken up, debated, and defeated—yeas 9, nays 14. This bill was to give a construction to the act of 24th of February, 1834, in relation to sale of a decedent's estate and its effect would revise the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of *Worden vs. Richards*, tried in Allegheny co.

HOUSE.—The bill for the erection of a new county out of part of Westmoreland county, to be called Ligonier, was reported negatively by the committee.

The Governor sent in his veto message on ten Bank bills, including the Commercial Bank of Pittsburgh, which was read, and the House proceeded to vote upon the bills, as required by the constitution. On the first bank, the Bank of Manch Chunk—the vote on passing the same, over the veto, was—yeas 25, nays 50. The Bank Democrats, who had voted for these bills, wheeled into line, and nearly all voted to sustain the veto. Many of the Whigs did not vote at all. The vote on the other banks was about the same.

A motion was made to make the Free Banking law the special order for the 24th; lost—yeas 36, nays 47.

Senate on Bonds that 6000 copies in English, and 1000 in German, of the Governor's Bank Veto Message, be printed.

This gave rise to a very animated debate, and "King Veto" was handled without gloves by Mr. Broomall and Mr. Kelso. The Governor was defended by Mr. Bonham and Mr. Scholl. The motion to print was agreed to.

HARRISBURGH, April 21.

SENATE.—The bill providing for the erection of a House for the employment and support of the Poor of Allegheny county, was taken up and passed finally. This bill will have to be voted upon by the people of Allegheny county, at the next election, they should in the meantime inform themselves of the practical operation of Alms Houses. I believe every county in the east, and nearly all in the west, are ahead of Allegheny, at the present time, in this particular, being provided already with Alms Houses in which the poor can be supported comfortably and at a small cost.

HOUSE.—The House took up the Senate Appropriation bill, and amended the same so as to give the Whigs 11, and the Locofocos 16 members, and the bill passed.

HARRISBURGH, April 22.

The Senate was engaged nearly all day in discussing the bill relative to the Pennsylvania Bank suit, and the supplement to the act regulating Banks, but neither were disposed of.

In the House nothing was done interesting to your readers, except the passage of a resolution for the final adjournment of the Legislature on the 29th inst.—yeas 63, nays 23.

HARRISBURGH, April 23,

HOUSE.—Bills passed: An act to authorize the School Directors of the borough of Elizabeth to sell certain property.

An act relative to elections in McCandless tp., Allegheny county.

An act authorizing the Butler and Allegheny Plank Road Co. to borrow money; incorporating the Wilkinsburgh Academy; and authorizing the borough of Duquesne to borrow money and improve the wharf in said borough—all finally passed.

Mr. Appleton had a section inserted in an omnibus extending the jurisdiction of the District Court of Allegheny county, to cases of mas-

TEN tcs. Sugar cured Dry Beef, just rec'd and for sale by ROBISON, LITTLE & CO.

150,000 LBS. Bacon Hams, Sides and Shoulders, for sale at No. 22 Liberty street. ROBISON, LITTLE & CO.

BUTTER—25 bxs. fresh Roll; 5 bbls " " do, for sale by J. F. CANFIELD. ap23

STUARTS New York Refined Candy for sale by ap23 W. A. M'CLURG & CO.

SIMES' PHILA FRUIT DROPS—A rich and delicious confection possessing the flavor of the following different fruits: pine apple, strawberry, rasberry, banana, vanilla, orange, lemon, apple, quince, Jargonelle, pear, &c., &c.

These drops are rendered slightly acidulous with pure Lemon Juice and are a tonic, refreshing and healthful like the ripe fruit which they represent. They may be gratefully employed in colds, sore throat, fever, or any inflammatory complaint, or to cover the taste of disagreeable medicines. Simes' Fruit drops are entire distinguished from all others by the purity and genuineness of the fruit essence, by the freedom from poisonous color or mineral acid used by their superior flavor. For sale wholesale and retail by W. A. M'CLURG & CO. ap23

Partners Wanted.

AN opportunity now offers to a person or a company of persons to engage in a manufacturing establishment, making iron and Manufacturing Steel—This business is well established and paying, and could be extended to any desired limit. The location is good for manufacturing above articles, and the advantages and these branches could be very easily added to the establishment. For particulars, enquire at this office, or to HENRY EYERLIUS, Esq.

NEW BOOKS.—"Queechy," by the author of the "Wide, Wide World."

"Sermons" and other Tales, by G. P. R. James.

Anna Neil, by James.

Little Living Jewels. (No. 418.) for May 1st.

Just received, and for sale by RHEL & CALLOW.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE FOR MAY—For sale by J. L. READ. ap23 75 Fourth street

GILDENFENNY & Co., 76, Fourth st., have received Harper's Magazine for May. Also, speedily, a new work by the author of the wide wide world.

No. 6 of Appleton's Library. Contents, Galeties and Gravities; by Horace Smith.

Wau-Nangee, or the Massacre of Chicago; by Major Richardson.

Romance and other tales—Arrah Neil.

Both the last named books are by G. P. R. James.

ap23 W. A. GILDENFENNY & Co.

WAU-NAN-GEE—The above is the title of a thrilling Indian Tale of the Indian war of 1811, by Major Richardson, just rec'd and for sale by RHEL & CALLOW, Third street. ap23

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of WHITMAN & ROBISON has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on hereafter by Robert Wightman, ROBERT WIGHTMAN, HENRY ROBISON.

ap23-dw3t

FLOUR—575 Wee Gee Mills, straight brand, for sale by BELL & LIGGETT. ap22

Dried Fruits.

IF you want Raisins, Currants, Figs, Prunes, Dried Peaches, New Jersey Plums, &c., go to Morris' Tea Store in the Diamond. Prices to suit the cheapest and best place in Pittsburgh to lay them at. ap27

NOR real good Tea, go to Morris' Tea Mart, in the Diamond.

Beware of inferior qualities are never kept at this establishment. ap21

RYE FLOUR—Rec'd for sale by JOHNSTON & COLLINS. ap22

LARD—No 1 in kegs, rec'd for sale by JOHNSTON & COLLINS. ap27

BUTTER—3 bbls. fresh Roll rec'd this day, and for sale by. JOHNSTON & COLLINS. ap27

BUCKETS—50 doz. Beaver, in store and for sale by J. T. & J. J. BOONE. ap27 201 Liberty street.

TUBS—20 doz. in store, for sale by J. T. & J. J. BOONE. ap27

WINDOW SASH—8x10, 10x12, 9x12 for sale by [ap27] J. T. & J. J. BOONE.

RICE—10 tcs. fresh, in store, for sale by J. T. & J. J. BOONE. ap27

MOLASSES—200 bbls. N. O., in store and for sale by J. T. & J. J. BOONE. ap27 201 Liberty street.

SUGAR—100 hhds. N. O. in store, and for sale by J. T. & J. J. BOONE. ap27 201 Liberty street.

LOAF SUGAR—20 bbls. in store, and for sale by [ap27] J. T. & J. J. BOONE.

BROOMS—50 doz. Corn in store, and for sale by J. T. & J. J. BOONE. ap27 201 Liberty street.

COTTON—12 Bales Domestic, now landing from steamer Gossamer, for sale by Baltimore now landing from steamer Gossamer, for sale by Wm. Penn. ap27 Water and Front streets.

BACON & GREASE—6 cks. Shoulders; 1 hhd. Hams; 1 bbl. Grease: landing from steamer Gossamer, for sale by ap27 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

A MEETING of the Shareholders of the "Fifth Ward Savings Bank" will be held at the Office of the Bank, No. 62d, Liberty street, on Monday the 26th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., with reference to have the stock subscribed, and the same organized company. By order of Directors.

ap20-d10t JOHN STEWART, Sec'y.

SUGARS—300,000 Common Sugars just rec'd, and for sale low. Gt. by WOODS & CO., No. 61 Water street.

CORN—400 bu. Shelled, in store and for sale by T. WOODS & CO. ap26

Chimney Tops, Vases, Statuary, &c.

MADE by the GARNKIRK CO., Encaustic Tiles for floors, Electro Brass Statuary, &c. for sale by MILLER, CHANTER & WILSON, ap24-d1w 279 Pearl street, New York.

WANTED—A few shares Exchange Bank Stock. DAIRD & IRWIN, ap26 45 Fifth street.

FOR SALE—A few shares Pittsburgh Western Telegraph stock. DAIRD & IRWIN.

DESIRABLE City Property for sale or barter, apply to J. F. DARLINGTON. ap27

SUGAR—30 hhds. prime N. O., rec'd and for sale by SPRINGER HARBAUGH. ap26

FLAXSEED OIL—14 bbls. rec'd and for sale by SPRINGER HARBAUGH. ap26

TOBACCO—10 kegs 6 twist, in store and for sale by SPRINGER HARBAUGH. ap26

GLASS—500 box. 8 by 10; 10 by 12 Window Glass, in store and for sale, by SPRINGER HARBAUGH. ap26

FLOUR—150 bbls. New Lisbon Steam Mills, rec'd and for sale by SPRINGER HARBAUGH. ap26

SOAP—100 box. rec'd for sale by SPRINGER HARBAUGH. ap26

ROSIN—50 bbls. rec'd for sale by SPRINGER HARBAUGH. ap26

MAPLE MOLASSES—1 bbl., 1 hf. bbl. Prime, rec'd and for sale by. BELL & LIGGETT. ap27

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SUGAR—120 hhds. prime N. O. in store and for sale by J. S. DILWORTH & CO.

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COFFEE—100 bags Rio, now landing, and for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO. ap16 Water and Front sts.

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