PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY WHITE & CO.

PITTSBURGH.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 3, 1851.

To the Whigs of Pennsylvania.

☞ A STATE CONVENTION will be held in the City of Lancaster, on TUESDAY, June 24th, 1851, for the purpose of selecting candidates for the offices of Governor and Canal Commissioner, and also for Judges of the Supreme Court.

HENRY M. FULLER, Chairman.

Joseph R. Flanegin, F. Knox Morton, Wm. H. Slingluff, Samuel Bell, Nathaniel Ellmaker, Wm. J. Robinson, Worden E. Preston, Thomas E. Cochran, Henry Johnson, Charles B. Bordman, George Cress, D. A. Finney, O. O. Loomis, John Bauman, Wm. Evans, John O. Neville, Samuel McMenamy, C. Thomson Jones, Samuel B. Thomas, John S. Brown, T. Taylor Worth, Alexander E. Brown, Wm. Baker, Wm. M. Watts, James Clark, Sherman D. Phelps, Edwin C. Wilson, John Allison, Daniel McCurdy, George Metzger, Alex'r M. McClure, Francis Jordan.

R. RUNDLE SMITH, Secretary.

First page—Continuation of the Amber Witch, fourth article on Home, Commercial Intelligence, &c.

Fourth page—Poetry and Miscellaneous Articles.

Third page—Home Matters and Telegraphic News.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.—Our Weekly published today, will be found a very interesting number. Besides an immense amount of Foreign and Domestic News, Weekly Review of the Markets, Washington, Harrisburg, and New York Correspondence, Local and Telegraphic news, *etc.*, it contains the first ten chapters of the Amber Witch, a work which the London Quarterly Review pronounces one of the most memorable of modern times. For sale at the counter; price 5 cents.

CHANGE OF NAMES.—The Postmaster at Reimersburg requests us to state that the original name of his post office was first *Maple Grove*; that it was afterwards changed to Pinksville, and that letters and papers are frequently addressed to Maple Grove and Pinksville, and he wishes that in future this confusion may be avoided. The address now is Reimersburg, Clarion county, Pa.

DEPARTURE OF ASA WHITNEY.—Mr. Asa Whitney, who has labored with so much energy and perseverance to induce Congress to aid him in carrying out his scheme for a railroad to the Pacific ocean, despairing of assistance from our Government, has sailed for Europe. It is said that he has long since received intimations that the English Government is willing to listen to his projects. provided of course that the railroad can be carried through the British territory.—Alluding to this fact, the New York Tribune says:

"The route through British America is in some respects, even preferable to that through our own territory. By the former the distance from Europe to Asia is some thousand miles shorter than by the latter. Passing close to the northern shore of Lake Superior, traversing the watershed which divides the streams flowing towards the Arctic Sea from those which have their exit southward, and crossing the Rocky Mountains at an elevation some three thousand feet less than at the South Pass, the road could here be constructed with comparative cheapness, and would open up a region abounding with timber and other natural products, and admirably suited to the growth of grain and to grazing. Having its Atlantic seaport at Halifax and its Pacific Depot near Vancouver's Island, it would inevitably draw to it the commerce of Europe, Asia and the United States. Thus British America, from a mere colonial dependency, would assume a controlling rank in the world. To her other nations would be tributary, and in vain would the United States attempt to be her rival; for we could never dispute with her the possession of the Asiatic commerce, or the power which it confers.

We are inclined to think the fact that the road would have to be built above the forty ninth degree north latitude, must outweigh all the advantages enumerated by the Tribune. Long winters and deep snows are the great enemies of railroads, and would be apt to triumph in this case. Besides, the United States route would lie in a country which will be rapidly settled, (with the exception, of course, of some barren and mountainous districts,) while the other is beyond the line followed by the tide of immigration. We think, therefore, that if Mr. Whitney should succeed with the British Government, it would still *not* be vain for the United States to "attempt to be her rival."

STONE WARE WATER PIPE.—This is a new invention, which promises to be of great utility. It is manufactured by Messrs. Hill, Foster & Co., of Middlebury, Summit county, Ohio, of a clay which is found in that neighborhood, and burnt by a process similar to the manufacture of earthen ware; well *glazed*-glazed inside, and *salt*-glazed outside. The inside is smooth, and very similar to the inside of a fine stone pitcher, presenting no resistance to the free course of the water while passing. It is made in pieces of of about two feet long, exclusive of the tennon or joint, which, when laid, are cemented at the joints, with water lime.

The following certificate shows that its strength has been severely tested:

"We, the undersigned, certify that we have witnessed an experiment upon Stone Ware Water Pipe, manufactured by Messrs. Merrill's Patent Machinery, at Middlebury, Summit county, Ohio, which resulted as follows: The pipe, which was subjected to trial, was in sections of two feet long, 3¼ inch diameter in the inside, 6 square upon the outside, and ¾ of an inch thick upon the face of the squares. The first piece tested was subjected to a pressure of 3,290 pounds, without breaking, by lever power resting upon a piston in the cylinder, as a fulcrum, which was equivalent to 429 pounds to the cubic inch, equal to 28¾ atmospheres, or sustaining a perpendicular column of water, 944 feet in height. The second piece tested was of the same kind, and subjected to the same process, required a pressure of 3,610 pounds to break it—which was equivalent to 470 pounds to the cubic inch, equal to 31½ atmospheres, or sustaining a perpendicular column of water 1,034 feet in height.

Joseph Myers, Rosewell Kent, E. T. Chapman, Hiram Weston, M. C. Clarke, Wm. S. Irish, John Reed.

Middlebury, August 6, 1850."

The makers furnish the pipe at the following scale of prices:

1 inch caliber, 7½ ₹ ft.	4 inch caliber, 28c ₹ ft.		
1¼ " 9c "	5 " 36c "		
1½ " 12c "	6 " 44c "		
2½ " 16c "	7 " 52c "		
3 " 20c "	8 " 60c "		

The durability of this pipe, and its freedom from the objections to which iron and lead are subject, will be admitted by all. If it will stand pressure, and can be prevented from leaking, it must take the place of every other description of pipe, as it is decidedly better and cheaper.

THE SPIRITS TURNED EDITORS.

A prospectus for a newspaper "dictated by spirits, by them edited, superintended, and controlled" is published in the New York papers. The spirits, however cannot get along without corporeal agents, and therefore four persons in the flesh, whose names are given, are to be the publishers and proprietors. As the spirits have no stomachs to feed, no backs to clothe, and are therefore free from temptation to acquire material wealth, it is to be presumed that the four publishers will have all the profit to themselves. We are not informed whether the spirits are sufficently endowed with fore knowledge to be able to know whether the paper will be successful, but we think they had better keep out of the newspaper business unless they have learned a great deal since they were disembodied. If they should happen to fail, which is not unlikely, they would lose caste, and the mysterious reverence now awarded them would soon vanish.

While on this subject, we will add the following explanation by Mr. A. J. Davis, of the manner in which spirits "rap." The paragraph is taken from the learned Philosopher's late work entitled the "philosophy of spiritual intercourse."—

"I now proceed to explain how spirits can move a table or other inorganic substances: A spirit, without possessing any of the grossness of the earthly form, is yet organized in its principles and functions precisely as we are in this life; and when it, a spirit, desires to move a table, (by way of manifesting its nearness,) it concentrates its own magnetic and powerful elements so as to take hold, as it were, of the magnetism of the atmosphere. In like manner, this atmospherical magnetism takes hold of the electricity of the magnetism takes hold of the electricity of the air, and the latter is then concentrated upon the article which it is the spirit's design to move. Atmospherical magnetism and electricity are, therefore, the *nerves and muscles* which spirits employ when manifesting their presence to the material senses of believing as well as skeptical individuals. Hence, when "rappings" are heard, and when it is *certain* that no mischievous or designing person is producing them by way of imitation, then it is perfectly reasonable to conclude, as has been hitherto explained, that a friendly spirit from the spirit land is producing electrical rolling concussions upon some material substance through the intermediate agencies of terrestrial magnetism and electricity. The *modus operandi* of these phenomena I design not now to detail; because at present it is deemed sufficient for mankind to know that it is both naturally and philosophically possible for spirits to approach and influence heavy and gross bodies of matter."

The wife of Mr. Davis has written to the relatives of young Grieves and his wife, stating that if the unhappy couple had read her husband's writings *understandingly*, they would not have been led astray. If their preservation depended upon their being able to understand such explanations as this, it is not to be wondered that they failed. If the world can never grow wise until such explanations are understood, it is to be feared we will have to continue as we are.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

This great event of the season will soon commence in all its wonderful variety and splendor. From a late letter from London, to the N. Y. Commercial, we take the following extracts in regard to this interesting subject:

LONDON, March 14, 1851.

The industrial exhibition is the topic of conversation in all classes. Much as has been anticipated in regard to the interests it would excite, the crowds of foreigners it would draw together, and the competition it would call forth from the artizans of world, the reality promises to surpass it. From morning till night, Hyde Park, in the immediate neighborhood of the Crystal Palace, is one unending throng of gazers and visitors, though the former far surpasses the latter class, from the rigid rules of admission and the constant surveillance of the police and soldiery, that have been adopted.

The building is beyond all description. Neither picture, nor scientific description, nor measurement detailed upon paper with utmost accuracy, can give anything like a correct idea of it. Its vast extent, its fragile texture, its fairy outline, airy reach, its perfect proportions, its internal symmetry, and its thoroughness of work in every part, can scarcely be fully embraced by the mind after repeated observations from every point of view. The arch of the transept is said to be the most perfect arch in the world, and one whose mind is filled with amazement as the eye runs over and around its webbed tracery lost in the complexity of lines and curves, can well believe it.

The work of completion is now a match against time, twenty-seven hundred workmen being constantly employed upon it, for the day fixed for the last delivery of articles has long since gone by. This decision, however, was reversed several weeks ago, and now, instead of the first of March, the first of April is appointed as the last day when articles for competition will be received within the building. Even this late date will hardly be adhered to in regard to the United States. Col. Reid, the chairman of the Royal Committee, assured me, in conversation, to-day, that every possible latitude of time would be allowed to the goods coming from the United States, in consideration of the very great distance of transportation, and I think none of the contributors from there, let their articles come ever so late, will fail of finding admission and requisite space and display. Eighty thousand square feet of room are allowed us. There has been some question whether our goods would require so much room, and an attempt was made yesterday, on the part of some disappointed British exhibitors, to induce the committee to appropriate a portion of it to other purposes but it failed.

The portion of the building assigned to the United States, one sixteenth of the whole space, is at the west end. Next this is the Russian department, then the Zollverein, then Spain, then Prussia, then Denmark and Norway, and then France, the most earnest competitor of the world. In fact, France means to outdo England in the beauty, skill, extent, perfection and completeness of her fabrics. Already jealousies and strifes have arisen between the two feud remembering nations, and the French commissioner threatened to send all French articles for competition back across the channel, unless some exception was made to the rigid adherence to the regulations. Much uneasiness is felt among the foreign commissioners in regard to the want of protection from invasion of patent rights, which will be felt the moment those rights are upon English soil. The subject has been before Parliament, and at a meeting of the commissioners this evening, it has been agreed to petition, in behalf of all the foreign nations represented, that a bill protecting foreign patents may be passed at once. Then too, it is said, that the jurors of awards are unfairly constituted, a too great proportion of the members being Englishmen. I think there is good reason for feeling that this is so, though I have little doubt that the evil will be remedied by the Royal committee, when it is fairly stated to them.

Russia is here in fuller force than she promised, and her Nicholas is to be one of the lions of the summer. France has a staff of distinguished *savans* to represent her interests. Turkey is here in her turban, and Algeria in her modernized capolet. Spain has her commissioner in one of the best mansions in Piccadilly, and Portugal, Prussia, Austria, Denmark, Greece, Turkey, Egypt, have each a distinguished representation. So, too, have the Italian states, so has Norway, so has Sweden, and to the astonishment of every one, so has Brazil. In all this competition of the world upon a single platform, a citizen of the United States cannot but feel some solicitude for the honor of his country. In relation to this, I hear but one wish among Americans here, and that is that Congress has not failed to make some appropriation to meet the necessary expenses of her special agent. We should at least see that side by side with other nations, we make no beggarly show of meanness, and the outlay of money to meet the actual and necessary expenses of internal transportation, unpacking, depositing, and re-packing of goods, must amount to no small sum.

The weather is like your May or last of April. The grass is of the greenest color, the buds swelling into leaves, the warmth of mid-day uncomfortable, and our tables are covered with early garden products. It is said that London is for once *sprucing* up in exterior looks—thousands of houses undergoing the process of painting. The city will be full of people to overflowing before the exposition of another month. They look for ten thousand Americans to come to the show. Punch caricatures our *raw* material at the Fair by the picture of a slave-driver using his lash upon a negro's back. One cannot complain of being too partially treated in this, when, upon the very next page, Lord John Russel is represented as summoning his supporters to a vote on some test question, in the jaunty tude and dress of a vexed and thwarted menagerie master. His more impetuous supporters will not be restrained from pursuing their own hobbies, and his more quiet ones will not be mustered from their after-dinner siestas. His wild elephants and his tame ones are equally unmanageable. Meanwhile the crisis calls out the private enterprise of his subordinates in the show—each petty aspirant for power cracking his whip without fear of being rolled in the dust, even should he cross the path of so feeble a Ministry.

LIFE INSURANCE.—The following is not bad for the purpose for which we presume it was intended. It is from the Buffalo Courier:

Criminal Neglect.—While the rumor was current on Friday that the Hudson was burned, with all on board, a friend of ours was present when the news was communicated to a knot of three or four persons, among whom was a gentleman from the "rural district."

After the usual expressions of surprise and regret, coupled with some remarks on the negligence of steamboat owners and officers, the rural individual ventured to suppose that she was insured.

"Perhaps so," replied a bystander, "but probably the passengers were not."

"Sho! you don't say so?" exclaimed the country member; "waal, of all the masterpieces of carelessness that ever I heard on, that's the beat!" and he walked off, evidently deploring the melancholy omission."

GENERAL SCOTT.—Among many of the leading journals of the country which have recently referred favorably to the proposed nomination of Gen. Winfield Scott for the Presidency of the United States, one of the latest and most influential is the Boston Atlas. Though the agitation of the question at this time in any manner that would distract the party or impair the efficiency of the present administration is deprecated, yet the Atlas thus expresses its own opinion regarding the nomination.

"We have noticed that the Whigs of Pennsylvania, Indiana, Michigan, and, to a great extent, of New York, Ohio, Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont, have already broken ground in favor of General Winfield Scott, subject to the decision of a Whig National Convention, and we have no doubt that if the question was put now to the Whigs of those States, a very large majority would prefer him as a candidate to any other man. Instead of this preference being the work of political wirepullers, or cliques of interested persons, it appears to us to spring directly from the people; and that the papers that now advocate his claims are, in a manner, by the strong voice of public sentiment, and by other causes."

It is understood, that Major Noah has left behind him an autobiography, which his sons will publish. It will, no doubt, be very interesting, for it will comprise a history of politics and other matters, for nearly half a century.

ANOTHER FLAGRANT CASE OF KIDNAPPING.—The following account of a most cruel and outrageous case of kidnapping in Chester county last week, we cut from the Daily News which asserts that it is from a respectable source. A more daring and flagitious invasion of the law of the land as well as of humanity, has never occurred.

WEST CALN, Sandy Hill, March. 20.

There has been a case of Kidnapping in our vicinity which seems too cruel to be untold. The house of a colored man, named Thomas Hall, was broken into on Saturday night last, by three persons who immediately fell to beating said Hall and wife with clubs, until Hall was beaten down and secured. He was hurried away into a wagon without any other than his night clothes on, and instantly hurled away—the wife died in the nearest house, a distance of about 100 yards and aroused its inmates. The cries of the captive was heard by the neighbors as they passed, but their rapid flight prevented persons from seeing what was going on. Hall's house was situated within hallooing distances of some dozen of houses; but business was done so expeditiously that he was out of the neighborhood before the inhabitants were apprised of it. Hall was an honest civil, sober man, and much respected by his neighbors. His wife was just recovering from a spell of sickness. There was found in the house the morning after his capture a six barrelled revolver, a silk handkerchief and an advertisement, describing two negroes, who run away from Maryland in 1849; (Hall has been in our vicinity for 4 years past,) also three other advertisements, carelessly twisted up, which was a notice of a bear beat that took place in Emittsburgh, Md., in December last. The above described articles are supposed to be the contents of one of the marauders pockets, which creates a suspicion that some of the party was from Emittsburg, Md. One of the party seems to have been well acquainted in our vicinity, as he first called upon Hall to get up and go to Phineas Ashe's, a near neighbor, stating that one of his children was sick, and they wanted him there. Being interrogated by Hall as to who he was, he gave the name of a man living a Mr. Ashe's.

THE WAR IN SOUTHERN AFRICA.—The British Cape Colony, originally settled by the Dutch, but captured from them by the English, has an area of about 120,000 square miles, to a population of about 150,000. The population of Cape Town, the capital of Southern Africa, is upwards of 20,000. Graham's Town, near the Eastern extremity of the colony, is the only other one of any importance. Here are stationed the government troops, on the borders of Caffraria, for the protection of the frontier. From this point, to the North-east, extends the Kaffir Territory, following the line of the sea coast. The Kaffirs are described by Hugh Murray, in his Encyclopedia of Geography, as extremely handsome in their external appearance, and completely pastoral in their habits. The men, especially, are tall and muscular, and the females, though less beautiful, possesses features almost European, and vivacious and intelligent eyes. Their skin is a deep glossy brown color. The men are employed in raising cattle, and milk is the chief subsistence of all classes. A cow is never killed except on high occasions.—Their king is said to have a force of 15,000 men constantly equipped for war, and on urgent occasions, can arm 100,000 men, who, it is presumed, comprise the entire adult male population.

It is with these people, aided by the Hottentots, that the British colonists are now contending, and with whom they have had some hard fighting, with unfavorable results.—*Journal of Com.*

DOG TRAIN FROM LAKE SUPERIOR.—Mr. Julius Austman, accompanied by Mr. Boy, of Lapointe, Lake Superior, arrived here on Thursday last, in thirteen days from that place, via the Falls of St. Croix. Austman came through with two trains drawn by dogs, which excited much curiosity in our town. They brought several hundred pounds of freight, baggage, &c. Unlike the dogs of fled river, they are a mongrel breed, and rather under sized, the train being made of two thin boards of polished oak, curling at the end like a skate. In this way, with a heavy load, two dogs will make their forty miles in a day with ease. The roads were very bad, almost impassable. Mr. Boy left on Monday on his return. They brought no news of any importance.—*Minnesota Pioneer.*

MAGNIFICENT WORK OF ART.—It will be remembered that the late Edward S. Burd, of this city, left directions in his will for a monument to be erected in St. Stephen's church, to the memory of his three children, a son and two daughters. The commission for the execution of the work was given to Steinhauser, the distinguished German sculptor, who is now engaged on it at Rome.

A chapel adjoining the church is to be erected to receive the monument, which will be doubtedly be the most elegant thing of the kind in America.

The monument is in alto relievo. The artist has represented the three persons as gently sleeping, in a partly sitting posture, at the foot of a cross. The elder sister leans against the cross and clasps the younger sister with one arm, and the brother with the other. This sister is made the personation of Love, the younger of faith, with one hand on a book, and the boy of Hope, bearing a pomegranate flower in his hand. Above them floats the angel of the resurrection. The figures are of the size of life, and are said happily to combine the classical antique in them with the christian sentiment in expression. The work is to be executed in marble, and surrounded with a frame-work of Gothic architecture.—The will of Mr. Burd directed $100,000 to be expended on this monument, but we are told the artist is not limited to that sum. We are also informed that, by the munificence of his father, St. Stephen's church will be furnished with other new and costly decorations, including a chancel window of genuine stained glass, the finest that can be obtained in Europe.—*Phila. North American.*

LITERARY GHOULS.—The Messrs. Harper of New York, distinguished for having accumulated an immense fortune by literary piracies, it will be seen by the following letter have at last in their rapacity overreached themselves. They have had the unrequited use of author's brains so long that they think themselves entitled to the entire monopoly.

You may have seen in some of the city papers a correspondence between the Brothers Harper and Mr. George P. Putnam, respecting the publication of Borrow's new book, Lavengro. It seems that Putnam had purchased from Murry of London, an early copy of that work, and announced its publication here, in advance of every other house. Almost immediately after his announcement appeared, the Harpers announced the same work from their press at about half price. Putnam remonstated with them against this proceeding, as a violation of a compact which has existed for a long time between all the leading publishing houses of the city, by which they have bound themselves not to interfere in the republication of foreign works, with any other who many have succeeded in purchasing or procuring the earliest copy.

To this the Harpers replied that they considered themselves absolved from the compact *yesterday* Mr. Putnam, by his republication of Bremer's novel. Putnam rejoined that this complaint was absurd, inasmuch as the Harper's edition of those works was published many years before his—at twenty-five cents per copy while his edition was a dollar—that he undertook the republication at the request of the authors, under her appropriate compensation, while the Harpers edition never received her sanction, nor did she ever receive any thing for its sale.

To this rejoinder the Harper's made no answer, but in three days after Putnam's reprint appeared, out come their cheap two shilling edition. But they have had to pay for their precipitation. Mr. Putnam had a few copies struck off, with three or four pages omitted from the body of the work.—The rumor goes that they sought from one of Putnam clerks an early copy, and that he favored them with one of the spurious volumes. From this their edition was published, and of course is valueless. They did not find this out till Saturday, and after an immense edition had been struck off.

The story has suggested to a wag the following epigram:

BORROWING.

For all those people who are able
'I were well to read a certain fable,
About a dog who dropped his "cadeau"
Foolishly to grasp a shadow;
Some greedy men may point the moral,
Who with themselves have cause to quarrel;
For they have lately found with sorrow
They must pay *interest* when they *'Borrow.'*

[*Hartford Temes.*

VARIETIES.

New Counties in Virginia.—The bill to form a new county, to be called Pleasants, out of Wood, Tyler, and Ritchie, has passed the Virginia House of Delegates. The bill establishing the county of Upsher, out of Randolph, Barbour, and Lewis, has passed both House.

The Virginia Block for the Washington Monument is of granite, four feet by two in size, and bears the following inscription, surrounded by an ornamented wreath:—"Virginia, who gave Washington to America, gives this granite for his monument."

An Even Mortality.—Last year, up to the 10th of March, just eight hundred deaths had occurred in Boston. This year, just the same number had occurred up to the 20th of March, which shows an even mortality between the two years.

New York on Slavery.—The special committee of the New York legislature, to whom was referred so much of the Governor's message as related to slavery, made a report, condemning the fugitive slave law as unconstitutional, unreasonable and cruel, &c. Forcible resistance to the law is, however, condemned.

The Shoe Trade enters largely into the general business of Norfolk, Va. Last week, at the extensive establishment of W. H. Addington, partner of the house of French & Ruggles, New York, purchased $3,000 worth for San Francisco, declaring that the terms—both the price and time allowed—were far better than he could get in New York.

Gift of the Right Kind.—Dr. Zadoc Howe, of Billerica, Mass., who died lately, left $3,000 to the Bible Society, and the remainder of his property is to be applied to the erection and maintenance of a high school in Billerica. He has named as trustees, four Unitarians, one Orthodox Congregationalist, one Baptist, and one Universalist.

THE WRECK OFF MONTAUK.—We learn that there are strong hopes that the wreck lately seen off Montauk is not the packet ship Ivanhoe. It is reported that the latter vessel was spoken off Liverpool by the steamer Canada. The letters on the cotton bales picked up were painted black, instead of red, as before reported, and from the appearance of the bales, it was evident that they had been in the water some weeks. We trust the next steamer from Liverpool will bring us intelligence of the safety of the Ivanhoe.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The amount of duty paid by the Cunard line of steamers at New York, for 1850, was $1,322,383 30, more by over $100,000 than they have ever paid before in any one year.

General Case and the Presidency.—The Galveston Journal says that a gentleman of Indianola, Texas, has received a letter from Gen. Cass, in which he says he "will be a candidate for the Presidency, at the ensuing election, if he should be nominated by the National Convention of the Democratic party." The letter is of recent date.

New Bishop.—The Rt. Rev. Joseph Crelin, late Vicar General of the Rt. Rev., the Bishop of Dubuque, and appointed to the newly erected see of St. Paul, Territory of Minnesota, received the Episcopal Consecration, in the domestic chapel of the Rt. Rev. the Bishop of Belley, in France, at the hands of that Prelate, assisted by the Coadjutor Bishop of Belley, and the Bishop of Lausanne and Geneva, on the 26th of January last.

An Unlucky Voyage.—The Portuguese schooner Ribiero Primeiro, which arrived at this port last evening from Lisbon, has been four months and ten days on the passage. She was beating about off the Western Islands, for the best part of two months, and put into Faval for provisions, water, &c. She also went ashore south of the Highlands, on Sunday night, when, after discharging her cargo, she was got off by the underwriter's agent, Major Wardell.—*N. Y. Express.*

Sudden Death.—We learn that a Mr. Calender, a citizen of York, York county, in this State, died suddenly in the cars, on his way from this place to York. He had just effected an insurance upon his life, in the sum of $5000, in the "Keystone Mutual Life Insurance Company," at this place, a few hours before, and left here in apparent health.—*Har. Amer.*

A Feather in the Scale.—Said a prudent father to his son: "You ought to marry." "Never." "I know a girl for you." "Let me alone." "But perhaps, you don't know her. She is young." "When she is old." "Beautiful." "The more dangerous." "Of a good family." "Then she is proud." "She is tender hearted." "Then she is jealous." "She has talents." "To kill me." "And $100,000." "*I'll take her.*"

Matrimonial.—Since Rev. Sebastian Streeter was installed pastor of the First Universalist Church in this city, he has married *three thousand couples.*—*Boston Adv.*

At Cape May, there are two large hotels in progress of erection, and twelve double boarding houses and private residences. The coming season promises to be a gay one.

Market Street Store for Rent.

FOR RENT.—The Store, 118 Market street, the second door from the corner of Market and Second streets. Possession given the 1st of April next. Inquire of DAVID GREER, 108 Penn st. mch18

Foreign and American Hardware.

LOGAN, WILSON & CO.,
No. 129 Wood Street,
HAVE NOW IN STORE
A full and complete stock of FOREIGN AND AMERICAN
HARDWARE,
Suitable for the spring trade, and which they are prepared to offer to purchasers at rates that will compare favorably with any of the eastern cities.

Citizen's Insurance Company of Pittsburgh

ENCOURAGED BY HOME INSTITUTIONS.
Office No. 41 Water street, in the warehouse of C. H. GRANT.

J. J. BIDDLE, President. A. W. MARKS, Sec'y.

The Company is now prepared to insure all merchandise in transit by land or water, to any extent.

An ample guaranty for the ability and integrity of the Institution, is all the character of the Directors, who are citizens of Pittsburgh, well and favorably known to the community for their prudence, intelligence, and integrity.

DIRECTORS—C. H. Grant, Wm. Backofen, Edward Heazlett, John Bryson, Thos. Bakewell, Thos. Haworth, S. Harbaugh, S. S. Kier. apr3tf

Attention!

☞ PUBLIC ATTENTION is most respectfully invited to the plain, unvarnished statement of John Watts, who was cured of an old Chronic Cough, by the use of Four Bottles of Petroleum. The cough attacked him in Oct. of last year, and continued to increase till it became quite severe, so that he had taken the advice of several physicians without any benefit. I was induced to try the Petroleum, I confess, with little faith, but was astonished at its almost instantly to the Petroleum. I coughed up a quantity of the Petroleum, and the cough entirely left me. I make this statement without any solicitation from any one, and solely for the purpose that others who may be suffering may be benefited. You are at liberty to publish this certificate. I am a resident of Pittsburgh, and can be seen at my residence, corner of Penn and Second street.

JOHN WATT.

Pittsburgh, February 24, 1851.

For sale by the agent, A. Meloy, 140 Wood street; R. Kelley, Allegheny; Lyman & Blackman, cor. Penn and Front streets; H. M. Curry, B. A. Elliott, Joseph Dougherty, and H. P. Schwartz, Allegheny; J. M. Kiehl, Canal Basin, Seventh st., Pittsburgh.

feb24-4w

☞ TESTIMONY TESTIMONY to the value of Dr McLane's Vermifuge—Read, all that doubt

"A lady when passed at the entrance of a rat hole, so her the aperture, threw a piece of the paste over upon the hole, and retired to a convenient distance, and drags the animal's dead form across to the hole. And in like manner I have found Dr McLane's American Vermifuge to operate upon worms. Thus doubtful and hitherto unbelieving mothers of children—who, like the ferret, enters the aperture of the mouth, travels down the gullet, hunts round the stomach, gnaws holes in the same, shakes the life out of them, and then drags them out through the excretory vessels—then and there I have seen and witnessed the expulsion of the worms from the system. This, at least, has been the effect of the Vermifuge upon my children.

WM. ROULATT.

Navvy Landing, Ind.

Navvy, January 1st, 1851.

Dr McLane—Sir—Inasmuch that I have used Dr McLane's Vermifuge, and have found it to operate in like manner upon my children.

JOHN BRIGGS.

Navvy Landing, Ind.

For sale by

J. KIDD & CO.,
No. 60 Wood st.

mch29-d4w1w2

DIED.

In Clarion, on Saturday 29th March Mariana, wife of Hugh Craig, formerly of Allegheny City.

SAMUEL A. COLLIER, Attorneys at Law—Office on Fourth street, above Smithfield

MIDDLETON, RILEY & M'GEE, Produce, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, on the levee, St. Joseph Landing, Missouri. Refer to Messrs. Alexander Gordon, Lorens, Sterling & Co., Pittsburgh. apr3-1y

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for April, "the world's favorite" of the monthlies.

Revealed Behind the Curtain, or fifteen years observation among the Slaves of the South. For sale by the agent for Harper's Magazine, April Fool and for sale at Holmes' Literary Depot Third st., opposite the Post office. apr3

MURPHY & BURCHFIELD have just received this morning, by express, a lot of new goods such as black and colored silks, Turc satins, Turc satinets, ruffle lutrages and Mousselaines de laine and beautiful style Wm. Rann Ribbons; White Emblis, Tarlton Muslins &c apr3

Wines and Liquors.

No. 157 Liberty st., formerly Davis cracker factory.

R. BICKLEY (of Pittsburgh) [J. S. STOVENEL of N. Y.

FLICKEISEN & STOUVENEL, respectfully announce to the public generally, and their friends especially, that they have established a NEW WINE and LIQUOR STORE at the above stand, where they shall always keep a full assortment of the best stock—Mosselle and French red and white Wines, Cordials and Brandies, Brandies of the oldest vintages, Jamaica rum, Holland gin, Irish Whiskey, champagne and sparkling hock wines, and the most approved brands, port wines, Madeira, sherry, and muscat Wines, Alcantine, &c. Also, sardines, Holland herrings, anchovies, Cheese, Macaroni, all of which they will sell, wholesale, or retail, on the most reasonable terms.

The late firm of Bickley & Stovenel, will continue the business in the city of N York, the above firm is enabled to sell a cheaper and a better article than any other house in this city. Please give us a call, before you purchase elsewhere.

☞ Families supplied free of extra charge, and at the shortest notice apr3

FRENCH GOLD PAPER FOR PARLORS—A beautiful article, just rec'd and for sale by apr3 THOS. PALMER, No. 55 Market st.

PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK and BOSTON WALL PAPER—From the most celebrated factories of the respective cities, being regularly received at 55 Market st. by [apr3] THOS. PALMER.

WALL PAPER OF MY OWN MANUFACTURE—A large and general assortment always on hand at 55 market st., and for sale by apr3 THOS. PALMER.

SUNDRIES—
11 casks Bacon hams;
5 kegs cobosa;
3 do do spice;
10 do do shoulders.
2 bags peaches;
1 bbl starnut;
1 bag cinnamon;
17 bags feathers;
25 do wool; for arrive and for sale by
apr3 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., Water & Front sts.

For Rent.

A Small well finished and completely furnished Store, on 3d st., next door to the post-office.
apr3-tf E. D. GAZZAM.

For Sale.

No. 73 Liberty st. between 3d and 4th sts., (Post and Tribune copy.)

THE members of the Fairmount Fire Company, offer their Engine for sale. It is in good order and will be sold cheap. Enquire of
apr3-tf J. SMITH, Sec'y.
No. 400 Penn street.

SEED SWEET POTATOES—20 bbls now landing from steamer Fort Pitt for sale by
apr3 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., water & front sts.

50 SHARES Houghton Mining Company for sale by A. WILKINS & CO.,
apr3 corner of Market and Third st.

MACKEREL—50 bbls No. 3 (Halifax brand;)
100 " 2, Mass brands;
20 half bbls for sale by
apr3 J. & D. DALZELL, No. 68 Water st.

CUSTOM HOUSE, PITTSBURGH,
Surveyor's Office, April 2, 1851.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, until 12 o'clock, 25th day of April, inst., for the delivery of the following articles, for the use of the sick at the U S Marine Hospital, near this City, until the 30th day of June, 1852.

Beef, as free as possible from bone, price per pound.
Bread, each loaf to weigh one lb.....
Brown Sugar of the best quality.....
Rice.....
Tea Hyson.....
Rice flour.....
Soap.....
Sperm candles.....
Coffee.....
Butter, best quality.....
Molting bacon.....
Ham.....
Lard.....
Flour, best superfine.....
Molasses.....
Port wine.....
Vinegar.....
Milk.....
Best bolted meal.....
Potatoes.....
Beans.....
Rice.....
Salt.....
Hominy.....
Wood.....
Coal.....

All of the foregoing articles to be of the very best quality, and to be furnished at such times and in such quantities as on the requisition of the Steward of the Hospital, approved by the Surveyor may be required.

Any other articles, that may be wanted, the contractor to furnish at the lowest market price.

It is estimated that the number of patients to be supplied will average about 30 per day. In addition to which there will be about 10 officers and servants to be supplied.

Any information concerning the contract, will be given on application at this office.

HENRY WOODS,
Surveyor and agt. U. S. Marine Hospital.

SWAIM'S PANACEA—12 doz just rec'd and for sale by R. E. SELLERS.
apr3 No. 57 Wood st.

CHROME YELLOW—4 cases rec'd and for sale by R. E. SELLERS.
apr3

OILS—Oil lemon, bergamot, cloves, anis and caraway in original packages, rec'd and for sale by R. E. SELLERS.
apr3

BAD GENTIAN—373 lbs rec'd and for sale by R. E. SELLERS.
apr3

ORANGE PEEL—250 lbs rec'd and for sale by R. E. SELLERS.
apr3

LIQUORICE BALL—12 bbls for sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO.
apr3

GUN ARABIC—500 lbs for sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO.
apr3

OPIUM—85 lbs new crop for sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO.
apr3

GLUE—50 bbls No 1 for sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO.
apr3

CALCINED MAGNESIA—20 cases for sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO.
apr3

CARAWAY SEED—300 lbs sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO.
apr3

MERCURIAL OINTMENT—100 pounds strong for sale by B A FAHNESTOCK & CO.
apr3

GOSHEN CHEESE—Superior do for sale by WM A MCCLURG & CO.
apr3

ORANGES—40 boxes sweet Messina rec'd and to arrive, for sale by WM A MCCLURG & CO.
apr3 256 Liberty st.

PREPARED CORN—For Pudding, Blanc Mange, &c, always on hand and for sale, wholesale, or retail by WM B MCCLURG & CO.
apr3 Grocers and Tea dealers.

TANNERS OIL—50 bbls rec'd and for sale by J. DALZELL.
apr3

TOBACCO—15 kegs No. 1, 6 twist for sale by J. DALZELL.
apr3

CHEESE—32 boxes just rec'd, and for sale by B DALZELL & CO., Liberty st.
apr3

BUTTER—5 bbls Roll, just rec'd and for sale by J. DALZELL & CO.
apr3

LARD—20 kegs No. 1 Lard, and 2 bbls Grease Lard, for sale by E. DALZELL & CO
apr3

Election Notice.

THE Stockholders of the Perrysville and Zelienople Flank Road Company are requested to meet in Zelienople, on the 25th April, inst., for the purpose of Electing a President, five Managers and a Treasurer for said Company. Election to be held at the town hall Polls open from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M.

FRANCIS WALLACE,
JOHN REED,
O. B. PALMER,
JOHN RANDOLPH
GEO. ROWELL,
and others. Commissioners.

apl-2tw8

Matrimony or Phrenological Love.

ITS Signs and Effects, Selection, or who can and cannot live together Matrimonially, Courtship, or how to get ourselves and prospective completely, in love and married life—full of truths for home consumption, at WILKINS HALL on WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, April 2nd and 4th, at 7½ o'clock and closing at ONE DIME. Come and get a hundred fold the worth of your money.

☞ Professional delineations of character, with numbered charts, and also FULL WRITTEN opinions, including advice touching Health, Occupations, Faults, Their remedies, self perfection, management of children, &c., &c., daily and unoccupied evenings at his private apartments at Cole Brown's Hotel. (ap2tf) O. S. FOWLER

INFORMATION WANTED OF THOMAS CROSS, of England, who was working on the Western Railroad Bridge at New Brighton, and left there on the 8th November last. His wife has arrived from England, and is very anxious to hear from him. Address her at New Brighton, or communicate to this office. apl 2tr

THE SUBSCRIBER has commenced receiving a larger and more desirable stock of FANCY VARITY and DRY GOODS than for ever before in this market, consisting in part of

Prints, Printed Lawns, Mouse de Laines, Ginghams, Alpacas, Victoria, Swiss, Mull, and Book Muslins, barred and figured Muslins, Cloaks, Cassimeres, Jeans, Tweeds, and Jeans,