HOME MATTERS.

CONCERT.—The Grand Concert of Madame Wallace Buschelle and Fraulein Stopel, last night at Wilkins Hall, was attended by a large and fashionable audience. The hall was indeed filled to its utmost capacity, and never have we seen a Pittsburgh audience so delighted. The ladies were most enthusiastically received, well did they merit such a distinction. The singing and playing were, in the opinion of our musical connoisseurs, superior to anthing of a similar nature we have ever before had an opportunity of hearing, in this place, but we are compelled to defer a more elaborate account, of the evening's performances until to morrow.

Another concert will be given in the same place to night, on which occasion we have no doubt that all the true lovers of music will be in attendance.

THE MARKET HOUSE MEETING.—The meeting to take measures for the erection of a new market house, held in the Sixth Ward Public School House, on Friday last, was attended by a large number of our citizens. The discussion which ensued, was quite animated, some advocating the erection of a new building, at the corner of Grant and Liberty Streets, and others declaring that they preferred market houses in every ward. Those who were in favor of the former project, alluded to the bad success with which the Bayardstown and Scotch Hill Markets had met. Neither the country people, nor citizens made a practice of attending them, and their business was quite limited, while the narrow boundaries of the Diamond were crowded on every Wednesday and Saturday by thousands of our citizens. If a central market house was erected at the point proposed, it was certain that the business of the old market place would be divided between the two, while at the same time, the situation being as it was contended, more central than any other, would better suit the conveniences of the citizens of all the wards.

The majority of those present, were present, were evidently in favor of the location at the corner of Grant and Liberty streets, although a great many opposed it. Much opposition seemed to be expected from the members of Council in the First, Second, and Fourth Wards, while it was presumed that those from the remaining wards would be in favor of it. A committee was appointed to draft a report, and the meeting adjourned to re-assemble on next Saturday evening, the 22nd of the present month, at seven o'clock, P. M.

It is to be hoped that all our citizens who can do so will attend, and thus there will be a full expression of public opinion upon the subject,

ACCIDENT.—The driver of one of Breidenthal's line of omnibusses, while arranging some of his harness, at the corner of Market and Fifth sts., yesterday morning, received a severe kick in the stomach from a vicious horse which injured him severely. He was carried into a neighboring store, and after a short time conveyed to his residence in Lawrenceville.

COSWELL'S PANORAMA OF THE ISTHMUS AND CALIFORNIA.—This great painting of California and the Isthmus will be here in a few days. The New York papers have spoken of it as one of the most attractive and beautiful Panoramas that has ever been exhibited in that city, and unequalled as a work of art. Mr. W. Cogswell some years ago resided in our city, and is favorably known as a distinguished artist. The Home Journal has the following notice of it:—

We spoke the agreeable hour we spent with Mr. Cogswell, in accompanying him across the Isthmus of Darien. Our route lay up the Chagres river, which is certainly the most picturesque scenery our eyes have ever yet beheld. The painting of this panorama compares favorably with the best works of the kind ever exhibited in the country, whilst the subject itself is full of romantic interest. Mr. Cogswell has exhibited a masterly handling of the pencil, and his coloring could scarcely be surpassed by the best masters of the Venitian school. The figures, too, with here and there an indication of intention to draw, are very happily introduced, and the poetic passages of the journal on the banks of the river are perfect suggestions for vignettes. We journeyed no farther than Panama—so we must leave the remainder of the panorama till next week, *Home Journal.*

FINALLY COMMITTED.—Jerry Lutz, Thomas N. Smith, and Cavanagh, were yesterday re-examined before Mayor Guthrie on a charge of highway robbery, and committed for trial. John Lutz, the young man, named M'Fee and Murphy, will be examined on a similar charge.

NOT THE SAME MAN.—We are requested to state that the Thos. N. Smith, who is charged with participation in an attack made on the person of Mr. O'Neal, who was robbed a short time ago, is not the watchman of the St. Clair street bridge, of the same name. We know the latter to be an efficient and vigilant officer.

COMMITTED.—A colored man named Hiram Stevenson, was yesterday committed to prison by Alderman Major, charged with obtaining goods under false pretences from Messrs. Coxly and Laird, clothiers.

MONEY LOST AND FOUND.—A gentleman missed his pocket book, containing thirty five dollars, yesterday in a grocery store at the corner of Roberts and Duncan streets. A large number of persons were in the store and suspecting that his pocket had been picked, he went for an officer, but was greatly disappointed, on returning, by finding his wallet in the store with the money untouched.

EITHER A FEAST OR A FAMINE.—Twelve common vagrants and drunkards were brought before his honor Mayor Guthrie, on last Sabbath morning, and were sent to prison for various terms. On Monday morning not a single commitment was made out.

ADDITIONAL WATCHMEN.—Thirteen new night watchmen were appointed, by the Police Committee, in conjunction with the mayor, on last Saturday evening. Their names are as follows:

Messrs. Ward, Rice, Stainburgh, Snyder, Houston, Rainy, Aiken, M'Keinstrey, M'Kenna, Brown Nelson, Kelly and McGee.

These persons are appointed in addition to the regular night watchmen.

WATCHMAN SHOT.—We learn that one of the City Watchmen, named John Jones, was shot, about 10 o'clock, and dangerously wounded, near the toll gate, on the Minersville Turnpike.

MR. GOUGH'S LAST LECTURE.

Arrangements having been made for the delivery of the farewell lecture of Mr. John B. Gough, on the subject of Temperance, in the Rev. Dr. McClaren's church, on Friday, 14th, that spacious edifice was filled to its utmost capacity, long before the hour for commencing the exercises.

The meeting was opened by a solemn and appropriate prayer offered by the pastor of the church.

Mr. Gough, on being introduced, alluded to the occasion as one of peculiar interest, at least to himself, being the last of a series of meetings in the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and it might be the last opportunity that he would ever enjoy of addressing our citizens. He then, at once, proceeded "to sum up the evidence and arguments" which he had presented at former lectures in behalf of the temperance cause, and with deep and thrilling earnestness urged all classes, and especially young men, to abstain entirely from the use of intoxicating drinks as a beverage.

The address, throughout, was listened to by that large assemblage with fixed attention and deepest interest. After the address had been concluded, the following preamble and resolutions, proposed by the Rev. Dr. McKinley, of Pittsburgh, and seconded by Dr. Dale, of Allegheny, were unanimously adopted.

The seconding of Doctor McKinley's resolution by Doctor Dale was accompanied by a short, but beautiful, solemn, and appropriate speech.

At a meeting of the business committee of the Temperance Association of the cities of Allegheny and Pittsburgh the following preamble and resolutions were adopted, and directed to be presented to the meeting this evening, as a suitable and seasonable expression of their views and sentiments in reference to the present position of the cause amongst us.

Preamble.—WE believe the Temperance enterprise to be the cause of humanity,—of good morals,—of patriotism and of true religion; and to be worthy of the confidence and cordial cooperation of all ranks and classes of society.—The pledge of total abstinence from intoxicating drinks is a pledge, which, in our judgment, ought to be adopted by every well-wisher of law and order; and by every friend to the masses in our land, who are now being crushed by the iron grasp of intemperance—of intoxicating drinks as a beverage—in view of their effects on society, their destruction of domestic happiness—their waste of wealth, character, health and life, when but evil can be predicated. They are evil and only evil, and that continually. We claim for the cause, the high character of an enterprise founded on the principles of christianity, formed and fostered by its spirit, and justly entitled to the aid of every one who would live so as to have "a conscience void of offence towards God and towards men." In this cause there is and can be no neutrality.

In accordance with the principles embodied in the forgoing statement, we recommend the adoption of the following resolutions, viz:—

1st. Resolved, That the recent crowded meetings in the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny—the order and decorum of the thronging masses, who night after night listened in fixed and often in tearful attention to the touching detail of the wrongs inflicted and the misery entailed by the traffic and use of intoxicating drinks—and the accession to our ranks of the many hundreds who during the progress of this series of lectures, signed the pledge of total abstinence; afford cheering evidence that the cause, in this community, is upward and onward; and is a loud call to its friends here and elsewhere to "thank God and take courage."

2nd. That this meeting hereby express to Mr. Gough its heartfelt gratitude for his able and eloquent advocacy of the cause amongst us. We tender to him our best wishes for his health and happiness, and our fervent prayers that he may live to see the banner of temperence waving in triumph over every stronghold of the destroyer in this free and happy land.

3rd. That the thanks of this meeting are hereby tendered to the trustees of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, the second reform Presbyterian church, the first Presbyterian church, the Liberty and Smithfield street Methodist Episcopal churches, the first Baptist church, the Protestant Methodist church, the first and second associate reformed churches, the directors of the sixth Ward school House, of the city of Pittsburgh, and to the first associate Presbyterian church, 1st reformed church, the 1st Presbyterian church, and the south common Methodist Episcopal church, of the city of Allegheny, for the use of their commodious church edifices during the progress of these meetings.

4th. That this meeting, in behalf of the hundreds in this dense and rapidly increasing population, on whose desolate homes the light of this blessed reform has not yet shone, and on behalf of the millions of our land, whose temporal and eternal happiness is periled by the presence and power of this wide-spread evil, hereby earnestly solicit the co-operation of all classes of our fellow citizens. On this deeply interesting and solemn occasion we feel impelled to say to you in the language of Moses, "Come thou with us, and we will do thee good, for the Lord hath spoken good concerning Israel."

The following resolution was then offered by Rev. Dr. Pressly, of Allegheny, and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of this whole community are due to Mr. John B. Gough, for his zealous and able advocacy of the cause of temperance; the course he has pursued, and the principles on which he propose to advance this cause, so intimately connected with human happiness, command our cordial approbation; and in taking leave of us he goes accompanied by our best wishes for his health, happiness, and for his success in the benevolent work in which he is engaged.

It was then, on motion of Rev. A. W. Black, unanimously

Resolved, That the Business Committee of of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Union Temperance Association be requested to make arrangements with Mr. John B. Gough to make another visit at his earliest convenience.

Mr. Gough, in few words, gracefully acknowledged the reference to himself in this and former resolutions, alluded to his unexpected and providential arrival and sojourn in our midst expressed a grateful sense of the kindness received, and assured the meeting that he would make every effort to be with appointment, if not on his return from his present engagement at Cincinnati.

The following resolutions were, on motion, unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That our hearty thanks are due, and are hereby tendered to E. M. Gregory, Esq., and the friends of Temperance in Cincinnati, who so generously, kindly and courteously invited us to retain Mr. Gough to lecture in our cities, postponing for this purpose the meetings they had arranged with him.

This resolution was responded to by Rev. Mr. McClaren, who made a few very happy remarks in reference to the kindness of the good people of Cincinnati having in charge the arrangements with Mr. Gough in permitting him to remain with us as noticed in the resolution.

Mr. Mecaskay also made a short speech in which he remarked "that although he had been 24 years engaged in the Temperance Cause, this was the best and most interesting meeting of the kind he had ever witnessed."

Resolved, That our thanks are due and are hereby presented to the Editors of the various newspapers in the two cities who have so kindly and approvingly noticed our meetings, and that they be respectfully requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

The benediction was pronounced by Rev. A. W. Black, and the meeting then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REFUGE.

THE MANAGERS OF THE HOUSE OF Refuge want to purchase a lot of ground suitable for the location of their institution, containing from ten to fifty acres, well supplied with water, and situated upon one of the rivers, plank roads or railroads, within five miles of the Court House. Sealed proposals, stating description, price and terms will be received until Monday, the 26th inst., by JAMES ANDERSON, PRES'T.
THOS. BAKEWELL,
J. CHAMBERS,
WM. RICHBAUM,
CHAS. THMAS,
Managers.
Pittsburgh, Feb 5, '51. [febdeadw2t48]

Rare Chance for Capitalists and Manufacturers.

THE undersigned being agent for the owners, offers for sale a number of town lots in the town of Massillon, Stark county, Ohio, with out lots, and small parcels of land adjoining and near the town. Massillon, being situated on the Ohio Canal, and the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, now nearly completed, running through it, this real estate affords, perhaps, the best opportunity lately offered, to persons who may wish to embark in manufacturing of almost any description. The abundance and cheapness of all the means of life, the supply of coal for fuel for steam power, the great quantity of wool brought to this market, as well as the facilities for transportation of manufactured articles, all combine to make this one of the most desirable points for establishing manufactories of Iron, Wool, Cotton, Indeed of all descriptions which is now afforded in the Western country.

Several improved farms in the vicinity of the Canal and Railroad, are also offered—a tract of 318 acres of land, timbered land, lying between the Canal and Railroad, and about half a mile from the town, a lot of about seven acres, adjoining the Railroad Depot, alone one side of which the tract passes, and on two sides, streets of the town; these lots will accommodate manufacturers, and offer them at such prices and terms that cannot fail to meet the views of those wishing to purchase. It is needless to say anything of the location of the Town and property (it having been sufficiently described in recent advertisements) other than that over one hundred lots have recently changed hands, and been purchased by those wishing to procure a desirable home.

The above lots are among the most eligible and desirable in the place, and are principally located in the centre of those recently sold.

For information apply to the proprietor in Liverpool, or to James Blakely, Esq., Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN S. BLAKELY.
East Liverpool, Feb. 2nd, 1851. febdeadw2t.

JOHN SMITLEY. JAMES COLVIN.
SMITLEY & COLVIN, Coal Merchants, and Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Iron and Nails, Corner of Walnut street and Washington Turnpike Road, Jeffersonville. [celdeadwly*8

J. HARRISON SEWELL, Attorney at Law, of Ohio State Commissioner for taking Depositions, Acknowledgements of Deeds, &c. Office—Fourth street, Smithfield. [mr4deadwt

BEAUTY.—It is universally conceded that beauty is more common in this country than in any other, while at the same time it is said that in no other country is it lost at so young an age. Now this is true to a certain extent, but the loss is often caused by neglect. We say to all, do not neglect your personal appearance, but read the following, and you need not lack good looks.—These articles are scientific preparations, and have all attained a high popularity.

Jules Hauel's Persian or Chinese Powder, for imparting to the most billious complexion a radiant whiteness. In nothing should a person be more careful than the use of a powder for the skin, as many of those sold are very injurious. My Chinese powder is compounded in a scientific manner, and contains no ingredient which can possibly inflict injury.

Jules Hanel's Depilatory Powder, for removing superfluous hair. What is more unsightly than hair upon the face of a lady. This article will remove it in a short time, without the use of any sharp instrument.

Jules Hauel's Vegetable Liquid Hair Dye will instantaneously impart to red, white, or gray hair, a beautiful black, brown, or auburn color. It will color the hair in a shorter time, and more effectually than any other dye, being at the same time indelible.

Jules Hanel's Shaving Cream.—It is really a pleasure to shave with this cream. There is none of the smarting sensation usually experienced in the use of most soaps. On the contrary, it leaves the skin smooth and soft as an infant's, and not liable to become chapped.

Jules Hauel's Rose Tooth Paste.—Next to the hair, we think the Teeth were intended for the greatest ornament to the human face; but when neglected, nothing is so disfiguring, or so quickly seen. My Rose Tooth Paste will impart to the teeth a pearly whiteness, at the same time keeping the gums firm and healthy.

JULES HAUEL, Perfumer and Chemist,
120 Chesnut st., Phila.

For sale wholesale and retail, by B. A. Fahnestock & Co., and R. K. Sellers, Pittsburgh, and J. Mitchell, Allegheny city, Pa. [jul7d2

GOLD LOCKETS.—Just received a large supply of elegant Gold Watches and Miniature Cases, suitable for Daguerotypes, Hair, &c.
feb5 W. W. WILSON.

ADDITIONAL SALE
Of Forty Town Lots in East Liverpool, O.

THE recent unprecedented sale of Lots in the above thriving Town having nearly exhausted those previously laid out, and the demand still continuing, the undersigned has been induced to lay out a portion of his property in town lots as above, and offers them for sale at prices and terms that cannot fail to meet the views of those wishing to purchase. It is needless to say anything of the location of the Town and property (it having been sufficiently described in recent advertisements) other than that over one hundred lots have recently changed hands, and been purchased by those wishing to procure a desirable home.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

FURTHER PARTICULARS BY THE AFRICA.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16, 1851.

COMMERCIAL SUMMARY.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 1.

MONEY MARKET—American Securities, at London, were steady, but the sales reported were not large. The following are the latest prices. U. States five per cent bonds, 1853 92@93: do six per cents, 1862, 102¼@103: do six per cents, 1868, 108¼@108¾: U. States six per cent stocks, 1867 and 1868, (January and July), 104@105.

COTTON—The market was dull and prices had declined ¼d. per lb. The week's sales were 26,540 bales, at a range of 6¼d to 7¼d. The stock of cotton in market is estimated at 451,000 bales, of which 264,000 are American, against a total stock at the same period last year of 493,000 bales, of which 309,000 were American.

GRAIN—We have no new feature to notice in our corn market, which continues in the same dull state, without any appearance of improvement. Indian corn is in fair demand at 31s @31s 6d for yellow, 30s@31s for mixed, and 32@33s for white, per quarter. Wheat is slow of sale at various rates, say 5s 6d@6s 9d for red, and 6s 2d@6s 2d for white.

FLOUR—Philadelphia and Baltimore flour are quoted at 23s; Western Canal at 20s 6d@21s 6d; and a late arrival of Ohio, 22s 6d ₽ bbl.

ASHES—Only a very small business has been doing at 31s 6d for potash, and 30s for pearlash, ₽ cwt.

TALLOW—We quote American at 35s@38s ₽ cwt.

RICE—A small sale of Carolina at 17s ₽ cwt.

TOBACCO—The market has been quiet throughout the month; the sales amounting only to 512 hhds. The stocks in warehouses are 17,269 hhds; of which period leaf at 5d@8¾d; stemmed do, 10d@1s 1d ₽ lb.

SEEDS—Sales of 44 tierces American red clover seed at 40s@52s ₽ bu, and 150 tons flax seed at 46@47s 6d.

PROVISIONS—During the last fortnight, there has been a steady demand for Beef, without variation in price; but, as usual, the best brands meet readier sale than second quality. In Pork an advance of 2@3s ₽ bbl, has been freely made, in some measure owing to the government having advertised for tenders to contract for 5000 tierces, along with 2000 tierces beef for the Navy, but more for the purpose of reducing stocks to convenient dimensions for advance. The high prices at which bacon is held, has had the effect of limiting the demand; unless supplies increase materially, however, we see nothing to cause a reduction at present. No new hams or shoulders have yet arrived. Lard has increased in demand, and a further advance of 1@2s ₽ cwt, has been realized; and holders now ask 44s for bbls and kegs. Fine cheese continues to meet a ready sale at full prices, but other sorts go off slowly.

IRON—The market is quiet, and without change.

WOOL—There is a good demand at steady prices.

The Africa left Liverpool at 11 o'clock A. M., on the 31st January.

The Atlantic, after encountering such severe storms, and turning back a distance of 1800 miles to New York, has been pronounced a first class sailing vessel.

POLITICAL SUMMARY.

LONDON, Jan. 31, 1851.

I am enabled to send you the substance of the royal speech. Her Majesty will announce, that she has received the most friendly assurances from foreign powers; and that she is gratified to know that peace is restored in those states in the north of Europe, so lately either engaged in war, or preparing for a commencement of hostilities.

The Queen then will congratulate the members of both Houses of Parliament on the tranquility which prevails, and that, not only at home, but in all her foreign possessions and colonies, the people are contented and happy; the manufactures are in active employment, and commerce is prosperous; while the revenue of the government exceeds the expenditure.

Her Majesty regrets, that in some countries agriculture is depressed; but trusts that it will be only temporary.

The Queen regrets that since the last meeting of Parliament, considerable excitement had naturally been occasioned by an aggressive proceeding on the part of the head of the Roman Catholic Church; who had without seeking or obtaining permission, presumed to bestow territorial titles on Ecclesiastics; and to distribute the country into dioceses.

Her Majesty then directs attention to the trade with Brazil, and suggests the propriety of arranging the sugar trade with that country on a more favorable basis.

You will see by the above summary, that the speech of the Queen will be more than usually vague; and remarkable for a studied avoidance of all interesting topics. There is no allusion, whatever, to financial matters, beyond customary promises. The documents, &c, being laid before Parliament in reference to the papal aggression are of the mildest kind, as if Her Majesty was desirous of passing over as lightly as possible, a disagreeable question. The course adopted, as you may rely on, is even, and politic

FRANCE.

There has been a debate in the French Assembly, prolonged from the 15th to the 18th ult, in which the conduct of the President and the Ministry has been severely handled.

A debate arose upon the motion of M. Remusat, proposed in consequence of the report of the permanent Committee of members of the Assembly, who had remained in Paris during the Parliamentary recess, to watch the progress of events.

In the course of this debate, the ministers, together with Gen. Cavignac, Charnganier, Thiers, Lamartine, and other members, spoke. The conclusion at which M. Thiers arrived, was that a vote in favorable to the Government, would be equivalent to the establishment of the Empire.

Immediately on the rising of the Assembly, the ministers went to the Elysee, and placed their resignations in the hands of the President. The resignations were accepted by the President on the 19th ult.

The Constitutionelle of the 20th, says that a ministry will be formed from the ranks of the 278, who voted for St. Beuve's amendment.

A conspiracy has been discovered, the meetings of which were held at Barriere Pegol. At an unexpected moment, the Police surrounded the place, and seized a considerable number of more were subsequently taken. They are all delegates of the Socialists or Drilling societies.

A proclamation, in lithograph, of a Democratic character, was seized.

After the resignation of the newly constituted French ministry, M. Leon Trancher was entrusted with the difficult task of forming a government. At first he appeared likely to succeed; when all at once, it was declared he could not do so. Since then Louis Napoleon has since cut the gorgon knot—finding it impossible to compose a ministry out of parliamentary elements at his disposal, he has had recourse to the formation of a ministry from public functionaries who are not representatives.

This fact was communicated to the Assembly by a message read by Mr. Daupin at 4 o'clock, on Friday, it was as follows:—

"Public opinion, confiding in the prudence of the Assembly and the Government, has not been alarmed by the late incidents; nevertheless France begins to suffer by divisions which she deplores. My duty is to do what in me lies to prevent the ill results of those divisions. The union of the two powers is indispensible to the repose of the country, but the constitution has rendered them independent of each other. The only condition of this union, is reciprocal confidence. Penetrated with this sentiment, I shall always respect the rights of the Assembly, while maintaining, in fact, the prerogatives of that power, which I hold from the people."

SPAIN.

We noticed, in our last, that the Cabinet of Narvaez had resigned, in consequence of not having been invited to a concert by the Queen mother. Queen Elizabeth refused to accept their withdrawal; but on Narvaez declaring that he would blow out his brains if retained in office—her majesty finally spared him that trouble, by accepting the resignation.

PORTUGAL.

The political news from this quarter is unimportant.

BELGIUM.

Accounts from Brussels to the 18th ult., state that the Belgian ministers had resigned, *en masse*, in consequence of difference of opinion which sprang up, lately, between the Minister of War and other members of the Cabinet.

PRUSSIA.

Dates from Schleswig Holstein to the 15th ult., state that a Holstein patrol had been attacked by the Danes at Windhfe.

The conferences between the Danish, Austrian, and Prussian Commissionors, at Hamburg, had been adjourned.

The Holstein troops continue to retreat into Holstein. The Danes are falling back into Schleswig.

By late dates we learn that the movements of the Prussian and Austrian troops have been suddenly suspended.

DENMARK.

The official Journal states that the King has been graciously pleased to command that no measures, whatever, shall be taken against those Schleswigers who have taken up arms against him.

The Prussian General Thunau, and the Prussian commissioner in Holstein, have returned to Berlin for further instructions. Berlin was occupied with further preparations for the commemoration of the coronation of the first King of Prussia, which was to have come off on the 18th ult.

The Berlin papers, of all parties, protest that on questions of finance, Prussia will not submit to Austria.

After his return from Dresden, the Prince Schwartzburg was admitted to an audience by the emperor.

RUSSIA.

The St. Petersburg journals contain an Ukase prohibiting the export of silver in bullion, or coin by sea from Russia, the kingdom of Poland and the Principality of Friedland. The import of gold and silver remains free as before.

ITALY.

Letters from Rome to the 24 ult., state that the Papal Court looks forward with anxiety to the opening of the British Parliament.

Lord and Lady Fielding, and other noble converts who are in Rome, are looked upon with the greatest contempt by the Roman people; who would, many of them, become Protestants but for the fear of the Inquisition.

The persecution of the Protestants still continues, and no religion is tolerated except the stoutest popery.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 14.

By the arrival of the steamer Mexico, we are in the receipt of 15 day's later news from California. In a political point of view, there is no material change—every thing is going on quietly.

The health of the country is good, and business is prospering. All kinds of produce is abundant.

The prices of flour and provisions were favoring buyers.

The mining operations continue successful.

The Legislature convened on the 7th ult. The Governor's message is represented as being a straight forward, sensible document.

No election has yet taken place for U. S. Senator, which is a subject of much speculation. It is asserted that the Democrats will elect their candidate, but not Col. Freemont.

The Mexico has also arrived here with dates to the 16th ult.

Gov. Burnett has resigned. Mr. McDougal was inaugurated Governor in his place, and David Brodwick appointed President of the Senate.

Mr. Butler King had arrived at San Francisco. Great excitement was caused by new discoveries of gold on Bessels sand coast, the richness of which were wonderful. Other discoveries have also been made.

American flour was selling at $12,50 ₽ bbl, which is less than cost.

The city of Conception, in Chili, has been destroyed by an earthquake.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.

SENATE—Mr. Hamblin presented a petition from citizens of Maine, asking a suspension of the Fugitive Slave Law, which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Acheson moved the reconsideration of the vote by which the petition was referred, and after a long debate, the motion was agreed to, and the petition laid on the table.

The bill from the House for the reduction of postage was then taken up.

Mr. Seward moved to amend by fixing the rate on all letters pre-paid at two cents.

Without taking a vote on the question, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE—A motion was made that the General Appropriation Bills be made the special order of the day for to-morrow, and from day to day, until disposed of, which was rejected.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, and took up the bill making appropriations for rivers and harbors.

Mr. McLane, of Maryland, defended the bill.

Mr. Morse replied, and accused Mr. McLane of inconsistency as a Democrat.

Mr. McLane defended himself, and retorted the charge of inconsistency on Mr. Morse, after answering the objections which had been made to the bill.

Mr. Morse replied—reiterating that Mr. McLane's support of the River and Harbor Bill was not Democratic; and that the gentleman acted inconsistently with his former course.

Several amendments were offered, debated, and voted down. One only, by Mr. Clark, was adopted, appropriating $100,000 for the improvement of Sackett's Harbor: and removing a United States ship sunk there.

The House went into session at half past 5 o'clock, when the report closes.

THE FUGITIVE SLAVE CASE.

BOSTON, Feb. 14.

P. Riley, the Chief Deputy Marshal here, at the head of affairs in the absence of Devens, published a statement to-day, stating that he had applied to Commodore Downs for leave to place the fugitive, Frederick Wilkins, at the Navy Yard, for safe keeping, but the Commodore refused to take any part in the matter. He also applied to the Mayor, and City Marshall for aid to keep the prisoner, but without success.

The fugitive's whereabouts is not yet known. It is supposed that he is on his way to Canada, via Burlington. No arrest have been made.

IMPORTANT FROM THE RIO GRANDE.

BOSTON, Feb. 17.

The barque Wyman, arrived at Salem, from the Rio Grande, reports that extensive preparations are making there for an expected outbreak, with the Rowas. A large force is already on the Rio Grande.

The Wyman passed two vessels, bound in with troops on board.

ST. LOUIS, Feb., 17.

The Pacific, Hanibal, and St. Joseph Railroad bill has passed both Houses of the Legislature.

LOUISVILLE, Feb., 17.

The river is still rising, and there are now nine feet on the falls.

The steamer Silas Wright passed up to-day.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.

Business is becoming more active.

Cotton—Is held firmly at former prices.

Flour—The market is quiet, with sales of 500 bbls standard, and good brands at $4,50 and of one lot at $4,45 ₽ bbl. Sales for city use at $5,50@$4,62 for common and select brands, $4,81@$5,12½ for extra and fancy, for Nancy Western. Rye Flour is held at $3,50 ₽ bbl.

Corn Meal—Small sales at $2,37 ₽ bbl.

Grain—Wheat continues in limited demand, with small sales of red at 95@103 for ordinary to good qualities, and 2,000 bush prime Penna. white, to go out of the market, at 112c ₽ bush.

The supplies of corn continue small, with about 3,000 bush yellow at 61½c, afloat, and 62c from store. Oats are in fair demand at previous prices.

Clover Seed—Is in fair demand, with sales at $6@5 50 ₽ bushel, for fair and good qualities.

Whiskey—Supplies arriving more freely, and prices are lower. Sales in barrels at 24c ₽ gallon.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

February 17.

Flour—Sales of 550 bbls. H. Street at $4 50—260 bbls., at $4 45¾. Sales 100 bbls. C. Mills at $4 50. Sales of rye flour at $3 25.

Wheat—Sales red at 100c. From wagons we quote at 100@103. Sales white corn at 60@62c and 66@67 for yellow. Oats 42@45. Clover seed $5 18¾@5 25.

Whisky 26 in barrels.

NEW YORK MARKET.

EVENING REPORT.

February 17.

'Cotton—Prices have declined ¼ to ⅛c ₽ lb, with sales to-day of 1000 bales.

Flour—The market is firm, with sales 5000 bbls at $4.68@4.94 for Indiana and Michigan, and $4,75@4,87 for common Ohio.

Grain—Wheat is active; Corn is dull, with sales at 9000 bushels at 60c for yellow, and 67c for white.

Provisions—Pork is firmer, with sales of 300 bbls at $12,37@12,50 for mess, and $9,37 for prime. Beef is steady, with sales of 200 bbls at $8,50 for mess, and $6@7 for country prime. Beef is dull at $15 for prime mess. Lard is quiet, with sales of 200 bbls at 8⅛@8¾ ₽ lb.

Whiskey—Is firm, with sales 250 bbls at 25@25½ ₽ gall.

Groceries—Coffee is steady, with sales of 200 bags common Rio at 11@11½c. Sugars are quiet, with sales of 100 hhds Orleans at 5¾@6c ₽ lb. Molasses is moderately active, with sales 250 bbls Orleans at 30c ₽ gall.

Linseed Oil—The market is firm, with sales of 3,000 galls at 90c ₽ gall.

Tobacco—Is active, sales 50 hhds Ky. leaf at 10c ₽ lb.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 17.

Provisions continue to tend upwards; 60 hhds bacon sides sold at 7c; 30,000 pieces sides and shoulders, dry salted, at 4¼@4½c. A sale on Saturday, at St. Louis, of 15,000 hhds mess pork, at $12 ₽ bbl, delivered. This is the largest sale on record.

Mess Pork is held firmly, at $11,75.

The river is in fine navigable order, and freights plenty and firm.

Linen and House Furnishing Goods.

A. MASON & CO., No. 62 and 64 Market street, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of the following goods, of the best manufacture.

Table Cloths, Damask and Diaper
Napkins, Doylies, Doylas, &c. &c.
Towels, Huckaber, Diaper and Damask
Diapers, Russia, Scotch and Bird Eye
Linen Lawns and Linen Cambrics
Sheet and Linen Damask, all widths
Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs
10-4 Allendale Sheetings, 10-4 Boston do
5-4 Atlantic Sheetings, 40 inch pillow casing, &c. &c.
feb5

HOUSES, FARMS, &c.

TO LET—Two offices on the lower floor corner Market and Water streets, fronting on Water street, each 18 feet.
Also, two rooms same size as the above, on the second floor, with separate entrance from Water street.
All of these rooms are suitable for Insurance Offices, &c., and are situated in the most favorable place for business on the wharf.
POLLARD McCORMICK.
feb17d3w

FOR RENT—One large three story brick house and store, situated on the corner of Third and Grant streets, finished in modern style with hot and cold baths, and lighted with gas, suitable for private family or boarding house. Possession on the first of April. Enquire of SAMUEL ROBINSON,
Manchester, or
Z. ARTHURS,
feb15d3tr 44 Grant st., Pittsburgh.
(Journal copy.)

FOR RENT—The Warehouse No. 26 Wood street, from 1st April. For terms, inquire on the premises. feb12d3t

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR RENT—The dwelling house formerly occupied by the subscriber, near Manchester, situate on the Island road, the Allegheny and Manchester Plank Road, with carriage house, stable and other out houses, and about an acre of ground. Possession given on 1st April next. Apply to
WM. BAKEWELL,
feb14d1w Office on Grant st. Pittsburgh

VALUABLE MILLS, FARMS, AND LOTS FOR SALE—Two large Flour Mills and a Saw Mill on the Beaver Creek, with the necessary water power. Also, a well improved Farm in Lawrence county. Price $6000.—Also, a Farm of 115 acres, on the Ohio river, three miles below Beaver, for $4,200. Also, one of 140 acres, on the Ohio river, 6 miles below Beaver, for $32 per acre. Also, 800 acres for $18 per acre. Also, farms of 150, 125, and 90 acres, for $25 per acre. Also, 115 acres for 312, and 20 acres for $15 per acre, together with many others of various sizes and prices. Enquire of
N. P. & G. L. D. FETTERMAN,
Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents.
feb10 No 107 4th st. Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—The store on Market st., now occupied by C. Yeager as a Variety Store. Possession given on 1st day of April next.
WM. McLINTOCK, 85 4th st.
feb7

FOR SALE OR RENT—Eleven acres of ground, situated on the turnpike, one mile east of Wilkersville; also known by the name of Lutz's dwelling house, good stabling, &c. The ground is all nearly level, and being bounded in front by the Seventy Six road, and extending back to the Penna. Railroad. It is one of the most desirable locations in the vicinity of the city that is now in the market. Enquire of
WM. YOUNG & CO.
feb7d2w 191 Liberty st

TO LET—A Warehouse situated between Wood and Market, and running through from Water to Second street, presently occupied by Seafe & Atkinson. It is suitable for manufacturing or storing purposes. Enquire of
SEAFE, ATKINSON & OKELY.
feb6

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE—The subscriber offers for sale the house and lot situate in the most pleasant part of the borough of Beaver, fronting on the Diamond 120 feet, and on Market street 240 feet. The house is well constructed for comfort and convenience, with an abundance of water at the door. The lot is well stored with choice fruit trees and shrubbery. The above property is very desirable for a gentleman of private residence. Also, part of lot No. 147, 60 feet front, and 300 feet back, adjoining.
MRS. SUSAN COCHRAN, Canonsburg.
For further particulars, inquire of
DANIEL RISINGER, Agent,
Beaver, Jan. 30, '51. [feb22w*]

FOR RENT—A good brick stable on Strawberry Alley, between Liberty and Smithfield streets. Also, a good stable on Fourth street, near Grant, which could be easily made to accommodate six or eight horses. The building has large second story attached, and would be very suitable as a place of storage for merchandise. Enquire of JAMES M. BASKEY,
feb6d3tr No. 177 Smithfield, or No. 27 Sixth st.

POSITIVE SALE—A large number of building lots, in the most desirable situations, in the borough of Birmingham, East Birmingham and South Pittsburgh, is offered for sale low and on accommodating terms. Bargains may be had by application to
BAIRD & IRVIN, 114 Second st.
Baird & Irvin offer also for sale thirty-eight lots on Pennsylvania Avenue. For terms and further particulars apply as above. feb5

FOR RENT—A warehouse situated on Water street, between Market and Ferry, suitable for produce business. Enquire of
W. H. JOHNSTON, Agt.
feb4 No. 68 Market street.

FOR RENT—The dwelling house and all surrounding grounds, now occupied by myself, at the head of Hyde street, in the Eighth Ward. Persons wishing to find a location free from smoke and bustle, and yet regular in the city, can find here such a place. It is within fifteen minutes walk of any business part of the city.
JAS. W. BUCHANAN.

Very Valuable City Property for Sale.

THE undersigned Administrators of the estate of Thomas Fairman, deceased, offer for sale the entire real estate of the said Thomas Fairman, consisting of one 20 feet lot fronting on Liberty street, running back to a ten feet alley. Also, the tavern stand known as the Mansion House, with the commodious and suitable connected, fronting on Plum alley, thirty three feet four inches. Also, three lots fronting on Cherry alley, each eighteen feet front, and running back eighty feet parallel with the alley, all of which property will be sold at private sale, by application to the subscribers, or if not sold before the first of March, will be offered at auction to the highest bidders.
Also, the Tavern stand is offered for rent. Apply to
R. FAIRMAN, Jr.
DAVID FAIRMAN,
jan29-d1m2w 151 Liberty st

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—The undersigned offers for sale a large number of valuable building lots, and some very desirable sites for manufactories, in the Borough of Birmingham, located near the new Public School House and English Lutheran Church.

The rapid growth of Birmingham in population and manufacturing wealth, and the reasonable prices at which lots will be sold, will render them a safe and profitable investment. Title perfect. Terms favorable.