TWO CENTS.

SCRANTON, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 28, 1902.

TWO CENTS.

FIRST MEETING OF STRIKE CONFERENCE

Full Representation of Both Operaand Miners at Washin gton Yesterday.

COMMISSION TO MEET NEXT IN SCRANTON

Objects to the Presence of itchell as Representative of Anthracite Miners-The Reition of the United Mine kers, However, Bids Fair to Be of the Knotty Problems Before Commission-Mr. Truesdale's lans-Examination of the Condition of Miners Will Begin in the City of Scranton Thursday.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, Oct. 27 .- The anthracite coal strike commission today in the hearing room of the inter-state commerce commission held its first conference with the parties to the controversy in the anthracite regions. There was a full representation of both operators and miners and members of the press, and a numebr of other interested parties were present. The commission occupied the elevated seats generally filled by members of the inter-state commission, Judge Gray, as president, occupying the center seat, and Messrs Wright, Watkins and Clarke the seats to the right of him in the order named, while General Wilson, Bishop Spalding and Mr. Parker sat on the left in order of their names. The proceedings covered about two hours time and were given up entirely to a discussion of the time and method of proceeding with the proposed investigation.

The commission decided to begin its work next Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, the first days of the investigation to be devoted to an examination of the mines and the homes of the miners, starting in the vicinity of Scranton, The entire anthracite field will be covered.

There was considerable discussion over a proposition made by the commission to have the expert accountants appointed to audit statements of wages nd classification of miners to be made by the operators for the use of the commission, but no result was reached on this point beyond the announcemen by the chairman of the commission's intention to appoint such an accountant in case his services should be found necessary.

During the progress of the meeeting. Mr. Mitchell, as the representative of the miners, presented a copy of the original declaration of the miners as formulated by the Shamokin convention, as the basis of the demands of the miners. This demand is first for an increase of 20 per cent, in wages for those not engaged by the day, second a reduction of 20 per cent, in working hours of those engaged by the day third the payment for coal mined by weight at a minimum rate of 60 cents per ton of 2,240 pounds, fourth a wage agreement between the operators and the miners for an adjustment of wages,

Mr. Baer, on the part of the coal operators, took exception to Mr. Mitchell's appearance before the commission as a representative of the Mine Workers union, but said that he had no objection to his present as a representative of the strikers as such in their individual The commission made no attempt to settle the controversy, but it was made apparent that the recognition of the Miners' union will be an Important and knotty problem for the arbitrators.

Representatives Present.

Mr. Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers and District President Fahy appeared for the miners and the coal carrying roads were represented as follows:

President Baer, of the Philadelphia and Reading; E. B. Thomas, chairman of the board of the Pennsylvania Coal company and Hillside Coal and Iron company; Alfred Walter, president of the Lehigh Valley; Truesdale, president of the Delawar Lackawanna and Western; David Wilcox, vice president of the Delaward and Hudson; John B. Kerr, vice presi dent of the Scranton Coal company and Elkhill Coal and Iron company; J. H. Torrey, attorney for the Delaware and Hudson, and Francis I. Gowan, attor-

ney for the Lehigh Valley company. Before opening the proceedings members of the commission and the representatives of the contesting parties were photographed. Judge Gray, the president of the commission, ther read the order of the president creating the commission and in a general way outlined the proceedure to be fol lowed in the presentation of the issues He stated that in accordance with the immemorial practice among Englishspeaking peoples the commission would irst receive the statements or demands of the miners who were to be regarded for the purposes of this case, as the The reply of the other side would then be heard, Judge Gray in order that the commission might have before it a definite issue, At the conclusion of Judge Gray's re marks. Mr. Mitchell stated that he had with him the formal demands made by the miners upon the operators, and at the suggestion of Judge Gray, he read the statement of the miners' demands adopted by the Shamokin convention, the rejection of which resulted in the

Walter Edward Weyl was also present as a representative of the miners The hearing room was crowded with people interested in the case and with spectators.

Baer objected to the ap-Preside Mr. Mitchell as a repre-he United Mine Workers "Undou sentative of America at said he had no objecgrainst Mr. Mitchell's aption to offe epresentative of the anpearance as thracite cost Baer's object is to avoid the recogne Workers' union as an organizati that the obje status were no He said that h Speared as a repre-

from mentioning the union. ed to the commission that it proceed at in accord with the wishes of the miners mee to the coal fields in order that it might be informed at the outset as to conditions there.

It was agreed that Mr. Mitchell should file with the commission next Monday a detailed statement of the claims of the miners. The statement he read today was a preliminary statement of the case. The report of the operators announced that they would file an answer to the statement to be filed by Mr. Mitchell on Monday within three days of that time. It was suggested that each side to the controversy appoint an expert to go through the books of the coal companies for the purpose of securing data upon which to work, but President Baer and other representatives of the companies immediately objected and suggested that they would furnish whatever information is needed. This question precipitated a long discussion in which the coal presidents and the miners' repre sentatives took part.

Preceding the discussion over the opening the books to the experts, Mr. Baer said the operators would be prepared to meet the miners in the region and to assist in giving all information. Many of the individual operators are not represented, and they were not consulted and were not compromised

by the letter he had written. Judge Gray suggested that they could be represented. At the meeting next Monday they would determine which of he companies would be taken first and the place of meeting would be determined by the location of the coal company taken up.

Will Contend for Sliding Scale. Mr. Baer made a point of saying that the case of each company would be dealt with separately. He would contend for the sliding scale in the regulation of wages.

"I shall urge the adoption of that profit-sharing plan," he said, "which gave us peace formerly in our relation employes. Mr. Thomas, of the Hillside and

Pennsylvania Coa! company, said he noticed that the word "arbitration" had been applied to the commission's work, while he wanted it considered as an nvestigation.

Judge Gray said the president's instruction settled that as an arbitration. Mr. Thomas also urged that the conlitions in each of the mining companies were different and could only be considered separately. He thought more progress could be made by a physical examination of the coal region. hought that as many of the interests nvolved in the controversy were represented in New York, some of the hearngs should be held in that city.

The suggestion that both sides anpoint experts to examine the books of the companies was made by Judge Gray, the chairman of the commission He said it would be a good plan for he two opposing interests in the case to agree that tabulated statements relaive to existing rates of wages in diferent localities of the mining region be taken from the books of the operators by two expert accountants, one to be named by the operators, and one by the miners. Mr. Baer, after expressing his disinclination to accept this suggesion, said that his company would submit their pay-rolls under oath of their accountant. He said they now had seventy clerks who were working day end night in compiling data for the

commission. President Mitchell said that it would acilitate the work of the commission if t would accept a general statement on hose issues that affect all the companies and mine workers alike, for instance, the question of shorter hours.

Mr. Truesdale's Plan.

Mr. Truesdale said his company had plan by which it was hoped to speedly adjust the differences between his ompany and the men. This plan was for the miners to appoint a commission to meet a committee of his company and discuss their grievances, and if there were any such that could not be settled, then those issues should go before the commission for final arbitra-

Vice President Wilcox, speaking for his company, said that the whole matter was one of figures. Dr. Weyl, for the miners, said that if the suggestions the chairman were accepted, Mr. Mitchell and himself would not present the statistics they had prepared, because they were ready to that these figures were not as full and correct as they would be if taken from the companies' books. Mr. Baer, however, thought that these statistics would e a check on the companies' payrolls and should be presented

Mr. Mitchell responded that he would not be insistent on the subject, and, turning to Mr. Baer, said:

"If we are able to agree as to what rates are paid for different classes of workmen, their monthly and annual earnings, that would form a basis of any argument that might be made on either side."

Judge Gray expressed the opinion that it would be a criminal waste of time to dispute over facts that could Frederick W. Denniston, Wilkes-Barre, be accurately ascertained without dis-

"their interpretation is another thing." Mr. Mitchell said it was his desire to facilitate matters, and that there should be mutual agreement on the sion of \$6.

facts, and that controversies should be eliminated if possible.

"That is the only object we have it said he, "in asking that the rates of wages as shown by the companies' books be verified in advance." President Baer responded by saying at the men would know whether the ompanies' payrolls were right and that no issue would arise on that sub-

"Will your statement give the different classes of workmen?" inquired Mr.

"Undoubtedly," said Mr. Baer. After further controversy between the members of the commission and the miners and mine representatives, Judge tiners generally. Mr. Gray modified his suggestion, this tim presenting it in the shape of a propo sition that only one expert accountant Mr. Mitchell replied be appointed, who should analyze the hs raised as to his statement made by both sides to the controversy and verify the facts for the controversy and verify the facts for the consideration of the commission. Mr. sentative of the anthracite coal miners Baer promptly accepted this suggesand distinctly refrained in his reply tion, and Mr. Mitchell followed suit after a brief examination on his part Presidents Baer and Thomas suggest- He said that the plan was not entirely who are anxious to avoid all contro versy as to the interpretation of figures. President Gray then announced that the commission for the present would proceed without appointing an expert but that it would require that state-ments should be prepared, and, then he added, an accountant could be secured in case it was found his services

Suggestions of Mr. Watkins.

were needed.

The question of examining by the commission into the conditions under which the mining of anthracite coal is onducted was then entered on and Mr. Watkins, of the commission, suggested hat a week or ten days' time would be necessary in order to make an adequate examination of the physical conditions about the mines. He appealed to Mr Phomas for his opinion as to the time necessary, and that gentleman replied;

ime. I should think that thirty days would be none too little. We've grown gray in our study of that question." Mr. Baer also fell in with the suggestion, saying that it would be impossible to do justice to the investigation without a complete physical inspection of the mines and the methods of operating them. Mr. Mitchell thought that not only should there be an inspection of the mines, but also of the homes of the miners. He considered this investiga-

tion necessary to a complete under-

"You will certainly need that much

standing of the subject. After consulting members of the comnission, President Gray announced that Phursday, commencing its work in District No. 1, in which the city of Scranton is located. While no conclusion was reached on the subject, the conversaion among members of the commission indicated that it is their purpose to investigate the mining operations in a ject was being considered, Mr. Baer said that the mine operators would all facilities at their command to enable the commission to make its he applied for it. investigation thorough. He said they would place a special train at the disposal of the commission, providing also for the accommodation of a represen-

tative of the miners. The public meeting of the commission then came to a close, and the commissioners retired for the purpose of private consultation. They first took up the question which had been raised by the proffer of a special train by Mr. Baer and unanimously decided not to dent Stevenson, ex-Senator Hill, epting no favors and relying on the government to reimburse them if so

Official stenographers to report the proceedings of the commission, and also o act as secretaries, were appointed, An agreement was reached to leave the Hotel Jermyn, in Scranton, at 9 o'clock next Thursday morning for the first tour of inspection. There was, however, no agreement as to what mines should be visited first, that point being left for future determination.

WILL TAKE VOTE OF SOLDIERS.

Commissioner Appointed by Governor Stone-The Ballots. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, Oct. 27. - Commissioners were appointed by Governor Stone today to take the vote of the following military organizations on duty in the coal regions, although it pected that all or nearly all of the troops n the field will be sent home before elec-

Fig. regiment, Robert Brannan, Phila-elphia; Third regiment, Joseph P. Bosers, Philadelphia; Sixteenth regiment, Cotonel W. J. Hulings, Mount Carmel; Thir teenth regiment, Colonel H. A. Coursen Scranton; First City troop, Charles E, Bartlett, Philadelphia; Second City troop, Albert B, Kelley, Philadelphia; Governor's troop, Captain F. M. Ott, Wilkes-Barre; Sheridan troop, Captain C. S. W. Jones, Shenandoah. If any of the organizations are to remain on duty until after elec-tion it will be these. The ballots fur-nished the soldiers will have blank spaces under the names of the candidates of or-fices to be filled so that each voter will have to write in the blanks the names of the candidates for whom he vote. Copies of the ballots and lists of andidates must be furnished by the co ties in which the companies are recruited

Mule Drivers Discharged.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Mt. Carmel, Pa., Oct. 27.-Because the nule team drivers at the Locust Spring colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company today refused to put the harness on the mules they were all discharged. This work has always been the duty of the underground stable but he was dismissed for participa ting in the strike and the fire attempted to temporarily fill his place failed to do the work

Member of Board of Pension Appeals By Exclusive Wise from The Associated Press. Washington, Oct. 27.-Secretary Hitch cock has appointed as an additional mem her of the board of pension appears

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, Oct. 27.-Thomas F. Martin, of Pittston, has been granted a pen-

MINING MOVES MERRILY ON

More Goal Taken Out Yesterday Than on Any Other Day Since the Region Resumed.

INDIVIDUAL OPERATORS HAVE SOME TROUBLE

The Lackawanna, the Delaware and Hudson, and the Lehigh Valley; Erie, and Ontario and Western All Have Large Outputs-Heavy Trains of Coal Moving Toward the Seaboard Points-The Militia Idle and Time Hangs Heavy Upon the Hands of the Soldiers.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Oct. 27.-More coal was mined and more men were employed in mining it today than any day since the mines in the anthracite region esumed work. The only districts that lag behind in the output are Lehigh and Mahanoy. The individual operators and their employes in those districts are still at loggerheads. In the Wyoning and Lackawanna regions all the collieries are in operation with the exception of a few, which are still under water. The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, the Delaware and Hudson, the Lehigh Valley, the Temple Coal and Iron company, the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre, the Erie and Ontario and Western all had large outputs today, and heavy trains of coal were moved rapidly to seaboard points. The miners and laborers who left the region during the strike are returning in large numbers. Passenger traffic on the Pennsylvania rallroad, between Pittsburg and the hard coal region points, is especially heavy. In order to accommodate the rush, nearly all trains eastward-bound are compelled to carry extra coaches. The Eighth and Ninth regiments of the state militia, which are stationed in the Wyoming and Lackawanna valleys, have nothing to do these days and time would begin its inspection next is beginning to hang heavy on the hands of the soldiers. Neither regiment went out on any marches today, as there was no call for troops from any of the mines. Some petty cases of quarreling between union and non-union men continue to be reported, but nothing serious. At the Exeter mine of number of the mines. While the sub- the Lehigh Valley Coal company today, eight men were discharged because they would not do the work of a driver boy who was refused his place when

NEW YORK DEMOCRATS

HOLD MASS MEETING Grand Pow-Wow at Madison Square Garden-Noted Speakers.

Special to the Scranton Tribune. New York, Oct. 27.-At a Demo cratic mass meeting tonight in Madison Square Garden, former Vice Presiaccept the train. The exchange of views | New York; Senator James K. Jones, which followed brought out the fact of Arkansas; Congressman Griggs, of that the commissioners expect person- Georgia; Bird S. Coler, Democratic ally to pay all of their expenses, ac- candidate for governor; W. R. Hearst, president of the National Association of Democratic clubs, and Congressman Sulzer, of New York, were among the speakers. Senator Jones was the pre-

siding officer. Mr. Hearst, who devoted himself to the trust question, which, he said, was the great issue of this campaign. He declared that "the Republican party as a political institution is under so many obligations to the trusts that it will never legislate against them, or even Remarkable Track Performance a enforce against them the laws which already exist.

Ex-Senator Hill, dealt for the most part, with state Issues, reiterating his charges against the administration of Governor Odell. Almost every department of the state government, he asserted, "is dominated by the most odious and autocratic political machinery that was ever fastened upon the people of this state.

STAYED WITH YOUNG CORBETT. Young Erne of Philadelphia Displays

Great Endurance. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Philadelphia, Oct. 27,-"Young" Erne of this city, managed to stay six rounds with "Young" Corbett, the featherweight champion, tonight, at the Washington Sporting club. During the six rounds Erne was down twenty-four times, but only one of these falls was the result of a fair knockdown blow. Corbett rushed the fighting from the start, and almost every time he crowded Erne, the latter would go to his knees either to rest or avoid punish ment. At the close of the fourth round. Corbett caught Erne with a swinging blow squarely on the mouth, sending him in a heap to the floor. He prob ably would have been counted out had not the bell saved him. Urne showed considerable cleverness

but he was no match for his adversary Will Remain Until Election.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press, Hazleton, Oct. 27 .- Colonel Bowman, ommand of the First regiment, station here, tonight instructed the adjutants and company clerks to prepare lists of the of-ficers and men together with the resi-dence to be used if necessary, in taking the vote of the regiment in the field on election day. This seems to indicate that the troops here will not be recalled until

DEATHS OF A DAY.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press Cleveland, O., Oct. 27 .- P. S. Blodgett general manager of the Lake Shore rail-way, died today at his residence in this city after a long illness. Mr. Blodgett was 59 years of age. He was widely known in the rallway world. Dropsy was the direct cause of death

JUDGE PENNYPACKER AT BETHLEHEM.

Campaigning Party Is Welcomed by Several Thousand People.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Bethlehem. Oct. 27.-Several thous and people turned out to welcome Judge Pennypacker and his campaigning party here tonight, on their only visit to the Eighth congressional district. The enthusiastic meeting was held in the Market house and was preceded by a street parade with brass bands and scores of citizens carrying Pennypacker banners.

Prof. Preston A. Lambert, of Lehigh university, presided at the mass meetng and five hundred Lehigh students gave the college yell, tacking on the word Lambert with three hearty Pennypackers. There were four speakers. Judge Pennypacker, suffering from a slight cold, discussed the Issues of the day, and was followed by General Frank Reeder, of Easton; Hon. W. M. Brown, candidate for lieutenant governor; Hon. W. I. Schueffer, of Delaware county. It is believed that fully three thousand people from all sections of the congressional district shook hands with Judge Pennypacker and Mr. Brown during their short stay in Beth-

AFFAIRS OF HAIWAII ARE REVIEWED

Conditions of the Island as Indicated by Report of Governor Dole-His Recommendations.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated I ress. Washington, Oct. 27.-The affairs of Hawali during the last fiscal year are reviewed in the annual report of Governor Dole, of that territory, which has been just submitted to the interlar department. The report shows that the total cash on hand in the territorial government on June 30, 1902, was \$287,-131. The total amount of property subject to ad volorem taxes, according to assessment appraisements, was \$110. 314.184. An income tax, imposed by the legislature of 1901, realized \$287,366 during the fiscal year. The report submits the estimates for appropriations by congress for the next fiscal year, aggregating \$1,106,000, of which \$750,000 is for the construction of a breakwater at Hilo Harbor: \$250,000 for widening channel, Honolulu harbor, and dredging channel entrance and harbor to a depth of thirty feet, low water: \$22,000 for a postoffice and a custom house at Hilo, and \$78,000 for erection and maintenance of lighthouses.

The governor makes the following recommendations:

That the federal government assume the management of all Hawaiian lighthouses, harbors and harbor improvement, the maintenance of a forester to establish a forestry system; that the payment of the claims commission, aggregating \$1.473.173 as indemnity for damages to property caused by the board of health in 1898, be assumed by the United States gov ernment, or as an alternative that the customs receipts collected at Hawaiian ports be paid to the treasury of the terri tory; provision for a federal building at Honolulu, the receipt of Hawaiian silver coins in exchange for United States silver coins of like denominations, authority for a limited immigration of Chinese labor ers, subject to deportation at their own expense if they cease hiring out in agri cultural work; authority for the governo ters belonging to the public lands and au thority for the governor to suspend cer-tain officers and appoint their successors until the succeeding session of the Ha

The number of pupils in all schools i Hawaii is now 17,518, an increase of 7 per cent, over ten years ago. The death rate from leprosy has shown a market ecrease for the last decade, largely to better sanitary conditions at the Mo lokal settlement. The number of pa tients there on June 30 last was 915.

BEAT THE WORLD'S RECORD. Memphis, Tenn.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 27,-The special match race for \$12,000 a side between the pacers Prince Alert and Sir Albert S., on heat, at half a mile, resulted in an eas; victory for the former at the Memphis Driving park this afternoon, in the remarkable time of 57% seconds. This es-tablishes a new world's record for this distance in a race, beating the forme time by 2½ seconds. The contest was not satisfactory in all its details. After scoring several times, the horses got awa from the half pole in perfect alignme Sanders immediately sent Sir Albert forward and he led Prince Alert by two lengths. At the quarter pole, Sanders increased his lead by three lengths and the timers bung out 281g for the quarte Making the turn for home. Sir Albert S still in a commanding lead, broke badly and Prince Alert forged to the front and won by three lengths. Many expressed the opinion that had Sir Albert S. kept his fect, the result would have been different and the time reduced a

Strike of the Snappers.

The former record was held by Audobon

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Pittsburg, Oct. 27.—The strike of the mappers at the Arnold works of the American Window Glass company was ended today. The men had repudiated the wage settlement made by their organiza-After an idleness of about a refused. cek, the strikers returned to work as the rate of wages being paid in other About 1.000 men were out of strike.

Wu Ting-fang Recalled. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Oct. 27.-Wu Ting-fang, the Chinese minister, has been recalled to his country by a special edict which was received by him today. He is ordered to return by the most direct route to Shang hat and will leave as soon as he can paceffects, probably within two weeks He will become minister of commerce and will also be a member of the joint com nission to negotiate commercial treaties.

Scotch Miners Want Increase. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Glasgow. Oct. 27.—The Scotch miner have demanded an increase of 12% pe have demanded an increase of 12½ per cent in wages, about 70,000 miners are affeeted.

SENATOR HOAR **DEFINES TRUSTS**

MOTION TO QUASH WRIT.

Granted in the Wadsworth Habeas Corpus Case.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Pottsville, Pa., Oct. 27 .- The court today granted a motion to quash the habeas corpus proceedings to secure the body of Private Arthur Wadsworth, of the Eighteenth regiment, charged with the murder of William Durham at Shenandoah. Durham was shot and killed by Wadsworth, who was guarding a house that had been dynamited several times. It was night and Wadsworth commanded Durham, who was approaching the house, to halt. The order was not obeyed and Wadsworth

The motion will be argued on Monday, November 10. Deputy Attorney-General Fleitz and John F. Whalen, solicitor for the Reading company, appeared for the commonwealth and presented the motion. Judge Advocate J W. Oakford appeared for the guard. In addition to the other troops ordered home, General Miller this afternoon issued an order withdrawing the Eighteenth regiment, commanded by Colonel Rutledge.

By the time the case comes up for orgument, Wadsworth will have returned to civil life. The case will be pressed to a decision in the highest courts of the state. There are no decisions in this state on the right of the civil authorities to arrest a man who has obeyed orders and shot a man while doing military duty. It is the desire of the officers of the guard that this matter be definitely settled for all time.

THE IRISH AGITATORS AT PHILADELPHIA

A Hearty Welcome Extended Redmond, Blake, Dillon and Davitt. About \$8,000 Raised.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Philadelphia, Oct. 27.-Advocates of Irish liberty filled the Academy of Music and Horticultural hall tonight and extended a welcome to the Irish parliamentary envoys, John E. Redmond, Edmund Blake, John Dillon and Michael Davitt. About \$8,000 in subscriptions was raised for the Irish league defense fund. The envoys, who arrived at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, were received at the station by the local branch of the league, of which Michael J. Ryan is president. Previous to the meetings, a street parade was held, in which there were many Catholic organizations. Seated on the platform in the Academy of Music were Governor Stone, of Pennsylvania; Archbishop Ryan, Bishop Shanrahan, of Harrisburg; Rev. Martin J. Geraghty, provincial of the Augustinians; Joseph McLaughlin, county president of the Ancient Order of Hibernians; James O'Sullivan, national vice-president of the Ancient Order of Hibernians: Rev L. A. Delury, president of Villa Nova ollege, and several other prominent Irish-Americans. Governor Stone was made chairman of the meeting, and in

taking the chair said he always had a great sympathy for Ireland. He believed absolutely in the right of every nation to govern itself and believes that if there was ever a nation fitted for self-government it was the Irish nation. He said he had great hopes for the future for Ireland.

"It is not a dead isssue," he said, "it is a world question and it is as much alive tonight as it has ever been in history."

John E. Redmond followed Governor Stone. He said not for a quarter of a entury has the struggle between the Irish nation and English misgovernment been so acute in Ireland as it is at this moment. "All the power and wealth of Eng-

land," he said, "are at this moment be ing used crucity and remorselessly to crush the Irish tenantry, to break the spirit of the people. It is the old, old story repeated in another form." John Dillor described in greater detail some of the alleged evils of goverument in Ireland and he was followed y Michael Davitt, who devoted his ad-

iress chiefly to the helpful work of the Irish Land league toward bettering the conditions of the peasantry. Edmund blake discussed the land laws at present in force in Ireland. An overflow meeting was held in Herticaltural hall at which Judge Willam N. Ashman, of this city, presided.

The four Irishmen also spoke at this meeting. The envoys will leave for the west omorrow.

TO VACATE COMPANY HOUSES. Members of Jeddo Union Will No Longer Be Employed by Markles.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 27.—Charles Helferty, president; James Gallagher, secretary: Paul Dunleavy, treasurer, and Henry Shovelin, a member of the relief committee of the Jeddo local union of the United Mine Workers, are among the eight employes occupying company houses of G. B. Markle & Co., at Japan. Oakdale and Foundryville, who were erved with notices by the firm afternoon to vacate the premises within six days. Henry Coll, one of the remaining four, was until recently on the relief committee of the local. The three other men are foreigners.

The company announces that these men will not be re-employed at any of its four collieries.

Steamship Arrivals. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Oct. 27.-Arrived: Lahn, Genoaj Finland, Antwerp; La Gascogne, Havre. Cherbourg—Arrived: Kronprinz Withelm, New York. Sailed: Bremen, from New York. Sicily—Passed: Grosser Kurfurst, New York for Southampton and Bremen; Potsdam, New York for

His Speech at a Ratification of the Republican Ticket of Massachusetts.

WORDS OF PRAISE FOR PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

The Evils of Combination Set Forth in Eight Items-Men Should Be Sent to Washington Who Will Uphold the President's Hands in His Battle for the Interests of the People-Trusts Should Be Curbed, but Not Destroyed.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Boston, Mass., Oct. 27 .- The Chickaawbut club, a Republican dining organization of Dorchester, ratified the

state ticket tonight by listening to an address by Senator George F. Hear. Senator Hoar, in opening, spoke words of praise for President Roosevelt and Governor W. Murray Crane, saying in the national election we are to send men to either uphold the president's hands, or men whose sole object in the next two years will be to hunt him from power. He said that the Democratic party during all its history has been a creator of grievances, never the redresser of them.

Speaking of trusts, Senator Hoan

The evils of trusts are:

1. Destruction of competition. 2. The management of industries by abntee capital.

3. Destruction of local public spirit. Fraudulent capitalizatio Secrecy.

6. Management for the private benefit the officers. 7. The power to corrupt elections and n some cases to corrupt the courts, 8. Indifference to public sentiment. If the first, fourth and fifth can be

ared, the cure of the others, in my opinion, will follow. Now, is it not the duty of wise states-manship to go slowly and carefully in this matter, so we can cure or prevent the without sacrificing or destroying

what is good. He said he would curb trusts, not

destroy them. In concluding Senator Hoar discussed strikes, saying that, to him, if capital

may not also combine "A republic," he said, "cannot live if any body of men undertake to impose their own will upon the lawful freedom of others. I believe the sympathy of all true Americans is on the side of labor and its attempt to better its condition. Capital and wealth will in the end take care of themselves."

MOLINEUX TRIAL.

Mrs. Florence Rogers on the Witness Stand.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, Oct. 27 .- Mrs. Florence B. Rogers, daughter of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams, of whose murder Roland B. Molineaux is accused, was the most conspicuous witness on the stand at the trial today. Her appearance attracted an unusual crowd of women, who followed the examination of the witness with the keenest interest. Mrs. Rogers was subjected to a close examination regarding her relations with Harry Cornish, but little that was significant was elicited in this line of inquiry. Mrs. Rogers related the circumstances of her mother's death imnediately after taking the poison, and identified the glass in which the fatal draught was administered, and from which, she said, she afterwards saw Cornish drink. The greater part of the session was devoted to the examination of hand-writing experts, who testified to the identity of specimens of Molineux's admitted handwriting, with the address on the poison package and that

of the disputed letters. It was remarked in court after the adjournment that the case for the prosecution would close tomorrow, in which case the case may go to the jury by the end of the week.

Arrested for Murder.

By Exclusive Wire from The Amociated Press. Philadelphia, Oct. 27.-Emanuel Johnson lored, employed as a laborer at the New City filtration plant here, was arrested today on suspicion of having murdered a man at Clinton, Mass., in 1897. He was held to await the action of the Massa Seven murder pects have been arrested at the filtration plant during the present year.

Root Defeats Carter.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Chicago, Oct. 72 - Jack Root, of Chiago, was given the decision over 'Kid' Carter of Brooklyn, at the end of six rounds tonight. The tight was one of the astest between big men that has taken

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER. Y

Highest temperature 56 degrees Relative humidity: 8 a. m. \$3 per cent. Precipitation, 24 hours ended 8 p. m.,

................. WEATHER FORECAST.

25 inch.

Tuesday and

Eastern Pennsylvania Rain and not so warm Tuesday: Wednesday fair, brisk southeast winds becom-ing west.
