Scranton Tribune.

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MITCHELL HONORED BY THE FOREIGNERS

Presented with a Gold Badge and Watch by Polish, Slavish and Lithuanian Mine Workers.

LEADER HAILED AS NAPOLEON OF LABOR

Mr. Mitchell Replies to the Speech of the Representative of the Slavs, Poles and Lithuanians in a Feeling Speech in Which He Claims to Be Proud to Be Regarded Leader of Such Men—Expresses Gratitude for the Gifts and Looks Forward to the Time When Strikes Shall Be No More—He Has No Desire for the Proposed Fund to Be Collected from the Mine Workers.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Wilkes-Barre, Oct. 26.—President Mitchell was in conference with District Presidents Nicholls, Duffy and Fahy for several hours today. He outlined his case as he will present it to the board of arbitration in behalf of the miners, and the same received the approval of the district presidents. This afternoon, President Mitchell was presented with a gold badge and gold watch by the Polish, Lithuanian and Slavish members of the United Mine Workers. The badge bears his monogram, "J. M.," in diamonds, just underneath the bar containing the pin by which it is fastened to the coat lapel. Below this, is the button of the United Mine Workers of America, from which hangs a pendant, a tiny pick and shovel with miner's lamp in the center, underneath of which is a medallion. The seal of the organization in the center is in the form of a breaker boy standing in the midst of a bank of coal.

Paul Pulaski, vice president of District 9, officiated as chairman and master of ceremonies. The presentation took place at President Mitchell's headquarters, and there was a large crowd in attendance. In making the presentation, the chairman of the committee addressed Mr. Mitchell as follows:

Pulaski's Address.

President John Mitchell: We, the undersigned committee representing the inhabitants of our anthracite coal region, of Polish, Ruthenian, Lithuanian and Slovack descent, feeling the most sincere appreciation and the deepest gratitude for your manly, energetic, disinterested self-sacrificing and vigorous conducting of the last anthracite strike, and considering your achievements in finishing the strike in so splendid and vigorous a manner for our cause, do hereby express our most sincere thanks for protecting our interests and for the hard struggle you undertook for us.

Blessed be the moment when you, as Salvator of our troubles and miseries arrived in our midst, and holding high the banner of human rights boldly and courageously stood like a hero against the tempest of mighty and seemingly unconquerable adversaries.

But nothing could withstand your ingenious leadership, and a second Napoleon of labor, your every step was a conquest and a victory.

Receive, dear leader, a thousand-fold blessings of all the poor, hard-working and struggling people who shall teach their children that the embodiment of everything what is pure, just, right and sublime is our president, John Mitchell, these children for whose future you have opened the prospects of a better condition than their fathers have to face, those children for whom you have tried to procure education and delivery from misery and mental darkness.

Thank thee! Hail thee!

Mr. Mitchell's Thanks.

Mr. Mitchell replied as follows:

Gentlemen: In accepting these beautiful tokens presented to me in the name of the Polish, Lithuanian and Slavonian residents of the anthracite coal fields, permit me to express my heartfelt appreciation of this indication of your confidence and friendship.

I have in my life been the recipient of many honors and have enjoyed to a large degree the confidence of those whose interests have been committed to my care, but I beg to assure you that I treasure more than language can express, this additional manifestation of the good will and respect of our people.

When I first came to the anthracite coal fields I found the mine workers disorganized and separated by race prejudices and religious animosities. There was no unity of action and no effective power of resistance, but now they are united, they have grown to know one another better, they recognize the identity of their interests and are prepared to move as one man in the advancement of their common cause.

In the great struggle through which we just passed your people demonstrated their splendid power of endurance; their loyalty and devotion to the cause of labor and unionism was a remarkable tribute to their natural love of justice and fair play.

I am justly proud to be regarded as the leader of such men and if my efforts have contributed to their advancement if I have assisted them to a sense of their rights and responsibilities I feel amply rewarded for what I have done.

These gifts will ever remind me of the duty I owe to the great army of workers who have reposed confidence in me and followed my leadership during these trying times.

I shall regard it a great favor if you will express to the Polish, Lithuanian and Slavonian people my gratitude for the confidence they have so freely given me. I beg you to say to them that my highest ambition shall be to promote the welfore and advance the interests of all the men and women in their labor for a livelihood.

I look forward to the time when strikes shall be no more; when peace and justice and right shall be secured for those who toil; when labor and capital, each recognizing its rights and obligations to society, shall work in harmony for the common welfare of our country and the general good of all our people.

Gentlemen, I thank you with all my heart. I cannot express my feelings to you properly at this time. I wish you all to know that I am proud to have the respect of the great heterogenuous population of the anthracite regions.

Grateful to the Press.

To the representatives of the press published in the languages of Europe—the foreign languages—I desire to express my feelings of gratitude of the able manner in which they have defended the cause of the miners during our recent strike.

When Mr. Mitchell had concluded, brief addresses were made by District Presidents Nicholls, Duffy and Fahy, Louis N. Hammerling, T. Charles Thain and Anthony Schlosses for the miners; John Nemeth and John Slavinski for the foreign citizens; Francis Thain and Anthony Schlosser for the foreign press.

Shortly before 4 o'clock Mr. Mitchell left headquarters for the Lehigh Valley depot. He was accompanied to the station by a large and enthusiastic crowd and when he boarded the train he was cheered and wished God speed. It was one of the happiest days in President Mitchell's experience since the beginning of the strike.

A movement is said to be on foot among the Polish, Lithuanian and Slavish miners to raise a large sum of money for Mr. Mitchell.

Mr. Mitchell said he had no desire for a fund of this character as it would separate him from his fellow workers. He believed that no man can acquire great wealth without wringing it from the toil of some fellow man. He spoke of the labor movement as it stands in the United States today, as an American labor movement. In contradistinction, he referred to the British labor movement, as which in some features, for example, the restriction of the quantity of labor, does not meet with his approval. The American labor movement only wants to restrict hours. It places no fetters on genius or a man's capability.

A large force of men were at work today clearing up the mines for general resumption tomorrow. It is said nearly all the collieries are now in shape for work and that there will be a heavy output of coal tomorrow.

STRIKE COMMISSION READY FOR BUSINESS

All Members Are in Washington. Meeting Will Be Called to Order at 2 p. m. Today.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Oct. 26.—All is in readiness for the meeting tomorrow afternoon of the anthracite coal strike commission. All the members of the commission are in the city and most of the operators or their representatives are here. The meeting will be called to order at 2 o'clock, and the wishes of both parties to the controversy will be considered as to method of procedure in securing testimony. Plans for holding the public sessions, places of meeting and various other details necessary to be settled before the actual work of taking testimony can be begun, will be decided. No testimony will be heard in Washington, as it is not the desire of the commission to compel the attendance of witnesses here, when the evidence they have to give can be secured at greater convenience to them at or near their places of residence.

The commission also will determine whether it will give hearings to persons not having a direct interest in the issues at stake between the miners and operators, but who believe they can give advice of a practical character that will assist the commission in its work. Considerable evidence of this character was taken by the commission which reported on the Chicago strike, but, unfortunately, it was not of material value in assisting that body to arrive at its conclusions.

Five of the mine operators or their representatives arrived here about 9 o'clock tonight, over the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. They included President George F. Baer, of the Reading; E. B. Thomas, of the Erie; John B. Kerr, representing Thomas Fowler, of the Ontario and Western; David Wilcox, of the Delaware and Hudson, and Alfred Walter, representing the Lehigh Valley. They spent the time in the lobby of the hotel chatting, but refrained from discussing for publication their plans for tomorrow. The operators will hear the ideas that the commission has to make for undertaking the work in hands and, if necessary, will suggest such changes as will best secure the results desired.

Strike at Mahanoy City.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Mahanoy, City, Pa., Oct. 26.—The employes of Lentz & Co.'s Park Place colliery, located near this city, decided today by almost unanimous vote not to return to work until eight or ten union men who were dismissed for being too aggressive during the strike, are reinstated. About one thousand men are involved.

Floods and Earthquakes in Rome.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Rome, Oct. 26.—There have been floods in the province of Calabrua, in which several persons were drowned. There also have been renewed earthquake shocks at Reiti, Umbria. A severe earthquake shock was felt at Rieti last night.

Pattison at Pittsburg.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Pittsburg, Oct. 26.—Candidate Pattison and party arrived in this city this afternoon and left at 4.50 p. m., over the Pennsylvania, for Philadelphia. Mr. Guthrie did not accompany them, being billed to speak in this section during the greater part of this week.

SOLDIERS ORDERED HOME.

Three Detachments of the Second Brigade Released.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Shenandoah, Pa., Oct. 26.—General Wiley said tonight that three detachments of the Second brigade had been ordered home this week. The other two regiments will remain until after election day. It will be decided at the conference to be held at Pottsville tomorrow which regiments are to go.

Colonel Rutledge, of the Eighteenth regiment was ordered today by Gen. Wiley to appear at the court house at Pottsville tomorrow in response to the summons issued by the court in the Wadsworth habeas corpus case. The attorneys for the state will move to quash the proceedings. District Attorney McLaughlin will argue against the motion.

ANOTHER PARK AVENUE SUBWAY EXPLOSION

Dynamite Blast at Forty-first Street Injures Workmen—Panic in the Neighborhood.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Oct. 26.—Ever since the big explosion of last winter, folk who live about the immediate vicinity of Park avenue and Forty-first street have been timid, and every few days something happens in the big pit at that point to keep them from regaining a sense of security.

There was a blast there yesterday, which William Bershears, in charge of the work at that point for the Degnon-McLean company, the contractors, says was all according to programme, but it landed two men in the hospital, knocked another senseless, and sent many more hurrying for courtplaster and arnica, while people from the big hotels and private houses rushed panic-stricken into the streets as the rain of rocks and timber which followed a tremendous report rattled about their domiciles.

They are getting so used to that sort of thing in the neighborhood that, it is said, the policeman on whose post the explosion occurred did not think it worth while reporting to the West Thirtieth street station, but word reached there in a roundabout way, and the following names of injured were secured:

GORDON, WILLIAM, 83 Amsterdam avenue, a workman holding a danger flag; scalp wound from flying debris; wound dressed by ambulance surgeon and returned to work.

PIERCE, WILLIAM, 14 years old, 211 East Forty-second street, struck by rock while running through Forty-first street; scalp wound, taken to Flower hospital.

TEMPLE, WILLIAM, 41 years old, of Westchester, foreman of laborers; scalp wound from flying timber, several ribs broken, and internal injuries from rock; taken to New York hospital, will recover.

Just as the big blast went off car 1,256 of the Madison avenue line had stopped at the curve of the track from Park avenue into Forty-second street. It was crowded, the passengers being mostly women shoppers, and it was receiving others from the Grand Central station. Several of its windows fell in splinters, and there was a mad rush for the doors amid cries of terror. Nobody was hurt, but several who were too scared to move were assisted from the car. Policeman Morris of the East Thirty-fifth street station, less accustomed to the surprises of the subway than his neighbor of the Tenderloin, sent word to his station house where excited citizens had also hurried, and under the impression that there had been another calamity, reserves were sent from there, from the substation in the Grand Central station, and finally from the West Thirtieth street station, but there was nothing for them to do.

The people in charge of the work insisted that no heavier charge of dynamite than usual had been used and that the blast had been properly covered. They were not disposed to talk much about the matter, but a theory was advanced that the explosive had happened to act upon a weak seam of rock at the bottom of the pit, which is almost 60 feet below the surface.

After a long discussion, Policeman Kieley of the West Thirtieth street station arrested Patrick J. Foley, forty-four years old, of 372 Willis avenue, the blast foreman; but he was promtly discharged by Magistrate Brann in the Jefferson Market police court, who accepted the statements of other employes that the accident was unavoidable.

PARADE OF THE EIGHTH.

The Members Hope to Receive Orders to Break Camp Tomorrow.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Oct. 26.—The Eighth regiment gave a dress parade at their camp at Duryea this afternoon. A large number of spectators were present. The regiment, which has now been in the field 90 days expects to receive orders to break camp tomorrow or Tuesday. There has been very little sickness among them since they camped at Duryea, but they are longing to return to their homes.

A sad feature of the home-coming will be the fact that they return without their old colonel, Theodore Hoffman, who fell a victim to pneumonia.

Hugh Paget Shot.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

London, Oct. 26.—Almeric Hugh Paget, who married Miss Pauline Whitney, of New York, has been accidently shot by a friend while shooting in the country. After the accident, Mr. Paget was hurriedly sent to London, where it was found necessary to take out one of his eyes. It is believed the sight of the other eye will not be affected.

Deputies Sent Home.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 26.—One hundred deputies, who were on guard at the collieries in this region during the strike, were sent home last night under orders to be ready to return at any time when notified, as it is feared there will be local strikes if all non-union men do not resign their positions.

FREE TRADE UNION IS ADVOCATED

Plan Suggested for the United States, Cuba, Porto Rico, Mexico and Canada.

SCHEME PROPOSED BY GENERAL WILSON

In a Speech Before the Commercial Club of Chicago He Advocates Free Trade with the Island of Cuba as a Means of Extending the Business of This Country and Promoting the Best Interests of the Cubans—He Declares That the Monroe Doctrine Applies to Canada as Well as the Countries of Central and South America.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—A free trade union of the United States with Cuba, Porto Rico, Mexico and Canada against the nations of Europe as a means of extending the commercial supremacy of the United States was advocated by General James H. Wilson, of Wilmington, Del., in a speech before the Commercial club at the Auditorium last night.

General Wilson spoke on the subject, "Our Relations with Cuba," but, after advocating free trade with the island as a means of extending the business of this country and promoting the best interests of the Cubans, he launched into the broader theme, in which he declared he shared in the views of President Roosevelt.

Speaking of Canada, he said that free trade should be given to the Dominion only on condition that it extend the American tariff wall against Great Britain. He declared also that the Monroe doctrine applied to Canada as well as the countries of Central and South America, and should England ever make its government of the colonies oppressive, it would be the duty of the United States to interfere.

A Silly Resolution.

The Teller paragraph to the Cuba resolution passed by congress prior to the Spanish war, which declared that the United States would exercise neither sovereignty, jurisdiction nor control over the island was characterized as "silly" by the speaker. He said that it had been added only because the friends of the resolution feared that they would not pass without it. As for the American occupation of the island after the Spanish had evacuated it, he believed that results would have been better had American troops remained long enough only to have seen a government thrown together inside of six months, instead of staying there three years. The Cubans, he declared, were capable of becoming good citizens and eventually the island would be annexed to the United States.

"Then why delay this by retaining a tariff?" he demanded. "Let us bring it about as soon as possible by removing the tariff altogether.

"The state of Illinois, for instance, does not produce a single thing found in Cuba and neither does Cuba grow or manufacture a thing made in Illinois. It seems to me to be an ideal situation for a free trade agreement."

CENTRAL AMERICAN WAR

German Steamer Hercynia Reports That Considerable Fighting Is Going On.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Kingston, Jamaica, Oct. 26.—The German steamer Hercynia reached here today from Colon, Colombia. Her officers report that considerable fighting is going on in the interior of that country, the revolutionists taking advantage of the withdrawal of government troops for service on the isthmus. At Savanilla, the government soldiers are dying at an alarming rate from fever and privations. While the Hercynia was moored at Savavnilla, there were on the pier the bodies of several soldiers who had died there and whose remains had not been removed. Disease is rife on that part of the coast. The ship's officers had to ship their own cargo at Savanilla and do other work themselves, to perform which Colombians are generally employed, it being impossible to get local help.

The situation on the isthmus remains the same.

THE RUSSIAN POLICE CAPTURE AN ANARCHIST

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 26.—The police have captured an accomplice in the reported plot against Dowager Empress Marie Dagmar of Russia, which was recently unearthed at Copenhagen.

A dispatch from Copenhagen, dated October 4, said the dowager empress of Russia, who is a daughter of King Christian of Denmark, was the object of the strictest surveillance by the police, owing to what they considered to be an authentic report that several Italian anarchists were on their way to Denmark, in order to make an attempt to assassinate her.

Labor Leaders at Philadelphia.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, Oct. 26.—President John Mitchell, of the Miners' union, arrived in this city from Wilkes-Barre today, and left for Washington at 10 o'clock over the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. He was accompanied by District President Thomas Duffy and John Fahy.

CHARGED WITH BURGLARY.

Dominico Rice, Carpenter's Mate, Is Arrested on Board the Franklin.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 26.—Police detectives yesterday arrested on board the United States receiving ship Franklin at the Norfolk navy yard, Dominco Rice, alias Michael Rose, an Italian, rated as carpenter's mate, on the charge of burglary and murder of a detective in Brooklyn last June.

The Norfolk authorities were instructed to look out for the man by the Brooklyn detective bureau, and located him on the Franklin, where he was known as Michael Rose, having enlisted in Philadelphia, July 15th, under that name. The navy department ordered Rice in double irons and turned him over to the civil authorities.

ILLITERACY AMONG THE CHILDREN

A Surprising Difference in Favor of Foreign-Born Young People Is Shown in Census Figures.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The census office has issued a statement, giving a compilation of figures regarding illiteracy among children of immigrants and children of natives. The statement says:

"Confining the comparison to children between the ages of 10 and 14 years in the United states as a whole, 95.6 per cent. of the native white children of native parents and 99.1 per cent. of the native white children of foreign-born parents are able to read and write. This surprising difference in favor of the children of the foreign population is due largely to the fact that the children of the foreign population live mainly in the Northern and Western states, where the public school systems have already reached a high degree of efficiency, while great numbers of native white children of native parents live in the Southern states, and in that region about 10 per cent. of such children are illiterate. When the comparison is carried out by geographic divisions, the difference between the two classes in each part of the United States, except the South Atlantic states, is found to be much less than in the whole country. Yet these figures indicate that in every region except the North Atlantic states, the literate children of immigrant whites are a larger per cent. of the whole number of such children than the literate children of native whites are of all children of native whites. This is partly explained by the clustering of the immigrants and their children mainly in the cities and towns, while the native white children of native parents live more generally in the rural districts. Thus, in the North Atlantic district there are 996,851 native white children, 10 to 14 years of age and born of native parents, of whom 32 per cent. live in cities, having at least 25,000 inhabitants. On the other hand, among the 713,170 native white children, 10 to 14 years of age and born of foreign parents who live in the same group of states, 62 per cent. live in similar cities. There is no reason to infer from the census figures of illiterate immigrants are constituting a permanent illiterate class in the population.

"It will be noticed, however, that the foregoing figures relate exclusively to immigrants who have been in the country long enough for their children born here to have reached the age of ten years. Whether among the children of immgrants who have arrived since 1890 there is the same eagerness to acquire at least an elementary education, it is still too early to determine from census figures.

EXERCISES AT STANTON.

Last of Ceremonies Attending Inauguration of President Wilson.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Princeton, N. J., Oct. 26.—The last of the exercises incident to the inauguration of President Woodrow Wilson, of Princeton university, took place in Marquard chapel this morning, when the Rev. Dr. Francis L. Patton, the retiring president, delivered a sermon before many distinguished guests, alumni and undergraduates.

Every seat in the big chapel was filled, and Dr. Patton preached an eloquent and inspiring sermon on the text, "Ye are the light of the world." He showed that Christianity was the greatest force in the world, and that it had influenced civilization more than any other factor. In the social organism, he said, morality without Christianity would not long exist and that social disintegration would inevitably follow.

Elizabeth Cady Stanton Dead.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Oct. 26.—Elizabeth Cady Stanton, the well-known woman suffragist, died today at her home in West Ninety-fourth street, in this city. Old age was given as the cause of death. She was conscious almost to the last. About a week ago, Mrs. Stanton began to fail rapidly. This became more noticeable last week, and then it was known to the family that her death was only a question of days or hours. The children with Mrs. Stanton when she died were Mrs. M. F. Lawrence and Mrs. Stanton Blatch, of New York; Henry and Robert L., of New York, lawyers; Theodore, of Paris, and G. Smith, a real estate broker at Warden Cliffe, L. I. The funeral will be held on Wednesday, but the hour has not been set. The interment will be in Woodlawn cemetery.

Steamship Arrivals.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Oct. 26.—Arrived: Celtic, Liverpool and Queenstown; Rotterdam, Rotterdam and Boulogne Sur Mer. St. Michaels—Arrived: Aller, New York, Naples and Genoa. Bremen—Sailed: Bremen, Cherbourg and New York. Queenstown—Sailed: Campania (from Liverpool), New York. Southampton—Sailed: Bluecher, from Hamburg and Boulogne Sur Mer, New York. Sicily—Passed: Kronprinz Wilhelm, New York for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen. Lizard—Passed: Kroonland, New York for Antwerp. Liverpool—Arrived: Umbria, New York via Queenstown. Hamburg—Arrived: Fuerst Bismarck, New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

FINAL CEREMONIES OF THE CORONATION

VETERANS ADVISED TO ORGANIZE.

Gen. Robert St. George Dyrenforth Appeals to Old Soldiers.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Oct. 26.—In general orders No. 1, General Robert St. George Dyrenforth, commander-in-chief of the Union Veterans' Union, has issued an appeal to Union veterans of the Civil war to organize into a brotherhood for mutual protection. He says that eligibility to membership in the order is now extended to every honorably discharged Union veteran of good record.

He says the defenders of the Union should be a factor in the present day. "By taking an active interest in the affairs of the present," says General Dyrenforth, "he will not only command recognition as an American citizen, but draw attention to the importance of according to him reward for his incomparably great services to our beloved country."

The assertion is made that there is now a vociferous demand in the newspapers that pensions shall be cut off, and in this connection General Dyrenforth sets out the necessity of organization, saying:

"For then acting politically, as a unit, irrespective of mere partisan politics only for those who are the practical friends of the veteran, the veterans will be a tremendous force; they will be a political power that cannot be overlooked."

SENATOR HANNA SCORES TOM JOHNSON

He Intimates That the Enterprising Leader of Ohio Democracy Is a Pure and Simple Demagogue.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Cleveland, Oct. 26.—Senator Hanna spoke in a tent here last night on state issues.

After going into the question of the relation of capital and labor, much along the lines that he has followed during the present campaign, Mr. Hanna said:

"The best efforts of my life will be devoted to the establishment of a cordial relationship between capital and labor and to the cause of bringing the interests of the laboring man to a higher plane of citizenship. I have in recent years been so abused and so brutally caricatured that it is no wonder the people do not know me. While I stand before an audience of my fellow citizens and before my God, I want to be believed. This is because I never did nor never will tell anything but the truth. I will never sink to the depths of misrepresentation for your vote. I would never do this any more than I would cheat in business, and God knows I never did that. I do not want to descend to the depths as does Tom Johnson, a pure and simple demagogue."

INQUEST IN THE VOLKMAN CASE

The Man Who Endeavored to Do the William Tell Act Held for Manslaughter

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Cold Spring Harbor, N. Y., Oct. 26.—The coroner today held an inquest on the body of John Volkman, a barber, who was accidentally shot and instantly killed last night on the stage at the Splan hall by Charles Meinel of a company which has been giving a two week's show in connection with the sale of a medicine. One of the star features of the show was Meinel's feat of shooting an apple from the head of any person who would volunteer to stand up and allow the apple to have his head for a resting place. When no one volunteered a member of the troupe performed this service.

Volkman had offered to allow the apple to be placed on his head. Meinel for some reason was not shooting well, having missed a card target a short time before the barber came on the stage. When the apple was placed on Volkman's head, Meinel began shooting at a distance of about 20 feet. The first two shots failed to hit either the apple or the man, but the third struck Volkman in the forehead and he dropped to the stage and died within an hour. Meinel was arrested and held for a hearing on a charge of manslaughter.

Volkman was 18 years of age. His father and mother live in Germany. His grandmother lives in Buffalo, N. Y., where it is said he had other relatives and where he lived at one time.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN WILL VISIT SOUTH AFRICA.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

London, Oct. 26.—It is officially announced that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain has decided personally to visit South Africa and examine on the spot the problems presented by the termination of the war and the settlement of affairs in the new colonies. King Edward has given his approval of this plan, which, it is said, has also the full approval of Premier Balfour and the cabinet.

Mr. Chamberlain proposes to start for South Africa toward the end of November and to return the early part of March. His visit will embrace the cape, Natal, the Orange River colony and the Transvaal. The colonial secretary hopes to have an opportunity to confer while in South Africa with representatives of all the different interests concerned and to consider their views in his future policy.

Members of the Royal Family Give Thanks for the Recovery of the King's Health.

THOUSANDS ATTEND THE CEREMONIES

The Audience Includes Premier Balfour, Leading Members of the Nobility; Nearly All the Foreign Ambassadors to Great Britain Including Mr. Choate—In Spite of the Rain the King and Queen Ride in an Open Carriage from St. Paul's Cathedral to Buckingham Palace.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

London, Oct. 26.—The last ceremonies connected with the inauguration of the reign of King Edward VII. occurred today, when the king, accompanied by Queen Alexandra, the Prince of Wales and almost all the members of the royal family, drove to the St. Paul's cathedral and offered up thanks for the recovery of his health, which had enabled him to be crowned.

The weather was rainy and small crowds marked the royal progress through the metropolis. At Temple Bar the lord mayor of London and the corporation, in bedraggled robes, met the king and escorted him to the cathedral.

In the nave of St. Paul's were gathered several thousand persons, including Premier Balfour, leading members of the nobility, almost all the members of the cabinet, and the foreign ambassadors to Great Britain, among whom was Mr. Choate. The honorable artillery company formed an imposing line; the members wore their busbies and carried fixed bayonets. Before the service was over several of the artillerymen had fainted as a result of long standing.

The choir, the chapter and the bishop of London, the Right Rev. Arthur Ingram, escorted the king and the queen to the throne under the reredos. There was a full choral service of thanksgiving, followed by a sermon from the bishop of London. He laid special stress upon the fact that this was the second time in his majesty's life that he had entered St. Paul's to give thanks for his recovery from a dangerous illness. At the conclusion of the sermon the Te Deum was sung heartily.

The royal party then returned to Buckingham palace and were well greeted on the way wherever the crowds were large enough to raise a cheer. In spite of the rain, King Edward ordered that the carriages be kept open, and Queen Alexandra bowed and smiled from behind a small umbrella.

The scene at St. Paul's was more brilliant than devotional. All the officials present wore their uniforms and their decorations, creating a blaze of color seldom seen in the cathedral. King Edward was dressed in the uniform of a field marshal and wore the decorations of the Order of the Garter.

LIBRARIAN REED RESIGNS.

In His Letter to Governor Stone He Gives No Reason for the Action.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 26.—Rev. Dr. George Edward Reed, president of Dickinson college, Carlisle, has resigned as state librarian, his resignation reaching Governor stone this afternoon. Dr. Reed gives no reasons for his resignation. He simply says:

"I beg herewith to present to you my resignation of the position of state librarian of Pennsylvania, to which position you were pleased to appoint me nearly four years ago, the resignation to take effect as soon as you may be pleased to appoint my successor."

Dr. Reed expresses his hearty appreciation of Governor Stone's courtesy and co-operation in library affairs, and wishes him the general approval of the masses when he retires from the office of governor. In his reply to Dr. Reed, which he will receive tomorrow, the governor expresses surprise at his action, accepts the resignation and pays a high tribute to his ability, fidelity and integrity in office.

The governor says he has as yet given no thought to the appointment of a successor to Dr. Reed.

Result of a Dance.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Sharpsburg, Pa., Oct. 26.—As the result of a row at a dance held at the house of M. Sando, an Italian, Antonio Stein lies dead at the Pittsburg morgue, and the police are searching for Antonio Rich, an Italian from Pittsburg who is said to have committed the murder. Stein was killed almost instantly by a number of kicks in the stomach, and it is said by those present at the row that Rich was his assailant.

At a late hour, Rich had not been apprehended.

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER.

Local data for October 26, 1902.

Highest temperature ..... 50 degrees
Lowest temperature ..... 40 degrees
Relative humidity:
8 a. m. ..... 53 per cent.
8 p. m. ..... 81 per cent.
Precipitation, 24 hours ended 8 p. m., none.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Forecast for Monday and Tuesday: Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain and warmer Monday; Tuesday rain with cooler in west portion; brisk south winds.