

DELEGATES ARRIVE AT WILKES-BARRE

About Two Hundred Representatives of the Unions Have Reported at Headquarters.

PROBABLE RESULTS OF THE CONVENTION

Delegates to the Anthracite Miners' Gathering Will Meet at the Nesbitt Theater at 10 O'clock Today for the Purpose of Accepting or Rejecting President Roosevelt's Proposition to End the Strike—Nothing on the Surface to Indicate That the Convention Will Not Vote to Send the Men to Work This Week.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Wilkes-Barre, Oct. 19.—Delegates to the anthracite mine workers' convention, which will meet in the Nesbitt theater, this city, at 10 o'clock tomorrow forenoon, for the purpose of accepting or rejecting the proposition of the president of the United States to end the strike and submit all grievances to the arbitration commission appointed by him, began arriving here today, and about one-quarter of the 700 or more delegates to the convention are now in the city. Strike headquarters, which had been extremely quiet since the excitement of last week, began to be lively before noon today. Many of the delegates are instructed on various features of the settlement, but a majority of them will follow the advice and judgment of President Mitchell. There is nothing on the surface tonight that gives the slightest indication that the convention will not send the men to work this week, with the probabilities still in favor of Thursday as the day of resumption. A noticeable thing among the delegates was their cheerfulness. It was quite evident to observers that they were glad to get together and decide to return to work after the weary idleness of more than five months. All the delegates who were spoken to regarding the action of tomorrow's convention appeared to have no fear that a hitch might occur which would disarrange the present peaceful trend of affairs. A good many of the delegates say they have instructions on certain matters, which they will place before the convention. As already stated in these dispatches, the principal question, outside the great question of accepting or rejecting President Roosevelt's proposition, will be that of strikers getting their old places back. A large number of the men fear that in the general rush to return to the mines, some of them may fail to get work. They want some assurance from the convention that they will be able to get the positions they occupied before the suspension was ordered. It is likely that this element from the three districts will join forces and make a concerted fight on the floor of the convention for some specific action. In the face of the fact that the operators are on record that they will not dismiss one man who stood by them during the struggle, it is going to be a serious problem to solve. The debate, it is believed, will take up a great deal of the time of the convention, which is expected to last not more than two days.

DEVASTATED ST VINCENT Island's Crops Buried Under Sand from the Soufriere—Colony in Deep Distress.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Kingston, St. Vincent, B. W. I., Oct. 19.—The eruption of the Soufriere volcano on October 15 and 16—the fourth terrible outburst since the catastrophe of May 7—has plunged the colony into deeper distress than before existed, crippling its agricultural resources by further devastating the arroyo and fields and completely destroying wide areas of growing crops on lands which had been considered outside the volcanic zone. On these lands, thousands of young cacao, coffee and other plants were buried under the almost impenetrable mass of sand which, while hot, fell in the windward district on the morning of October 15. Even the Mesopotamia Valley, an ideal garden of tropical vegetation, although twelve miles from the volcano's crater, is burdened with sand in some places six inches deep, and the lands to the eastward, bordering upon the previously devastated area, are covered to a depth of nine inches. Travel on all the roads in the windward district—the only regular means of communication between Georgetown and this city—has been rendered extremely difficult. Large numbers of refugees and other persons left Georgetown for Kingstown, a distance of twenty miles, October 16, and many of them fainted on the way from hunger and thirst, and the fatigue engendered by trudging through the hot sand. A number of animals even broke down under the strain of the journey. Hundreds of poor persons were driven from their homes by falling cinders, stones, etc. The situation is desperate. Comparatively no damage was done on the leeward coast by the outburst. No lives were lost.

Labor Organizers in Jail.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Bristol, Tenn., Oct. 19.—In the federal court at Abingdon, Va., yesterday, Miles Hamlet, William Wyckham, John Wisco and James Green, union labor organizers, were given a term of from forty to ninety days in jail for contempt of court in having violated an injunction restraining labor organizations from interfering with laborers employed under a federal receivership.

Killed by a Train.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Lawrenceburg, Ind., Oct. 18.—Jacob Miller, a prominent farmer, was fatally injured and his wife and six-year-old daughter were instantly killed by a passenger train last night while crossing the track at Guilford in a buggy.

Collapse of Bridge on Golden Horn.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Constantinople, Oct. 18.—Fifteen persons were immersed and five of them drowned as a result of the collapse yesterday of the bridge over the Golden Horn, connecting Constantinople with the suburb of Galata.

Laurier in Poor Health. Canadian Premier Suffers from Catarrh of the Stomach.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Quebec, Oct. 19.—Although Sir Wilfrid Laurier since his arrival has stoutly denied that he is ill, those who have seen him are convinced that he is in very delicate health. A prominent friend of the premier told a newspaper man here that while on the Grand, the government steamer which carried the premier to Quebec, the latter told him that an eminent doctor had said that he had catarrh of the stomach and needed complete rest. To that he replied that he was willing to take any other prescription than that.

Former Anxious About Her Status in Yang-tse Valley.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Peking, Oct. 19.—The negotiations for the departure of the international troops from Shanghai have been interrupted. It appears that Great Britain desires a more definite arrangement in regard to her status in the Yang-tse Valley and more precise stipulations concerning non-allocation of territory in that region.

SUICIDE OF JIM YOUNGER The Famous Outlaw, Paroled from Stillwater Penitentiary, Shoots Himself.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. St. Paul, Oct. 19.—James Younger, one of the famous Younger brothers, committed suicide today by shooting. Younger was recently paroled from the Stillwater penitentiary, where he and his brother, Coleman, were serving life sentences for participation in the Northfield bank raid in 1876. Coleman Younger was also paroled at the same time. Under the terms of the parole, the brothers were not to leave the state, and since their release they have been engaged in business of various sorts. James Younger has suffered much from old wounds, and several months ago an operation was performed for the removal of a rifle ball from his back. He left a letter to his brother, in which he gives as a reason for his act despondency over continued ill health and separation from his friends. His body was found stretched on the floor of his room in a boarding house, a revolver clutched in his right hand. He was 54 years of age.

FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION Two Persons Killed and Four Injured in the Wreck of a Tug Boat at Mound City.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 19.—Two persons were killed, one fatally and three slightly injured in an explosion which partially wrecked the tug-boat Fred Nellis of St. Louis, near Mound City, Ark., early today. The dead are Mrs. Josie Hill, St. Louis, who leaves five children all of whom were on the boat, and William Phillips, second engineer. The injured are: Willie Gillem, negro porter, badly scalded and burned, will die; Frank Hill, chief engineer, husband of Mrs. Hill, slightly scalded, and two others.

HAYTI REVOLUTION ENDED. Town of Gonaves Is Quiet—General Colin Maintains Order.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Port-au-Prince, Hayti, Oct. 19.—The town of Gonaves, Hayti, where the revolution is believed to have ended, General St. Felix Colin, commander of the government forces there, is maintaining order. There are still a great number of refugees in the foreign consulates. The family of the late Admiral Killick is in the German consulate. The marine guards which were landed from the foreign warships last week to protect the consulates have gone back to their vessels. The United States cruiser Cincinnati has left here for Port de Paix; the French cruiser D'Assas has left for Port-au-Prince, and the German cruiser Falke has gone to Cape Haytien.

Wood Carvers' Strike Off.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, Oct. 19.—The strike inaugurated some time ago among the wood carvers employed by a New York firm, having the contract for the carvings at the white house, has been declared off. The strikers demand that the carvings shall be dressed by hand and not by machine was granted. It is said that President Roosevelt exerted his good offices to bring about the end of the strike.

Miner Owner Murdered.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Mexico City, Oct. 19.—Philip Nesadal, an American, owning a mine at Navidad, Canton of Mascota, state of Jalisco, was murdered presumably by miners.

Archbishop Chappelle at Genoa.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Genoa, Oct. 19.—Archbishop Chappelle reached here today from the United States and proceeded for Rome.

RACE RIOT AT LITTLETON Negroes Are in Complete Possession of the Town and a Reign of Terror Exists.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 19.—A race riot is in progress at Littleton, twenty-five miles from Birmingham. The sheriff and ten deputies left tonight on a special train from this city. It is reported two white men have been killed and that the negroes are heavily armed. A later report from Littleton says that three white men and eight negroes are dead, as a result of the race riot. The negroes in the place outnumber the whites ten to one and are in complete possession of the town. The negroes have captured a powder magazine belonging to a coal company. A reign of terror exists.

THREE WHITE MEN AND EIGHT BLACKS DEAD

The Riot Caused by a Crowd of Negroes Attacking a White Woman, Who Was Crossing a Bridge. A Posse of White Men Meets the Blacks in Battle and Eleven Are Killed—The Blacks Outnumber Whites Ten to One, and Have Captured a Powder Magazine.

TEXAS WANTS BOERS. Mexico Also Would Like to Establish a Colony Within Her Borders.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Mexico City, Oct. 19.—Commandant Snyman, formerly of the Boer army, has arrived here, accompanied by Marshal Bond and E. Reeve Merritt, of New York, the object of the visit being to discuss with the Mexican government the establishment of Boer colonies. Leading Texans would like to secure the Boers as colonists for their state. Commander Snyman will soon have an interview with high officials here.

THE WAR IN SOMALILAND British Sustain Severe Losses. Col. Phillips, Capt. Angus and 50 Men Killed.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. London, Oct. 19.—The foreign office has issued an undated dispatch from Colonel Cobbs, commanding one of the columns of British forces operating against the Mahdists in Somaliland. The dispatch was forwarded through the British vice-consul at Berbera, Somaliland. The British forces engaged were composed entirely of native troops and levies. Colonel Cobbs says: "My force reached Erege this morning. When about one day's march north of Erege it was attacked in the thick bush. Two advances were made and the enemy was beaten back in the morning. Their losses were heavy and we captured one hundred rifles. Our force then proceeded to collect animals for transportation purposes and to join the detachment at Berbera. In the afternoon a reconnaissance was made, and, after sharp fighting, the enemy was again driven off. "I deeply regret to report the following casualties: "Colonel Phillips and Captain Angus and fifty men killed, and about 100 men wounded. The latter include Captain Howard and Lieutenant Everett, but both are doing well. There were severe losses among the transport and riding camels. The force will reach the stockade camp tomorrow and will advance to attack the enemy. "The condition of telegraphs the substance of a later despatch from Colonel Swain, who says that as a result of the fighting at Erege, Oct. 6, which was very severe, the Somali levies are considerably shaken. The Mullah, who is said to be in communication with Kall and Jugg, is bringing up reinforcements from Berbera to Erege. "Colonel Swain is much hampered owing to the necessity of transporting the wounded and water. He is retiring on Bobote. He asks that six hundred further reliable troops be despatched from Berbera to Erege. "The Times and other newspapers this morning publish editorial articles on the Somaliland situation, and warn the government against any further half-heartedness or half measures, which they say have already cost so dear in lives and in the future pacification of the country.

BIG STRIKE CONTEMPLATED. All Trades Unions in France May Be Called Out.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Paris, Oct. 19.—According to the Patrie, the General Confederation of Labor is considering the question of a strike of all the trades unions of France in favor of eight hours' work a day and old age pensions, etc., as demanded by the striking miners. A manifesto to the various unions is said to have been drafted, pointing out that the moment is most favorable for such a movement and asking them to deliberate thereon. A meeting will be held next Monday to decide on the action to be taken.

INTERVENTION ASKED FOR MACEDONIANS.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Rome, Oct. 19.—The Tribune today publishes a communication from M. Michalowsky addressed to the powers and inviting their intervention in behalf of the Macedonians against Turkish vengeance. M. Michalowsky declares that in several districts Turkish troops are massacring women and children.

Steamship Arrivals.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, Oct. 19.—Arrived: Ryndam, Rotterdam; Helderberg, Sur Mer; St. Louis, Southampton and Cherbourg; Sailed: Aller, Genoa and Naples; Grosener, Kurfurst, Bremen via Cherbourg; Lizard (Passed); Valsland, New York for Antwerp; Gibraltar—Sailed: Lahn, from Genoa and Naples, from New York.

Strike Threatened in Portugal.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Lisbon, Oct. 19.—The movement in favor of a general strike is gaining strength throughout northern Portugal.

COLORED WORKERS TO GO. Settlement of Strike at Reading Steel Works.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Reading, Oct. 19.—The striking employees of the Reading plant of the American Iron and Steel company were to have met today to ratify the agreement made at Lebanon last night to settle the strike, but this has been postponed until tomorrow. It is expected they will approve it, and that they will also return to work. Under the agreement, the finishers are to receive no advance, but are to go back at the same rate they received in May, when they struck, but their future wages are to be based on a sliding scale. The colored iron worker who took the strikers' places, still here, are to be dismissed.

PRIVATE DEVLIN ARRESTED. Charged with Being Accessory After the Fact to Murder of Sillinsky.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Philadelphia, Oct. 19.—Private John F. Devlin, of the United States Marine corps, stationed at the League Island navy yard, has been arrested, charged with being accessory after the fact to the murder of Chris Sillinsky. Another warrant, it is understood, has been issued for the arrest of Corporal Reese Jones, now in Panama with a battalion of marines on the cruiser Panther. Sillinsky, who was a member of the Marine corps at League Island, was shot and instantly killed in the clothing room of the barracks on August 9. After an investigation extending ten days, the coroner's jury decided that Sillinsky had committed suicide. Friends of the dead man declined to accept the verdict and about a week ago placed certain information before the district attorney. City detectives were detailed to investigate the case and Devlin's arrest followed. The prisoner was closely questioned, but the authorities decline to state whether they have secured any incriminating evidence against either Devlin or Jones. It is alleged that at least two non-commissioned officers, five enlisted men and one sailor heard Sillinsky's last words, rushed from the clothing room in the barracks immediately after the shooting. "Great God, Jones has shot Sillinsky."

EXPLANATION OF CASTRO'S VICTORY The Rebels Retreated from La Victoria Because They Found That It Was Impregnable.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Oct. 19.—One of the leaders of the Matos revolution in Venezuela, who is at present in Curacao, has furnished the following details and explanation of the retreat of the revolutionary army from La Victoria. He said the rebels only abandoned the fight after being convinced that La Victoria was impregnable, and after President Castro had refused to come out and attack the revolutionists outside of La Victoria. Twice did the revolutionary general attempt to force President Castro to take the offensive, and twice the president refused. When the rebel reinforcements arrived at La Victoria last Thursday, President Castro and his forces were located at a point on the German railroad. The rebels made a detour of the city and cut off the only road of retreat open to the government forces. They were then short of ammunition, and had it not been for the arrival of a train, bringing them a half million of cartridges, it is believed that Castro's forces would have been annihilated. Preparations for their retreat had already been ordered. The revolutionists stated near Caracas, some 1,200 men, under the command of General Ramos, are alone responsible for the retreat of General Mendonza's army. An added proof of government support for the rebels in the La Victoria fight is found in the fact that President Castro does not pursue General Mendonza. The latter's plan is withdrawing from La Victoria is to be abandoned, and the rebels are to hold their positions.

Trolley Car Collision.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Harrisburg, Oct. 19.—Through a mismanagement of orders, two trolley cars on the Cumberland Valley Traction company crashed together early this morning near Carlisle. Benjamin Bricker, motor man of Harrisburg, was seriously injured and will die. Five others were slightly injured. It is said the dense fog prevailing this morning prevented the motormen from seeing each other.

Russia's Emperor to Visit Rome.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Rome, Oct. 19.—The Giornale d'Italia announces that the emperor and empress of Russia will come to Italy next December escorted by a Russian squadron.

Europeans Expelled from Fez.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Madrid, Oct. 19.—A dispatch from Tangier, Morocco, declares that all Europeans have been expelled from Fez.

EIGHT MEN ARE SCALDED BY STEAM

It is Probable That Three or Four of the Victims Will Die of Injuries.

PARTING OF A PIPE CAUSES DISASTER

A Twelve-Inch Copper Pipe, Supplying Blast Engines with Steam, Breaks Without Warning, and the Escaping Steam Fills the Room in Which the Men Worked—All Are Horribly Burned—Three Not Expected to Live.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Wheeling, W. Va., Oct. 19.—By the parting of a steam pipe at the Riverside plant of the National Tube works in Benwood, this afternoon, eight men were scalded and three or four of them will die. They are: WILLIAM ANDERSON, burned about the face and body, spine injured; will die. HENRY WESTENHAYER, head and body burned; right arm broken; will die. W. H. JONES, horribly burned about face and shoulders; will die. SAMUEL L. GRADY, face, arms and upper portion of body seriously burned. ARTHUR HALPENNENY, face, neck and arms burned. FRANK BARTULA, face and body scalded. M. H. BURKE, scalded about body. ED CARSON, burns on head and face; will recover.

Four of the men were carpenters and four laborers. They were placing a partition in the boiler room of the new blast furnace and were working on a scaffold. A twelve-inch copper pipe, supplying the blast engines with steam from the boilers, broke without warning and the escaping steam filled the room. A valve was blown through two board partitions and both were destroyed. The scaffold fell to the floor. When the steam was shut off, the groaning men were carried out to the hospitals in this city, with the exception of Burke, who was taken to his home in McMechen. All of them were horribly burned about the face and will carry the marks of their injuries to the grave. Three are expected to die tonight, and the condition of several others is very grave.

BOXERS NOT SUPPRESSED. Sze-Chuen Province Not Safe for Foreigners.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Peking, Oct. 19.—The new viceroy of Sze-Chuen province, Tsen-Chun-Suan, reports that the boxers have not been suppressed at Cheng-Tu and two other centres, and he asks the ministers' missionaries to refrain from traveling in central Sze-Chuen at present. The emperor's reception at the summer palace was attended by the diplomatic corps and the commanders of the Legation Guards, except in the case of the British minister, Sir Ernest Satow, he having declined all social intercourse on account of the savagery of the Chinese in the case of the murdered English missionaries, Bruce and Lewis in Ho-Nan province, where the responsible officials were excupulated and ignorant peasants were beheaded.

DEATHS OF A DAY.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Baltimore, Md., Oct. 19.—Richard B. McCoy is dead at his home in Dublin, Maryland, aged 81 years. Mr. McCoy was a member of the Maryland legislature which met in extra session in 1861 to pass upon the question of state rights. It was a stormy abolitionist but opposed to negro suffrage. He was one of a party who conferred with President Lincoln on negro suffrage, the night preceding the latter's assassination. Pittsburgh, Oct. 19.—Walter Crane, for years librarian in Carnegie library at Braddock, died suddenly today of apoplexy, aged 68. He was born in Bohemia when six years old. Fourteen years ago he located in Joliet, Ill., where he founded a combination club for workmen. He was a distinguished member of the National Laborer's association. Columbus, O., Oct. 19.—Dr. E. L. Carpenter, superintendent of the Columbus State hospital, died tonight of apoplexy. He was stricken last Thursday night. Dr. Carpenter was one of the best known authorities on mental diseases in the country. He was 41 years of age. San Francisco, Oct. 19.—Colonel George H. Mendall, president of the board of public works of this city, died here today. He was a West Point graduate and served with distinction during the Civil war as topographical engineer. He aided in carrying on the siege of Petersburg. He was a recognized authority on hydraulics.

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER.

Local data for October 19, 1902: Highest temperature 43 degrees Lowest temperature 32 degrees Relative humidity: 85 per cent. 8 p. m. 74 per cent. Precipitation, 24 hours ended 8 p. m., trace.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Forecast for Monday and Tuesday: Eastern—Pennsylvania—Fair and cooler Monday; Tuesday fair; fresh west-ly winds.