

**The Scranton Tribune**

Published Daily Except Sunday, by The Tribune Publishing Company, at Fifty Cents a Month.

LIVY S. RICHARD • • • EDITOR.  
O. F. BYXBEE • • • BUSINESS MANAGER.

Entered at the Postoffice at Scranton, as Second-Class Mail Matter.

**When space will permit, The Tribune is always glad to print short letters from its friends bearing on topics of interest, but the rule is that they must be signed, the publication, by the writer's real name, and the condition precedent to acceptance is that all contributions shall be subject to editorial revision.**

**THE FLAT RATE FOR ADVERTISING.**

The following table shows the price per inch each insertion, space to be used within one year:

DISPLAY	Run of	On	Siding on	Full
	50	50	50	50
Less than 50 inches	.50	.50	.50	.50
50 inches	.40	.44	.48	.50
100	.30	.33	.36	.38
200	.20	.22	.24	.26
300	.16	.17	.18	.19
1000	.10	.11	.12	.13

For cards of thanks, resolutions of condolence, and similar contributions in the nature of advertising, The Tribune makes a charge of 5 cents a line.

**TEN PAGES.**

SCRANTON, OCTOBER 9, 1902.

**REPUBLICAN TICKET.**Governor—S. W. PENNYPACKER.  
Lieutenant Governor—W. M. BROWN.  
Secretary of Internal Affairs—ISAAC B. BROWN.County.  
Congress—WILLIAM CONNELL.  
Judge—A. A. VOSBURG.  
Commissioners—JOHN COURIER MORRIS, JOHN PENNAN.  
Miss Inspectors—MARGARET LYN M. EVANS, DAVID T. WILLIAMS.Legislative.  
Senator—JOHN B. JORDAN.  
Representatives—  
First District—JOSEPH OLIVER.  
Second District—JOHN HELEVER JR.  
Third District—EDWARD JAMES.  
Fourth District—P. A. PHILBIN.  
Election day, Nov. 4.

The reception of the veterans at Washington this week is evidence that some laud the city remembers the events of '61.

**Nothing to Do but Wait.**

M. R. MITCHELL'S rejection of the president's proposition to have the miners return to work pending the result of a thorough investigation of mining conditions is not unexpected. It was foreshadowed in his call to the locals to adopt resolutions pledging continued loyalty to the union's demands. Apparently both parties to the strike have now turned away from the public demand as voiced by the president for a prompt settlement to avert national suffering and disaster.

This leaves the situation where the president found it, except that more troops have been placed in the field and the tension of feeling on both sides has been increased. It is reported, though unofficially, that the president has in view a further effort to secure a resumption of coal mining. It is said that he is seeking to induce the operators to grant arbitration by companies, this to take place before commissions of his selection and to be between employers and former employees directly. While this would require the operators to go only a short step beyond their offer to accept arbitration of colliery grievances by the local courts, it does not appear that it would offer any temptation to Mr. Mitchell and his board of advisers to recede from what is evidently the main consideration in their mind—the full recognition of the national mine workers' union, which would insure its continued control of the labor in the American coal industry.

Unless the operators have become convinced that they can afford to grant this recognition—a possibility open to doubt after what they said last Friday—the only view possible to take of the situation is that the fight will go on, the public having to adjust itself to it as best it can. Undoubtedly the presence in the coal fields of troops sufficient to protect not only every miner who wants to work but also his home and family will reveal whether the number of such miners is large or small. This revelation cannot be looked for immediately; it cannot come until there is proof of the effectiveness of the national mine workers' union, which would insure its continued control of the labor in the American coal industry.

The general public got sick of such unbusiness-like business and came down hard on it, and then all this nonsense would be done away with. For while it is true that Uncle Sam is a generous employer it is also true that he has a keen eye and a long arm for the man who steps on his corns or crowds him to the wall.

The Pattison boom appears to have collapsed with the closing of the agricultural fairs.

**How Socialism Would Work.**

HERE are abundant warnings from experience against the experiment of "public ownership of public utilities," now so strenuously demanded in this country by Socialists, other misguided persons and demagogues.

One is found in a recent report of John K. Gowdy, our consul general at Paris, upon the French railroads, which are run by the government. France has seven times as many inhabitants to the square mile as the United States has, so that railroading in France ought to be easy and cheap, but it isn't. Although the French roads last year carried two-thirds as many passengers as were carried by the railroads of the United States, they charged 26 cents a mile as against 2.075 in this country. The French freight rate is double the American. The roads of France are making money but they are not giving the people of France a fair run for their money. Also the wages they pay are incredibly low. The best engineer gets only \$50 a month and 80 per cent. of the railway employees receive less than a dollar a day.

A lesson equally interesting in its way comes from Victoria, in Australia, another country where government ownership of railroads prevails. The ministry found it absolutely necessary recently to cut down expenditures, and to that end it reduced the pay of persons employed by the colonial government. At once the railway employees struck. The members of the legislature became alarmed at the opposition of the public employees and voted against the strike, but the ministry but to dissolve the ministry. There was nothing left for the ministry but to dissolve the session and appeal to the country, and the premier is now begging the electors to stand by the government and to prevent their own servants from paralyzing the administration, including a suspension of railway traffic. It is reported that the ministry is well supplied, and the opposition is said to be demoralized; but it is also said that the campaign is proceeding vigorously, and the public servants and the labor party are secretly combining to oppose candidates who favor retrenchment. They are opposed to running the road on business principles and want to be pensioned by public taxation.

Just imagine our coal mines being run by the government either of Harrisburg or Washington. In addition to an 8-hour day and two months' leave with pay each year, Saturday half-holidays and uniforms, if any group of miners wanted more pay a demand and a strike would bring it, under penalty of the party in power losing the labor vote; and there would be milk and wine in the coal fields—until:

The general public got sick of such unbusiness-like business and came down hard on it, and then all this nonsense would be done away with. For while it is true that Uncle Sam is a generous employer it is also true that he has a keen eye and a long arm for the man who steps on his corns or crowds him to the wall.

The Pattison boom appears to have collapsed with the closing of the agricultural fairs.

**Quite Well, Thanks.**

(Secretary Shaw at Boston.)

WE ARE making wonderful industrial progress, notwithstanding the evils of which we complain.

In 10 years prior to the election of William McKinley we had sold abroad more than we had bought abroad, and had for our enrichment a balance of trade of \$600,000,000 to show for this 200 years. Since 1887 we have sold more abroad than we have bought abroad; not at the rate of \$600,000,000 in 100 years, but more than \$500,000,000 per annum. Not \$600,000,000 in 100 years but \$2,800,000,000 in five years.

In Mr. McKinley's speech of acceptance of his first nomination he declared that "It was wiser to open the mills for the unlimited employment of American labor than to open the mills for the unlimited enjoyment of the world's silver." The mills have been opened and no Americans in this year of grace seeks employment in vain. What is the result? We manufactured more last year than all the shops and all the factories of any other two countries on the face of the earth, by more than \$2,000,000,000. Our people consume more food, wear better clothes, live in more comfortable homes, and enjoy better educational advantages than any of which the world bears record. Our markets are the envy of all nations, and our productive capacity the astonishment of all peoples. Our hope must be the preservation of that which is desirable and our aim the consumption of yet grander achievements.

We must neither close our eyes to the evils that confront us nor forget the blessings we enjoy. It is early in the morning yet, and we are an infant nation. The day is full of promise, and that which it, and has been, is but the earnest of that which is to be.

Senator Hanna's statement before an Ohio audience that never again will he run for office, is probably correct; but we dare say he reserves decision in case the office should make up its mind to run for him.

One of the most distressing features of the coal strike is the fact that it has afforded an opportunity for the introduction of a new brand of threedom's jokes.

King Leopold continues to act like a comic opera comedian in real life.

Of course the opposition party comes forward with its time-honored panacea

for the evil wherever it may be found and annihilate it."

As a matter of fact, the Republican party sides with Mr. Bryan as against the late Mr. Wilson; but the fact that the Democracy could neither win in power nor while having no further responsibility than to make faces at what their opponents are doing agreed upon a method of approaching trust evils suggests that the further solving of this problem will have to be left to the Republican statesmanship.

J. Pierpont Morgan will give 50,000 tons of coal to the poor of New York. The contribution of Mr. Morgan's critics has not been announced.

**Secretary Shaw on The Trust Problem.**

Boston, Oct. 8.

BEFORE AN immense audience tonight Secretary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw discussed the trust problem. He pointed out that the method originally adopted by the protective committee formed a co-operative alliance with them the action of a trustee. That is, competitors in certain lines, finding their methods mutually unsatisfactory, appointed a trustee, to whom was turned over the product of their several concerns. By this means the trust was placed in the hands of the trustee, and could dictate both the volume of the trust and the price therefor. At the end of the year profits were divided according to a set percentage applied at the time of the organization. This condition led to the enactment of the Sherman anti-trust law, which provided that—

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall monopolize, or attempt to monopolize, or conspire with any other person or persons to monopolize any part of the trade or commerce among the several states, or with foreign nations, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, etc."

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any such combination, or engage in any such combination of a monopoly, etc., etc., 'is hereby declared illegal.'

"Every person who shall make any