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When space will permit The Tribune is always glad to print short letters from its friends bearing on current topics, but its rule is that these must be signed, for publication, by the writer's real name; and the condition precedent to acceptance is that all contributions thall be subject to all contributions. shall be subject to editorial revision.

THE FLAT RATE FOR ADVERTISING The following table shows the price per inch each insertion, space to be used with-in one year:

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Less than 50 inches 50 inches	.50 .40 .30 .25 .20	.55 .44 .81 .275 .22	.60 .48 .36 .30 .24

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SCRANTON, JULY 10, 1902.

### REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Governor—S. W. PENNYPACKER. Lieutenant Governor—W. M. BROWN. Secretary of Internal Affairs—ISAAC B. BROWN. Legislative.

First District-JOSEPH OLIVER, Second District-JOHN SCHEUER, JR. Third District-EDWARD JAMES, Fourth District-P. A. PHILBIN.

Complaints against teachers at Manila who endeavor to instill their religious beliefs in the minds of children of different faith properly receive prompt attention at Washington. The

#### Not So Easily Fooled.

T IS AN interesting circumstance that some of the Republican senators who opposed the administration's policy of reciprocity with Cuba are feeling the necessity of offering explanations. Others will come to this ere long. The leaders of the anti-reciprocity revolt in the upper chamber was Senator Elkins, of West as many had supposed. Virginia. Through a "close friend" he has given to the press the following apologetic statement: "Senator Elkins felt that in opposing

reciprocity with Cuba by means of a bill passed by congress, as was proposed, he was thoroughly in accord with the views of President Roosevelt and idea of reciprocity with the nations of the surface this would seem eas the world. Mr. Elkins represented to enough to accomplish, for apparently the president that to take up the house all that is needed is to know the de bill in the senate would provoke a long mands of the time and then conform and disastrous debate, and, perhaps the school system to those demands lead to a general revision of the tariff. The child should go by easy stages o which the president and the leading the ways prepared for him by the state party in both branches of congress were | Theoretically this is not difficult. Pracsented to the provident that whatever be granted by means of a rebate without injury to any domestic industry of often hears the school system conthis country. It was his impression demned in toto. Historically there has that the president agreed with him at ever been an hiatus between schooling first, although later Mr. Roosevelt stat- and life. It has always been possible ed that the rebate system would not be to systematize the schools so that acceptable, as it might offend the sensibilities of the Cubans, who would be placed in the position of supplicants. Mr. Elkins then proposed the framing of a reciprocity treaty by the executive, to be ratified by the senate, as are other reciprocity treaties. This proposition was at the time rejected, but it is now substantially assured that it will be the means by which the object of the president will be finally attained." The statement continues:

Senator Elkin took his keynote from the annual message of the president, in which he said, "Reciprocity must be which he said, "Reciprocity must be treated as the hand maiden of protection. Our first duty is to see that the protection granted by the tariff in every case where it is needed is maintained, and that reciprocity be sought for, so far as it can be safely done, without injury to any of our home industries." Mr. Elkins argued, with a number of other senators, that reciprocity along the lines of the that reciprocity along the lines of the house bill would be injurious to at least one of "our home industries," and he believed that he was thoroughly in accord with the doctrine enunciated in the president's message, that reciprocity should not be sought after when it might prove injurious to home industries, which was the same doctrine as maintained by Mc-Kinley, Blaine and Harrison. The sena-tor one day pithily defined his stand by saying: "There is no precedent for in-creasing or lowering the duties by legislation, except as a whole. You cannot take links out of a chain and still maintain the strength of the chain, or claim you have a chain at all." The fact that you have a chain at all." The fact that Senator Elkins was willing to donate \$6,000,000 or \$8,000,000 a year from the United States treasury by means of a rebate plan shows it was not his desire to be parsimonous with the people of Cuba. Mr. Elkins offered to support the house bill if it could be brought into the squate and passed unchanged. That proposition was rejected, because so it apposes the suppose of the square of the square of the square so the square of the square so the square so the square so the square square so the square position was rejected, because, so it ap-pears, the bill carried with it the removal pears, the bill carried with it the removal of the differential on refined sugar, which did not meet with the approval of certain influential Republican members of the senate. Mr. Elkins declined to support the bill if it was to be brought into the senate subject to all kinds of amendment, accompanied by a running depate on the revision of the tariff. It must be apparent to all that a discussion of the tariff extending over one, two or three menths, with a campaign coming on, would have unsettled business, and would certainly have afforded the Democrats ample opportunity to exploit their crats ample opportunity to exploit their views concerning the tariff and the trigsts, and given them an abundance of paign material.

Whether the country endorses Senator Elkins' position on Cuban annexation or Elkins' position on Cuban annexation or not, he is determined to continue, his efforts in that direction, with the knowledge that, as it has been supported by leading statesmen from the time of Jefferson down to and including McKinley, he has very respectable backing, and in the belief that, as annexation is bound to some, the sconer it comes the better for both countries. He maintains there is no impropriety in inviting a ward to enimpropriety in inviting a ward to en-the family, and that an adopted child better off with the full rights and privileges of the other members of the family than it could possibly be when

Senator Elkins cannot be stopped from continuing his efforts to put the with the growth of the country and by thisf executive and the administration | good management, the new universities

be his determination to continue. But should that be his purpose, he must be prepared for the risks that will go with with the overwhelming Republican senency between the president's definition newly established government peculiarly and specially under American tuteof that relief, as asked, would not have injured any home industry, but on the contrary would in the long run have benefitted all home industry by providing near to our shores a growing and profitable market for American pro-

The people are not so easily fooled,

It begins to look as though it might be necessary to call in General Funston

before Desperado Tracey, of Seattle, is

#### Postal Progress.

captured.

OR THE first quarter of this calendar year the gross receipts of the United States postal service amounted to \$32,388,592 and the expenses to \$31,590,-936, leaving a profit in spite of extra expenses for rural free delivery.

The indications now are that the deficit for the fiscal year just closed (full results, however, will not be known until on or about October 10) will be considerably less than \$3,000,000. Two of the three quarters thus far ascertained as to the past fiscal year show a surplus. The gross receipts for the first nine months of the fiscal year 1902 exceeded those of the corresponding period for the preceding year by 9 per cent., which is exactly the estimate made by Postmaster General Smith in his last annual report. If the increase continues at the same rate during the quarter yet to be reported his estimate of \$121,678,000 will be fully realized.

Truly this is a land of letters, periodicals, money orders and packages. If United States is not in the proselyting the growth in postal business shall continue at the present amazing rate of increase and congress be won to the department's view of what should be done to regulate second class mail privileges, it will not be many years until not only will rural free delivery be general but there will be substantial ground for urging penny postage.

> A contribution of \$5,000 to the Illino Prohibition fund shows that at leas Prohibition is not all talk in that state

#### The Gollege Graduate.

(From the Commercial Advertiser.) ROM the days of Plate to th present time there have bee spasmodic efforts made t bring educational systems in President McKinley, who favored the to touch with the demands of life. Or and most influential members of his to an actual contact with the world. very anxious to avoid. He also repre- tically the plan has never been perfeetly accomplished, and because the financial relief Cuba might need could difficulties in the way of its achievement have not been appreciated, one there would be a gradual transition from the primary grades to the college. But it is quite a different matter to bring a school system thus organized into touch with the demands of the

There was never a greater effort than at the present time to make educational methods lead up to practical living. The enormous increase of students in American universities is an indication of this. There are more than 40,000 students in the ten leading colleges in the

United States, as follows:		
Maryard	5,576	
Columbia		
Michigan	3,812	
Chicago	2,727	
California	3,540	
Minnesota	3,536	
Cornell	3,216	
Wisconsin	2,812	
Yale	2.680	
Pennsylvania		

This list includes undergraduates post-graduates and professional school men. It shows that the higher education is deemed by the country to be desirable and often in many sections is taken to be a matter of course. To show how advanced work in colleges had increased President Remsen of Johns Hopkins university gave the following statistics in his inaugural address: In 1850 there were only 8 graduate students in all the American colleges, viz.: 3 at Harvard, 3 at Yale, 1 at the University of Virginia, and 1 at Trinity. In 1875 there were 395; in 1900, 5,668; in 1902, more than 6,000. That this increase has not drawn from the attendance of Americans at German universities is shown by the fact that whereas there were 4 American students in German universities in 1835, 77 in 1860, there were 397 in 1898. These statistics are perfectly conclusive of two facts-the first is that there has been an enormous increase of American education at the top; and secondly, that this increase is due to the practical demands of the time. The wide spread of well-being in this country, the ambition of the family-stocks, the appreciation of education in itself and the craving for social power have

been the dominant motives. It ought not to be overlooked in reviewing the educational situation, that in the list of universities above given there are many free state institutions. These are young compared to the endowed institutions. They have a great future. The reason for this is that they are considered an integral part of the public school system where they exist, and that they graduate students fitted for their life work. They more completely fulfil Jefferson's idea of what a university should be, and as one important writer has remarked: "While the old universities have grown

into trouble and embarrassment, if it have been inspired by the democratic idea and the common go

Yet the simple fact that social conditions and social demands are conit. One of these is loss of fellowship stantly changing shows how difficult it is to make any system of education timent which proposes to sustain the conform to them. Educational institupresident, be the opposition what it tions, like all others, are not very may. This sentiment sees no inconsist- flexible. It is hard to change their methods and adapt their curricula to of reciprocity as a general policy and the changing times. They have also his effort to secure special relief for a certain ideals of mental culture that are peculiar to themselves-ideals that can be formed only by many years of lage. It is satisfied that the granting student life within them. Such ideals can be tested and applied by the individual student only when he goes out into the world. There are many college graduates of this month who will feel keenly the difference of the ideals of the college from those of the world they have entered-in spite of modern attempts to make these worlds compatible. This was what Emerson had in mind when he wrote, "The regular course of studies, the years of academical and professional education have not yielded to me better facts than some idle books under the bench of the Latin school. What we do not call education is more precious than what we

It will probably be well to note at this moment that Don M. Dickinson is the original Choate-for-president man. As usual, the Mad Mullah becomes active again on the eve of dog days.

#### CONCERNING THE VOTE.

Editor of The Tribune-Sir: Yesterday Mr. Farr said, "Hundreds of Democrats will vote for Mr. Connell," and today the Republican publishes the following:
"The vote in many districts was quite heavy, showing a wonderful increase as compared with the Republican vote in the same districts last fall. The following table gives the vote cast for State Treasurer Harris in 1901 and the Republican vote of yesterday:

can vote of yesterday.		
CITY OF SCRAN	TON.	
	1901.	19
Ward 3, District 1	. 14	
Ward 3, District 2	. 13	
Ward 7, District 1	. 16	
Ward 7, District 2	. 1	
Ward 7, District 3	. 26	
Ward 3, District 1		3
Ward 8, District 2		- 3
Ward 14, District 1		
Ward 14, District 2		
Ward 15, District 1		
Ward 15, District 2	. 70	- 3
Ward 16, District 1	. 100	- 8
Ward 18,		
Ward 19, District 1		- 9
Ward 19, District 2		
Ward 19, District 3		- 3
Ward 19, District 4		
Ward 20, District 1		
Ward 20, District 2		

Ward If	District 4 57
	0, District 1 33
Ward 20	), District 2 41
	), District 3 23
Totals	1123
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
,	CITY OF CARBONDALE,
117aml 1	
	District 1 154
	District 3 18
	District 1 54
	District 2 57
Ward 2,	District 3 7
Ward 3,	District 1 36
Ward 3,	District 1
	District 4 61
	District 1 13
Ward 4,	District 2 5
Ward 4,	District 3 4
Ward 5,	District 1 118
Ward 5,	District 2 7
Ward 6,	District 1 82
Ward 6,	District 2
III I WALLEY WAS	Table Control of the
Totals	693
P	OROUGH OF DUNMORE

	Ward 5.	District	1	118	
			2		
Ü	Ward 6,	District	1	82	
	Ward 6,	District	2		
U	DOMESTIC AND ADDRESS OF		3		
Ś	Totals	***********		693	
	В	OROUGE	OF DUNA	1901.	
ď	Ward 1.	District	1		
			2		
			1		
			2		
			1		
	Ward 3.	District	2	45	
			3		
	Ward 4			4	
	Ward 5			3	8
ŕ	Ward 6,	District	1	55	
	Ward 6,	District	2	75	
d			1		
	Totals			391	

Passing the question as to why many districts are omitted in these tabu lations, only 20 of 61 in Scranton being used, it would appear that the Republi-In 20 Scranton districts, 2386 votes yes-

terday and 1123 last fall.
In Carbondale, 928 votes yesterday and 92 last fall. In Dunmore, 890 votes yesterday and 391 last fall. Or a total of 4204 votes yesterday and

2207 last fall. So, even without the 41 excluded city districts and the rest of the county, the hundreds of purchasable Democratic votes of yesterday have become thousands today. Take the vote of 1990 for President McKinley and Mr. Connell, when we had an election as was an election, like yesterday's, too, and there do not seem to be so many Demorcrats in

the Republican ra	nks:		
7	Ickink	ey. Connell.	
	1900.	1900.	
The 20 Scranton			
districts	2087	2366	
Carbondale	1400	1210	
Dunmore	947	889	
It is surprising	these	professional	
ticians think peop	de are	caught by	t
clap-trap; that t	hey de	not lear	n

rank and file of the Republican party think for themselves and vote as they choose, or stay home and not vote if -Charles R. Smith Scranton, July 9.

### AN EXAMPLE FOR LUZERNE.

From the Wilkes-Barre Times. We extend our congratulations to Con ressman Connell for the magnificent tribute paid him by the Republican pri-maries of his district. This faithful party worker's good qualities, his honorable career as a coal operator and excellent political services were fully recognized by the workingmen of Lackawanna county In re-nominating Mr. Connell the Lacka-wanna Republicans have continued their wise policy of retaining the services of an old and faithful representative, a pro-cedure that should commend itself to the people of Luzerne. By the continuity of people of Luzerie. By the service the prestige of Lackawanna's congressman has been enhanced in congressional circles and Scranton has gressional circles and Scranton has reaped the benefit in the form of a fed-eral building of fine proportions, secured the federal district court, a lawyer from Scranton as judge, and many other things we in Luzerne have failed to secure because of our vacillating methods Let us make a new departure by re-nominating and re-electing our gifted congressman, Henry W. Palmer.

### THE GOODS-THE DUST.

Upon the shelves, from day to day His goods they gathered dust. "If this goes on this way much longer, Said Slow, "I'll surely bust!"

"Why don't you advertise?" said Smart. Said Slow: "I never thought of that!" And then he straightway wrote an "ad" Which told his story pat.

And in the paper then appeared This "ad" compact and neat, And in six weeks or thereabouts His store was stripped complete

The goods and dust, oh, where are they The goods and quar, on where are they the tale I'll soon rehearss—
The goods are sold and gone away,
The "dust" is in his purse!
—Will S. Gidley, in New York Sun.



Men's "Always" Busy Oxfords, \$3.00 Ladies' "Melba" Oxfords, \$2.50.

Lewis & Reilly, 114-116 Wyoming Avenue.

25 Per Gent.

Discount on

All new stock in all shapes including Panamas.



412 Spruce Street.

See our new line of Negligee Shirts.

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Atlantic City.

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Select, high class family hotel; enisine the best; write for booklet. H. S. STEVENS, Prop. John J. Shanfeiter, Manager formerly of the Park Hotel, Williamsport. THE AGNEW

Directly on the Beach in Chelsea, Atlantic City. Opens New, July 1st

Location, appointments and services unexcelled. The finest bath establishment on the coast. Many novel features of equipment, which will make it an ideal resting place for anyone requiring special personal attention. Booklet and terms by addressing THE AGNEW CO., Atlantic City. HOTEL RICHMOND. Kentucky Avenue. First Hotel from Beach, Atlantic City, N. J.; 60 Ocean view rooms; capacity 400; write for special rates. J. B. Jenkins Proc.

BRIGANTINE, N. J.

Reached by Reading Railway from Phil-delphia and by ferry from Atlantic City, Electric lights; artesian water; resident physician; surf bathing; excellent fishing and salling. CHARLES L. WALTON, Manager.

PENNSYLVANIA.

BEAUTIFUL LAKE WESAUKING On a spur of the Alleghany Mountains. Lehigh Valley railroad; near Towanda. Bathing, fishing, sports, etc. Excellent table. Reasonable rates. LAKE WESAUKING HOTEL P. O., Apea, Pa. Send for booklet C. K. HARRIS.

STROUDSBURG.

HIGHLAND DELL HOUSE Mountain # Strondsburg, Pa. Capacity, 150. Delightfully situated; eniarzed, refurnished, modern, conveniences; electric lights; service first-clas. Booklets, rates, Apply J. F. FOULKE

PROSPECT HOUSE East Stroudsburg. Highest elevation; beautiful lawns; shaded plazza; first-class table; refined sur-roundings MRS. CHARLES DEARR.

DELAWARE WATER GAP.

WATER GAP HOUSE

NOW OPEN. High elevation; capacity 250; 2% hours from N. Y. on D. L. & W.; beautiful scenery, pure air and water; rowing fishing, golf, tennis. New hydraulic passenger elevator. L. W. BROADHEAD.

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Fenwick, Conn.

On Long Island Sound, at the mouth of the beautiful Connecticut River. Delightfully cool.

If you wish to visit one of the most charming summer resorts, possessing all modern improvements, together with a delightful combination of seashore and country, and a social atmosphere inviting to refined people, write for particulars to

#### J. E. Chatfield, 106 East 15th St., N. Y.

First tee and last green of golf course directly in front of hotel. Write for booklet.

Full information and terms fur-

# THIRTY-THREE SCHOLARSHIPS \$9574

List of Scholarships

		0.00
Scholarships in Syracuse University,		
at \$432 each	864	
Scholarship in Bucknell University Scholarship in the University of Roch-	520	
ester	324	51:
Preparatory Schools Scholarship in Washington School for		
Boys Scholarship in Williamsport Dickin-	1700	í
son Seminary Scholarship in Dickinson Collegiate	750	
Preparatory School	750	
stitute	720	
Scholarship in Keystone Academy Scholarship in Brown College Prepar-	600	
atory School	600	7
awanna	400	

Scholarship in Wilkes-Barre Institute 276 Scholarship in Cotuit Cottage (Summer School) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 230 Music, Business and Art. 4 Scholarships in Scranton Conservatory of Music, at \$125 each..... 500 Scholarships in the Hardenbergh School of Music and Art..... 460 3 Scholarships in Scranton Business College, at \$100 each ..... 5 Scholarships in International Correspondence Schools, average value College, at \$85 each..... 2 Scholarships in Alfred Wooler's Vocal Studio..... 125

\$9574

# The Scranton Tribune's **Educational Contest**

Rules of the Contest

The special rewards will be given to the person securing the largest num-ber of points.

Points will be credited to contest-ants securing new subscribers to The Scranton Tribune as follows:

One month's subscription... \$ 50 1
Three months' subscription... \$ 50 1
Three months' subscription... 2.50 6
One year's subscription... 5.00 12
The contestant with the highest number of points will be given a choice from the list of special rewards; the contestant with the second highest number of points will be given a

secure a Special Reward or not.

choice of the remaining rewards, and so on through the list.

The contestant who secures the highest number of points during any calendar months of the contest will receive a special honor reward, this reward being entirely independent of the ultimate disposition of the scholarships. Each contestant failing to secure a special reward will be given 19 per cent. of all money he or she turns in. All subscriptions must be paid in ad-

vance. Only new subscribers will be counted. Renewals by persons whose names

are already on our subscription list will not be credited. The Tribune will investigate each subscription and if found irregular in any way reserves the right to reject it.

No transfers can be made after credit has once been given.

All subscriptions and the cash to pay for them must be handed in at The Tribune office within the week in which they are secured, so that papers can be sent to the subscribbrs at once.

Subscriptions must be wester on the subscribbrs at once.

Subscriptions must be written on blanks, which can be secured at The Tribune office, or will be sent by mail. NOTICE that according to the above rules, EVERY CONTESTANT WILL BE PAID, whether they

Those wishing to enter the contest should send in their names at once. All questions concerning the plan will be cheerfully answered, Address all communications to

CONTEST EDITOR, Scranton Tribune, Scranton, Pa.

Special Honor Prizes for July

To be given to the two contestants scoring the largest number of points during the month of July:

FIRST PRIZE-A BIRD'S-EYE MAPLE WRITING DESK, Value \$12.00.

SECOND PRIZE-A GOLD FOUNTAIN PEN. Special Honor Prizes for August, September and October will be announced later.

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Do You Want a Good Education?

Not a short course, nor an easy course nor a cheap course, but the best education to be had. No other education is worth spending time and money on. If you do write for a catalogue of

> Lafayette College

which offers thorough preparation in the Engineering and Chemical Protessions as well as the regular College courses.

Easton, Pa.

EDUCATIONAL.

# Announcement.

During the summer of 1902 instruction in all the subjects required for admission to the best colleges and scientific schools will be given at Cotuit Cottages, a Summer School of Secondary Instruction, Cotuit Massachuesetts, under the direction of Principal Charles E. Fish. The courses of instruction are for the

benefit of five classes of students: 1. Candidates who have received conditions at the entrance examinations.

2. Candidates who have postponed examinations until September. 3. Students in Secondary Schools, who, by reason of illness or other causes, have deficiencies to make up. 4. Students in Secondary Schools who wish to anticipate studies and save time in the preparation for col-

5. Students in college who have admission conditions which must be removed before the beginning of the next Scholastic Year. For Particulars Address

CHARLES E. FISH, Principal. Cotuit, Mass.

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East Stroudsburg, Pa. POPULAR State Institution This POPULAR State Institution is located in the most BEAUTIFUL, PICTURESQUE and HEALTHFUL part of the State It is in the GREAT SUMMER RESORT REGION of the BLUE RIDGE and POCONO MOUNTAINS and within two miles of the famous DELAWARE WATER GAP RESORT. Tuition Absolutely Free

Tuition Absolutely Free
The total expenses for Boarding, Furnished rooms and all other expenses only
\$2.50 PER WEEK. In addition to the
regular Departments in the Normal
proper, we have a fine COLLEGE PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT. We can
save you one full year in your College
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ELOCUTION. ART DRAWING, PAINTING IN CHINA and WATER COLORS,
taught by Specialists. A New Recitation Building

is now in course of erection, which will give a fine Laboratory and fourteen other recitation rooms. A FINE GYMNA-SIUM! Our own ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT! A Superior Faculty! Backward Pupils COACHED FREE. Nearly FIVE HUNDRED PUPILS ENROLLED this year. year. FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 8, 1902. For Catalogue and particulars address

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B. J. Foster, Vice President.

Stanley P. Allen, Secretary,

# School of the Lackawanna

Scranton, Pa.

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The Largest and most artistic line ever shown in the city.

121 Washington Avenue.

When in Need optical goods we can supply it.

**Spectacles** and Eye Glasses Properly fitted by an expert

From \$1.00 Up Also all kinds of prescription work and repairing.

Mercereau & Connell, 132 Wyoming Avenue.

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