

TWO CENTS.

SCRANTON, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 16, 1902.

TWO CENTS.

## MINE WORKERS' CONVENTION ORDERS STRIKE

### President Mitchell's Efforts at Hazleton in Interest of Peace Are Unavailing.

## FOLLOWERS OF NICHOLLS ARE IN THE MAJORITY

### Vote of the Convention Was: For Strike, 461 1-4; Against Strike, 349 3-4—Engineers, Firemen and Pump Runners May Be Called Out Today—President Mitchell, in a Forceful Speech, Counsels the Delegates to Refrain from Ill-Advised Action—Nicholls the Champion of the Strike Element.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Hazleton, May 15.—The anthracite mine workers in convention late this afternoon decided to continue the strike of the 145,000 men against the mine owners and to fight it out to the bitter end. The matter of calling out the engineers, firemen and pump runners will be decided by the delegates tomorrow. The vote to continue the suspension was as follows:

Total vote cast, \$11, for strike, 461 1-4; against strike, 349 3-4. President Mitchell, however, in compliance with the rules of the United Mine Workers, announced to the public that the action of the convention was unanimous. The step taken today by the miners, after practically considering the matter for two months, has wiped out the uncertainty of the situation, and it is freely predicted that the most serious labor struggle in the history of the country, if not the world, is about to begin. This is the view taken by nearly every miner.

While the leaders are cautious and will not forecast their actions, it is not unlikely that the miners' fight will be carried into the bituminous coal regions and into other fields of industry. Mine workers giving the men a ton per cent. advance, after a six weeks' suspension. The operators are on record as being unalterably opposed to granting the men any concessions, and they have personally informed the mine workers' leaders of that fact. The workers fear the destruction of their organization, because they believe that the mine owners are bent more on wrecking their union than they are in opposing the demands for higher wages and shorter workdays.

**Mitchell's Efforts in Vain.**  
President Mitchell's advice to the miners was peace, and he gave it to them in the plainest and most forceful of language. He was ably assisted by President Fahy and Secretary Hartlein, of the lower district, and Secretary Demsey, of the upper territory. President Nicholls, of the First district, was the great champion of the strike advocates. Mr. Mitchell, who was the last to speak, was listened to with the greatest attention. It is said that a telegram was read from the American Federation of Labor against a permanent suspension. But the delegates would not listen, and amid considerable suppressed excitement, the vote was taken. For a time it looked as though the peace advocates would win, but when delegation after delegation from the lower district, the last to be called, answered "Yes," it was seen that the men who favored a fight had won. The result was received by the convention with applause which, however, was not very enthusiastic or prolonged. The men appreciated the seriousness of their decision, which, no doubt, dampened their ardor.

The proposition to call out the engineers, firemen and pump runners was separated from the main question early in the discussion, which began shortly after the convention met this morning. There was an almost equal division in this matter and the debate became so involved that it was decided to consider that phase of the question separately. The men, having thrown down the gauntlet to their employers, have taken renewed courage, and it would not be surprising if the convention tomorrow decided to call out the other employees referred to. The miners insist that nearly all the engineers, firemen and pump runners belong to their organization, and say that they can get them all to quit, if they want to. In the event that this is brought about, it would do incalculable damage to the mines through flooding, unless

the companies can succeed in filling the men's places.

**Headquarters Not Established.**  
While the people of the coal fields are glad that the suspension and uncertainty occasioned by the long delays in reaching a conclusion of the strike question are over, the news of the convention's action has caused considerable depression. Business has been paralyzed to a certain extent and it will probably come to almost a standstill.

There was a great crowd of miners in Hazleton today. They came from all parts of the region and most of them congregated in the vicinity of the convention hall. They were gathered in large groups, each nationality flocking by itself and awaiting for some information from the inside. Besides these, there were present about twenty-five newspaper correspondents and a big contingent of agents of corporations who were waiting to fish every scrap of information to the outside world. It was exactly a quarter to six o'clock when the vote to strike was completed and the convention adjourned. The delegates, however, were not allowed to leave the building. President Mitchell announced that they should remain in the hall, until he himself had announced the result to the waiting crowd. When he appeared at the front door, there was a great rush at him, but he would not open his mouth until all the correspondents who were waiting to fish every scrap of information to the outside world, had been satisfied.

**News Causes Depression.**  
Hazleton and surrounding towns are tonight celebrating the inauguration of the permanent strike by giving parades. The question of where the strike headquarters will be established has not yet been decided upon, but Wilkes-Barre will in all probability be selected. President Mitchell will remain until Saturday or Sunday if Hazleton is not selected. The national leader was apparently pleased for a statement on the situation but he politely refused to give any information beyond the bare fact that the convention had decided to strike. He held a long conference with National Secretary-Treasurer W. B. Wilson regarding future movements.

**ANXIETY AT WILKES-BARRE.**  
Sad Faces Greet the Announcement That Strike Had Been Declared.  
By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.  
Wilkes-Barre, Pa., May 15.—Miners and laborers thronged the streets of this city and adjoining towns all day today, anxiously waiting news from the Hazleton convention. When the word finally came, this evening, that the representatives of the underground workers had voted to continue the strike, the men dispersed to their homes, many of them wearing a look of anxiety, if not actual distress. They knew that the last hope was gone and that probably a long period of idleness was before them.

In United Mine Workers' circles the action of the convention is upheld. The leaders claim that it was not possible for the miners to recede from their demands; that if they did, dissensions would soon appear in their ranks and there would be danger of the union falling of its own weight. If the union must be destroyed, the leaders think, it would be better that it should die fighting the common enemy than to be annihilated by dissensions in its own ranks.

The individual operators in this section do not look for a prolonged strike. They think the strikers are not prepared for a long period of idleness and that when hunger comes the foreign element will make a rush to get back to work and that will finish the strike.

Most of the companies do not apprehend any danger, even if the engineers, firemen and pump runners are called out in sympathy with the miners. They say they have plenty of foremen and sub-bosses who can take charge of the engines and pumps. These foremen are members of the union. There is much depression in business circles over the strike order.

## STRIPPING EMPLOYEES STRIKE. A Demand That May Force Cuyile Brothers Out of Business.

Hazleton, May 15.—The stripping employees of Cuyile Bros., who operate the Lehigh Valley Coal company strip-pings, made demands upon the steam shovel owners this morning for an increase in wages. The engineers ask for an increase of from \$100 to \$125 per month; the cranesmen from \$80 to \$90; the firemen, \$45 to \$50. Besides this, the men also ask for an eight, instead of a ten-hour day.

Cuyile Bros. employ 400 men. They say they will go out of business before they will accede to the demands of the men.

**News at Shamokin.**  
Shamokin, May 15.—On receipt of news that the Hazleton convention had voted for a strike, the miners collected in crowds here tonight and discussed the situation. The prevailing sentiment is that, in the face of the operators refusing to grant concessions, there was nothing less left to do but strike. Coal companies are prepared to keep the pumps in operation with non-union men in case the employees now on duty quit work.

## CEREMONIES IN HONOR OF KING ALFONSO

### Fifteen Bull Fights Are to Take Place—Free Dinner Given to the Poor.

Madrid, May 15.—The official ceremonies in honor of the majority of King Alfonso opened here today. The weather was clear and a cloudless sky and brilliant sun favored the arrival at Madrid of the Duke of Connaught, Prince Albert of Prussia, Princes Vladimir and Christian of Denmark, Prince Nicholas of Greece and the crown princess of Monaco and Spain, who arrived in a royal train. Thousands of persons gathered along the route from Northern station to the palace to witness the procession.

A grand banquet in honor of the royal visitors was given at the palace tonight. A special bull fight, in which eight bulls appeared was held this afternoon at the Puerta del Sol. No fewer than 15 bull fights are to take place in connection with the festivities and over 100 bulls are to be killed. Free dinners were given to 3,000 poor persons today. The contents were repeated daily until May 24. Fifty thousand pesetas, have been distributed to the poor and small sums will be deposited in savings banks in the names of all children born Saturday May 17, the day the king takes the oath. Although the government is estimated to be guaranteed by the military, for numerous pirates from the neighboring islands were preparing to come and lay hands on anything of value.

## CIRCUS TRAIN WRECKED.

### Six Canvasmen Belonging to the Forepaugh and Sells Brothers Show Are Injured.

Harrisburg, May 15.—Six canvasmen were injured, three of them seriously, in a wreck of the canvas and wagon train of Forepaugh and Sells Brothers circus at 5 o'clock this morning at Marysville, six miles west of this city. The injured were brought to the Harrisburg hospital in a gravel train and their wounds dressed, after which they were left for New York to join the circus. Those who are seriously injured are: Columbus Davis, colored, of Martin county, North Carolina; Charles Berkeley, of Louisville, Ky.; and Harry Sheuwer, Springfield, Mo. They are hurt internally. The others are cut and bruised about the head. They are Robert Clark, of Altoona; Edward Bergin, of New York and James C. Bradshaw, Richmond, Va. The accident was caused by a broken truck of a car carrying a large canvas wagon on which the injured men were sleeping. Two cars were wrecked, causing a delay of several hours in the movement of the train. Two sections carrying the performers and animals were behind the section which was wrecked.

## Steamship Arrivals.

New York, May 15.—Sailed: The Steamers La Lorraine, Havre; Bremen, Bremen via Cherbourg; Queenstown—Sailed: Oceanic (via Liverpool), New York; Liverpool—Arrived: Majestic, New York; Rotterdam—Sailed: Potsdam, New York via Boulogne Sur Mer (and sailed from latter port); Lizard—Passed: La Bretagne, New York for Havre; General—Arrived: Kaiserin Maria Theresa, New York.

## Want Labor Leaders Restrained.

Hazleton, May 15.—The American Iron and Steel company this afternoon applied for an injunction against the labor leaders who are conducting the strike at the Stenbergh plant of the company here, 1,200 men having quit work. The matter will come up for argument next Monday.

## Dinner to Mr. Reid.

New York, May 15.—Whitfield Reid, special ambassador to the coronation of King Edward, was the guest tonight at a dinner tendered him by the directors of the Associated Press. The dinner was given at the Lotus club.

## MONT PELEE STILL ACTIVE

### The Conditions Apparent at the Summit Presage Further Calamity.

## RUMBLING CONTINUES AT MOUTH OF CRATER

### Three Luminous Points Appear on Lower Slope of the Mountain. Eyewitness Describes the First Eruption and Subsequent Destruction of St. Pierre—City Annihilated—Molten Metals Found.

London, May 15.—The Fort-de-France correspondent of the Times, in a despatch describing the present condition of Mont Pelee, says that the volcano is still rumbling and that three luminous points on the lower slopes of the mountain, which are casting incandescent rays, seem to presage a further calamity.

The correspondent of the London Times at Paris, M. de Biowitz, supplies his paper today with an account of the St. Pierre disaster telegraphed to him by a friend from Fort-de-France, Martinique, under date of yesterday, by way of the island of Malta. It says:

"For three weeks Mont Pelee had been vomiting clouds of smoke, but the smoke seemed produced so normally that it was permissible for even those who were inclined to look on the dark side not to dread a catastrophe. At Fort-de-France, where the agitation of Mont Pelee attracted, as it went on, much attention, any anxiety which existed gradually died down. When, May 5, a violent eruption of mud, the hot ashes having been mingled with water in the crater, overwhelmed Guerin's works, killing twenty-three persons. The river in the north of the island, then swollen by a muddy torrent, noisily overflowed.

On May 8, while there were still deliberations going on at Fort-de-France and St. Pierre, where the night had been passed in anguish and ignorance, as to whether the eruption of mud was the precursor of the end of the disaster, St. Pierre was, within ten minutes, annihilated.

**At St. Pierre.**  
Describing St. Pierre after it had been demolished, the correspondent says: "A portion of the upper town was razed by a cloud of fire, which increased as it advanced and crumbled everything in its course. In the lower town, near the harbor, a few walls, bearing traces of fire, remained standing. The stupor of the people was such that the spot the town clock remained intact, as if to show the precise moment of the disaster, marking 7:50, and this sinister indication deeply affected all who saw it. On the other hand, the telegraph office and its contents were blown away and its contents were blown away. Bodies were lying prostrate, with the bowels protruding, as though forced out by the tension of the heat, and with the backs partially carbonized. It is a melancholy and terrible thing to see the site of St. Pierre, which was to be guarded by the military, for numerous pirates from the neighboring islands were preparing to come and lay hands on anything of value.

Sir William Houldier, of Birmingham, has been appointed chairman of the committee secretary, £500 (£2,500) toward the relief of the sufferers. Messages of sympathy are being voted by public bodies throughout the United Kingdom.

**Fissures in Mountains.**  
Kingston, Island of St. Vincent, B. W. I., Tuesday, May 13.—No person has yet been able to approach within eight miles of the new crater of the Soufriere volcano, but judging from what can be seen from a considerable distance, the old lake at the summit of the mountain has disappeared. The numerous fissures in the mountain's sides continue to throw out vapor, and the tremblings indicate continued unrest. During the afternoon of Monday, a dense volume of steam and smoke rose from the volcano and the whole island was covered by a peculiar mist. The inhalation of noxious vapors here is increasing the spread of sickness. An ambulance corps from the island of Barbadoes has arrived here. Starvation threatens the poorer classes of the afflicted district.

Nearly every remaining negro hut in the Carib country contains decayed bodies and the horrid stench is driving people away. Mutilated bodies are tied with ropes and dragged to the trenches, where they are buried. Sometimes bodies are cremated.

The local government is feeding and sheltering about 2,000 refugees. Subscriptions for the relief of the sufferers are being raised in all the British West Indies.

## SYSTEMATIC RELIEF WORK.

Comprehensive Plans Adopted by President's Special Committee.  
Philadelphia, May 15.—President Roosevelt's special committee, acting in consonance with the citizen's permanent relief committee, today adopted comprehensive plans for the relief of the survivors of the Martinique disaster. Contributions will be gathered throughout the city in the name of the "Martinique and St. Vincent Relief Fund," and all cash donations will be deposited with Drexel & Company, bankers. On Sunday, May 25, special collections will be taken up in all the churches of the city. An appeal to the public was issued today by the joint

committee and copies have been forwarded to the various financial and commercial institutions throughout the city. Executive Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith is chairman of the committee who will act in conjunction with the relief committees of Washington and New York. Up to the close of banking hours today, \$5,924 in cash had been contributed.

Pursuant to instructions from Washington, Postmaster McMichael today sent out 14,000 addressed envelopes, which were delivered by the mail-carriers at the residences along their routes. These are for individual contributions, which will be collected by the postmen and disbursed under the direction of the government. The mail-carriers will continue to deliver these envelopes until every family in the city has been supplied.

## ASSEMBLY MEETS.

### Presbyterians Gather for Important Work—Question of Revision of the Creed to Be Considered.

New York, May 15.—The one hundred and fourteenth general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States convened at 11 o'clock today in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-ninth street. This will be the most important general assembly in the history of the church, for it is the first time that the revision of creed will come up as a serious measure to be passed upon by the assembly.

The Rev. Dr. David Gregg, pastor of the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian church, of Brooklyn, offered the invocation at the opening. This was followed by the reading of the scriptures, by the Rev. Dr. William B. Jennings, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Detroit, Mich. The second prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. Samuel A. Martin, of Chambersburg, Pa. When Dr. Minton arose to deliver his sermon, every eye in the big church was turned to the speaker. The moderator of the session on Thursday next. The Rev. Dr. William Henry Roberts, the stated clerk of the assembly, has several hundred copies of this report, which he has guarded jealously in his office in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church, so that the contents shall not become public until the proper time.

**Dr. Van Dyke Moderator.**  
New York, May 15.—Dr. Henry Van Dyke, professor of literature at Princeton university, was late this afternoon elected moderator of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church, which body began its deliberations here today. He was elected on the second ballot. The result of the first ballot was: Dr. Van Dyke, 217; Dr. Kerr, 86; Dr. Holmes, 90; Dr. Moffatt, 144; Dr. Duffield, 61.

There were 598 votes cast, 299 being necessary to elect. There was some discussion as to whether another ballot should be cast before the end of the session, as there was the question of the secretary. After some talk it was decided to cast another ballot. Before this was done, however, Dr. Robert R. Booth, of New York, arose and withdrew the name of Dr. Duffield. He said that this was done at the request of Dr. Duffield.

**FUNERAL OF GENERAL COLLIS.**  
Impressive Ceremonies Held at Gettysburg.  
Gettysburg, May 15.—The funeral of General C. H. T. Collis took place here this afternoon. The body was brought here this afternoon from Philadelphia and interred with military honors in the national cemetery. The catafalque was drawn by black horses and was surrounded by veterans of his regiment, the One Hundred and Fourteenth, Pennsylvania.

Delegations were also present from Philadelphia and New York. At the grave, Rev. W. R. N. Ashmeade, of the Episcopal church officiated and a volley was fired by the Sons of Veterans of Gettysburg. Post No. 9, of this place, was also present. Many citizens and visitors attended the ceremonies.

## STEPHEN CAREY DROPS DEAD.

### A Resident of Tobyhanna Expires Suddenly in His Garden.

Tobyhanna, May 15.—Stephen Carey, a resident of Tobyhanna for twenty to thirty years, dropped dead in his garden about 5:30 o'clock this afternoon. He was apparently in perfect health. It is presumed that apoplexy of the heart was the cause.

## German Baptist Convention.

Harrisburg, May 15.—Elder E. L. Miller, of Mount Morris, Ill., was today elected moderator of the German Baptist convention which convenes next Tuesday at Paxtang park, at the close of the annual Bible meeting now in session. L. T. Hollinger, of Yrmon, Ind., was elected reading clerk, L. H. Fort Wayne, Ind., writing clerk, and Wilbur Stoner, Buhar, Ind., assistant writing clerk.

## Corporations Chartered.

Harrisburg, May 15.—Charters were issued at the state department today at follows: Westmoreland Grocery company, Greensburg; capital, \$50,000. The George E. Meyer company, Allegheny City; capital, \$10,000. The Huntington Valley Canning company, Town Line, Luzerne county; capital, \$12,000.

## EXCITING DEBATE IN THE HOUSE

### GAYNOR AND GREENE.

### Chief Wilkie's Men Capture the Ball Jumpers in Canada.

Quebec, May 15.—Colonel John F. Gaynor and Captain W. D. Greene, who forfeited their bail of \$40,000 at Savannah, Ga., early in March and fled to Canada, were placed under arrest by officers connected with the United States secret service and Chief Carpenter, of the Montreal detective force, today.

The men were indicted in Georgia on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the United States government. The arrests were made today on warrants issued in Montreal. Chief Wilkie's men assisted the Canadian officers to make the arrests.

The men were hurried on board a swift little tug, which had been kept in waiting at the wharf. Ten minutes after Greene and Gaynor were safely on board, the boat steamed out into the river and started toward Montreal. The officers moved so quickly that neither of the prisoners was given an opportunity to consult counsel.

When notified of her husband's arrest, Mrs. Gaynor at once consulted her husband's attorney. A tug was chartered and an attempt was made to overtake the boat on which Gaynor and Greene were being carried away, but the detectives' boat was too fast and could not be overtaken.

Washington, May 15.—The arrest of Messrs. Gaynor and Greene was the result of a carefully prepared and well-matured plan devised by the government officials, acting under instructions by the department of justice of the United States.

The expectation here is that when arraigned before the Montreal authorities, Messrs. Gaynor and Greene will endeavor to secure their release by habeas corpus proceedings. The case is quite complicated, but an earnest effort will be made to compel the men to stand trial in Georgia.

## SALE OF THE RECORD.

### The Bulk of the Stock of the Paper Is Secured by W. S. Stenger.

Philadelphia, May 15.—By order of the United States district court for Eastern Pennsylvania, James M. Beck, special master commissioner today sold at public auction 9,050 shares of the 10,000 shares of the Philadelphia Record Publishing company, par value \$100. William S. Stenger, of Philadelphia, bought the stock for \$2,300,000. Mr. Stenger is an attorney and was secretary of the commonwealth during Gov. Pattison's first term. Mr. Stenger also bought \$470,000 of the issue of \$500,000 of the six per cent bonds of the Record company, paying \$564,000 therefor.

When asked who he represented in the transaction Mr. Stenger smilingly answered "myself" and declined to say anything further.

There was a large attendance at the sale, many newspaper owners from other cities being among those present. Wesley M. Oler, of the Baltimore Herald was Mr. Stenger's principal competitor. His first bid was \$2,295,000 and the stock was knocked down to Mr. Stenger at his bid of \$2,300,000. Adolph S. Ochs, of the New York Times was also an active bidder but he stopped at \$1,830,000.

After the two large blocks of stocks were sold, a continuation of the sale of 150 shares of Record Publishing company stock was sold to Mr. Stenger for \$220 a share.

The first bid was \$300,000 and several of the early bidders dropped out before the million and a half mark was reached. Attorney Stenger, when questioned as to whom he represented, said: "I purchased the Record in my own name and will take the title to the property, when it is transferred, in my own name. Of course, others will wish to buy in the name of the Record. I have nothing more to say on that point. I do wish to say, however, that the change of ownership brought about by my purchase will not cause any 'shaking up' of the paper either in its administration or policy. It will continue to be what it is now in all practical and substantial respects. The ownership will be changed and that is all that will be changed. The identity and personality of the old Record will remain what they are at present and readers and patrons of the journal established and built up by William M. Singler and his assistants will not perceive any deviation or shadow of turning in the management."

## The Lower Branch Becomes Agitated Over the Philippine Affair.

## REPORTS OF CRUELTY ARE REHEARSED

### Mr. Vandiver Recites Instances of Alleged Outrage—The American Soldiers Are Defended by Mr. Hepburn, Mr. Grow and Others. Senator McLaurin Assails the Administration—Declares that the Republican Party Is Responsible for the Troubles at Manila.

Washington, May 15.—The house today was plunged into an exciting debate on Philippine affairs. Thus far the subject of alleged atrocities in the islands has engaged the attention of the senate alone and only occasional echoes have been heard in the house. But today the reports of cruelty and outrage were rehearsed in the house with vehemence and bitterness. The naval bill was the order of the day, but it received only scant attention, after the allegations of Philippine outrages were presented.

A speech by Mr. Vandiver (Missouri) reciting instances of alleged outrage brought on the discussion. Personalities and recrimination were freely passed about. Mr. Vandiver was supported in his criticisms by Mr. Wheeler (Kentucky), while vehement defenses of the American soldiers were made by Mr. Hepburn (Iowa); Mr. Grow (Pennsylvania); Mr. Hill (Connecticut); Mr. W. A. Smith (Michigan) and Mr. Lessor (New York.) General debate on the naval bill closed at 4 o'clock and when the house adjourned the measure was being read for amendment.

## McLaurin Attacks Administration.

An extended speech by Mr. McLaurin (Mississippi) in opposition to the pending Philippine government bill was a feature of today's session of the senate. The Mississippi senator vigorously assailed the administration's policy in the Philippines. He deplored the outrages perpetrated in the islands, which were in his judgment, the natural outgrowth of the government's policy, for which, he maintained, the Republican party was responsible. He urged the abandonment of the policy in the interest of peace and justice. He declared that the minority was not discussing the pending measure to obtain political capital, as all the political material which the Democrats desired had been made for them by the Republicans in this congress.

## KNIGHTS OF MALTA APPOINTMENTS.

### Work of the Annual Session at Williamsport Ended Yesterday.

Williamsport, Pa., May 15.—The work of the annual session of the Grand Commandery, Knights of Malta ended at noon today. A majority of the delegates left for their homes this afternoon but a number will stay over till tomorrow and attend a trip to the home. At this morning's session the per capita tax was fixed at forty cents, payable semi-annually.

Grand Commander Jackson announced his appointments of deputy grand commanders as follows: Philadelphia—W. M. Galliger, George Harvey, T. M. Dabolt, G. D. Green, Chester—George W. Green, Media—Thomas D. Young, Montgomery—Tomer Langstaff, Bucks—J. V. Ommerson, South Bethlehem—Joshua Wilt, Easton—Thomas C. Hoffman, W. Young, Abrahm Schuch, Elmer M. Apple, Stroudsburg—N. C. Miller, Allentown—Harvey M. Koch, Cataqua—Harvey C. Lentz, Alburtis—Frank D. Lanzer, Westconville—W. P. Romig, Batington—R. W. Young, Lehigh—E. H. Gross, Hazleton—Charles H. Stillerman, Luzerne—Frank H. Brenton and J. W. Bogart, Nanticoke—John Laska, Lackawanna—Norman H. Peck, Bloomsburg—W. Clark Rich, Scranton—E. H. Stotter, Williamsport—R. S. Worrall, Lock Haven—E. E. Resler, Erie—H. M. Miller, Coatsville—W. L. McKeigan, Lancaster—Lazee E. Long, Columbia—G. Heiman, York—Gill H. Kyle, Dauphin—Frank Meyers, Robert Buck, W. H. Tyson, Delta—John A. Judd, Millersburg—Isaac W. Hoffman, Cumberland—W. P. Foster, Lewisburg—G. F. Broke, Bedford—W. B. Debaugh, Philadelphia—T. A. Crowner, Altoona—J. M. Ehrhart, Johnstown—J. W. Chamer, McKeesport—Fred H. Carr, Bradock—H. B. Hughes, Pottsville—Wilson J. Eble, C. M. Hess, John Bain, Palmerton—Amos J. Freer, Milton—H. B. Price, Reynoldsville—W. J. Weaver, Hastings—H. M. McAlary.

## Another Sherman Victim.

Pittsburg, May 15.—Albert H. Maerig, aged 19, died at the hospital today, making the twenty ninth death resulting from the Sheridan explosion of Monday.

## YESTERDAY'S WEATHER.

Local data for May 15, 1902:  
Highest temperature..... 61 degrees  
Lowest temperature..... 41 degrees  
Relative humidity..... 84 per cent.  
8 a. m...... 85 per cent.  
Precipitation, 24 hours ended 8 p. m., none.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, May 15.—Forecast for Friday and Saturday: Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Friday; showers at night on Saturday; variable winds.