Scranton Tribune.

THE ONLY SCRANTON PAPER RECEIVING THE COMPLETE NEWS SERVICE OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, THE GREATEST NEWS AGENCY IN THE WORLD.

TWO CENTS. SCRANTON, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 24, 1902. TWO CENTS.

State Library

RIOTERS ACTIVE IN PATERSON

The City Devastated by Fire and Flood Now Suffers from Vicious Mobs.

STRIKING DYERS STORM THE MILLS

Almost Without Warning the Disorderly Element Moves Upon the Mills, and Much Damage Is Done Before the Rioters Are Checked by Police—A Mill Owner Assaulted. Desperate Battle Between Strikers and Officers—Police Hope to Control Lawbreakers Without Aid of the Troops.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Paterson, N. J., April 23.—Striking dye helpers today stormed the establishments that were still running, and by force compelled a complete suspension of business in their trade. They engaged in a series of running fights with the police and plant managers, and in one of the severest clashes exchanged a volley of pistol shots with them. The radicals among the strikers were in command. Many persons on either side were severely injured during the rioting, but none dangerously so. It was believed for a time that it would be necessary to ask the state for troops to restore order and insure protection to life and property, but the police expressed confidence in their ability to handle the situation, and no request for outside aid was made. Judge Dixon called the grand jury and charged them to indict the persons guilty of rioting.

The conservative element among the strikers had in the meantime disavowed the violence of their fellows, and urging a return to peaceful means to gain the end that was sought.

A written demand upon the employers for pay was formulated, and a committee opened negotiations for its consideration.

Large numbers of the strikers were in sullen spirit, and it was predicted tonight that any attempt on the part of the employers to resume business without dealing with them would be desperately resisted. When the strikers completed their campaign against the plants in operation the number of men out was found to be nearly 4,000.

Disorder Unexpected.

The disorder began early in the day and was unexpected. A meeting of strikers was held at 8 o'clock at Rueger's Riverside hall, and two hundred men gathered at the place. The hall would not accommodate them all, and the proceedings were slow because of the many nationalities represented. To simplify matters it was finally decided to have the men of each shop on strike appoint a committee of five to represent them. The meeting was orderly and declared for peace, and the men were urged to keep away from the shops. The meeting of committee prepared and adopted the following demand:

The helpers shall receive 20½ cents per hour and 55 hours shall constitute one week's work.

Time and one-half for overtime, 10 hours a day.

All machine men and shakers out, dynamite day men and box fixers, 22 cents an hour.

Finishers, 24 cents an hour and no Sunday work.

No learners to receive less than 20 cents an hour.

Night men to receive 22 cents an hour.

This schedule shall be in effect for the next five years.

All hands shall receive five minutes for washing up before 12 and 6 o'clock.

The old prices per hour were as follows:

Helpers 16½ cents; machine men 18¾ cents; finishers 22 cents; learners 11½ cents.

While the meeting was in progress a number of strikers stood outside the hall angrily discussing their grievances. The radicals urged a raid upon the works still in operation and when their suggestion was approved headed a rush for the plant of Johnson Cowdin & Co. The men at work there were called out and the strikers moved on to the establishment of James Simpson & Co. The firm fearing trouble dismissed the men and closed its doors. Robert Gaedes' works were visited next and after that the Bamford mills, where the first serious disorder occurred, was surrounded. The property is walled in but the strikers gained the yard before the gates were shut. Windows were smashed, chemicals spilled and considerable damage done. The men at work in the plant quickly quitted their places. While one mob was closing the Bamford mill another was surging into the plant of the American Silk Dyeing and Finishing company. Armed with dye sticks and stones they charged through the plant driving the men from their places. George Arnold, one of the members of the firm dropped insensible with a blow on the head from a dye stick.

Where Shooting Occurred.

Almost simultaneously an attack was begun on the works of Emil Geering and it was in the fight for possession of it that the shooting occurred. Two policemen were guarding the property and when the mob came rushing down on them they warned those in the van to keep away. Some one in the crowd discharged a revolver and the police quickly returned the fire. Half a dozen shots were fired, and one striker, who escaped unidentified was shot in the leg. The mob stoned the two policemen, and when one of the latter arrested one of the leaders, closed in around him. The officers swung their clubs and beat their way out of the crowd. A striker engaged Mr. Geering but was beaten off. One of the patrolmen finally secured a rifle and when he came out and faced the crowd with it there was a great scattering.

From Geering's, the strikers hurried away toward the property of Knipscher and Maas, but that raid was checked by a squad of police. The latter formed across the street, and, marching forward with night sticks drawn, forced the crowd back. Gerald Mistell, a young striker, hurled a rock at the police and was placed under arrest. The crowd tried to rescue him and to the number of several hundred followed the arresting officers to the prison, hooting at them as they trailed along. An attempt was made to organize a second movement against Mr. Geering's works, but only a few volunteers were found who were willing to take part in it. At noon, the men at work for Geering went out, and the place was closed up.

At some of the places raided, some of the strikers familiar with the machinery turned the steam on at full force, and it was an effective weapon in driving the workmen out.

The strikers met at Riverside again at 4 o'clock in the afternoon to receive reports of the several shop committees. Nearly every one of the latter reported that their particular shop would agree to the wage concessions demanded if all the other shops would. The conservative leaders strongly advised the strikers to avoid violence and disavowed the attacks made on the mill during the morning.

If the dyers strike is prolonged, other branches of the great silk industries which center in and around Paterson will be affected.

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCORES A POINT

Lajoie, King of Second Basemen, Is Temporarily Restrained from Playing.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, April 23.—Following up the decision of the Pennsylvania Supreme court against Napoleon Lajoie, of the Philadelphia American League Base Ball club, John I. Rogers, of the Philadelphia National League club, today secured a temporary injunction, restraining the great second baseman from playing with any other organization than the Philadelphia National club.

The injunction, which was granted in common pleas court No. 5, the same tribunal which dismissed the application for an injunction last year, and which was reversed by the Supreme court on Monday, also restrains the local American League club from employing Lajoie. Colonel Rogers wanted to include Pitchers Frazer and Bernhard, but counsel for the American League objected. The court remarked that when the case was argued originally, no testimony was heard on Frazer and Bernhard, and it was finally decided to limit the injunction to Lajoie. The case will come up again on Monday on a motion to dissolve the injunction.

The court asked if there would be any difficulty in serving the injunction, and counsel for the American League replied, "Not at all"; that the moment the injunction should be granted it would be telegraphed to Baltimore, where Lajoie was to play today. Counsel for the American League asked that security be entered in the sum of $10,000 before the injunction should issue, but the court fixed the amount at $2,500. Colonel Rogers secured the necessary bond.

St. Louis, April 23.—Proceedings were brought in the circuit court today by attorneys representing President Frank De Haas Robison, of the St. Louis National League Base Ball club, to restrain Harper, Wallace and Heidrick from playing with the American League St. Louis team. The cases against Harper and Wallace were brought up before Judge Talty and that of Heidrick before Judge Fisher. Judge Talty postponed the hearing of the cases of Harper and Wallace until next Monday. Judge Fisher refused to issue a temporary injunction against Heidrick, ordering him to appear in court tomorrow morning and show cause why a restraining order should not be issued.

In his petition asking for an injunction against the players, President Robison states that Harper had signed in 1901 to play with the St. Louis National League club at a salary of $2,500 a year, and that Wallace and Heidrick had each signed in 1900 a two years' contract for $2,400 a year. The last two named had each been paid $600 bonus, which, the petition stated, is still retained by them.

Washington, April 23.—President Ben Shibe of the Philadelphia American league was here today to meet President Ban Johnson of the American league to consult with him as to the action to be taken in the Lajoie injunction case. Mr. Shibe declares that he will take the case to the United States Supreme court if necessary. He left Philadelphia tonight with Mr. Johnson.

Mr. Johnson said that they would fight the Lajoie case to a finish and the National league would get nothing from them except at a heavy cost.

Teller Leighton Sentenced.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Portland, Me., April 23.—Granville W. Leighton, charged with the embezzlement of $3,000 while receiving teller of the National Traders bank of this city, pleaded guilty before Judge Webb in the United States circuit court today and was sentenced to six years' hard labor in the state prison.

ALLEGED ELECTION FRAUDS.

Resolution Denouncing Them Adopted by the Democratic State Editorial Association.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, April 23.—Resolutions denouncing election frauds as subversive of Republican institutions and urging every honest citizen to use his best efforts to frustrate, prevent and punish such crimes, were adopted at an adjourned meeting today of the Democratic State Editorial association.

The resolutions were offered by Dallas Sanders, of Philadelphia, former chairman of the Democratic state committee, who made an address before the association on the need of prompt and complete party organization in the state.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

Will be Held at Erie on June 25—State Committee Selected

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, April 23.—The annual meeting of the Democratic state committee was held this afternoon in the board of trade rooms to arrange for the state convention for the nomination of candidates for governor, lieutenant governor and secretary of internal affairs. Representative William T. Creasy, of Columbia county, was re-elected state chairman by acclamation and tendered a vote of thanks for his party services during the past year.

Owing to the action of the Dauphin county committee in electing state delegates and a county chairman in defiance of the mandate of the state executive committee the county was denied representation in the committee. Colonel William S. Thomas, of Harrisburg, chairman of the local county committee, said that proceedings would probably be instituted to compel the state committee to recognize him. The Blair county contest was adjusted by the seating of Mayor Hoyer, of Altoona.

The following division chairmen, who constitute the state executive committee were elected:

First—T. Z. Minhart, Franklin.
Second—R. E. Cresswell, Cambria.
Third—John B. Keenan, Westmoreland.
Fourth—Captain William Hasson, Venango.
Fifth—Daniel J. Driscoll, Elk.
Sixth—H. E. Spyker, Union.
Seventh—John G. Mellenry, Columbia.
Eighth—A. M. Palmer, Monroe.
Ninth—Charles P. Donnelly, Philadelphia.

It was decided to hold the state convention at Erie on June 25. A. G. Crosby, representing the Erie chamber of commerce, asked that the convention be held in that city. He promised that if the convention was held at Erie the people of that city would furnish transportation to the delegates and pay the expenses of the gathering. Ex-Mayor Saltsman, of Erie, also spoke favoring the holding the convention in that city. Harrisburg was named by Mr. Dougherty of Cumberland county. The vote on this question follows: Harrisburg 32; Erie 42.

Amendments were offered to the rules so as to provide for a uniform system of nominating candidates for judge, senator and congressmen. The amendments were adopted and the matter now goes to the state convention before it becomes a party rule. The rules were also amended so as to fix the basis of representation in the state convention on the presidential vote instead of the vote for the state nominees at each preceding general election. The committee then adjourned.

CLINTONDALE IS WIPED OUT

Fire in Barn of W. F. Brown Spreads Over the Entire Village—Fire Company Saves Grist Mil.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Lockhaven, Pa., April 23.—A fire which started in the barn of W. F. Brown, practically wiped out Clintondale, Clinton county, a small town of 173 inhabitants, situated midway between this city and Bellefonte, this evening.

The following were totally destroyed:

The White Milling company's store and property, occupied by W. P. Brown, Evangelist church, school house, H. M. Snyder's residence; Harder's residence, Schilling's residence and other resident properties. The warehouse of the W. A. White Milling company, together with numerous barns and outbuildings were destroyed. The grist mill of the White Milling company and the residences of Dr. Huston and T. F. Ohl were on fire, but were saved from total destruction by the timely arrival of a fire company from Bellefonte. The loss is estimated at from $30,000 to $40,000; partially covered by insurance.

WILHELMINA'S CONDITION.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

The Hague, April 23.—It was said tonight at Castle Loo, that even without a relapse, Queen Wilhelmina's convalescence would occupy a month or more.

Today her majesty showed considerable revival of spirits and interest in her surroundings.

DEATHS OF A DAY.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Newark, N. J., April 23.—Joseph Keepers, sr., died here today. He was born in Connellsville, Pa. He came to Newark in 1871. When the Civil war began Mr. Keeper's with Colonel Dushane, at Pittsburg, organized the Sixth Pennsylvania heavy artillery. He was chosen captain of Company E, and on the recommendation of President Lincoln was placed in charge of Fort Ethan Allen and other points of importance. After the war President Grant appointed him postmaster at Connellsville, where he also served two years as mayor.

New York, April 23.—Rose Osborne, who is said to have been at one time the leading actress of a stock company at St. Louis, died here today. She became insane during an illness of gastritis and yesterday while being removed to an asylum made a desperate attempt to commit suicide by jumping into the East river from a ferry steamer. She was rescued but died today.

ELKIN URGED TO BATTLE

The Attorney General May Make Open Fight for the Allegheny Delegates.

GRATIFYING NEWS FROM ALL SECTIONS

Mr. Elkin More Confident Than Ever That He Can Win the Nomination in the State Convention—A Conference with Congressman Connell Today Is Likely to Be Productive of Some Interesting Developments—Arrangements Made to Visit Wilkes-Barre.

Special to the Scranton Tribune.

Harrisburg, April 23.—Attorney General Elkin has been strongly urged today by representative men from Pittsburg to make an open fight for the delegates from Allegheny. The matter is receiving serious consideration, and there is no doubt that the attorney general has heard some gratifying news from that end of the state. Tonight he is more confident than ever that he can win the nomination in the state convention.

Among his callers today have been Jack Whitehouse, of Schuylkill; Sol Bacharach, of Wilkes-Barre, and several leaders of counties in the Juniata valley. The news they bring is most gratifying. The attorney general, who is to have his name submitted directly to the voters at the Wilkes-Barre primaries, is arranging to visit there and may make one or two speeches.

Accompanied by ex-Senator Mitchell, the attorney general will leave for Washington today to confer with Congressman Connell. The result of this meeting is likely to be productive of some interesting developments. One of the Elkin lieutenants made the prediction today that the attorney general would have 80 per cent. of the delegates in the state outside of Philadelphia. It is by no means settled that he may not get votes from Philadelphia.

DESTRUCTION IN PATH OF THE FIRE FIEND

Thirty-five Places of Business and Fifty Dwellings Destroyed Near Oil City—Other Fires.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Oil City, Pa., April 23.—Thirty-five places of business and fifty dwellings were destroyed by fire at Marienville today. There was a high wind and no adequate fire protection. The fire started in the dwelling house of Mrs. M. J. Smith, who was smoking meat. The B. B. and K. railroad station and telephone exchange were among the buildings destroyed. The loss is estimated at $20,000, with about one-half that amount in insurance.

Kenton, O., April 23.—The Champion Iron Fence works burned today, entailing a loss of from $225,000 to $250,000 and throwing 300 men out of work. The plant was one of the largest of its kind in the country and was the principal industry of this city.

Atlantic City, N. J., April 23.—Fire today all but wiped out the village of Elwood, N. J., about twenty miles from here. The flames were discovered in the large saw-mill of Walter Bozarth, and spread so rapidly that before aid arrived the postoffice, the mill and a score of buildings were completely gone. The occupants saved little or nothing from the burning buildings. Egg Harbor and Hammontown responded to calls for assistance, but arrived too late to check the progress of the flames. The village is a farming center.

GALESWEEPS MILWAUKEE

Much Property Damaged—Thomas Rodeman Blown from Platform.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 23.—The gale which swept this city last night damaged the Milwaugee Railroad shops to the extent of $2,500. Thomas Rodeman was blown from a platform in the Elmore coal yard and probably fatally injured.

At Seymour, Wisconsin, the storm blew down the smoke stacks of the electric light plant which took fire. Lightning struck the barn of Charles Zembeck, who was probably fatally burned. All his farm buildings were burned.

CAPT. CLARK DECLINES HONOR.

Rear Admiral Watson to Represent Navy at Coronation.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, April 23.—Capt. Charles E. Clark has declined the appointment of special naval representative at the coronation of King Edward, and the President has named Rear Admiral Watson for the mission.

Hot Wave in Philadelphia.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, April 23.—The hot wave which arrived here yesterday still prevails in this section. The maximum temperature was 85 degrees, and at 8 o'clock tonight 78 degrees were registered at the government signal office.

Mr. McLeod Buried.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 23.—The funeral of Archibald A. McLeod, former president of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad, was held at Forest Lawn cemetery this afternoon.

ALLEGED FIREBUGS ARRESTED.

Huntingdon Authorities Move Upon the Suspects.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Huntingdon, Pa., April 23.—Clarence Waite, son of ex-District Attorney Waite, was arrested at Altoona last night and brought here today charged with arson.

He, together with Landis Steel, son of Samuel Steel, present member of the board of managers of the Huntingdon reformatory, and Harry Miller, who were arrested yesterday were placed under bonds of $1,000 each today for their appearance at next month's term of court to answer charges of setting fire to a number of places during the past year. The borough authorities are preparing to move against other suspects.

AGAINST THE BEEF TRUST

Resolutions Introduced in the House by Richardson and McDermott.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, April 23.—Representatives Richardson of Tennessee today introduced the following resolution:

"Wheras, there has been recently an unusual increase in the price of beef, muton, veal and pork, which is abnormal and due largely, if not altogether, to trusts and other combinations alleged to be unlawful in their organization, therefore.

"Resolved, that the ways and means committee be instructed to investigate the question of the recent increase in the price of those articles and determine the cause thereof, and if practicable offer some measure of legislation that will afford relief against the evil complained of."

Representative McDermott, of New Jersey, today introduced a bill abolishing all duties upon meat and poultry imported from foreign countries.

MORE "WATER CURE" EVIDENCE FURNISHED

Two Lynn Men Send Senator Lodge a Statement of Instances of Torture Under Their Observation.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Lynn, Mass., April 23.—Two men, William Labelle and Albert W. Bertrand, formerly privates in Company D, Twenty-sixth regiment, United States volunteers, sent to Senator Lodge a statement of instances of the application of the "water cure" in the Philippines that came under their observation. Bertrand was clerk of Company D, and regimental clerk at headquarters while the regiment was stationed at Panay. Labelle says that while at Aniiao three natives were taken by Company D men into a Catholic church and given the "water cure." One of the natives refused to tell where insurgent guns were secreted, and after he had been given the "water cure" he was blindfolded and one of the soldiers fired his gun near the man's head. The instant the gun was fired another member of the squad hit the native with a stone, and he was told that he had been shot. The native then told the United States soldiers where they could find the guns. Labelle gives the names of the officers and privates who participated in administering the punishment.

Labelle further says that in the summer of 1900, while the United States forces were about three miles from Estanci, Company D captured three natives and gave them the water cure. After the men had been filled with water, blood came from their eyes and ears.

Bertrand has furnished Senator Lodge with particulars of the alleged disappearance and killing of Father Augustine, a Catholic priest, at Bolo. He says it was reported that Father Augustine knew where insurgents' gold was buried. Men from Company D captured him in December, 1900, and dressed him in a uniform of the United States artillery. He was then taken to Banato and kept in a well. He refused to tell where the gold was buried, and on the night of Dec. 9, he was taken to a house formerly occupied by the presidente of the village. Upon his arrival there, Bertrand says, the water cure was given him by the "water cure squad." The men succeeded in getting nearly all the water out of him, but he did not revive. The men became frightened and a surgeon was sent for. His services proved unsuccessful and Bertrand says that the priest died.

Some of the men were sworn to secrecy and the body was buried in a plot of land used by the troops as a base ball ground. Bertrand says that a non-commissioned officer was seen with the priest's watch and chain, and when a commissioned officer learned this, they were turned over to him.

Bertrand gives the names of the men taking part, and also refers to several officers.

According to Labelle, when Company D was out on a hike, while stationed at Dungas, in July, 1900, the men were ordered to burn everything and see that no grown persons escaped.

This, Labelle says, the men proceeded to do. Labelle and Bertrand say that while at Dungas the soldiers came to a hut where a native woman had just given birth to a child. The husband was made a prisoner and the woman and children were dragged from the house and left on the ground. The native shack was then burned, but Labelle and Bertrand do not know what became of the woman and child.

Pennsylvania Postmasters.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, April 23.—The following fourth class Pennsylvania postmasters were appointed today: Autumn Leaves, Wayne county, E. H. Belknap; Birdsville, Allegheny county, S. M. Painter; Cambra, Luzerne county, T. W. Rockel.

Pension Granted.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, April 23.—James H. Metlill, of Dubmore, has been granted a pension of $11.

AN EARTHQUAKE AT GUATEMALA

PRESIDENT REBUKES GENERAL FUNSTON

The Officer Is Asked to Cease Further Discussion of the Situation in the Philippines.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, April 23.—By direction of President Roosevelt, Acting Secretary of War Sanger has addressed the folowing letter to Gen. Frederick Funston:

War Department, Washington, April 22, 1902.

Sir: I am directed by the president to instruct you that he wishes you to cease further public discussion of the situation in the Philippines, and also to express his regret that you should make a senator of the United States the object of public criticism or discussion.

Very respectfully,
William Cary Sanger,
Actong Secretary of War.

Brigadier General Frederick Funston, commanding department of Colorado, Denver, Colo.

At a banquet last Saturday night of the Colorado Sons of the Revolution, General Funston is reported to have said of Senator Hoar:

"I have only sympathy for the senior senator from Massachusetts, who is suffering from an over-heated conscience."

Probably what caused the issue of this particular letter was an application from General Funston for leave of absence, in order that he might attend the banquet to be given in Boston by the Middlesex club. It was understood that he was to deliver another address there, and as the president deprecates the discussion of public questions in this fashion by United States officials and officers, this letter was sent. The request for leave of absence was refused. A copy of Mr. Sanger's letter was forwarded to Senator Hoar.

Denver, Col., April 23.—To a representative of the Associated Press, General Funston said, with reference to the statement from Washington that the president had directed him to cease further discussion of public questions, that he had not as yet received any such order from Washington. Continuing, the general said that in the future his public utterances would be free from any reference to the Philippines, and intimating that his speeches as printed, were, as a rule, full of misstatement and very badly garbled.

General Funston announced last Saturday that he would not attend the Middlesex club banquet at Boston. He has accepted an invitation to attend a banquet, to be given in his honor, in this city, on May 17, by the Colorado Volunteers' association.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

Mr. Rawlins Continues Speech in the Senate—The House Considers Oleo Amendments.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, April 23.—Mr. Rawlins, of Utah, today continued his speech in the senate opposing the Philippine temporary government bill. He devoted the greater part of his speech to a discussion of the testimony presented to the Philippine committee relating to the administration of the "water cure" among the natives; and to other forms of torture inflicted on the Filipinos. He had not concluded his remarks when the senate adjourned.

During the early part of the session the bill providing for a union railway station in Washington was under consideration, but no action was taken.

The house today began consideration of the senate amendments to the oleomargarine bill. A special rule for this purpose was adopted by a vote of 152 to 79. By the ruling of the chair, the question of further amendment of the senate propositions was confined within very narrow limits. Slow progress was made. The opponents of the measure, who sought to modify the senate amendments in various particulars, were outvoted on every proposition submitted.

BASE BALL.

American League.

At Baltimore—

	R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	0 1 2 1 0 1 0 0 0	8	13 2
Baltimore	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	1	6 1

Batteries—Bernhardt and Powers; Mcfinnity and Robinson and Shields. Umpire—O'Loughlin.

At Washington—

	R.	H.	E.
Washington	0 2 3 0 2 0 0 0 0	7	15 2
Boston	0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1	3	11 1

Batteries—Orth and Drill; Dineen and Warner. Umpire—Sheridan.

At St. Louis—

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0	2	8 3
St. Louis	0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 *	5	9 4

Batteries—Moore and Bemis; Donohue and Sugden and Mahoney. Umpire—Carruthers.

At Chicago—

	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0	2	5 6
Chicago	1 0 0 2 1 5 3 0 *	12	11 1

Batteries—Miller and McGuire; Callahan and Sullivan. Umpire—Connolly.

National League.

At Pittsburg—

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1	3	7 4
Pittsburg	0 0 4 0 0 2 5 0 *	11	11 5

Batteries—Ewing and Peitz; Phillippi and O'Connor. Umpire—Cantillon.

At Philadelphia—

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	1 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0	4	8 2
Philadelphia	0 1 2 0 3 4 0 1 *	8	10 0

Batteries—McCann and Ahern; Berg and Dooin. Umpire—Brown.

At New York—

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	0 2 0 0 0 0 2 0 0	4	9 3
New York	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 3 *	5	7 2

Batteries—Pittinger and Moran; McGee, Evans and Yeager. Umpire—O'Day.

6 Chicago-St. Louis—Not scheduled.

Other Games.

At Princeton—Princeton, 5; Lafayette, 0.
At New Haven—New Haven, 5; Newark, 1.

Two Cablegrams Received by State Department Tell of Great Damage Done.

GREAT DESTRUCTION OF LIFE AND PROPERTY

Many Cities and Towns Almost Entirely Destroyed—Losses Yet Unknown—The City of Quezaltenange in Ruins—Two Hundred Known to Have Been Killed—One American Lady a Victim.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, April 23.—Two cablegrams received at the state department today tell of the great damage wrought by the recent earthquake in Guatemala which has been briefly dealt with in the press despatches. They are as follows:

"Guatemala City, April 22.—This government requests me to cable that on the night of the 18th instant an earthquake occurred, causing great destruction of life and property. Many cities and towns almost entirely destroyed. Losses yet unknown. Relief funds started. Soldiers ordered out to guard ruins. Particulars next mail.

(Signed) "Bailey, Consular Agent."

"Guatemala, April 22.—Consular Agent Quezaltenange reports earthquake 18th. Frightful catastrophe. Entire city in ruins. Consulate destroyed. Two hundred known killed; thought many more. Mrs. Clara Kildare, only American killed. Great damage throughout republic. Guatemala City badly shaken. No lives lost. Shocks continue

(Signed) "McNally (Charge)."

THE BOARD OF PARDONS.

A Rehearing Is Refused in the Case of Joseph Keller, of Scranton.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, April 23.—Pardons were recommended by the board of pardons today for John Giant, of Harrisburg, receiving stolen goods, and J. B. Bennett, Pittsburg, forgery. The death sentence of Jacob Pesendorfer, of Philadelphia, was commuted to life imprisonment.

Pardons were refused Michael Sentman, of Philadelphia, assault and battery; John H. Shearer, Berks, embezzlement; Annie Nee, Allegheny, receiving stolen goods; Rollis Bubniss, first degree murder; Andrew Coras, second degree murder; John Stenkawslcz, Anthony Stenkawelcz, Peter Stenkawelcz, Anthony Machulas, Mike Brozaski, Joe Suchinsky, manslaughter, all of Schuylkill; Sydney Ware, Dauphin, first degree murder; James McCaffrey, Philadelphia, assault and battery, and William Busch, Elk county, first degree murder.

A rehearing was granted in the case of Thomas Harcur, of Schuylkill, riot, and assault and battery, and refused in the case of Joseph Keller, of Lackawanna, manslaughter.

The cases of Mrs. Rosamond L. Griggs, of Lycoming, keeping a disorderly house; Mattie Fillman, Philadelphia, keeping a bawdy house, and Roy Evans, Beaver, were held under advisement.

PENNSYLVANIA APPOINTMENTS.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, April 23.—The board of directors of the Pennsylvania railroad today confirmed the following appointments and promotions to take effect May 1:

S. C. Long, superintendent of the Bedford division, to be superintendent of the river and low grade divisions, vice C. B. Price, resigned.

George B. Bole, assistant engineer of the New York division, promoted to the office of superintendent of the Bedford division.

W. B. McCaleb, superintendent of the Sunbury and Lewistown division, to be superintendent of the Middle division, vice Wilson Brown, appointed to special duties. L. W. Allbone, superintendent of the Cambria and Clearfield division, appointed to succeed Mr. McCaleb. John C. Wilson, real estate agent of the company for thirty years, will be placed on the pension list May 1. He will be succeeded by B. W. Kirkpatrick, now assistant real estate agent.

Steamship Arrivals.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, April 23.—Arrived: Grosser Kurfurst, Bremen; Oceanic, Liverpool. Cleared: La Touraine, Havre. Sailed: St. Paul, Southampton; eKnsington, Antwerp; Teutonic, Liverpool. Southampton—Arrived: Philadelphia, New York. Boulogne—Arrived: Amsterdam, New York for Rotterdam. Naples—Arrived: Trave, New York for Genoa. Plymouth—Arrived: Deutschland, New York for Cuerbourg and Hamburg (and proceeded). Cherbourg—Arrived: Kronprinz Wilhelm (from Bremen and Southampton), New York. Liverpool—Sailed: Majestic, New York via Queenstown.

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER.

Local data for April 23, 1902:

Highest temperature ..... 82 degrees
Lowest temperature ..... 60 degrees
Relative Humidity:
8 a. m. ..... 53 per cent.
8 p. m. ..... 57 per cent.
Precipitation, 24 hours ended 8 p. m., none.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, April 23.—Forecast for Thursday and Friday: Eastern Pennsylvania, fair and much cooler Thursday; Friday fair; fresh northwest winds.