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space will permit, The Tribune is always glad to print short letters from its friends bearing on current topics, but its rule is that these must be signed, for publication, by the writer's real name; and the condition precedent to acceptance is that all contributions shall be subject to editorial revision.

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SCRANTON, MARCH 25, 1902.

John Mitchell's course during the Shamokin convention has been that of a careful, far-seeing and conservative man. Organized labor has evolved few wiser leaders.

Peace in Sight.

HE PROPOSITION of a partial strike, limited to three week, as embodied in the programme of the Shamokin convention in case satisfactory concessions shall not be received from the oper-

Not long ago complaint was common among the mine-workers because trade conditions allowed many of them only half time or less. At a period when has been chiefly in the war department trade conditions render full time possible and when their earnings are larger than in many years it sounds strange to hear the proposition of half-time offered in behalf of the mine-workers. We can hardly think that this represents the best judgment of the more thoughtful and conservative miners. It looks more like a forced compromise between radicals wishing an imconservatives not in favor of a strike

of some of the mine-union officials is ness of this national fiscal prospect. correct that the financial interests in control of the operation of the anthracite industry do not want a strike at would have upon the financial situaly what concessions on the part of the That the mine workers expect the operators to grant all that has been demanded of them is hardly to be believ ed: undoubtedly there is a flexibility in the situation which will appear when active negotiations are resumed. I may not be made known to the public at once, but it will filter through in course of time.

For this reason, we consider that the chances of a strike are fewer than the chances of another prosperous year in our mines, benefitting not only the miner, his family and the labor that is contingent upon his prosperity, but likewise making all forms of local business more active.

It would seem that a little more getting together might be a good thing for all concerned in South Africa.

Petitioning for Statehood.

OME VERY strong reasons are advanced for the admission of Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma territories to statehood. With an area nearly as large as New York and New England combined with 175,000 population and \$200,000,000 worth of property taxable for state purposes, Arizona's case is strong, but not as strong as that of her two sister

New Mexico, equal in size to New York, New England and New Jersey combined, has 330,000 inhabitants of whom three-quarters speak, read and write the English language; \$300,000,000 worth of taxable property and a debt so low that it if admitted it would be the lowest taxed community in the nation. As its delegate in congress, Hon, Bernard S. Rodey, points out in a recent contribution to the New York Tribune, it is first in the nation in the number of sheep it possesses and raises and in the number of pounds of wool it produces annually; it is second in the nation as a cattle grower; it is first in the amount of money it has invested m public buildings per capita; it is first in the nation in the non-sectarian pubic school buildings which it possesses per capita, and in the money invested in them, and it is first in the nation in the amount of money per capita that it spends annually in the education of its children. It is also first in the nation in the number of newspapers per capita that are published within its borders. It has had constructed within its borders about seven hundred miles of railroad wRhin a year and a half, and has been otherwise so prosperous that it has had an increase of population of between forty and fifty thousand people in that time. It has been necessary to have established about fifty postoffices to accommodate them.

The facts as to Oklahoma are better known, but it will do no harm to rehearse them. Though only 12 years old. this territory is as large as Ohio; has half a million population, most of it educated and progressive, a population greater in numbers than that of Vermont, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Delaware, Florida, Montana, Wyoming, Washington, North Dakota, Oregon or South Dakota: has a taxable full valuation exceeding \$300,000,000 with only

railroad; has 200 national and territorial banks with \$20,000,000 aggregate resources; has 2500 public school houses or one for every 200 inhabitants; has a number of cities with 10,000 to 15,000 population and all modern improvements; and is a garden spot, raising 29,000,000 bushels of wheat, 60,000,000 bushels of corn. 200,000 bales of cotton and much fine fruit last year, its agricultural possibilities being almost unlimited.

Oklahoma and New Mexico are Republican in politics, while Arizona is Democratic. The Democrats in caucus have voted to favor statehood for these territories and we see no reason why the Republicans should not make it unanimous. In any event, the admission of Oklahoma is demanded by every consideration of justice.

A winning political issue cannot be made of the proposition to abolish injunctions in labor disputes. The right to enjoin against lawlessness is a necessary precedent of the right to punish.

An Encouraging Balance Sheet.

ROM GOOD Democratic authority-the Washington correspondence of the Philadelphia Record-we learn that the surplus in the United States treasury for the fiscal year closing June 30 is likely to be the largest on record. The Record correspondent estimates is at \$100,000,000. Last year it was \$77,-000,000; the year previous, \$79,000,000. In his analysis of this remarkable showing he emphasizes two reasons; increased receipts and decreased expenses, both creditable to Republican

administration Customs receipts for the ten elapsed months of the fiscal year increased of the six working days of \$10,000,000. Internal revenue receipts, however, fell away \$20,000,000 as compared with last year, in consequence of the reduction in war taxes which became effective last July. It is in exators, is, we believe, a new feature in penditures that the showing is most labor campaigns. We do not recall a striking. For the ten elapsed months of this fiscal year they were \$349,397,464 as compared with \$384.212.278 for the same months of the previous year. This decline in government expenses -from \$112,931,555 to \$84,728,344, a decrease of nearly \$200,000 a day.

The taking off of all remaining war taxes, as the Republican majority plans to do, will reduce receipts about \$77 .-000,000 a year, but these figures show that there would still be a surplus large enough to meet all ordinary emergencies. Our military expenses are likely to decrease yet further as pacifimediate and full-fledged strike, and cation proceeds in the Philippines and all but a few troops are withdrawn from Cuba. The fact that appropria-The saving part of the Shamokin protions by congress are being made ecogramme is in the opportunity allowed nomically, in spite of strong temptation for further negotiations. If the theory to extravagance, adds to the cheerful-Republican administration pays,

Colonel Watterson expresses the bethis time, because of the ill effects one lief that President Roosevelt is headed toward a dictatorship. That, we betion, this opportunity provides an ave- lieve, was one of the charges brought nue to peace. We could better judge against Lincoln; and less than two the chances of peace if we knew exact- years ago some were saying the same thing about McKinley. Colonel Watteroperators would suffice to insure it, son is finding it extremely difficult to work up a scare that will catch.

Danger in Compromise.

NERAL WOOD, who certainly ought to be accepted by the American people as good athority, repeats what he said some months ago, that a 20 per cent concession to Cuban sugar would be insufficient to afford the relief necessary if the Cuban republic is to hav a fair start. The minimum of sufficiency in his judgment is 33 1-3 per cent President-elect Palma says 50 per cent.

If General Wood is right it may well be asked whether it is worth while to fight longer for the 20 per cent. bill now before the house. There would be no victory for anybody in a piece of legislation insufficient for the noeds of Cuba and destructive of Republican harmony at home. If a 20 per cent, bill can be passed by administration pressure, it is probable that a 33 1-3 per cent. bill could. Would it not be advisable to make the fight on the basis which would insure a victory if successful?

Those at Washington doubtless know best, but from a distance it would seem that a flat defeat for the administration would be as creditable as a compromise on a basis below sufficiency. A defeat would injure most those Republicans responsible for it. A compromise would please neither side nor the Cubans

The small-pox scare is followed by a threatened epidemic of spring fever,

Our Ex-Presidents.

N ACADEMIC discussion of the question. What shall be done with our ex-presidents revived recently by the Nev York Tribune, which favors an amend ment to the constitution making them senators for life, has effected an in structive letter from that veteran diplo matist and publicist, John Bigelow, Mr. Blgelow favors the Tribune's idea

and goes further. He would allow to these life senators a salary not less than half their pay as presidents. This would not prove much of a tax upon the public purse, for there is living today only one ex-president-Mr. Cleve land-and the average number for the 105 years since Washington has been less than three. "For the sum of, say \$50,000 yearly," Mr. Bigelow writes,"the senate and the nation might have profited by the counsel, experience and example of Washington for more than two years longer, of John Adams for more than a quarter of a century, of Jefferson for more than seventeer years, of Madison for more than nineteen years, of John Quincy Adams for more than eighteen years, of Andrew Jackson for more than eight years, o Martin Van Buren for more than twenty-one years, of General Grant for a least fifteen years, and of Grover Cleveland already 'seventeen years, assuming, as is probable, that he would not have accepted a renomination for the presidency, and five years if he had."

Mr. Bigelow gives this pathetic picture of the present fate of an ex-president; There is no citizen or class of citizens so diffi-\$500,000 of territorial debt; out of 26 many respects awkward and embarrassing, as county-scat towns only one lacks a that of an ex-parsident of the United States

cesterday the king, today "none so poor to do him reverence"; at once the most conspicuous and one of the most powerless private citizens of the republic. Representing not only the emi-bence of character which called him to the chief magistracy, but the accumulated distinction which the discharge of its duties for one or more terms necessarily begets, he is relegated to the comparative obscurity of private life, unto the comparative obscurity of private life, unsupported by a slugic expression of the nation's
gratitude or the alightest official recognition of
the loss the public service statains in parting
with his unique experience and trained familiarity with public affairs. He takes with him
into retirement no official rank, no title, not
even a ribbon, nor a perquisite—unless it be the
franking privilege—to distinguish him from the
obscurved and least deserving of his countrymen.
Neither has he the nityleges and exemptions Neither has he the privileges and exemptions which attach to political obscurity. Like an acrolite, the height from which he has descended makes him an object of perpetual and costly currically. If a man of moderate means, as most of our presidents have been, and are likely to be, he is subjected by the very eminence rom which he descends to expenses to which no orivate citizen is liable-expenses for which the state makes no provision and from which there is no graceful or dignified escape. The presi-dency is the only office in the country which to considerable extent disqualifies its incumber ofession or calling for which he may have been rained. He is expected to sustain the dignity of first citizen of the republic for the remainder of his life, without any of the resources or privileges which such a rank implies. At the very time when his availability as a public ser-vant is presumably greatest; when he deserves to be regarded as one of the nation's most valu-able assets, he is cust aside like the peel of an orange, virtually disqualified for all subordinate

We do not doubt that there is truth in Mr. Bigelow's further argument that the prospect of honorable usefulness in body like the United States senate, without the political uncertainties and risks which surround elected members. would go far to strengthen the official conduct of a weak president and improve that of all presidents, since human nature is much the same in high place as in low. It would, as Mr. Bigelow remarks, "furnish the president the strongest inducement possible for giving the people an acceptable administration, if for no other purpose than to strengthen his influence in the more enduring position toward which he would be gravitating." The change is one not likely to come, but one which most thinking people will agree is highly desirable.

The report that District Attorney Jerome is to make another attempt to secure the indictment of Florence Burns is probably unauthorized. No mount of evidence would lead to a conviction in this case. The people's money might better be saved for more hopeful prosecutions.

It is to be regretted that the crop of small boys armed with air-guns and flobert rifles is much larger than the flocks of American song birds in Scran-

WAYSIDE NOTES.

Apropos of the fact that Scranton is to have a se ball team this season, a good many people wonder why a good many other people take so much interest in the national game. There are good reasons. In the first place, there is in human nature an instinctive love for sport, and, secondly, base ball, as played today by first-class uls, requires the very highest physical training and athletic skill-qualities which are always attractive. Not only this, but it calls for mental malities of no mean order, notably good judg ent, coolness at critical moments, and the faculi a given situation. Technical and athletic skill as given struction. Technical and atmetic skills s required in every feature of the game. Another ascinating thing about the game is its uncer-ainty. When a ball is pitched, the result may be a strike-out, a long fly, skilfully judged by an outfielder, a marvelous pick-up by one of the inicid, a juggle which just allows the batter to verybody. And, supposing the hit comes in the everybody. And, supposing the hit comes in the last half of the last inning, with the home team at the bat, the score a fle, two men out, and a man on third-well, you'd be a crank for a few minutes if you were there. But don't be intemperate in this or any other sport. To attend a well-played game occasionally acts as a good tonic, stirs the blood and takes one's thoughts from business or other troubles. But do not wake a business of restration. ake a business of recreation.

General Lord Kitchener hopes to be able to atend the coronation. In the meantime, he occa-ionally sends his "regrets."

An old darkey once said that he liked to turn ne grindstone for his master to grind his scythe through. Perhaps one would not exactly wish to go through such an old-fashioned winter as we have just had for the sake of feeling the first badiny airs of spring, but one certainly appre-ciates the beautiful spring weather better for the previous four months' experience.

supply "all Havana fillers" to all cigars of the type, Cuban; O, la!

Will some student of modern civilization explain why barbers put their customers on exhibi-tion in their windows? It is not especially pleasing to the passers by and probably not very amount to the victim in the chair.

How many residence of Scranton have seen their city as viewed from Webster avenue where it runs along the bluff in Petersburg? The prospect is really a fine one, in spite of culm piles and some her excusences, and gives one a clear idea of other excresences, and gives one a crear near or the great depth of the valley at this point. The view is also line after the electric lights have been threed on in the evening. Take a Peters-bury car to the end of the route and walk two blocks out Ash street. The trip is worth-while, f you have never made it.

A palating of Millet's-not a very large one, ither-recently sold for \$100,000. More of our soys should learn the painter's trade.

SMITH WAS CONVINCED.

rom the Philadelphila Evening Telegraph, Grarge Barton, private screetary to Collector of he Port C. Weshy Thomas, tells a good story of how the late Senator George Bandy Smith was orded to bend the knor to the power of the press r was when that well-known legislator repreated a city district in the Pennsylvania senate Harrisburg. There were times when Sonator Smith was strengous in posh-poshing the influ-ence wielded by the newspapers. He always main-tained that he was invalnerable to their shafts, Dispite this, lay men were liked so much as the genial amator by the newspaper correspondents. There was one paper in Philadelphia which Sena Smith, in season and out of season, always

To its representative he was always fond of say ing: ."Your sheet is never read." There can day of retribution, however, when the senator effectually ellenced. "My paper never read," fided the correspondent to his associates. "Well, I'll show the senator box wrong he is. I'll open his eyes and close his lipe,"; and this is what was done: One night in sending off his batch of news to his paper, the correspondent closed his "copy" by adding the following innocent-ap-

aring paragraph:

Senator George Handy Smith has fifty copies
the superb Bird Book lately issued by the
granture. He will shortly mail them to his

That was all; but wint worry it cost the seng paragraph, Senator Smith was in his seat in the senate. He called a page and requested that his mail he brought. The boy larged in a huge basket filled with letters. The senator gazed at it, but said nothing. A minute later, the page appeared again with another basket equally full. Then the senator began the task of opening the missives. They were all alike, and all contained requests from sturdy constituents for a copy of the much-prized Bird Book. Some one shoved a ropy of the despised paper containing the abovecopy of the despised paper containing the above-mentioned paragraph, under the senator's eye. He read. He was enlightened; nor afterward did he have a disparaging word to say against the sower of the press. Worse than all, every letter had to be answered!



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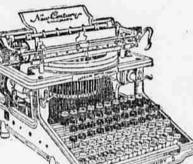
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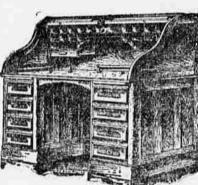


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manship-like manner. Priced at...... \$2.98 Boys' English Walking Suits, made with skirt coat and singlebreasted vests, materials made from are serges and pretty figured effects, sizes 6 to 12 years. Priced at

Boys' 3-Piece Suits, round cut and made with vests in a large assortment of pretty new spring colors, light and dark effects. all sizes, 8 to 15 years, serges and clays in blue and black, \$3.98 Priced at....

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This department presents a scene of greatest activity. The Special

Sale will continue all this week. A few special numbers-8c Double Roll for 3c 5c Double Roll for 1c 10c Double Roll for 5c 15c Double Roll for 8c 20c Double Roll for 12c 25c Double Roll for 15c 50c Double Roll for 20c 35c Double Roll for 18c

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Beginning today, March 25th, Miss McCarthy will be at our Corset Department to show the many good features about the LA VIDA COR-SET. Being an expert corsetiere her advice will be very valuable. The corset is the latest in the new models, embodying the essential features that conform with the present fashion. DEMONSTRATION ON 2ND FLOOR.

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Some of the stock is slightly damaged, some is not. It all goes at the same price.

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