



TWO CENTS.

SCRANTON, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 13, 1902.

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# COMPROMISE ON CUBAN TARIFF

There Is Evidence That the Two Elements Will Come Together on the Matter.

## PAYNE AND DALZELL MAKE OVERTURES

A Proposition to Have the 20 Per Cent. Reciprocal Reduction Apply for One Year from Next December and Cover One Sugar Crop—Statement Made to the Beet Sugar Advocates.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, March 12.—Overtures have been made for compromise of the conflict over tariff concessions to Cuba and there are evidences that the two elements will come together, probably on a proposition to have the 20 per cent. reciprocal reduction apply for one year from next December and covering one sugar crop.

It is understood that Chairman Payne and Representative Dalzell made the overtures toward an agreement. One of the leading members of the opposition said that Messrs. Payne and Dalzell had made the suggestion to him and had asked for an answer. This was followed by a hasty canvass of opposition members, which developed considerable difference of views. Representative William Alden Smith said no compromise would be accepted until after a meeting at which it could be considered deliberately. Representative Tawney said that limitation of time was immaterial and that no compromise would be accepted which affected agricultural products without similarly affecting unmanufactured products.

Soon after the overtures of compromise were made the leaders of the element opposed to the ways and means committee plan called a conference in the committee room of William Alden Smith. Some thirty members were present and the discussion lasted about two hours. The sentiment was rather unfavorable to accepting the plan of 20 per cent. reduction for one year from next December and covering one sugar crop.

Overtures Will Be Met. But it was urged against this course that so long as overtures for adjustment had been made in good faith, it was only proper to meet them, and that representing the ways and means, and Mr. Payne and his associates therefore were advised that they would be met by a committee from the other side.

During the meeting, the statement was made that one of the best sugar advocates had been assured by representatives of the ways and means committee that the plan of compromise would not cover this year's sugar crop and would apply only to the crop of next year, harvested prior to December, 1902. Some doubt existed, however, as to these assurances, and it was considered quite vital to learn with definiteness whether the 20 per cent. reduction would apply to two crops or to one. It was stated afterward by ways and means committee members that the compromise plan would affect two crops—that of this year and next—allowing 20 per cent. off on each. There was no purpose, it was stated, to limit the reduction to one crop. The matter probably will be left to the arbitrating committee, with the indications that the beet sugar conferees will insist on limiting the reduction to one crop, that of next year, and with that limitation will be inclined to accept the plan of compromise.

A full conference of the opposition to Cuban concessions will be held tomorrow, prior to meeting representatives of the ways and means committee.

## WAGES OF MACHINISTS RAISED.

The Allis-Chalmers Company Gives Notice of 5 Per Cent. Increase.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Milwaukee, Wis., March 12.—The Allis-Chalmers company posted in the shops here last night a notice that on and after April 1 a raise of 5 per cent. would be made in the wages of all employed, and that Saturday would be a half holiday.

Edwin Reynolds said last night that this increase in pay would affect not only the 2,500 men employed in the Milwaukee shops, but the 4,000 men in Chicago, Buffalo, Wilkes-Barre and Scranton. The raise is about the increase demanded by the striking machinists.

## MISS ROOSEVELT IN CUBA.

The President's Daughter Arrives at Havana—Senator Platt There.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Havana, March 12.—Miss Alice Roosevelt, accompanied by a party of friends, arrived here today in the steamship Mascotte, from Tampa, Fla. Senator Platt, of New York, also came on that vessel.

## A Candidate from Delaware.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Media, Pa., March 12.—Senator William C. Brewster was endorsed for gubernatorial nomination at the Delaware county Republican primaries today, and Frederick Taylor Pusey, Ward B. Bliss and Thomas V. Cooper are assured of nominations for members of the house of representatives.

## Governor Odell Signs Murder Bill.

Albany, March 12.—Governor Odell has signed the bill increasing from ten to twenty-five years the punishment for attempt at murder.

## THE PATRICK TRIAL.

Prosecution Offers to Demonstrate Truth of Jones' Testimony.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, March 12.—In the trial today of Albert T. Patrick, charged with the murder of William M. Rice, the prosecution offered to demonstrate the truth of "Violet Jones' testimony that after chloroforming Rice, the aged Texas millionaire, he threw the towel, wet with chloroform, into the grate and set it on fire, when "it burned as though saturated with oil."

Recorder Goff directed that doctors representing the prosecution and the defense make the test during the recess of court today, and report the result to the court.

After the test, Dr. Gardner testified that the first towel flamed for nine minutes, smoldered for fifty-one minutes and then went out. The second one burned slowly for fifteen minutes and smoldered fifty-four minutes. One-third of the material was consumed by the blaze in the first test and one-fourth in the second. The sponges used resisted the action of the fire better than the cotton material of the towel.

Assistant District Attorney Osborne produced a false beard and moustache, mounted on wires, and asked an opportunity to pour an ounce of chloroform on it and hang it by an open window, to prove that the odor of the drug would not remain on the beard for an hour, as Dr. Curry, Rice's physician, said it would. The recorder would not agree to this, and court was adjourned until tomorrow.

## NICARAGUAN ROUTE IS FAVORED

Senate Committee, by Vote of 7 to 4, Decides to Report the Hepburn Bill.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, March 12.—The senate committee on isthmian canal has decided, by a vote of 7 to 4, to report the Hepburn bill, providing for the construction of the isthmian canal via the Nicaraguan route.

The action of the committee was taken at a called meeting held during the afternoon, and came after a brief report by Senator Morgan, chairman of the committee, detailing the result of a conference with Secretary Hay as to the status of diplomatic negotiations with the Central American republics concerning the canal. He stated that the secretary had told them that there are no negotiations in progress between the United States and Colombia concerning the Panama route, but that on the other hand the representatives of this country and those of Nicaragua and Costa Rica had been in consultation and had agreed upon practically all the points to be covered in concession treaties, nothing really being left in that connection but to put the agreements in writing. He said that the governments of those two countries had manifested a disposition to make all the concessions the United States could ask to aid in the construction of a canal and that among these concessions is one of perpetual right of way.

Senator Morgan, after the adjournment of the committee, said that he probably would report the bill to the senate tomorrow.

## STEAMER PROVIDENCE OVERTURNED IN SQUALL.

Twenty-One of Her Passengers and Crew Are Drowned.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Vicksburg, Miss., March 12.—The steamer Providence, plying between this port and Lake Palmyra, was overturned at 2 o'clock this morning by a sudden squall at Lone Landing and twenty-one of her passengers and crew were drowned.

The dead: Captain William Cassidy, master; Charles Roup, chief engineer; Clyde Scott, cotton seed buyer; Dr. N. A. Lancaster, a prominent physician and planter of the Palmyra neighborhood.

Seventeen colored roustabouts and deck hands, whose names have not been reported.

The ill-fated boat left here at noon yesterday on her regular trip, carrying a large miscellaneous cargo of freight and a number of passengers. At 2 o'clock this morning, just as the vessel was entering Lake Palmyra a wind and rain storm of cyclonic proportions came out of the west, catching the Providence broadside on. The little vessel was lifted almost entirely out of the water, her upper works blown away and the hull turned bottom up in forty feet of water. Most of the crew and passengers were asleep at the time and were drowned like rats in a trap.

Only nine of the entire boat's company were saved. The property loss will amount to several thousand dollars.

## Safe Crackers Steal \$8,000.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Titusville, March 12.—Safe crackers blew open the vault of the Farmers' bank of Titusville, this county, last night, and stole between \$7,000 and \$8,000. Of this \$3,000 was in bills, \$1,300 in silver and the balance in gold.

## QUICK PAYMENT BY RAILROAD.

Southern Pacific Settles Claims of Sufferers by Wreck.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. El Paso, Texas, March 12.—M. L. Riddle, three of whose children were killed in the recent wreck on the Southern Pacific, left here for Redlands, Cal., in company with his wife and one child 6 years old, after accepting a check for \$10,000 from the railroad company as payment in full for damages. He signed a contract with the railroad authorities, obligating himself to institute no legal proceedings whatever against them.

The amount of money paid out by the Southern Pacific in settlement of claims arising from the wreck has thus far exceeded \$73,000. Next to the wreck itself, the promptness in the settlement of the claims has attracted most attention. In addition to the four claim agents who were here immediately after the wreck and have since remained, the general claim agent arrived last night. Their work has been practically ended.

## PROCEEDINGS OF A DAY IN HOUSE AND SENATE

General Debate on Postoffice Appropriation Bill—Ship Subsidy Talk in the Senate.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, March 12.—General debate on the postoffice appropriation bill continued in the house today, a number of topics being discussed. The proceedings were enlivened by a clash between Mr. Corliss, of Michigan, and Mr. Richardson, of Alabama, on the subject of the Pacific cable. This is the second time these two members have locked horns on the cable question. Mr. Sims, of Tennessee, devoted some time to showing how the house had been "humbugged," he considered, in connection with the permanent appropriation bill. Dougherty, of Missouri, discussed rural free delivery; Mr. Jackson, of Kansas, the government ownership of Pennsylvania, the Philippine situation. The latter argued against the bill, which he claimed our purpose to grant independence to the Philippines, the insurance would cease instantly. The house adjourned at 4:30, out of respect to the memory of Doorkeeper Glenn, who died today.

Again today the ship subsidy bill occupied practically the entire time of the senate. Mr. Mcumber (North Dakota) presented a carefully prepared argument, in which, as a representative of an agricultural state, he favored the bill on the ground of its protective features.

Mr. Depew (New York), one of the members of the committee on commerce, delivered an elaborate speech, in advocacy of the bill, in which he analyzed the arguments both for and against the proposition to pay subsidies to the shipping industry. Both as an argument and as an oratorical effort, the speech was brilliant, and was listened to eagerly by senators and by throngs in the galleries. His pervasion, in which he pictured in glowing language the results of the operation of the bill, elicited hearty applause from the galleries.

A few bills were passed, including one providing for the redemption of Hawaiian silver coins and the substitution therefore of American silver coins.

## "MONEY POOL" TO BE DISSOLVED

President Roosevelt's Intimation of Contemplated Proceedings Causes Traffic Managers to Act.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, March 12.—The Herald will say tomorrow:

The railroad presidents and traffic managers composing the trunk line association met yesterday and decided that the "money pool" of the railroads of the association shall cease to exist after April 1. The railroads composing the pool, which is the strongest traffic association ever formed in the United States, are the New York Central and Hudson River, the Pennsylvania, the Erie, the Baltimore and Ohio, the West Shore, the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, the Lehigh Valley, the New York, Ontario and Western, and the Central Railroad of New Jersey. The dissolution of the association, the Herald will say, was precipitated by news from the west that President Roosevelt had intimated that proceedings would be commenced against all roads which are members of pooling arrangements.

This pool was the richest and most powerful combination ever formed to maintain rates and divide business among its members.

## Sympathy Strike at Pittsburgh.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Pittsburgh, March 12.—Three hundred members of the building trades organizations, employed on the new Arnot building, in this city, quit work today in sympathy with the striking painters, a number of Knights of Labor painters from Washington, D. C., having taken the place of the strikers. The strike leaders say they will call on all members of building trades on every building on which masonry painters are employed.

## Cars Running at Norfolk.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Norfolk, Va., March 12.—The cars of the Norfolk Railway and Light company continued to run today without military guards and no violence resulted. Eight companies of the Seventy-first infantry will be retained in Norfolk until all danger of trouble has disappeared. The strikers and officials of the company are in correspondence and it is believed that a compromise may be effected.

## Killed by a Train.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Bridgeton, N. J., March 12.—Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Gardner were struck by a train on the West Jersey and Seashore railroad at Bridgeton station at noon today and both were killed. The couple were quite aged and lived on a farm near the station. Their carriage was wrecked, but the horses were not injured.

## EX-GOVERNOR ALTGELD DEAD

Victim of a Stroke of Apoplexy at the Close of a Pro-Boer Speech.

## DEATH FROM CEREBRAL HEMORRHAGES

Seized with Dizziness at the Close of His Speech, the Orator Was Assisted from the Platform to His Hotel—Became Unconscious, and Remained in That Condition Until Death—A Sketch of His Career.



JOHN P. ALTGELD.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Joliet, Ill., March 12.—John P. Altgeld, formerly governor of this state, died here at 7:09 o'clock this morning. The cause of death was cerebral hemorrhages following a stroke of apoplexy he suffered last night just after finishing an address to a pro-Boer meeting.

At the close of his speech a sudden dizziness seized him, and he was assisted from the stage. He suffered several vomiting spells. They continued for almost an hour, and were so pronounced that he could not be removed to his hotel. Physicians were summoned, and he was carried to a hotel across the street. He retained consciousness, and urged the newspaper men to keep the affair quiet for fear of alarming his wife. Just before midnight he became unconscious. He remained in that condition until death.

At 3:41 o'clock this morning it was feared he was dead, but he revived, and from that time until just before the end he showed wonderful vitality, although he made no move.

The medical men had a banquet here last night, at which Dr. B. Herriek, of the Rush Medical college of Chicago, delivered a lecture on heart disease. He and other physicians were called from the banquet to attend the case. The conflict ended, he went to the balance of the night. Just before his death they worked his arms vigorously to revive respiration, but all to no purpose.

No post-mortem will be held on the body of John P. Altgeld. The family does not wish it being content with the statement of the physicians that he died from cerebral hemorrhages. The remains will be embalmed and sent to Chicago.

Altgeld's Career. The career of John Peter Altgeld is an interesting story. Born in Germany in 1847, he came to this country when three months old, his parents settling near Mansfield, O. He received a common school education. At the age of sixteen he entered the Union army and fought until the close of the war. The conflict ended, he went to Missouri, where he first taught school and then studied law, being admitted to the Missouri bar in 1869. In 1874 he was elected state's attorney of Andrew county, Mo. In the following year he resigned the office and moved to Chicago.

He was laying political wires while he was practicing his profession. In 1884 he was the Democratic nominee for congress from the Fourth Illinois district, but was defeated by George E. Adams. In September, 1886, he was nominated for judge of the Superior court, and was elected the following November, holding his position on the bench until July 2, 1892, when he resigned to look after his private interests. He accumulated much property in Lake View, Chicago, which grew in value when the boom in north shore property came, and he also held much valuable property in the business portion of Chicago. He grew rich by hoarding his money and investing judiciously. He was never known as a generous man.

In 1893 he was elected governor of Illinois, serving until 1897. In 1898 he was defeated as independent Democratic candidate for mayor of Chicago. Ex-Governor Altgeld will be chiefly remembered for an executive act which at the time aroused intense indignation throughout the whole country. That was the pardon of the notorious anarchists, Samuel Fielden, Michael Schwab and Oscar Neebe, who were serving terms of imprisonment in Joliet prison for participation in the conspiracy of anarchists which resulted in the massacre of police by bomb-throwing near Haymarket square, Chicago, on the night of May 4, 1886. They were pardoned on June 26, 1893. No governor of Illinois ever used the pardoning power so lavishly as he. In less than seven months after his inauguration he

opened the prison doors to no less than ninety-five convicts.

Many of Altgeld's theories were regarded as tending to overthrow the forces of law and order. He attacked the decisions of the United States supreme court in more than one instance, and resented federal interference for the preservation of life and property in labor troubles. This was notably the case during the great railroad strike in 1894. He was also an ardent advocate of free silver and of other theories entertained by William J. Bryan.

It was often alleged that Altgeld was a Socialist. He secured a strong following among the laboring classes because it was believed among them that he was a Socialist. The governor's written declarations did not stamp him as an advanced advocate of state Socialism. He leaned that way, but his own real estate holdings were too large to admit of his wishing to divide with those who work hard for their living. What was most notable about Altgeld's socialism was the policy of the man himself. He allowed the belief that he was a Socialist to grow so that it might cement the ties which bind the laboring classes to him. His pardon of the anarchists was in line with this policy.

His writings indicated that he favored an individual freedom of action, not necessarily according to himself, in defiance of law. It was Altgeld's un-Americanism which, in the opinion of his critics, unfitted him for office, or even for citizenship. He could not forget that he was a foreign birth.

His ideas were at all times dominant in his mind. He looked upon America as a place in which to make money, not as a place in which to make a home and surround it with such precautions as would insure peace and happiness.

The remains of former Governor Altgeld arrived at Chicago tonight, and now lie at his late home. The body was accompanied from Joliet on a special train by a few of his old friends, by his business partners, and a delegation of business men.

## CABLEGRAMS BETWEEN KAISER AND PRESIDENT

The Gratitude of the German Nation at the Reception Accorded to Prince Henry.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, March 12.—The following cablegrams were made public here today:

Washington, March 12, 1902. The President of the United States of America, Washington.

Now that my brother has left the hospitable shores of the United States, I feel it a pleasing duty to express to you how deeply grateful I am to the German people are at the splendor of the hospitality and cordiality of the reception which was accorded to Prince Henry by all classes of the American people.

My outstretched hand has been met by you with a firm, manly, and friendly grasp. May heaven bless our relations with peace and good will between the two great nations. My best compliments and wishes to His Majesty, Emperor William, Wilhelmshaven.

Washington, March 12, 1902. Emperor William, Wilhelmshaven. Your brother's visit to this country has accomplished much in showing the depth of kindly feeling which exists between the two nations. It has been most fortunate in every way and I trust will permit me to congratulate you on the admirable manner in which he has been received. He has won the genuine and hearty sympathy and regard of all with whom he has come in contact. I have welcomed him for his own sake, and we have welcomed him still more heartily as the representative of himself and of the mighty German people. I thank you for what you have done, and I thank you personally in addition for the gracious form which your courtesy took. Theodore Roosevelt.

## A SPANKED WOMAN SUES A LANDLORD

Indignant Tenant Asks \$2,000 Damages from the Owner of an Indiana Farm.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Hartford, Conn., March 12.—Mrs. Josephine Whetzel, who rents a farm of Chauncey Waterhouse, of DeKalb county, has sued her landlord for \$2,000 damages, the specific charge being that he spanked her with a piece of board.

The incident occurred last summer, when Waterhouse and his son went to the farm to gather some potatoes. There was a dispute with the woman, who carried a piece of board, and when the elder Waterhouse stooped over to pull up some vines, she applied the board.

She charges that the son held her while his father spanked her vigorously with her own weapon, injuring her and causing her great humiliation.

## Philadelphia Walking Match.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Philadelphia, March 12.—Tonight's race of the leaders: Cavanaugh, 300 lbs.; Foley, 291; Glick, 284; Tracy, 276; Day, 273; Hart, 267.

## DEATHS OF A DAY.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Harrisburg, March 12.—John B. Snyder, a former associate judge of Pennsylvania, died of paralysis today at his home at Harrisburg, aged 74 years.

New York, March 12.—Julian Willcutt, United States consul at Dublin, Ireland, died at Rathfarnham, N. J., today.

Washington, March 12.—W. J. Glenn, the dunker of the house of representatives, died here this afternoon from pneumonia, following an attack of grip. He was 29 years old. At the death he was a member of old Allegheny county friends. Mr. Glenn leaves a widow and two sons. His remains will be taken to his home in Cuba, N. Y., tomorrow evening, and will reach there about after 7 o'clock the following morning.

Mr. Glenn had been chairman of every delegation sent from Allegheny county to New York state Republican conventions during the past seventeen years. He was a staunch supporter of Senate Platt. He was a member of the state Republican committee from 1890 until his death, and of the state executive committee during the past seven years. He was a printer on a local newspaper at an early age, and at 21 years of age started the Cuban Patriot, published in Allegheny county, and has owned it ever since. This was his fourth successive term as clerk of the house.

# BOSTON TED-UP BY THE STRIKERS

Twenty Thousand Men Already Idle and More Will Probably Follow.

Daughter of Former United States Attorney General Griggs.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Philadelphia, March 12.—Among the latest converts to Christian Science is Miss Helen Griggs, daughter of the former United States attorney general, who has become an ardent Christian Scientist.

She is seeking now to convert her whole family to the faith. Her distinguished father remains neutral in the matter, neither approving nor opposing his daughter's views.

Mrs. Griggs, on the other hand, is interested, and goes frequently to the meetings of the strange cult. Miss Helen has not only professed the faith, but she has taken the regular course of training which endows her, too, with the mysterious power, as she firmly believes, to heal disease.

## CHINESE EXCLUSION TO BE COMPLETE

The Senate Committee Has Agreed to Report the Mitchell-Kahn Measure.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, March 12.—The senate committee on immigration today agreed to report the Chinese exclusion bill known as the Mitchell-Kahn measure. It is substantially the same as the modified bill submitted by the Pacific coast committee, only a few verbal questions having been made. A point which occasioned much consideration by the committee was whether or not Chinese should be excluded from the Philippines, or whether the whole question should be left to the Philippine commission.

The committee agreed to retain the provision of absolute exclusion, taking the ground that the United States wanted to retain the Philippines for the Filipinos and that the latter were as much opposed to the admission of Chinese as were the Americans.

## FOR SECOND TERM,

President Roosevelt Frankly Admits That He Is a Candidate to Succeed Himself.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, March 12.—President Roosevelt not only desires a nomination by the next Republican national convention, but is not averse to letting that fact be known. His ambition recently became manifest in an interesting episode recorded today in the Washington Post.

Judson W. Lyons, the colored man who is register of the treasury, was appointed by President McKinley about four years ago. His term will expire in a few days, and he was visited by a prominent New York Republican, who is a personal friend of the president, and was questioned as to his attitude regarding the next Republican presidential nominee. Mr. Lyons is one of the most influential of Southern negroes, and can influence the delegation of his state.

"I suppose," Mr. Lyons is quoted as saying to his visitor, "that you represent the president. I can only say if he is a candidate for nomination I shall be glad to support him unless one of the other Republicans desires to be named as the Republican candidate for president. I must support him, whether I retain my present position or not."

The conversation being repeated to the president, it was accepted by him in the most generous spirit. "I admire a man who is loyal to his friends," he is reported as having said. "I have nothing to fear from a man like Mr. Lyons. He will be reappointed."

The president made that remark, not only to the New York friend who acted as his spokesman, but he has taken occasion to repeat it to many of his friends who have chatted with him at the white house.

The true facts are that Booker Washington recently recommended Lyons' reappointment. Later, on his own initiative, Mr. Washington called on Lyons and questioned him as to his attitude in 1904. Afterward, Mr. Washington called at the white house and renewed his recommendation in behalf of Lyons, relating, however, his conversation with the office-holder. In putting the question to Lyons, Mr. Washington did not represent the president, nor assume to.

## Dr. Swallow Declines a Banquet.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Harrisburg, March 12.—Dr. R. C. Swallow, of this city, Republican candidate for governor in 1908, has been tendered a banquet by clerical and lay friends in Philadelphia, for the purpose of expressing their confidence in him. Dr. Swallow has written a letter declining the banquet until after the meeting of the Central Pennsylvania Methodist conference at Bethlehem, beginning March 26, at which he will be tried for uttering falsehoods.

## Woodward Miners Want a Strike.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Wilkes-Barre, March 12.—The miners at the Woodward colliery of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western company today asked that a general strike be declared at all the company's collieries. The officials have refused to renege discharged men. Similar meetings will be held tomorrow at the Pottsville and Avondale collieries.

Twenty Thousand Men Already Idle and More Will Probably Follow.

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## STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, March 12.—Arrivals: 12 Aquitania, Havre; 12 S. S. Paul, Southampton; 12 Maestri, Liverpool; 12 Vandalia, Antwerp; 1