THE SCRANTON TRIBUNE-WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1902.



application

But the judge on the bench can do none of these things. No matter how honest may be the business enterprise there is an unwritten but imperious rule founded on the highest propriety that he must be absolutely aloof from all things not immediately germaue to his office.

the smallest salaries, in proportion to the work and character required, of those paid by leading countries; yet every year the requirements are increasing and the standards of living considered becoming to the judicial station are growing more costly. Senator Hoar has introduced a bill increasing these salaries 25 per cent, and it should pass. By right, the salaries ought to be doubled.

The demands made by miners and opcrators at Indianapolis present plenty of margin for getting together.

The Pan-American Congress.

of Mexico was Charles M. Pepper, the well known newspaper man. In a letter informing review of what the congress was in its personnel and what it did.

All the countries of the western hemisphere were represented except Brazil. One of her delegates died so soon henot thought proper to name a succesvacant. Two weeks before the conher delegation. Otherwise the congress was representative of the nineteen re-

Mr. Pepper speaks well of the personnel of the congress. It was, he says, Members of congress, vice presidents, perience and prospective presidents composed it. All came with prearranged programmes, to which they adhered loyally; and many sharp differences developed, but they clung to the main purposes of the conference until finally a basis of harmony was reached. The significance of the congress rests less in what was actually accomplished than in the impetus which it has given to the spirit of Pan-Americanism. Mr. Pepper reports that there was a general looking forward among the Latin-American delegations to future congresses and to the knitting together of American interests which they will effect.

which nearly caused a breaking up of the assembly, was international arbitration for the countries of the western hemisphere. There were delegations which wanted peace so earnestly that they would have fought to make arbitration of all differences compulsory. Others, in turn, were opposed to

to threaten a curbing of the land-