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Scranton Tribune.

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TWO CENTS. SCRANTON, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 23, 1901. TWO CENTS.

SCHLEY WAS MISINFORMED

According to Mr. Graham He Was Misled by Captain Charles D. Sigsbee.

SAID SPANISH FLEET WAS NOT AT SANTIAGO

Mr. Graham Had Heard No Conversation in Which Admiral Schley Had Said That Officers in White Uniforms Were Conspicuous Objects—Discussion Over the Admission of Conversation Between Admiral Schley and Captain Evans. The Afternoon Witnesses.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Oct. 22.—The Schley court of inquiry opened today with Lieutenant B. W. Wells, jr., who was Commodore Schley's flag lieutenant during the Spanish war, still on the stand, but he was soon displaced to allow Yeoman Albert V. Mason, who had written the Brooklyn log for the period covering the Santiago campaign, to testify. Mr. Mason explained the erasures in the log entry referring to the Brooklyns turn on the day of the battle off Santiago. He was followed by Mr. George E. Graham, who, as an Associated Press correspondent, was with Commodore Schley during the entire campaign.

Mr. Graham's testimony covered all the principal events of the campaign and discussed especially the bombardment of the Spanish ship Colon, on May 31, and the battle off Santiago, on July 3. Mr. Graham testified to hearing a conversation between Commodore Schley and Captain Sigsbee, when the latter came aboard the flagship Brooklyn, off Santiago, May 26. He said that he had distinctly heard Captain Sigsbee tell the commodore that the Spanish fleet was not inside the harbor at Santiago.

Mr. Graham also stated that Admiral Schley had told him that the object of the bombardment of May 31 was to develop the Spanish land batteries, and he said that the range was fixed at 7,000 or 7,500 yards, in order to draw their fire. He further said, with reference to the events of this engagement, that he had heard no conversation in which Commodore Schley had said that the officers in their white uniforms were conspicuous objects. Mr. Graham detailed a conversation between Commodore Schley and Captain Robley D. Evans, which took place after the Santiago engagement. There was some discussion over the admissibility of this statement, but the court decided that any conversation between the commodore and any one else bearing upon the case was admissible.

The witnesses for the afternoon were: Dennis J. Cronan, who was Admiral Schley's orderly and who also testified along the same lines as Mr. Graham to the conversation with Captain Sigsbee; Lieutenant Commander Rush, who said he thought the Viscaya had planned to ram the Brooklyn; Lieutenant Edward Simpson, who gave a very graphic picture of the battle of July 3, and Lieutenant Edward T. Fitzgerald, an assistant engineer, who was on duty in the fire room on July 3 and who testified that an order had been given early in the action to stand by for a ram.

THE TESTIMONY.

Washington, Oct. 22.—Mr. Rayner began an examination of the witness (Graham) concerning a conversation reported to have taken place between Commodore Schley and Captain Evans, of the Iowa, after the battle, but before the examination had gone far it was objected to by Captain Lemly. He said the conversation referred to had nothing whatever to do with the case, "Captain Phillip is dead," he said, "and Admiral Evans is out of the country. I object on that ground, which I think is quite sufficient. To further discuss the matter, even on my part, would be to do the same harm to the dead and to the absent man."

Mr. Rayner contended that it does not reflect in any degree upon Admiral Evans and certainly did not upon Captain Phillip.

After some further controversy between the counsel, Admiral Dewey announced that the court would retire for the consideration of the point raised. After being out for twenty minutes, the members returned and Admiral Dewey announced the decision in the following terms:

"The court decides that the questions intended to impugn the credibility of a witness; intended to prove any point regarding the movement of the Brooklyn during the battle of July 3; intended to prove any statements made by Commodore Schley or conversations held with Commodore Schley which have a material bearing upon the matters designated by the precept, are admissible, provided such conversations or statements occurred in the presence of and within the hearing of the witness."

Mr. Rayner then repeated his question, asking the witness to recall the conversation, which Mr. Graham did as follows:

"Captain Evans came into the cabin. I sat at a round table in the center. Commodore Schley got up and shook hands with Captain Evans and the latter said: 'Schley, did you see Phillip turn around and run out of the fight?' The commodore said: 'No, neither did you. He did not run out of the fight.' Captain Evans said: 'Oh, yes, he did. I saw him.' Captain Evans said he was in the next ship and saw him. The commodore said: 'It was not the Texas at all. The Texas was in the fight all the time. The ship you saw turn around was the Brooklyn.'"

The court, at this point, took the usual recess for luncheon.

When the court began its afternoon session, Mr. Rayner announced that he had no more questions to ask Mr. Graham, and Captain Lemly announced that he had no questions to ask. Mr. Graham said, in reply to questions by the court, that during the conversation between Captain Sigsbee and Commodore Schley, the squadron had been heading toward Santiago, and that during the battle off Santiago he had heard no conversation between the commodore and Lieutenant Hodgson.

What Cronin Heard.

Mr. Graham was then excused, and Dennis J. Cronin was called. He was orderly to Commodore Schley during the Santiago campaign and he testified that he was present when Captain Sigs

[Continued on Page 4.]

REDVERS BULLER RELIEVED.

An Ill-Timed Speech Causes Him to Be Placed on Half Pay.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

London, Oct. 22.—Sir Redvers Buller has been relieved of the command of the First army corps, in consequence of the speech he made Oct. 19, after the luncheon given in his honor by the king's royal rifles dealing with his famous despatch to General White at Ladysmith. He has been placed on half pay and General French has been appointed to succeed him.

In the official announcement the war office says the commander in chief after full consideration of all the circumstances and the explanations furnished "recommended that General Buller be relieved," which has been done.

The appointment of General French is to take effect "when his services are no longer required in South Africa." Pending General French's return General Hilgard will command at Aldershot.

General Buller's supercession was not unexpected, but the manner of it has caused a sensation. It is understood that the government endeavored to break the fall by giving him the option of resigning, but that Buller declined to give way.

The morning papers all express sympathy for the unfortunate ending of a brilliant career, but they are unanimous that no other course was open after his indiscreet speech and they express the greatest approval of the selection of General French to succeed him.

ANTI-TAMMANY MEN BECOMING ACTIVE

The Organizations Hold a Large Meeting at the St. Nicholas Rink—Schurz's Speech.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Oct. 22.—The Anti-Tammany organizations held a large meeting at St. Nicholas rink tonight. Columbia university students were much in evidence. Seth Low, candidate for mayor, and other fusion speakers, made addresses, but the principle one was by Carl Schurz, who on this occasion made his entrance into the campaign.

Mr. Schurz began his address by saying that both the candidates were his personal friends, Mr. Shepard, whom he opposed being perhaps closer than Mr. Low, whom he supported. Both were honorable men and professed to aim at the same ideals of municipal administration. He then said:

"That Tammany has not improved we all know. On the contrary, it grows worse with age, as all such powerful organizations for plunder do. In fact, its latest performances in city government that have been exposed, rather exceed its former ones in nastiness."

Mr. Schurz claimed that the Tammany forces, seeing the rising storm, had ingeniously selected Mr. Shepard as their candidate—"a man of eminent respectability, a man who has gained distinctive standing as a fiery opponent of Tammany and a champion of reform."

Continuing, the speaker said:

"I have to oppose Mr. Shepard because he has placed himself in an unnatural position, in which, in spite of his good intentions, he is apt to do more harm than good."

All through his address, Mr. Schurz excoriated Tammany.

BULGARIANS TORTURED.

Many Are Killed in Endeavor to Make Them Reveal the Hiding Place of Brigands.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

London, Oct 23.—The Morning Leader publishes the following communication, dated Saturday, Oct. 19, from Sofia:

On the frontier near Gorsidelo yesterday five fugitives from Benisli, Macedonia, among them a brother of Madame Tsilka, Miss Stone's companion, were shot dead by Turkish frontier guards while endeavoring to cross into Bulgarian territory.

United States Consul General Dickinson, believing that they were members of the American mission church, has demanded an official inquiry.

Greater brutality exists in the district between Banska and the frontier. Turkish officials have arrested over one hundred residents of Bulgarian nationality and subjected them to torture in order to wring from them information as to Miss Stone's whereabouts. Several of them died under torture.

The Bulgarian authorities, likewise worried over the affair, are continually arresting fugitives from Macedonia, and this causes bad blood.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT HONORED BY VETERANS.

Unanimously Elected a Comrade at Sixth Encampment.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Chicago, Oct. 22.—President Theodore Roosevelt was unanimously elected a comrade of the Union Veterans' union today at the closing session of the sixth annual encampment of the organization. This action was taken immediately after a message of congratulation had been received from the chief executive. Chief Roosevelt's message, which was heartily cheered by the three hundred veterans present, was as follows:

"I send a hearty greeting and my congratulations to the Union Veterans' union, assembled in convention in Chicago, and I regret I am unable to be with you."

Delegates were present from twenty-three states. The encampment will continue for four days. The objects of the organization are to create purity in politics and recognition by the Union veterans.

Killed by a Fast Freight.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Oct. 22.—Mrs. Isaac Bond, of Newark, was killed tonight at Plainfield, N. J. With her husband she had been attending a wedding at a relative, and, after the reception, with many of the guests, went to a depot to take a return train. Mr. and Mrs. Bond made a mistake in crossing the tracks and were run down by a fast freight. Mrs. Bond's head was severed and Mr. Bond was badly hurt.

Pensions Granted.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Oct. 22.—These pensions have been granted: Charles Garsia, of Shickshinny, $6; James A. Loughan, of Scranton, $8; John Millweather, of Scranton, $10.

CZOLGOSZ IS UNREPENTENT

An Unsatisfactory Interview with Rev. Father Szadinski Yesterday.

CONDEMNED MAN IS STILL AN ANARCHIST

He Refuses to Renounce the Belief and Receive the Consolation of the Church—The Arguments of the Priest Unavailing at the Present Time—Preparations for the Execution Are About Completed.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Auburn, N. Y., Oct. 22.—Leon F. Czolgosz, the assassin of President McKinley, who is awaiting electrocution in the prison here during the week commencing next Monday, fully realizing that his death is now a question of a few days, has asked for spiritual consolation and this afternoon received a visit from the Rev. T. Szadinski, a Polish priest of the Roman Catholic church.

Czolgosz's request for a priest of his own nationality was made known to Warden Meade in the morning. Father Szadinski, who is pastor of St. Stanislaus church, Rochester, was in this city attending the forty hours' devotions of St. Alphonsus church, and was asked to visit the prisoner. This afternoon he went to the prison and remained there about an hour. The interview between priest and prisoner proved very unsatisfactory to both. It took place in the condemned man's cell, and the conversation was carried on in Polish. During the interview Czolgosz said that he had been baptized in the Roman Catholic faith in the Polish church in Detroit. He had abandoned the church early in life and had lost all faith in its teachings. Father Szadinski urged him to renounce his belief in anarchy and return to the faith of his early years. Czolgosz declared his inability to do so, and he was informed that unless he could do so the consolation of the church would be denied. The priest urged the condemned man to consider the matter carefully, and told him that if at any time he decided to re-embrace the faith he would return from his home in Rochester and stay with him until the end. The priest, before taking his departure, left with Czolgosz some Catholic literature printed in Polish and also some of the church emblems. Czolgosz assured the priest that in case he determined to accept the offices of religion he would send for him, but he did not hold out much hope that he would renounce doctrines of anarchy.

Warden Meade and Superintendent Collins, at their conference in Albany yesterday, arranged all the details and fixed upon those to be invited to witness the execution. The law requires that invitations be sent out three days before the date of execution, and the law will be lived up to in the present case.

Father Szadinski Uncommunicative.

Rochester, Oct. 22.—Rev. Father Szadinski, pastor of St. Stanislaus Polish church, of this city, returned home tonight from Auburn, where he had seen and talked with Leon Czolgosz, the assassin of President McKinley. When interviewed by a representative of the Associated Press at his home, Father Szadinski said he would not say whether his visit had been of his own volition or upon the request of Czolgosz. While very reticent, Father Szadinski, after much persuasion, said Czolgosz should not be made the subject of notoriety by the newspapers and that he was very loath to say anything of the man. He stated that anything that had been said in the confessional was inviolate and that, of course, he could not divulge it. He said that inasmuch as there were hundreds of ignorant men who mistook Czolgosz's odious notoriety for fame, the more the man was advertised, the more harm it would do to lead the rest to follow his example.

Regarding Czolgosz's moral or religious status, Father Szadinski would not say a word. He positively refused to state whether his religious advice had been sought by Czolgosz, or whether it had been offered to him unsolicited. He was equally uncommunicative regarding the manner in which Czolgosz received that advice. Father Szadinski was asked if he did not think that the approaching death of the assassin had induced him to consider the future, but he refused to reply to this question.

Three priests, Father Letoka, Father Szulska and Father Stadenon, who were with Father Szadinski, would not say what their business was with him, but all seemed familiar with Czolgosz and his recent actions.

Father Stadenon admitted, however, that Czolgosz was without the ban, was wholly incorrigible and an utterly worthless case.

Reprimand Results in Suicide.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Chester, Pa., Oct. 22.—Edward Stauffer, son of Joseph Stauffer, proprietor of the Asbury hotel, in this city, shot himself this evening and will die. He walked from the barroom to a small room adjoining, drew a revolver and shot himself in the head. The only reason assigned for the deed was family difficulties at home over the young man's habits. Young Stauffer is unmarried and about 25 years of age. He was reprimanded by his father a few minutes before he made the attempt upon his life.

Honors for Mr. Carnegie.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

London, Oct. 22.—Andrew Carnegie, replying to the unanimous request of the students that he allow himself to be nominated to the lord rectorship of St. Andrews, in succession to Prof. James Stewart, whose term expires in November, has accepted the nomination.

SHOT BY HER LOVER.

Annie B. Harne Seriously Wounded by Jose Fernandez.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Norwich, Conn., Oct. 22.—Annie B. Horne, alias Clara Moore, was shot and dangerously wounded today by Jose Fernandez, of Buenos Ayres, Argentine, said to be her former lover. Fernandez afterwards committed suicide. The affair occurred in a resort kept by the woman.

On a postal card, in the suicide's pocket, there was written the following: "I am from Buenos Ayres. My name is Jose Fernandez. My father is Julio Fernandez. Her name is Annie Horne, her father, James Horne. Her sister is a school teacher, Margaret M. Horne. Her family lives in Bethlehem, Pa. I tried to do this thing long ago and whenever I asked her to behave so as to avoid the present scene she always used to laugh and make fun of me."

The woman, who is 29 years of age, is at a hospital in a critical condition. She has three bullet wounds in the face and one in the shoulder. Fernandez was 22 years of age. Both he and Mrs. Horne formerly lived in the city of Mexico.

CANDIDATE CORAY IS RENOMINATED

Proceedings of the Meeting of the Democratic State Committee. Mr. Garman Not Satisfied.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, Oct. 22.—The Democratic state committee held a special meeting in this city today to fill the vacancy on the ticket created by the decision of the Dauphin county court declaring invalid the nomination of Representative E. A. Coray, jr., of Pittston, for state treasurer. Mr. Coray is the nominee of the Union and Municipal League parties and was nominated by the Democrats at a recent meeting of the state committee to fill the vacancy created by the withdrawal of Representative Andrew J. Palm, of Meadville. At the same meeting the six Philadelphia members of the committee were expelled for party disloyalty on recommendation of the Hasson committee appointed by the recent state convention to inquire into party affairs in that city and their places filled by others.

Former State Chairman Garman and Patrick Donahue, one of the deposed members, brought suit in the Dauphin county court to test the legality of Mr. Coray's nomination. They contended that his nomination was illegal because the meeting at which he was nominated was illegally constituted and that the Philadelphians had been irregularly deposed. Their contention was sustained by the court, and to avoid further trouble the deposed members were given notice of today's meeting. A conference of party leaders was held last night, at which it was agreed to nominate Mr. Coray and to take no further action for the present in the Philadelphia matter.

The meeting was held in the board of trade rooms and was attended by seventy-five of the eighty-one members, including the deposed members from Philadelphia. The meeting was called to order at 2 o'clock by State Chairman Creasy. After the meeting was organized Mr. Creasy explained that the purpose was to fill the vacancy created by the withdrawal of Mr. Palm, no mention being made to Mr. Coray's candidacy or the rejection of his certificate by the court. John B. Head, of Greensburg, moved that the withdrawal of Mr. Palm be accepted. The motion was unanimously adopted. Charles Donnelly, of Philadelphia, inquired of the chair if there was not a meeting of the committee held in this city on Oct. 11. The chairman stated that the court has ruled that meeting was illegal and no notice could be taken of it. Frank J. Fitzsimmons, of Scranton, was then recognized to present the name of Mr. Coray.

Mr. Fitzsimmons made a brief speech, after which Mr. Coray was nominated by a vote of 73 to 0. His nomination was promptly certified to the state department and was certified tonight to the county commissioners throughout the state for printing on the official ballot. The chairman was directed to appoint a committee of five to notify Mr. Coray of his nomination, after which the meeting adjourned.

Mr. Garman was here today, but he did not attend the meeting of the state committee. He made an examination of Mr. Coray's certificate after it was filed and stated that it was in proper form.

"I have no further objections to Mr. Coray's nomination," said Mr. Garman tonight, "except the objections that all good Democrats have to being forced to vote the Republican ticket."

Chairman Creasy has appointed the following committee to notify Mr. Coray of his nomination: A. J. Palm, Crawford county; George R. Dixon, Elk county; Frank Fitzsimmons, Lackawanna county; John T. Fisher, Northumberland county, and Charles E. Ingersoll, Philadelphia.

Steamship Arrivals.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Oct. 22.—Arrived: Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen; Bremen, Bremen and Southampton; Cevic, Liverpool; Ancona, Glasgow and Moville. Cleared—Kensington, Antwerp; Teutonic, Liverpool; Philadelphia, Southampton; Furst Bismarck, Naples and Genoa. Sailed: Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg. Chartered. Arrived: Patricia, New York for Hamburg. Plymouth—Sailed: Pretoria (from Hamburg), New York. Arrived: Columbia, New York for Hamburg. Queenstown—Arrived: Oceanic, New York for Liverpool. Lizard—Passed: Amsterdam, New York for Rotterdam.

Mme. Tsilka Reported Dead.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Oct. 22.—It is reported that Madame Tsilka, the companion of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary captured by the brigands, died recently in captivity.

DEATHS OF A DAY.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 22.—Patrick B. Ryan, formerly national treasurer of the Knights of Columbus, died today at his home here from meningitis, after a few week's illness. He was 50 years of age.

GREAT PANIC IN A THEATRE

Hundreds of People at Louisville Are Alarmed by a Cry of Fire.

THIRTEEN ARE INJURED

A Little Flame About the Polyscope Exhibiting Machine Caused the Touble—Efforts of the Orchestra and Members of the Company to Check the Rush for the Doors Are Unavailing.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Louisville, Oct. 22.—Hundreds of people attempted to rush out of the Temple theater this afternoon because the cry of fire was raised, when a little flame was seen about the polyscope exhibiting machine. In the scramble, scores of people were knocked down and thirteen injured, three seriously. Of the latter, one may die. A number of others persons were bruised or cut, but their injuries were slight.

Just after the first act of "Tennessee's Pardner," about 3.30 o'clock, and while the polyscope was being prepared for its exhibition, that the little flash of flame came that caused the panic. Many women and children made a rush for the door. The panic seized the gallery, and in a moment the occupants were plunging down the stairway in a heap or were climbing down into the auditorium proper. In their haste many fell, landing on those beneath. Several were badly hurt in this way. Meanwhile, those who had retained their presence of mind, endeavored to stop the mad rush. The orchestra played and a member of the company danced. This was effective in quieting those nearest the stage. The great crush occurred where the stairs come down from the gallery. Here the two crowds met and were packed into a space not large enough for half of them, and all were trying, with a desperation born of fear, to reach the street. The weaker were soon knocked down and trampled under foot.

As soon as the rush was over, the care of the injured began. Every patrol wagon and ambulance in the city was soon engaged in conveying the more seriously injured to the hospitals or their homes.

There was no damage from the fire. It is said the cause of the flame was the blowing out of a fuse on the polyscope.

List of the Injured.

The injured:

Frank McDonald, head injured; may die.
Mrs. Leonora Roth, two ribs broken; condition serious.
Mrs. Charles Grow, head cut and internally injured; condition serious.
Omar Pulliam, colored, right ankle broken.
L. Fine, operator of polyscope, face and head bruised.
Frank Lavin.
Mrs. Opal Jennings.
Mrs. George Schmitt.
Four-year-old daughter of Mrs. George Schmitt.
Mrs. Mary Welsh.
Mrs. Mary Hulzer.
Miss Mary Plunk.
Infant niece of Miss Mary Plunk.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT IS COMMENDED

His Action in Dining with Booker T. Washington Upheld and Publicly Approved in Chicago.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Chicago, Oct. 22.—President Roosevelt's action in entertaining Booker T. Washington, the noted colored educator, at the white house, was upheld and publicly approved by the American Missionary association which opened its fifty-fifth annual meeting today at the First Congregational church at Oak Park. The matter had been a common topic of conversation among the delegates to the convention throughout the day, the societies prominent in the education of the negro making the matter of unusual interest. Additional importance was lent to the affair from the fact that Booker T. Washington is a protege of the association. He received his first assistance in securing an education from the association and the encouragement thus given him in his youth has been often extolled by him as the basis of the eminence he now enjoys. When the meeting convened this evening Thomas C. MacMillan, of Chicago, one of the lay delegates, on behalf of the business committee, presented the following resolution:

The American Missionary Association of Congregational Churches at its fifty-fifth annual meeting, held in Oak Park, Ill., Tuesday evening, Oct. 22, 1901, desires to express its cordial approval of the act of President Roosevelt in entertaining at the White House recently Booker T. Washington, a justly honored representative of his people, thus ignoring race prejudice, public hints and officially reaffirming the equal rights of American citizenship and emphasizing the principle of brotherhood revealed by our great exemplar and Master, even Christ.

The resolutions were adopted without a dissenting vote.

Fatal Explosion of Benzine.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Lancaster, Pa., Oct. 22.—Mrs. Harriet Center, of this city, was using benzine to clean out a closet in her home today when it was ignited by a lamp. The explosion that followed blew out all the windows in the front of the house. Mrs. Center was horribly burned and died later. She was 57 years old and the mother of six children.

Oppose Capital Punishment.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Buffalo, Oct. 22.—The Universalists in today's session of their general convention evinced their opposition to capital punishment by expounding and adopting the report of the committee on penology, which favored life imprisonment for capital crimes.

FESTIVITIES AT YALE.

The Sons of Eli Witness an Allegorical Performance on the College Campus.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 22.—In a great amphitheatre, bedecked in blue and illumined by long strings of orange-hued lanterns and Greek fire flaming and smoking skyward from poles erected about the campus, the sons of Yale witnessed tonight an allegorical performance by the dramatic association of the college and listened to the songs of the student chorus drilled especially for this feature of the bi-centennial celebration. Graduates and students ranged themselves by classes within the amphitheatre, nearly 8,000 strong, every class having a distinctive transparency to mark its position and joined with vigor in the bi-centennial songs. Many ladies were present.

The amphitheatre was erected in the center of the old campus, facing south middle dormitory, in front of which the temporary stage for the amateur performance was built. On this open-air stage the members of the University Dramatic association, under the leadership of Frank Lee Short as stage director, presented a performance symbolic of successive events in the history of Yale.

Between each of the scenes there were familiar college songs by the student chorus, in which all the thousand of graduates heartily participated.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AT FARMINGTON

Declines to Take Part in the Planting of the McKinley Oak—Will Visit New Haven Today.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Farmington, Conn., Oct. 22.—President Roosevelt's day in Farmington provided quite a suitable addition to the historic annals of this ordinarily quiet old town.

The intentions of the president's sister, Mrs. Cowles, to make the occasion a private affair was considerably overcome by the anxiety of the people to see the president and to grasp his hand. Throughout the morning there was no particular demonstration, but in the middle of the afternoon the turnout of townspeople added to the influx of several hundred from Hartford and adjoining townships enlarged the throng to proportions much beyond that to which Farmington is accustomed.

The absence of a publicly announced programme gave an element of uncertainty to the day. Everybody on the street was inquiring where and when the president could be seen. But everybody went away satisfied, for the president made three dashes through the town. In the last of these he rode out in an open carriage through the big crowd assembled on the principal street corners, just at the conclusion of the ceremony of planting a McKinley memorial oak. Men and women, youths and maidens pushed and struggled to touch the president's hand as he, leaning far out of the carriage, endeavored to reach as many as possible without delaying a more formal reception which awaited him at his sister's home. The president's day was filled with enjoyable rides, walks and receptions. It was concluded this evening with a dinner given at the home of Commander and Mrs. Cowles. Among the guests at the dinner were the president and his daughter, Miss Alice Roosevelt, Secretary Cortelyou, Assistant Secretary Barnes, United States Senators Joseph R. Hawley and Orville H. Platt and their wives and Governor George P. McLean.

Between his two rides the president and a few friends took a long tramp to Pinnacle mountain.

The afternoon was chiefly devoted to receptions, first to the young women of the Porter school and second, to the guests invited by Mrs. Cowles to meet her brother. The two Connecticut senators and their ladies assisted in receiving.

One of the features of the day was the planting of the McKinley oak. President Roosevelt declined to take part in this, on the ground that it would not be in good taste to do so on this occasion, after having declined other similar invitations. Governor McLean and Mayor Harbison, of Hartford, were the principal speakers at the exercises. The town was well policed by deputy sheriffs and constables, the customary warning having been sent out in advance by the chief of police at Washington.

The secret service men followed the president's party, so far as possible, but were unable always to keep track of the rather rapid changes. The president will leave Farmington at 8.10 a. m. tomorrow and will arrive in New Haven about an hour later.

CLOSING DAY OF THE PAN-AMERICAN

Lights Will Be Turned Off Finally at Midnight on Nov. 2.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Buffalo, Oct. 22.—The board of directors of the Pan-American exposition today decided that Saturday Nov. 2, at midnight, be fixed as the time of the final closing of the exposition.

At midnight of Nov. 2, the lights of the electric tower and other lights used in the illumination will be finally turned off and the exposition closed.

Moravian Monument Unveiled.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Bethlehem, Pa., Oct. 22.—The beautiful monument which has been erected by the Moravian Historical society on the site of the mission station "Ma-hol-gon-oma," near here, was unveiled today. The monument is in the form of a boulder. Bishop J. Max Hark delivered the address and Rev. Dr. Mac-ode delivered the memorial address.

Fire Destroys Leather Factory.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, Oct. 22.—A fire of unknown origin late tonight destroyed the drying and hair department of Congressman Robert H. Foerderer's leather factory at Bridesburg, a suburb of this city. The loss is estimated at $100,000, fully covered by insurance.

THE ODOR OF THAT DINNER

Causes Mr. Watterson to Sniff the Atmosphere and Predict That There's Fun Ahead.

CHEERS THE DEMOCRATS

The Kentucky Editor's Olfactory Organ Tells Him That Possum and Potatoes at the White House Are But a Foretaste of What Is in Store—Predicts a Sulphurous Smell Before Three Years Have Rolled Around—Its Meaning to Democrats.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 22.—Henry Watterson, in the Courier Journal today, gives expression on the entertainment of Booker Washington at President Roosevelt's private table. Mr. Watterson says:

It was a sensation. Already it rises to the dignity of a "cause celebre." Presently we shall begin to speak of "the Booker Washington incident." One does not know precisely whether to laugh or to whistle. Assuredly, it is the part of wisdom in Democrats "to say nothing and saw wood." Each American, whether native or of African descent, has the right to pick his company, to sit at table with whomever he will, and, if it please the president to dine or a dozen gentlemen of color at the White House—"unofficially," mind you—that is nobody's business. Nevertheless, and at the same time, there are certain conventions—call them prejudices, if you like—it were well for all men, and particularly for great public exemplars, to consider in their migrations between the drawing-room and the dining-room. Even as a blunder is held in politics and diplomatic circles to be worse than a crime, so in society—particularly in those homes of luxury and alimony which give the word and set the pace to the four hundred—it is safer to commit a sin than to be detected in a solecism.

True to His Political Religion.

The president need not be reminded of this. He knows it well. Nobody knows it better. But he is exceptional. Born with a ruffle around his neck and a gold spoon in his mouth, he grew up to filch from among his playthings a ticket calling for the capital prize in the lottery of life. Such a man is tempted to defy usage. He gets to be a law unto himself. Having arrived upon the scene to regenerate mankind and reform the world, may he not, shall he not, clasp the man and brother to his bosom, take counsels of him, and, by these tokens, vindicate the gospel of the fathers in Israel? Why look, you, masters, this be a very Daniel come to judgment.

Yea, and he carrieth along with him his scriptural warrant. Hath it not been written "Out of the mouths of babes and sucklings"—even colored babes are sucklings—"hast thou ordained strength"—the old free soil litany—"that thou might still the enemy and the avenger?" In this case the "enemy is race hatred. Why may not the "avenger" be "the states lately in rebellion?"

He is an undoubting as well as a lineal descendant of Wendell Phillips and Lloyd Garrison, wearing the mantle of Theodore Parker and brandishing the sword of Josiah Giddings. At least no old time Republican will venture to chide him for teaching by example what they were able to teach only by precept. In a word, Mr. Roosevelt is true to his political religion.

The foundation stone of that religion was, and is, and ever will be, the equality of man. To free the negro; to educate and elevate the negro; to seat the negro in the high places of the land. As head even of the kitchen cabinet he is to be pitied; a red rag to racial prejudice; an object of envy to those blacks who are intelligent enough to differentiate; an offense to white Republicans; a menace to white Democrats at the South.

What It Means to Democracy.

Looking at it from a partisan point of view, Democrats may take not a little comfort to themselves. Whatever happens, this is not our funeral. Our in the cold as we may be, shivering as we are—and hungry, yea, verily, and thirsty—yet as we stand around the White House and look in through the windows and see Teddy and Bobby bobnobbing over their possum and potatoes, not one of us is disposed to envy either of them, or to exclaim of either, "Wouldn't it be lordly to be him?" We prefer to take our chances of the future. We had rather wait till our time comes. Somehow, the look ahead does not seem so hopeless nor the distance so long. We Democrats have but to get together and keep our powder dry to carry all before us three years hence, because this young man is a bronco-buster and he is going to raise more of that stuff from the very hot place with the very short name to the square inch than was ever raised before in that particular neck of the woods. Sarsaw coma! There's a good time coming, boys. Wait a little longer.

DAUGHTERS OF REVOLUTION.

Meeting of the State Congress at Harrisburg.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, Oct. 22.—The state congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution will open tomorrow afternoon with an address of welcome by Mrs. Levi R. Aldricks, of this city, regent of the Harrisburg chapter, to which Miss Susan Carpenter Frazer, of Lancaster, will respond.

The social functions will include a reception by Mrs. Stone at the executive mansion tomorrow evening, a tea at the country club by Mrs. Aldricks, at which the state officers, the officers of the Harrisburg chapter and the members of the governing board will be present.

Corporations Chartered.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, Oct. 22.—Charters were issued by the state department today to these corporations: The New Washington Supply company, New Washington, Clearfield county; capital, $5,000. The Early Dawn Creamery company; Pittsburg; capital, $1,000. The Columbia Water company, Mohaton, Beaver county; capital, $1,000. The Altoona Cooperative association, Altoona; capital, $2,500. The William H. Mosbay Manufacturing company, Mount Union; capital, $20,000.

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER.

Local data for October 22, 1901:

Highest temperature ..... 67 degrees.
Lowest temperature ..... 43 degrees.
Relative Humidity:
8 a. m. ..... 88 per cent.
8 p. m. ..... 67 per cent.
Precipitation, 24 hours ended 8 p. m., none.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Oct. 22.—Forecast for Eastern Pennsylvania: Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday; fresh west to southwest winds.