

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, Syrup or Figs, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG STRUP Co., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation per-manently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the California Fig Symp Co. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, EY. NEW YORK, N. Y. For sale by all Druggfsts. - Price 50c. per bottle.

CITY NOTES

CHANGED PLACES - Dominick F. Gibbons recently of the Coyne, has accepted a position as night clerk at the Lackswanns Valley House.

HIGH SCHOOL EXAMS. -The entrance exam inations for the high school will be conducted on Tuesday, Aug. 27, at 9 a. m. The city schools open one week later on Tuesday, Sept. 3.

COWS POISONED .- Residents of Spring Brook township are complaining about some miscreant who is engaged in the nefarious work of poisoning cattle in that vicinity. The propertator is aid to be well known and his arrest is likely to

BUNK AND CALL MEN TO MEET. There will he a special meeting of the bunk and call men of the Scranton fire department at the Firemen's Relief association rooms, on Spruce street, this evening at 8:30 o'clock. All are requested to be

GERMAN OPERA - A German opera in three acts will be given this evening at Music hall by one of the best German opera companies of New York. The play which they will present tonight Heinrich Heines' "Younge Leiden" and will given for the benefit of Miss Gusti Baetcher

POLITICAL MATTERS,

The delegates from Lackawanna vention, which takes place at Harrisburg tomorrow, will leave here this morning on the 6.45 Delaware and Hudson train. They will have headquarters at the Lecniel. The delegates from the four dis-

tricts are: First-Evan J. Davis, West Scranton: C. J. Gillespie, North Scranton. Second-Magistrate W. S. Millar, of the central city; Charles Rose, of

South Scranton. Third-Henry Harris, of Taylor; Harry Seamans, of Benton. Fourth-Alderman Samuel S. Jones

of Carbondale; Dan Powell, of Dun-

The delegates will be accompanied by Congressman Connell, Deputy Attorney General Frederick W. Fleitz, John R. Williams, County Auditor W. E. Johns and others.

. . . . Milton W. Lowry, of the state executive committee of the Pennsylvania State League of Republican clubs, went to Philadelphia yesterday to confor with State President J. Hamptor Moore regarding the league convention, to be held in this city Sent 1 and 18. He will attend the Harrisburg convention on his way home.

John M. Garman is spoken of as a candiate for orphans' court judge in Luzerne. The Lenahan faction is said to favor A. M. Freas, whom Garman warmly supported two years ago when Judge Halsey was endorsed Should Garman perisist in his candidacy, it would mean a ruction, as the present peace existing in the Democratic camp was signed by both parties with a pen in one hand and an axe in the other.

. . . . The Democrats of this county have not as yet picked upon their judicial Until E. C. Newcomb speaks out and makes known whether or not he will seek the office, the slate makers will not attempt any framing Mr. Newcomb continues to say he has not decided whether or not he will be a candidate.



Bonds and Investment Securities

Carbondale.

Commonwealth bid'g, Scranton, Pa.

TO FORMULATE GRIEVANCES. Trainmen's General Committee Meet Here Today.

The general committee of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western road will assemble here today to formulate and present grievances that come from different divisions of the system.

The members of the committee will have their headquarters at the St. Charles, H. J. Condon, of Bingham-ton; John P. Kelly, of Syracuse, and Chomas Carroll, of Oswego, arrived ast night. The other fourteen mem-

bers will come this morning. None of the grievances are of a very erious nature, it is said, and it is highly improbable that any difficulty will be experienced in having them amicably adjusted.

LOOKING FOR STEEL MILL MEN. Agents of the Trust Said to be

Working Here. Martin D. Flaherty, organizer of the merican Federation of Labor, is authority for the statement that two agents of the steed trust are in the ity trying to engage men to go to Pittsburg to take the places of the triking mill hands.

They are dealing, it is said, with the cover possession of a strip of land about fifty foreign-speaking mill hands and have feet in width, and comprising about 1.00 acres ucceeded in securing a large number

iation some time ago, but it proved fruitless.

WILL SHOOT AT GRETNA.

Thirteenth's Rifle Team Leaves Here Saturday Afternoon to Participate in State Rifle Matches.

The rifle team of the Thirteenth regiment will leave here at 2.18 that the defendant ever received any grant from o'clock Saturday afternoon for the him or ever paid or entered security for the The rifle team of the Thirteenth range at Mt. rGetna, where the state land, that they are entitled to recover; while matches will be shot next week, beginning Tuesday morning.

Those who will go along are Inspector of Rifle Practice Lewis B. Carter, and the following members of the team: Lleutenant Will Gould, of Company K; Corporal Frank Coffin, of Company D; Lawrence Brink, of Company A; Privates Charles Moore, musician, and Corporal Kelly, of Company E of Honesdale.

Corporal Kelly was only recently put on the team. Thursday morning Lieutenant Carter and the men will visit the Montrose range and spend the day in practice there.

At Mt. Gretna, next week, the state matches will be brought to a close Thursday, and the same day there will 206. be picked a team of twelve men and three reserves to represent the state marksmen in the rifle matches which are to be shot at Sea Girt, N. J.

The men will leave for there the same night. The Thirteenth has great confidence in its team and is confident that it will be represented in the aggregation which will shoot at Sea Girt.

HELD FOR MURDER.

Anthony Tomashifski, Who Struck David Thomas with a Pick, Is Held Without Bail.

Anthony Tomashifekt, who struck David Thomas on the head with a pick, at the Archbald mine, about two 7, Amendments to Constitution, 1836) no title months ago, inflicting injuries from which the latter died the next day, was committed to the county jail yesterday, by Magistrate Howe, on the charge of murder.

Tomashifski has been in fall since the crime was committed, having been committed by Burgess Griffiths, of Taylor, on the charge of aggravated assault and battery.

Yesterday's proceedings were merely of a formal nature in order that the charge might be changed. David Thomas, of Taylor, was the only witness examined. He testified to having seen Tomashifski strike Thomas with a pick and claimed that the assault was absolutely unprovoked.

WILL SUCCEED ALL OTHER METHODS.

What Professor Allen Thinks of the Conservatory.

Alfred Pennington:

Dear Sir:-1 take pleasure in stating that Mrs. Allen and myself are greatly pleased with the progress our Helen has made in piano playing under your Facilien System of Fundamental Training. The instruction she has received one year of such training not only includes work generally classified as idvanced work, but has fitted her to nter upon another year's work fully repared to comprehend and maser hat which is more difficult.

Personally, we regret that your sysem was not introduced in Scranton at an earlier date. Too much cannot be said in praise of this system, which is haps, though not necessarily, be given where ertainly destined to succeed all other nethods of musical training. Wishing your school abundant success, I am Very truly yours,

Chas. J. Allen. Professor in International Correspondence Schools,

Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Avalon, Wildwood, or Holly Beach Exsursion via Pennsylvania Railroad.

Thursday, August 22. Special ten-day tickets, \$5.00 to all resorts, via Market street wharf, or to Atlantic City only, via Delaware River bridge route. Train leaves Scranton at 6.45

Scranton Business College.

The demand for bookkeepers and stenographers continues even during vacation. Many students are receiving promotion. Day and evening sessions will reopen

Fuesday, September 3. Those who desire information should call any time after August 10.

Steam Heating and Plumbing. F. & M. T. Howley,231 Wyoming ave. Marriage Licenses.

Joseph Sienhap 928 South Washing	ton avenue:
Mary Kravice 528 South Washing	
William G. Woodmaniee	
Jennie M. Silabee	Carbondale
Andrew Podraki	Old Forge
Annie Cichii	Old Force
Daniel Suitivan	
Alice Devanney	
John Glinski	Throop
Mary Vasily	Scranton
William Howelis	Secuntor
Nellie M. Clarke	Scranton
George Michaylo	Taylor
Marie Showards	

CARTER HEIRS GET JUDGMENT

TURNPIKE COMPANY MUST PAY FOR LAND.

In an Opinion on a Heretofore Undecided Question of Law, Judge John P. Kelly Rules That the Ridge Turnpike Company Did Not Acquire Title to Lands It Entered Upon Under the Right of Eminent Domain by Having Been in Possession Twenty-One Years.

Appended is the discussion by Judge John P. Kelly, of the ejectment case of P. P. Carter and others against the Ridge Turnpike company, in which it is held that the defendants did not gain title by prescription, because their original entry was a trespass and the continued possession, a continued trespass. It is a question never before passed upon in this state.

This is an action in ejectment brought to re situated in the First ward of the city of Scrapsucceeded in securing a large number of men.

The steel workers in this city are not organized. An effort was made to by interiance upon his death in 1884. The deget them into the Amalgamated assoof land in question, which is part of a fract of about twenty-five acres in the possession of Pulaski Carter at that time, laid out and built its turnpike upon it, and has been in the continuous and uninterrupted possession of it ever since sing it continuously as a part of their road There is no evidence in the case to show under which it took possession, whether by purchase, condemnation proceedings or otherwise. We have only the bure fact that it did take posses sion at that time, and held possession for ever

> The plaintiffs contend that having shown title and possession in Pulaski Carter at the time of undisputed evidence taken possession of the lands and continued uninterruptedly in such pos-session from 1872 or 1873 to the time the suit was brought, for a period of over twenty-one years, it acquired a title by prescription, that their possession for that period of time was prenumed to have been in pursuance of a full and unqualified grant, and that it is incombent on the plaintiffs to rebus such presumption, and, having failed to do so, they cannot recover. Ordinarily the use of a road over the land of nother, without permission or objection, is ad erse, and, if enjoyed uninterruptedly for twenty one years, gives a right of way; such enjoyme without evidence as to how it began is presume to be in pursuance of a grant, and the burder of showing the contrary lies on the owner of the land, Garrett vs. Juckson, 2t Pa. 2011; Pietre vs. Cloud, 42 Pa. 102; Bennett vs. Biddle, 140 Pa. 306; Hudson vs. Watson, 11 Sop. Ct. Rep.

APPLIES BETWEEN INDIVIDUALS.

This principle applies between individuals, and f this was a contest between the plaintiffs and one who had enjoyed an uninterrupted right of way over their lands without permission or of ection for over twenty one years, they certainly could not recover. But whether the principle upplies as between a band owner and a corpora main is not so clear, and has never been specif cally decided in Pennsylvania as far as we have been able to learn; nor has our attention been alled to any decision holding the affirmative, It has been decided that any statutory pro-ceeding to assess damages for property taken in ne exercise of eminent domain the statute of the everying of children demain the statute of limitation does not apply Hannan vs. Boro. of West Chester, 63 Pa. 475; McClinton vs. Ky. Co., 68 Pa. 404; Seigel vs. Extension Co., 129 Pa. 483; Keller vs. R. R. Co., 151 Pa. 67; Zahn vs. Ry. Co., 161 Pa. 68. In Hannan vs. the Borough, Sharawood, J., says: "In regard, how ever, to any actual taking by other than rail-road companies it rather seems to me that under this constitutional provision frection 4, article to the land or an easement over it is gone without payment of or security for the damages An occupation or use most be regarded as a continuing trespass, for which ejectment, tres-pass or case will lie unaffected by the bar of the statutes as far as the right is concerned.

* * Nothing but adverse possession or use

for twenty one years would but the right of action itself." Thompson, S. J., and Williams, J., cencur in the reversal of the case, but deny that the statute of limitations is a bar in any case of taking under the right of eminent domain. It is to be noted that in this case the right of adverse possession was not involved. Agnew, J. Bays in McClinton vs. R./. Co.: "It is very clear that the title to the possession of the land is not barred by the limitation of six years advers possession, but only by twenty-one years under the act of 1785, and, consequently, the action d electment to recover a possession unlawfully

don is not barred by the act of 1713." In the case of Zaha vs. Ry Co., the court he-low, Stowe, P. J., specifically held that the statute of limitations limiting plaintiff's right to bring the action within twenty-one years did not apply. In commenting upon this point is the case, Mr. Justice Dean, in delivering the minion of the Supreme court, used the followg language: "The learned judge of the court low thought that "the logic and the inference and the necessary result' of the opinion of this court in McClinton vs. Ry. Co., 65 Pa. 404, is trailroad corporations can acquire no right iv adverse possession of twenty-one years. While when drawn from all that was said in that case, ortholess, as a precedent, we adopt the repoint decided; and that was, in the language of Agnew, J., who tendered the opinion: 'Can a railroad company without a grant, release or begal appropriation enter upon any man's land notes votens, and then bar his recentry by ad-verse possession of six years!" The answer was could not; and following what was said in its ponition set up a detense of twenty-one

CONSIDERED AS SETTLED.

"In civil cases since, notably that of Keller vs. R. R. Co., 151 Pa. 67, opinion by the present chief justice, the cases, among them McClinton vs. Ry. Co., are very fully considered, and it is held that the general limitation act of 1713 aplies only to common law actions; and further that a statutory limitation of six years to actions for damages against railroads was in violation of ction 21, article 3 of the constitution. There-re, the law as to the six years statute of limits tions in a proceeding for damages against a rail road company may be considered as settled. We are not inclined to at present make further inquiry, because it is wholly unnecessary here. And again: "And while we do not decide that a trespass by a railroad corporation for twentye years would bur the owner from re-entry, yet we do decide that a lawful entry, appropriation and exclusive occupancy for twenty-one years of land, and not exceeding the width of the lawful ment." It is thus seen that the question which we are now called upon to decide is still left. Mrs. Annie Griffin, \$50 each; ment. by the Supreme coust of this common-

In the case of Wheeling vs. R. R. Co., 122 Pa. 613, the plaintiff brought ejectment to recover a strip of land in the possession of the detendant as part of its railroad track. The railroad company took possession and built its road in 1877 and continued in the occupancy of the land until 1864, when the action was begun, for a period of over twenty-one years. In 1800 the matter of the assessment of damages and determining the quantity of land taken was reserved the trators, who made an award of \$600 during the same year, but the award was never paid, and nothing further was done until the bringing of the was held that the lapse of time quantity of land taken was referred to subthe suit. It was held that the lapse of time was not a har to the action, and the plaintiff

car allowed to receiver. The Supreme court, in a per curiam opinion, said: "This case is not very complex, either in its facts or in the law governing them. The only method by which this company, or its pro-decessor, could acquire any right whatever in lands, was by making composition with the owner or owners thereof, or by the tender of a bond with sufficient security to cover the damagewhich might result from its entry and occupancy | W. Petty.

of the premises, and without so doing or securing payment it was absolutely prohibited from such REUNION OF payment it was absolutely prohibited from such entry or occupancy. From this it follows that entry or occupancy. From this it follows that there could be no presumption in favor of the company. It must affirmatively show its right or fall in its detense." This case would seem to be sufficient authority

for holding that adverse possession for twenty-one pears would not be a bar to the plaintiffs' recovery. The point was raised that the pre-sumption in the absence of evidence upon the subject that the defendant in entering upon and appropriating the land in controversy road did so in a regular manner and complied with the law by giving bonds to the owners; that there being no evidence in the case to rebut, this presumption the action could not be maintained. The court below refuses to so hold, notwithstanding the lapse of over twenty-one years, and such refusal was assigned for error; but the case was affirmed.

CONTROLLING REASONS.

We think the reasoning applied in that case governs the question now before us, and, not-withstanding the cautions language of Mr. Justice Dean in Zahn vs. Ry. Co., we are of the opinion that the weight of the authorities we have cited that the weight of the authorities we have cled is in favor of the plaintiff's contention, and we hold that the continuous and uninterrupted pos-session and use of the lands in question by the defendant for more than twenty-one years cannot prevail against the plaintiff's title.

However, counsel for defendant argues that even if the authorities sostain this proposition as against a railroad company they do not apply in this case against the defendant turnpike company. While they have receded from their sition that the defendant is not invested with the power of eminent domain they claim that the cases relative to railroads are not in point for the reason that a railroad company. the act of 1819 and the other general railroad acts, can only acquire an element, not an in-terest in faid, and the only way it can acquire it is by confernation proceedings or by an agreement with the owners and payment thereor; that a railroad company has not a right to ake and hold the land in fee under the general Broad laws of Pennsylvania.

While the turnpike company, under the act of 1840, has the right "of purchasing, taking and holding to them and their successors and assigns, and of selling, transferring and vonveying in fee-simple, or for any less estate of such lands, tenements, hereditaments and estate, real and persocial, as shall be necessary to have in the trans-artion of their work."

That having this right to purchase in fee simple, the presumption of a grant where the company occupies the road for over twenty-one years without evidence of any arrangement between the owner and the company when they take possession, is all sufficient evidence to defeat too plaintiffa' claim in this case.

We do not think this position is well taken.

The defendant company was incorporated by a special act of assembly, approved March 1, 1870 (P. L. 285), "subject to all the provisions and restrictions, and entitled to all the privileges and rights of an act entitled 'an act regulating turnpike companies,' approved Jan. 26, 1849, and the several supplements thereto, so far as the same are not altered, supplied or otherwise provided for in this net." The sixth section of the act referred to, Jan. 26, 1849, confers upon turnpike companies the right of eminent demain, and the t section of the supplement of April 7, 1819 (P. L. 161), provides for the payment of damages. Plank Road Co. vs. Thomas, 25 Pa. 91. So we have the turnpike company with the right of eminent domain and also the right to purchase lands in fee simple; but we think a railroad company has the same right. Section 79), provides that railroad companies organized by act of assembly passed subsequent thereto shall have perpetual succession, with all the rivileges, franchises and immunities incident to a corporation, and be able to sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, in all courts of record and elsewhere, and to purchase, receive, have, hold, use and enjoy to them, and their auccessors, goods, chattels and estate, real and personal, of what kind and nature seever, and the same from time to time to sell, exchange, mortgage, grant, alien, or otherwise dispuse of."

Section 10 of the same act gives such railroad impanies the right of eminent domain. We hink the language of the act of 1819 is suffi-ciently plain to give to railroad companies the right not only to acquire lands which may be necessary for the construction of their read by the power of eminent domain, but also the right to acquire such lands by purchase, and we have no doubt that they may take title in fee simple. Even if the right was not expressly given in this act, yet we think they would have such right by implication. It was held in Nichol va. R. R. Co., 12 N. V. 121, that it is a power meient at common law to all corporations to pur-hase lands unless restrained by their charter or statute. That such power was expressly conferred by their charter by the following language: "Holding, purchasing and conveying such real estate as the purposes of the corpora-tion may require." In the absence of express re-strictions a corporation has the power to purhave and hold real retate whenever it is reason illy necessary or convenient to enable it to ecomplish the object for which it was created. 7 Amer. & Eng. Feerel, of Law 2d Ed., 716, A railroad company may obtain right of way by purchase from the land owner. Bid, 842, 16 may acquire title in fee simple. Ibid, 844. We re, therefore, of the opinion that the respective rights and nowers of railroad companies and turnpike companies are similar, and we can see no reason why the authorities which apply to railroad companies taking lands for the purposes of their road do not apply to the defendant turnpike company with equal weight. Inasmuch as the defendant company has been in the uninterrupted possession and continuous use of the land in question without interference on the part of the owners since it originally went into possession, it would not be equitable to deprive them of it new. For it is, as we understand it, the purpose of the plaintiffs to f this strip of land in question. The action is brought by them to compel payment of damages for the taking of the land. Today the authorities re have the right and power to stay the execu tion for a sufficient length of time to enable the defendant to have the damages fixed and ascertained by proper condemnation proceedings, upon payment of which the judgment may be released, and it is our intention so to do if adgment shall be finally entered in favor of the

plaintiffs. ORDER OF THE COURT. It is ordered and directed that this decision be filed in the prothonotary's office, and that to the parties or their attorneys, and, if no excirty days after said notice shall have been served, then judgment to be entered against the defendant and in favor of the plaintiffs for the land described in the precipe and writ, with erats of suit, on this condition, however, that upon application on the part of defendants a day of execution will be granted for a sufficient ength of time to enable it to cause the damages of he legally ascertained by condemnation proordings, and upon said damages as so legally ascertained being paid by the defendant to the plaintiffs, then said judgment to be released; therwise to remain in full force and effect John P. Kelly, A. L. J.

Made Varied Bequests.

The will of the late Annie Connelly. of Carbondale, was probated yesterday, by Register Koch. It contained bequests as follows:

To St. Rose of Lima church, Carbondale, \$100; to Rev. T. F. Coffey. for masses, \$150; to St. Vincent de Paul society, \$25; to her sister, Ellen Brennan, \$100; to her nieces, Annie Brennan and Mrs. Catherine Wise, \$100 each, and Mrs. Mary Boland, Mrs. Catherine Byne, Mrs. Bridget Connell, nephews, Patrick and Frank Brennan \$50 each; to her cousin, Mrs. Catherine McDenough, \$200; to her god-son, Michael McDonough, \$100.

Her cousin. Patrick McDonough, is named as executor. The will was made July 15, 1901, and was witnessed The will was by James J. O'Neill and John R. Far-

COURT HOUSE NEWS NOTES.

Take Beadley, a veteran of Company F. On-Hundred and Seventy-seventh Pennsylvania Mcit tia, was yesterday granted a peddier's license. The hearing on the rule to show cause an injunction should not be granted against the Crosby burdy-gurdy near Nay Aug park will take place this morning at 9 o'clock before Judge J. W. Carpenter. The bond of Lewis McClockey, tax collector of Ransom township, was approved yesterday by Judge J. W. Carpenter. It is in the sum of \$7,000 and has as sureties J. M. Lacoe and M.

ARTILLERYMEN MEET AT NAY AUG PARK.

Thirty-second Annual Reunion of "Schooley's Battery" of the Second Pennsylvania Artillery Was Yesterday Held at the Park-Election of Officers and Literary Programme-History of the Battery. Saw Service Under Grant in the Petersburg Campaign.

Nay Aug park was yesterday the cene of the thirty-second annual reunion of Battery M, of the Second Penesylvania artillery, known as 'Schooley's Battery," and throughout the day the pavilion at the easterly end of the park was thronged with old soldies, their wives and children.

Every succeeding reunion finds the ranks of the battery diminished and there is a resulting vein of sorrow which pervades the general gaiety and enjoyment of the gathering. Nevertheless the pervading spirit is a feeling of light-hearted good comradeship which is manifested in the simple ye thoroughly enjoyable programme at ways rendered.

Yesterday there were in all about one hundred persons present, of which number one-third were members of the battery or of the provisional command to the Second Pennsylvania, or ganized shortly after the Second's for Major David Schooley, the well-beloved organizer and first captain of the battery, was unable to come up from his home in Pittsten to attend the reunion, but several other of the commissioned officers were in attendance, among them Lieutenant William Gee, of Pittston.

A business session was held in the afternoon at which the annual election of officers took place. William E. Davis, of this city, was elected president to succeed L. H. Wint, and S. S. Wint, of this city, was re-elected recording secretary. Joseph Barnes, of Pittston, was elected treasurer: John Tench, of Pittston, vice president, and B. J. Evans, of Pittston, correspond

ing secretary. Pollowing this was the literary programme which proved of an exceed ingly interesting nature. Joseph Alex ander, of Carbondale, read a pape which treated of the history of the battery from the time of its formation in Pittston, up to its last fight in the Civil war, John Sone, of Dunmore; C. E. Bryant and the newly-elected president, W. E. Davis, all gave shor addresses.

OLD TIME SONGS.

One of the most enjoyable numbers on the programme was a solo by Benjamin Evans, who was called up a for a song and in answer responded with a tamiliar tailed which he had sung many a time at come fires, while the bottery was waiting parkently outside the fortifications of Pelersburg As the well known air was heard, the old soldiers straightaned themselves up and beat martial time until the chorus, when one and all joined in the refrain, and though some of their voices were weak, and others, mayhap, a trifle high, the effect was superb, and only equaled during the day by the fervor with which "Schooley" boys" later thundered forth the inspiring words of the "Star Spangled

Among those present at the reunion were: Lieutenant and Mrs. William Gee, Mr. and Mrs. Allan J. Eggleston, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel T. Davis, Mr and Mrs. Ira Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. John Barnes, John Tench, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Crooks, Mr and Mrs. Evan J Evans, Mr and Mrs. George Chamberlain, Mr. and Mrs. James Orr. Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Evans, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Howell, of Pittston; C. E. Bryant, of New York: Mr. and Mrs. Merritt Tompkins and David Smith, of Clark's Summit: Mr. and Mrs. John Huther, of Watsontown: Joseph Alexander and F. G. Hughes, of Carbondale: Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sanders, of Avoca: Washington Spangen burg and John Stone, of Dunmore Byron Mott, of Hollisterville; Hency LaBar, of New Milford; Mrs. William Tinklepaugh, of Phoebus, Va.: L. H. Wint, S. S. Wint, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel T. Quick, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Davis, of this city.

Besides these there were also present a number of ladies, whose husbands, now deceased, were members of the battery. Among them were Mrs. Emigh, of Pittston, whose husband was a lieutenant in the provisional; Mrs. George Hill, of Moosic and Mrs. William B. Phillips, of this

HISTORY OF THE COMMAND.

The battery was originally organized in Pittston as an independent ommand but was later merged into Company M of the Second Pennsylvania artillery, and was mustered into the United States service Aug. 19, 1862. The first officers were Captain David died at Fort Delaware before the battery saw any service and his place was taken by A. P. Barber, of Pittston, who later became captain, when captain Schooley was made a major. They were charged with breaking a window in his Before his death he was a well known shop a few days ago. Alderman Ruddy dis-

and at Washington. The provisional of paper, claiming them to be a certain weight command was formed and joined the When he weighed them better he found that their Ninth corps, Army of the Potomac, at weight was one thousand pounds less than what Spottsylvania, and served in the Richmond campaign.

The original command joined the provisional in June at Cold Harbor, and afterwards was assigned to the Eighteenth corps, which served through the Richmond and Petersburg campaigns, under Grant, and earned itself a reputation for reliability and Battery M lost heavily during those

two terrible campaigns, at Chapin's farm a Confederate shell killing two members of the battery and wounding fifteen, Alian J. Eggiestone, one of by a flying fragment of the shell. There were one hundred and forts nen in the battery when it was mustered in, drawn from Scranton, Pitts-

ton. Carbondale, and other places in

about seventy left. The regiment saw service at Bowling Cold Harbor, White House half of the above rate. Landing, Petersburg, the seventy-three days' siege of Petersburg, Bermuda Hundred, Chapin's Farm and Fair

BATTERY M. JOur August Sale

Still continues. We have some bargains left in Glassware and China Concelts, too many to mention. Come in and see.

China Wall.

Geo. V. Millar & Co. 134 Wyoming Avenue THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

THE PERFECT MATTRESS.

The Celebrated Elastic Felt Mattress made by The Scranton Bedding Company. We make and sell all kinds of mattresses, pillows, box divans, cushions. We carry large stock of fine Brass and Iron Beds, the best made. - Whitcomb and Bernstien.

Upholstery.-We do the best in town. Let us fix up your furniture now, while you dont need it. Lackawanna and Adams

Both 'Phones

WHERE TO GET DENTAL WORK DONE



The Albany DENTAL Association,

Under the management of Dr. G. E. Hill & Son, is the place to get your Dental work done. Dr. Hill & Son have built up a large business since they opened here twenty years ago, and the reason why they have done this is because they do the best work at prices within the reach of all classes, and give each patient their special attention. Call at their rooms and be convinced of what we say here.

First National Bank Building

Sale of Dishes

We are conducting a Special Sale of our great Stock of

DINNER SETS, TEA SETS and OPEN STOCK.

These goods are of newest design, beautifully decorated, and are marked priced lower than similar goods were ever offered in Scranton.

J. D. WILLIAMS & BRO.

312-314 Lackawanna Avenue. See the Window Display.

The provisional which suffered terribly and brought back only two hundred and forty of its fifteen hundred men, fought at Culpepper, the Wilderness, Spottsylvania, North Ann. Bethseda Church, Cold Harbor, Siege of Petersburg, Richmond, Chapin's Farm and the fall of Richmond.

Next year's reunion will be again

held at Nay Aug park, which has been

the scene of the annual gatherings several times in succession. POLICE AND ALDERMEN.

Harry Bacon, a lad about 16 years old, was munitted to the county pril vesterday in default \$500 bail required by Magistrate Millar. He charged with stealing 85 from his grandmoth r. Mrs. Travis, and is said to be incorrigible. Mrs. D. B. Harris yesterday caused the arrest The first officers were Captain David
Schooley; first lieutenant. W. S.
Cook, of New Milford; second lieu400 block of Penn avenue. Alderman Roldy tenant, William Gee, of Pittston, Cook | held them each in \$500 ball for their appearance

at court.

Josh Cook, Joe Teisel and Arneld Armingoli, three young loys, were arrested yesterday at the instance of H. Berger, who keeps a shoe shop

merchant in this city.

From October, 1862, until the spring of 64 the regiment saw no service, being stationed at work on the defences north and south of the Potomac and at Washington. The provisional Kline claimed it to be. Alderman Ruddy held Kline in \$300 bail.

35th National Encampment G. A. R., Cleveland, Ohio, September 10th to 14th Inclusive. For the above occasion ticket agents

of the Lackawanna railroad will sell special round trip tickets to Cleveland and return at one way fare for the round trip, tickets to be on sale good going September 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th, and for return up to and including September 15th, except by depositing tickets with joint agent at Cleveland those who attended yesterday's re-union, had one of his hands cut off turn limit will be extended to leave Cleveland not later than October 6th on payment of 50 cents extra. Stop off at Buffalo will be permitted on the return trip by depositing tickets with joint agent at that point and payment the vicinity, but there are now only of one dollar, provided the same is used within the final return limit. Children between the ages of 5 and 12 one-

> Prompt delivery in hot weather does much to keep a person cool. Order your ice cream at Hanley's, 420 Spruce street.

EDUCATIONAL

Free Tuition

By a recent act of the legislature, free tuition is now granted

Literary Institute State Normal School

Bloomsburg, Pa. to all those preparing to teach. This school maintains courses of study for teachers, for those preparing for college, and for

It will pay to write for particulars, No other school offers such superior ad-vantages at such low rates. Address

those studying music.

J. P. Welsh, A. M., Ph. D., Prin.

CHESTNUT HILL ACADEMY Wissahickon Heights, Chestnut Hill, Pa. A boarding school for boys in the elevated and beautiful open country north of Phila-delphia, so minutes from Broad St. Station.

JAMES L. PATTERSON, Head-Master. The Pennsylvania State College

An examination of candidates for admission will examination of cardidates for admission will club at the high school, Amsslav, August 27, beginning at 9 a.m.

M. E. Wadsworth, for several years Directed the Houghton (Michigan) College of a has accepted an appointment as Head of Mining Department.

Fall Session opens September II, 1991, restalogue, specimens of termer examina-papers, or other information, address. THE REGISTRAR, State College, Pa.

Tuition Absolutely Free.

Free at the East Stroughburg State Normal Pressure School, Fall terms opens Sept. 18, 1991, The Governor has signed the bill granting a special appropriation to this school, as well as the bill making tuition free. For full particulars

GEO, P. BIBLE, PRINCIPAL.