

TWO CENTS.

SCRANTON, PA., MONDAY MORNING, JULY 22, 1901.

TWO CENTS.

UNION MEN ARE POLLED

Labor Leaders Want to Know if a General Strike of All Union Men is Advisable.

WOULD CASH BE BETTER

Contributions to the Cause of the Striking Amalgamated Men or a Sympathetic Calling Out of Every Union Workman in the United States is the Question Which Some of the Labor Politicians Are Referring to Their Constituents—No New Developments in the Big Steel Strike.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Chicago, July 21.—Prominent labor men in this city have received a circular which, while it has not the official sanction of the American Federation of Labor, has been sent out with the full knowledge of the officers of that organization, asking the labor leaders if, in their opinion, it is advisable to call a monster meeting of the labor leaders of the country to consider means to assist the strikers in their fight against the United States Steel corporation.

The circular merely asks for the opinion whether it would be better to assist the strikers by a general strike of the union men all over the United States or to assist them by cash contributions. The circular was only received tonight and the local men have as yet had no opportunity of replying. All replies, however, are to be made individually.

Tube Workers Organize.

Pittsburg, July 21.—The important event in the strike history of the day is the organization of the tube mill workers at McKeesport. The men there tonight is that after long and arduous work Assistant Secretary Tighe, of the Amalgamated association, succeeded in organizing 125 men of the National Tube Works company. At the meeting twenty-five skilled men from each of the departments were initiated into the mysteries of the Amalgamated association, and Mr. Tighe claims that within forty-eight hours enough more of the workmen will be secured to keep the entire plant closed down, affecting 9,000 men.

From Wellsville nothing has been received here except word that the situation is unchanged and the strikers say everything is satisfactory to them. It is believed, however, that an attempt will be made tomorrow to get men to work there from other points, the ten men from Vandergrift, who are said to be at East Liverpool ready to go in early in the day, being the principal men relied upon for the purpose. While the strike may be not committed any other way, there is an uneasy feeling manifest throughout the entire valley, and no one is willing to anticipate the result of the proposed attempt to put these men at work.

Shaffer Satisfied.

When seen tonight President Shaffer expressed himself as being more than satisfied with the week's results. He said:

"Things are very much better tonight than I thought. The mills are more shut down than we anticipated or could expect. There is more determination on the part of the men who came out than was anticipated. There has been more inclination to aid us morally than financially on the part of other labor organizations and vastly more support from the general public than we were looking for."

CHICAGO'S WARM DAY.

Thermometer at 103 in the Shade Breaking All Records.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Chicago, July 21.—All heat records since the establishment of the weather bureau in Chicago, thirty years ago, were broken today, the government thermometer at 4:30 p. m. registering 103 degrees. Down on the street it was 107 degrees, the highest ever recorded to add to the suffering, a hot, stifling wind, like a blast from a furnace, blew all day from the southwest. This evening the wind veered around toward the lake and caused a drop to 95 at 8:30 tonight.

Prostrations were numerous and police ambulances were kept busy taking care of persons who were overcome on the streets.

HEAT BROKE THE RECORD.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Precept, Ill., July 21.—The heat was a record breaker today, 119 to 115 in the shade being recorded.

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St. Louis, July 21.—This was the hottest day ever known here. The government thermometer registered 106.

St. Louis, Mo., July 21.—The maximum temperature today was 106. For six hours the mercury stood 102 or higher.

Kansas City, July 21.—The heat today broke all records, the temperature at 4 p. m. being 104.

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Nothing About Plans.

Mr. Shaffer would say nothing of the plans of his association during the coming week, further than to reiterate his former statements that his programme was perfected and will be carried out to the letter. His people had been preparing for this conflict, which they forewarn for three years, and are prepared to carry on the fight for an almost indefinite period.

The twenty-two-inch mill at the Boston iron and steel plant of the National Tube company at McKeesport, will resume operations in the morning, after a shut-down lasting three weeks. The plant was closed for repairs. A great many men will be benefited by the mill resuming operations, but they were all glad to get the three weeks' vacation.

The situation as to the Doves Wood plant remains unchanged. Various rumors were in circulation throughout the town during the afternoon and evening, to the effect that the mill would get to resume operations tomorrow, but they could not be confirmed. The company officials persist in their refusal to name the date for resumption.

DEATH OF MRS. KRUGER.

Wife of Former Transvaal President Expires of Pneumonia.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Pretoria, July 21.—Mrs. Kruger, wife of former President Kruger of the South African republic, died yesterday afternoon of pneumonia, after an illness of three days. She was 67 years old.

Mrs. Kruger's long separation from her husband, combined with the death of her favorite daughter, Mrs. Smith, last week, had completely broken her spirit. Mrs. Eloff and many other members of the Kruger family were at her bedside when she passed away.

London, July 21.—"Owing to the Sunday telegraph hours in Holland," says a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Hilversum, "Mr. Kruger was not informed of his wife's death until the evening. The news was broken to him by Dr. Heymans and Secretary Besschoten. Mr. Kruger, who had just returned from Hilversum church, burst into tears, and asked to be left alone."

"He exclaimed, 'She was a good wife. We quarreled only once, and that was six months after we were married.' He prayed for a long time, and is now calmly sleeping, his Bible beside his bed."

"The Transvaal and Orange Free State flags flying above the white villa were draped and half-masted. Shortly before the news came a crowd of country girls had been singing a four-song outside the villa."

HEAT RECORDS ARE BROKEN ALL AROUND

Weather Bureau Cannot See Relief in Sight Save That Obtained from Local Thunder Storms.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, July 21.—A hot wave of unusual and in many instances record-breaking intensity is again prevalent over the central western part of the country and is spreading eastward and northward. The central west reported extraordinarily high temperatures to the weather bureau today.

Tomball at Chicago at 7 o'clock the thermometer was 103 degrees, exceeding by several degrees anything ever before recorded at that time of the day. A serious feature is the showing made in the states of Iowa, Missouri and Kansas, where the temperatures have been 90 degrees or over for a period of over a month. For eighteen days of this time the thermometer at Kansas City registered 100 degrees or more.

The weather bureau tonight issued the following special bulletin:

"Practically the entire country was covered by the hot wave today, except the immediate Pacific coast and in the states of Iowa, Missouri and Illinois, nearly all previous high records were exceeded."

"The maximum temperature here of 100 degrees centigrade (212 degrees Fahrenheit) at Davenport and Dubuque, Iowa, and at Springfield, Ill., the maximum temperature of 106 degrees were two degrees above the highest previous record, while at St. Louis the maximum of 108 degrees has been equaled but once before, on August 12, 1881. At Chicago the maximum of 102 degrees equals the previous high record of July 19 of the present year. In the states of Iowa, Missouri and Kansas the duration of the excessive heat is practically without precedent, there having been practically no interruption to temperatures of 90 degrees or over since June 18, a period of thirty-four days. On eighteen days of this period the maximum temperatures at Kansas City were 100 degrees or more."

"There are as yet no indications of any relief from the abnormal heat. No rain has fallen in the corn belt for the past three days and none is in sight. It is, of course, probable that scattered local thunder storms, which are always accompaniments of protracted periods of heat, may fall at times, but no hope can be entertained at this time of any general rains or permanent relief."

LIBERAL AID FOR MISSIONARY WORK

Enthusiastic Persons Take Off Jewelry and Drop Them Into the Contribution Box.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Lancaster, July 21.—The closing meeting of the Christian and Missionary Alliance for the district of Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland and the District of Columbia, which has been in session for the past week at Rocky Springs, was held tonight. This morning Rev. A. B. Simpson, of New York, preached the annual missionary sermon and made a special appeal for contributions. Twenty-eight thousand dollars was raised in money and pledges.

Some enthusiasts took off articles of jewelry and threw the same into the contribution box as it passed among them. The contributions were made by cities, and Pittsburg headed the list with ten thousand dollars.

MAY BE BIG SILK STRIKE.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Paterson, N. J., July 21.—In all probability on Tuesday next every silk mill in the city will be closed down, and 25,000 to 30,000 weavers will be out on a general strike. The delegates of the silk ribbon weavers' union met last night and decided that the shop committee in each mill shall make a demand on their respective employers today for a uniform scale of wages on a piece work basis. The manufacturers are to give their employees an answer by Monday afternoon, and on that evening the delegates meet again and report the result of their demands. If the mill owners refuse what the weavers ask, they will most likely do a general strike as is now to follow.

Another Woman With a Hatchet.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Leavenworth, Kan., July 21.—Mrs. Mary E. Dickens, surprised last night by a woman in John Becker's policy shop here last night and before the latter had recovered their compass she smashed a policy wheel with a hatchet. Her boys had gambled in the place.

Syracuse Team Transferred.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Fall River, July 21.—Fred Mason, business manager of the Syracuse base ball team, today gave out the information that the Syracuse team of the Eastern league had been transferred to Brockton and will open up there next Thursday against the Great team.

Great Increase for Czar's Army.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. London, July 21.—Emperor Nicholas, according to a dispatch from St. Petersburg, has issued an order that 200,000 men shall be recruited for the Russian army and navy during the present year.

Signor Crispi Very Ill.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Naples, July 21.—Signor Francesco Crispi, the Italian statesman, is very ill. His heart is very weak.

REFORM ERA IN RUSSIA

Hopeful Grant of the Czar of More Liberal Press Regulations.

EDITORS ENCOURAGED

Their Audience with the Emperor Nicholas Was at First Followed by Disappointing Results, but Later Came the Change Which Is Now Hailed as a Forerunner of Important Developments in the Direction of Modern Progress.

BISHOP TALKED TO THE EPWORTHIANS

Culmination of the Great Meetings in Connection with the International Convention.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. San Francisco, July 21.—The religious enthusiasm aroused by the international convention of the Epworth League here, had its culmination at the grand meeting held today, the last of the gatherings at the Mechanics' Pavilion. About 10,000 persons were in attendance, and not a seat was vacant until the conclusion of the sermon, preached by Bishop Joyce, president of the League. His theme was "Faith in Christ," and no more eloquent address has been heard since the assembly of the convention. His conclusion, the bishop was tendered an impromptu reception, he not being allowed to leave the platform until a large part of the great congregation had grasped his hand.

The influence of the League was not alone felt in the central meeting. All over the city, in churches of many denominations, services were held, and the local pulpits were occupied by visiting divines. In none of the churches, varying in size from the early Love feasts were held in a dozen places, including the Japanese and Chinese missions.

Many Leaguers will leave this city on side trips to the Yosemite and other scenic, various parts of the state. Of these, a certain percentage will return to the city, but the greater part will journey eastward to their homes after the completion of their outings in the interior.

HAILED DOWN BRITISH FLAG.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. San Francisco, July 21.—News from Unalaska gives details of alleged arbitrary acts by Federal Commissioner Whipple.

On the fourth of July the master of the British ship, *Glenova*, hoisted the English flag in honor of the American holiday. Judge Whipple was enraged when he saw the British flag and sent an officer on board and hauled it down.

News of this reached Captain Harry Knox of the United States gunboat *Concord*, which was in the harbor. He went on the *Glenova*, hoisted the British flag, returned to his own vessel and then fired a salute in honor of the Englishman.

English Actors in Hard Luck.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. London, July 21.—According to the latest interpretation of the British law the audience in a theater can show stones at the stage with impunity. A newly has been hauled up in court charged with throwing a stone at the stage at Boston. The magistrate held that in the absence of evidence that any one had been struck or individually injured by the thrower the prisoner must go free.

Sultana Won the Yacht Race.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Erie, July 21.—Sultana of St. Clair won the one hundred and fifty mile yacht race from Put-In-Bay to Presque Isle. The boat left Put-In-Bay at 9 a. m. Saturday, central time, and the sultana reached this port at 3 o'clock this afternoon, eastern time. She was followed five minutes afterward by the *Eva* of Sandusky. The next in was the *West End*, of Buffalo, followed by the yacht *Lucretia*.

In No Haste to Leave Pekin.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Pekin, July 21.—Resenting the pressure brought to bear by the Chinese to have the foreign soldiers evacuate Pekin on Aug. 14, the anniversary of the fall of the city, Major Creagh, head of the British forces, insists that the evacuation be postponed. He says he does not consider the day a suitable one for the evacuation. The evacuation will probably take place between Aug. 17 and 20.

Old Maids to Tempt Bachelors.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Sharon, Pa., July 21.—The "old maids" of Cool township, Mercer county, will hold their convention, beginning next Tuesday and lasting until Friday. They have invited every bachelor in Cool township and will read to them statistics showing that married men live from 5 to 12 years longer than single men, and have a better chance of success in life.

Boer's Captured.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Kroonstad, July 21.—Major Pine-Coiffon surprised a Boer commandant at Honingepot July 19, capturing commandant Hattig, two sons of Gen. Hattig and twenty-four others, and killing and wounding seventeen.

Dynamite Was Used.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Du Bois, Pa., July 21.—An attempt was made to blow up the large general store of J. C. Harms, at Pottsville, on Sunday evening with dynamite. The building was partly wrecked.

GIRLS TO FIGHT CAPITAL.

Strikers Will Open a Co-operative Women's Factory.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Kansas City, Mo., July 21.—There will be inaugurated tomorrow morning the most radical move in the history of the struggle of labor versus capital. Twenty girls will open the Garment Workers' Co-operative factory and make their protest against millionaire employers in a competition which promises a battle to the death.

The girls start with many prominent merchants as their backers and with the contract for all the uniforms to be worn in the Labor day parade next fall, when 20,000 men will be in line.

The garment workers' factory grew out of the recent strike at Swoftford Bros. The girls called a mass meeting to lay the matter before the public. In the midst of the recital of their abuses some one from the crowd called out: "You don't quit an overall factory of your own?"

The idea took like wildfire. Mamie Zorn, president of the union, says: "We had a committee appointed and went to a lawyer and had articles of organization drawn up. A factory will be incorporated and 50,000 shares of stock issued. Preferred stock will be taken by outsiders—business men and labor unions are buying it. Common stock will be held by the girls themselves. No girl will be allowed to own more than one share. She owns ten shares at \$1 a share."

In the fall overalls, shirts, pants and men's shirts will be manufactured and drums put on the road.

COMING WEEK AT BUFFALO

Its Big Feature the Celebration on Thursday of Porto Rico Day.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Buffalo, July 21.—The cool breezes which have been such a feature of Buffalo weather for the past week proved to be quite a drawing card for the Pan-American exposition. During the coming week interesting events crowd each other in quick succession. Members of the Catholic Mutual Benefit association will through the streets of the Rainbow City on Tuesday, the day practically set aside as Catholic Mutual Benevolent association day. Addresses will be delivered by Archbishop Corrigan, of New York; Right Rev. Bishop McQuaid, of Rochester, and the bishop of Detroit at the exercises in the Temple of Music. Wednesday the Knights of Columbus and Utah people will unite their forces; Thursday will be Scandinavian day and Porto Rico day.

Governor Allen will be at the exposition for the celebration of Porto Rico day. Other orators will be Senator Forsaker of Ohio, who framed the Porto Rican bill, and Senator Knute Nelson, of Minnesota. July 25 was chosen as Porto Rican day because it is the anniversary of the raising of the first American flag in Porto Rico. Porto Rico has a small building at the exposition, representative of the architecture of the island, but its principal exhibits are in the various buildings.

Saturday will be marked by the dedication of the Wisconsin state building. The speakers will include William Spooner of Milwaukee, son of United States Senator John M. Spooner, Governor R. M. La Follette and Director General W. L. Buchanan. The exhibits from Wisconsin stand well up in comparison with those from other states. In the first competition in the dairy department, it took highest honors for export butter and many of the individual exhibits took first place in the competition. The seed display is the largest on the grounds, there being over 300 varieties exhibited. The quantity of lumber from this state are the finest on the grounds.

In addition to these features the daily drills by visiting military organizations and the events in the Stadium will attract no little attention. The latter exclude the athletic contests between the eastern and western representatives of Young Men's Christian association societies in all parts of the country.

NEGRO ASSASSIN QUICKLY LYNCHED

Pursued and Caught by Bloodhounds, Arrested by an Officer and Then Dispatched by a Mob.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Cleveland, Miss., July 21.—Jesse Phillips, the negro who shot and killed Lucius Reed, a plantation manager, in this city last Tuesday, was captured in the swampy woods here last night and lynched by a mob of unknown men. Phillips was discovered in the swamps by bloodhounds, and while attempting to escape from a posse was shot in the leg. An officer took the negro in charge and started for Cleveland to place him in jail.

About a mile from town a mob met the officer, took the negro from him, brought him to the spot where Reed was killed and hanged him to a telephone pole. No quietus was obtained for the negro. The majority of the inhabitants of Cleveland did not know when the lynching occurred.

Four Riders Killed by Train.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Lebanon, N. H., July 21.—A carriage containing James Goodwin, of Hinsdale, Mass.; William Thornton, of Perry, N. H.; Thomas Burns, of Winslow, Vt.; and Eddie McCabe, of Lebanon, was struck by the Montreal express on the Boston and Maine railroad shortly after midnight and all four were instantly killed.

Broken Tooth Made a Tumor.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Flemington, N. J., July 21.—Clark Roberts, a farmer, living near Clinton, had a tooth pulled long ago. The tooth loosened and a piece was left in his jaw. A lump soon appeared and he was growing rapidly against his wisdom, which gradually made breathing more difficult. Roberts sent a Philadelphia hospital where he was told that the lump was a cold tumor, and if not removed he would choke to death. He returned to the hospital and had it removed.

German Navy's Substitute for Coal

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, July 21.—The Imperial German navy are using large quantities of an oily product or German brown coal called "masut" for heating and steam producing purposes. The product, which has prevailed several months and threatens the destruction of all vegetation, might be broken. This is the second proclamation of the character ever made in the history of Missouri. In 1875, a time of drought and grasshopper pest, Governor Charles H. Hardin called upon the people of the state to pray for relief. This call was also generally observed.

Object to Investigation.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Madrid, July 21.—The Spanish senate yesterday rejected a motion, which had been proposed by the premier, Sr. Sagasta, to determine by inquiry, who was responsible for the disasters in the war with the United States.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today: FAIR, WARMER.

- 1 General—Sunday at Mt. Gretna. Union Men Are Polled. More Liberal Press Regulations for Russia. The Week at the Pan-American.
- 2 General—Carbondale Department, Northeastern Pennsylvania.
- 3 Local—End of Firemen's Strike is Near at Mt. Gretna. Sunday's Sermons. Vaughan and Vosburg Withdraw from Judgeship Race.
- 4 Editorial. Note and Comment.
- 5 Local—Lackawanna Machinists' Strike Called Off.
- 6 Resume of Last Week's Efforts in the Educational Contest.
- 7 Local—West Scranton and Suburban.
- 8 Story—Mystery of the Pump House." Financial and Commercial.
- 9 Local—Lackawanna Avenue Sewer Not Large Enough. Industrial and Labor.

THE SEA GIVES UP TWO OF ITS DEAD

Bodies of Ida Elizabeth and Annette Colburn Recovered and Sunken Pleasure Craft Lifted.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, July 21.—The bodies of the Misses Ida Elizabeth and Annette Colburn, the daughters of Arthur Colburn, of Philadelphia, who were drowned with their father in the two-masted yawl *Ventizia*, sank in Long Island sound last Thursday, are now at the establishment of a Brooklyn undertaker, awaiting orders from Philadelphia for final disposition. The bodies were found in the cabin of the *Ventizia*, when she was raised last evening, and the vessel, with the two dead, was brought to Brooklyn today by the steam derrick *Champion*, which raised the sunken craft.

So far the bodies of only the two daughters have been found, leaving those of Mr. Colburn, Captain Phil and a sailor, known as Frank, still to be located. The bodies of the two young women were in a fair state of preservation.

The yawl was raised at a point about midway between Greenwich, Conn., and Sands Point, Long Island. She is now afloat in McIntosh's basin, Brooklyn, today, looking outwardly but little the worse for her mishap.

MURDER AT BLOOMSBURG

James Thomas, a Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Engineer, Robbed and Left Dead on the Roadside.

Special is the Scranton Tribune. Bloomsburg, Pa., July 21.—James Thomas, an engineer on a switching engine in the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western yard, was murdered and robbed on the outskirts of the town last night.

He was out for a drive with his wife during the afternoon, and upon his return, in the early evening, put away his horse and started afoot for a neighboring farm, with the intention of buying a load of hay.

When night came on and he did not return, his wife became alarmed, and after a time some of the neighbors started out to look for him.

They came across his body alongside the road on the outskirts of the town. There was a deep gash in the side of his head, and all his money and valuables were missing. How much money he had his wife could not tell, but as he intended to pay for the hay he was going to order, it is evident he had some.

There is no clue to the perpetrator of the deed.

Thomas was a young man, and leaves a wife and several small children. He formerly lived in Wilkes-Barre.

PEOPLE OF MISSOURI PRAYING FOR RAIN

Day Set Apart by Governor Dockery for That Purpose Was Generally Observed.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. St. Louis, July 21.—On this, the day that Governor Dockery designated for fasting and prayer to God that the present drought might be broken in Missouri, all records ever attained in St. Louis were equalled, the weather bureau thermometer on the custom house registering 106 degrees. On the streets and in the exposed places the mercury went many degrees higher.

As early as 7 a. m. the day gave promise of being unusually warm. At that time the thermometer registered 90 degrees, and from then on until 3:30 p. m. the mercury steadily climbed upward under the impulse of a fierce sun shining from a cloudless sky. Hardly a breath of air stirred all day, and the little that did circulate came as the draught from a furnace, so intensely hot was it.

The governor's proclamation was generally heeded, nearly every church in the city holding well-attended services, given up to prayer that the drought, which has prevailed several months and threatens the destruction of all vegetation, might be broken. This is the second proclamation of the character ever made in the history of Missouri. In 1875, a time of drought and grasshopper pest, Governor Charles H. Hardin called upon the people of the state to pray for relief. This call was also generally observed.

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER.

Local data for July 21, 1901:

Highest temperature	94 degrees
Lowest temperature	65 degrees
Relative humidity	65 per cent.
8 a. m.	69 per cent.
10 a. m.	67 per cent.
12 noon	65 per cent.
2 p. m.	63 per cent.
4 p. m.	61 per cent.
6 p. m.	59 per cent.
8 p. m.	57 per cent.
10 p. m.	55 per cent.
12 noon	53 per cent.
2 p. m.	51 per cent.
4 p. m.	49 per cent.
6 p. m.	47 per cent.
8 p. m.	45 per cent.
10 p. m.	43 per cent.
12 noon	41 per cent.
2 p. m.	39 per cent.
4 p. m.	37 per cent.
6 p. m.	35 per cent.
8 p. m.	33 per cent.
10 p. m.	31 per cent.
12 noon	29 per cent.
2 p. m.	27 per cent.
4 p. m.	25 per cent.
6 p. m.	23 per cent.
8 p. m.	21 per cent.
10 p. m.	19 per cent.
12 noon	17 per cent.
2 p. m.	15 per cent.
4 p. m.	13 per cent.
6 p. m.	11 per cent.
8 p. m.	9 per cent.
10 p. m.	7 per cent.
12 noon	5 per cent.
2 p. m.	3 per cent.
4 p. m.	1 per cent.
6 p. m.	0 per cent.
8 p. m.	0 per cent.
10 p. m.	0 per cent.
12 noon	0 per cent.
2 p. m.	0 per cent.
4 p. m.	0 per cent.
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