

GOV. NASH IS RENOMINATED

He is Again Chosen as Standard Bearer by the Republicans of Ohio.

CARL NIPPERT FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR

The Heat Intense and Speeches Were Cut Short by Chairman Hanna—Other Business Conducted with Dispatch—Comment Is Caused by the Nomination of Nippert in Place of Lieut. Governor Caldwell—Anti-Saloon League Not Satisfied.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Columbus, O., June 25.—The Republican state convention met here today and nominated the following ticket: Governor, George K. Nash; lieutenant governor, Carl Nippert; supreme judge, J. L. Price; attorney general, John M. Sheets; clerk of the supreme court, Lawson L. Emerson; state treasurer, Isaac A. Cameron; member of board of public works, W. G. Johnson.

The convention was in session from 10 to 1:30, breaking the Ohio record by completing its work in three hours. The intense heat was prostrating, and Chairman Hanna not only cut short his own speech, but also those of others, and then dispatched business with the utmost speed.

In those three hours the convention nominated a full state ticket, adopted its declaration of principles, endorsed Joseph B. Foraker as the Republican candidate for reelection as United States senator, completed the party organization for the campaign and transacted other business. Of the seven nominations, only three were new men and one of these, Nippert, for lieutenant governor, was nominated without opposition, after Lieutenant Governor Caldwell had declined renomination.

Nash, Sheets, Cameron and Johnson were renominated for second terms without opposition. There were free-for-all contests for the nominations for supreme judge and clerk of the supreme court.

It had been generally reported that Price and Critchfield were on the Hanna slate for these two nominations, but Senator Hanna vigorously denied taking any part whatever in the contest for these two places. The vote showed that Price and Emerson had formed a combination, especially successful for both of them. Judge Price, of Lima, has been on the common pleas and circuit benches, and Emerson has been prominent in politics in Eastern Ohio for years.

Nippert's Nomination.

The nomination that caused the most comment was that of Nippert in place of Lieutenant Governor Caldwell, the latter being the only one who was elected with Governor Nash two years ago, that was not renominated for a second term. The state anti-saloon league caused Caldwell to run several thousand behind his ticket in 1899, and had vigorously opposed his nomination. There were frequent calls for Caldwell in the convention, but he could not be induced to take the platform. The delegates were calling for Caldwell, chairman Hanna made Caldwell a member of the committee to escort Governor Nash to the hall to deliver his speech of acceptance, and while this committee was out Chairman Hanna promptly called for the next order of business and State Senator Nippert was nominated. Nippert has been principal of schools in Cincinnati and police prosecutor there. Like Caldwell, he is liberal in his views and the state Anti-Saloon league express their displeasure because Nippert in the last legislature, voted against the Clark local option bill. Meantime, the representatives of the liquor interests left tonight for home very much displeased over what they term the enforced retirement of Caldwell, while Roy M. Clark, head of the next order of business for the legislature, and several Republican members who opposed the Clark local option bill have been defeated for renomination.

OHIO REPUBLICAN PLATFORM

State and National Administration's Policies Endorsed. Columbus, June 25.—The report of the resolutions committee of the Republican state convention, which was adopted unanimously by the convention as the platform of the party in Ohio, reaffirms the Philadelphia platform, pledges undivided support to the Republican party, the magnificent achievements of which, it is said, have added lustre to American history, and under the administration of which the United States has become a world power, industry has revived, plenty has succeeded want and our export trade leads the world. The gold standard is specifically endorsed. Further strengthening of the navy, legislation looking to the restoration of the merchant marine, the speedy construction of an American ship canal across the isthmus are declared to be imperative needs. In regard to combinations of capital the platform says: "We recognize the right of both labor and capital to combine when such combinations are wisely administered for the general good, but combinations which create monopolies to control prices or limit production are

an evil which must be met by effective legislation vigorously enforced."

Congress is asked to renew the humane and reasonable laws and treaties for the continued protection of American labor. That plank has particular reference to the expiration of the Geary act. A ringing tribute is paid to the soldiers and sailors of the United States. Attempts to deprive any citizen of his right to vote under the constitution is denounced, and the demand is made that representation in congress and in the electoral college shall be based on the actual voting population, proportionate reduction being made for any state in which the right of suffrage shall be denied, except for crime. Lynching is denounced in unmeasured terms. Victory for the American arms in the war with Spain, it is asserted, has brought the blessings of liberty to millions of human beings. The principle that congress has power to govern the new possessions according to the needs of their people, and in the interests of the people of the United States, is declared to have been upheld by the Supreme court. President McKinley is lauded for the "prudent and successful management of American interests in China."

It is declared that the nation's pledge to Cuba is being faithfully kept, insuring freedom and independence to her people, who, it is added, are today enjoying more prosperity than ever before. The Cubans are congratulated upon "wise and conservative action in favor of a stable government."

Porto Rico, it is said, is flourishing beyond all former experience; Hawaii, with entrance into full diplomatic relations with the United States government has been marked by the most marvelous progress known in the history of those islands. In the Philippines a "wicked insurrection has been suppressed, and civil government, contemplating the largest possible degree of home rule, has succeeded military control. Personal freedom, with an equality of rights heretofore to them unknown, is secured to every inhabitant."

All these things are declared to be due to the "patriotic and brilliant administration of President McKinley," who, in "facing unforeseen and grave responsibilities, has met them prudently, bravely and successfully."

Governor Nash's administration of the state government is declared to have been "wise, able, prudent, honest and economical."

Full and cordial approval is extended to Senators Foraker and Hanna. Senator Foraker is declared to have rendered "splendid and conscientious service to our country, and we joyfully endorse him for a second term."

The platform closes by again pledging loyal support to the principles of its declarations and to the party nominees.

STRIKERS HAVE NOT BEEN WARNED

New Jersey Central Officials Protest Against an Item That Is Unfair to the Company. Efforts to Open Communication. The Norfolk and Western Railroad company continues to make every effort to hasten the opening of communication between the affected districts and the outside world. Laborers are going in a stream and many hundreds more could be used. The work of clearing the debris goes on night and day. A thoroughly equipped electric light plant, consisting of three cars has been provided. It is capable of furnishing forty arc lights of great power and is equipped with a huge search light that sweeps the country around for a mile. Wrecking trains completely manned continue to arrive. They have been sent by connecting lines to clear the right-of-way and rebuilding the tracks. A carload of covered wire, like that used by the army has been received and is being laid on the ground to complete the broken lines of telegraph wires. This wire can be laid in water and works as well as when strung on poles. It is expected that a line of wire will be ready for use inside of forty-eight hours.

BRYAN NOT A CANDIDATE

And According to Mr. Mack He Has No Presidential Chances. Buffalo, June 25.—The following over the signature of Mr. William J. Bryan, appears in the Times: Mr. Norman E. Mack's paper, this afternoon: "I am not only not a candidate for any office, but I have no candidate in mind for any office. My interest centers in the men whose shops at Columbus for the legislature and the Clark local option bill have been defeated for renomination. Senator Foraker was accompanied tonight to Cincinnati by a large delegation. Senator Hanna and Governor Nash went to Gambler, where they are to deliver addresses tomorrow at the commencement of Kenyon college.

DANGER OF OVERTRAINING.

The Speed of Americans Is Admitted by the English at Honolulu. Honolulu, England, June 25.—The fast practice spins of the Pennsylvania severity crew puzzle the English experts, who say the American form is faulty, but that their speed is undeniable. Ellis Ward, the coach, and Managers Hart and Fuller have been warned against the danger of over-training the Americans, who are doing much more work than the Leander armament. It is said that Yale and Cornell made a similar mistake.

Bills Signed by Governor.

Harrisburg, June 25.—Governor Stone today signed the following bills: Authorizing directors of townships having a population of over 1,000 to employ a supervising principal of schools. Authorizing the Pittsburg Exposition society to increase its bonded indebtedness from \$200,000 to \$500,000. Repealing part of the second proviso of the first section of the act of July 1, 1883, relating to the purchase of supplies for the State insane hospital at Warren.

FLOOD VICTIMS NUMBER SIXTY

The Latest Estimate Given in as to the Loss of Life in the Blue-Fields Region.

FEW WILL BE IDENTIFIED

Most of the Bodies Found Are Swollen Beyond Recognition, Many of the Bodies Seen Floating Down the River Were Washed from the Graveyard on the Banks Between North Fork Junction and Keystone—Norfolk Railroad Company Making an Effort to Open Communication Between the Affected Districts and the Outside World.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Bluefield, W. Va., June 25.—Another twenty-four hours has passed and the full extent of the vast damage done by the flood cannot yet be accurately stated. All over this section there is great relief expressed in the announcement that the loss of life is not so great as at first believed. The loss of life is now conservatively estimated at about sixty. Many of the missing who were mourned as dead by their friends, have turned up. Six bodies were found yesterday, but they were discolored and swollen beyond recognition.

It is now highly probable that very few of the dead whose bodies are found at this late day will ever be identified. A letter today from Keystone says between ten and fifteen people were drowned and forty houses washed away at that place. The people are hard at work clearing up the town and repairing damaged buildings. The report received here yesterday that the other mother, one sister, two brothers and a sister-in-law, with two children, of J. W. Crotty, of the Norfolk and Western railway, were drowned, was a mistake. Mr. Crotty is now in the coal fields and telegraphed today that they were all safe. A gentleman arriving in this city today from the stricken section, gives the explanation for the reports circulated, that great masses of human bodies were to be seen floating around in the water that there is a grave-yard between North Fork Junction and Keystone, which towns are about a mile apart, and at which point the storm was very severe. This grave-yard is near the bank of the river. When the flood came the graves gave up their dead and added greatly to the number of bodies seen.

Efforts to Open Communication. The Norfolk and Western Railroad company continues to make every effort to hasten the opening of communication between the affected districts and the outside world. Laborers are going in a stream and many hundreds more could be used. The work of clearing the debris goes on night and day. A thoroughly equipped electric light plant, consisting of three cars has been provided. It is capable of furnishing forty arc lights of great power and is equipped with a huge search light that sweeps the country around for a mile. Wrecking trains completely manned continue to arrive. They have been sent by connecting lines to clear the right-of-way and rebuilding the tracks. A carload of covered wire, like that used by the army has been received and is being laid on the ground to complete the broken lines of telegraph wires. This wire can be laid in water and works as well as when strung on poles. It is expected that a line of wire will be ready for use inside of forty-eight hours.

The estimate made by the railroad officials is that one line of temporary track will be open as far as the east of Vivian yard, including Elk River, by tomorrow night, and it is thought trains can be gotten that far. General Boggs, private secretary to Governor White and Adjutant General Hudson are here looking into the necessities for a relief movement. It seems to be the general opinion that there will be no necessity for calling out the state guard as the railroad and coal companies have sufficient systems of policing the devastated district. A great many of the coal mines will have their damage repaired and be ready for shipping some time before the railroad is in sufficient repair to handle the output.

The people of the storm-swept section appear terrorized and their excitement is so intense that they are really helpless as far as work is concerned. In this section of severe thunderstorms each flash of lightning and peal of thunder is enough to cause panic. The dead, as fast as found, are being hastily buried and many times the spot is not marked. Bridges on the Simmons creek and Flipping branches are, with one exception, all replaced by temporary trestles. At Brimwell the bridge over Huestone is being criss-crossed by a force of men under the direction of Superintendent Needles, of the Shenandoah division. At Cedar Bluffs, sixteen miles west of Tazewell, seventeen dwellings were swept away, but no lives were lost. At Founding Mill, four lives were lost. Kuohe, a small town seven miles west, was almost completely destroyed. Ravens, two miles west, was badly damaged and many business houses were destroyed. The damage to country roads will be not less than \$50,000.

The Dead Recovered.

Below is given the names of some of the dead so far recovered: Nellie Smith, white; Annie Smith, white; Charles Sheely, white; Mrs. McCoy, colored; Sam Poindecker, colored; John Ballard, colored; Bettie Brown, colored; Trigg, colored; Jacob Brown, colored; John Bannister, colored; mother and babe, unknown.

KILLING ACCIDENTAL.

Home Bliss Admits That His Father Did Not Commit Suicide.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Mr. Clemens, Mich., June 25.—Home Bliss, who was arrested several days ago on suspicion of killing his father, whose body decomposed body was found on his farm, confessed to the killing this afternoon, maintaining, however, that he was accidental. According to Bliss' confession, he found his father, June 3, about to commit suicide. In the struggle over the gun he had, it was accidentally discharged, Homer says, instantly killing the father.

The next day Homer buried the body, leaving it in the ground until June 14, when he exhumed it. Placing it on a wheelbarrow, he rolled it to the spot where it was found last Saturday. Here he propped it against a stump and tied the trigger to a sapling, to make it appear his father had committed suicide.

REV. JOSEPH COOK DEAD

The Well Known Historical Writer and Lecturer Expires at Whitehall—His Great Popularity.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Whitehall, N. Y., June 25.—The Rev. Joseph Cook of Concord, a prominent historical writer and lecturer, died last night of Bright's disease.

The Rev. Joseph Cook attracted wide attention by his so-called Monday lectures, which he delivered first in Boston and then in other cities, from 1877 to 1888. Those lectures, which covered a wide range of subjects, from biology to "current religious perils," "wonder-science" or "socialism," owed their success to the special appeal which the speaker's methods made to the popular imagination. They have been collected and are being published in eleven volumes, numerous editions of which have appeared in England.

Joseph Cook was born in Concord, N. Y., Jan. 26, 1828. He was the son of a farmer, but he exhibited a passion for reading from his boyhood, and when he was twenty years of age he attended an auction of a district school library and bought every book of merit in the collection. As a reward of good scholarship he was offered his choice between a watch and a cyclopaedia, and he chose the latter. He entered Yale in 1852, but his health becoming impaired, he left early in 1861. Two years later he entered Harvard as a Junior and was graduated in 1865, not only receiving high honors but carrying off several prizes. Mr. Cook then studied for a year at Andover seminary adding a fourth year for special study of advanced religious and philosophical thought. A license to preach was granted to him, but he declined all invitations to any settlement as pastor.

He preached in Andover during 1865, 1870, and 1871, and then came to Massachusetts, in 1870-1871. He then went to Europe and studied at Halle, Leipzig, Berlin and Heidelberg; then travelled in Italy, Egypt, Greece, Turkey and northern Africa. Returning to the United States, he became pastor in Lyndebury, N. Y., in 1872. He became a lecturer on the relations of religion, science and current reform. It was at this period that his lectures, which he delivered at Tremont Temple, Boston, became widely known as "Boston Monday Lectures." Although delivered at intervals of three or four years, his lectures were reported in many newspapers.

During the winter of 1878-1879 he conducted a Boston Monday-evening lecture series, which attracted a large number of engagements. His discourses were never taken seriously from the viewpoint of scientific research or depth of analysis, but he had a remarkable facility for handling language and his topics were always chosen with an eye to popular interest. His lectures have been likened to the reading matter in a certain class of enterprising American newspapers. He had a deep insight into the human nature of his audience. He knew how to hold the attention and to make them come again. It was this quality which made his lectures so famous from abroad which resulted in his celebrated lecturing tour around the world.

He made 135 public appearances in Great Britain passed several months in Germany and Italy and went to Egypt by way of Greece, Palestine and India. From India his tour extended to China, Japan, Australia, New Zealand and the Sandwich Islands, returning home by way of San Francisco.

In Japan he gave twelve lectures—six in English and six through an interpreter—to an audience composed chiefly of Japanese students, teachers and public men. His lectures have been published in eleven volumes and have appeared in many editions in England as well as in this country.

He took a prominent part in "The World's Fair of Religion" which was held in Chicago in connection with the Columbian exposition. Since then he has not been prominently before the public.

Corporations Chartered.

Harrisburg, June 25.—Charters issued by the state department today to the following corporations: The Clinton and Sharon Hill Street Railway company to build a line from Clinton to Sharon Hill, a distance of twenty-four miles, capital, \$24,000. The Lima, Goshville and Westchester Railway company, to build a line from Lima to Westchester, a distance of ten miles, capital, \$80,000. The Centre and Clearfield Street Railway company, to build a road from Merriestide to Clearfield, a distance of eleven miles, capital, \$60,000. The East Side Street Railway company, to build two miles of road in the city of Chester, capital, \$12,000.

Big Medicine Company.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Boston, June 25.—The German Medicine and Chemical company, of Pittsburg, capital, \$200,000, was incorporated today.

THE GENERAL APPROPRIATION BILL PASSED

It Carries More Than \$15,000,000 to Defray Expenses of State Government.

OTHER BILLS CONSIDERED

The Conference Report on the Compulsory Education Bill Is Adopted. A Measure Permitting Recorder of Cities of the Second Class to Appoint Sealers of Weights and Measures—Senate Bill Increasing Salaries of Judges in Counties Having Population of 80,000 Fails in House.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Harrisburg, June 25.—The most important business done at the afternoon session of the senate was the final passage of the general appropriation bill. It carries more than \$15,000,000 to defray the expenses of the executive, legislative and judicial branches of the state government. The senate appropriations committee added about twenty-five amendments to it, increasing the appropriation about \$98,000. There was no discussion and the vote was 41 yeas with no negative votes.

The vote by which the conference report of the Philadelphia fee bill was passed at the morning session of the senate was reconsidered and the bill was sent back to conference. It was amended so that cities co-extensive with a county shall only be affected, and was again reported back by the conference committee with 2 amendments to be adopted at a subsequent session.

The conference report on the compulsory education bill was also adopted. These bills were passed finally: House bill appropriating \$5,000 for the erection of a marker in memory of the American soldiers killed at the battle of Brandywine. Amending the act relating to the appointment of inspectors of scales, weights and measures, so that the recorders of second class cities can appoint the sealers. House bill validating acts done by corporations before the recording of their charters.

In the House. The following senate bills passed finally: Enlarging the jurisdiction on common pleas courts; authorizing the condemnation of real estate needed for the use of state normal schools; authorizing county commissioners to maintain and assume control of township and borough bridges over forty feet in length and providing for the rebuilding of any bridges which may be destroyed and the building of new bridges. The following senate appropriation bills passed finally: Monument to the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment, \$25,000; Joseph's hospital, Scranton, \$1,000; Home for the Blind, Scranton, \$1,000; State Fish commission, \$30,000; Philadelphia protector, \$10,000; monument to Governor Curtin, \$10,000; Nason hospital, Boaring Springs, \$5,000.

The following senate bills also failed on final passage: Authorizing James Russ, of Harrisburg, to bring suit in the Dauphin county court against the commonwealth to recover the amount of his bill for furnishing supplies to the legislature of 1897 on its trip to New York. The Washburn bill, providing for the improvement of the navigation on the inland streams of Pennsylvania. Allowing a notary public to own bank stock. Increasing the salary of judges in counties having a population of over \$8,000.

At Evening Session

The following senate bills passed finally at the evening session: Regulating the fees to be charged by sheriffs, and providing for the collection and taxation of the same. Authorizing the grading, paving and curbing or macadamizing of streets and alleys which may be in whole or in part the boundaries of boroughs and first-class townships, by joint contract, and providing for the payment of costs, damages and expenses. Authorizing townships to enter into contracts with any person or corporation to supply water for fire protection.

Conferring upon residents of Pennsylvania the like exemptions from liens and sale of their property on judgments obtained here for causes of action arising on investments made elsewhere, as is allowed by the homestead or exemption laws of the state, territory or county where the cause of action arose, or the investment was made to citizens thereof. The senate bill, making recitals in deeds and other instruments of title evidence of certain facts in actions involving the title to land or where the title to land is drawn in question, failed on final passage.

The senate amendments to the bill creating a separate Orphans' court in Lackawanna county were concurred in. The senate amendments to the bills making appropriations for a state homeopathic insane hospital and a free hospital for consumptives were also concurred in. Adjourned until 10 a. m. Wednesday.

Compute Votes for State Treasurer

Harrisburg, June 25.—At a caucus of the Republican members of the house held today, at which Representatives Lead, of Indiana; Thomas, of Ohio; and Graham, of Lancaster, were nominated to open and compute the votes for state treasurer at the next general election.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today: FAIR; VARIABLE WINDS.

- 1 General—Victims of the Virginia Flood. Governor Nash Renominated by Ohio Republicans. Work of the State Legislators. New Congressional Apportionment. 2 General—Carbondale Department. 3 Story—"Avenged; or, the Miner's Daughter." 4 Editorial, Note and Comment. 5 Local—Gossip of the Sporting World. 6 Local—Commencement at St. Cecilia's. Banquet of the High School Alumni. 7 Local—Hartford School Children Made Happy. Progress of the Educational Contest. 8 Local—West Scranton and Suburban. 9 General—Northwestern Pennsylvania. Financial and Commercial. 10 Local—Court Proceedings. Number of June Weddings.

LEHIGH VALLEY SHARES ARE SOLD

The Delaware Lackawanna and Western and D. & H. Among the Purchasers.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Philadelphia, June 25.—The Press tomorrow will say that the shares of the Lehigh Valley Railroad company have been purchased by a number of railroads whose lines are connected in close relation with the Lehigh Valley property. Among these purchasers are the Philadelphia and Reading, the Erie, the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, the Central Railroad of New Jersey and the Delaware and Hudson. All these companies have bought a certain amount of the shares of the Lehigh Valley and will hold them as an investment.

The Paeker estate, which for many years controlled the Lehigh Valley, and at one time owned outright 180,000 shares has sold to the parties named, through bankers, the whole of their holdings and the estate debt held a share of the Lehigh Valley stock. A step in the direction of a more formal adoption of a permanent policy in reference to the future of the Lehigh Valley railroad had just been taken in the election of E. B. Thomas to the chairmanship of the Lehigh Valley board of directors. Mr. Thomas, until recently, was the president of the Erie railroad, and he has lately been made chairman of the directors of that road.

GOVERNOR'S APPOINTMENTS.

- List of Officials Confirmed by the Senate at Harrisburg. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Harrisburg, June 25.—Governor Stone today sent to the senate the following appointments: Charles Millar, Franklin, major general National Guards of Pennsylvania, July 25, 1900, for five years. John W. Schall, Norristown, brigadier general, National Guards of Pennsylvania, May 19, 1899, for five years. Israel W. Durham, Philadelphia, insurance commissioner, May, 1900, three years. Frank Reeder, Easton, banking commissioner, Oct. 3, 1900, four years. T. L. Eyre, West Chester, superintendent public grounds and buildings, four years from April 24, 1899. James E. Roderick, Hazleton, chief bureau of mines, May 2, 1899, for four years. James Campbell, Pittsburg, factory inspector, three years from Jan. 15, 1901. Robert W. Brownlee, Washington, commissioner National Road, three years from June 1, 1900. John Hamilton, State college, secretary of agriculture, four years from April 25, 1899. Jesse K. Cope, West Chester, dairy and food commissioner for four years from June 14, 1900. To be inspectors of the Eastern penitentiary for the Eastern district of Pennsylvania, for the term of two years from May 31, 1901: Conrad B. Day, Philadelphia; George Vaux, Philadelphia; Alexander Balfour, Philadelphia. William G. Huey, Philadelphia, to serve for two years from June 25, 1901, and James Gay to serve for two years from June 25, 1901, to be trustees of the feeble minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk, for the term of three years from the dates set opposite their names, respectively: S. M. Jackson, Apollo, May 1, 1899; Thomas B. Sampson, Oil City, May 1, 1899; Samuel H. Miller, Mercer, May 1, 1899; J. N. Davidson, Allegheny, May 15, 1899; William T. Bradberry, Allegheny, May 15, 1899; John A. Wiley, Franklin, May 1, 1900; George P. Davis, Meadville, May 1, 1900; S. H. Church, Pittsburg, May 1, 1901; W. J. Blakeley, Franklin, May 1, 1901. To be trustees of the state hospital for insane at Warren, for the term of three years from the dates set opposite their names, respectively: W. H. Osterhout, Ridgway, June 10, 1899; S. R. Mason, Mercer, June 10, 1899; S. W. Waters, Warren, June 10, 1899; Charles C. Shirk, Erie, June 10, 1899; George Lewis, Oil City, June 10, 1899, and John P. Brown, Clarion, until June 28, 1899. Vice J. Wilson, Greensland, resigned.

Milling Trust Organized.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Philadelphia, June 25.—At a meeting of the Eastern Milling and Export company, an organization recently organized, that took over some thirty of the leading flour mills of Pennsylvania, the following directors were elected today: W. G. Anderson, Jr., Newton Jackson, D. R. Leach, of Lancaster; H. C. Mills, of York; Senator E. Landolt, of United States; Frederick J. Finney, C. H. Lecher, of Lancaster; C. L. Harper, H. N. Gark, Hanover; E. E. Moul and D. E. Small, of York; Norman Gray, of Cambria; E. K. Trov, of Lancaster, and P. H. Hart of Harrisburg.

Miss Knight Engages a Lawyer.

London, June 25.—Miss Portia Knight, the American actress, has engaged Sir Edward Clark, the former solicitor general, as counsel in the suit for breach of promise which she has brought against the Duke of Manchester.

THE CONGRESS DISTRICTS ARE APPORTIONED

Senator Grady Files Bill Making New Allotment of Congressional Districts.

SOME MARKED CHANGES

Lackawanna in the Tenth District. Luzerne Apportioned in the Eleventh and Sixteenth Districts. Wayne, Susquehanna, Wyoming, Sullivan and Bradford Are in the Fourteenth—Northampton, Monroe, Carbon and Pike Will Constitute the Twenty-Sixth District. Philadelphia and Pittsburg Apportionments.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Harrisburg, June 25.—The session of the senate tonight was devoted wholly to the consideration of amendments inserted in senate bills by the house. All of the amendments made by the house today were concurred in.

Mr. Grady, of Philadelphia, filed the conference report on the congressional apportionment bill. The bill was quite extensively amended by the house, and the conference committee made further changes. The bill as it now stands is as follows:

- 1—1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th wards of Philadelphia. 2—2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th wards of Philadelphia. 3—13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th wards of Philadelphia. 4—9th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211st, 212th, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 303rd, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311st, 312th, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321st, 322nd, 323rd, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331st, 332nd, 333rd, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341st, 342nd, 343