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# Scranton Tribune.

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TWO CENTS. SCRANTON, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 25, 1901. TWO CENTS.


## LITTLE NEWS FROM FLOOD

### It Is Impossible to Obtain Much Information from the Devastated Regions.

### NOT AS BAD AS REPORTED

**While the Property Losses Have Been Immense the Number Drowned Are Now Placed at from 50 to 200—Miles of Railroad Track Has Been Washed Away—The Companies Rushing Supplies and Material to the Scene of Disaster. Statement of Mr. Stewart.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Roanoke, Va., June 24.—There has been very little news received today from the West Virginia flood. One train came in this afternoon, but not much new information could be gained from the passengers. The trains are running from Bluefield and Ennis, which places are just outside the territory visited by the cloudburst on last Saturday morning. All day long today Roanokers who have friends and relatives in the coal fields and the coal operators here who have large financial interests in the devastated strip have been lingering around the railroad station awaiting the arrival of the belated train. These people, making inquiries concerning relatives and property, have been besieging the railroad and commercial telegraph offices since early this morning. The wires being all down west of Bluefield save one wire which goes through to Ennis, but is being used as a train wire, prevented the public from gaining any additional particulars. How many are dead is not definitely known, and it necessarily will be several days yet before the exact number can be given out as official, but the various reports in circulation here are that all the way from 50 to 200 persons have been drowned. It is probably safe to assume the former figures as being more nearly correct than the latter. The damage to property will amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars. Miles of railroad track are washed out and great gulches have been created.

The devastated section covers an area of about twenty miles west of Bluefield. It is a very narrow valley, not much wider than a broad street in some places.

Coal mines are scattered all along the road. Keystone, the town reported to have been so greatly damaged, and at first believed to have been wiped out of existence, is a village of between 2,000 and 3,000 people, and is built along the narrow valley and on the sides of the bluffs. All reports agree that between 200 and 300 houses were swept away in the Elkhorn valley, but of course not all the occupants were drowned.

**Rushing Materials and Supplies.**

The railroad people are rushing material and supplies to the Elkhorn. One hundred and fifty laborers came in over the Roanoke and Southern today on an extra train and went west, and nearly all the work trains on the road have bee sent to the Elkhorn vicinity.

J. W. Crotty, a fireman on the Norfolk and Western road, who resides in this city, received a message yesterday from Bluefields that his father, mother, one sister, two brothers and sister-in-law, with her two children, were lost in the floods Saturday at Keystone. Mr. Crotty's people lived in the center of the town. The Western Union telegraph officials in this city say that the situation so far as getting news from the territory west of Bluefield is concerned, is unchanged, and they have nothing new to give out. E. H. Stewart, a well-known furniture dealer in this city, was in the midst of all the storm and traveled on foot nearly the whole of the route devastated. Mr. Stewart had been away on business and was returning home on a train. When his train reached Vivian, W. Va., about 9 o'clock Saturday morning, water already covered a large portion of the yard and the trainmen knew that no further progress could be made. The train was placed at the highest point in the yard. Rain was coming down in torrents and while in the train Mr. Stewart saw about thirty cars washed from the yards and carried away by the rushing torrents, large trees uprooted nearby, while houses, bridges, furniture, went whirling by in the water. As the flood increased, the water cut a channel on the other side of the train, leaving it between two streams. Then it was decided to take out those passengers who wished to leave the train and a rope was attached to the platform of one of the cars and to a tree on the bank. Among the passengers was a lady, who, with the assistance of several men, was gotten safely to the bank. A number of men had narrow escapes from drowning in making the trip.

There was a let up in the rain and the flood subsided about noon, and at 1 o'clock Mr. Stewart and another passenger left the train and started to the next station, Keystone, five miles distant. Much of the track and several bridges had been washed away and the trip was made with great difficulty, a portion of the way on the track and the balance on the bluffs along the route.

**Estimate of the Drowned.**

Mr. Stewart says he saw a number of corpses along the route, but does not think more than forty people were drowned. When he reached Keystone about 3 o'clock, he found that a number of buildings had been washed away, and it was estimated that along the whole route of the storm between 200 and 300 houses had been carried away, but the occupants of many of them had escaped to the hills. He saw one very large building go down with the flood. Most of the buildings, however, were small affairs. The coal companies lost heavily on bridges and supplies.

At Ennis the depot was washed away, and yesterday when Mr. Stewart left the safe had not been found. He walked from Keystone to Ennis yesterday and was taken from there to Bluefield, arriving at Roanoke today.

Mr. Stewart's statement can be relied upon as being a truthful story of the flood and the most complete statement so far given out.

An official telegram from Ennis says the water came in a wave and so sudden that people could not get out of the way of it. The water rose to a height of six feet in thirty minutes.

The following short statement tonight by one of the general officers of the Norfolk and Western railroad summarizing the flood situation in the light of the latest despatches, was given to the Associated Press:

"Restoration of telegraph line develops that damage by flood through coal fields was exaggerated. Loss of life will not exceed sixty-five or seventy, and damage to property, including repairs to railroad and coal operations, will not exceed five hundred thousand dollars. It is expected the roads will get lines opened through tomorrow or next day."

**Colonel Hewitt in Charge.**

Charlestown, W. Va., June 24.—Colonel John Hewitt, attorney at Bramwell, has been directed by the secretary of state, in the absence of the governor, to take full charge of the situation in the flooded district. A company of National Guards has been ordered to assist. More troops will be sent as soon as possible.

Supply tents have been ordered. If there is any great delay in opening railroad communication, relief wagons will be sent overland.

## CLOUDBURST AT NEW BERLIN

### Rain Falls in Torrents—Damage Estimated at at Least $30,000.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Utica, N. Y., June 24.—A rainfall approaching a cloudburst, caused at least $30,000 damage to New Berlin Saturday night. Rain had been falling some hours and finally came down in great torrents. A reservoir, a mile west of the village, gave way and its contents swept down on the village. A farmer living near had ridden ahead warning people of the danger and several vacated their houses. Two buildings were swept away and the debris floated down and clogged a stone archway under one of the streets. The water poured over the arch, breaking in the doors and windows of business places and sending their inmates to upper stories. The basements and lower floors of the hotels, shops, stores, banks and every business place in the village were flooded and goods of all kinds were destroyed. Two of the main streets were gutted out to a depth of ten to fifteen feet, pavements, walks, trees, fences, porches and lawns were torn up and washed away and several buildings were moved from their foundations. About 600 feet of railroad track was also destroyed. Soon after the cloudburst a heavy hail storm set in. It broke many panes of glass in houses and severely damaged farm property, cutting corn and other crops so that they are ruined. Trees are stripped of fruit and many branches are broken. The loss of crops will be enormous.

### MARTIN REPRIMANDED.

**The Paymaster Is Soundly Lectured for Borrowing Government Funds.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, June 24.—Secretary Long today addressed a reprimand to Paymaster John R. Martin, of the navy, who recently was convicted by court-martial at the Philladelphia navy yard of a violation of the statute in regard to the use of government funds for private purposes. Mr. Long's letter makes some general statements as to the need of scrupulous care in handling government funds, and says, in part:

It was not the case of money due you, but not yet payable. Had you died or otherwise left the service there would have been a shortage.

That you had resources or funds elsewhere at your command to make it good is of no sequence. You refer to certain of the advances as "trivial." Breach of financial trust or a misuse of public funds is never trivial. Nothing can be more demoralizing and conducive to fraud and defalcation than to open the door, ever so slightly, to such misuse of funds. If $600 be misapplied, then $5,000; and the next step is embezzlement, which, indeed, might have been charged in this case.

Your previous good character and reputation cannot for a moment be regarded as a justification of your misconduct. It may be, and is considered by the department, in judging of your motive, but not in its condemnation of your offense.

The accused officer is released from arrest and restored to duty, the court having recommended only a reprimand.

**Business Troubles Cause Suicide.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, June 24.—Charles B. Vines, the manager for the American Trading and Export company, shot himself in the left breast with a revolver this afternoon. He died before a doctor could be summoned. Business troubles are thought to be the cause of the suicide. He was 40 years old and married. Just before he killed himself Vines had been dunned for his rent and for a butcher's bill.

**Instructions in Morrison Case.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Eldorado, Kan., June 24.—Judge Atkman today delivered his instructions to the jury in the second trial of Jessie Morrison, on the charge of killing Mrs. Clara Wiley Castle. They make it possible for Mr. Morrison to be convicted of either first or second degree murder on second on third degree manslaughter.

**Author Plays St Part.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, June 24.—"In Lo ," a new comedy by Eleanor Merron, author of the "Dairy Farm," was given its first performance on any stage tonight at the Park theater. Miss Merron played the principal part, that of Fanny Flashlight, a vaudeville star. The play made a pronounced hit with the large audience present.

## SCHOOL BILL IS DEFEATED

### Measure to Increase the Appropriations Fails in the Senate by a Vote of 16 to 25.

### APPROPRIATION BILLS PASSED

**The Carbondale Hospital, the Pennsylvania Oral School and the West Side Hospital Remembered in Distribution of Funds—House Passes Senate Bill Establishing Houses of Detention for Dependent and Neglected Children—Bill Providing for Separate Court in Lackawanna County Goes Over for the Present.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, June 24.—The summons sent out by President Pro Tem Snyder last week had good effect, there being only three absentees when the senate was convened at 8 o'clock tonight.

Senator Kemerer, of Northampton, who has not been in the senate since the early part of January, was in his seat. He is almost blind, and was led to his seat by his son.

Lieutenant Governor Gobin, who has been on a tour of the Pacific coast, was also present.

Among the bills read the second time was the general appropriation bill, which carries more than $15,000,000 for the expenses of the executive, legislative and judicial branches of the state government.

Mr. Rice, of Bucks, offered an amendment increasing the public school appropriation for the next two years from $11,000,000 to $11,450,000. The amendment was defeated by a vote of 16 to 25, as follows:

Yeas—Cochran, Drury, Edmiston, Henry, Herbst, Kemmerer, Lee, McKee, Martin, Miller, Snyder, Stewart, Weiss, Weller, Wentz—16.

Nays—Berkelbach, Boyd, Burke, Cummings, Emery, Fisher, Fecht, Fox, Grady, Grensback, Heinle, Keyser, Matson, Moehlbronner, Neely, Scott, Sisson, Stiles, Stineman, Stober, Vare, Vaughan, Washburn, Williams, Wood—25.

After the bill had been passed it was recommitted to committee and later was again reported out, this time with amendments. The principal amendments are these:

Increasing the appropriation for the dairy and food department from $25,000 to $55,000; creating the position of stenographer to the chief of the bureau of mines at a salary of $1,000 a year; and increasing the contingent fund of the factory inspector from $3,000 to $5,000.

The appropriation of $120,000 to the harbor master of Philadelphia for a new boat was reduced to $20,000, it having been a typographical error. The bill will come up for final passage tomorrow.

Among the other bills reported from committees was the Vandyke primary election bill. It was amended in committee so that the rules governing the several political parties in each county shall prevail as heretofore. This practically defeats the purpose of the bill.

The house bill, making it unlawful to sell tobacco to children under 16 years of age was also reported favorably.

**Bills Passed Finally.**

The following house appropriation bills were passed finally:

Grove City college, Mercer county, $25,000; West Side hospital, Scranton, $15,000; Chester hospital, $15,000; Waynesburg hospital, $12,000; State college, $146,000; Charity hospital, Norristown, $23,000; Butler County General hospital, $15,000; Pottsville hospital, $25,000; Westmoreland Children's Aid society, $4,000; Allegheny County Association for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, $5,000; Woman's Homeopathic hospital, Philadelphia, $21,000; to the topographical and geological survey of the state, in co-operation with the United States geological survey, $37,000; Home of the Good Shepherd, Allegheny, $5,000; Samaritan hospital, Philadelphia, $9,000; Pennsylvania Reform school at Morganza, $16,000; Children's Homeopathic hospital, Philadelphia, $40,000; Reineman Maternity hospital, Pittsburg, $15,000; Westmoreland hospital, $17,000; Carbondale hospital, $17,000; Christian H. Buhl hospital, Sharon, $18,000; Shenango Valley hospital, New Castle, $15,000; Meadville City hospital, $12,500; Spencer hospital, Meadville, $7,500; Robert Packer hospital, Sayre, $25,000; trustees State Asylum for the Chronic Insane, $18,000; State Lunatic Asylum, Harrisburg, $250,000; House of the Good Shepherd, Philadelphia, $5,000; Woman's Southern Homeopathic hospital, Philadelphia, $45,000.

**For the Oral School.**

Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf, Scranton, $35,225; Todd hospital, Carlisle, $2,000; Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicine, $45,000; hospital department, Jefferson Medical college, $158,000; for the erection at Gettysburg of a monument to the memory of John Burns, of Gettysburg, $1,500; hospital department Hahnemann Medical college, Philadelphia, $50,000; for the erection of a monument in the grave-yard of the Presbyterian church at Middle Spring, Cumberland county, to the memory of soldiers buried therein, $500; Kittanning General hospital, $8,000; State hospital, Philadelphia, $40,000; State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania, $510,200; Pittston hospital, $15,000; Williamsport hospital, $?,000; State Hospital for Insane, Danville, $77,000; State Hospital for Insane, Warren, $30,500; Lycoming county General hospital, $11,500; McKeesport hospital, $37,500; Beaver Valley hospital, Beaver county, $22,000; Curry hospital, $6,500; Pennsylvania reformatory, Huntingdon, $73,473; St. Luke's Homeopathic hospital, Philadelphia, $20,000; Medico-Chirurgical hospital, Philadelphia, $100,000; Reading hospital, $16,000; State hospital, Ashland, Schuylkill county, $133,958; Jewish hospital, Philadelphia, $10,000; St. Joseph hospital, Reading, $10,000; Mercy hospital, Wilkes-Barre, $25,000; Homeopathic Medical and Surgical hospital, Reading, $14,000; Wilkes-Barre City hospital, $25,000; trustees of the University of Pennsylvania for the use of the University hospital, $100,000; St. Joseph's hospital, Philadelphia, $10,000.

The appropriation for the national farm school at Doylestown and the bill providing for a separate court in Lackawanna county went over for the present.

These bills were also passed finally by the senate:

House bill regulating the collection of county taxes in third class cities.

House bill amending an act authorizing the formation of partnerships in which one or more or all of the partners may limit their liability for the debts of the partnership to the amount of the capital subscribed, so as to except and exclude all banking and trust companies from the benefit and operation of the act.

Senate bill, an act relating to the services of certain process in actions at law and the effect thereof and providing who shall be made parties to certain writs.

The senate adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

**In the House.**

In the house tonight Mr. Bliss, of Delaware, reported from the appropriation committee a senate bill appropriating $3,000 for a tablet to mark the grave of Governor Ritner, in the church-yard at Mt. Rock, Cumberland county. Mr. Bliss moved that the rules be suspended and that the bill be immediately read the first time. Mr. Harrison, of Philadelphia, objected, and the bill went over until tomorrow.

The senate bill repealing the local option laws in the Fifteenth and Twenty-ninth wards of Philadelphia failed on final passage.

The following senate bills passed finally:

Supplement to the act of March 22, 1814, regulating the proceeds of justices of the peace and aldermen in cases of trespass, trover and rent.

Authorizing corporations organized under the laws of Pennsylvania to increase or diminish the par value of the shares of their capital stock.

Authorizing appeals from the decision of the various courts of common pleas in assessment of tax cases to the Supreme court.

Repealing the law requiring the common pleas judges of Allegheny county to visit Morganza Reform school at stated periods.

Authorizing corporations organized for profit to purchase, hold, sell, assign, transfer, mortgage or pledge or otherwise dispose of the shares of capital stock or of any bonds, securities or evidences of indebtedness created by any other corporation.

Conferring jurisdiction upon the courts of common pleas of the counties to authorize the adoption of children in the said county by a person living in another state, upon petition of either parent of such child.

Providing for reviewing the proceedings of township road commissioners in laying out, opening and vacating roads.

Establishing in cities of the first and second class a house of detention for delinquent, dependent and neglected children.

The senate bill authorizing any municipality to connect with the sewer of any other municipality for sewage purposes was amended to apply to townships of the first class, and passed third reading.

The report of the conference committee on the judicial apportionment bill, which was defeated last Thursday, was reconsidered on motion of Mr. Haag, of Schuylkill, and then referred back to committee.

Adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

## STRIKERS FIRE UPON MARSHALS

### A Posse Serving Notices of Injunction Is Chased from Matewan by a Mob.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Huntington, W. Va., June 24.—Today a posse of deputy United States marshals, led by A. C. Hufford, of Bluefield, were fired on by the strikers and forced to flee from the coal fields at Matewan. The deputy marshals were serving notices of the injunction which had been issued by Judge Jackson. Yesterday notice had been served on the strikers of all the coal companies but one, and that was to be served at the Lick Fork Coal and Coke company at Thacker. Today they attempted to serve the injunction papers at the Thacker colliery. A mob followed, enraged to desperation at the sweeping character of the injunction.

One reckless fellow fired the first shot, and quick as lightning the mountain sides echoed with resounding reports that followed the crack of twenty or thirty rifles. The deputies were forced to take refuge in flight and then barely escaped with their lives. The strike situation is assuming a frightful stage. Sheriff Hatfield has withdrawn all his deputies, because it is said he does not believe in the police being used to put down the strike. The United States marshals have been left alone, and after being chased from the fields today it is believed that they will be strongly reinforced and ready to fight when they again appear to enforce the injunction. The strikers are also being reinforced.

### BARKER CHARGES TO BE INVESTIGATED

**The Episcopal Church of Newark Will Look Into the Matter.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, June 24.—R. V. Lindabury, as counsel for the Rev. John Keller, announced today that the Episcopal church of the Newark diocese will investigate the charges made by Mrs. Thomas G. Barker against Mr. Keller.

"It is by no means sure," said Mr. Lindabury, "that Mr. Keller will institute any suit for slander against Mrs. Barker. The church will, however, make a thorough investigation of her story. A conference of Mr. Keller's friends will be called and will decide in what form to bring this matter officially before the church authorities."

**Mrs. McKinley's Condition.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press

Washington, June 24.—For the first time since she was brought home from California in a very feeble condition, Mrs. McKinley today was able to go down stairs and join the president while the latter was at luncheon. She remained at the table for some little time and then returned to her room. Apparently, she was not fatigued by the extra exertion. Dr. Rixey said tonight she was improving steadily.

**Anti-Clerical Rioters Dispersed.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Madrid, June 24.—The anti-clerical rioters who paraded the streets Sunday shouting "Burn the convents," and who hissed the Infanta Isabella, stormed a monastery during the night. They were finally dispersed by the police.

**Monarch of Portugal at Madeira.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press

Funchal, Island of Madeira, June 24.—The king and queen of Portugal arrived here today. This is the first time any Portugese monarch has visited Madeira. The town is gaily decorated and their majesties met with a hearty reception.

## HANNA MEN VICTORIOUS

### They Capture the Ohio State Convention in Session at Columbus.

### MR. FOSTER TURNED DOWN

**After His Defeat He Addresses the Delegates in a Vehement Manner. Hints at Intrigues and Local Imperialism—Senators Hanna and Foraker Loudly Cheered as They Came Upon the Stage—Senator Foraker's Address.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Columbus, O., June 24.—The Republican state convention convened here this afternoon with a large attendance. At the conferences during the forenoon, interest centered in the control of the new state committee, the construction of the platform and the fight that the state Anti-Saloon League was making against the re-nomination of Lieutenant Governor Caldwell. The issues on Caldwell and the resolutions are still being agitated tonight, but the contest for state committeeman resulted in what is called a unanimous victory for the Hanna men, which include the friends of Governor Nash and others. The result assures the re-election of Congressman Dick as chairman of the state executive committee.

Charles Foster, ex-secretary of the treasury, ex-governor, ex-congressman and for many years a delegate at large to national conventions, was defeated for member of the state central committee because of his opposition to Senator Hanna. Ex-Governor Bushnell had been elected as a delegate and had been made chairman of the Clark county delegation, but at the meeting of the delegates of his district it was formally announced that he would not attend the convention. His friends gave some very pointed reasons for his absence. After his defeat Foster vehemently addressed the delegates of his district on cliques and intrigues and on the dangers of "local imperialism."

While the Hanna men captured all the committees they gave special attention to the committee on credentials as well as to the state committee, so that none of the Daugherty contesting delegates could be seated. The large auditorium was crowded at 4 p. m. Senators Foraker and Hanna were loudly cheered as they came upon the stage together. Nearly all the Ohio Republican congressmen and members of legislature and other leaders were seated upon the large platform, over which were displayed the portraits of Governor Nash and Senators Foraker and Hanna.

Hon. P. W. Durr, chairman of the state central committee, in a brief speech, congratulated the Republicans of Ohio on the result of the Ohio campaign last year and predicted victory for this year. Then he introduced Senator Foraker, who was most enthusiastically received, and spoke as follows:

**Foraker's Address.**

Senator Foraker said, in part:

Our approaching election will be the most important held this year in the United States. It is but a state election in name, but it will be distinctly national in both character and importance. If we would continue our prosperity we must uphold the policies that gave it, to credit and to preserve our financial honor we must keep out of power the party that destroyed the one and threatened the other. This is no time to dally with free trade, revive free silver or pet Populism.

In speaking on national issues, Senator Foraker said that if the next Ohio legislature should be Democratic the state would have but one Republican senator and not more than twelve Republican congressmen, resulting in a net loss to the Republicans of twenty-five votes in congress during the next decade. "It is this fact," said the speaker, "that gives the campaign upon which we are entering its national character and thrusts upon us, whether we would have it so or not, the discussion and consideration of national questions; and it is for this reason that every vote cast in our state next November will be a vote for or against the administration of William McKinley, just as certainly and emphatically as though he were again our candidate this year, as he was last; for we must of necessity, by the action we take, endorse his work and give him encouragement, or discredit his record and embarrass his efforts."

Senator Foraker was frequently interrupted, not only with applause, but also with demonstrations, notably when in the course of his speech he said:

"The flag would stay wherever it had been planted."

The convention adopted rules submitted by Congressman Dick and then the vice president, assistant secretaries and members from the various committees of the twenty-one congressional districts were announced and the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow.

The committee on permanent organization tonight selected Senator Hanna for permanent chairman and continued the rest of the temporary organization. Senator Hanna will address the convention on taking the chair tomorrow.

Lieutenant Governor Caldwell caused a stir tonight by announcing that he would not be a candidate for renomination. This ended the conferences that have been in almost continuous sessions the past two days. When Caldwell declined renomination, George B. Cox, chairman of Hamilton county delegation, suggested State Senator Carl Nippert, of Cincinnati, to a conference of the leaders, and there is no doubt but that Senator Nippert will be nominated for lieutenant governor.

### THE NEWS THIS MORNING

**Weather Indications Today:**
**FAIR, VARIABLE WINDS.**


1 General—Hanna Men Capture the Ohio State Convention.
Scant News of the Flood.
Bill to Increase School Appropriations Fails.
Adelbert Hay to Be Buried at Cleveland.
2 General—Carbondale Department.
3 Local—Will Wind Up the Langsta-Kelly Election Contest.
City Teachers Ask for More Pay.
4 Editorial.
Note and Comment.
5 Local—New Principal Selected for the High School.
Leaders Shift Positions in the Educational Contest.
6 Local—West Scranton and Suburban.
7 General—Northeastern Pennsylvania.
8 Local—Industrial and Labor.


## CLEVELAND FLYER JUMPS THE TRACK

**Two Persons Are Dead and at Least Thirty Are Hurt—Relief Train at the Scene.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Pittsburg, June 24.—Train No. 23, west bound, known as the Cleveland flyer, on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie road, was wrecked at Monaca, about thirty miles west of here this evening, and at least two persons are dead and probably thirty hurt.

The dead are:

J. W. CUNNINGHAM, fireman of the train, lived at McKees Rocks, Pa.

LARRY (or LAWRY) BLACK, baggage master, of Mt. Washington, Pittsburg.

The injured, so far as known, are:

Mrs. James Lee, Washington, Pa., arm broken, hurt internally.

Mrs. Alvira Mills, Bellaire, Ohio, head and hand cut, not serious.

Rev. A. D. Givin, Holy Ghost college, Pittsburg, scalp wound and side hurt.

Mrs. Lolo B. Perkins, Cleveland, O., had scalp wound and thought to be hurt internally.

W. W. Stephens, Cleveland, head hurt, not serious.

Miss Lucy Rose, Cortland, O., arm broken.

Miss May Churchill, Cortland, O., prostrated from shock.

R. L. Martin, mail clerk, Lisbon, O., arm, side and leg bruised.

James Brown, engineer, Youngston, O., leg, arm and head hurt.

J. M. Jordan, New Castle, head hurt.

Two men, names unknown, taken to Rochester, Pa., hospital, may die.

From passengers, it is learned that the train while going at a very fast speed ran into an open switch at Monaca and the entire train went over an embankment some twenty-five feet high. Every car was turned over, two going over twice.

The "flyer," which left here at 4.30 for Cleveland, had its coaches well filled with passengers, and the wonder is that there were not more fatalities.

Fireman Cunningham, when taken from the wreck, was found to be horribly crushed. His death must have been instantaneous.

As soon as the news of the wreck reached the city, Superintendent Yohe summoned a corps of physicians and took them to the scene on a special relief train. This train returned here with the dead and a number of the injured, when another train was at once despatched to Monaca, which gives currency to the report that many more are hurt than as yet has been made known.

## SOME FAST TRIALS.

**The Pennsylvania University Crew Makes Good Showing at Henley. Conditions Not Favorable.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Henley, England, June 24.—Some fast trials were achieved this afternoon, the Pennsylvania university crew doing best, covering the full course in 7 minutes 3-5 seconds, and half the course in 3 minutes 25 seconds.

A number of British oarsmen, who accompanied the Americans, considered the trial to be a remarkable one. The Pennsylvanians were by no means rowed out. They proceeded to their boat house, half a mile further on, before stopping. The conditions of wind and water were not favorable to the oarsmen. The Leanders did the course in 7 minutes and 35 seconds, so the Americans' chances are regarded as good.

**Enroute to New York.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New Haven, June 24.—Hon. John Hay, with Mrs. Hay, the Misses Hay, his daughters, and Clarence Hay, his son, left here with the remains of Adelbert S. Hay on the 7.10 train for New York. The party occupied two private cars, a drawing room, in which were the family, and a combination buffet parlor car, on the floor of which the casket rested.

New York, June 24.—The party accompanying the body of Adelbert S. Hay arrived in this city from New Haven at 9.15 this evening. Fifteen minutes later the two coaches in which they ate traveling were attached to the western mail train and proceeded to Cleveland. None of the party left the coaches.

**Bills Signed by Governor.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Harrisburg, June 24.—Governor Stone today signed the bill taking all orders, checks, dividends, coupons, pass-books or other paper representing wages or earnings of an employe not paid in cash to the employe or members of his family; to provide for a report to the auditor general of the same and for the failure to make reports. The governor also signed the concurrent resolution urging upon the president the promotion of Colonel James M. Bell to be a brigadier general in the regular army of the United States.

**General Wood Ill.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Havana, June 24.—The condition of General Wood, who for several days has been suffering from an attack of grip and malarial fever, which, however, did not interrupt his official duties, is somewhat worse. His fever is considerably higher tonight and he was forced to take his bed. Surgeon Major Harvard, the generals' attending physician, has advised absolute rest until the fever subsides.

## HAY'S FUNERAL AT CLEVELAND

### The Family Leaves New Haven with the Remains of the Ill-Fated Young Man.

### SECRETARY HAY'S PROBABLE PLANS

**It Is Not Thought That Mr. Hay Will Resign the Position He Holds in the President's Cabinet—Many Important Matters Will Engage His Attention—Notes of Condolence Continue to Come In.**

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, June 24.—The state department this evening received from Mr. Babcock, confidential secretary of Mr. Hay, who was with him in New Haven, a telegram stating that the funeral of Adelbert Hay will be held at Cleveland and would be strictly private. No official representatives would be expected. The time of the funeral is not given. In view of this request from the secretary, the state department will designate no official to attend the funeral. Among the messages of sympathy forwarded to Secretary Hay by foreign governments and distinguished personages is one from the British government. Very naturally, following the terrible bereavement of Secretary Hay, rumors sprang up and circulated here today that he would quit the cabinet in consequence. It may be stated, however, that from the president down, every official acquainted with the secretary and his methods of thought is satisfied that he will not give away to his loss, but rather will seek to find forgetfulness from his affliction in renewed application to work.

The secretary has in hand several maters of negotiations that are very near to his heart. For instance, he has, after the most exhaustive investigation and sounding of senators, satisfied himself that he has been able to find a firm foundation on which to erect another canal treaty to replace the Hay-Pauncefote treaty that failed, and one that will be almost certain to command the approval of the senate. It is his ambition to remove absolutely as a source of possible conflict in the future the misunderstanding resulting from the modern efforts to apply the Clayton-Bulwer treaty to the conditions of today. This object is almost within reach, he feels, and his friends and intimates here are satisfied that he will allow no private affliction to interfere with the consummation of this plan.

**May Take a Rest.**

It is entirely possible for Secretary Hay to secure a full opportunity to rest and recuperate from the blow of his son's death without sacrificing the chance of completing the negotiations for this treaty in season for its submission to congress at the next regular session. Indeed, he already had begun to plan for an absence from Washington from early in July until about the middle of next fall and he might have planned to go away at an even earlier date had he not desired to remain at the president's right hand until Mrs. McKinley's condition permitted of her removal to Canton. Therefore, it is said at the state department there is no good reason why the secretary should return to Washington before next fall, by which time it is confidently expected he will be able to undertake without sacrifice all of the duties of his office. In this state of affairs, the officials feel warranted in denying that there is any foundation for the rumors of the intended resignation.

The treasury department on Saturday had completed the settlement of the accounts of Adelbert Hay, as United States consul at Pretoria and warrants were drawn for $2,788, due him upon settlement by the auditor for the state and other departments. The warrants will be forwarded to the state department and will become part of Mr. Hay's estate.

The employes of the state department have arranged to send a floral tribute to Cleveland, O., to be placed on the casket of Mr. Hay.

**Cablegrams of Sympathy.**

Washington, June 24.—Among the great number of cablegrams and telegrams of sympathy addressed to Secretary Hay, were the following from Sandringham Palace, Sir E. Knollys, private secretary to his majesty, the king of England, says:

The king shares your grief in your terrible loss. He had the pleasure of knowing your son in London.

From the Elysee Palace at Paris, the president of France sends the following message:

Sincerest sympathy. Loubet.

Lord Roberts telegraphs from London:

I deeply sympathize with you in the tragic death of your son. His kindness and courtesy to our prisoners in Pretoria will ever be most gratefully remembered.

### YESTERDAY'S WEATHER.

Local data for June 24, 1901:
Highest temperature ..... 83 degrees
Lowest temperature ..... 61 degrees
Relative Humidity:
8 a. m. ..... 78 per cent.
8 p. m. ..... 46 per cent.
Precipitation, 24 hours ended 8 p. m., none; weather, partly cloudy.

### WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, June 24.—Forecast for Eastern Pennsylvania: Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; continued high temperature and light variable winds, shifting to southerly.