

TWO CENTS

SCRANTON, PA., MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 25, 1901.

TWO CENTS

INDUSTRIAL SANITARIUM

Rocky Mountain Physicians Establish Hospital for Victims of Consumption.

A WORTHY ENTERPRISE

Plans to Establish an Institution Near Denver City Which Will Enable the Impoverished to Receive Treatment for Tuberculosis at Moderate Charge and Pay for the Same by Services Rendered in Some Sort of Light Work—It Is Hoped to Make the Colony Self-supporting, but Aid Will Be Solicited from Various States.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Denver, Col., March 24.—To save the lives of thousands of persons belonging to other states from death by tuberculosis is the object of an organization of Denver physicians and other professional men and women for the establishment and maintenance of the Rocky Mountain Industrial Sanitarium, which has just been incorporated here.

The organization aims to be national in its scope and has the indorsement and support of many of the foremost physicians of the United States. Its purpose is to aid the great majority of tuberculosis patients in poor or moderate circumstances who come to Colorado and other mountain states in the hope that the climate and altitude will aid in effecting a cure, and who almost invariably, either from lack of means or proper direction, are immediately surrounded by conditions which preclude improvement or recovery.

The story of the tortures and hardships of the consumptive of moderate means who leaves home and friends and attempts to make his way in a strange city while battling for health, would fill volumes. A large majority of those coming to Denver are crowded into office work or other clerical employment and live in cheap boarding houses, where the food, sanitation and ventilation are poor, to say the least. Under such circumstances improvement of health and recovery is impossible.

The attempt will be made through auxiliary societies to reach these patients before they leave their homes in other states, so that they may be started on the search for health with as cheering an outlook as may be afforded by proper medical care, nourishing food, cheerful surroundings and an outdoor life in a sunny climate.

To Remove a Danger. The problem of how best to care for the vast multitudes afflicted with tuberculosis and at the same time remove the great public danger has long puzzled the brightest minds in the medical profession. The subject has been discussed at every national and state meeting for years, and of all the theories and schemes suggested, Denver physicians, after much study, have organized in an attempt to evolve something practical. In this they have had the advice of prominent doctors in other states, and the hope that the ultimate result will be the removal of convalescents from large cities, thereby solving another hard problem.

Their plan provides for the erection of a sanitarium about twenty miles from Denver, to be conducted as an industrial colony. A large amount of money will be required. This it is expected can be raised by the "cottage endowment plan."

To secure these endowments by individuals, fraternalists, clubs, societies, churches, college alumnae, labor unions, etc., the Young Women's Sanitarium auxiliary has been organized. A branch of this auxiliary will be established in every city and town in the United States.

It will be the duty of this society to cooperate with the board of directors, to secure money for the endowment of the cottages, to raise funds for a library, to collect furnishings for the cottages and to interest wealthy people in the enterprise. By utilizing the labor of patients it is expected that nearly all of the work of the institution will be performed, the entire sanitarium supplied with provisions, and a great variety of remunerative industries carried on. The industrial nature of the institution will enable patients to avail themselves of a change of climate while the disease is in its incipient and before they are incapacitated for light open-air employment.

The motto of the institution is: "Helping others to help themselves is the best charity." The institution is not for profit. No dividends can be declared, and the net earnings will be used for the improvement and betterment of the enterprise.

The incorporators of the Rocky Mountain Sanitarium are: William H. Gabbery, associate justice of the Colorado Supreme court; Charles Hartzell, attorney; A. Mansfield Holmes, M. D.

The Denver promoters decided that success can come only by the people of each state which has consumptive patients lending a helping hand in placing the institution upon a substantial working basis. Unless such co-operative support comes from citizens of other communities, their inability will, as heretofore, meet with hardships and disappointments.

The institution has been in operation in an experimental way for several months and the results so far have been most encouraging.

The International Trust company is the depository for the Sanitarium, and donations of funds are safeguarded by the constitution, which gives the directors supervision of the expenditure of all moneys.

The benefits of the sanitarium are

briefly set forth in the prospectus as follows: It will remove a constant source of danger from the private homes and hotels of our cities. It will provide treatment by specialists abroad of the times. It will secure obedience of patients to the laws of health. It will secure the advantages of climate long known to be of great benefit in checking tubercular processes. It will furnish a home for patients who are financially unable to avail themselves of a favorable climate at a time when it will be of great benefit to them and at a time when they are yet able to perform light work and to be to a degree self-supporting. It will furnish an opportunity to patients who are financially able to pay for the privileges of the institution to take up light outdoor employment suited to their tastes and ability. If they so choose, thus uniting the entire institution upon the broad plane of usefulness.

TO PURCHASE THE SCRANTON COMPANY

Big Railway Deal Which May Be Consummated Within the Course of a Few Days.

Special to the Scranton Tribune.

Harrisburg, March 24.—A meeting is to be held here Tuesday by the promoters of the Council Park and Speedway Transit company to discuss the proposition of buying out the Scranton Railway company.

Negotiations to this end have been under way for some time and it is understood an offer has been asked for and made and that its acceptance is not unlikely, but very probable.

GOVERNOR ODELL'S TRIUMPH COMPLETE

The Republican Organization of the Empire State with Him—Conference at Fifth Avenue Hotel.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, March 24.—Leading Republican politicians of this city met in Senator Platt's rooms at the Fifth Avenue hotel this afternoon and were in conference for several hours. As a result of the conference it was resolved to attempt no police legislation this session.

The conference adjourned subject to the call of Senator Platt, whenever in his judgment police legislation seems necessary.

Long before the time for which the conference was called the corridors of the Fifth Avenue hotel were filled with state legislators and members of the legislature. Every one of the leaders summoned to the conference attended. There was a large sprinkling of local politicians and many up the state politicians who were attracted to the place of the conference, but who were not summoned as participants.

Though no one would say it directly, all who attended the conference admitted that it had come to the view of Governor Odell and it was considered that the organization was with him.

This evening Senator Platt gave out the following statement: "The general opinion of those at the conference was that the police conditions existing in New York ought to have the attention of the legislature, but that it would be useless to pass any bill, as the governor has declared that he would veto it."

"Some of those present favored a state police law and others favored a metropolitan district, but it was concluded by all that nothing should be done at present."

"I regret the situation, as I believe that some action by the legislature is important for the city and the Republican party, and I think that such will be the opinion of the general public soon. But if nothing is to be done and if the present bad conditions are not to be submitted, the legislature is not responsible for that."

"If it turns out that the next municipal election that the judgment which I have given upon the subject has been wrong, then I shall be glad that Tammany has been left in control of the police."

POSTAL ROBBER RETURNED.

Joseph A. Conlan, Who Disappeared with Mail Pouch Is Captured.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, March 24.—Joseph A. Conlan, who was employed as a clerk in postoffice branch 11 on Palace avenue early Feb. 22, when he disappeared with a mail pouch containing \$40,000 worth of government property in the shape of money orders and stamps, was brought back to this city today by the custody of Postoffice Inspectors James and Jacob and United States Marshal Shine and Detective Ryan, the last two of San Francisco.

Conlan was taken from his place in the Pacific slope.

Ice Palace Destroyed.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, March 24.—The West Park Ice Palace at Fifteenth and Jefferson streets, was entirely destroyed by fire early this morning, entailing a loss of about \$100,000, on which there is an insurance of about \$75,000. The building was used both as a rink for ice skating and for the manufacture of ice for commercial use and was owned by the York (Pa.) Ice Manufacturing company. The season of winter sports closed at the ice palace last midnight.

Steamship Arrivals.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, March 24.—Arrived: Etruria, Liverpool and Queenstown; Liverpool—Arrived: Embury, New York via Queenstown. Queenstown called: Tanaka (from Liverpool), New York.

ST. PETERSBURG IS TROUBLED

Emperor Nicholas Meets with His Ministers to Consider State of Public Affairs.

MORE DEMONSTRATIONS

Are Expected in Home of Prince Viegashy Who Has Been Disgraced for Petitioning the Czar to Consider Grievances of the Students—Arbitration at Marseilles. Other European News.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

St. Petersburg, March 24.—The political situation is so serious that Emperor Nicholas had a meeting of the ministers yesterday to consider the state of public affairs. Threatening letters have been received from Lieutenant General Kourapatkin, minister of war; Mr. Nouvireff, minister of justice, and M. Spingarn, minister of the interior.

Renewed demonstrations on a grand scale are expected tomorrow. It is expected that Prince Viegashy has been disgraced for petitioning the czar to consider the grievances of the students.

Lagowski, the provincial official who last Friday attempted to assassinate Privy Councillor Polodostoff, procurator general of the holy synod, is a disciple of Count Leo Tolstoy, and he has asserted that the act was one of revenge for the excommunication of Tolstoy.

According to a special dispatch to the Rossy, the governor general of Kioff, General Dragomiroff, has published a riot ordinance similar to that published by General Kioff in St. Petersburg, and declaring that the military will be called out unless the ordinance is strictly obeyed.

The day passed quietly in St. Petersburg. Some forty thousand persons paraded about noon along the Nevsky street. The crowd divided to normal proportions when it became apparent that nothing would happen. The promenaders were for the greater part curiosity seekers.

Cossacks Disperse Workmen. London, March 25.—The Daily Mail publishes the following, dated March 24, from St. Petersburg correspondent: "Yesterday (Saturday) five hundred workmen from the Obuchov metal works paraded on the Nevsky street. On the way thither they demolished the state brandy booths. About a hundred Cossacks with drawn swords met the workmen and a sanguinary encounter ensued. The number of killed and wounded is kept secret."

"The police have discovered a plot against the life of the czar. It appears that a group of students drew lots and that the fatal choice fell to the son of a prominent gentleman. The student told his father and the latter informed the czar, impeding him to leave St. Petersburg."

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Express says: "In the last encounter at the Narva gate one hundred workmen are reported to have been killed or wounded by the Cossacks."

Market at Berlin. Berlin, March 24.—The American iron market reports exercised a strong influence upon the German bourses last week, giving unusual strength, and also inspiring a hope that the German iron trade had turned the corner. Some iron men expressed the opinion that the worst has passed.

German wire makers having large New York orders, are planning to raise the price of pig iron.

"There is a feeling among manufacturers," says the Cologne Gazette, "that American makers through the trust will flood the European market with machine tools, and therefore German makers will ask for increased protection."

The pig iron production during February, says the Cologne Gazette, was 4,400 tons, this being the first month showing a decrease.

Arbitration at Marseilles. Marseilles, March 24.—The proposed arbitration of the differences involved in the strikes has led to a general relaxation in the situation. The measures of the police are now less strict. All troops have been removed from the streets and other public places, although retained under arms in barracks.

This morning the street car lines began running intermittently and a regular service on all lines is promised.

The strike of the bakers has not proved serious. Bread was delivered to all customers today.

The general situation is one of calm. Brussels, March 25.—Le Petit Bleu announces that the celebrated Jesuit scholar, Abbe Renaud, professor at the University of Ghent, has broken off relations with the church in order to marry.

RIOT AT RACES.

Spectators Invade the Track and Set Fire to Paddock.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Brussels, March 25.—The race at Ghent today was suspended on account of a riot among the spectators. In the first race three horses were left at the post. The judges permitted the result to stand.

Enraged at this decision the spectators invaded the track, broke the rails, set fire to the paddocks and only departed from the work of demolition when the judges promised to return all bets on horses left at the post.

Murdered by Brigands.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Tien Tsin, March 24.—The Rev. Stonehouse, of the London Missionary Society, has been murdered by brigands, fourteen miles east of Tien Tsin.

MRS. NATION HOOTED.

Atchison Mobs Will Not Listen to the Lecturer.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Atchison, Kan., March 24.—Mrs. Nation met with a very cold reception here last evening. She attempted to address a large crowd in the room of the Brown hotel when she was hooted repeatedly by the mob. The hooter mounted the bar three times in an effort to restore order and to secure for Mrs. Nation a respectful hearing. Mrs. Nation's house was on the point of being looted, as there seemed to be no one who was in sympathy with her.

After trying to talk for some time she gave up and the mob dispersed. Here she attempted to enter another hotel but was stopped by the chief of police with the remark that she had better go to her headquarters before any further trouble should ensue. She took his advice and was taken in a buggy by the police and removed from the mob.

London, March 25.—After an eventful day at Leavenworth, Mrs. Carrie Nation arrived here this evening and left immediately for St. Louis en route for the national, where she is booked to deliver a speech in the afternoon. It was believed she would make an attempt at justifying at Leavenworth, but two policemen remained with her all the time she was in that city. She made a speech in the Leavenworth Opera house, but the mob was so loud that she then attempted to speak on the public square, but the officers stopped her. Later she addressed an audience of 200 persons on a vacant lot.

She visited the National Soldiers' home at Leavenworth and began abusing Governor Rockwell for allowing women to lecture on the grounds. After listening to her a short time the governor called a captain of police and had her escorted from the grounds and placed on a car bound for St. Louis. She made two platform speeches at every stop.

THE COMMISSION WARMLY ENDORSED

The Committee of Fifteen Sends a Letter in Regard to Move Against Vice in the Tenements.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, March 24.—The committee of fifteen today sent a letter to Governor Odell warmly endorsing the recommendation of the tenement house reform commission, and the driving out of vice from the tenement houses. The commission devoted much time to this question, which was one of the things which called it into the field and it is expected the full committee will go to Albany on Friday when a hearing on the report of the tenement house commission will be held before the cities committee of the legislature.

The letter reads in part as follows: "The greatest of existing evils is the intrusion of a gross and disgusting vice into the tenement houses, in which the great mass of wretched creatures are compelled to live. There will, probably for a long time to come, be no other means of relieving the necessity of protecting children of tender years from close contact with depravity. An intimate acquaintance with adult vice, at least in its grosser forms, should be avoided, and vice to penetrate into the very homes in which they live. The cry of parents when they seek means for the opportunity of bringing up their children in an atmosphere free from the pollution of the most degrading forms of moral evil, should surely be heeded."

The letter says that the law at present on the statute books has not met the situation and what is needed is a law that will place the responsibility for the control of vice in the tenements on the shoulders of the landlords. This, the committee says, the legislation proposed by the tenement house commission will do.

ANNUAL MEETING OF TRACT SOCIETY

General O. O. Howard Delivers an Earnest Address, Setting Forth Object and Needs of Society.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, March 24.—The Washington annual meeting of the American Tract society was held today in the Clinton Temple Memorial church, the Rev. Masa S. Fiske, pastor, presiding. The Rev. Judson Swift, field secretary of New York, presented a brief report of the society's work. General O. O. Howard delivered an earnest address, setting forth the object and needs of the society. He gave from his own experience a somewhat detailed account of the tract society's work in the army, emphasizing how much good it accomplished during the recent Spanish war. He also told of what was being done in our island possessions.

General Howard is the society's president and is deeply interested in its work. The secretary's report stated that the society was organized to diffuse a knowledge of "Christ as the Redeemer of Sinners." In this work it has issued between thirteen and fourteen million distinct publications at home and in the foreign field. The society, through its system of colporteurs, strives to carry the gospel message to the millions that are unreached by the churches. During fifty-nine years of colportage over fifteen million family visits have been made and nearly ten million families have been prayed with or spoken to on the subject of personal religion, while sixteen million five hundred thousand pages of Christian reading have been left in their homes.

The society has been able to publish the gospel through one hundred and fifty-three languages or dialects and has aided the denominational mission boards in their work at home and abroad.

During the year between four and five million pages of Christian literature have been distributed in our island possessions and one million pages of selected reading have been distributed to the army and navy.

An effort is being made in Utah to place tracts in every Mormon home, by means of colporteur wagons and colporteurs, thus reaching the children and youth. New publications have been issued during the year in English, Spanish, Polish and German. An earnest appeal is made for an increase of funds.

Colorado Strike Ended.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Florence, Col., March 24.—The strike of coal miners of the Fremont county district has been ended by an agreement satisfactory to both sides and work will be resumed April 1. About 1,500 men are affected.

Fighting at Hartebeestfontein.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Cape Town, March 24.—Severe fighting occurred Friday, the 23d inst., between the British and Boers at Hartebeestfontein, east of Klerksdorp, Transvaal.

Fatal Result of a Quarrel.

Alexandria, Ind., March 24.—William and James Gilmore, negroes, brothers, who with their wives occupied the same house, quarreled today over a trivial matter, when William fired two shots at his brother with fatal effect. James died in an hour. His brother was lodged in jail.

Germans Oust Chinese.

Tien Tsin, March 24.—The Germans have ousted the Chinese imperial troops from the post on the Chi-Li-Shan-Si frontier and intend remaining in the vicinity of Shan Hai Kwan.

MORE EASTERN WAR RUMORS

A Japanese Squadron, Admiral Tsushima Commanding, Leaves Nagasaki for Korea.

SITUATION IS SERIOUS

Urgent Instructions Have Been Issued by the Minister of War General Viscount Katzoura to Commanders of Forts to Attend a Conference in Tokio to Consider Questions of Home Defense—Feeling of the Country Is Uneasy and Intensely Anti-Russia.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

London, March 25.—"A Japanese squadron, Admiral Tsushima commanding, left Nagasaki Saturday for Korea," says the Yokohama correspondent of the Daily Mail.

"General opinion here is that the situation is serious. Urgent instructions have been issued by the minister of war, General Viscount Katzoura, to the commanders of forts to attend a conference in Tokio to consider questions of home defense.

"The war rumors are causing a fall in prices on the various bourses. The feeling of the country is uneasy and intensely anti-Russia, but the cabinet shows no indications of its policy."

The dismissal of Mr. McLeavy Brown from the post of director general of Korean customs is regarded in London as another success for Russia. In 1888 and again in 1893, Russian pressure was exerted to procure his removal. In the latter case he was only reinstated after a British squadron had proved to Chemulpo. As recently as a few months ago Russia strongly opposed an attempt by Mr. Brown to raise a loan for the Korean government to purchase shares in the railway from Seoul to Phe Shan. As a result of her opposition, the negotiation for the loan failed.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

Weather Indications Today: RAIN PROBABLE.

1 General-General Funston, Would Capture Aguinaldo.

2 General—Carrizosa Department.

3 Local—President Mitchell in New York. New Schedule for the Bostons.

4 Editorial. Note and Comment.

5 Local—Murder or Suicide, Which? Erie Now a Big Factor in Coal Production.

6 Local—West Scranton and Robinson.

7 General—Northeastern Pennsylvania. Financial and Commercial.

8 Local—Live News of the Industrial World. Prospect of Early Settlement of Silk Workers' Strike.

CUBAN SITUATION LESS COMPLICATED

Incidents of the Past Week That Have Had a Changing Effect on the Political Atmosphere.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Havana, March 24.—The action of the Republican party in Santiago in endorsing the Platt amendment and instructing Senors Gomez and Ferrer, of the Santiago delegation to the constitutional convention, to vote for the amendment, together with the letters of General Sanguilly and the mayor of Cienfuegos advising acceptance, were incidents of the week just passed that have tended to clear up the political atmosphere and to show those who are few who do not expect the convention to approve the amendment.

The visit of American senators and congressmen has had an excellent effect, as in no instance have the radicals revealed any enmity toward the amendment, together with the letters of General Sanguilly and the mayor of Cienfuegos advising acceptance, were incidents of the week just passed that have tended to clear up the political atmosphere and to show those who are few who do not expect the convention to approve the amendment.

The radicals, however, insist that they cannot concede from their former position without loss of dignity and they still hope that some concession, no matter how insignificant, may provide a sufficient excuse.

Already the radicals are taking their cue from the conservatives and pointing out that commercial interests demand recognition.

There is a possibility of uniting the convention along this line. The platform of the conservatives calls for a reduction of American import duties on tobacco and sugar and approval of any scheme of relations which the United States government sees fit to impose. In fact, the situation is leading to a point where commercial interests will be the chief question under discussion at the next session of the convention and it is not unlikely that a resolution will be adopted asking for a reciprocity treaty.

FIRE RESULTS FROM RAILROAD WRECK

Train Filled with Oil Cars Parts Near Flemington, N. J.—Several Buildings Destroyed.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Flemington, N. J., March 24.—A serious fire, the result of a railroad wreck, visited Glen Garden today and destroyed nearly a dozen buildings, causing a loss of about \$60,000. A train of filled oil cars on the Central Railroad of New Jersey parted a short distance outside of the town and as the first part of the train slowed up and derailed with the second section of the train collided with it, exploding the oil. The blazing oil spread to property along the railroad, and before the flames were subdued the following buildings were destroyed: Samuel Vile's general store, G. P. Fulper's drug store, John Carling's harness shop and barn, Frank Reeves' dwelling and barn, Miss Sallie Smith's general store, Judge Marten's carpenter shop, hardware store and lumber yard, John "Crouse's" meat market, William Swayzee's coal yard and John Carling's storage house, in which were 1,500 bushels of wheat. The Masonic lodge was located in the storage building. The postoffice was in the Smith general store, but all the mail was saved.

INSANE WOMAN'S ACT.

Mrs. G. Brunshneider Mutilates Herself in a Shocking Manner. Her Recovery Doubtful.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Toledo, March 24.—Mrs. G. Brunshneider, residing near the city limits, occupies a ward at St. Vincent's hospital and is in a serious condition as a result of horrible injuries self-inflicted. Last evening, armed with an ordinary pair of scissors, she cut off all toes of her left foot, both her ears close to the head and about an inch of her nose. She then cut out a portion of her right cheek, inflicted five gashes in the left cheek and finally began on her arms. Beginning at left forearm she removed every vestige of skin, laying bare the muscles. She also lacerated the right arm in a horrible manner. Nothing was known of the affair until her husband, who was absent during the night, returned home this morning and found her in a semi-conscious condition.

A surgeon was called at once and she was taken to St. Vincent's hospital. Her recovery is doubtful. The woman is about 50 years of age. It is thought that she was temporarily insane on account of domestic troubles.

Pique at Cape Town.

Cape Town, March 24.—The bubonic plague continues to spread here. There is an average of six fresh cases officially reported daily. Most of the victims are colored persons.

FUNSTON AFTER AGUINALDO

A Daring Plan to Capture the Insurgent Leader and Bring Him Into Camp.

MACARTHUR APPROVES

Aguinaldo's Orders from His Hiding Place in the Province of Isabella Are Sold to Americans—Scheme for His Capture—Treachery of the Filipinos Is Feared—Americans on the Lookout.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Manila, March 24.—General Funston is now engaged in a daring project, which promises to be the greatest and most romantic achievement of his eventful career. In January, from his hiding place in the province of Isabella, Aguinaldo wrote letters authorizing the sub-chiefs who had taken the oath of allegiance to the United States.

Later, Aguinaldo ordered certain insurgent forces in southern Luzon to join him at a rendezvous in Isabella Province. The rebel officers entrusted with these orders secretly negotiated with the Americans. On securing necessary information, General Funston planned Aguinaldo's capture and with General MacArthur's authorization General Funston proceeded two weeks ago to make the attempt.

General Funston, with Surgeon Major Harris, Captain Newton, of the Thirty-fourth Infantry; Lieutenant Admire, of the Twenty-second Infantry; Lieutenant Mitchell, of the Fortieth Infantry; six veteran scouts and a company of native scouts, all picked men, embarked on the gunboat Vicksburg and were landed on a remote beach above Baler.

It was arranged that Aguinaldo's emissary, with the native scouts, should pass themselves off as insurgent troops, who, having captured General Funston and others, were taking them as prisoners to Aguinaldo. At the right time, when brought before Aguinaldo, General Funston was to give a signal, when the tables were to be turned and Aguinaldo was to be seized. Six days' march into the interior was contemplated.

Treachery was considered possible, but every precaution was taken. The troops in New Vizcaya and Kelja and the gunboats Vicksburg and Albany were to cooperate with General Funston's forces. The Vicksburg is expected here tomorrow.

Colonel Rosario, with fifty-one men and fifty-six rifles, has surrendered to Colonel Baldwin, of the Fourth Infantry, at San Francisco de Malabon, Cavite province. Lieutenant Deane, of Troop C, Sixth cavalry, has engaged a force of insurgents at Tabig, Laguna province, killing several of them and capturing seven men and twenty-four rifles.

ANTHRACITE COAL TRADE.

State of Business as Viewed in the Philadelphia Ledger.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, March 25.—The Ledger in its coal article tomorrow will say: "The anthracite coal trade is waiting for the first of April to pass on that the labor question will be settled. The opinion continues unchanged that there will be no trouble as the operators and miners alike wish work to go on, and the healthy condition of business and work progress without restriction, the output being fully up to requirements, with stocks accumulating. The trade is in excellent condition."

TWENTY-ONE CARS SMASHED.

An Engine of Freight Train Fatal-ly Injured.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Cleveland, Pa., March 24.—A disastrous freight engine accident occurred at Belmont, twenty miles west of Erie on the Beech Creek division of the New York Central railroad today. Twenty-one cars were smashed.

Joseph Gohlbach, engineer of Clearfield, was caught under his engine and it is thought he is fatally injured. The fireman escaped with slight injuries. No other person was injured. The wreck was caused by the failure of the air brake to hold the train, while a crippled engine was being switched out.

DEATHS OF A DAY.