10

NEWS OF THE LABOR WORLD

INSTRUCTIONS ABOUT HAND. LING AIR BRAKES.

Contained in a Circular Issued by the Officials of the Lackawnna Road-It Is Addressed to Conductors, Enginemen and Brakemen. Visit of F. A. Wells, of New York, to the City Recalls an Incident. Make Up of the D., L. & W. Board for Today.

The following instructions for testing and handling air brakes on the Lackawanna railroad, has been approved by the Westinghouse people and adopted by several railroads. It is particularly of interest to local railroad men just now, in view of the thorough course of instructions which they are now receiving:

Conductors, Enginemen and Brakemen All cars equipped with air must be switched forether and tested before leaving any yird or terminal, and a complete test of air cars must the made at every point where an engine is dis-connected from the train so an air connection has in any way been disconnected. 2. It is the duty of connectors, enginemen and holdsmen to know that the air cars in their trains have been trained the due cars in their

trains have been tested strictly in accordance with these instructions before leaving any yard or training where car nepectors are located, and the conductor, enginemen and brakement engine is disconnected from the train or au ale connection has in any way been discou-

The car inspector must be prepared to promptly make any repairs that it is possible to make is a yard. If necessary to cut out the sit of any cars the car inspector must place a defect card properly filled out on each car.

 In case two engines are coupled to a train p- a double brader they must be as arranged that the air will be operated from the head engine Should ale on forward engine become inoperativengineman on excend engine must be notified to take choice of brakes, engineman on forward engine cutting cut. Engineman on second engine chould on cotting in, make service application of 7 or 8 pounds to see that he has control of If conditions permit with safety train should be stopped before second engineman as somes control. At first regular stop position of engines titual be reversed.

PASSENGER TRAINS.

I. Car inspector will see that all how are coupled together, and that all cut-cut cocks and angle-cocks are open, except the rear angle cock of the last car. 2. When engine is coupled on, the engineman

will charge all auxiliaries to 70-lbs, pressure and upon a signal from the car inspector make application of 15-lbs., after which the car inspector will go from the engine to the last car, seeing that all brakes are properly applied an that pistons do not travel less than 6" nor more than 8", bearing in mind that it is our desire to keep the piston travel on passenger cars to as near as 6" as possible. 3. Upon arriving at the year of the train, the

inspector will signal the engineman to release the brakes 4. It will be the duty of the rear brakeman.

ne well as the car inspector, to see that the brakes apply and release on the last car, after car inspector will return to \$ 240 engine, looking over all cars to see that the brakes are released. 5. Car inspector will signal to the engineman

and conductor when the test is completed and train ready to go, and in no case will the engineman and conductor leave the station until e train is reported ready by the car inspector. 6. Car inspector will adjust the piston travel to 6" on all cars at lay-over points.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

L. Car inspectors, assisted by train crow, will couple all hose, see that cut-out cocks are open and that all angle cocks are open, except the angle cock on rear of last car. The engineman, upon receiving the pre-

Duffy; 5.45 p. m., II. Bisbing; 4.45 p. m., J. **JURY SAID** Duffy: 3.45 p. m., H. Bisbing; 4.45 p. m., J. Swarta,
Summits, Etc.-5 a. m., cast-F. MoDonnell;
6 p. m., cast, G. Frounfelker; 9 a. m., west,
Nichols; 6 p. m., cast-A. Ebrgood, with H. Doherty's men; 7 p. m., cast from Nay Aug.
Edward McAllister; 7 p. m., west from Cayuga, Ginley.
Fuller-16 a. m., F. E. Secor.
Pushers-8 a. m., Houser; 11.50 a. m. Moran;
7 p. m., Morphy; 9 p. m., Lamping.
Passcrager Engines-7 a. m., Gaffory; 7 a. m.,
Singer; 5.50 p. m., Stanion; 7 p. m., McGovern.
Wild Cata, West-4 a. m., John Gahagan; 11 a. m., C. Kingeley; 1 p. m., J. E. Masters; 3 p. m.,
T. Fitepatrick; 5 p. m. James Carrigg.

This and That.

P. J. O'Brien, traveling car agent of the Wabash railroad, with headquarters at St. Louis, was in the city yesterday.

Henry Allen, contracting freight agent of the Nickel Plate railroad, of Cleveland, called on Lackawanna railroad officials yesterday. A hot-box on one of the coache

in No. 6 train on the Lackawanna railroad caused a short delay yesterday afternoon and attracted a number of onlookers on the station platform while the repairers were at work cooling it off.

The new car accountants' depart ment of the Lackawanna railroad is parties, who are boys, were quarreling now located on the third floor of the First National Bank building, where an entirely new set of office furniture has been placed for the convenience of the employes.





Ariel commandery, No. 145, at McKeespier, P.J. on Feb. 15, will confer the appendiant Order of the Red Cross and Sepulchre in full and man nificent form. The degree will be accompanded by a fine display of dramatic floor work an will mark an epoch in the history of this of terprising command.

Cincinnatus commandery, No. 96, at Havra burg, on Feb. 6, gave a social and reception which was attended by over four hundred lattice and companions. The musical and literary pregramme was very attractive, and included a dresses by Supreme Commander Sir John H Hoffman and Sir George W, Daugherty, P. C Refreshments were bountifully served at the close of the entertainment. This command is actively at work recruiting a large class for early as

Oriental commandery, No. 106, at Chester, o March 14 will celebrate its minth anniversar by enjoying one of its famous supports. Th Th Gastronomic committee of No. 106 has long er oved tame as an expert body on such occasion Deputy Grand Commander Sir, N. C. Miller M. D., of Stroudsburg has made a generous contribution to the Knights of Maira Hospital Robert Wilson of the Municipal league, tund, which is steadily growing. The interest is widespread, A letter just received from Kedron commandery, No. 275, at Crookston Mina., pledges its support to the enterprise saying that "you will receive a donation short by: and another on donation day, June 24, iron our command for the erection of a Maira hos pital at Piuladelphia in the near future. The spirit of our commandery is that the West sheald not be behind the East in this splendid

St. John's commandery, No. 186, Strands-burg, admitted four novices on Feis, 5, making their present membership 240. They intend to keep up the 2.40 pace, aided by an exceptionally fine rendition of the degrees.

St. Peter's commandery, No. 89, at Tatany will celebrate its tenth anniversary on Feb, 53 n their large and handsome council chambe Several supreme and grand officers are expected be present. The Twentieth Century Malta Booklet is bein

cured by the five commanderies in every part of the state, and is doing good work in the hands of those whose applications are desired dany classes are being organized all over th

Methods of Making and Uses to **HE IS GUILTY**

(Concluded from Page 0.]

them. It appeared from the evidence of other residents of the locality that there had been several rows among the Polish people of the vicinity during that day and evening, and that as soon as the police officers approached, assaulted them. Attorney John M. Harris represented the defendants and George S. Horn assisted Mr. Thomas for the prosecution. The verdict was not guilty.

At adjourning hour Frank Zillinski was on trial, charged with robbery by Charles Ulasky. It is alleged that the offense occured at North Scranton while both men were returning from a wedding last September. The sum alleged to have been taken was \$30.

JUDGE GEORGE S. PURDY.

Oscar Hoffman was charged with having committed an assault and battery upon Joseph Niesatkiewicz. The on July last, when the defendant struck the prosecutor with a stone The defendant was found not guilty, and the costs imposed upon the proscutor, Joseph Niesatkiewicz. M. F

Conry, esq., defended the accused. Joseph Usch, of Priceburg, was ar raigned before Judge Purdy for defrauding a boarding house keeper. Charles Fordonski was the prosecutor. It appears that Fordonski lived at Priceburg, this county, and claimed that the defendant agreed to pay for the board of a young lady whom he, the defendant, intended to marry. The defendant denied any such arrangement, and said that the young lady never lived with the prosecutor. The jury believed the story of the defendant and his witnesses and accuitted him, placing the costs upon the prose cutor, J. E. Watkins defended Usch.

and Assistant District Attorney Gramer represented the commonwealth. Frank Kofchinski, one of the agents of the Municipal league, was placed on trial for pointing a pistol at John Woelkers. Both parties live on the South Side. The commonwealth contended that the defendant drew two revolvers from his pocket and held them at the head of the prosecutor. The defendant admitted having drawn the revolvers and having held them against the prosecutor, but did so because he feared bodily harm from the prosecutor. Assistant District Attorney Gramer represented the commonwealth, and Beers & Grambs the

defendant. The verdict was not guilty, and Woelkers will pay the costs. John G. Gilboy was tried on a charge of selling liquor without a license. was the prosecutor. The attorneys for the league were Colonel F. L. Hitchcock, James Gardner Sanderson and Fred E. Beers, and M. F. Conry ap-peared for the defendant. T. S. Huffling, an agent for the league and deputy constable of the Thirteenth ward, testified that on August 1, with Frank Kofchinski, he went to the place of John G. Gilboy and bought and paid for beer. There were a number of other men in the place at the time and one of them knew K of chinski and asked them to have a drink on him. They called for beer again, and It was served to them. On two other occasions afterwards he was at the place and saw men there drinking. Subsequently Gilboy was arrested on Lackawanna avenue by the witness. Gilboy resisted arrest and he had to call for

and also had to dray

revolver. All of the evidence for the

commonwealth was not in at adjourn-

COKE AND CHARCOAL.

THE SCRANTON /TRIBUNE-THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1901.

Which They Are Put. From the New York Tribe

"I am often asked," said M. W. Swenson of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., "what coke consists of and what uses it is put. Coke is coal with the volatile matter burned off, what is left being almost wholly fixed carbon. To reduce coal to coke the coal is put into especially constructed ovens and allowed to burn for about thirty-six hours. Only sufficient air is admitted to the oven to keep the fire going, and this air is only allowed to pass over the surface of th coal. At the end of thirty-six hours

the volatile matter in the coal will have been consumed and the residum is called coke. It is gray in color and is punctured with air holes,

"Coke is frequently manufactured as by-product, and a great saving is thus effected. This is especially so in the manufacture of gas, where the

heat obtained from the volatile matter s, sufficient for the purposes needed The furnaces in use in the Boston Gas company are constructed so that only the volatile matter will be consumed The Boston and Maine railroad user on its locomotives the coke which the gas company thus obtains as a byproduct. Coke was originally discovered and brought into use in the manufacture of iron. To manufacture iron what is konwn as a welding heat mus be obtained. When you go into a black smith's shop you will notice that the blacksmith in heating the iron upon which he is at work plunges it into the deep, red hed of coals, through which the artificial blast, produced by the bellows, rushes. He gets his welding heat in this lower, deeper-colored flame. He could not obtain it in the flame above. When a welding heat was needed originally in the manufacture of iron charcoal was used.

"But charcoal, while effective, was ery expensive, and made iron costly and more or less limited in its use. Conequently, when anthracite, with its 9 per cent of carbon and but 5 per cent of volatile matter, was discovered iron manufacturers eagerly substituted i or charcoal, thereby reducing the cost of producing iron and proportionately increasing its use. But anthracite, while cheaper than charcoal, had a

mighty drawback. It was not porou and it was difficult to force a blast consumed for each and every ton of iron manufactured. The density of anthracite made it difficult to force the blast through, and interposed a serious and detrimental obstacle to its use. Then some one discovered coke, which answered all requirements. It was cheap. It gave a welding heat. And, best of all, being porous, it gave free ingress and egress to the vitativ ne.

essary blast.

Some coal is of so poor a character that you cannot get a welding heat from it, try as you may. For example at the blacksmith shops in the coal mines in Colorado they have to use coal brought from eastern mines to get a welding heat, it being utterly impos sible to get it from the Colorado coal. This country is blessed with an enormous supply of coal, distributed over a diversified area. Some of it, however, is of inferior grade. Yet the cost of transportation causes it to be mined. For instance, in Kansas they are going down 400 feet to obtain coal that runs but eighteen inches in the veln. They have to do it, however, as it is the only coal they have. Coal is one of the most valuable natural sources of wealth with which mother nature has so bountifully and generously blessed us. It will be an increasassistance to take him to the aldering source of revenue, for the shortage Europe can have no other effect

than to broaden the markets for Am r-

ican coal and coke, which will at the

same time command better and con-

stantly increasing prices."



SCRANTON'S SHOPPING CENTER.

Loveliest of Cottons.

Cotton Fabrics of 1901. The writer has been gazing at them-drinking in their beauty-marveling at the Connelly & Wallace collection.

They represent Textile Art in its most exalted form-the apotheosis of spinning, designing and tinting.

The makers of France, Scotland, Ireland, Switzerland, Belgium, Germany and America are fighting the same fight that waged between the mortal Archane and the goddess Minerva when they contested for supremacy in weaving and embroidering skill. The product of all are outspread on our counters. Accord leadership to whom you please. It is for your fancy and taste to decide. Every yard exemplifies elegance.

Imported Mouseline De Soie-mere tissues, plain gauzy grounds, with embroidered stripes of self colors, fifteen different shades, price 85c Embroidered Scotch Ginghams, one of the strongest and handsomest stuffs in the whole display 371/20 Embroidered Swiss-scores of designs varying from tiny dots to fancy stripes, Imported Silk-striped novelty Gingham in the best shapes of pink, blue, helio, red, etc., very new and hand-some...... 50c Mercerized Cotton Gughams of very fine finish and in new designs, all the best colorings..... 35c

Mercerized Cheviots - another new cloth-has the appearance of Mohair Brilliantine. in plain colors only. ... 50c Batiste Brilliantine-shier and filmy like unto mull-mercerized finish-all in the finest and newest foulard de- 371/2c Mercerized Chambray-entirely newin plain colors only, very rich in effect 35c Scotch Corded Ginghams, plain grounds d viled by clusters of stripes and 25c cords. 30 designs...... Embroidered Swiss, plain colors with white designs, in neat embroidery 50c very new and handsome. Plain Swiss, of a very beautiful

quality, with silk embroidered dots.. 85c



seribed signal, will charge all cars to 70-ll pressure, and as soon as the reservoirs have been charged to 70-lbs, he will make a service application of 15-lbs, S. When the brakes have been applied, the

car inspector will start on one side and a brakeman on the other side, and go from the rigine to the last air car, examining all brakes and seeing that platons do not travel more than "" nor less than 5", During this same time another brakeman must start from the engine and go over the tep of the cars and turn up each retainer. When the last car is reached and the brakes on each car found to be in proper order the prescribed signal will be given the engineman to release brakes. When the air on the last car has released to a point where the retainer closes, the car inspector on one side and a brakeman on the other side of the rain will go to the engine examining all brakes to see that they properly release and that there are to loaks. The brakeman on top of the train will go to the engine turning down the retainers on each car. The three men should he acting together on each car.

4. Before starting down the hills at Dans-lile, Clark's Summit, Lehigh, Poceno, Port Morris, Apulia, Paris, Summit on Ithaca branch and hills on Montrose branch, this test must be made and the conductor and engineman must know by signal that all retainers are turned up. If the retainers, when they are all up cause too much braking power, turn enough of them down to let the train proceed under control power they develop. In less time than it takes me to tell it a three-inch gold of the engineman fish in a glass globe will upset every law of dynamics in the text books. It

regulation of piston travel should be handled by car inspectors only. T. S. Lloyd, Superintendent M. P. & M.

L. T. Canifeld, Master Car Builder, Approved: T. F. Clarke, Coneral Superintendent

How Wells Became Famous.

The visit of F. A. Wells, of New York, to this city yesterday, recalled an incident in his career that was probably never published. Mr. Wells is the eastern passenger agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern ing conclusively that the real secret railway, and visits the local repre- had eluded the observers. I have a sentatives of the Central Railroad of New Jersey and Lackawanna railroads in this city. Several years ago different times I have made some curhe was on a similar visit when Hotel Jermyn was about to be thrown open to the public. Mr. Wells had the honor of being the first guest to affix long his signature to the new hotel register. This fact more than pleased John Jermyn and Mr. Godfrey, and was the occasion for a quiet little tete-a-tete at the expense of the millionaire hotel owner and coal operator.

It was quite late when the genial party dispersed, and Mr. Wells retired, feeling highly honored at being the first guest to register at such a hostelry. About the time he was enjoying the repose and peace of mind that follows in the wake of good fellowship, Mr. Jermyn awakened him and compelled the passenger agent to dress himself and go down to the office and register again.

The cause of this unnatural proceeding was due to the fact that some other fellow had written his name above the illustrious name of Wells on the new register, and John Jermyn had tern the page from the

D., L. & W. Board for Today. Today's D., L. & W. board is as follows:

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 15. Wild Cats. East-8 p. m., T. J. Thompson; 10,00 p. m., A. G. Hammitt; 11.50 p. m., J. A. Bush, THURSDAY, FEB. 14.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Wild Cats. East-12.50 a. m., John Honnigan; a. m. O. Randolph; 4 a. m. J. Ennis; 5 a. d. J. Gerity; 6 a. m., Frank Wall; 7 a. m. Ketchan; 8 a. m., H. J. Larkin; 6 a. m., T. Nauman; 10.50 a. m. P. Gilligan; 11.80 a. m. Easton, Feb. 13.-Andrew Carnegle has prom-ised to donate \$50,000 toward a free library fund for Easton, if the people of the city agree to levy an alfual tax for the support of the institution T. Doudican; 1 p. m., F. Hallet; 2 p. m., J. J. the institution.

state for admission during March and April. GREAT STRENGTH OF FISH.

Their Remarkable Agility Remains

the Despair of All Scientists. rom the New Orleans Times-Democrat.

does things that are theoretically im-

possible. While I was in Washington

straight for the mark like an arrow

from a bow. The intervening distance

would be covered in approximately

one-tenth of a second. That doesn't

sound very remarkable in cold figures,

but imagine a steamship logging along

at about five knots an hour, and then,

its speed to a mile a minute.

to see the true submarine boat."

Library for Easton.

made

by man.

the court "The flight of birds has been studied Thomas Kenny, judge of election, to time out of mind without yielding the fill the vacancy in the Fourth district first syllable of its secret," said an of Fell township, caused by the reenthusiastic amateur naturalist of moval of James Curley from the dis

othi

ing hour.

this city, "but it is not a whit more trict. John Killrain, minority inspector of mysterious than the movement of fish in water. Their speed, their sudden Nineteenth ward, Second district, to leaps from fixed positions, their abrupt fill vacancy caused by the removal of turns in less than their own length, Adam Killrain. E. A. Morgan, judge of election of the extraordinary inertia that enables

them to swim against tremendous cur-Third ward, Fourth district, Carbondale, to fill vacancy caused by removal rents-these and a hundred and one of E. A. Morgan. other things have been the despair of

Patrick Dougherty, judge of election of Second district of Fell township, to every investigator. We know that such miracles are performed in some till vacancy caused by the disqualificamaaner by movements of the fins and tall, but in ninety-nine cases out of a tion of Thomas Kennedy, who is hundred those organs are altogether candidate for town clerk. too small to account for the apparent

Kearney's Objectionable Barn.

Attorney Charles R. Pitcher is the plaintiff in an action in trespass brought yesterday against James T. Kearney, of 1623 Jackson street. Mr. Pitcher owns a double dwelling

on my vacation last summer," conn Garfield avenue, which he alleges tinued the speaker, "a relative of mine. has been greatly damaged by Kearwho is a designer in the bureau of ney's barn. He states that the barn is naval construction, told me that the built close to the side of his house department experts had made extenand is so negligently attended to as to sive studies of the movements of difmake his house almost uninhabitable ferent fish, with a view to improving The plaintiff wants to collect damthe hull lines of torpedo bonts. What ages for the injury done to his proplittle data they secured proved useless erty by Kearney's barn. when applied to working models, show-

Husband Was Brutal.

Mrs. Lydia Morris, through Attorney good-sized tank at home, in which James J. O'Malley, began an action keep a number of small fish, and at centerday to secure a divorce from Wiliam Morris. The parties live at Olyious observations, especially as regarda their speed. One of the fish is a young phant and Morris is employed in th fresh water trout, about five inches nines there. The couple were married on April 6

On several occasions I have 1878, and lived together until February watched it with a timing instrument s of this year, when Mrs. Morris says while it was making plunges for flies she was compelled to leave her hus on the surface of the water. It would band because of his brutality toward approach leightely at not over six inches to the second, until about half her. yard from its prey, and then leap

Yesterday's Marriage Licenses.

seph F. BuchleySerantor Seranto Annie Gerrity amuel M. MillerSerantor Rose EisnerScrantor

COURT HOUSE NEWS NOTES.

in the twinkling of an eye, increasing The polling place for Elmhurst borough w The office building of Jay Knicker feat would be no more astonishing than that performed by my little trout. ocker, on Front street, by the court yesterday Frank Compton's attorney yesterday moved for new trial, but the request was denied. Compand what makes the mystery all the greater is the extremely delicate and n was convicted Tuesday of unlawful relations flexible character of its tail and fins. cith Miss Heglin. Donahoe & O'Boyle yesterday began action They seem to offer no purchase worth mentioning against the water; it is as if an ocean liner had a propeller o recover \$455.40 from the city of Scranton for work done on the North Main avenue, Proviof gauze; yet, comparatively ance road and Philo street sewer system. In the case of Justice of the Peace Nicholas ilenn attachments were yesterday issued for speaking, they accomplish more than the most powerful machinery ever built rank Shannon and William Douglass, non-at-ending witnesses, and in the case of Constable When nature gives up the secret, if she ever does, we are apt Stephen Gilby an attachment was issued for Dr. John S. Niles, of Carbondale, who was subporneed as a witness but did not appear.

> Berlin, Feb. 13 .- Field Marshal Count Von Waldersce, telegraphing from Pekin, says the Japanese have given their assent to handing over

Election Officers Appointed. The following appointment of elec-It Takes a Remedy of Union officers was made yesterday by common Merit to Draw the Unqualified Praise of a Successful Practicing Physician. Dr. J. W. Bates of Corfu, N. Y., states "A most remarkable case has come under my hands of late and has fully convinced me of the wonder of power of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills over diseases of the health.

A. W. Chase are on every box. Price 50 cents a box.—Six boxes for \$2.50. Manufactured by the Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co. Buffalo, N. Y.

For Business Men

For shoppers

For Sightseers

In the heart of the wholesale

One block from B'way Cars. giv-ing easy transportation to all points of interest.

HOTEL ALBERT

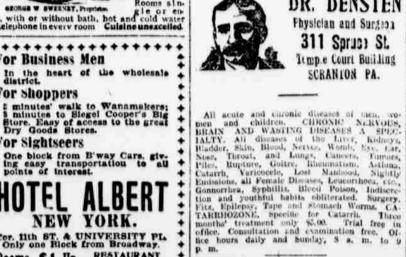
NEW YORK.

and the second second and



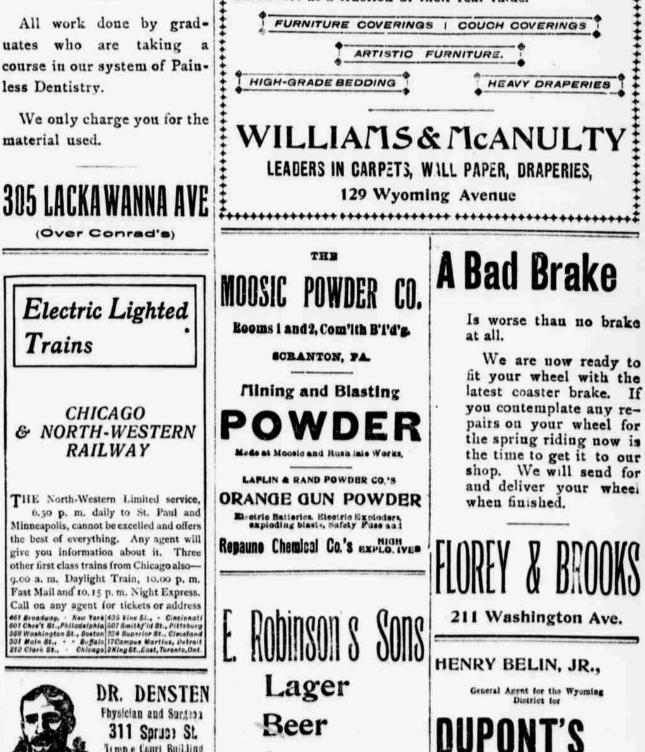
less Dentistry.

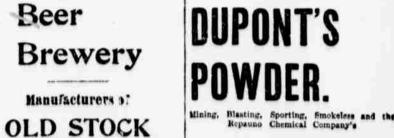
material used.











High Explosives. Eafety Fuse, Caps and Exploders. Room 401 Connell Building, Scranton.

485 to 455 N. Ninth Street, SCRANTON, PA JOIN B. SMITH & SON Plymouth Wilkes-Barre

The Japanese Assent. By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.