The Scranton Tribune

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When space will permit. The Tribune is always all to print short letters from its friends hearing on current topics, but its rule is that these must be signed, for publication, by the writer's real name; and the condition precedent to acceptance is that all contributions shall be subject to editorial revision.

SCRANTON, NOVEMBER 28, 1900.

If under the new deal virtually all power is to be vested in councils, would it not be worth while to plan to get the best men possible into the reorganized councils? They will not get there by gravitation.

No Chance for Honest Young Men?

EV. DR. CHAS. M. SHELdon, in addressing the Christian Endeavor convention at Philadelphia last gave some advice which was rather more practical than many of his expressed, views have been. He raid that often young men wrote to him asking weether there is a place In this country where they can live a Christian life, and that they complain of their employers as being dishonest in business methods. His invariable reply is to advise them to remain in their positions and live honest, upright lives, letting results take care of

The type of inquirer mentioned by Dr. Shelden is not rare. A young man who has fretted himself almost into an illness because he is not rich, remarked the other day within our hearing that there is no room in the world for an ambitious young man who wants to do the square thing in business and keep his word; that he gets no sort of chance and is being centin. ually crowded to the wall by the unscrupulous and over-reaching among his fellows. He sees them growing wealthier while he gains no step upward on the ladder of success, which he strives to ascend by straight methods and sincere effort; and the consequence is that he has grown dissatisfied and is almost persuaded that he will follow the example of shrewd. advancing men around him who are not troubled with fastidious notions regarding the adjustment of means to

This young man, exceptionally well endowed with brain capacity, is in such haste to become rich that he regards with impatience the small advantages of his every day life and hecause his means are small believes them too meager to retain his selfrespect and flings his money away on wine dinners, surpassingly good dress, theaters, etc., not in the least restraining his discontent with his circumstances and the handicap under which he struggles because of his ideals of what a man should be in business, The fact is that he has tossed away in daily extravagance the big nucleus of a colossal fortune; he has been unable to deny himself any buxury which by any honest means could be obtained and has held in contempt the small beginnings of what thrift and energy could have made a lever with which to move the world. His complaint should be aimed at his own self.

The great difficulty with the young man of today is that his extravagant tastes lead him to disdain the humbler methods which have laid the foundations of fortunes in the past generations. It is veritably an age of luxury and the man who a quarter of a century ago would have grown rich on a salary of \$1,200 a year because he would have managed to live on half of it if not less, finds it now all too small for his countless needs, and debt or sometimes embezzlement is the result. There are opportunities for fortune making teday for the man who keeps his eyes open and who lays away enough money every year to form a fund for investment even in a small way. The complaint that the trusts are someczing out every ambition of the young business man is only true in part if true at all. He earns more than his father carned, but he saves less. He cannot deny himself the accompaniments of wealth and prodigality. The honest man, the thrifty man, the earnest man has just as good a chance today as ever he had, but if he is willing to make no sacrifice, to submit to no hardships, the opportunity probably passes him by. Nor is honesty unprofitable. It never lands a man in jail or keeps him awake nights to invent new devices of fraud.

So far as the public interest is concerned we doubt that it would make much difference whether the present school board of twenty-one shall continas in power or be superseded by a board of fifteen, elected at large but no two from one ward. Outside of the legal points involved it is tweedle dum vs. sweedle dee.

The Divorce Business.

RIOR TO two years ago Okia. homa's divorce law was the most liberal in the United States. All that was required to secure a dissolution of irksome marital bonds was for one of the contracting parties to prove ninety days' residence within the territory, hire a lawyer and pay the necessary fees. Advertisement of suit could be hidden in the most obscure publication and the defendant received no other notifica-

During the operation of this law Oklahoma became a Mecca for the matrimonially discontented and hotel proprietors, as well as lawyers, court officials and business men generally, reveled in prosperity. The class of tourists in search of divorce was in the main a wealthy class and took with it plenty of money to make merry the three months' period of enforced waiting. The average issue of divorces was 1500 a year; and if each candidate spent no more than \$100-most of them spent no more than \$100—most of them nerves and suggest a greater public were circulated by the managers of the Probibs spent ten times as much—here was reliance upon men of established repu-

\$150,000 a year income, the bulk of It clear profit

Two years ago a reform wave swepover this budding western commonwealth and the divorce law was amended to require a year's residence. The consequence was a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent. in the number of divorces. There still are about 1,000 divorces a year, a fact which sheds doubt upon the efficacy of the reform, but the loss of the other 500 is profoundly lamented in business circles and advices from Guthrie are to the effect that a determined effort is to be made to cause the incoming territorial legislature to go back to the financially more prosperous ninety-day basis.

It hardly needs to be added that it the interest of public decency this proposition should be squelched.

While no man is indispensable, it is the general testimony of men in public life that the loss of Cushman K. Davis from the United States senate and especially from its committee on foreign affairs, of which he was chair man, is the most serious loss which could have been sustained. He was the highest American authority on international law and a tower of strength in the handling of international affairs. Moreover he was a robust, fearless and outspoken American, in touch with the best sentiments and aspirations of his countrymen and he enjoyed their undivided confidence and respect. Few chapters in the personal history of our country's leading men are more pathetic than his striking down in the zenith of great usefulness by a seemingly trivial accident and his painful battle with the ensuing physical complications-a battle made tragic by his intermittent outerles for strength to complete certain duties of public service which he feared his death might hazard.

Scientific Temperance Reform.

NE CRITICISM of long standing against much of the contemporary agitatation in favor of temperance reform-that it seeks to accomplish the impossible—cannot be brought against the proposition, said to be under consideration by the Women's Christian Temperance union of Indiana, to ask of congress legislation calculated to enforce and maintain the purity of all liquors offered for sale in the United States.

Just how this is to be done is a matter for further inquiry, but the old truism occurs to mind that where there's a will there's a way. It is frequently asserted and commonly believed that the adulteration of intoxfcants prevails to a greater extent in the United States than in any other country; and it is said that in certain other countries, notably Germany, the hand of the law is placed in much more effective restraint upon methods of production and sale designed to cause a deterioration in the quality of

he liquor sold. There are those utterly opposed to he prohibitive theory who would with great cheerfulness co-operate in any well-considered movement to enforce t closer inspection of liquors with a view to eliminating fraudulent practices or deleterious ingredients. An intelligent campaign along this line would undoubtedly effect much beng-

As the muddle caused by transition into the second class cities grows in public appreciation, the wisdom becomes apparent of having members of the legislature for city and county who are in sympathy with the prevailing influences at Harrisburg and therefore in position to attain legislative ends. A bolter would be of scant use to his constituents.

Tuition by Experience.

N THE December Forum J. I. Rodriguez presents a strong array of reasons why, in his opinion, an independent Cuban republic would be a mistake, the burden of which would fall both upon the Cuban people and the United States, and, by way of clinching his argument asks:

Upon what ground can it be claimed that the

sound traditional policy of the United States of America in regard to the island of Cuba, unded upon reasons of self-defense, shall now be changed into a new one, full of the same perplexities and dangers which American statesmen, ever since 1800, have been endeavoring to avoid? What solid reason can be alleged to demand fortunes or misfortunes of war, they are in full ossession of Cuba, that they should launch into he world a new sovereignty, exposed to foreign aggression, and one which, through alliance with by European nation, or compelled by it through elligerent action or diplomacy, might cause the whole work of American statesmanship for ninety one long years to fall to the ground. What ha happened since 1800 capable of persuading the United States government that Cuban independ-once can now be maintained in fact, and that Cuba is no longer doomed to fall under a pro-tectorate, ours or foreign, open or disguised? The geographical position of Cuba, and the relations, whether commercial or strategical, which it forces imperatively between her and the United States, have not been changed. Havana is still the acknowledged key of the Gulf of Mexico, and he interests of our must important coastwise intercourse have not ceased to be compelled "! ions, and to run the gauntlet of their masters. What then could be sufficient to induce the Unit-ed States to modify their traditional policy and place themselves again, voluntarily, in the condition of danger and of anxiety with regard Cuba in which they were placed for about ,

The inducement which suffices to ause the United States to depart from the plain path of prudence and safety in dealing with Cuba and to humor a quixotic Cuban eagerness for independence, behind which there is neither preparation nor the remotest hope of possible fitness is the unhappy reminscence that a spasm of emotionalism, which William McKinley tried his best to withstand, two years ago forced the congress of the United States to pledge the impossible in Cuba and thereby committed the government to carry out its part of the agreement in good faith. No matter how unwise this course now appears it is not to be departed from.

The die is cast. Maybe the experience, before we get through with it, will be of educational value upon persons who have in the past been prone to mistake the hysteria of yellow journalism for common sense statesmanship. Maybe it will tend to put a curb upon their nerves and suggest a greater public

tation for conservatism and cool judgment instead of upon men of the gallery playing type, who talk first and think afterward. Maybe the outcome of it all will be a recoil toward sanity and self control on the part of the American people, with an increased disposition to mind their own busts disposition to mind their own business or at least to be sure of their ground before undertaking to interfere with the unfamiliar business of other people. If so, the cloud will have a silver lining.

An association of ministers in Indiana has gone on record against the practice of holding funerals at private residences, particularly when the autendance of members of societies and of individual friends is large. pastors take the position that there is always more or less exposure, likely to result in disease and death. If to this protest had been added a declaration in favor of cremation, the sanitary aspects of the problem would have been pretty well covered.

There is this to be said on the fee s. the salary system of paying county officers. If a president of the United States is worth only \$50,000 a year the county official who gets half as much for watching a deputy do the work is receiving more than he is worth.

The right of the governor to appoint a county controller to serve until the next general election appears to be clearly established and those with booms had better make hay while the sun shines.

A recent report had it that gallant 'aptain McCalla, of the navy, was once more in trouble and in the shadow of a court martial. It is satisfactory to learn that this report was inac-

This is no longer necessary. The crime invariably supplies its own punish-Both army and navy bureau circles need renovation, rejuvenation and

Yankee money to European titles.

subordination to the commander in Some Interesting

Foreign Gleanings

London, Nov. 17. ORD ROSEBERY'S "NAPOLEON" is the liferary sensation of the year. He says it his last chapter that Napoleon "is multifarious, luminous, brilliant; he gives light from a thousand facets." In his treat-ment of his great subject Lord Rosebery has shown the same qualities. He says the immediate cause of the calamities that befell him self and France, next to unbridled ambition and ister strikingly brings out, the facility with which he transported himself into a fool's para-disc. He would always believe what he wishes to believe and the results were fatal miscon ceptions. As to the war passion, it is the grandest excitement of the born gambler, though few have had the genius or opportunity to play for Napoleon's stakes; a possession like the possession by demons of the sacred narrative-Lord Rosebery defines it "the gambling of the gods."

Lord Roschery, in his eloquent peroration, rec gnizes him as the man of destiny, and we are eminded of the magnificent verses in Isaiah, where all hell is moved to greet the mighty onqueror's advent. "By the philosopher, and still more by the philosopher who believes in the divine guidance of human affairs, the frue clation of Napoleon to the world's history will be reduced to a very simple conception great natural or supernatural force, as ; sconrge and a scavenger, to effect a vast operation, partly positive, but mainly negative; and that when he has accomplished that work he is withdrawn as swiftly as he came. Caesar, At-tila, Tamerlane and Mahomet are forces of this kind: the last a much more potent and abid-ing factor in the universe than Napoleon. Another proof, if proof were needed, of how small permanent effect of warfare alone on the history of mankind. These men make great epochs; they embody vast transitions; perplex and appall their contemporaries; when viewed at a distance they are seen to be periodical and necessary incidents of the world's movement. The details of their career, their morals, their methods, are then judged, interesting though they may be, to be merely sub-ordinate details."

The soda-water locomotive is an accomplished fact, and proves a decided success. On the en-Mr. Dugold Drummond introduces a pound of soda into the tender for the purpose of soft-ening the feed water, and at the Broad street erminus of the North London railway, wher there is a water-softening apparatus at work capable of dealing with 10,000 gallons an hour, about 70 tons of deposit are exported per annum. This measure adds greatly to the life of the boilers and tubes by minimizing the internal incrustations, besides effecting a substantial saving in fuel. It appears that in Austria and Russia a little petroleum is used for a simila

The oldest duly qualified physician in the world resides at Carlsbad, in the person of Gallus Ritter von Hachberger, M. D., imperia and royal counsellor of the Austrian court. H was born on Oct. 15, 1805, and therefore be 97 years old. He has been in practice for 71 years, and still gives medical advice, but only visits poor people who live in the remote corners of the town and on the hills. The veteran doctor is not only known in Carlshad, but all over the country, is a daily visitor to the Carlsbad theater, and his mental faculties are as sound as they were fifty years ago

A proposed single line of railway between Manchester and Liverpool on the Behr system in which the train hangs from an elevated central rail and is kept steady by two side rails below it, has been approved by Sir William Precee. Each train will consist of a single carciage, helding 64 passengers, and there will be a succession of carriages every ten minutes. The speed will be about 110 miles an hour and the distance between the towns-34% miles-will be covered in 20 minutes. There will be no

intermediate stations, crossings or switches A peasant woman of Interlaken, with befive years' savings, went on a pilgrimage to Rome with the purpose of obtaining the Pope's blessing. On her arrival in Bonic she was robbed of everything and reduced to great dis tress. The Pope, hearing of the robbery, sent his carriage for the poor woman and received her personally. As the woman, after receiving "the Pope's blessing, was leaving the palace, an officer of the guard handed her a letter contain-

The invitations of sovereigns and other princely personages to the marriage of Queen Withelmina which will be celebrated at The Hague at the which will be celebrated at The Hague at the could of January or beginning of February, will be confined to the nearest relatives of Her Majesty and her future consort, Duke Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin. It is expected that other evereigns will soul representatives

CAMPAIGN FALSEHOODS.

W. E. Curtis, in the Chicago Record. The Rev. Dr. Oliver C. Miller, chaptein of the fourth Regular cavalry, who has been in the Philippine islands continuously during the last fourteen months, and has just arrived in Wash-ington on leave of absence, expresses his amazement at the false and sensational states

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tral part of city, containing ten rooms or more. Apply to W. H. Jessup, Jr., Common-wealth building.

Wanted-To Buy. WANTED-SECOND-HAND SLOT MACHINES; must be in good order, state particulars as to make and price. Address L. M., general de-livery, Scranton, Pa.

Business Opportunity.

WALL STREET-IF YOU WANT TO MAKE money in the present markets, write us, Stocks, bonds, provisions carried on 2 per cent, margin. P. J. Peters & Co., 55 Broadway, New York. It used to be fashionable to condemn international marriages of

Furnished Rooms. ONE OR TWO ROOMS, OR ENTIRE SECOND floor, furnished or unturnished, with or without board. Address Madison Avenue, Tribune office.

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BOARD WANTED-FOR THREE ADULTS AND one small child, in respectable Jewish far ily, living in first-class neighborhood. Stat price. W. A., Tribune office.

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MONEY TO LOAN-STRAIGHT LOANS AT once. Curry, Connell building. ANY AMOUNT OF MONEY TO LOAN-QUICK, straight loans or Building and Lond. At from 4 to 6 per cent. Call on N. V. Walker, 314-315 Connell building.

orality and drunkenness alleged to prevail in Manila. Dr. Miller pronounces these publications a series of malicious falsehoods with-out foundation. In company with the general secretary of the Young Men's Christian associa-tion at Manila he made a thorough investiga-tion to ascertain the exact condition of things. He says that in no city of the United States f similar population is there so little crime, vice and drunkenness as in Manila, nor is there any place or other country where vice is suppresse with greater energy or crime more promptly

SARA BERNHARDT.

W. E. Curtis, in the Chicago Record. During her present American tour Sara Bern given to a theatrical performer-\$1,000 cash very time she appears, with a certain number of appearances guaranteed. During her previous our in the United States she received the same ant, but furnished her own company. This ime she pays her own personal expenses, which are considerable, for she travels with a retinue She has a business manager to look after he interests, a physician to care for her health, masseure nurse, a maid and a man servant. Bernhardt has probably received more money than any actress ever upon the stage, but has Her diamonds are always in pawn and she does ot know what becomes of the enormous su hat have been paid her. Consolin, the comedian who supports her ro eives \$500 for every performance.

NUBS OF KNOWLEDGE.

On one of the Japanese railways terra cott leepers are used. They are far more durable than those of wood. The Chinese study phrenology, judging a by the development of his forehead and a nan by the form and size of the back of he

Millions have been spent in civilized countri n futile efforts to preserve grapes. The Chi nese have known the secrets for many centurie effort to drag from them the recipe. The Southern entrance of the Red Sea is co nanded by the fortress of Aden and the fort

on the little island of Perim, in the Straits Bab-el-Mandeb, the guns of the latter complete covering the narrow channel, and the fortress lominating the entrance to the sea.

Yacation cards, issued by a public library in
Somerville, Mass., are good during July and

August, and those who possess them are permitted to take out ten books at a time and return them within four weeks by mail or express and ex-change them for another ten books. The worst famines of modern times were th mine in Ireland 1846-7, in which 1,000,000

ple perished; the Indian famine in 1866, which claimed 1,450,000 victims; the Indian famine i 1877, in which 500,000 people perished, and the great famine in China in 1878, in which 9,500,000

A RHYME OF RUMMAGE.

THE RUMMAGE SALE, THE RUMMAGE SALE all hall the festive rummage sale! The latest, greatest, paramountest issue since the "dinner pail;" the fad that clears the attic out; and likewise also clears the cellar, and swaps of one man's scrap-heap for the dollars of some other feller; the raging craze that captivates all classes and societies, and finds a market for old junk: it matters not how high it is. There's nothing new beneath the sun, nor it the modern runninge sale—it looks as if the stock in trade were gathered by a Texas galeoring to buy and pay, for superannuated trass that other people throw away. Variety's the essence of this social mercantile endeavor, and what you can't find at the sale you'll never find at all-no, never. The list is all-embrac-ing, ranging from a broken looking glass to cooking stoves, can openers, false hair and candlesticks of brass; there's stuffed canary birds, with half the cotton stuff hanging out bottles, Bibles, boots and bonnets, leather belts for lean and stout; neckties, picture frames and ginilets, carpet stretchers, petticoats; soup tureers and concertinas that won't play one-half their notes; battered cuspidors and scissors, speciacles, mismated socks; washboards, rat traps, stovepipe hats and wornout collars by the box; old suspenders, flags and rip saws; watches that have lost their wheels; carriags, watches that have lost their wheels; carriags, and gimlets, carpet stretchers, petticoats; son bootjacks, garters, razors, slippers minus too and heels; breastpins, horsewhips, pickles, har-ness, swords with blade and scabbard rusted; ns, chromos, fountain pens with both pen and fountain busted; every kind of wood pen and fountain busted; every kind of wooden, tin and crock'ry things to put things in;
tintypes of somebody's grandma's leng-forgotten kith and kin. There's comedy and pathos
in tue blending of this bric-a-brac; it wakens
trains of memory, of the faces, days and years
far back. Rare visions of long by-gone scenes
most surely will the heart regale, amid the
rag-tag rolics of that latest craze, the rummage
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—New Haven Palladium.

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MAN WITH HORSE AND WAGON WANTED to deliver and collect; no canvassing; 821 per week and expenses; \$150 cash deposit required. Collector, Box 78, Philadelphin.

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WANTED-GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE-work; must be good cook. Apply 1800 Mon-sey avenue, Green Ridge.

WANTED-FOR CITY, LADY AGENT TO VISIT our customers and distribute samples. Call in evening 353 Pittston avenue. Boston Tea Co.

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SITUATION WANTED-BY AN EXPERIENCED stenographer, work by the hour or piece. SITUATION WANTED-BY AN EXPERT LAUN dress; will take washing home or go out the day, 526 Pleasant street. Best of reference West Side.

WORK WANTED—AS LAUNDRESS BY THE day for Monday and Thursday, and offices to clean; can give best city references. Address M. M., 709 Elm street, city.

SITUATION WANTED-BY YOUNG LADY OF experience and ability, as stenographer, type writer or bookkeeper; would assist as cashler open for engagement for the holidays. Only those meaning to employ me need apply. Ad dress Miss Wolsieffer, 523 Sumner avenue, city. SITUATION WANTED-TO WORK ON DELIV ery wagon or in wholesale house; erences. No. 12 East Market street.

LEGAL.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF
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Thomas Darling. No. 1076, September Term,
1900. Divorce. To Thomas Darling, respondent:
You are hereby notified that the Sheriff of
Lackawanna county has returned the subpoena
and alias subpoena in above case, "non est
inventus," and the court has ordered service
upon you by publication. You are hereby
notified to be and appear at the next term of
court, to be held at Scranton, on Monday, Jan.
8, 1901, and answer the complaint of said libellant.
C. E. PRYOR,
R. H. HOLGATE.
Sheriff. bellant, R. H. HOLGATE, Attorney for Libellant,

PROFESSIONAL.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLES Delaware, Lackawanna and Western. In Effect June 10, 1900.

Delaware, Lackawanna and Western.

In Effect June 10, 1900.

Bouth—Leave Scranton for New York at 1.45, 3.00, 5.40, 8.00 and 10.05 a. m., 12.55, 3.33 and 8.10 p. m. For Philadelphia at 6.40, 8.00 and 10.05 a. m.; 12.55 and 3.35 p. m. For Stroudsburg at 6.10 p. m. Milk and accommodation at 3.40 p. m. Arrive at Hoboken at 6.55 7.18, 10.13 a. m.; 12.08, 2.47, 4.48, 7.19 and 9.43 p. m. Arrive at Philadelphia at 10.00 a. m.; 1.06, 3.48, 6.00 and 9.22 p. m. Arrive from New York at 1.05, 4.06 and 10.20 a. m.; 1.00, 1.52, 5.43, 8.45 and 11.30 p. m. From Stroudsburg at 8.05 a. m. North—Leave Scranton for Buffalo and intermediate atations at 1.10, 4.10 and 8.30 a. m.; 1.55, 5.48 and 11.35 p. m. For Oswego and Syracuse at 4.10 a. m. and 1.55 p. m. For Utica at 1.10 a. m. and 1.55 p. m. For Montrose at 8.30 a. m.; 1.06 p. m. and 5.48 p. m. For Nicholson at 4.00 and 6.15 p. m. For Buffalo at 1.30, 2.55, 5.35 and 10.00 a. m.; 3.30 and 8.00 p. m. From Oswego and Syracuse at 2.55 a. m.; 12.38 and 8.00 p. m. From Wicholson at 6.50 a. m.; 12.38 and 8.00 p. m. From Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 3.30 and 8.00 p. m. From Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 3.20 and 8.50 p. m. From Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 3.30 and 8.00 p. m. From Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 3.30 and 8.00 p. m. From Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 5.30 and 8.50 p. m. From Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 5.30 and 8.00 p. m. From Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 5.30 and 8.00 p. m. From Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 5.30 and 8.00 p. m. From Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 5.30 and 8.00 p. m. From Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 5.30 and 8.00 p. m. From Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 5.30 and 8.00 p. m. From Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 5.50 and 10.00 a. m.; 5.50 and 10.00 a. m.; 5.50 and 8.50 p. m. For Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 5.50 and 8.50 p. m. For Montrose at 7.55 and 10.00 a. m.; 5.50 and 10.00 a. m. From Nant

SUNDAY TRAINS. South—Leave Scranton 1.40, 3.00, 5.40, 10.0; a. m.; 3.33, 3.40 and 8.10 p. m. North—Leave Scranton at 1.10, 4.10 a. m.; 1.55, 5.48 and 11.35 p. m. Bloomsburg Division—Leave Scranton at 10.05 a. m. and 5.50 p. m.

Lehigh Valley Railroad.

Leftign Valley Railroad.

In Effect Nov. 25, 1960.
Trains leave Scranton.
For Philadelphia and New York via D. & H.
R. R. at 6.45 and 11.55 a. m., and 2.18, 4.27
(Black Diamond Express), and 11.30 p. m. Sundays, D. & H. R. R., 1.58, 8.27 p. m.
For White Haven, Hazleton and principal points in the coal regions, via D. & H. R. R.
8.45, 2.18 and 4.27 p. m.
For Bethlehem, Easton, Reading, Harrishmad principal intermediate stations via D. & H. For Bethlehelm, Laston, Reading, Harrister, and principal intermediate stations via D. & i. R. R., 6,45, 11,55 a. m.; 2,18, 4,27 (Black Diamond Express), 11,30 p. m. Sundays, D. & H. i. R., 1,58, 8,27 p. m. Sundays, D. & H. i. For Tunkhannock, Towanda, Elmira, Ithaca, Geneva and principal intermediate stations, via D., L. & W. R. R., 8,08 a. m.; 1,05 and 3,40 m. D. H. & W. R. R., 8, 88 a. H.; 1.05 and 3, 40 p. H.
For Geneva, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Palls, Chicago, and all points west, via D. & H. R. R.
11.55 a. m., 8,33 (Black Diamond Express), 7,48, 10,41, 11,30 p. m. Sindays, D. & H. R. R., 11,55, 8,27 p. m.
Pullman parlor and sleeping or Lehigh Valley parlor cars on all trains between Wilkes-Barre and New York, Philadelphia, Butlato and Suspension Bridge.
ROLLIN H. WILBUR, Gen. Supt., 26 Cortland street, New York, CHARLES S. LEE, Gen Pass Agt., 26 Cortland attreet, New York. W. NONNEMACHER, Div. Pass. Agt., South Bethlehem, Pa. For tickets and Pullman reservations apply to 300 Lackawanna avenue, Soranton, Pa.

Central Railroad of New Jersey. Stations in New York-Foot of Liberty street, R., and South Ferry.
Anthracite coal used exclusively, insuring Anthracite coal used exclusively, insuring cleanliness and confort.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT NOV. 25, 1900.
Trains leave Scranton for New York, Newark, Elizabeth, Philadelphia, Easton, Bethlehem, Ailentown, Mauch Chunk and White Haven, at 8,30 a. m.; express, 1.10; express, 3.50 p. m. Sundays, 2.15 p. m.
For Pittston and Wilkes-Barre, 8,30 a. m.; 1.10 and 3,50 p. m. Sundays, 2.15 p. m.
For Baltimore and Washington, and points South and West via Bethlehem, 8,30 a. m., 1.10 p. m. Sunday, 2,15 p. m.
For Long Branch, Ocean Grove, etc., at 8,30 a. m. and 1.10 p. m. For Reading, Lebanon and Harrisburg, via Allentown, 8,30 a. m. and 1.10 p. m. Sundays, 2,15 p. m. Port Pottsville, 8:30 a. m., 1.10 p. m.

For Pottsville, 8:30 a. m., 1.10 p. m.
Through tickets to all points cast, south and
west at lowest rates at the station.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass Agt.
J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen. Supt.

Delaware and Hudson. In effect Nov. 25, 1900.

Trains for Carbondale leave Scranton (d. 6,20), 53, 8,53, 10,15 a. m.; 12,00, 1,29, 2,44, 4,52, 5,29, 25, 7,57, 9,15, 11,15 p. m.; 1,16 a. m. 2,44 and For Honeadale=6,20, 19,15 a. m.; 2,44 and 20 p. m. For Wilkes-Barre—6.75, 7.48, 8.43, 9.38, 10.43, m.; 1.28, 2.18, 3.33, 4.27, 6.10, 7.48, 10.41. 11.30 p. m. For L. V. R. R. points-6.45, 11.55 a. m.; 2.18, nd II.30 p. m. Pennsylvania R. R. points—6.45, 9.38 a. I.IS and 4.27 p. m. Albany and all points north—6.21 s. m. noi 3.52 p. m. SUNDAY TRAINS. For Carbondale—2.00, 11.37 a. m.; 2.44, 3.52, . 17, 10.52 p. m. For Wilkes-Barre--0.58, 11.55 a. m.; 1.5s, 3.2s,

6.27, 8.27 p. m.

For Albany and points north—3.52 p. m.

For Honesdate—9.00 a. m. and 3.32 p. m.

Lowest rates to all points in United States and Canada.

J. W. BURDICK, G. P. A., Albany, N. Y.

H. W. CROSS, D. P. A., Scranton, Pa.

FINLEY'S Table Linens for Thanks-

giving.....

After you have carefully gone over our unusually large and fine assortment of Table Linens, of which we are making a Special Exhibit for Thanksgiving Week, you will appreciate the fact that the same has not been bought hap hazard, but that down to the minutest detail our utmost care and best judgment has been used in making selections. With this end in view, of giving our customers not only the largest and A large assortment finest stock to pick from, but also the BEST GOODS at a moderate cost; our motto being

Reliable Goods at Reliable prices.

in every desirable size and quality Hand Embroidered and Damask Table Cloths, Lunch Cloths, Centres, Tray Cloths, Doylies, etc, in the most exquisite designs and patterns, of Irish, Scotch; German and Belgium manufacture.

Window Display.

See Our Handsome

510-512 LACKAWANNA AVENUE

Mercereau & Connell

Now open for business at our new store, 132 Wyoming avenue.

We are proud of our store now, and feel justified in doing a little talking, but we prefer to have our friends do the talking for us,

A cordial invitation is extended to all to call and see us.

MERCEREAU & CONNELL

Jewelers and Silversmiths. RAILROAD TIME TABLES. PENNSYLVANIA

Schedule in Effect May 27, 1900. Trains leave Scranton, D. &. H. 6.45 a. m., week days, for Sunbury, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Balti-more, Washington and for Pittsburg and the West.

38 a. m., week days, for Hazleton,

Pottsville, Reading Norristown, and Philadelphia; and for Sun-bury Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Pittsburg and the West. 8 p. m., week days, (Sundays 1.58 p. m.,) for Sunbury, Harris-burg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Pittsburg and the West. For Hazleton, Potts-

ville, Reading, &c. week days. 27 p. m., week days, for Sunbury, Hazleton. Pottsville, Harrisburg, Philadelphia and Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen. Mgr.

New York, Ontario and Western R.R.

2.05 p. m 5.31 p. m. 4.29 p. m.

Sandays only, North Bound,
Leave Leave Arrive
Stanton, Carbondale, Cadosia,
S.30 a. m. 9.40 a. m.
7.00 p. m. Arrive Carbondale 7.40 p. m.
Leave Arrive
Cadesia, Carbondale 8.5 canton,
1.00 a. m. 7.00 a. m.
1.20 p. m. 7.00 a. m. 7.40 a. m.
4.30 p. m. 5.54 p. m.
1.30 p. m. 6.30 p. m.
Trains leaving Scrarton at 10.40 a. m. daily,
and 8.30 a. m. Sundays, make New York, Cornvall, Middletown, Walton, Sidney, Norwich,
Rome, Utica, Ouelda and Oswego connections,
Por further information consult ticket agents,
J. C. ANDERSON, Gen. Pass. Agt., New York,
J. E. WELSH, Traveling Passenger Agent, Scranton.

Erie and Wyoming Valley. Times Table in Effect Sept. 17, 1000.

Trains for Hawley and local points, connecting at Hawley with Eric railroad for New York, Newburgh ad intermediate points, leave Scranton at 7.03 a. m. and 2.25 p. m.

Trains arrive at Scranton at 10.30 a. m. and 9.10 p. m.