Scranton Tribune.

THE ONLY SCRANTON PAPER RECEIVING THE COMPLETE NEWS SERVICE OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, THE GREATEST NEWS AGENCY IN THE WORLD.

TWO CENTS. SCRANTON, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 23, 1900. TWO CENTS.

OOM PAUL ON FRENCH SOIL

The Venerable Boer Leader Landed at Marseilles Yesterday Morning.

ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME

The Citizens Turn Out in Large Numbers to Receive the Visitor from South Africa—He Makes a Speech, Thanking the French Government for Its Sympathy with the Transvaal Government and His Cordial Reception.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Marseilles, Nov. 22.—Today's weather conditions were as favorable to the celebration in honor of President Krugers' arrival as yesterday's were unfavorable and the delay in the arrival of the Gelderland was a fortunate disappointment. The Dutch cruiser was seen in the offing at 7.30 o'clock, but the crowds had been made skeptical by yesterday's fiasco and were not on hand so early to greet her approach. By 9.30 o'clock, however, when the vessel entered the harbor, the visitors and townspeople were out in force and the streets and quays presented an animated scene. The decorations, which had been taken down on account of the storm, reappeared this morning on the houses. The boer flag, crossed with the French tri-color, predominated. At the Joliette landing stage, the decorations were the most elaborate. The entrance to the hotel Noailles, where Kruger will stop, was also ablaze with color. The Gelderland docked at 10.30 o'clock. The quay was packed with people, the Boer delegates in the foreground joyously hailing the aged president of the republic. When Kruger appeared, the crowd cheered madly and "Vive Kruger" sounded in a steady roar.

On entering the harbor, the Gelderland gave a salute of twenty-one guns and the light house battery replied. Dr. Leyds and several of the leading delegates embarked in a launch and greeted President Kruger on board the cruiser. At 10 o'clock the launch was seen returning and the crowd supposing that Kruger was coming ashore, cheered the launch loudly. It proved to be Mr. Von Hummer, the president's interpreter, who had come to tell the committee that Krugre would not land till noon. The committee represented that it had waited already thirty hours and was getting tired. So the interpreter returned to urge Kruger to hurry. He finally landed at 10.45 o'clock and received a vociferous ovation. After handshaking at the quay, the police made a path to the carriages and the procession started for the hotel. The Boer president took the leading carriage and was cheered wildly along the route.

Kruger's Speech.

The following is the text of Mr. Kruger's speech, on landing:

I thank the president of the Marseilles committee and the president of the central committee of the independence of the Boers for their welcome. I thank all this population assembled in great concourse to greet me, for although I wear mourning for the misfortunes of my country and although I have not come to seek festivities, still, I, nevertheless, accept with all my heart these acknowledgments for I know they are dictated to you by the emotions which are inspired in you by our trials and by your sympathy for our cause, which is that of liberty which awakened you. I am truly proud and happy at having chosen as my point of landing a port in France, to set foot on free soil and to be received by you as a free man. But my first duty is to thank your government for all the tokens of interest that again only recently it was pleased to give me. I believe England, had she been better informed, would not have consented to this war and since the expedition of Jameson, who wished to seize the two republics without the necessity of firing a rifle shot, I have never ceased to demand a tribunal of arbitration, which up to now, has always been refused.

The war waged on us in the two republics reached the last limits of barbarism. During my life I have had to fight many times the savages of the tribes of Africa, but the barbarians we have to fight now are worse than the others. They even urge the Kaffirs against us. They burn the farms we worked so hard to construct and they drive out our women and children whose husbands and brothers they have killed or taken prisoners, leaving them unprotected and roofless and often without bread to eat. But, whatever they may do, we will never surrender. We will fight to the end. Our great imperishable confidence reposes in the eternal, in our God. We know our cause is just and if the justice of men is wanting to us, He, the eternal, who is Master of all peoples, and to whom belongs the future, will never abandon us.

I assure you that if the Transvaal and the Orange Free State must lose their independence it will be because all the Boer people have been destroyed, with their women and children.

The only incident which marred the harmony of the enthusiasm was the throwing of small coins among the crowd by guests of a hotel on the boulevard as Mr. Kruger passed. The crowd thought they were thrown at Mr. Kruger, and an uproar ensued, which necessitated the intervention of the police. There were no serious consequences.

Much indignation was expressed at the hotel incident, as previously cabled. It now appears that the crowd called upon the party throwing sous from the balcony to take off their hats as Mr. Kruger passed. But the seemingly plausible explanation was given that they were Englishmen, did not understand French, and foolishly threw small coin into the crowd, which they had frequently done on similar occasions in England. The Frenchmen misunderstood this and imagined the sous were thrown insultingly at Mr. Kruger, hence the tumult.

The crowd endeavored to invade the hotel, and the police prevented this. But the hotel people were obliged to close their doors and late in the day an unfriendly mob was stationed before the building, which was cordoned by police.

After luncheon and a little repose Mr. Kruger descended again to the hall of the hotel, where he received the delegations. Eventually the effort becoming too fatiguing, he asked that the other addresses be presented to him in writing and then withdrew again to his apartments, where he passed the evening quietly, receiving no one. The following message was read:

"I am fatigued and am in mourning. Moreover, I never attend banquets. Otherwise I should have liked to spend a few minutes with you and to thank you. I shall never forget the warm welcome I have had in your beautiful city. Your reception of me has surpassed all I could have expected even from the city which gave France her admirable national hymn, that 'Marseillase,' which is the song of all people whose independence is threatened and who are struggling against invaders.

"I would that your acclamation could be heard by all those Boers in arms who are encamped in our mountains. They would thank you from the bottom of their hearts. I thank you in their behalf.

"Could I have been with you I should have expressed my thanks to all France and would have raised my glass in honor of her worthy president, M. Loubet."

Dr. Leyds then said: "In the name of President Kruger I have the honor to drink to the health of the president of the French republic."

Mr. Kruger will leave for Paris at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning, remaining one night en route at Dijon. A reception is being arranged.

PARIS IS WITH HIM.

Citizens Are Advised to Give Kruger a Warm Welcome.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 22, 10.40 p. m.—The committee of Boer independence has posted a placard in Paris, calling upon Parisians to give Mr. Kruger the warmest possible welcome.

"Welcome him," says the appeal, "in the name of that liberty which you all have at heart. Give him a most positive testimony of our profound admiration for and ardent sympathy with, the race of heroes of which he is a magnificent incarnation.

"Paris should say to Mr. Kruger that she is entirely with him in his sacred mission. Paris should warm again by its flame an old man, overcome with mourning, who remains steadfast in the defense of his country.'

"Nothing, however, should be done, nothing should be said, that might embarrass the work he comes to accomplish. Cry only, 'Long live Kruger,' 'Long live the Boers,' and 'Long live the South African republics.'"

THIS BABY HAS TEN LIVING GRANDPARENTS

Grandmothers, Grandfathers, Great-grandmothers, Great-grandfathers and a Great-great-grandmother.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Dover, Del., Nov. 22.—Lower Delaware has a world-beater in the person of a child with ten living grandparents. Little Miss Georgia Davis Maloney, born last week into the family of George D. Maloney, of Clayton, has two grandmothers, two grandfathers, three great-grandmothers, two great-grandfathers and one great-great-grandmother. Little Georgia's birth, therefore completes five generations of Delawareans living and enjoying all their physical faculties.

On the father's side the baby's grandfather is George B. Maloney, of Clayton, and the great-grandfather is Thomas Maloney, of Brenford. On the mother's side the grandfather is John Griffin, and the great-grandfather is Samuel T. Griffin, both of whom live at Big Oak, on the State road, below Smyrna.

TO INCREASE THE ARMY.

Bill Will Be Presented by Senator Fairbanks.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Pittsburg, Nov. 22.—Senator Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiana, who passed through Pittsburg today, en route to Washington, stated that the bill providing for an increase in the regular army will be presented shortly after congress convenes. The increase, he said, would not be less than thirty or forty thousand.

The ship subsidy bill would also receive favorable consideration and it was likely some definite action would be taken on the Isthmian canal measure. The senator believes this meeting of congress will be the most important short session of congress held in the past quarter of a century.

CHIEF OF BUREAU OF ENGRAVING.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Captain William Meredith, of Illinois, has been appointed chief of the bureau of engraving and printing. Captain Meredith served as chief of the bureau of engraving and printing during the Harrison administration. He is a practical plate printer and at present is in charge of the plate printing department of the Western Bank Note company, of Chicago.

THIEVES MAKE A BIG HAUL.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, Nov. 22.—The residence of Walter Magier, 3411 Powelton avenue, West Philadelphia, was robbed last night of diamonds and other jewelry valued at $2,500. The thieves ransacked the upstairs rooms while the family was in the lower portion of the house. Among the articles stolen were diamond brooches, rings and pins, numerous trinkets adorned with opals and several watches.

CENSUS RETURNS.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 22.—The population of West Virginia is 958, 800, as against 762,794 in 1890, an increase of 196,006, or 25.6 per cent.

The population of Mississippi is 1,551,270, as against 1,289,600 in 1890, an increase of 261,670, or 20.2 per cent.

The population of Missouri is 3,106,665, as against 2,679,184 in 1890, an increase of 427,841, or 15.9 per cent.

SUCCESSFUL CONVENTION

State Meeting of the Christian Endeavor Union Has a Brilliant Finish.

BUSINESS OF THE DAY

Five Sunrise Prayer Meetings—C. E. Daniels, of Scranton, Among the Leaders — Recommendations by Committee on Resolutions—The Junior Rally—Movement Looking to Better Observance of the Sabbath Is Inaugurated.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, Nov. 22.—What has proved to be the greatest convention the Pennsylvania Christian Endeavor union has ever held came to a successful and brilliant end tonight. The convention began on Tuesday and throughout the three days the utmost enthusiasm was shown by the delegates, who numbered nearly 14,000.

Today was an exceedingly busy one. As on yesterday the days proceedings began with five sunrise prayer meetings at five different churches. The meetings were led by the following persons: Mrs. G. W. Daverspike, of Kittanning; C. E. Daniels, of Scranton; Miss Bertha Williamson, of Milford; Frank Palmer, of Harrisburg, and the Rev. D. P. Lansdorf, of Cresswell. The topic under discussion at each meeting was "From the Upper Room to the Harvest of Souls."

Previous to the business meeting in the Baptist temple there was a "quiet hour" service, led by the Rev. Floyd W. Tompkins, of this city, who spoke on the subject of "Sanctification." The regular meeting was presided over by J. Henry Stauff, of Pittsburg. Reports from the various committees were presented, one of the most interesting being that by Rev. George B. Stewart, D. D., of Auburn, N. Y., on "The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor." Among other things he said:

"This society stands for certain important elements in church life. It lays emphasis upon duty. The backbone of the society is its pledge and the pledged stands for fidelity to duty. Young people through this organization are taught that whims, convenience, comfort, personal interest have no voice comparable in commanding power to the voice of duty."

Among the recommendations made by the committee on resolutions were that Feb. 2, 1901, be made Decision day; that all members of the union pledge themselves to abstain from the use of intoxicating liquors and call upon representatives in state and national legislative bodies to pass prohibition laws and that the sanctity of the Sabbath be maintained. These recommendations were unanimously adopted.

Before the meeting adjourned for the noon evangelistic services in various prisons and industrial establishments throughout the city, addresses were made by the Rev. A. W. Spooner, D. D., of Camden, N. J., on "The Claims of the Junior Society"; the Rev. L. C. Barnes, Pittsburg, on "The Sunday School"; Robert E. Speer, New York, on "Missions," and Walter C. Douglass, of this city, on "The Young Men's Christian Associations."

The Junior Rally.

The principal feature of the afternoon was the Junior rally, which was held in the Second regiment armory. The board of education had granted a holiday to all public school pupils who are members of the junior branch and several thousand of them marched to the armory in charge of E. O. Howell, of this city, chairman of the rally.

During the afternoon, the following committee conferences were held: Missionary committee, Rev. E. S. Hagan, York, leader; lookout committee, William M. Pepper, Sharon Hill, leader; Bible study and comrades of the quiet hour, M. D. Lathrope, Carbondale, leader; conference of county, district and local officers, Harry W. Keller, Pittsburg, leader.

Officers Elected.

President, Rev. Clarence E. Eberman, of Lancaster; secretary, H. C. Lincoln, Philadelphia; treasurer, J. Henry Stauff, Pittsburg; superintendents of junior work, Miss Minerva J. Early, of Harrisburg; missionary work, Rev. L. H. Waring, Scranton; good citizenship, Rev. G. W. Welsh, of Manheim; evangelistic work, Rev. Charles A. Oliver, York; correspondence work, Miss Anna B. Beard, of Norristown; press work, Rev. J. Stockton Roddy, Harrisburg; intermediate work, Jenks B. Robinson, Philadelphia; transportation agent, John M. Hitrick, Lancaster; historian, Charles E. Daniels, Scranton. Vice presidents: The Revs. Charles Roads, D. D.; J. W. Cochran, William M. Yater, Wayland Hoyt, D. D., and Floyd W. Tompkins, all of Philadelphia; J. T. McCrory and John Weidley, of Pittsburg; W. J. Lehman, Allegheny; Rufus W. Miller, D. D., Reading; B. Canfield Jones, Erie; Mahlon J. Kline, Harrisburg; R. G. Bannon, Williamsport; R. F. Y. Pierce, Scranton; W. A. Russell, Pittsburg; George McDonald, Altoona; W. H. Ball, Philadelphia, and J. C. Read, Pittsburg.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 22.—Arrived: Anchoria, Glasgow and Moville. Cleared: L'Aquitaine, Havre. Bremen—Arrived: Kaiserin Maria Theresa, from New York. Plymouth—Arrived: Auguste Victoria, New York for Cherbourg and Hamburg. Queenstown—Sailed: Teutonic (from Liverpool), New York. Lizard—Passed: La Champagne, New York for Havre. Rotterdam—Sailed: Potsdam, New York via Boulogne. Scilly—Passed: Bulgaria, New York for Hamburg.

POPE AGAIN ILL.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 22.—A dispatch to the Temps from Rome says the pope yesterday visited the Basilica of St. Peters and experienced such fatigue that he had to take to his bed. It is further claimed that he fainted twice.

TO PREACH IN ENGLISH.

Order of Bishop Eis in Michigan Causes Discord in His Diocese.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Ishpeming, Mich., Nov. 22.—A stir in Catholic circles in Marquette county, as well as in other parts of the diocese of Marquette and Saulte Ste Marie, has been created by an order which recently emanated from the episcopal office under hand and seal of Bishop Frederick Eis, and which, according to prominent Catholics of foreign birth, will result in a formal and public protest.

The order directed that all priests of the diocese should henceforth promulgate the gospel in the English language.

"We're all Americans," was the spirited manner in which the bishop's decree was made, but many of his parishioners feel that the patriotic movement, however commendable, is unwise owing to the injustice which will result from an enforcement of the episcopal order in a diocese where there is a large foreign element. As yet there has been no visible demonstration of discontent, but it exists in a strong decree, and there are unmistakable indications of a vigorous public protest. It is said an appeal may be taken to Rome.

ARTHUR SULLIVAN DEAD.

English Composer Expires Suddenly in London—Heart Disease the Cause of Death.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

London, Nov. 22.—Sir Arthur Sullivan, the musical composer, died today from heart disease. It occurred at 9 o'clock this morning. He was laughing and talking in his house a few minutes before he died.

Later it became known that Sir Arthur Sullivan had been ailing since he returned from Switzerland, in the middle of September last. He caught a chill there and his chest and lungs became affected. He took to his bed a fortnight ago, but was convalescing and sitting up in his bed just before he expired.

Arthur Seymour Sullivan was born in London on May 14, 1842. His musical career was begun twelve years later, when he entered the choir of the Chapel Royal, Windsor, as a chorister. A year later he published his first song, and was elected the first Mendelssohn scholar. He studied a year in the Royal Academy of Music, under Sterndale Bennett and Goss, and in 1858 went to Leipsic, where he stayed for three years, studying with Moschelles, Hauptmann, Richter, Plaidy and others, during which time he wrote his first music that marked him as a composer of promise, the overture to Lalla Rookh, some string quartettes and his incidental music to Shakespeare's "The Tempest."

Sullivan's contributions to serious music were many and important. His orchestral and choral works were among the best that England has produced. Among his choral works may be mentioned Kenilworth (1864), the Prodigal Son (1869), the Light of the World (1873), the Martyr of Antioch (1880), and the Golden Legend (1886). He wrote also two ballets, l'Ile enchante (1864) and Victorian and Merrie England (1897), and incidental music to the Tempest, the Merchant of Venice, Merry Wives of Windsor, Henry VIII, Macbeth and King Arthur.

But it will be as a composer of opera, and especially of light opera, that he will be best remembered, and it is in work of that class that he takes such an important place in musical history, one with which that of Offenbach in France alone is comparable. As early as 1867 he began work in that line, his first attempt being the comic piece, "Box and Cox," which still is given at amateur entertainments. That was followed in the same year by "The Contrabandista," a work which was rewritten six years ago for Francis Wilson and achieved only a moderate success under the name of "The Chieftain." In 1871 came a third and now almost forgotten work called "Thespis."

Then came an alliance which had as its result a series of masterly pieces of a light nature which stand out alone in comic opera as being unapproached by any of that genre. Sullivan's partnership with W. S. Gilbert began in 1875 and was continued uninterrupted for fifteen years, in which time their work delighted the whole of the English-speaking race. Their first opera was "A Trial by Jury," a little piece which has not yet lost its freshness, and is still sung now and then. That was followed by "The Zoo" (1875) and "The Sorcerer" (1877). The former was little known in this country and the latter never had much popularity, although it has been revived tom time to time at the Savoy in London.

But the next year, 1878, brought out "H. M. S. Pinafore." No one can forget the sensation that made in this country. It was a revelation of the possibilities which lay in this form of amusement.

"Pinafore" was followed by "The Pirates of Penzance" in 1880. Then came "Patience" in 1881, "Iolanthe" in 1882, "Princess Ida" (not so successful as the last) in 1884, "The Mikado" in 1885, "Ruddigore" in 1877, "The Yeoman of the Guard" in 1888 and "The Gondoliers" in 1889.

The height of excellence was reached in "The Mikado," for, although the last three named had decided merits, and "The Gondoliers" especially achieved considerable popularity, none of them was so successful as the preceding ones and are now rarely heard.

In the meantime Sullivan had turned his attention to grand opera and wrote "Ivanhoe" (1891) and "Haddon Hall" (1892), but it was plain that his talent did not lie in that direction, and neither of them had more than a succes d'estime. With F. C. Burnand he rewrote "The Contrabandista" under the title of "The Chieftain," but it was practically a failure. In 1894 he wrote "The Grand Duke," also with Burnand; in 1898, with Pinero, he wrote "The Beauty Stone," and last year with Basil Hood he wrote "The Rose of Persia." At the time of his death he was putting the finishing touches to another piece, of which Hood was the librettist, an Irish opera. But much of his old-time facility had left him, his spontaneity had gone, and while his music was immensely superior to that of most men writing comic opera, hampered by poor librettos he was unable to make enduring successes.

HUNGARIAN'S SUICIDE.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Hazleton, Pa., Nov. 22.—Frank Arch, one of the Hungarians under bail on the charge of rioting at Oneida, Schulykill county, during the recent coal strike, committed suicide today by shooting himself through the head. John Harcur, another striker, also of Oneida, is on trial this week at Pottsville on the charge of murdering Ralph Mills, the guard who was killed during the riot. Arch was to stand trial next week.

KILLED BY HER HUSBAND.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 22.—Mrs. Ellen Young, 56 yeahs of age, was shot last night by her husband, John Young, 70 years of age, died today, and the aged murderer is in custody. The couple had quarreled frequently and it is claimed by Young that his wife threatened to kill him. Securing a shotgun the old man sent a charge of bird shot into his wife's face and neck.

MR. JONES REVIVES

Allows Himself to Be Interviewed for the First Time Since the Election.

THE RESULT A SURPRISE

All Democrats Were So Confident of Success That the Sweeping Republican Victory Came as a Severe Shock—He Believes Mr. Bryan to Be a Great Man—Uncertain as to the Coming Issues—Thinks the Silver Question May Solve Itself.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Little Rock, Ark, Nov. 22.—United States Senator James K. Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, spent the day in Little Rock and left tonight for Washington. Before leaving he said in an interview:

The election result was a great surprise to all Democrats. All were so confident of success that the sweeping Republican victory came as a severe shock. Even on the evening of the day before election reassuring telegrams came from leaders that New York was safe for Bryan and from leaders in other pivotal states that the Democrats were sure to win. It was these forecasts that buoyed up to the last moment and made the actual result more startling.

But Mr. Bryan is a great man, one of the greatest in America today and his influence will be felt for many years to come in American politics. He is a giant in intellect and simply indefatigable in the prosecution of a campaign. Whether he will be a candidate for the presidency in the near future remains to be seen, but it is not probable that he will. It is more reasonable to presume that he would decline the nomination even should it be offered to him.

Reorganization? Oh, that's all nonsense. There's nothing in it and it will blow over in thirty days. It is precipitated by those who deserted the party and gave aid and comfort to the enemy and does not represent the strength or the spirit of the genuine Democracy. What they should do is to adopt all the policies of the Republican party and be Democrats only in name. But granting that there is cause or strength for so-called reorganization who has the power within the party to do it now? Not the disgruntled disorganizers who have raised the issue. If there is to be a reorganization of national committee or platform it cannot be done for four years or until the next national convention.

As to Issues.

As to the issues they must depend largely upon the national and international developments of the next four years. It may be laid down primarily, however, that the Democratic party will never vary from its established fundamentals, a strict construction of the constitution and an unswerving adherence to its principles and an economically administered government for the benefit of the governed. The silver question may solve itself. Should the amount of gold produced be ample to maintain a sufficient volume of metallic money and insure the stability of prices the silver question will be subordinated; but should the supply fall short of the demands of trade, the silver question will be made prominent. The question of imperialism may also find a solution outside the ballot box. I believe the Supreme court will decide against the Porto Rico tariff, and should this be done, there will follow on the part of the Republicans a fight against the retention of the Philippines. But just what the issues of 1904 will be no one can predict with any degree of certainty.

IN PATH OF THE STORM.

The Casualty List Increased by Latest Reports—Much Suffering Will Result.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 22.—Latest reports from the districts swept by Tuesday's storm show that seven persons lost their lives in Williamson county.

One more death, that of Clayton Tucker, has occurred near Columbia, making the total in that section twenty-four. Three persons injured at Nolensville are in a critical condition.

Three members of the Ellis family at Walnut lake, Tunica county, Miss., were killed.

Clarence Thomas, living near Corinth, Miss., was carried away by the wind and no trace of him has been found.

In Arkansas, six dead and 25 injured have been reported. The victims are principally negroes. Much suffering is reported. The streams are swollen, and altogether the storm section presents a scene of terrible devastation.

LUNATIC IN THE CAPITOL.

Enters in the Night and Damages Books and Furniture.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Emrich Waldo, an escaped lunatic, broke into the room of the committee on public buildings and grounds of the house of representatives at the capitol, this morning at 12.30 o'clock, and before he was captured by the police he had damaged furniture and books to the extent of about $300.

He was turned over to the city police, who say that he is an inmate of the government hospital for the insane.

DIED AT 101 YEARS.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Philadelphia, Nov. 22.—Mrs. Thomas Flourney, died at her home here last night in her one hundred and first year. She was the wife of General Flourney, an officer in the war of 1812 and her father was Major Reading Howell, of Philadelphia, a distinguished soldier of the revolution. The swords he used in the service hang on the walls of Independence hall. In her younger days she was celebrated for her beauty.

POSTMASTER'S SUICIDE.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

London, O., Nov. 22.—Frank Speasmaker, postmaster of London, and a prominent business man, committed suicide today.

RECEIPTS FROM WAR REVENUE.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 22.—The receipts from the war revenue act for the first four months of the present fiscal year were $38,398,856.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today.
GENERALLY FAIR.

1 General—President Kruger in France.
Chairman Jones Was Surprised at the Election.
Endeavorers Elect Officers.
Stormy Passage of the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse.
2 General—Carbondale News Department.
3 Local—Dinner to Judge Kelly.
Patrick Carden Was Lucky.
4 Editorial.
Literary Gossip.
5 Local—Greenwood Hotel Man's Suicide.
Purpose of the Keller Bill in Equity.
6 Local—West Scranton and Suburban.
7 General—Northeastern Pennsylvania News, Financial and Commercial.
8 Local—Live News of the Industrial World.

DAMAGE FROM THE BIG WIND STORM

Trains on Western Railroads Obliged to Move with Great Caution. Traffic Seriously Delayed.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Denver, Nov. 22.—It is impossible for the railroads to estimate the amount of damage suffered from the wind storm which swept the lines for nearly one hundred miles along the base of the mountains yesterday and last night. The wires were blown down and trains are moved with great caution in the absence of telegraphic orders, seriously delaying traffic. Many freight cars on sidings had their roofs blown off, station buildings were damaged more or less all through the storm region and the tracks were strewn with wreckage, which further retarded the movement of trains.

Between Pueblo and Colorado Springs houses were damaged, haystacks blown away and out-buildings demolished. The property loss will be heavy among the ranchmen. In the city of Colorado Springs the property loss amounts to $100,000.

GREAT BATTLE WITH THE ICE COMPANIES

The Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company Endeavors to Control Water on Pocono Mountains.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Stroudsburg, Pa., Nov. 22.—A great legal fight is on in the Monroe county courts between the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company, which furnishes power to many corporations in leading cities along the line of the Lehigh Valley and the large ice companies whose plants are located in the Pocono mountains in this county. A few days ago an injunction was issued by the Monroe county court on application of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company, restraining the American Ice company from erecting dams or pools in the Lehigh river or its tributaries for the purpose of forming and gathering ice.

The American Ice company paid no attention to the court's order and an attachment for contempt was issued against the company by the court, and a rule was granted to show cause why a rule of sequestration should not be granted against the American Ice company, lessee of the Pocono Spring Water company.

On argument, however, before Judge Craig and associates today the American Ice company was relieved of the charge of contempt. General Frank Reeder, counsel for the company, having filed an answer claiming that the American Ice company had no control or authority whatever over the pond or dam of the Pocono Spring Water ice company, which company is the real owner, the American Ice company being only the lessee. An injunction has now been obtained by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company against the Pocono Spring Water Ice company. The argument on the injunction issued last week against the American Ice company and the Tobyhanna Water Supply company will be heard tomorrow.

The fight between the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company and the ice companies is due entirely to the present drought. The Lehigh Coal and Navigation company denies the right of any corporation or individual to go upon the Lehigh river or its tributaries, which are the Tobyhanna and Tunkhannock creeks, in Monroe county (they being in fact the water shed), and erect dams or pools for the purpose of gathering ice, thereby holding the flow of the water.

GETS $10,000 FOR A DOG BITE.

Supreme Court Affirms a Decision in Favor of a Michigan Child.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Nov. 22.—The decision in the United States supreme court in the case of Ruth I Fye vs. Charles A. Chapin, sustains the decision of former Circuit Judge George M. Buck. Henry Fye, father of a little girl, brought suit for $25,000 damages against Chapin for damages inflicted by the latter's $400 Newfoundland dog on the child. The jury gave complainant damages for $10,000, which Judge Buck doubled under an obsolete law.

VERMONT AGAINST LOCAL OPTION.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Montpelier, Vt., Nov. 22.—The high license local option bill with referendum order was defeated in the legislature today. The vote against the measure in the senate was 17 to 13; in the house 149 to 92.

HORSE SHOW WEEK.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 22.—Thursday and Friday of horse show week have, barring excessively disagreeable weather, proved the banner days of past exhibits and it will doubtless be the same this year as today's attendance was the largest of the exhibition.

BIG STEAMER'S STORMY TRIP

The Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse Injured by the Gales in Mid-Ocean.

GROUNDED NEAR PORT

The North German Lloyd Vessel Arrives Forty-eight Hours Overdue, and to Add to Other Misfortunes, Is Stuck in the Mud in the Lower Bay After Passing Sandy Hook. Wrecking Steamers Summoned. Passengers Disgusted.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 22.—The North German Lloyd steamer, the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, arrived today, forty-eight hours overdue, and to add to her other misfortunes, grounded in the lower bay, after passing in Sandy Hook. The cause of her delay was primarily the weather. From the moment of leaving Cherbourg on Nov. 14, she experienced stormy weather. At times the seas boarded the high side craft and caused some damage to her rails and fittings. On the 16th at 8 p. m. one blade of the port propeller was lost and the engineers were obliged to slow down the engines. This, with the successive gales, reduced the daily average of the steamer over 100 knots. The following days the weather continued stormy.

On the 21st a coal trimmer named Knick, jumped overboard and was lost. He was a German about 17 years of age.

Today a Sandy Hook pilot boarded the vessel. On rounding the southwest spit, the steamer being under too much headway to turn the sharp angle of the channel ran into the mud. Later, in backing off she fouled a spar buoy and it is supposed that the chain wound about the propeller as the vessel stopped and was unable to move. Two wrecking steamers went to her assistance, but the captain and pilot thought the tugs were not able to tow the vessel in. A diver's services will be used tomorrow morning to ascertain the exact condition before any attempt is made to move her.

When it was learned that the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse had grounded in the lower bay, the deputy health officer went with the revenue cutter to the steamer and examined the passengers and granted pratique. The Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse has on board 325 saloon, 328 second cabin and 673 steerage passengers.

The passengers did not appear to be in any way excited tonight, but all were disgusted at the sudden stoppage so close to shore, and many chafed at the delay which resulted in their detention on board for another night. The two wrecking tugs are lying nearby to render any assistance necessary.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DIRECTORS.

Board Elected for Next Year at a Meeting in New York.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 22.—The following-named were elected to the board of directors of the associated Press at the meeting of the members last night:

Frank B. Noyes, the Washington Star; Charles W. Knapp, the St. Louis Republic; Victor F. Lawson, Chicago Record and Chicago Daily News; Stephen O'Meara, Boston Journal; Albert J. Barr, Pittsburg Post; Harvey W. Scott, Portland Oregonian and Portland Telegram; George Thompson, St. Paul Dispatch; W. L. McLean, Philadelphia Evening Bulletin; Don C. Seitz, New York World; Herman Ridder, New York Staats Zeitung; Thomas G. Rapier, New Orleans Picayune; Charles P. Taft, Cincinnati Times-Star; Charles H. Grasty, Baltimore Evening News; Whitelaw Reid, New York Tribune; M. H. DeYoung, San Francisco Chronicle.

WM. SIMMS HANGED.

He Warned Men Not to Marry Too Young.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Uniontown, Nov. 22.—William Simms, colored, who shot and killed his wife, Lillie Belle Simms, at Dunbar, Pa., on Aug. 16, 1899, was hanged in the Fayette county jail at 10.42 a. m. today, in the presence of six hundred people. The execution passed off quietly. Simms met his death unflinchingly.

Last night he gave out a letter claiming that the crime was committed in anger because of infidelity. He warned all to be careful whom they married, and not to marry too young.

PITTSBURG COAL TO MOVE.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Pittsburg, Nov. 22.—The movement of coal to the southern markets commenced in the Monongahela and Ohio pools today and shippers hope to send ten million bushels southward within the next forty-eight hours, notwithstanding the strike of mine engineers which is retarding them to some extent. The total amount of coal awaiting shipment is thirty million bushels.

SHAFT TO BE REOPENED.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press.

Shamokin, Nov. 22.—The Union Coal company announced today that the Scott shaft which was abandoned in 1894 would be reopened as soon as possible. A breaker will be constructed on the site between here and Mt. Carmel and when in operation will give employment to 500 men and boys.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Forecast for Eastern Pennsylvania: Generally fair Friday and Saturday; fresh south to west winds.