# NORTHEASTERN **PENNSYLVANIA**

### MONTROSE.

Special to the Scranton Tribune. Montrose, Oct. 25 .- Daniel Merrill and son, Ray, were at Scranton this week, attending the funeral of Mr. Merrill's brother, the late Andrew J. Merrill. Miss Edith Brown, of Forest City who has been visiting at Sheriff

Maxey's, has returned home.

M. Joseph Burke, who was employed in Knoll's barber shop during the summer, has relinquished his position to accept a similar one in Cleveland, O. Miss Maude McKeage, after spending a year with her sister, Mrs. R. James

McCausland, in this place, has returned to her home at Clarksville, Tenn. Mrs. Mary J. Mooney, musical instructor in the public schools of Susquehanna and organist at St. John's church in that place, has been visiting

friends in this place.
M. J. O'Brien is on a business trip to Elmira, Ithaca, Binghamton and Les-

Dr. B. F. Carey and family, of this place, who compose the Oregon Indian Medicine Troupe, have closed their summer home in this place, and started on their winter tour, giving entertain ments and selling medicine.

George P. Little, esq., and daughter, Anna, were the guests of Binghamton friends the first of the week. Dr. W. R. Dunton, of Germantown, is

spending a few days at his fine country seat, "The Wayside," in this place.
John A. Hickok, steward of the Montrose borough poor farm, is critically ill. Grand jury convenes in this place on

Monday next. Argument court will also be held next week. Ira H. Levy is on a business trip to New York city.

isaac M. Price, esq., of Philadelphia, delivered a stirring address before the McKinley and Rooseveli club of this prace last evening.
Dr. John G. Wilson is having his resi-

dence, on Maple street, improved by the application of a handsome coat of Mrs. E. R. Gardner has gone to the

Adirondacks, where she will spend the Floyd Kinney is recovering from a

severe Illness.

A. W. Payne is out again, after being laid up for several days with a severe attack of rheumatism.

rose Electric Light company, is perfecting arrangements by which the exhaust steam from the electric light plant will be utilized to heat the court house, school building and several bust-

Frank Fassett, a denizen of Smokey Hollow, took possession of a horse

While H. D. Jones and little daughter were out driving Tuesday night, their carriage collided with another vehicle and Mr. Jones was thrown out. The horse took fright and ran at a maddening pace along Depot street and onto Church street. Near the Methodist church the horse broke loose from the carriage and continued its wild run until stopped a short distance beyond The little girl had pluckly kept her seat, but when the buggy became released from the horse it went backwards down Bank street a short distance and turned over, tipping the child out, but not injuring her at all. A miraculous escape, indeed.

### James Reed Injured.

Mr. James Reed struck his leg against a cake of ice in such a manner as to bruise it severely. It became very much swollen and pained him so hadly that he could not walk without the aid of crutches. He was treated by physicians, also used several kinds of liniment and two and a half gallons of whisky in bathing it, but nothing gave any relief until he began using Chamberlain's Pain Baim. This brought almost a complete cure in a week's time and he believes that had he not used this remedy his leg would have had to be amputated. Mr. Reed is one of the leading merchants of Clay Court House, W. Va. Pain Balm is unequaled for sprains, bruises and rheumatism. For sale by all druggists. Matthew Bros., wholesale and retail

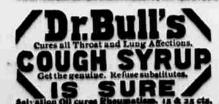
### NEW MILFORD.

Special to the Scranton Tribune. New Milford, Oct. 25.—The Ladies' Working Guild met in the lecture room of the Presbyterian church this

Mrs. Charles Ainey, of Montrose, is spending a few days with her grand-

father, Mr. H. Garratt. , Miss Ciara Inderlied left today for aterson, N. J., where she will spend hree or four weeks with relatives. Robert Harby, of Walton, N. Y., as a guest at the home of F. G. Aderlied a few days last week

Kijima O Masa Sam and Nakanishi A Shiru San, two Japanese ladies who are studying in America, will render a



delightful programme under the supervision of Miss Dorsey, a missionary from Japan at the Presbyterian church Friday evening. These ladies will wear the native dress and with their curious home fittings and odd temple furniture, show you more of the "Sunrise Kingdom," its manners and customs, than you could learn in a month from books. Following is the programme to be rendered: Buddhist temple worship, Shinto temple worship, morning scene, hoonday scene, evening scene, writing scene, receiving a present, children's games, Japanese songs and recitations, carrying the baby, the Japanese bride, "thank you" and good night.

### FACTORYVILLE.

Special to the Scranton Tribune. Factoryville, Oct. 25.-Hallock Reynolds, who left here for New York some time ago, where he accepted a position and commenced his duties as a carpenter. Wednesday he was brought home by his father in a bruised and mangled condition, having fallen from a building to the ground a distance of thirty-five feet on a pile of landing stones. He in company with another workman was working on a roof when the scaffolding give away, and they went down together. Hallock received a bad cut in the leg. His back was hurl and he was injured otherwise. The other man was more seriously wounded. Mr. Reynolds is resting as comfortably as possible under the circumstances.

Mrs. D. C. Roe, Mrs. Fred M. Osterhout and Mrs. Wilson Stark, delegates to the state convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance union at Uniontown, Pa., returned yesterday. Thomas Henry, who has been in the employ of Fred Osterhout as tonsorial artist for several years, has left town.

# LYMAN J. GAGE

[Concluded from Page 1.]

Dr. and Mrs. Wirt H. Conklin have returned from their wedding trip.
Fayette Sprout returned this week to Scranton, where he is attending a business college.
Louis Titman entertained a large number of young people at a party given last evening at his home on South Cherry street.
Cottage prayer meetings are being held in Montrose, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian association.
John Howard, of Camptown, was transacting business in town on Tuesday.

J. M. Jeffers, president of the Montrose Electric Light company, is perfecting arrangements by which the extended. Since that time the mints have in these dollars on a parity with gold. In 1885 the purchasing clause of the Sherman law was repealed. Since that time the mints have in truth been engaged in coining up the purchased buillion. But mark this: Through the law, and by the operation of the treasury, the dollars have been kept equal to gold. They are paid out only by the government, and against the receipt by the government of an equal amount in gold, or in service rendered, or goods bought. With the government's guarantee of parity, and the quantity limited, it is manifestly an indifferent circumstance whether the ratio were 16 which he found hitched on a street in Susquehanna. The animal belonged to Watson Reynolds, who followed up the thief and captured him in Windsor, N. Y. Fassett now languishes in Jail at Montrose, having registered there on Monday.

A grand rally of the Republicans of Susquehanna-county will be held in this place on the afternoon and evening of Friday. November 2. Lieutenant Governor Gobin, Major Everett Warren, A. J. Colborn, esq., and Judge William H. Jessup will address the people upon the political issues of the day. There will be a day parade, a torchlight parade, music, fireworks, etc. It promises to be a big day in this old town. nickel-five cents." "What is the metal in the coin worth?" Judge: "I don't know." Banker: "I will tell you. It is worth about six-tentis of one cent. Now, with so small value in itself, how does it come to be worth five cents?" Judge: "Why, the government, having issued it for five cents, and having received five cents for it, will redeem it for five cents in gold won't it?" Banker: "Yes, you have it exactly. You have described what is perfectly analogous to the truth regarding the silver dollar. The government buys the silver got analogous to the truth regarding the silver dollar. The government buys the silver got analogous to the truth regarding the silver dollar. The government buys the silver got the market price, now about sixty cents, stamps a certain quantity of it a dollar, gets a dollar for it when it pays one out and redeems it when presented for redemption." Judge: "Does the government redeem it with a gold dollar?" Banker: "Not but it does substantially the same thing. It receives it as the equivalent of a gold dollar in the payment of customs dues. Heing as efficient as gold for that purpose, it is now the equal of gold for all purposes. At the same time it does this, it pays gold to every one that wants it and has a claim or demand on the treasury. They the parity is maintained." I have been obliged to say so much by way of explanation or preface to my main question. The Real Interest of Wage-Earners.

explanation or preface to my main question.

The Real Interest of Wage-Earners.

How would the interests of wage-earners and salary paid people be affected if the Democratic Bryan proposition should be realized? In the year 1895 t had a conversation with one of the brightest and most capable business men of the west. He was engaged in large affairs—an employer of labor, a bank president, and a man of reputed wealth. He said to me: "I am persuaded that it is for the interest of the people of the United States to open the mints for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, and get on to the silver standard as soon as possible," I said to him: "It is surprising to hear such a statement from you. You must have thuoght it well over; you can, I know, make your thought and reasoning perfectly clear. Explain to me how it will drop all objection and espouse the cause at once." This was his explanation: "We have come to a time," he said, "when a protective tariff no longer protects. Under the Wilson bill, which, though a Democratic measure, is still protective, our factories are idle, labor is out of employment, and general business languishes. The truth is, we can not compete in manufacturing with the older countries, where labor is cheap. Wages and salaries are too high late. The labor cost of what we manufacture is too great. We must reduce the labor cost. To undertake to reduce wages directly would simply breed strikes, locked, out, divolors and riots; but cannot you see," he continued, "that if we adopt silver as a standard money for our domestic use we will, while nominally paying the same wages, pay them in a kind of money which will be obtained at a cost, measured in finished problems; of not none than one-half the present cost in gold." "Yes," I replied, "I see this clearly. It is strictly true, but you sail it was for the interestate of the people. Don't you quognize the wage-worker and the stailed man as the people? Your peoposition is a proposition to blindfald their eyes while you pick their pocket

### Wages Reduced One-Half.

Was the gentleman right? Would the free collage of silver and the consequent adoption of the silver standard in our domestic affairs have the effect he predicted? Would it deprive the wage-garner of one-half his present reward? I have no more doubt of the truth of it than I have doubt that grapes grow grapes or that thistles grow thistles. grow thisties.

You can see it for yourself if you will reasy
try. Give attention now. It is not difficult. It
is simple. You work for pay. In what are you

paid? You will say, "In money." That is true, but the money is only an intermediary to that in which you are really paid, viz., things that you use and consume. The value of your work is measured finally by what your work will procure. You are paid two dollars per day, in good or its equivalent. Two dollars per day, in good or its equivalent. Two dollars will buy a sack of flour, a pair of shoes, or a thousand pounds of coal, and so on. The value of your labor is, therefore, equal to the value of a sack of flour, a pair of shoes, a thousand pounds of coal, or what not.

Now, among other things your labor pay will buy is silver. With two dollars of the money in which you are now nead you can buy 1,000 grains of silver buillion. That quantity of silver buillion has its exchangeable value all over the world. In our market 1,600 grains of silver are equal in value to a sack of flour, a pair of shoes, or a thousand pounds of coal. In other words, your labor pay and 1,600 grains of silver are equal these things that minister to the comfort and happiness of yourselves and your families. Let us now examine the free-silver proposition. It is simply this: Open the minus to everybody, Permit the owners of silver to bring in 371½ grains of silver. Stamp it one dollar and give it back to them. Clothe that dollar with legal tender quality, so that it may be lawfully used to pay debts. That is all. It is simple chough, isn't it? But we know that one dollar of our present kind of money—the money in which you are paid your salaries and your wages—is worth, not 3714 grains, but more than 500 grains for your pay than the equivalent of 500 grains for your pay than the equivalent of 500 grains for your pay than the equivalent of 500 grains for your pay than the equivalent of 500 grains for your pay than the equivalent of 500 grains for your pay than the equivalent of 500 grains for your pay than the equivalent of 500 grains for your pay than the equivalent of 500 grains for your pay than the equivalent of 500 grains for your pay th

grains for your pay than the equivalent of 31/8 grains?

And yet, if you consent to the free-silver pregramme, if Bryan and his Democratic-Populistic Silveristic supporters come into power, that programme will be adopted, and you inevitably get your pay in the new dollars containing 371½ grains of fine silver. Before you vote for this sort of lusiness be wise enough to get a stipulation from your employers that you shall then be paid, as you are now paid, in something equivalent to 800 grains of silver. If you do not do so, you will get the equivalent of only 371½ grains for every dollar paid you. Can you attend if you do not do so, you will get the equivalent of only 371½ grains for every dollar paid you. Can you attend if you do not do so. ord it?
But they will tell you that these new dollars,

But they will tell you that these new dollars, containing 371½ grains, will be as valuable then as 800 grains are now. They will tell you that a dollar is a dollar, and that free coinage will bring the value of the bullion up to its coinage value. So that then 371½ grains will be worth a dollar. That is true in one sense, but it is not true in essence or in fact. Three hundred and seventy-one and one-fourth grains in silver bullion will be indeed worth one of the new silver dollars, because with that number of grains you can get one of the new dollars, and one of the new dollars will be worth 371½ grains of silver, because there are just 371½ grains in it; but the question—the question in which you are interested—is this. What will be the value of that dollar in which I am now paid? You know the value of your present dollars. Are you prepared to guarantee to yourselves and to your families that these now proposed dollars will be ef equal or even of approximate value? No, gentlemen, you cannot afford to do so. Take the risk of such an empty chance if you will, but when the hour of your grief and disappointment shall come, as come it surely will, then lame yourselves, but absolve the Republican party from any responsibility for the adversities you will suffer.

The Banking and Business Interest. But the Democratic orators will tell you that what I am saying is the voice of the banker, and that the banker has a special interest in the gold standard; that gold is the rich man's money and silver is the poor man's, and other rot of that kind. I want to speak a moment of the banker's position. I want to show you, as I readily can, that the banker, it he had regard only for an immediate and ill-gotten profit, would himself advocate the free-coinage measure of the Democrats. Let's see how he could are of the Democrats. Let's see how he could

would himself advocate the free-coinage measure of the Democrats, Let's see how he could make it serve his profit.

Assume that the free coinage law would be operative in two years. Knowing this, the banker, having, say, \$500,000 in deposits, could buy at the present market price, say, one million Mexican deduce, or an amount of silver equal there to in bullion, each one a little heavier and a little finer than the proposed silver dollars. The mint being opened, he could take his one million Mexicans to the mint and receive in return one million and fourteen thousand of the new American dellars. With these in hand, and they being lead tender, he could pay off his deposits with 500,000 of the coins and keep 514,000 of them as the reward of his shrewdness. His reat profit would not be \$514,000. They would be cheep dellars, and compared with gold dollars, would possess but Laff their purchasing power, so we must divide the \$514,000 by 2, which gives him a net profit of \$257,000 on the transaction. You will ask then, why with such possibilities so we must divide the \$314,000 by 2, which gives him a net profit of \$257,000 on the transaction. You will ask, then, why with such possibilities before them, the bankers oppose the measure. I will tell you truly. It is because they foresee, as everyene who understands the matter must foresee, that with the adoption of the measure gold would disappear into private hoards; the reserves of the banks, now largely in gold, would be drawn out; they would be forced to contract their loans; a general and exhausting liquidation would take place; merchants and manutacturers would fail, and in the general wreck and ruin the banker would be exempt from the general disaster. Shops and factories would be closed; a sharp halt would be called on all enterprises; labor would go into idleness; wages would be reduced, and general misery realized. There would be a resurrection, no doubt. Our country is too. be a resurrection, no doubt. Our country is too great, its resources too manifold, to long remain in bankruptcy and idleness. With the old wrecks cleared away, we would begin again. The new silver money would be the money standard and the common medium of exchange, and after inconceivable disaster we would have the chronic condition of a fluctuating currency now enjoyed in our neighboring tepublic, Mexico.

Value of the New Coins.

Value of the New Coins.

Mexico has her mints open to the free coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16½ to 1; but all of her gold goes abroad. She is hopelessly on the silver standard, and her dollars, heavier in weight and finer in quality than ours have a value always rising or falling as the price of silver bullion rises and falls in the world's market. The average value of the Mexican dollar is about 50 cents in gold. It sometimes talls to 48; it sometimes rises to 52 or 53. Compared to gold, the extreme fluctuations in value within the limits of a single year are as much as 10 per cent.

Our free silver coinage advocates, notably Mr. Bryan, assure us that it will be different here;

Our free silver coinage advocates, notably Mr. Bryan, assure us that it will be different here; they tell us that Mexico is a small country, while we are a great people, eighty millions in number, and that the demand here will bring the new silver dollar up to par. They torget that the Mexican dollar is current money in all of China, the Straits Settlements, the Philippines, and all the islands of the Pacine. Not less than four hundred millions of people use Mexican dollars in preference to gold, and yet the power of those dollars the world over is substantially 50 cents in gold.

No, my friends, values will not respond to the Bryan reasoning. Neither parliaments nor congresses, kings nor president, can change or annul

gresses, kings nor president, can change or annul natural laws of economic relationship Stops the Cough and works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets

cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No

## THE MARKETS.

Pay. Price 25 cents.

Wall Street Review.

Wall Street Review.

New York, Oct. 25.—According to the phrase of the profedonal traders in stocks a reaction in prices was theoretically due today. Prices generally show tosses on the day. A studen and characteristic breas in Sugar in the final hour had not a little to do with the decisive course of the market downward. Sugar suffered from very heavy liquidation after its resent sharp rise which was not accounted for by any news. Today's break was equally without exchanation except the fact of the previous rise and the resulting realizance. The drop in Sugar extended to 5½ points. Total sales, 689,700 shares. The bond market was not very active today, but prices were firmly field. Itaal sales, nar value, 82,300,000. United Staes 5s advanced & per cent, on the last call.

The following quotations are furnished The Pribune by M. S. Jordan & Co., romas 705-706 Mears building, Scranton, Pa. Telephone 5003: Open- High- Low- Clos.

ing.	est.	est.	ing.
American Sugar125	12554	12212	1223
American Tubacco Ost.	141.0	9.34	96
Am. S & W	8614	3554	4.54
Atch., To & S. Fe 32%	321	3212	3323
A. T. & S. F., Pr 74%	750	7419	745
Brooklyn Traction 60	6454	60	624
Balt. & Ohio 75%	70	70%	751
Cant. Tobacco 30	30	1916	1258
Ches & Ohio	30%	994	25125
Chic. & G. W 115	1134	1194	117
Chie., B. & O	1286		1279
Chie B. & Q	11644	11016	11.51
Rock Island100	100	16as : 2	1083
Delaware & Hudson 11374	1105	11484	1133
Luckawaona	178	175	170
Federal Steel 391	4125	7324	22543
Federal Steel, Pr asta	diam'r.	6816	610
Kan. & Tex., Pr 2255	2023	3236	28:5-3
Lantis, & Nash 7014	7645	7504	735
Manhattan Ede 97%	105.54	11714	1974
Met. Traction Co	16354	161.5A	1615
Missattel Paritie 5544	(March	44.56	20
People's Gas 94	105.14	16124	5004
N. J. Central	136	135	136
Southern Pacific 20%	317-24	3614	257.5
Norfolk & Western 374	227 Tox	117.54	
North Pacific 57%	52.76	54152	365
North, Pacific, Pr 731.	7344	7.1	7.1
A. V. CentralEki	13315	11212	133
Out. & West 227k	24	23%	1944
Penna. R. R	135%	13114	135
Pacific Mail 4214	44	42	43
Reading 1774	1696	1736	189
Reading. Pr (a)	0054	504	5995
Southern R. R 1356	1314	14%	1.27
Southern R. R., Pr 5714	3234	57	57
Tenn., C. & Iron 5014	6015	5616	5049

## NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE PRICES. Open- High- Law- Clos.

WHEAT. 

Scranton Board of Trade Exchange Quotations-All Quotations Based on Par of 100.

on Par of 100.

STOCKS.
Bid.
First National Bank.
Scranton Savings Bank.
Scranton Packing Co.
Third National Bank.
Economy Light, H. & P. Co.
Lacka. Trust. Safe Deposit Co.
Lacka. Trust. Safe Deposit Co.
Scranton Paint Co.
Clark & Snover Co., Pr.
Scranton Iron Pence & Mig. Co.
Scranton Axle Works.
Lackawanna Dairy Co., Pr.
County Savings Bank & Trust. Co.
Sitandard Drilling Co.
Traders' National Bank.
BONDS. Scranton Bolt and Nut Co.

BONDS.
Scranton Passenger Railway, first
Mortgage, due 1920
People's Street Railway, first mortgage, due 1918
People's Street Railway, General mortgage, due 1921
Dickson Manufacturing Co.
Lacka Township School 5 per cent.
City of Scranton St. Imp. 6 per cent.
Scrantea Traction 6 per cent.

cent. ..... Scrantea Traction 6 per cent. .....

Scranton Wholesale Market. (Corrected by H. G. Dale, 27 Lackawanna Ave.) (Corrected by H. G. Dale, 27 Lackawanna Ave.)
Butter-Creamery, 2m24e; dairy tubs, 23c,
Eggs-Select western, 17c.; nearby state, 19c.
Cheese-Full cream, new, 11½c,
Beans-Per bu, choice marrow, \$2.40; medium,
\$2.30; pea, \$2.30.
Polatoes-60c,
Onions-50c, per bu,
Flour-Best patent, \$4.60.

115

Philadelphia Grain and Produce.

Philadelphia, Oct. 25.—Wheat—Firm. 34c. higher; contract grade. October, 71347119c. Cornsteady, No. 2 mixed obeloner, 44347119c. Octs—Unchanged; No. 2 white elipped. 28134235c; No. 3 do. do. 282547c; No. 2 mixed do. 284, 28135c; No. 3 do. do. 282547c; No. 2 mixed do. 284, 28135c; do. prints, 27c. Eggs—Firm; fresh nearby, 21c.; do. prints, 27c. Eggs—Firm; fresh nearby, 21c.; do. southern, 19c. Cheese—Quiet; Nev York full creams famy small, 11354113c; do. do. fair to choice, 10521134c. Refined Sugars—Unchanged. Cotton—Steady, Taflow—Chyprime, in hogsheads, 455475c; coarts do., barrels, 45%c.; dark, 45c.; cakes, 54c. Live Poultry—Steady; fowls, choice, 1052111c; do. fair to good, 95240c; old rossers, 6537c.; nearby spring chickens, Hal3c.; western do., 10412c. Receipts—Flour, 3,000 burrels and Lat2,000 pounds in sacks; wheat, 7,000 bushels; corn, 182,000 bushels; oars, 14,000 bushels. Shipments—Wheat, 51,000 bushels; cors, 115,000 bushels; cors, 115,000 bushels; cors, Philadelphia Grain and Produce.

New York Grain and Produce.

New York, Oct. 25.—Flour—Exports steady, market shade steadier but still neglected. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red, 78½c. I. o. b. affoat; 75½c. clevator; No. 1 northern Duluth, 84½c. I. o. b. affoat; potions firm in the carly dealings and after a setback expierienced a strong upturn and closed firm at Plat1½c. net advance: March closed 815½c.; May, 815½c.; October, 76½c.; December, 75½c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2, 45½c.; I. o. b. affoat; options steady to firm all day; closed partly ½a5½c. net higher; May closed 415½c.; October, 45c.; December, 42½c. Oats—Spot dull; No. 2, 25½c.; No. 3, 25c.; No. 2 white, 27½a335c.; options slow but steady. Butter—Steady; western cramery, 16a22½c.; factory, 15a 16c.; June creamery, 18a21c.; imitation creams— 16c.; June creamery, 18a21c.; imitation creamery, 14½a18c.; state dairy, 15a21c. Cheese—Steady; large white, 10%c.; small white, 11c.; large colored, 11c.; smal colored, 11c. Eggs—Quiet; state and Pennsylvania, 21a22c.; western regular packing, 17a19c.; western, loss off, 21c.

### Chicago Live Stock Market.

Chicago, Oct. 25.-Cattle-Recaipts, 8,500, Chicago, Oct. 25.—Cattle-Recaips, \$5,500, in-cluding 10 westerns and 800 Texans; generally steady to strong; natives best on sale today, three cars at \$5.85; god to prime steers, \$5,60ac, poor to medium, \$4,10a.50; selected feeders, slow, \$4,75a4.45; mixed stockers, weak, \$2,50a, 3,75; cows, \$2,80a1.35; hoi'ers, \$4,75a1.55; cin-ners, \$2,2,00; halls, \$2,7a1.50; calves, \$1a.50; Texans, best on sale today four cars at \$5,60; Texans ted steers, \$4,0a4.46; do, crass at \$5,60; mixed and unteners, \$4.5a4.89; good to choice heavy, \$4.5a4.85; rough heavy, \$4.40a4.50; light, \$4.36a4.85; bulk of sales, \$4.5a4.70. Sheep-Re-ceipts, 13.090; sheep and lambs, weak to shade lower; good to choice wethers, \$4.80a4.10; fair to choice mixed, \$2.40a3.00; western sheep, \$3.85a 4.10; Texas sheep, \$2.50a3.50; native lambs, \$4.25 a5.40; western, \$1.75a5.30.

### Chicago Grain and Produce.

Chicago Grain and Produce.
Chicago, Oct. 25.—Wheat was firm today on the big cash sales here yesterday, December closing Tgale, higher corn closed 4ke, and cats 4ka 4kc, up. Provisions at the close were 1245a29c, improved. Cash quotations were as follows; Flom—Quiet: No. 3 spring wheat, 65%a72%c.; No. 2 red, 75%a72%c.; No. 2 corn, 57%a384c.; No. 2 corn, 57%a384c.; No. 2 white, 25c.; No. 3 white, 234a25c.; No. 2 rvc. 47%a38c.; No. 1 flax seed, 81.7641.78; No. 1 rorthwest, \$1.79; timothy, \$1.30; pork, \$11.50; lard, \$6.6742a7; ribs, \$6.60a6.85; shoulders, Clan 642c.; sides, \$6.75a6.85; whiskey, \$1.27.

East Liberty Stock Market.

East Liberty, Oct. 25.—Cattle—Steady; extra, \$5.50a5.65; prime, \$5.20a5.55; common, \$2.55a 2.75. Hogs—Lower; prime heavies and best mediums, \$4.00a1.292; heavy Yorkers, \$4.90; light do., \$4.85a1.20; roughs, \$3a4.65. Sheep—Slow; choice wethers, \$3.85a4; common, \$4.50a 2.50; choice lambs, \$3a5.10; common to good, \$5a4.85; yeal calves, \$7a7.50.

New York Live Stock Market. New York, Oct. 25.-Beeves-Nominally steady; Act 1076, 161, 20, necess - community ready, search, search, common grasers, \$2.40; ted calves, \$4. Sinep and Lambs—Slow, prices steady; sheep, \$2.50at; culls, \$1.50a2; lambs, \$4.50a.55; two curs extra, \$5.75; no Canada lambs. Hogs—Market lower at \$5a

SHERIFF'S SALES

SHERIFF'S SALES

# Valuable Real Estate

FRIDAY, NOV. 16, 1900

By virtue of sundry write of Fieri Facias, Levari Facias and Venditiom Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Lackawanna County, to me directed, I will expose to public sale by vendue or outery, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, at the court house, in the City of Scranton, Lackawanna, County, on FRIDAY, the SIXTEENTH DAY of NOVEMBER, A. D., 1960, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described lots, pieces or parcels of land, viz.:

or parcels of land, viz.:

No. 1.—All the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land bounded and described as follows, to wit: Situate in the City of Scranton, County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, and known as Lot No. 2, in Block No. 1 of Thurston's Addition to the City of Scranton, said lot adjoins corner lot on Jones rirect, fifty (20) feet in front on Main Road to Providence, on the west side of the Lackawanna river and one hundred (100) feet deep, and is the land conveyed by Henry Thurston et us. to Fannie Arnold, the thirty-first day of October, 1873. Recorded in Lackawanna County Deed Book No. 3, page 102, etc. All improved with two two-story frame dwelling houses and other outbuildings thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of New Schiller Building and Loan association of Scranton, Pa., vs. A. W. Sertholf, executor of Samuel Arnold, deceased. Debt. \$900. Judgment No. 457, November Term, 1900. Fl fa. to November Term, 1900. StOKES, Att'y.

ALSO

tain lot, piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Scranton, County of Lack-dwanna and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz.; Being Lot No. 27, in Square or Block No. Being Lot No. 27, in Square or Block No. 28, and situate upon street known as stone avenue, upon the town plot of Scranton, being forty (40) feet in front on Stone avenue and one hundred and forty (140) feet in depth, with the usual ten (10) feet privilege in front. All improved with a two-story frame dwelling house and other outbuildings thereon.

Selzed and taken in execution at the suit of New Schiller Building and Loan association vs. Wlanghaws Kaweynski, administratrix of Leon Kaweynski, Debt, 3010. Judgment No. 433, November Term, 1900. Fl. fa. to November Term, 1900.

SHERIFF'S BALES.

### ALSO

No. 3.—All the right title and interest of the defendant, Lucilia Bianchard, in and to all that certain lot of land situate lying and being in the Third ward of the City of Carbondaie, County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point, the intersection of Seventh avenue with line of land of John Murrin; thence southerly along said line one hundred and eighty (180) feet to line of lands of the late Bernhard Chambman; thence in a westerly direction along said line one hundred and five (105) feet to line of lands now or formerly of John Hausan; thence along said line northerly one hundred and eighty (180) feet to the said Seventh avenue; thence casterly along said Seventh avenue one hundred and live (105) feet to line of lands now or formerly of John Marrin dive (105) feet to line of lands now or formerly of John Murrin the place of beginning. enth avenue one hundred and five (195) feet to line of lands now or formerly of John Murrin, the place of beginning. Being the same property conveyed to Luella Blanchard by Daniel E. Blanchard by deed dated Jun. 31, 1898, and recorded in Luckawanna County, in Deed Book No. 130, page 515, and Nov. 12, 1891, and recorded in Deed Book No. 121, page 54. All improved with a two-story frame dwelling house, barn, and other outbuildings. dwelling house, barn, and other out-buildings. Selzed and taken in execution at the suit of Eagan & O'Donnell vs. Luella

Blanchard.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Eagan & O'Donnell vs. Luella Blanchard. Debt. \$88.75. Judgment No. 23. March Term, 1898. Fi. fa. to November Term, 1900.

H. D. CAREY, Att'y,

No. 4.—All the right, title and interest of the defendant, S. Jay Austin, in and to all that certain lot, piece, parcel or tract of land bounded and described as follows, and situate in Lackawama County, Pn., to wit: Commencing at a point in the center of the Great Bend and Philadelphia Turnpike, where the Prickly Ash Road crosses the said turnpike, being as near as may be the central point of this crossing; thence along the Factoryville Road north eighty-three (Si) degrees west, seventy-five (75) perches to a corner; thence by lands now or late of Edward Reynolds south thirty (30) degrees west thirty-nine (33) perches perches to a corner; thence by lands now or late of Edward Reynolds south thirty (20) degrees west thirty-nine (39) perches to a post; thence south twenty-six and one-fourth (234) degrees cast thirty-eight and six-tenths (28.6) perches to a post; thence north forty-five and a half (444) degrees cast twenty-nine (29) perches to a post; thence south forty-four and a half (444) degrees cast, seventy-eight (78) perches to a point in the center of the Great Bend and Philadelphia Turnpike; thence along said turnpike north seven and one-fourth (74) degrees cast thirty-two (32) perches to a corner; thence south eighty-two and three-fourths (82%) degrees east forty-seven (17) perches to a corner; thence north three and a half (359) degrees west, twenty-four (24) perches to a post; thence north sixty-two (62) degrees cast, nine and six-tenths (9.6) perches to a post and stones; thence north forty-three and three-fourths (432) degrees west about fifty (50) perches to a corner; thence north eighty-three (83) degrees west sixteen (16) perches to a point in the center of the Great Bend and Philadelphia Turnpike; thence along said turnpike north two and a half (24) degrees west one

the Great Bend and Philadelphia Turnpike; thence along said turnpike north
two and a half (2½) degrees west one
hundred and twenty-one (121) feet to the
point of commencement, containing fifty
(50) acres more or less. All improved
with two frame dwelling houses, a barn
and other outbuildings.
Seized and taken in execution at the
suit of Assigned to W. H. Scamans vs.
S. J. Austin. Debt., \$2,000. Judgment
No. 385. November Term, 1900. Fl. fa. to
November Term, 1900.
NEWCOMB, Att'y.

No. 5.-All the right, tile and interest of the defendant, in and to all those Lockawanna and State of

Township of South Abington, County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, known and designated as Lots Nos. 28, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 94, 95, 97, 101, 112, 118, 123, 124, 125, 155, 171, 175, 176, 177, 178, 178, 183, 188, 189, 199, 197, 198, 199, 201, 204, 205, 205, 207, 279, 283, 284, 285, 286, 291, 292, 293, 291; all in a certain plan of lots called "Summit Park" surveyed for Wood, Harmon & Co., by C. S. Miller, civil engineer, and recorded in the office for recording deeds, etc., in and for Lackawanna County aforesaid, in Deed Book No. 87, page 482, etc.

Also all those sixty-two (62) certain lots of ground situate in South Abington township aforesaid, known and designated as Lots Nos. 397, 424, 425, 427, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 443, 444, 447, 471, 472, 489, 485, 485, 489, 492, 499, 500, 505, 509, 510, 523, 525, 529, 550, 535, 536, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 558, 559, 550, 550, 550, 550, 561, 572, 573, 550, 666, 610, 613, 615, and all those lots numbered from and including 644 to and including 656; also that one-half of Lot 679, which adjoins Lot 80, in a certain plan of lots called "Summit Park Annex," surveyed for Wood, Harmon & Co., by G. W. Milnos, civil engineer, and recorded in Lackawanna County as aforesaid in the recorder's office, in Deed Book No. 190, page 388, etc.

Setzed and taken in execution at the suit of William E, Harmon, Trustee, vs. Henry S, Alworth, Debt, \$2900. Judgment No. 608, November Term, 1900.

SHURTLEFF, Airy.

ALSO

No. 6.—All the right, title and interest of the defendant, E. L. Lord, in and to all the following described two certain pieces, parcels or lots of land known and described as "Miller Block." being Lots Nos. 21 and 22, in Block No. 3, in Park Place, formerly called "Winan's Addition," situate in the Second ward of the City of Scranton, County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvanta, said lots being each forty-six (46) feet wide front and rear, and one hundred and forty (140) feet in depth, fronting on Railrond avenue, with an alley in the rear, Excepting and reserving therefrom the coal and other minerals. All improved with a three-story and basement brick dwelling house block, one barn, one two-story wood frame dwelling house with basement, also outbuildings and fruit trees.

with basement, also fruit trees.

Selzed and taken in execution at the suit of the Givard Fire and Marine Insurance company, assignee of I. J. Post, vs. E. L. Lord. Debt \$5,620,91. Judgment, No. 515, September Term, 1896. Lev. fa, to November Term, 1990.

WOODRUFF, AWY. WOODRUFF, Au'y.

ALSO

No. 7.—All the right, title and interest of the defendant, Louis Spitz, in and to all that certain lot of land, with the improvements thereon, lying and being in the Borough of Winton, County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, known and distinguished as Lot No. 1, upon plot of lots designated as Patterson's Addition to the Borough of Winton, as described and designated in his survey of the same, accompanied by a map thereof, being in front fifty (50) feet, on street called and known as Jessun Road street, and in rear fifty (50) feet, and in depth one hundred (100) feet, Excepting Coal, etc. Improved with a two-story frame building used as store and dwelling.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of George Hosly & Son vs. Louis Spitz. Debt. \$76.50. Judgment No. 178, November Term. 1960. CAREY, Atty.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

north sixty-five (65) degrees two (2) minutes west fifty siff seven-tenths (50.7) feet to a corner in lands of Randolph Crippen and C. D. Mackey, the west corner thereof; thence north thirty-two (32) degrees eighteen (18) minutes cast one hundred and fifty-four and one-half (1841s) feet to the north corner hereof and a corner of C. D. Mackey on the public street in front of the premises hereby conveyed; thence along said street south fifty-eight (58) degrees fifteen (15) minutes cast fifty (50) feet to the place of beginning. Containing seventy-four hundred and twenty-five (1,425) square feet of land, more or less, All improved with a two-story frame dwelling house, fruit treets and other outbuildings thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Charles R. Newton vs. Howard W. Hull. Debt, 31,408,51. Judgment No. 217, September Term, 1900. Alias fi. fa. to November Term, 1900.

ALSO

ALSO

No. 9.—All the right, title and interest of the defendants, George Boczar and Mary Boczar, in and to all those two certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situaze, lying and being in the Village of Jessup, in the Borough of Winton, County of Lackawanna, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as Lots Nos. 13 and 14, in Square or Block No. 1, and situate upon street called and known as Dolph street, upon Plot No. 2, of "Winton, Dolph and Sturges" Map of David Brown's Survey," which said map is recorded in the recorder's office of Lackawanna county, in Deed Book No. 59, page 576, the said two lots are contiguous, being rectangular in shape, and each of said lots is fifty (50) feet in width in front on said Dolph street, the same in rear, and one hundred and fifty (150) feet in depth. Coal and mineral excepted and reserved in a deed of Lasaid premise from the Anthracite Buling and Loan association to George Boczar and March, 1898, and recorded in the recorder's office of Lackawanna County, in Deed Book No. 161, page 211. All improved with two double frame dwelling houses and outbuildings.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Anthracite Bullding and Loan association vs. George Boczar and Mary Boczar, Debt, \$400, Judgment No. 278, May Term, 1898. Allas fi. fa. to November Term, 1999. ZIMMERMAN, Atty.

ALSO No. 10.—All the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate in the Borough of Winton in the County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as folows, to wit: Situate on what is known as "David Brown" tract, being Lot No. 2 in Square or Block "G.." and situate on Church street, as shown in map intended to be recorded, said lot being fifty (50) feet in front by one hundred and fifty (150) feet in depth and is rectangular. All improved with two two-story frame dwelling houses and other outbuildings thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of New Schiffer Building and Loan association vs. Theophila Koneczney and Joseph Koneczney. Debt. \$2,190, Judgement No. 482, November Term, 1900. Fl. fa. to November Term, 1900. Fl. fa. to November Term, 1900. No. 10.-All the right, title and interest

No. 11.—All the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to all that certain lot, plece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being upon Grove street, in the City of Scranton, in the County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Being Lot No. 10 in Square or Block No. 11, in Winan's Addition to the City of Scranton, said lot being forty-two and four-tents (42.4) feet in width in front on Grove street, the same width in rear, and one hundred and thirty-eight (138) feet in depth. All improved with a two-story frame dwelling house, and other outbuildings thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of New Schiller Building and Loan association vs. Charles Billings. Debt, \$991. Judgment No. 494, November Term, 1900.

Fi. fa. to November Term, 1900.

STOKES, Att'y.

No. 12.—All the right, title and interest of the defendants, W. H. Sant and Jennie Sant, in and to all that certain lot or piece of land situate on the southeasterly side of Flilmore avenue in the Fourth ward of the City of Scranton, County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, being the rear half of Fourth ward of the City of Scranton, County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, being the rear half of Lots Nos. I and 2, in Block No, 16, of Price and Pancoast's addition to the City of Scranton, and further described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner on the southeasterly side of Fillmore avenue at the distance of seventy-five (75) feet northeasterly from the northeasterly side of Price street; thence southeasterly and at right angles with made Fillmore avenue fifty (50) feet to a corner; thence northeasterly seventy-five (75) feet to a corner; thence northeasterly seventy-five (75) feet to a corner on said Fillmore avenue, and thence southwesterly along said Fillmore avenue seventy-five (75) feet to the place of beginning. Seized and taken in execution at the suit of the West Side Bank vs. W. H. Sant and Jennie Sant. Debt. \$22,25. Judgment No. 76, January Term. 1900. Lev. fa. to November Term. 1900. Fi. fa. to November Term. 1900.

ALSO

No. 13.—All the right, title and interest of the defendants. Eliza Lown and George Lown, in and to all the following described lots, pieces or parcels of land situate in the Township of Madison County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows:

land situate in the Township of Madison County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows:

First-Beginning at an original stone heap for a corner of Lots Nos. 123, 124 and 203 respectively; thence by Lot No. 124 fifty 550 degrees west one hundred and thirty-two (132) perches, to a stone heap corner, a corner of Lots Nos. 135 and 261; thence by last mentioned lot north forty (160) degrees cast sixty-one (61) perches to a stone heap; thence by land sold to Jacob Biesecker south fifty (50) degrees east sixty-five (65) perches to a stone heap for a corner; thence north forty (140) degrees cast by the other parts of zair, land one (1) perchand two (2) links to a stone corner; thence south fifty (50) degrees east sixty-rive (65) perches to a stone corner; thence south forty (160) degrees east sixty-rive (65) perches to a stone corner; thence south forty (160) degrees west sixty-two (620 perches and two (2) links to the place of beginning. Containing fifty (50) acres of land, be the same more or less. Improved with a one and one-half story frame dwelling house, three barns, one shed, one orchard and outbuildings thereon.

Second—Heginning at a post and stone corner, the west corner of land contracted for by Horatio Sager and Charles Biesecker's land; thence by land sold to Jacob Biesecker and land of Henry Yeager south forty (160) degrees west intry-three (31) perches to a post corner; thence by land sold to Jacob Biesecker and land of Henry Yeager south forty (160) degrees west thirty-three (31) perches to a corner; thence by land sold to Jacob Biesecker and land of Henry Yeager south forty (160) degrees west intry-three (31) perches to a corner; thence by land sold to John Coon north fifty (50) degrees west one hundred and four (164) perches to a corner; thence by land sold to John Coon north fifty (50) degrees west one hundred and four (164) perches to a corner; thence by land sold to John Coon north fifty (50) degrees west one hundred and four (164) perches to a corner; thence by la

story frame building used as store and dwelling.

Selzed and taken in execution at the suit of George Hosly & Son vs. Louis Spitz. Debt. 75.20. Judgment No. 15. November Term, 1960. Vend. ex. to November Term, 1960. CAREY, Atty.

ALSO

No. 8.—All the right, title and interest of the defendant, John J. Snyder, in and to all those two certain lots or pieces of land situate, lying and being in the Twenty-first ward of the City of Scranton. Country of Lackawanna, and State of Pennsylvania, known and designated on the map or plan of lots called Twenty-first ward of the City of Scranton. Country of Lackawanna, and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as tollows: Beginning at the northeast (north) corner of lands deeded by C. R. Newton and wife to Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Julia S. Brewster; thence along the line between lands of Lot No. 12. in said lots along the line of an alley, and interty (90) feet in depth along the north casterly side line of Lot No. 12. in said lots along the line of an alley and interty side line of Lot No. 12. in said lots along the line of an alley and interty side line of Lot No. 12. in said lots along the line of an alley and interty side of Summit avenue of Summit avenue of Evernative and fertiles.

SHERIFF'S SALES,

by deed dated March 1, 1898, and recorded in the recorder's office of Lackawanna county, in Deed Book No. 162, at page 219. Coal and minerals excepted and reserved, as in said deed. All improved with a two-story frame dwelling house and large barn.

Selzed and taken in execution at the suit of Citizens Building and Loan association vs. John J. Snyder. Debt, 32,454,23 Judgment No. 503. November Term, 1900.

El. fa, to November Term, 1900.

ZIMMERMAN, Att'y.

No. 15.—All the right, title nad interest of the defendant. George Pabst, in and to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate in the Borough of Dunmore, in the County of Lackawanna, and State of Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning on Irving avenue at a corner of lands of Michael O'Hara; thence southwest along said O'Hara's land one hundred and fifty-seven (157) feet to an alley; thence northeast along said alley thirty-one (31) feet to a corner in lands of W. C. D. Pabst; thence northwest along said w. C. D. Pabst; thence northwest along said w. C. D. Pabst; thence northwest along said w. C. D. Pabst; lands one hundred and fifty-seven (157) feet to a corner in Irving avenue aforesaid; thence southwesterly along Irving avenue thirty-one (31) feet to the place of beginning. Being the same lot of land conveyed by W. C. D. Pabst to the defendant, in deed dated Nov, 25, 1805, and recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds of Lackawanns County Deed Book No. 131, page 30, etc. Coal and minerals reserved. All improved with a two-story frame dwelling house and outbuildings thereon.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of German Building association, No. 9, vs. George Pabst. Debt, \$2,090. Judgment, No. 481, November Term, 1900. Fl. (a. to November Term, 1900. HANNAH, Att'y.

No. 16.—All the right, title and interest of the defendant. The Speedway Land company, the defendant within named, in and to all the surface or right of soil of the following described lot or parcel of land situate in the Fifth ward of the Borough of Dunmore, County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Heginning at a stake and stones corner which is at the intersection of the northerly side of the Noy Aug Falls and Elmhurst Boulevard, as conveyed by the Pennsylvania, Coal company, and the southeasterly side of the township road, which crosses the said Boulevard at the Kite Track, Said corner being sixteen (16) feet from the middle of said township road as now used and also one hundred and ninety-eight (185) feet on a course north eighty-two (82) degrees thirty-five (25) minutes east along add boulevard from the southwest corner of lands of L. A. Watres and Cella A. Hill; thence along north side of said Boulevard north eighty-two (82) degrees thirty-five (35) minutes east seven hundred (500) feet to a corner; thence along lands of Cella A. Hill north seven (7) degrees twenty-five (25) minutes west three hundred and seventy-one and five-tenths (371.5) feet to a corner; thence along lands of the Pennsylvania Ceal company south eighty-five (85) degrees west four hundred and fifty-five (550) feet to the eastly side of the aforesaid township road; and thence along the easterly side of the said road south six (6) degrees fifty (50) minutes west one hundred and sixty-eight (168) feet south thirty-three (33) degrees twenty (20) minutes west one hundred and fifty-eight. hundred and sixty-eight (168) feet south thirty-three (35) degrees twenty (20) minutes west one hundred and fifty-eight (158) feet and south thirty-six (39 degrees twenty (20) minutes west one hundred and forty-eight (148) feet to the place of beginning. Containing four and seventy-eight one-hundredths (4.78) acres of land or therabouts, and being part of the same premises which were granted and conveyed to Celia A. Hill by the Pennsylvania Coal company by deed, dated the twelfth day of August, A. D., 1888, and recorded in the office for recording deeds in and for said county of Lackawanna aforesaid, in Deed Book No. 165. 1888, and recorded in the omee for recording deeds in and for said county of Lack-awanna aforesaid, in Deed Book No. 166, at page 293, etc. And being the same premises which Cella A. Hill, et. al., by deed dated the twenty-eighth day of November. A. D., 1899, and recorded in the aforesaid office for recording of deeds in Deed Book No. 185, page 31, etc., granted and conveyed unto the said The Speedway Land company. Excepting and reserving, however, all coal and minerals in, under and upon said described lot or parcel of land, with the right and privilege of mining and removing the same, and also subject to the reservations, exceptions, savings, stipulations, conditions and provisions as all are contained in the two above recited deeds. Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements rights, liberties, privileges, easements, hereditaments and appurtenances whatsoever unto the hereby granted premises belonging or in any wise apportaining, or to belong and appertain, ances whatsoever unto the hereby granted premises belonging or in any wise appertaining, or to belong and appertain, and the remainders and reversions, rents, issues and profits thereof, and also all the estate, right, title, interest, property, claim and demand of every nature and kind whatsoever of the said The Speedway Land Company as well in law as in equity of, in and to the same and every part and parcel thereof. All improved with a one two-story frame hotel and club house, one shed, and one crematory.

Selzed and taken in execution at the suit of R. N. Labar and Frank Connell, Trustees, vs. The Speedway Land Company. Debt, \$3,089.07. Judgment No. 678. March Term, 1900. Fi. fa, to November Term, 1900.

VOSBURG & DAWSON, Attys.
Also at the suit of Casey Bros. vs. Speedway Land company. Debt, \$1,606.18, Judgment No. 316. November Term, 1900, Fi. fa, to November Term, 1900.

ALSO

No. 17.—All the right, title and interest of the defendant. William Connor, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Carbondale, County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Being twenty-six (26) feet in front on Dundaff street and twenty-six (26) feet in width in rear, and one hundred (160) feet deep: bounded northerly by land of the estate of William McMinn, deceased; ensterly by land of the said estace of William Connor, deceased, and westerly by said Dundaff street. Containing twenty-six hundred (2,609) square feet of land, more or less. Improved with a two-story frame dwelling house and out-buildings thereon. Being the same land described in mortgage from William Connor to Edward Clarkson, bearing date March 25, 1897, and recorded in Lackawanna County in Mortgage Book No. 59, page 564.

Seized and taken in execution at the suit of Edward Clarkson vs. William Connor, Debt, \$50. Judgment No. 54 November Term, 1900.

STUART, Att'y.

STUART, Att'y.

ALSO

No. 18—All the right, title and interest of the defendants, Ida J. Grewer and Edward Grewer, in and to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate in the First ward of the City of Scranton, County of Lackawanna and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Being Lot No. 1, in Square or Block A, as shown on plot of lots made by Jordan and Hannah, and known as Richmont Park, said lot being duly recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds, in and for the County of Lackawanna, in Deed Book No. — page — The said lot is forty-five (15) feet in width in front on Washington avenue and forty-five (15) feet in width in rear, and one hundred and thirty-eight and three-fourths (1854) feet in length or depth from front to rear, Coal and minerals reserved.

Selzed and taken in execution at the suit of Alfred Griffin vs. Ida Grewer and Edward Grewer. Debt. 8:510.10. Judgment No. 439, September Term, 1900. Lev, fa. to November Term, 1900.

TERMS OF SALE. FIFTY DOLLARS CASH WHEN PROP-FRTY IS STRUCK OFF AND BALANCE IN CASH IMMEDIATELY AFTER SALE IS CONCLUDED. WHEN SOLD FOR COSTS, COSTS MUST BE PAID WHEN

STRUCK OFF. **ALL PROPERTIES ON WHICH ABOVE** TERMS HAVE NOT BEEN COMPLIED WITH WILL BE RESOLD BEFORE AD-JOURNMENT.

CLARENCE E. PRYOR, Shariff