

FOUR FIREMEN ARE KILLED

Others Are Injured at a Midnight Blaze in a Slaughtering Pen at St. Paul.

PROPERTY LOSS, \$430,000

The fire, supposed to have been of incendiary origin, spreads with great rapidity and the firemen were handicapped by lack of water.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 21.—As a result of fire which broke out in the slaughtering pen of A. V. Hinman & Company's packing house at the Minnesota transfer shortly after midnight last night, four firemen are dead and a number of others injured and property to the amount of \$430,000 was consumed.

The Dead. SACRED ASSISTANT FIRE CHIEF WM. H. IRVINE. LIEUTENANT FRANK M. EDEY. BURT IRISH, fireman. LOUIS WAGNER, fireman.

The Injured. Andrew Johnson, taken from the ruins badly crushed. William Field, fireman, internal injuries. Thomas Clark, fireman, both legs crushed.

The fire, which is supposed to have been of incendiary origin, spread with great rapidity, fanned by a strong southerly wind, and the firemen were seriously handicapped by lack of water, and further by the fact that a long bridge over the railroad tracks, which furnished access to the scene of the conflagration, was torn up for some distance by the flames.

The Losses. The McCormick Harvester company was the heaviest loser, their loss footing up \$350,000. Of this, \$30,000 was on buildings and \$300,000 on stock and notes, all their papers and records being burned. They carry no insurance.

The Northwestern Elevator company's large elevator was threatened, but was saved from destruction, it is feared, however, that much of the grain stored therein was damaged.

AMERICANS UNDER THE ENGLISH FIRMS

Large Orders for Railroad Trucks Are Received.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. London, Oct. 22.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "Despite all denials, I learn that large orders for coal trucks to be used in the Transvaal colony have been placed in the United States at prices, however, very high, which are 20 per cent. below English prices, while the Americans have contracted to deliver in half the time required by the English."

CONVENTION OF SABBATH SCHOOLS.

Thirty-sixth Annual Meeting to Be Held at Altoona.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Altoona, Oct. 21.—The thirty-sixth annual convention of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School association will be held Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week at Altoona. It is expected to attract a large attendance.

FELL FROM A HIGH WINDOW.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Quincy, Ill., Oct. 21.—Joseph E. Tallis, a newspaper man, of Toronto, who wrote under the name of Ray Raymond, was killed last night by falling from a window of the Occidental hotel. The presumption is he fell asleep on the window sill, as the body was found in the hotel after this morning arranged in night clothes and with the skull crushed. He was about 30 years old and unmarried.

ADLAI GIVES FIGURES. He Concedes That McKinley Will Carry Pennsylvania.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Chicago, Oct. 21.—Adlai E. Stevenson, who returned to Chicago yesterday from his campaigning trip through the eastern states, in an interview today spoke enthusiastically of the Democratic activity in the states through which he had passed. Mr. Stevenson made the flat-footed declaration that the Democrats would carry Indiana and he added: "Ohio should be put down as very likely to give its electoral votes for Bryan. To my mind the two great doubtful states which lean more strongly to the Democratic than to the Republican side in this fight are New York and Ohio."

Mr. Stevenson then made the following estimate of the situation as it stands today: For McKinley—California, 9; Connecticut, 6; Iowa, 11; Maine, 6; Massachusetts, 15; Michigan, 11; Minnesota, 10; New Hampshire, 4; North Dakota, 3; Oregon, 4; Pennsylvania, 22; Rhode Island, 4; Vermont, 4; Wisconsin, 12; Wyoming, 2. Total, 135.

SECRETARY SHERMAN RAPIDLY SINKING. It Is Not Thought That He Will Live Through the Night.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Washington, Oct. 21.—Ex-Secretary Sherman was very weak again today and has been losing ground steadily. It is believed that he may not survive the night, though his great vitality may prolong life a while longer.

DAKOTA OUT OF THE DOUBTFUL COLUMN.

Senator Hanna Says That He Has No Further Doubt That the Electoral Vote Will Be Cast for McKinley.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Chicago, Oct. 21.—Senators Hanna and Frye arrived here this afternoon from Omaha, Neb., where last night the concluding meetings were held of the week's touring of Minnesota, South Dakota and Nebraska. Senator Frye will probably leave tomorrow for New York, while Senator Hanna will devote most of the coming week to speaking in Chicago, with Joliet, Ill., and Milwaukee, Wis., also on his itinerary.

ABATTOIR BURNED. Fire in Philadelphia Causes a Loss of \$50,000.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Philadelphia, Oct. 21.—The abattoir of the West Philadelphia stock yards was partially destroyed by a fire of unknown origin today, causing a loss of about \$50,000, fully covered by insurance. The losses are divided as follows: Pennsylvania Railroad company, owner of the building, \$3,000; D. B. Martin, who occupied the second floor, \$20,000; and a number of butchers who occupied the first floor lost about five hundred head of dressed beef, valued at \$50 a head.

TRIAL OF AN AIRSHIP.

Count Zeppelin Realizes the Dreams of Darius Green.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Friedrichshafen, Wurtemberg, Oct. 21.—Another trial of Count Zeppelin's airship was made today, resulting in a series of successful evolutions.

DEATHS OF A DAY.

Philadelphia, Oct. 21.—Rev. William H. Badger, a well-known newspaper man of this city, and formerly a minister in the Protestant Episcopal church, died suddenly last night of apoplexy. He was about 60 years of age. While active as a clergyman, he had charges in New Jersey and in this city. In the days of Colonel John W. Foster he was dramatic critic and an editorial writer on the Press. For many years past he had been on the editorial staff of the Inquirer.

ANGLO-GERMAN AGREEMENT. The Two Great Powers Will Undertake to Keep an Open Door in the Chinese Dominions.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. London, Oct. 20.—Germany and England, it is announced, have formed an alliance to maintain the territorial integrity of China and to keep the ports open.

TEXT OF THE COMPACT.

An Effort Will Be Made to Preserve the Territorial Integrity of China in Line with the Demands of the United States—Formal Declaration of the Alliance Between Germany and England Which Was Formed on October 16 by Lord Salisbury and Count Von Hatzfeldt.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. London, Oct. 20.—Germany and England, it is announced, have formed an alliance to maintain the territorial integrity of China and to keep the ports open.

The terms of this important agreement of the two countries, which was arrived at on Oct. 16 between Lord Salisbury and Count von Hatzfeldt, German ambassador to England, are officially given out as follows:

The German government and her British neighbor's government, being desirous to maintain their interests in China, and their rights under existing treaties, have agreed to observe the following principles regarding a mutual policy in China:

First—It is a matter of joint permanent interest that the ports on the rivers and littoral of China should remain free and open to trade, and to every other legitimate form of economic activity for the people of all countries without distinction, and the two governments agree on their part to uphold the same for all Chinese territory as far as they can exercise influence.

Second—Both governments will not on their part make use of the present complication to obtain for themselves any territorial advantage in Chinese dominion, and will direct their policy toward maintaining undiminished the territorial condition of the Chinese empire.

Third—In case of another power making use of the complications in China in order to obtain under any form whatever such territorial advantages, the two contracting parties reserve to themselves the right to come to an understanding regarding the eventual step to be taken for the protection of their own interests in China.

Fourth—The two governments will communicate this agreement to the other powers interested, especially Austria-Hungary, France, Italy, Japan, Russia and the United States, and invite them to accept the principles recorded in it.

Berlin, Oct. 21.—With the exception of a few notoriety and British journals, the entire German press approves the Anglo-German agreement. Its effect upon Russia excites curiosity, it being no secret that the relations between Germany and Russia have lately become cooler.

COMMENT FROM THE PRESS OF PARIS. An Impression to the Effect That the Anglo-German Agreement Is Hostile to Russia.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Paris, Oct. 21.—The Anglo-German agreement to maintain the territory and integrity of China and to keep her ports open to the commerce of the world continues to monopolize public attention in France, the omission of the name of Russia—according to the version of the account supplied by the Havas agency—being the chief subject of comment.

The Temps says: "We can see nothing in the immediate sense of agreement which does not seem to us to be a step toward the elimination of Russia's name is calculated to hurt her feelings, showing distrust, even supposing the intentions of the two powers to be the best."

"It is to be regretted that the wording of the agreement gives an appearance of hostility to an ally. The work of peace is not furthered by throwing a bomb."

"There are two important points in the agreement. The first is that the second article destroys somewhat the value of the protocols disinterestedness by reserving to the contracting parties the right to make eventual arrangements according to the behavior of a third party. The second point is that this specific accord indicates a lasting understanding between Germany and Great Britain it will be thanks to the said Transvaal war, the realization of a favorite plan of Lord Rosebery and Mr. Chamberlain, and, at the same time, the starting point of a new era in international relations."

The Journal Des Debats, after expressing a doubt that the agreement is directed against Russia, asks whether, on the contrary, Germany and Great Britain, having accepted the situation as it affects the establishment of Russia north of the great wall, have not excluded from that region other powers who are prohibited from extending themselves at the expense of China. "If this be the case," it says, "it is the integrity of China proper which the two contracting powers guarantee. Before giving a definitive opinion regarding the attitude, we must know the attitude of Russia, for the importance of the agreement depends entirely upon whether it is or is not hostile to Russia."

After the foregoing and similar comments had appeared in the French press, it became known that all the papers has been put on a false scent by an error in transmitting the text of the agreement—the omission of the name of Russia among the names of the powers to whom the agreement is to be communicated. All the comments were written upon the theory that the Havas agency text is correct.

GOVERNOR ROOSEVELT AT OYSTER BAY. His Voice in Good Condition—Will Begin His Last Tour Today.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, Oct. 21.—Governor Roosevelt spent today at his home at Oyster Bay quietly resting from his labors, after his voice through the week has received no visitors at all except Private Secretary William J. Youngs, who had a conference with his chief in the afternoon. The governor did not go to church, and Mr. Youngs explained the refusal to see anyone on the ground that every moment that could be stolen from the campaign must now be taken advantage of in order to save the candidate's strength. Mr. Youngs said he was surprised at the fine condition of his throat somewhat, but not to such a great extent as was feared.

The strain on the vocal organs had strengthened them after making them sore, and the governor's voice was much more in command than after less work during the last state campaign. Governor Roosevelt leaves Oyster Bay tomorrow morning. He will go direct to New York city, and then will commence his last tour of the campaign.

SPANISH CABINET CRISIS AT HAND. Senator Silveira, the Premier, Announces the Resignation of Senator Gasset and Senator Dato.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Madrid, Oct. 21.—Senator Silveira, the premier, has announced today and formally announced the resignations of Senator Gasset, minister of agriculture, and Senator Dato, minister of the interior, together with the resignation of high officials in other departments as a protest against the appointment of General Weyler as captain general of Madrid.

The cabinet council which followed disclosed serious differences between the members of the ministry, and the premier decided to place the question of confidence in the cabinet before the queen regent. At 7 o'clock this evening Senator Silveira went to the palace to tender the resignation of the entire cabinet.

Subsequently the queen regent received General Ascaso, president of the senate, whom she congratulated on the formation of a new ministry.

FILIPINOS OBJECT TO SPANISH FRIARS. Statement Made Before the Commission of Investigation—Letter from Aguinaldo.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Manila, Oct. 21.—The Philippine commission has passed a bill appropriating \$475,000, gold, for the payment of expenses incurred for the benefit of the insular government during October. The bill goes carefully into detail regarding the payment of the expenditure throughout the archipelago.

Judge Taft, president of the commission, has been engaged for some time in taking a mass of Filipino testimony concerning the conduct and policy of the friars, and the abuse of authority often led to immorality. All the testimony offered by the Filipinos shows that they do not desire the return of the friars to the parishes.

Archbishop Chappelle has gone to the more peaceful provinces of northern Luzon, accompanied by three Dominican friars. It is asserted, and generally believed, that he intends to re-establish these friars in certain parishes; and the belief is exciting the natives in Manila, who call upon their countrymen to prevent the re-establishment of any friar, on the ground that it would fix a dangerous precedent for the future.

Senator Buencamino has received what purports to be a letter from Aguinaldo, ordering the former leaders of the revolution who are now in Manila to desist from the formation of political parties and to cease all their attempts at pacification. The letter mysteriously hints that Aguinaldo has some secret arms and describes these as "best for the country." Senator Buencamino declares the letter is genuine.

The military situation was comparatively quiet last week. The commission, the military authorities, the Filipinos and the foreigners are awaiting the result of the presidential election in the United States. Many persons assert that, whatever this may be, it will have no immediate effect upon the situation in the Philippines, and that disorders and guerrillas' attacks will continue for awhile.

COW CAUSES A WRECK. Locomotive and Cars Are Thrown from the Track.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Altoona, Pa., Oct. 21.—This afternoon a locomotive and several cars were thrown from the track near Howard, Center county, on the Bald Eagle railroad, by running over a cow.

LIVERY STABLE BURNED.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Wilmington, Del., Oct. 21.—McDaniel's livery stable was destroyed by a fire of unknown origin tonight causing a loss of \$25,000. Twenty horses, twenty tons of hay, wagons and harness were burned. Two of the horses which perished were owned by Thomas Talley and were valued at \$1,000.

STATEMENT BY MR. MITCHELL. He Lays the Blame for Failure to Settle the Strike Upon the Operators.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 21.—When President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers, was asked tonight by a representative of the Associated Press what he had to say in regard to a settlement of the anthracite coal miners' strike, he said:

END NOW SEEMS NEAR. General Belief in Wilkes-Barre That the Coming Week Will See the Windup of the Strike—A Feeling Exists Among the Miners That the Lockout Cannot Be Continued Much Longer—More Concessions Will Probably Be Made—Sales Agents Say That the Market for Anthracite Coal Will Soon Be Demoralized at the Present Rate.

As there appears to be some disposition on the part of the public to place the responsibility for the prolongation of this strike on the shoulders of the mine workers, speaking for them I want to say that when the Scranton convention accepted the 10 per cent. advance in wages providing the operators abolished the sliding scale, and guaranteed the payment of the advance until April 1, the miners had met the operators more than half way. They had shown a conciliatory spirit and I know of no good reason why the proposition should not have been accepted by the operators.

As a consequence the responsibility for the continuation of the strike rests solely upon the failure of the operators to accept the proposition of their employees, considering that the public should understand that unsatisfactory as is the proposition of the operators who make the reduction in the price of powder a part of the advance of the rate of wages, it is a proposition which has not been offered by a very large number of the coal producing companies in the anthracite region, and until all companies guarantee the payment of the ten per cent. advance above the rate of wages paid in September until April, according to the decision of the Scranton convention the miners are powerless to act, to renege, or to accept any partial or sectional settlement of this strike.

District No. 9 Accepts. The large companies in the Lehigh region who have refused to move at all since the Scranton convention was held, are: Cox Bros. & Co., the largest coal producers in the Lehigh region; G. B. Markle & Co., the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre company; the Lehigh and Navigation company; and a large number of smaller companies. There is also a considerable number of coal companies in the Lackawanna and Wyoming regions that have not guaranteed the payment of the 10 per cent. advance until April 1. The only district that has accepted the terms of the Scranton convention in full is District No. 9, better known as the Schuylkill district. Companies which produce about 65 per cent. of a total production of the anthracite coal fields have guaranteed the 10 per cent. advance and have abolished the sliding scale.

When Mr. Mitchell was asked what he would do if all the companies were to renege, he said: "I would not do it. When all the companies have posted notices then I will have something to say."

When it was suggested to him that there might be a break in the ranks of the strikers if the contest was to continue much longer, he said that not one man will go back to the mines until they are officially notified to return.

THE END IS NEAR. General Belief That the Coming Week Will Windup Strike.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Wilkes-Barre, Oct. 21.—The general belief here is that the coming week will see the windup of the strike. The strikers do not admit this openly, but it is the feeling that the lockout cannot be continued much longer. Both sides are expected to make concessions. The operators say they have no intention to make, but under certain pressure they are expected to make them, nevertheless.

The politicians have had their say in the negotiations looking toward a settlement, and now the sales agents for the big companies and the retail dealers in the big cities are taking a hand. They are writing and telegraphing every day to the coal companies that unless something is done very soon to bring the strike to an end and an effort made to get some hard coal on the market at saleable figures the anthracite trade will be demoralized for years to come and some of it will be lost forever.

One sales agent writes: "One of my largest customers tells me that consumers are getting to like bituminous coal and that they think they will keep on using it."

An Argument Advanced. It is such reminders as these that make the operators just as anxious to settle the strike as the miners. But the strikers must make the biggest concession, and there is every reason to believe that they will do it before the week is out. Many of the miners out on strike argue this way: "Let us accept the latest offer of the companies and settle the powder question later on. If we return to work we are sure to get an increase over the wages paid in the past, no matter how the operators try to figure it out, and we can afford to bide our time for the settlement of the powder issue."

Of course, there is some opposition to taking this position. There are some strikers who favor holding out until every demand is granted, but this class is not in the majority. They are men who own their own homes and have their families well filled for the winter. They can afford to hold out against the companies, but the bulk of the strikers cannot.

President Mitchell is now thoroughly acquainted with the condition of af-

THE NEWS THIS MORNING. Weather Indications Today. FAIR.

- 1 General—President Mitchell Makes a Statement. Anglo-German Agreement as to China. Fatal Fire at St. Paul. Local Strike Situation. 2 General—Northeastern Pennsylvania News. Financial and Commercial. 3 Local—Bishop Hoban Returns from Europe. Mrs. Susan E. Fessenden on Temperance. 4 Editorial. News and Comment. 5 Local—Grier Case Is Ready for the Jury. Mention of Some Men of the Hour. 6 Local—West Scranton and Suburban. 7 Round About the County. 8 Local—Saturday's Foot Ball Games. Enthusiastic Republican Meeting at Peckville.

NO ATTACK ON WASHERY MEN. Mine Workers' Officials Deem It Inexpedient to Make a Campaign Against Them at This Time.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Shamokin, Oct. 21.—Committees of United Mine Workers canvassed the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company strikers of this place. Mr. Carmel and Locust Gap today to learn whether any of the men intended going to work tomorrow. The strike leaders said this evening that no one would respond to the blowing of the whistles excepting engineers and fire-boosters.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND IS NOT FOR MR. BRYAN. In Order to Correct False Impressions Created by Western Papers the Prelate States That He Intends to Vote for McKinley and Roosevelt.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. New York, Oct. 21.—Archbishop Ireland, of Minnesota, before leaving New York for the west yesterday, came out in a strong statement for McKinley and Roosevelt. As soon as the archbishop landed from the Majestic early last week he was besieged by inquiries as to how he intended to vote. A number of clippings from western Bryan papers were shown him in which the archbishop was stated to have been dissatisfied with the administration's policy in the Philippines, and would support Bryan. Archbishop Ireland was seen again yesterday and asked as to his choice of candidates. In reply, he gave out the following statement:

"How do I intend to vote? It cannot at first sight seem more or less important for any citizen to tell the public how he intends to vote. In voting each citizen obeys the dictates of his own sense of civic duty, in which he should be guided by the public good. I intend to vote for McKinley and Roosevelt. I will give my vote to the man who I believe will best represent the interests of the country at home and abroad; that I contribute to the maintenance of the country's material prosperity and of peace and good will between the several classes of its population; that I aid the country in bringing about the safest and most honorable solutions of the complex problems which confront it as the result of the late war, and in retaining for itself the exalted position which it holds at present, commercially and diplomatically, before other nations of the world. I trust no further doubts will be expressed as to how I intend to vote."

ANOTHER TORNADO SWEEPS TEXAS. Six Persons Killed Outright Near Lodi, Where the Winds Were Uncontrolled.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Atlanta, Tex., Oct. 21.—A tornado struck southwest of Lodi and fifteen miles west of here today. The path of the tornado was 200 yards wide and the wind swept everything before it. One house in the center of the path, occupied by negroes, was destroyed, six persons being killed outright. Three others are missing who are supposed to be dead. It is feared further loss of life has resulted in the country.

DEAD IN HIS CHAIR.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Lancaster, Oct. 21.—Sitting in a chair beside a dynamo at the station of the Lancaster Electric company, where he was employed as foreman, Thomas Burke was found dead last night. It was at first thought that he had received a fatal shock of electricity, but the coroner's inquest showed that death resulted from natural causes.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Chicago, Oct. 21.—Philip Lewis, a shoe clerk, last night shot and killed Rose Abern, and then committed suicide by putting a bullet through his brain. Lewis had been a suitor.

LOCAL PRESIDENTS MEET. It Was Expected the Session Would Devise Plans for Closing Down the Washeries but the Fact That the End of the Strike Is Believed to Be on Hand Prompted Them to This Matter—Ninety Per Cent. of the Men Are Agreeable to Taking the Offer as It Stands and Returning to Work, One of the Officers Says. Rumor of a Riot.

By Exclusive Wire from The Associated Press. Shamokin, Oct. 21.—The local presidents of the United Mine Workers met today to discuss the matter of making an effort to close down the washeries. This was interpreted to mean that the Mine Workers contemplated a recourse to the methods employed in the lower districts for closing down collieries, and when this came to be considered in connection with the avowed determination of the operators to keep the washeries going at any cost, there were anticipations of trouble.

Fortunately, however, these anticipations are not to be realized; at least, not for the present. The meeting which took place yesterday afternoon thoroughly canvassed the matter and came to the conclusion to content itself with a simple reiteration of the address to the washery employes to the effect that they were seriously injuring the cause of the strikers and appealing to them to cease work.

Not Divulged. Just what prompted this action is not officially divulged, but from what could be gathered, it is evident that in view of the imminent settlement of the strike, the Mine Workers' officials judged it to be inexpedient to make any aggressive move against the washeries, knowing that such a move would be attended with the possibility of trouble and that even a small amount of trouble would do more harm to the strikers' cause than would be counterbalanced by all the good that the closing up of the washeries could effect.

One of the local presidents stated to a Tribune reporter after the meeting that the question of accepting the operators' offer, with the powder clause inserted, was canvassed informally, and from the discussion, he judged that fully ninety per cent. of the men of this immediate region would favor returning to work just as soon as all or a good-sized majority of the operators post notices that the original offer will remain in force till April 1.

He, himself thought there was sound sense in the operators' argument that it is presumption on the part of the employes to attempt to dictate how the increase in wages shall be paid. "As long as we are guaranteed that every man is to receive a ten cent piece with every dollar that he used to get, it is not for us to say how the company will give us the extra dime," he argued. "It is only fair to suppose that the companies are not going to try any tricks on us when they know we don't have to stand for it."

Way They Interpret It. The strikers interpret the action of some of the companies refusing to follow the lead of the others in posting the notice agreed upon at Thursday's conference as an effort to cause a break in the union's ranks. They say that the operators seem to think that the Schuylkill men, who have gotten everything they asked for, will not be satisfied to stay out much longer, waiting for the men of the upper regions to quibble over what to them may appear to be very small affairs, and that today will see a good many of the Philadelphia and Reading men going back to work.

Organizer Fred Dilcher said last night that he has received assurances from headquarters that all fears on the score of the Schuylkill men making a break are without any foundation. The Schuylkill men are thanking the United Mine Workers for abolishing the sliding scale and getting them a ten per cent. advance, and they are only too anxious for the opportunity to show their gratitude. Not a man in the Schuylkill region will return to work today, Mr. Dilcher says.

An Evidence of It. An evidence of the strict veracity of President T. H. Watkins' statement (Continued on Page 5.)

WEATHER FORECAST.

- Washington, Oct. 21.—Forecast for Monday and Tuesday: Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Monday, Tuesday, increasing clouds, much probably rain; fresh southeasterly winds, shifting to southeasterly by Tuesday. 2.