

YOUR HOME Will be well warmed this winter if you have a Sterling Heater Base burner, with double heater connection. An extra heavy seamless fire pot one of its good features. Foote & Shear Co. 119 N. Washington Ave

L. R. D. & M. The eleventh biennial convention of the Carpenters and Joiners' union was brought to an end yesterday morning.

Can We Wait on You If there is anything in the shoe market you will find it here. All styles, all sizes, all prices, all widths to fit and suit any lady who appreciates good shoes. See our windows.

LEWIS, RUDDY, DAVIES & MURPHY 330 Lackawanna Avenue. DR. TAYLOR, DENTIST, 121 Wyoming Avenue, next door to Hotel Jersey.

Lackawanna 'THE' Laundry. 26 Penn Avenue. A. B. WARMAN. THE WEATHER YESTERDAY. Local data for Sept. 28, 1900.

TWO CORONER'S INQUESTS HELD Verdicts in Johnson and Di Gilomae Cases. Coroner Roberts conducted an inquest in arbitration room in the court house, last night, in the case of Bartley Di Gilomae, of Danmore, who died Monday at the Lackawanna hospital of stab wounds received Sunday, and over Anthony Johnson, of Court street, who died Sunday, as the result of being thrown from a Lackawanna Brewery wagon, which he was driving Saturday night, when a street car collided with it.

THE 'HORSE' COMMITTEE. An Investigation to Be Conducted on Tuesday Night. Luther Koller, chairman of the special committee of common council, to which was referred the select council resolutions directing the removal of Veterinarian Sitterly and the recovery of the six alleged illegally sold fire department horses, has called a meeting for next Tuesday evening in the city clerk's office for the purpose of thoroughly investigating the entire 'horse deal,' about which there has been so much discussion.

Tailor Made Suits. Fine display of the very latest, open this morning. Mears & Hazen. Piel Bros' Real German Lager beer on draught at the Coyne. Coursons' 20c Java Coffee is a sure winner. Evans' Cream Ale on draught at the Coyne.

ACCUSED OF LARCENY. Louis Jin and Michael Namet Say Bennovitz Fleeced Them. A warrant was issued last night by Alderman Kannon for the arrest of Morris Bennovitz, of 439 South Washington avenue, a hotelkeeper, Louis Jin and Michael Namet, two Hungarians, living in Throop, accuse him of larceny.

CARPENTERS HAVE STARTED FOR HOME End of the Most Interesting and Successful Convention Ever Conducted by the Brotherhood.

The eleventh biennial convention of the Carpenters and Joiners' union was brought to an end yesterday morning, after an eleven days' session.

A resolution was introduced to the effect that the national board of carpenters express their disfavor of the Federation of Labor's policy in sending committees to congress in the interest of labor legislation. This was defeated.

Delegate Grimes, of Galveston, Tex., addressed the convention in behalf of the suffering children of the wrecked city, and called for aid. A generous response was made, as \$2,000 was appropriated, to be expended by the executive board, in the succor of the unfortunate in the Texas metropolis.

The feelings of the delegates towards their Scranton and Wilkes-Barre hosts were fervently expressed in the following hearty resolutions:

Resolved, That this convention tender its sincere thanks to the officers and members of the reception committee of Locals 563 and 484 for the kindly and hospitable way they entertained the members of the convention, and we hope the moral effect of this convention will be the means of speedily adjusting their grievances with the contractors of the city.

Resolved, That the delegates to this convention, in meeting assembled, return their hearty thanks to Lewis J. and J. E. Wilkes-Barre, for their invitation and assistance of their having spent a most pleasant time in their beautiful city.

Though the delegates have had a delightful visit in this city, they gave a slight notice when the business was concluded. Many left for their homes this afternoon.

This convention has proven one of the largest and best conducted ever held by the union, and has been thoroughly satisfactory from every standpoint. A very large amount of work was done, amendments to and changes in the brotherhood law being the most noticeable feature of the sessions.

Assistant Secretary J. R. Miller, of St. Louis, Mo., who was re-elected a member of the executive board, in speaking to a Tribune man about the convention, said:

"On the whole this has been an exceedingly busy session and one which we hope will be prolific of results in the future. All the resolutions and improvements made in the constitution by us will be now submitted to a referendum vote of all the local unions, and this it is which is the real test of the merit of a convention. Of the changes made at the New York convention, two years ago, only one measure was rejected by the locals.

"The sessions in Scranton have been marked principally by the many resolutions offered by the committee on amendments to the constitution, and several of these are of important character. Changes have been made. The old routine of our day's work has frequently been enlivened by brilliant bursts of eloquence, and several of the speeches made have proved a source of great interest."

The majority of delegates left town yesterday and only Secretary Maguire, J. R. Miller, A. C. Cattermull, Frank Duffy and a few others were in the city during the day.

COMING RUMMAGE SALE. Will Be Held for Benefit of Florence Crittendon Home. The Florence Crittendon Home will conduct a "rummage sale" October 3, 4, 5 and 6. Place of sale 137 Penn avenue.

HE RECEIVED ONE THOUSAND Former Mayor Bailey Sold Asphalt Repair Contract.

FINN WAS THE GO-BETWEEN Bailey Said at the Hearing Last Night That Finn Offered Him \$1,000 if He Would Sign the Asphalt Repair Contract—After That Measure Was Signed Finn Paid Over the \$1,000 in Installments, Wanted \$1,000 to Sign the Appropriation Ordinance but at the Last Moment Decided Not to Accept It.

Former Mayor James G. Bailey made some startling admissions last night at the hearing in Alderman Fuller's office in the case against Select Councilman T. C. Melvin and Common Councilman James J. Grier, charged with soliciting and giving bribes, and Carl W. McKinney, charged with bribing city officials. The mayor's admissions were as follows:

That he received from Select Councilman Wade M. Finn the sum of \$1,000 for signing an ordinance giving the Barber Asphalt company the contract for repaving the asphalt paved streets of the city for a term of ten years.

That he asked \$1,000 for his signature to the annual appropriation ordinance which among other things appropriated \$17,500 for the payment of the first year of the Barber contract. This demand was made of Carl W. McKinney, but when the latter finally produced that amount Mr. Bailey had changed his mind about signing it.

That at a hearing held several weeks ago when he testified he had not received money or other valuable consideration for signing the contract ordinance he perjured himself to cover his misdeeds.

That Select Councilman Wade M. Finn while fighting the asphalt repair contract ordinance on the floor of the councils was endeavoring to induce the mayor to sign it for \$1,000 in the event that it passed.

That Mr. Finn was anxious to have him sign the appropriation ordinance containing the item of \$17,500 to pay the first year of the asphalt repair contract, until the morning the mayor was to retire from office when he urged him to veto it. On the day before Mr. Finn wanted Carl W. McKinney to give Mayor Bailey \$1,000 to sign this appropriation ordinance, but Mr. McKinney said the amount was too high.

THE MAYOR'S STORY. Former Mayor Bailey was the only witness examined last night. There was a great crowd in the alderman's office when the hearing began at 7.45. The examination in chief was conducted by Attorney E. C. Newcomb.

In substance, Mr. Bailey said that in the late winter or spring of 1899, while the ordinance was before council, granting to the Barber Asphalt company a ten-year contract for the repair of the asphalt paved streets of the city, Select Councilman Finn told him that it would be worth \$1,000 to him (Bailey) if he would sign the ordinance when it was pending in the senate.

After the ordinance was passed and was in his hands, Mr. Bailey said that Mr. Finn urged him repeatedly to sign it and he eventually did. A few days after he received \$250 from Mr. Finn and at intervals installments on the balance until all was paid. Mr. Finn told the witness it would be better for all of them if the money was paid in installments and the witness agreed to this.

The witness was then questioned about the matter testified to by Mr. Finn a week ago, who said that before the ordinance passed, Mr. Bailey came to him and asked for a part of the \$1,000, saying he had a carload of coal he wanted to pay for. Mr. Bailey denied having made such a request. He said

Mason's Fruit Jars, qts, 45c dozen. Jersey Peaches, 75c Per Basket. Fancy Delaware and Concord Grapes and Bartlett Pears. E. G. Coursen 429 Lacka. Ave.

he frequently borrowed sums of money from Finn and on one of the occasions when he did this he wanted to pay for it. When the appropriation ordinance was passed by councils in March, 1899, Mr. McKinney called at his office several times and asked him to sign it. There was no mention made of money. This ordinance, it might be mentioned, appropriated \$17,500 to pay for the first year's work under the provisions of the repair contract.

On Monday, April 6, the mayor's term would expire and on Sunday, April 5, Mr. Finn made an arrangement by telephone for the mayor to meet Mr. Finn and McKinney at Mr. Bailey's store that afternoon. The ordinance had then been in the mayor's hands since March 22. The two men came to the store together and Mr. McKinney said he would pay \$250 if he would sign the ordinance.

Mr. Finn said that was not enough, that the mayor ought to have \$1,000, and Mr. Bailey insisted that he would not sign it for less than \$1,000. Mr. McKinney said the company could not pay that amount, but finally agreed to give \$500. This was rejected by the mayor, and Mr. Finn and Mr. McKinney left the store, the latter stating he would see Mr. Bailey at his office the following morning.

Soon after 9 o'clock on Monday morning, Mr. McKinney appeared in the mayor's private office and laying \$750 in bills on his desk told him to sign the ordinance for \$750. He told him the mayor refused to do it for less than \$1,000 and Mr. McKinney left the office, taking his money with him.

The mayor then went over to the city treasurer's office to settle some matters before returning to his office. He talked over the appropriation ordinance matter with City Treasurer C. G. Boland, City Controller E. J. Robinson and Mr. Finn, all of whom were in the office at the time and they advised him to veto the item of \$17,500 for the repair of asphalt streets.

While the mayor was talking with these men a messenger summoned him to his office where he again found Mr. McKinney. The latter laid \$1,000 in bills on his desk and told him to sign the ordinance. He refused the money, telling Mr. McKinney he had decided to veto the Barber item and he walked out of his private office. He vetoed the item as he said he would.

MADE DENIALS. The witness denied that Mr. McKinney threatened to have the measure passed over his veto and he also denied that anything connected with his settlement of the matter of police fines with the city treasurer had anything to do with causing him to refuse the last minute to accept Mr. McKinney's \$1,000.

Under cross examination Mr. Bailey was asked if he did not testify at a previous hearing that he did not receive any money in connection with the asphalt repair ordinance and admitted that he did.

"Did you perjure yourself then or now?" Mr. O'Brien asked. The former mayor lowered his head, blushed scarlet and then said in a low but distinct voice:

"I perjured myself at the former hearing."

Mr. O'Brien wanted to know why he swore falsely at the former hearing and Mr. Bailey replied that he was taken off his guard and did what he supposed any man would do under the circumstances, try to cover up his misdeeds. Since then by the advice of friends and through the dictates of his conscience he decided to tell the truth. He denied that promises of any kind were made to him. It was his own voluntary act, he said.

He admitted having been in the office of E. C. Newcomb, one of the attorneys for the Men's union, but denied that he signed a statement there.

Mr. Bailey said in the most positive manner that the only time he was induced to sign this appropriation ordinance was when he signed the asphalt contract ordinance. He would not admit that he was altogether induced to sign that measure by the \$1,000 paid to him. He might have signed it anyway for a good many people were in favor of it.

WANT THE BOOKS. Attorney James H. Torrey announced at the close of Mr. Bailey's examination that they were not prepared to go any further with the hearing at that time. They had subpoenaed the books of the company but owing to the circumstances they did not press the bookkeeper to produce them. He has been with the company only since last July and said he would go to jail for contempt rather than produce the books desired in the absence of his attorney. They have the desire money for the books. They have a man who was trying to do his duty to his employers as he saw it, Mr. Torrey said, and would wait for the return of Manager Griffiths. The hearing was accordingly adjourned until next Tuesday evening.

At the hearing E. B. Sturges, of the Men's union, when asked by a Tribune man whether or not the union would proceed against Mr. Bailey said:

"It's a little early for us to say what we will do in that case. I can say this, however, that the men who come forward and tell the truth even at this late day will fare better than the men who go on the stand and deliberately perjure themselves."

DEATH OF MRS. H. C. SWENTZEL. Wife of a Former Rector of St. Luke's Church. A telegram was received here yesterday conveying the sad news of the sudden death of the wife of Rev. H. C. Swentzel, D. D., formerly pastor of St. Luke's Episcopal church, this city, now of Brooklyn, N. Y.

NOW UP TO THE MINERS Richards, of the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal company. Mr. Lathrop made a direct admission that it was Mark Hanna who was conducting the peace negotiations. Any one of the stories regarding the meeting was that its purpose, chiefly, was to figure out the best thing the operators could afford to offer the strikers. This, however, could not be confirmed.

It is now up to the miners, or it will be to-morrow or soon thereafter, President Mitchell, of the Mine Workers' union, evidently had not been approached in the matter, yesterday, as his statements, printed in the afternoon papers, indicate that he had no knowledge of what was doing further than what appeared in the newspapers.

To settle the strike, it is understood it is absolutely essential that the Mine Workers' union shall not be known in the matter. This does not mean, however, that the intermediary will not consult with them. In fact, the very next step will be the effecting of an arrangement with President Mitchell whereby the operators and the miners themselves can be brought together.

Another Convention. President Mitchell says the consent of a convention delegates representing the whole district will be necessary before he can give consent to have the strike settled on any basis other than the one laid down in the Hazleton convention. It is presumed, though, that this consent will not be long delayed, if President Mitchell deems it expedient to have it.

A display of liberality on the part of the miners that will be commensurate with what the operators wish, will result in the strike being settled.

EVENTS OF THE DAY IN THIS REGION Everything was secondary yesterday to the negotiations for settling the strike. Scarcely any other feature of the situation was discussed. Operators, strikers and the general public alike, had no time for any other subject.

The operators were, as a rule, not disposed to discuss the matter, but when one would give vent to his sentiments it was generally in very expressive language. They did not like the proposition the heads of the coal world had forced them up against and if they did not say so their manner eloquently expressed it.

"Where are the operators tonight?" said one of them at Hotel Jersey, last night, repeating the question of a Tribune reporter. "I wouldn't want the task of finding them. If you're going to hunt for them I'd advise you to look under the table and behind doors. We're not in sight this evening." And the disgusted tones in which he said this were voluminous in their import.

Among the strikers it was different. They took the Hapna interference to mean that the operators had weakened and every man you would meet was ready to point out how the operators have done it.

"Why, when more proof do you want that they did not intend to make a long fight, than their leaving the mines in the hands of the operators?" said one of them.

"What's the latest? Oh we are doing nothing at all," quoth another. "We are resting on our oars waiting for the other fellows to catch up. The operators are doing the rowing just now."

A man who would suggest around the headquarters that possibly the strikers were being forced into offering concessions by outside influences which they could not possibly stand out against, would be looked upon as a fellow who was looking for trouble.

Any suggestion of complete capitulation would not be accepted as a filling term to characterize the new movement on the operators' side.

In the face of all the strong talk of settlement the coal companies went ahead with their pre-arranged plans. The Pennsylvania coal company paid all its miners, and the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western paid at the Keyser Valley and Luzerne collieries, as per schedule. A story was afloat that the men were to be asked, on receiving their pay, whether or not they would return to work Monday, and in case of refusal, had discharged written across their due bills, but like many another good story, it proved to be without foundation.

The soft coal invasion of the anthracite markets is causing the mine workers quite as much, if not more, worry than the operators or the general public. President Mitchell has sent a letter to the Mine Workers' officials of the Western Pennsylvania field, calling their attention to the fact that

THE man who cares to expend one or two dollars each for choice scarfs will find a rich collection here, while he who limits himself to a half dollar may revel in a show of silks almost fabulous in variety. C. F. BECKWITH & CO., DEALERS IN Mine and Mill Supplies, Machinery, Etc. OFFICE-Dime Bank Building. WAREHOUSE-Green Ridge

large shipments of soft coal are coming into the anthracite region, and asking that steps be taken to prevent it. Ten carloads of bituminous arrived here early yesterday morning in Delaware, Lackawanna and Western box cars. Whether it came, or whether it was destined, could not be learned. It is said it is brought from the company's pockets at East Buffalo and that an immense supply was stored there in anticipation of the strike.

No change occurred in the tie-up conditions and no disturbances were reported. A circular was issued yesterday from the headquarters of District No. 1 by President Nichols and Secretary Dempsey containing the decision that no agreement shall be made with individual operators until a final settlement is made for all and the announcement that when a proposition or scale is submitted no settlement will be made until the matter is considered in a general convention.

Enthusiastic reports come in daily to the strikers' headquarters from Organizer Benjamin James and others at work in the lower districts. The miners of this region are now pretty well satisfied that the lower regions are soon likely to be freed by quite as thoroughly as the Lackawanna-Wyoming district.

Firemen's State Convention. For this occasion the Central Railroad of New Jersey has made a rate of \$10.55 for the round trip via Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, D. C., Harper's Ferry, Cumberland, Md., Pittsburg, to New Castle, Pa.

Stop over privileges at Washington in each direction if desired. The delegations will leave Sunday, September 30, at 2.15 p. m.

A Pocket Cold Cure. Krause's Cold Cure is prepared in capsule form and will cure cold in the head, throat, chest or any portion of the body in 24 hours. You don't have to stop work either. Price 25c. Sold by Matthews Bros.

Seitz & Co. Upholsters Carpets made and laid. Decorations Flags, Bunting, etc., to rent for public and private entertainments.

316 Washington Ave. Quernsey Building. To the Musical Public We beg to state that the most recent Pianofortes by the Mason & Hamlin Co. contain points of constructional superiority (from a scientific and acoustic point of view) which render them second to none.

These instruments are on examination and sale at the warerooms of L. B. POWELL & CO. 131-133 WASHINGTON AVENUE COLLEGE OPENING. International College of Music

PROF. L. W. CARB, DIRECTOR. The "Baby People's Course" at this college opens Monday evening, Oct. 1. Every lover of music can learn, as Prof. Carb explains it, and many young ladies and gentlemen are busy through the day and evening for it. The professor informs us that by his method of explaining the intervals any one who can count and has a love for music can learn. This being so, doubtless scores of young ladies and gentlemen will visit the college office in the Buri building this month and register and be ready to begin the course. In fact, all who have music will want to avail themselves of such an opportunity. Call evenings and register. Terms and rules within the reach of all.

Heating Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, Oil Stoves, Gas Stoves, Steam and Hot Water Heaters. GUNSTER & FORSYTH, 425-227 PENN AVENUE.

\$3.50 For \$5, \$6, and \$7 Rockers. The offering is so great that to give it a truer ring we'll explain that these Rockers are odds and ends from factories, secured for our August sale. No they did not arrive too late—but we could not dispose of all during that month, so now you have another chance. Polished Seats, Cobble Seats and Upholstered Spring Seats are among them—all woods and finishes. Credit You? Certainly

THE ECONOMY 221-223-225-227 Wyoming Ave

MATTHEWS BROS 320 Lackawanna Ave. Wholesale and Retail. DRUGGISTS ATLANTIC WHITE LEAD. FRENCH ZINC. Ready Mixed Tinted Paints. Conventional, Economical, Durable. Varnish Stains. Producing Perfect Imitation of Expensive Woods. Reynolds' Wood Finish. Specially Designed for Inside Work. Marble Floor Finish. Durable and Dries Quickly. Paint Varnish and Kalsomine Brushes. PURE LINSEED OIL, TURPENTINE



Stout Men Find no difficulty in getting UNDERWEAR to suit here. All the different sizes in all the various materials and weights. HATS. NECKWEAR. The up-to-date outfit at the right price.

CONRAD'S, 395 Lackawanna Avenue.

The Popular House Furnishing Store. It's Not Just Luck That DOCKWASH RANGES are such good bakers. It's scientific construction of fine box and flues. They are not light-weight ranges that will continually need repairs. Considering the durability, there is no range that is so cheap as the Dockwash. Styles and sizes for all requirements. Foote & Fuller Co. Flears Building. 140-42 Washington Ave

Fancy Delaware Peaches Now is the time to buy for canning while fruit is prime and price low. Fresh every morning—Home Grown Tomatoes, Corn, Lima Beans, Egg Plant, Cauliflower, etc. Bartlett Pears, Plums, Cantaloupes and Watermelons.

W. H. Pierce, 19 Lackawanna Ave. 310, 312, 314 Penn Ave.

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