WEST SCRANTON

TWO FUNERALS HELD YESTERDAY

REMAINS OF LATE PATRICK GALLAGHER LAID AT REST.

Requiem Mass Celebrated at St. Patrick's Church by Rev. Loftus. Funeral of the late Kathryn Price Held Yesterday Afternoon-Party in Honor of Mrs. Mitchell, of Brooklyn-Y. W. C. A. Notes. Wedding on Ninth Street-Other Events of General Interest.

A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated in St. Patrick's church yesterday morning over the remains of the late Patrick Gallagher, Rev. Father Loftus was celebrant. The services were attended by many life long friends of deceased. A delegation from Colonel Monies post, Grand Army of Mutual Benevolent association, were avenue. Membership fee, one dollar. also in attendance. The pallbearers were: Captain P. McAndrew, Dennis Madigan, George Swingle, Richard Lonergan, Frank Brown and Thomas Interment was made in the Cathedral cemetery.

Rev. Hugh Davis, pastor of the South Main Avenue Welsh Calvinistic Methodist church, conducted the funeral services over the remains of the late Kathryn Price yesterday afternoon at the family home on Keyser avenue. The services were attended by many teachers and pupils from the public schools. The pallbearers were: Ely Harris Oscar Oswald, James M. Powell, John E. Johns, Maurice Miller and Nathaniel Davis. Tudor Williams and Palmer Williams acted as flower bearers. The funeral was in charge of Undertaker Cusick and interment was made in the Washburn street

Party in Honor of a Guest. Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Bisbing entertained Wednesday evening in honor of Mrs. J. L. Mitchell, of Brooklyn, N.

en and a number of flashlights were on West Linden street. taken. Refreshments were served by

The guests present were: Mrs. J. L. St. Patrick's church at 9.30 o'clock this Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sellinger, morning. Interment will be made in Mr. and Mrs. Snith, Dr. and Mrs. the Cathedral cemetery. Lowis, of New York; Misses Hattle Reynolds, Sadie Edwards, Messrs. Jones and Lec.

Y. W. C. A. Notes. Saturday evening all members of the

GRAPE ADE

Ask Jenkins about it.

101 S. MAIN AVENUE

Men's Furnishings' Day

It's Tomorrow, Saturday,

Better Make a Note of It.

There's lots of little bargain lots to

be picked up in this popular depart-

ment these closing summer days and

many wonderful values among the

regular lines which cannot possibly

However, are two specials for Satur-

day and which ought to make gentle-

men who study practical economy as

well as correct dress, supremely happy

Properly cut and guaran- Four-in-Hands, Tucks,

teed to fit properly. Colors etc. Not shop worn left-over

are fast, patterns are the very goods. but bright, fresh, clean

newest and the making and stock, suitable for the season

est order, not surpassed by of correct taste. Such neck-

the highest priced goods in wear as is offered in this bar-

price has been an even quote now. It would be

Saturday Only, It's

cheap at 25 cents.

Men's Fashionable Neckwear

Towering Above All Others

be duplicated elsewhere.

No. 1.

Men's Negligee Shirts

dollar.

Sunday at 4 o'clock, gospel services, Leader, Miss Wilcox. All girls and

women are invited to attend. Sunday, September 16, at Simpson Methodist Episcopal church, there will e a Young Women's Christian assoistion evening mass meeting. Those who will present the work and its needs

ill be announced later. Monday evening, September 10, the oms will be open for the fall work, Classes will be formed in any subject, provided five girls can be secured for uch a class.

Tuesday evening, September 11, the ostponed lawn social will be held on Mrs. George Carson's lawn, corner of Scranton street and South Main avenue. This is the first effort of the young women to raise money toward lifting the debt, and to secure support for the winter's work. Every one is invited to attend.

Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock the Sunshine" club will hold its first neeting. All members should be present at that time.

New Young Women's Christian assolation members may register any evening next week at the rooms, corner the Republic, and Branch 44, Catholic of Scranton street and South Main

NEWS NOTES AND PERSONALS

An autumnal dance will be held at Laurel Hill park on Monday evening. Sept. 19. The committee in charge of the affair is Guy R. Relph and Earl E. Hollister.

S. M. Bard, state secretary, will peak at the Railroad Young Men's while Christian association meeting in Simpson Methodist Episcopal church Sunday, Sept. 9, at 3.45 p. m. A collection will be taken up for state and inter-national work. W. J. Long will sing a baritone solo.

The Epworth League of the Simpson Methodist Episcopal church held a kinetoscope and phonographic entertainment at the church last evening, which was well attended and thoroughly enjoyed. A large number of young people

from this side attended the dance at Laurel Hill park last evening. The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Railroad Young Men's Christian association were pleasantly entertained last even-Y. Phonographic selections were giv- | ing at the home of Mrs. E. M. Frances,

> Services over the remains of the late Mrs. William Reilly will be held at

An open air mass meeting was held last evening near the Central shaft, at which addresses were delivered by Candidates M. F. Conry and Timothy

Floyd Conner, of Columbia county, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. W.

Mrs. tather Jones and daughter, of North Sumner avenue, have returned

rom Lake Winola. Miss Nellie Donnelly, of Chestnut street, is visiting friends in New York. The Prohibitionists of the First Leg-

islative district will meet tomorrow

NORTH SCRANTON. The Christian Endeavor society of

South Main avenue, to nominate a

candidate for the legislature. Gomer teese is mentioned for the honor.

Strickert, of Ninth street.

has returned from Lake Winola.

Jackson street at 7.30 o'clock.

ing campaign.

was called.

street cemetery.

ment will be made later.

David Rinehart, of Binghamton, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. A. F.

Mrs. Edwin G. Hughes and children,

and Miss Margaret Thomas, of South

Main avenue, are visiting relatives in Middle Granville, N. Y.

Will Jameison, of Washburn street,

The members of Camp 33, Patriotic

Order of Americans, will enjoy a trol-

ley ride next Wednesday evening. The

party will leave Main avenue and

A meeting will be held next Tuesday

vening in Red Men's hall to perfect

the organization of another council of

the Daughters of Pocahontas.

Miss Mary Thomas, of Jackson

At a meeting of the West Side Cen-

Announcement is made of the recent

mer will leave for Detroit on Monday.

Mrs. Stephen Dyer of Jackson street,

was severely scalded last evening,

ried Wednesday evening by Rev.

James Renninger, at the home of the

New York and will reside at Cresco.

ternoon from the home of deceased's

terment will be made in the Washburn

The memoers of the West Side

Fant eisteddfod are requested to meet

in the rooms of the First Welsh Con-

A regular meeting of the Women's

Foreign Missionary society of the

Simpson Methodist church will be held

this evening at the home of Mrs. W.

W. Davis, on South Hyde Park ave-

gregational church this evening at 8.30

Snow, both of Cresco, were mar-

the Welsh Baptist church held a debate in the church parlors last evening. The subject, "Resolved, That the Chinese Are Justified in Their Revolt Against evening in B. G. Morgan's office on Foreigners," was ably discussed by Messrs, William Davis, Evan Lewis, David J. Williams and D. E. Jones. A large number attended the entertainment. At the close of the programme ream social was held

The funeral of Mrs. James Golden. who died Wednesday night at 11 'clock will be held tomorrow morning from her late home on Brick avenue. At 9.30 o'clock the remains will be conveyed to the Holy Rosary church, where a solemn high mass of requiem will be celebrated. Interment will be made in the Cathedral ceme-

Mrs. Jasper Griffin, of Summit avenue, has returned from Clark's Summit, where she has been visiting relatives during the past week.

Rev. S. G. Reading left yesterday afternoon for Williamsport. On Sun-day he will occupy the pulpit of the Baptist church at Jersey Shore, Pa., while Rev. N. O. Patterson, of that place, will preach in the North Main Avenue Baptist church. Mr. Reading will return to Scranton Monday.

Nelson Featherby is critically ill at his home on North Main avenue. J. P. Lauer, of Philadelphia, is the guest of Rev. and Mrs. Lauer, of Short

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Rutley, of Lancaster, Pa., are the guests of the lat-ter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Marshal Preston, of Court street.

George Briggs, of Diamond avenue, has returned from Schenectady, N. Y., where he has been during the past

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Reese, of Wayne ivenue, have returned from Lake Wi-Mrs. C. H. Zeigler and daughter, Harriet, have returned from Port

Miss Sophia Evans, who has been the guest of Dr. and Mrs. E. Z. Bower during the summer, has returned to

her home in Philadelphia. The Ladies' Foreign Missionary society will meet this afternoon in the Y. "Japan" is the topic to be considered.

Mrs. Appleman, of Parker street, is onfined to her home with rheumatism. Miss Roe, of Pen Argyl, Pa., is visitng Mrs. Gomer Gaines, of Warren

Mr. George Hill, of Church avenue, was prostrated by the heat last Tues-day. He is still confined to his home. although much improved.

The outing held at Nay Aug under the auspices of the Ladies' Ald society of the Providence Methodist Episcopal finishing is of the very high- and acceptable to gentlemen church was a very enjoyable one. A erge number attended. Miss Anna Van Nort, of the South

Side, will conduct the children's meet-

ing at the Y. W. C. A. this afternoon any exclusive Gent's Fur- gain special does not usually at 3 o'clock. At 4 o'clock Miss Weir, of the Rescue mission, will hold a Bible nishing Store. Hitherto the come at such a figure as we study. The Sunday school of the First Christian church, on North Main ave-

nue, will conduct an excursion to Harvey's lake, Sept. 12. An enjoyable time promised all those who attend. All news matter for The Tribune will ceive attention of left at Davis' drug

Henry Twining, of North Main aveue, returned yesterday from Jersey

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your Grocer today to show you a ackage of GRAIN-O, the new food dring hat takes the place of coffee. The chilten may drink it without injury as well the adult. All who try it, like it. RAIN-O has that rich seal brown Mecha or Java, but it is made from are grains, and the most delicate stomin receives it without distress. It the ice of coffee, life, and 25 cts, per packies. Sold by all grocers.

GATHERED IN SOUTH SCRANTON

EPWORTH LEAGUE ENTERTAIN. MENT IN M. E. CHURCH.

Young People Are Desirous of Purchaging a New Organ and Took This Means to Raise Money. Scranton Athletic Club Will Conduct a Fair-Mrs. Charles Lewert Entertains, in Honor of Her Birthday-Other Shorter Paragraphs of General Interest.

entertained a party of friends at her home Wednesday evening. The event was an enjoyable affair. Under the auspices of the Epworth eague of the German Methodist Episopal church, of Prospect avenue and tral Republican club fast evening the Birch street, a most delightful musisecretary was instructed to notify the cal entertainment was given last evenchairman of the Republican county ing to a crowded house in the church committee that the services of the club are available for whatever work the auditorium. The entertainment was given for the purpose of raising suffiommittee may deem best in the comcient funds to enable them to purchase a new organ, which they are badly in Mrs. Elizabeth Shields, aged 80 years need of, and a good sum was thus fied last evening at 346 Evans court. raised. The church was beautifully She is survived by three sons, George decorated with flowers, potted plants and A. P., of this city, and William, of Wisconsin. The funeral announce-

The programme rendered was as follows:

marriage in New York state of Hector James, formerly of South Lincoln avenue, and Miss Anna Morton, recently with the Colliery Engineer company. Both are well known here. Mrs. S. J. Storm and daughter, Mrs. J. Albert Crawn, of Clayton, N. J., are visiting friends in town. The for-	Overture
are visiting friends in town. The for- mer will leave for Detroit on Monday.	B citation

Athletic Club Fair.

Dialogue Mesars, Zwick, Ratzel and Herbst

March

George A. Cushing and Miss Laura BecitationMiss Cora Young

bride's sister, Mrs. Henry Carter, on There was a largely attended meet-Tenth street. They left yesterday for ing of the committee on fair and the ladies' executive committee of the Mrs. William Newman, aged 47 years, Scranton Athletic club last evening in died last evening at her home in As-Athletic hall, on Alder street. Five well court. Deceased was a widow handsome booths will be erected, and and leaves eight children. The funer- the inside decorating will be done free al announcement will be made later, of charge by Fuhrman, Reynolds Bros. The funeral of the late Evan Evans, have donated a set of books and other will take place at 2.30 o'clock this afdonations will be forthcoming within a few days. sister, Mrs, William Reese, corner of A contest committee, consisting of Acker avenue and Bellevue street. In-

the following members, was appointed James Best, Charles Heier and S. J. Fuhrman. The committee on printing are B. F. Moore, C. J. Mertz and John Choral union who sang at the Dewi Schunk. After some discussion, it was decided to issue season tickets, good for the two weeks of the fair, at seventy-five cents each.

After the committee meeting a reception was tendered the members and their lady friends in the hall and an enjoyable social evening was spent Refreshments were served.

Birthday Reception.

Mrs. Charles G. Lewert, of Willow street, wife of M. Robinson's wellbookkeeper, celebrated twentieth birthday yesterday, and last evening, in honor of the event, a reception was tendered her at her home on Willow street, where both Mr. and Mrs. Lewert received congratulations upon the event.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. John Lewert, Mr. and Mrs. John Lambert, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Herman, Mrs. Henry Scheuch, of Norwalk, Conn.; Otto Robinson, Alfred Gutheinz, Fred Heintz, Philip Lewert, George Lewert. Misses Lizzie and Hattle Lewert and George Lambert.

Election of Officers.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Scranton Saengerrunde, Wednesday evening in Athletic hall, the folowing officers for the ensuing term were elected:

President, Philip Robinson; vicepresident, John Mais; financial secreary, John Greiner; corresponding secretary, Max Ludwig; treasurer, John J. Schneider; musical director, Prof. Hemberger

The auditing committee will meet Saturday for the purpose of auditing the accounts.

Shorter Paragraphs.

W. A. Connelly, of Dunmore, had a warrant sworn out yesterday before Alderman Ruddy, charging Charles O'Boyle, of Olyphant, with the larceny of two stoves, valued at \$25. Defendant entered ball in the sum of \$500 before Justice of the Peace William Mason, of Olyphant, and also requested a hearing, the date of which was fixed as Tuesday, September 11.

The Switzer Maennerchor will hold their picule this evening at Laubscher's summer garden, instead of last evening, as published in yesterday's issue, A large number of invitations have been issued, and an enjoyable time is anticipated.

A clambake and joilification by the male employes of the Sauquoit silk mill will be held next Sunday in the Meadows. All persons desiring to attend are requested to present their names today, in order that proper provision may be made for them.

The funeral of Anthony Dougherty of Irving avenue, who died at the Hillside Home, took place yesterday morning from St. John's church where a mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. E. J. Melley. After the funeral sermon the cortege moved to the Cathedral cemetery, where interment

Miss Tessie Scott, of Fig street; Miss Mary Tigue, of Cedar avenue: Miss Manley, of Cedar avenue, and Miss Mary Mayick, of Bellevue, have returned from a two weeks' sojourn at Philadelphia and Atlantic City. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Keiley, of Irving avenue, are being congratulated

upon the arrival of a baby girl at Mrs. Philip Koch and Mrs. Louis Schwass and son, Arthur, are spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. Martin Lavelle, at Moscow.

John Greiner, sr., of South Washington avenue, left yesterday for Hazard Pond, where he intends to spend several days' fishing and camping. Charles Huester, Edwin Frantz, Anfrew Franz and Jacob Schank, of Cedar avenue, are attending the Strouds-

ourg fair.

Misses Judge, of River street, and Miss Kate Kerwin, of Elm street, have returned after spending several lays at Carbondale and Lake Lodore. Frank Kohler, of Budenbach's barber shop of Cedar avenue, while engaged in playing ball yesterday, was struck on the lower jaw and had several teeth loosened.

Pea Coal \$1.25 a Ton Delivered.

It was on September 24, among other occasions, to South Side, central city and central Hyde Park. Address orders to J. T. Sharkey, 1914 Cedar avenue. 'Phone 6682.

The mass of September 24, among other occasions, that he dwelt upon his doctrine that wheat and silver went upon down together and prophecied as follows: "An American dollar will buy two were so purchased by Jefferson, and the Christican Crand Rapids.

MR. ROOSEVELT ANSWERS ORATOR BRYAN

ection of the country he comes, to stand with we the country se comes, to stand with up in this struggle for national integrity.

We have a right to insist upon both wisdom and sincerity in the leaders of any party who appeal for popular confidence. Now, let us see if we can trust the wisdom of our present oponents, by comparing their prophecies in 1896 ith the actual events since.

False Prophesy of 1896.

In 1806 Mr. Bryan insisted that "Plutocracy was on one side and Democracy on the other' (speech of Oct. 17), and that if he was beaten "the wage-worker could not prosper." Well, as a matter of fact, the wage-worker during the past four years has prospered as never before; and the same is true of all our citizens. On Sept. 19 of that year Mr. Bryan said: "If we sept. Is of that year air. Bryan said: "If we are defeated in this campaign there is nothing before the people but four years more of hard times and greater agitation." That statement carries with it its own reply. Have the last our years been easier or harder than the three cars preceding: You know well enough that hey have been infinitely better; and it is the Republican party which has restored prosperity, for it has seemed the conditions which give free play to enterprise and thrift. Mr. Bryan coninued in the same speeck; "Do you think we save drained the cup of sorrows to its dregs? the very condition from which the election of President McKinley rescued us four years ago. In the same speech Mr. Bryan said: "Business

n complain that business conditions are bad. I warn them that these conditions cannot be im-

past events have squared with his prophesy. The sighted men, event showed that voting for the Republican ticket put an end to hard times. You need not take my word for this. You need only consider the condition of yourself and your neighbors now as compared with the time when we were or twice he took excursions toto parrioticm. He all paralyzed by the threat of Mr. Bryan's reme-

Mr. Bryan then said our condition would surely

The "Robber" Dollar.

We have been hearing a good deal recently of Mr. Bryan's statement that he wanted "to put the man before the dollar, and not the dollar ances as those t have quoted cannot possibly re the man before the dollar, and not the dollar before the man." There are certain conditions to which such a statement might apply; but it cannot possibly apply to the present conditions, cannot possibly apply to the present conditions, the untercaped with the compared with the comp to which such a statement might apply; but it cannot possibly apply to the present conditions.

As things are now, it can best be compared with Mr. Bryan's other statement of Sept. 19, 1896, Mr. Bryan's other stat In which he denounced the gold standard as a done during the last few years, would now ven-"robber" dollar. One statement means just as ture to repeat such a jeer as to the men who much as the other and no more. Instead of volunteer in our armies. Now our openents asbothering about whether the man is ahead of the doller or the dollar is ahead of the man, or whether the gold dollar is a "robber"-what-ever that might mean-or anything else prever that might mean-or anything else preof fancy as to whether he is behind or in front of the dollar. He wants to get hold of it; and when he has got hold of it, he wants to find it worth one hundred cents, and not forty-eight cents. When a man can get hold of a dollar, he is its master; and when he cannot get hold of it, then he cannot master it. At present we give the wage-worker work and we provide that he a paid full value for his work. That is the only practical way to bring the man and the dollar together on terms which will give the man the advantage; and the fact of having ac-tually carried out the policy which secured this, of having done the deeds which produced these onditions, is worth to the laboring man ten iousand times more than all the fine phrases that can ever be uttered as to some wholly naginary precedence of position between the an and the dollar he earns.

In his speeches Mr. Bryan kept insisting upon the alleged fact that money was growing dearer; that under the gold standard it was bound to continue to grow scarcer. Well, as a matter of fact, and thanks to our prosperity, there is more money in circulation per capita in the United States today than ever before in the history of the country. On July 1 last the cir-culation per capita was \$26.50, an increase in circulation of \$5.40 for every man, woman and child in the country, as compared with what it was on July 1, 1896. So Mr. Bryan's prophesy has been as wide of the mark in this instance as in every other. The present year is the first in which the two billion dollar mark in circulaon has ever been passed. In other words, the crease of money in circulation has kept pace with the expanding industries and commerce of ne country, and this increase has been pre-minately due to the condition of presperity reduced by the gold standard; yet, Mr. Bryan in his Minneapolis speech of four years ago pre-dicted that commerce would be at a standatill because gold would go out of the country, and that the issuing of bonds would be necessary

to bring it back. Every single prediction he has made has been falsified by the event. On Oct. 13 he said: "These are hard times. They will be barder times if the gold standard continues." On Sept. 25 he said: "If you ask how the gold standard affects the farmer, we tell you that the gold standard lowers the price of products of him who sells without lowering his taxes or debts. you ask us how the gold standard affects the ring man, we reply that it destroys the opsortunity for labor, multiplies the number of dle men and fills our streets with those anxious for work who cannot find the opportunity. The gold standard, by increasing idleness, brings poverty to those who ought to have enough and spare." On Oct. 2 he said: "The gold standrel means a dearer dollar and falling prices, and falling prices means hard times." On Oct. 9 he said: "If we have a gold ständard, prices are as certain to fall as a stone which is thrown in the air." I do not have to comment on these prophesics. Their ludicrous falsity is patent to every farmer, every business man, every wage-worker,

That Savings Bank Prediction. Sometimes Mr. Bryan would go into more spe-

cific prophecy. In his Madison Square Garden speech he instated that savings bank depositors for the gold standard would be liable to lose their deposits and if the gold standard conexits in order to pay living expenses. Well, last year (1800) there were in the United States 5,687,000 savings bank depositors as against 5,085, 000 in the year when Mr. Bryan spoke, and the amount of their deposits had increased by 852J.000,000. Evidently Mr. Bryan did not make a happy shot when he prophecied that if the gold standard continued the depositors would lose their deposits, or would have to withdraw them. Again, in his speech at New Haven he dwelt upon the fact that if the gold standard con-tinued the number of failures among business men would increase. Well, in 1889, as compared to 1896, the number of failures had abrank from r 15,000 to less than 10,000, and the liabili-s from over \$226,000,000 to less than \$90,000, oo. Again Mr. Bryan's prophecy did not prove

In his Chicago speech he dwelt upon the fact half time in the factories and double time on the farms. You have only to look at any factory you know to appreciate the unconsciously grous side of that statement.

Mexican dollars and also about two bushels of wheat at the same time. There was time when an American dollar would buy only one bushel of wheat. If the time ever comes when an American dollar will buy three Mexican dollars, then it will buy three bushels of wheat." But, unfortunately, since then we have on several occasions had dollar wheat, and, on the whole, wheat has rises, while silver has continued to fall. At present one of our dollars will pochase more than two Mexican dollars; but will only purchase a bushel and a quarter of wheat. Of course, as any child who had studied the subject would know, the price of wheat and the price of silver do not bear the slightest relation to one another. In his speech at Tanmany hall he said: "You

know that with the slightest prospect of a for-sign war we would suspend gold payments and go either to a silver or to a paper basis at once." Well, since then we have had the Spanish war. We fought it to a successful conclusion

and no human being ever thought of the gold stnadard being suspended. Now, when utterances such as I have quoted represent the fine flower of a statesman's thought as to what is best for the country from an eco nomical and financial standpoint, the country is itself to blame if it invites disaster by giving him a chance to put his theories into effect. Remember that all these statements I have quoted were made absolutely without qualification. Our opponents are as cock-sure about the gold dollar being a "robber" dollar four years ago as they are about what they are pleased to term "militarism and imperialism" at the present day; and their utterances mean no more now than they meant then,

Mr. Bryan seems at the moment uneasily con-scious that there is something very wrong with his proposed financial policy, and talks very little about it; but he has definitely committed himself to it, and the various conventions that nomi-No, my friends, you cannot set a limit to the present hard times. But, as a matter of fact, nated him have reiterated their belief in all the they did set a limit, for the limit was set as absurd and exploded theories which he chamthey did set a limit, for the limit was set as soon as Mr. Bryan's defeat was secured; and the limit would be instantly removed if he were now elected. We would all return at once into the very condition from which the election of the very condition from which the election of appeal to any straightforward and sincere man they must if they carry the election immediately start in to revolutionize our whole financial 59%. tem, and begin a series of experiments with our industrial well-being, which could only result in the most widespread disaster. No body of proved by following up the policies of the Re-publican party." Well, let business man answer the prophetics as our opfied. What do you think of business conditions now as compared with four years ago?

Again on Sant. 29 Me. 199 to appeal to the public to be put in any position of responsibility. Even if they recent their fool-Agusin on S-pt. 22. Mr. Bryan said: "The Re-publican party produces a policy that makes is h-presses they outlit to serve an approntice hard times. All those who love hard times ought to vote for the R-publican ficket, and all those who are fired of hard times have got to vote the merely by attempts at evasion—no single premise Democratic ticket if they would expect any re-lief." Now, as I have said before, what Mr. solution of any problem which confronts us, is Bryan promises should be judged by the way the entitled to the consideration of patriotic and far

Excursions Into Patriotism. Mr. Bryan did not always confine his prophe sies to economical and financial matters. One

said on one occasion: "Show me these people who now call us anarchists, and I will show you a Two days afterwards Mr. Bryan said: "Remember, if you continue the present conditions you will have nebody to blame except yourselves for four years more of hard times," and "if you want this sort of thing then prepare yourselves to grin and hear it without complaining for four years more." On Oct. 13 he said: "There are hard times, but they will be lander yet if the gold standard continues," and on Oct. 26 he prophesied: "Until you have himetallism mil hands will stand on the corner and wonder when the gold standard will bring them good times." Again, I have only got to sak you to compare our actual condition now with what Mr. Bryan then said our condition would surely Americans, rich or poor, whatever their mean or their social standing, did not eagerly leap for ward when the call to the flag was made, anxiou to stand shoulder to shoulder with one another forgetting all trivial differences in their lov volunteer in our armies. Now our openents as-sume a different tone. It is a terrible and most lamentable truth that our soldiers who are now posterous, let us fix our attention on the fact that the policy followed for the last three years has resulted in bringing the man and the dollar together. That is what a man really wants | denouncers of America here. No Tagal general, long the figniting, can do as much to increase the bloodshed of American and Filipino alike as diana were acquired by conquest during the has been done by the Kansas City convention. Revolution. Many of the inhabitants did not I have shown you how little Mr. Bryan's utterances in the past have squared with the facts, whether he was dealing with mance, or whether he was dealing with mance, or whether he was dealing with patriotism, and it ever, was held by the British for many years is exactly as true today when he and the makers after the Revolutionary war ended, and was only the Kansas City platform talk of imperialism militarism. One reason that makes it difficult seriously argue either question is that so far as I know there is no man in the United States who believes in either imperialism or militarism. They are pure phantoms of an even more shidowy and intangible quality than the iniquitous "robber gold dollar" which disturbed Mr. Bryan so much four years ago. The regular army is not nearly as numerous, relatively to the whole population, as is the New York police force relatively to the population of New York; and it s literally as absurd to predicate militarism of mperialism on the size of the army, as it would

Increase of the Army.

e to see in the number of policemen a menace

Just at present we have in the regular army as compared with our population, nine-tentias of a soldier to every one thousand of population. This is the proposition for the year 1889. Well, in the year 1800 we had eight-tenths of a sol-dier to every one thou-and inhabitants. The Inrease of militarism since the palmy days of Jefferson, a century back, is represented by ex-actly one-tenth of a soldier to every thousand inhabitants, and the increase to the canger of our institutions is measured, therefore, by the amount of tyranny which is empable of being exercised by one American in a uniform over ten thousand of his fellow-citizens without uniorms. There was an anti-imperialistic meeting at Indianapolis recently which endorsed Mr. Bryan, and the delegates expressed frantic alarm at the increase in our military force. The figures I have given show that mathematically these three hundred so-called "anti-imperialists" were only entitled collectively to so much terror-among them all-as would be represented by a little less than one-thirtieth of a regular soldier I freely admit their capacity for being fright-ened, but this amount of menace scarcely seems to entitle even the most sensitive soul to any

Since 1800 the proportion of the regular army has varied somewhat even in times of peace. It has sometimes been lower than it is at present, and again it has been higher, as in 1810 when we had one and four-tentla soldiers for every thousand people, and in 1870 when we had one for every thousand people. During the Indian wars on the plains we often had a relatively larger military force than has been employed in the Philippines; and there was just as much chance "militarism" then as there is now, and no Let any one of you think of his own experi-

of difference to you as regards your private lifwhether we have ten or twenty regiments of heavy artillery in our coast force; or whether we have ten or twenty regiments of easilry and stantry engaged in keeping order, visither mong the Indians on the plants or arrong the Tagals in the Philippines. There is no more possibility of a draft or of any serious bucken of military service in this country than there is possibility of George III's coming to life again and the man who proposes to feel triplitened about the one might as well express rerectances

as to the possibility of the other.

So it is with imperialism. There is not the
least little danger of imperialism and there is not a dividing line of any kind to be drawn between our methods of expansion in 1895 and 1896 and the methods of expansion under we acquired Michigan, Illinois, Florida, Louis-tana, Minnesota, Missouri, Oregoo, California, Hawati and Alaska, Mr. Bryan has recently poken of us as having purchased the Philippines at \$2.50 a head, treating it as analogou buying slaves at \$1,000 a head. It seems in ossible that such a statement could be made Philippines were noid for precisely as Florida, Louisiana, California and Alaska were paid for. The Filipines were no more purchased than were, the individual dwellers in New Orleans, St.

HEALTHY BABIES ARE THOSE RAISED ON **BORDEN'S EAGLE** BRAND CONDENSED MILK FER BABIES ABOUTERS Borden's Condensed Milk Co, New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. BURGUNDER & REIS, Lessnes. H. R. BROWN, Manager.

KING DRAMATIC COMPANY Headed by Mr. Lawrence Grattan, presenting fluorslay matinee—"Dark Secret."
Fluorsday might—"Dr. Jekyl and Mr. Hyde."
friday matinee—"Lost in London."
Friday night—"Sporting Duchess."
Regular House Prices.

One Week Commencing Monday, Sept. 10, KATHERINE ROBER.

And her own Selected Company of Recognized Players, presenting a list of Standard and Modern Successes, Monday night—"Killarney."
Tuesday night—"Hasel Rirke."
Wednesday night—"La Belle Marie."
Tuesday Matinee—CAMILLE.

Popular price. Daily matinees,

YCEUM THEATRE

Burnunder & Reis, Lesser, and Managers ONE NIGHT ONLY, SATURDAY, SEPT. & FRANK DANIELS.

In His Big Comic Opera Hit.

THE AMEER.

Music by Victor Herbert, composer of "The Virard of the Nile." "The Idol's Eye" and "The Seconds." Book by Kirke La Shelle, author of The Princess Chic" and Frederick, author of The Smuggler." Smugglers." be produced here by the entire New York

company.

"An emphatic hit."—New York Herald.
PRICI'S—Lower floor, \$1.50, \$1.00; loves, \$1.75; boxes, \$2.00; balcony, \$1.00, 75c, 50c.; loges, \$1.50; boxes, \$1.50; gallery, 25c.

Bux office will open at 9 o'clock a. m., Thursday, September 6th.

New Gaiety Theatre

3 NIGHTS Daily Matinees, Commencing Monday, September 10.

Smoking Concerts. TENDERLOIN BURLESQUERS

A show for the people. Forms Divine, Music Entrancing, and the Paris Exposition Sensation.

Seats on sale Friday-Box office. tianized half-eastes of Alaska were so purchased by Seward. When in 1776 the United States de clared itself a nation, Illinois, Indiana and Mich were conquered and brought in. Detroit, how-ever, was held by the British for many years surrendered in consequence of Jay's treaty, for what was in effect a money equivalent. The indian aboriginal inhabitants of these states were not consulted in the treaty, nor were the white inhabitants of French extraction. The author of the Declaration of Independence, being of same and healthy mid, did not push the doctrine of the "consent of the governed" to a conclusion that would have resulted in our great common-wealth being confined to the east of the Alle-ghenics, while this mighty west, in which I am now speaking, would have been left as a hunt-ing ground for savages and a dwelling place for fur traders.

"Consent of the Governed."

to personal liberty. There is no more chance of a draft to fill one body than to fill the other, Mr. Bryan and his associates cannot sa enough about the "consent of the governed" doc and there is even less chance in the case of the army, that it will be used against our freedom. trine as applying to the Philippines. They dwell upon the fact that "no man is good enough to govern another." In North Carolina, and other southern states, we see before our eyes the process of the disfranchisement of the negro. We see before our eyes the black man governed. without his consent by the white man. Be it re-membered, too, that the men thus disfranchised have always been Mr. Bryan's fellow citizens, most of them bern as free as he was born. It our opponents are sincere they must necessarily denounce what has been done in North Caro-lina with even more bitterness than they have shown in denouncing what has been done in the Philippines. They say that in the Philippines one man is not entitled to govern another, even when the one does so only to protect the other from the rule of a savage eligarchy until he grows able to protect himself. It is a matter of aishment that such doctrine can be either uttered or listened to without laughter, when it is speken by and to men who go to their candidate pledging him the votes of their states, because in those states these very men do govern other men without their consent. Until our opponents have removed the beam from their own eye, by applying their "consent of the gov-crued" doctrine at home, let them hold their words give fresh heart to shoot down our soldiers n the far eastern archipelago. The policy of expansion is America's historic

We have annexed the Philippines exactly as we have annexed Hawaii, New Mexico and Alaska. They are now part of American terriory, and we have no more right to give them up than we have the right to restore Hawali to the Kanaka queen or to abandon Alaska to the Esquimaux. There is not a particle of difference between the cases. We cannot go back, first for the sake of the islands themselves, and next for the sake of our own honor. The men who are making speeches on the uprighteousness of our expanding in the Philippines might with as much justification incite the Sioux and the Apache tribes to outbreak against us, on the pround that we have no right to retain South Dakota or Arizona. The policy of the Kansas City platform is a policy of economic disaster and financial dishonor at home and of unworthy shrinking from duty abroad; and we appeal to all honest, far-seeing, brave and patriotic men, north or south, east or west, whatever their poto stand with us now against the men who would bring such abuse and intery upon our country, and to support us as we uphold the cause of ionesty and of industrial well-being at home and the peoples of the earth.

Proctor Clarke's Address.

Mr. John Proctor Clarke, of New York, closed the meeting with a rousing short address, which brought the audience to their feet. He insisted that there is in this country no such thing under our laws as the classes and the masses, and that to try to array the discontented against the conented was wrong in policy and wicked n design.

Colonel Roosevelt left at midnight by special train. He will visit several Michigan cities tomorrow, ending at

Globe Warehouse