ALLIED FORCES NEARING PEKIN

Were Within 33 Miles of sent back to the hospital at Tien-Tsin, The reply of the United States govthe Walled City on Thursday.

CHAFFEE SENDS DESPATCH

Reports the Arrival of the Troops at Ho Si Wu-At the Same Rate of Progress Chaffee May Today Be Within Striking Distance of the Walls of the Mysterious City-The Fancied Hordes of Chinese Expected Did Not Close in Upon the Rear of the Army of Rescue-America's Reply to the Latest Imperial Edict Is to the Effect That the United States Troops Must Be Allowed to Enter Pekin and Escort Minister Conger and Other Americans to Tien Tsin Without Being Disturbed

Washington, Aug. 13.-The American commander in chief in a dispatch of just three words received at the war department late this afternoon sent a thrill of exultation and expectancy through official circles by cabling his arrival at Ho Si Wu, only thirty-three miles from Pekin, last Thursday. The last heard from him before this was at Yang Tsun, which had been captured after a hard fight, and word of his movements since then had been eagerly awaited. Thursday he was eighteen miles beyond Yang Tsun. Lang Fang, the place where the illfated Seymour expedition met its fate and turned back, had been left behind.

The battle of Yang Tsun was fought on the sixth and the advance to Ho Si Wu was accomplished on the 9th, a march of eighteen miles in three days. This was four days ago, and, at the same rate of progress, Chaffee is even now fairly within striking distance of the walls of Pekin. It was a consummation which the war department had awaited calmly, and stirring as the news was that the American force was now nearing the gates of the Imperial City, Secretary Root and Adjutant General Corbin evinced no surprise, as it accorded with calculations. although the advance had been more rapid than was expected. The dispatch from Chaffee, conveying so much in so few words, is as follows:

"Chefoo. "Adjutant General, Washington, "Tenth arrived Ho Si Wu yes-(Signed) Chaffee."

The news of the advance soon spread throughout official quarters. In the enthusiasm of the moment a report got about that this was the day for the actual arrival at Pekin.

But the war department has not a word of the advance beyond Ho Si Wu. It was deemed hardly likely that the march to Pekin could have been made since last Thursday.

Communication Open.

At the rate of progress, six miles a day made from Yang-Tsun to Ho-Sl-Wu, about twenty-four miles would been covered in the last four days, and up to today this would still leave the international forces nine miles from Pekin. Viewed from any standpoint, the advance to Ho-Si-Wu was of the utmost importance, not only strategically but also in showing that communication was open back to Chefoe, that the expected opposition from Chinese hordes had not been sufficient to prevent the steady forward movement and in the influence it would exert on the Chinese government.

Brief as is the dispatch, it conveys much information beyond that specifically contained in its few words, Although it is not stated what force has arrived, the war department accepts it to mean that it is the international force which first took Peltsang and then Yang-Tsun. It has gone steadily forward along the left bank of the Pel river, keeping on the main road, which skirts the river bank. At Yang-Tsun the railway crosses the river and branches off to the west. Now the forces have left the rallway far in the rear and are depending upon the highway and the river. Ho-Si-Wu is a place of considerable size, and the largest town between Tien-Tsin and Ching-Chia-Wan. The latter place and Tung-Chow are the two cities of consider able size in the line of advance after leaving Ho-Si-Wu. It is surrounded by orchards and gardens, and is not a place likely to have afforded oppor tunity for strong defense. It is the highest point on the Pel river, where the river water is depended on, as the native wells are the source of supply on the balance of the route to Pekin As it has taken five days for General Chaffee to report the advance to Ho-Si-Wu, it is evident that wire communication is not open to the front. This was hardly to be expected, and the safe arrival of the message at least shows that a certain measure of

communication is open Fancied Hordes Absent.

One of the chief sources of congratulation among officials is that the fancied hordes of China have not materialized, or at least have not prevented the international column frawing closer to the gates of Pekin. Shortly after this dispatch arrived, another message from General Chafec, far more lengthy, gave the melancholy story of the fight at Yangrsun. The casualty list was given in with the additional informaon that the dead had been fang-Tsun and the wounded had been !

ernment to China's overtures of peace was made public early in the day, train, showing the firm and final position that had been taken. While express-ing satisfaction at this pacific step, the reply states that it is evident that "there can be no general negotiation between China and the powers" so

long as the ministers and legationers are restrained and in danger. Then follows a specific statement of what the United States expects as a condition precedent to a cessation of hoslities, viz.: That a body of the relief force be "permitted to enter Pekin unmolested" and escort the ministers ack to Tien-Tsin. The text of the American reply is as follows:

Touching the Imperial edict of Aug. 5th, aporing Li Hung Chang envoy plentpotentiary conduct negotiations on the part of China th the powers, and the request for a cessation ostilities pending negotiations, communi-to Mr. Adec by Minister Wu, on the 12th

August, 1900. ugust, 1990.

• government of the United States learns autofaction of the appointment of Li Hung g to conduct negotiations with the powers will enter upon regotiations with a desire attinue the friendly relations so long exist-between the two countries. It is evident there can be no general negotiations be-i China and the powers so long as the iters of the powers and the persons under their protection remain in their present position of restraint and danger, and that the powers cannot cease their efforts for the delivery of these resentatives to which they are constrained the highest considerations of national power under an arrangement adequate to ac ish a peaceable deliverance,

e are ready to enter into an agreement with na and the powers for a resistion of hostile estrations on condition that a sufficient composing the relief expedition shall be itted to enter Pekin unmolested and to esout the foreign ministers and residents to Tien I'sin, this movement being provided for and se-cured by such arrangements and dispositions of ops as shall be considered satisfactory by the

Washington, Aug. 12, 1000.

Alvey A. Adee,
Acting Secretary of State.

The Powers Agree.

It developed during the day that the eference to "the powers" employed in the American reply was not without a distinct meaning. Exchanges between the various powers have been going on constantly, and, as a result, the officials had the satisfaction of knowing late in the day that the position of the United States had the approval and support of all the great powers. While this had not been expressed in any formal manner by all the parties, yet the exchanges in the chancellories of Europe and through the foreign reports in Washington Howard, yelling "Lynch him!" had made it positive that the powers vere acting unitedly the course of this government. Several of the foreign representatives, including Baron Speck Von Sternberg, the German charge d'affaires, and Mr. De Wollant, the Russian charge d'affaires, had extended conferences with Mr. Adee during the afternoon. Thesa added to the assurances of unanimity among the powers. The presence of the Russian representative, was gratify- Two Thousand Men in Baltimore Ening in clearing away some misapprehension, which was not shared by the government here, as to Russia's course in authorizing M. De Giers to leave Pekin under Chinese escort. It was pointed out that this in no way brought about a difference between the attitude of Russia and that of the other powers, as all were acting on the theory that the Chinese government must first give an absolute

isters. It seems evident that this absolute the Russian position does not differ materially from that of the other powers. At least, Russia is included among those who fully approve the course taken by the United States.

BARS OUT AMERICAN SAUSAGE.

Germany's Prohibition of Canned Meats Is Effective Oct. 1.

Washington, Aug. 13.-The main procisions of the meat law recently enacted by the German government, affecting, among other things, the absolute prohibition of American canned meats and sausages, will take effect Oct. 1

Back in Line for McKinley.

Denver, Aug. 13.-A. M. Stevenson, who, as delegate-at-large from Colorado with Senator Teller and others, walked out of the National Republican convention at St. Louis, and who afterward assisted in organizing the Silver Republican party, has resigned the chairmannip of the party in this state and announced his return to the Republican party.

Record Passage Made. Bremen, Aug. 13.-The North German Lloyd umer Kaiser Willielm Der Gresse, Captain nglebart, which sailed from New York, Aug. 7, r Bremen, has made the record passage of any steamer sailing from Sandy Hook to Cher er, covering 3.184 knots in five days, ninetron irs and forty-four minutes. Her average speed was 22.79 knots per hour.

EXCURSION TRAIN WRECKED.

Thirteen People Are Killed at Tennille, Georgia.

Tennille, Ga., Aug. 13.-The Southern railway train from Augusta was wrecked here this afternoon, and thirteen people were badly hurt.

The train broke in two on a steep grade, and the two sections collided. There was an excursion from Tennille to Savannah today, and a large crowd of excursionists was on the

ROOSEVELT TO BREAK RECORDS

Itinerary of the Governor Includes Many Western Towns-Will Speak Little in the East.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—According to Per-ry S. Heath, of the Republican naional committee, the campaigning tour planned for Governor Roosevelt will break all records in the annals of presdential campaigning. From Labor Day, when Governor Roosevelt will make his first big speech of the campaign in Chicago, until the end of Sepember, the governor will spend his time west of the Mississippi river. All of the month of October will be occupled in hard campaigning in the states of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Ohlo, with the exception of a few days in West Virginia, which the managers express the hope of carrying. Two or three days at the end of October will be spent in New York, and that small period of time will be all the east will see of Roosevelt during the campaign.

Many of Governor Roosevelt's speeches will be made from the rear platform of his Pullman, and in that way he will be able to cover an unusually large amount of territory. In the more populous parts of the country he will travel only in the day time, but while crossing the far western portions, where the big towns are a long distance apart, he will probably travel at night, also, in order to save time.

ESCAPED THE MOB.

Hundreds of People After a Negro at Akron, O.

Akron, O., Aug. 13.-There came near eing a lynching in Akron tonight, and only the fleetness of a negro-Bud Howard-in getting away from a howling mob saved him from being killed. In an altercation with a white man named John Forbes, Howard pulled a revolver and shot Forbes, Forbes sank to the ground wounded. This was at the corner of Main and Market streets, the busiest corner in the city, and a crowd gathered in a minute. Hundreds of men started after ard had a few hundred feet the start, and finally got away. He was afterward captured by the police while boarding a freight train in East Akron. Forbes was wounded in the thigh and will recover.

STEVEDORES STRIKE.

gage in a Riot-Several Are Wounded.

Baltimore, Aug. 13.-The strike of the 2,000 union stevedores who went out last week is assuming an ugly aspect and minor disturbances are of daily occurrence. A big crowd last night attacked a street car at Locust Point, guarantee for the safety of the min- in which were a number of non-union colored men who had taken the strikers' places, and bombarded it with guarantee cannot be given by China bricks and other missiles until disunless it allows the international persed by the police. Tonight they atforces to enter Pekin, so that in effect tacked a gang of fifteen colored men as the latter emerged from the Baltimore and Ohlo docks at Locust Point, following them several blocks and pelting them with stones and bricks.

At the foot of Allen street one of the negroes drew a pistol and fired five shots into the crowd. Three of the shots took effect, wounding Henry Presser, Joseph Benesch and Arthur Ranier. None of the wounds are serious, and the man who did the shooting, together with his companions, fled, and has not yet been arrested.

THEY NOW WANT PEACE.

Germany and France Bury Their Bitterness of Years.

Paris, Aug. 13.-The German authorities of Alsace-Lorraine have given orders that the anniversary of Metz shall not be celebrated this year in order not to offend the susceptibilities of the French.

Fell Under a Freight Train. Harrisburg, Aug. 13.-Charles Wierdien, aged 18 years, whose parents live at 344 Fifteenth street, Newark, N. J., fell under a freight train

street, Newark, N. S., ten on the Pennsylvania today at Bailey's station on the Pennsylvania

Overcome by Heat.

Harrisburg, Aug. 13.—Francia M. Feekley, o York, aged 24 years, was evercome with th heat in this city today and died soon after.

ARTFUL ATTEMPT AT POISONING.

Parls Is Excited Over an Act That Recalls the Memory of Lucretia Borgia-Deadly Fumes from Dried Flowers.

New York, Aug. 13,-A special cable violent sickness and vomiting. In dispatch from Paris to the Evening fact, his condition had many of the "An artful attempt at poisoning by

the use of perfume, which recalls lieved, memories of Lucretia Borgia, is exeiting the gossips of Paris.
"Thursday the Chinese minister, Yu

asked the minister to accept. mani Di Parma, opened the letter and the flower-sending Julie, who is now

was imediately overcome by the dead- being carefully watched. ly odor emanating from the flowers, that been "His recovery was accompanied by

rested. "She appears to be mentally de-Keng, received a letter. It was signed ranged. Before the examining magis-"Julie Czerwinska" and contained trate she claimed to be the victim of ome dried flowers, which the writer a Polish princess, who vowed to take hideous vengeance for some myster-"The secretary to the legation, Ar- lous wong done her, presumably by

characteristics of poisoning and

only by prompt action was he re-

"Mile. Czerwinska has been ar-

"The flowers are being chemically analyzed. "The secretary is slowly recovering."



Siege Battery O. of the United States Army, which is the first in America, is booked to leave Presidio August 20 for service in China t is commanded by Captain John R. Williams, Lieutenant C. Hern and Lieutenant P. Ward,

UNCLE SAM'S CRACK SIEGE BATTERY.

DISMEMBERED BODY FOUND

Remains of Joseph Schaffer Are Discovered Shockingly Mutilated. Murdered for Money.

Baltimore, Aug. 13.-The dismemered body of a farmer named Joseph Schaffer, who lived near the line beween Baltimore and Howard counties, has been found in the Patapsco river, near Woodstock, and the police are confident that murder has been done, Schaffer 'disappeared from home in February, and nothing has been heard f him since until the head and Srunk of his body were found in the river by ome boys, who were swimming. day both legs were found near the same spot, and the police say an examination of them indicates that they were cut off near the hips with a blunt instrument. They were still covered with portions of the trousers Schaffer wore when he left home, and in the pockets were six cents, all that was eft of a considerable sum Schaffer had with him when last seen.

The dead man started from home to cut wood, accompanied by a negro, who had helped about the farm on previous occasions, and neither of them has ever been seen alive since.

The Bryan Campaign Fund Story Is Denied.

New York, Aug. 13 .- Touching a dis-London under date of August 10, in in the direction of the robber, who, which it was stated that President after running a short distance, fell to Kruger is contributing between \$2,509,- the ground, and \$3,350,000 to the election of William J. Bryan and also that Webster Davis had received \$125,000 from call the hired men on the farm. When the same source, as a contribution for they returned both robbers had es-Charles D. Pierce, consul general and treasurer of the Roer relief fund and that he was wounded. P. Lauter Wessels, special commlssioner of the South African republic of this city, today gave out a denial of both statements, adding to the denial the following:

"The Boers have other and better ise for their funds. England is in desperate straits for the 'sins of this war' when she will resort to such despicable means to influence the American people against the Boor cause when fully 95 per cent. of the citizens are in our favor."

HOBSON NOT TO GO TO CHINA.

Admiral Remey Wants Him in Manila if He Is Fit for Duty. Washington, Aug. 13.-Constructor Hobson has asked for the command of

marine detachment in China, and ready, he says, to assume the duty Rear Admiral Remey has cabled that

he is oposed to the detailing of Hobson for any such duty. He adds that if the constructor is able to undertake active work in the field he is in a posttion to return to Manila or Hong Kong, where the services of a constructor are required in making repair work.

Hobson is still at the naval hospital in Yokohama under treatment for his eyes, and will probably return to this

CROSSING ACCIDENT.

Thirteen Dead and Sixteen Injured in the Smashup at Benninger's On Sunday Night.

Allentown, Pa., Aug. 13,-Thirteen are lead and sixteen injured as a result of the grade crossing accident at Benninger's, on the Lehigh and England railroad, last night. Besides those reported last night Miss Maggie Jones, iged 20, and Miss Susan Bachman, aged 83, are dead.

The first named died in the hospital at midnight. Others injured, but not mentioned in last night's list, are: John, Jennie and Stella Lynn, Minnie Williams, Charles Reinhard, Alice Jones, Bertha Jones and Laird Kern. Those most seriously injured are: Mrs. William Rest, Alice Nagle and Hattie Nagle, Coroner Kelm began an inuest today.

Ammunition for China.

Philadelphia, Aug. 13.—Eight carloads of an munition arrived at the League Island navy yard today, and will be placed on board the rater carrying steamer Arethusa, which is ur der orders to sail for China shortly. The bulk of the ammunition came from Norfolk. The Are-thusa will also take some stores to China, and will probably stop at Cavite, P. I., en mote.

Solace Sails from Yokahama. Washington, Aug. 13.—The Solace, bringing ome the sick and wounded from China, sailed his morning from Yokahama for Guayama, thich will be her first stepping place on her

EMPRESS WILL MOVE. Ruler of China Has Declared Her Intention to Leave Pekin.

Berlin, Aug. 13,-At the Chinese le ation in Berlin, the correspondent of the Associated Press was informed today that the empress dowager had declared her intention to leave Pekin, and to transfer her court to another city before the allied forces reached the capital. Lu Hai Houan, the Chinese minister here, on learning of this intention, telegraphed to both the emoress dowager and the emperor not to

eave Pekin, but to quietly await the arrival of the international forces. The German foreign office still beieves that the allies have not begun the advance on Pekin, the rainy season seing unfavorable. The Chinese protest against the landing of troops at shanghal has been officially received here. Great Britain, according to the German foreign office, has not given other declaration of purpose in landing troops at Shanghai than the declaration made by the British consul eneral to the other foreign consuls there, namely the protection of life and property.

SHOT A ROBBER.

A Farmer Drives Off Two Highwaymen and Wounds One.

Ashtabula, O., Aug. 13.-A farmer named J. J. Freeman, residing near Jefferson, this county, while sitting on KRUGER DID NOT CONTRIBUTE his porch reading, was attacked by highwayman, who demanded his money, Freeman during the day had drawn \$400 from the bank and had taken it home. The highwayman evi-

A second highwayman then appeared on the scene. Mr. Freeman went to caped. Blood on the ground near where the first robber fell indicates

STEAMER ON FIRE.

Terrible Experience of the White Star Liner Cymric While Crossing the Atlantic.

New York, Aug. 13.-The White Star liner Cymric, which has arrived here, had a terrible experience while crossing the Atlantic. At noon, Sunday, Aug. 5 when the big vessel was nineteen hours out from Queenstown, fire was discovered among the cargo in the forward hold and it raged thirty-six tours until midnight on Monday, when was reported to be under control. Hold No. 1, where the fire is believed to have originated, had been flooded for the purpose of checking the flames. The water leaked through into the compartments, after causing damage to the general merchandise stored there, The boat, however, was not seriously njured. The loss on the cargo was so heavy that Agent John Lee, of the White Star line, notified the consignees of the cargo that they would be expected to pay their pro rata share of the loss.

Butler May Stump for McKinley.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 13.-The Evening Post, a ocal Populist paper, says that Chairman Marion Butler will take the stump for McKinley, Vice Chairman Education was asked about this matter this evening and declined to talk. "In the absence of definite information," said Mr. Ed miston, "I can say nothing about Senator But ler's future course,"

Jim Jeffries Injured.

New York, Aug. 13.—Champion James J. Jef-ries wrenched one of his unkles today by tailog from a bleycle at his training quarters at och Arbor, near Asbury Park. The injury was snounced painful but not dangerous, espite the injuries, went in hatching with his g bandaged this afternoon.

Golf Match.

Poland Springs, Me., Aug. 13.-Harry Varden, the English golfer, today in his 36 looke match on the links here, beat A. H. Fenn, the profes-ional 7 up and 6 to play. In so doing he wat the aine look links record of 37, held by cans, bettering it one, and the 18 hole record of 77 by 187 by 1 1 77 by Fenn, making it in 72.

Corporations Chartered.

Harrisburg, Aug. 13.—Charters were issued by the state department today, to the following corporations: Penn Radiator company, Corry, capital \$100,000, National Lumber company, apital \$100,000. National Lumber de-Keesport, capital \$10,000. Penn Brick company, Pittsburg, capital \$10,000. Steamship Arrivals.

New York, Aug. 13.—Cleared: Steamers An-horia, Glasgow; Lahn, Bremen via Cherbourg choria, Glasgow; Lahn, Bremen via Cherbour and Southampton Tauric, Liverpool, Southamp ion-Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, New York via Chechourg for Bremen.

Ten Rounds Draw. Denver, Aug. 13.-Jack Jeffries, of California,

and Billy Stifft, of Chicago, fought ten rous to a draw tonight before the Olympic club.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today,

GENERALLY FAIR.

General-Army of the Allies Near Pekin A Modern Lucretia B. is.

General-Northeastern Pennsylvania Financial and Commercial

The Tribune's Educational Contest, Local-Court Record of a Busy Day, School Board Meeting. Nine Divorces Granted.

Editorial, News and Comment.

Local-Democrats Experience Difficulty in Ar ranging a Slate.

Mayor Moir Determined to Stamp Out the

Local-West Scranton and Salarban.

Round About the County. Local-Court Record of a Busy Day (Con cluded) Industrial Jottings.

Jacinto Ebron Sentenced for Insurrection Against the Government

of the United States.

OFFENDERS AT LUZON

Washington, Aug. 13,-Copies of orders received at the war department announce the sentence of Jacinto Ebron, a native, who was charged with "insurrection against the government of the United States of America." Ebpatch from Pretoria and printed in a revolver from his pocket and shot five years. The order states that Ebron was a member of a band of outlaws operating in Cayagan province, Luzon, which committed barbarous outrages on the whole population and kept the people in a constant state

> of terror. Fumin Camit, convicted of manslaughter in Hollo, was sentenced for

ten vears.

orders also contained the acquittal of Colonel James S. Pettit, Thirty-first volunteer infantry, who was charged with being responsible for the death of a prisoner named Juan Ramos by turning him over to the presidente of Zoambanga. findings and acquital are disproved by General McArthur, who says that notwithstanding the alleged character of the prisoner, which tended to reveal him as a guerilla or outlaw, he was nevertheless entitled to protection, and to have his guilt determined in the regular way by the war tribunal. Although the acquittal is disapproved, there was nothing further for General MacArthur to do, and he restored Colonel Pettit to his regiment.

50,000 WILL MARCH.

Arrangements for the Last Great

Parade of Veterans. Chicago, Aug. 13.-Complete arrange ments have been made for the annual parade of the G. A. R., which will take dace on Tuesday morning, Aug. 28 This will probably be the last great eview of the veterans of the Civil war, and it will be made a memorable event in the history of the organiza-

Fifty thousands veterans will march brough the Avenue of Fame, thence brough the beautiful arches and Court of Honor, passing the reviewing stand, where they will be greeted by President McKinley and other distinguished Daily News, "that we are again in-

CALEB POWERS' TRIAL.

Testimony of the Accused Completed Yesterday. Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 13 .- Testi-

ony in the trial of former Secretary of State Caleb Powers, charged with complicity in the shooting of Governor Goebel, was concluded at noon today. This afternoon the jury Tas taken to the scene of the shooting at Frankfort. Today marked the beginning of

the sixth week of the trial. Judge Cantrill announced that as oon as the arguments have been concluded and the case gone to the jury the case against Henry E. Youtsey will be called for trial. The sheriff was ordered to summon a special venire of jurors for the Youtsey case.

DEATHS OF A DAY.

Concord, N. H., Aug. 13.-News was receive here today that Elder Abraham Perkins, the oldest Shaker in New England, died at the East Canterbury community on Sunday, aged 92 years o months and 20 days. Elder Perkins had been a Shaker since his nineteenth year, and during most of that time was at the head of the com nunity at Enfield, this state. New York, Aug. 15.—Announcement has been made of the death Sunday at the Manhat-

Harrisburg, Aug. 13 .- Horace A. Clute, aged 61 years, formerly manager of the Western Union Telegraph office in this city, died today of neryous prostration. Berlin, Aug. 13.—Carl Laufs, the well known playwright, died yesterday at Cassell. A++++++++++++++++

tan state hospital of William Steinitz, the choss

AMERICANS INJURED BY A BLUNDER

The 14th Infantry Shelled by Russians and British.

MESSAGE FROM MACDONALD

British Minister States That the Food Supply Is Nearly Exhausted. Details of the Battle at Yang Tsun-The Americans Sustain the Heaviest Losses of the Day-Story of the Massacre at Aguin-Cossacks Killed the Wounded.

London, Aug. 14, 3.50 a. m .- The Brite ish consul at Canton, says the Daily. Telegraph's correspondent there, has received the following message, dated Aug. 6, from Sir Claude MacDonald, British minister in Pekin:

"Our situation is desperate, In ten days our food supply will be at an end. Unless we are relieved a general massacre is probable.

"The Chinese offer to escert us to Tien Tsin, but, remembering Cawnpore, we refuse the offer. There are over two hundred European women and children in this legation." The Shanghal correspondent of the

Daily Express, wiring, yesterday, says: "The allies at noon Saturday were within twenty miles of Pekin."
As General Chaffee's report, which is the only authentic news received here regarding the advance, located the international forces about forty miles from Pekin on Friday, it seems probable that this Shanghai report is optimistic. It is scarcely likely that

the allies could advance twenty miles in as many hours, A Yang Tsun dispatch, dated Aug. 7. giving details regarding the capture

of that place, says: "The Russians and French held the left, the British the left center, the Americans the right center and the Japanese the extreme right. The British and Americans advanced on the village at a rapid rate for five thousand yards, under a severe shell and rifle fire. The Russians opened and the British-American advance became a race for positions, culminating in a brilliant charge

"The heaviest loss of the day was sustained by the Americans, the Fourteenth infantry having nine killed. sixty-two wounded and several missing. The Bengal lancers uns fully attempted to cut off the Chinese

Another Yang-Tsun special says: Owing to a mistake, British and Russian guns shelled the Fourteenth United States infantry during the night, wounding ten."

Commenting upon this occurrence, the Standard says: "It is melancholy to learn that the losses of the Americans, who seem to have borne themselves with conspicuous gallantry, were increased by a deplorable error, in consequence of which one of their regiments was pounded by Russian and British cannon. The incident emphasizes the necessity of that close cooperation which is not easily obtainable without a single commander and

a general staff. Official advices from Yokohama, dated yesterday, say that the allies propose to advance on August 7 to Nan-Tsi-Tsun, between Yang-Tsun and Wu-Sing. The Japanese suffered no casualties at Yang-Tsun, but the official reports say they had 300 at

Peitsang. Russians Took No Prisoners.

The Daily Mail's St. Petersburg correspondent declares that the taking of Aguin has sealed the fate of the rising in northwestern Manchuria. He adds: 'No prisoners were taken by the Rus-Wholesale massacres was the order of the day; and, when the battle was over, the Cossacks rode over the field, killing all the wounded with the butt of their muskets."

Once more the press of England remarks upon the ability of the American government to secure news ahead of the rest of the world. "It is to General Chaffee," says the

debted for news from the front. Not a single dispatch from Sir Aured Gazelee has thus far been issued by the war office." Commenting upon the American reply to the Chinese overtures, the Dally

News says: "The reply is more conciliatory than that of M. Deleasse's, in some respects it is a little ambiguous. Still its substance is the same. It may be observe ed that the United States government does not seem to separate itself from

the allies," All the small arms ammunition used by the affies will be in accordance with the recommendations of the peace conference, none being explosive or expanding. The drain of China and South Africa upon England's stores is so great that every private firm has been enlisted to help the government supply the demand and to restore the reserves, which is much below par. All the great ammuni-

tion firms are working night and day [Continued on Page 6.]

Pennsylvania Pensions. Washington, Aug. 11.-Pensions: Original,

+++++++++++++++ WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Aug. 12.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday: Eastern Peon-sylvania—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday light to fresh westerly winds.