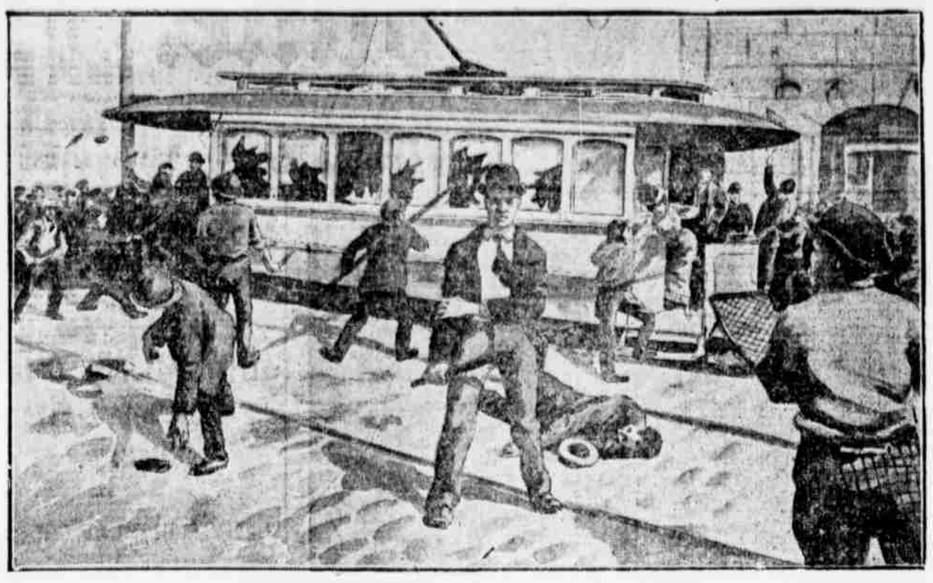

SCENE OF A DISTURBANCE IN ST. LOUIS.

LOOKS LIKE ROOSEVELT

[Concluded from Page 1.]

party will ask the country to return it to power—a record eloquently placed before the convention yesterday by Senator Wolcott.

Tomorrow the convention meets at 10 o'clock in the morning and its labors will probably be over before 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

THE SECOND SESSION.

Gavel Presentations—Senators Quay, Depew and Others Recognized.

Philadelphia, June 20.—Not another person could have been forced into the great hall in which the Republican National convention is being held on the outskirts of this city today when the temporary chairman rapped for the opening of the second session of the body. Every one of the 15,000 chairs was occupied and the walls were lined by thousands of persons standing up. The indifference of yesterday had given place to enthusiasm. An eagerness was noted on every one's face and the air was more like that of other great Republican gatherings. The convention today had the appearance of a body that has something of national importance on hand.

The convention is settling down to work, but even with the greatest effort it may not be possible to renominate the president today. The time will be occupied with oratory. The nominating speeches are to be long, and a dispute about the rules and organization is probable. The reading of the platform must also be a part of today's proceedings.

It is plain that the convention is looking forward to tomorrow with even greater interest than it looked forward to today. It will be seen this afternoon whether Senator Hanna and his friends are able to concentrate enough delegates on any one to procure a majority on the first ballot for vice president. If there is no choice on the first ballot, through the failure to unite, then a general break for Roosevelt on the second can hardly be prevented.

The temper of the convention was shown twice today, once when Governor Roosevelt escorted Senator Lodge to the platform, and once when one of the speakers, in noticeably tiresome remarks, coupled Roosevelt's name with McKinley's. Both times the demonstration was pronounced.

The address of Senator Lodge as permanent chairman caused the greatest enthusiasm. It was believed yesterday that Senator Wolcott had exhausted the subject of party interest which had been touched in platform oratory, but Senator Lodge's speech was remarkable in that it did not cross Wolcott's at any point. The clear-cut, classical sentences brought into prominence every point the speaker wished to make and caught the delegates every time. The speech was brief. It required only about half an hour to deliver it, but it drew forth tumultuous applause.

Lodge's Oratory.

Mr. Lodge showed splendid carrying power, promising well for the trying task of presiding over such a gathering. His oratory is not of the florid type, but its earnestness, beauty of diction and the frequent tributes to the achievements of the party appealed to his audience and brought constant and long continued applause.

His reference to Hawaii and the presence of representatives of that new acquisition brought the delegates to their feet in a lusty greeting to the Hawaiians. When he referred to the "infamy" in Kentucky the delegates from that state yelled their approval and the other states added a sympathetic demonstration.

Mr. Lodge's references to the policy of the government toward Cuba and the Philippines brought out frequent manifestations of approval. His brilliant tribute to the American soldiers fighting in the tropics closed with the well rounded sentence: "They are our soldiers and we will sustain them."

It was the signal for a hearty demonstration, in which General Gibson, of Tennessee, was seen amid the delegates waving aloft his cane, topped by a silk hat.

Senator Lodge concluded at 1.37. He had spoken fifty minutes. Then followed the usual gavel presentations. Colonel Childs, of Rhode Island, in a neat speech, presented an historic gavel, the mahogany from the capital at Providence, the bronze from the yacht Columbia, which defeated the Shamrock at the international yacht races last fall. A young delegate from Kentucky, John W. Langley, mounted the platform and in an eloquent little speech presented another gavel carved from a tree in the valley of the Big Sandy, beneath which General Garfield is said to have knelt at the battle of Middle Creek and asked the God of Battles to give the Union forces victory. He sairred the delegates with his eloquence and they cheered when he concluded with the statement that he presented the gavel as a pledge of the continued devotion of Kentucky to the principles of Republicanism and a hostage that the state would this fall give its electoral vote to McKinley and Roosevelt.

L. E. Olsen, of Minnesota, presented a table which had been used at the Republican national conventions at Minneapolis and St. Louis. Senator Lodge received each of these presentations with a graceful speech.

General Bingham, of Pennsylvania, was now recognized to present the unanimous report of the committee on rules. He said that in the main the rules of four and eight years ago had been adopted, leaving it for the convention to make any marked departures from the former procedure.

Senator Quay, in a light suit, with vest unbottoned, was recognized as the reading of the report was concluded, and was greeted enthusiastically as he stepped into the middle aisle to offer an amendment to the rules. This embodied the proposition to reduce the representation from several states, giving one delegate for each 10,000 votes cast, with four delegates-at-large for each state. There were calls for Mr. Quay to take the platform, but he shook his head and sent to the clerk's desk a lengthy statement showing the effect of the proposed new rule.

Mr. Quay had too much experience at national conventions to attempt to make himself heard. The clerk proceeded to read the statement of representation on the basis of the vote of 1896. While it was being read a picturesque-looking old man with long, white beard arose in the Arkansas delegation. He was the famous "Poker Jack" McClure. He protested against the proposed amendment, but was ruled out of order.

Senator Quay, himself, finally interrupted the reading, which was long, but he could not be heard, and Senator Foraker suggested that he take the platform. The demand was immediately taken up by the vast audience and, followed by a roar of cheers, Colonel Quay moved up to the stage. For several minutes he could not proceed, owing to the demonstration. When order had been restored, Mr. Quay suggested that as the statement was long and would be printed in the afternoon papers, action upon his proposition, which only affected Rules 1 and 12, be postponed until tomorrow, and the remainder of the report be adopted. He backed his suggestion with a motion. The motion raised a storm of protest from the southern delegates.

Delegates from all the southern states were on their feet, demanding recognition. Delegate McCall, of Tennessee, mounted a chair and, amid the plaudits of his associates, demanded the right to be heard before any action was taken upon the Quay amendment.

John R. Lynch, a colored delegate from Mississippi, stood on his chair and secured recognition for a substitute to the Quay amendment. This recited that in any state where the right to vote was abridged because of race, color or previous condition of servitude, the representation in congress should be reduced in proportion to the extent of the disfranchisement.

A point of order was promptly made that the substitute was not germane, and Chairman Lodge sustained the point.

At this point the convention threatened to get into a parliamentary tangle over the adoption of the rules and proposed amendments.

Mr. Quay's motion finally prevailed that Rules 1 and 12, with his amendment, go over until tomorrow, after which the other rules were agreed to without dissent.

With this out of the way, Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana, chairman of the committee on resolutions, was recognized to present the platform to the convention. The Indiana senator received a flattering reception as he mounted the stage, but when he began to read the declaration of principles, scores of delegates and alternates got up and began filing out of the hall. The confusion became so great that Senator Fairbanks was unable to proceed, and Senator Lodge was compelled to come forward and appeal for order.

"This is a matter of the most vital importance," said he. "It is the announciation of the principles upon which the Republican party is to stand."

This appeal had some effect. Many of the delegates returned to their seats, but the thousands who could not hear Senator Fairbanks grew restless and many left the hall for a breath of air.

While the hum of conversation continued throughout the reading of the platform, interest in the document manifestly increased as the reading proceeded. Senator Fairbanks made strenuous effort to make himself heard.

Ovation to Depew.

Chauncey M. Depew, desiring a bite to eat, went in search of it. As he worked his way through the throngs which surounded the delegates on all sides he was recognized and greeted by a storm of cheers. So distinct was the interruption that Chairman Lodge was forced to appeal to the spectators in order that the business of the convention might be transacted. Senator Fairbanks concluded the reading of the platform at 2.50. He moved that the platform be adopted and the motion was unanimously adopted.

The announcement of the adoption of the platform was received with enthusiastic cheers.

Chairman Lodge then called for announcements from the various delegations of national committeemen and vice presidents.

Senator Foraker, of Ohio, was in the center of the main aisle with his hand raised for recognition. I was about to move to adjourn said he, "but I withhold that motion until the roll of states can be called."

The call was then begun, each of the well known and prominent men as their names were announced being greeted with applause.

When former Senator Quay was announced as the choice of the Pennsylvania delegation for member of the national committee, half of the delegates and hundreds of spectators were on their feet in an instant, cheering as if mad.

For the first time in the history of American politics Hawaii was called on the roll of a national convention. When the newly acquired territory was called Colonel Samuel Parker rose and made his announcement in a full resonant voice. He was received with tremendous applause. Harold M. Sewall, the son of the Democratic vice presidential candidate of 1896, was announced as Hawaii's member of the Republican national committee.

"The Addicks faction," of Delaware, which was officially recognized last night by the committee on credentials, was in great glee today. The recognized delegation organized this afternoon and also elected J. Edward Addicks as the national committeeman from the Blue Hen state.

The resolution today introduced by ex-Senator Quay in the convention relating to the re-arrangement of the basis of representation in future national conventions, has created a sensation, particularly among the delegates from the Southern states. Tonight the interest manifested in the proposition is scarcely second to that aroused by the contest for the vice-presidency.

DON'T FORGET

Don't forget to use Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription for that backache.

Don't forget that over half a million women have been cured of women's ailments by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Don't forget that "Favorite Prescription" cures diseases of women in their advanced and chronic forms; cures often when all else has failed.

Don't forget that you can consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. Tell your story frankly. All correspondence is private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Don't forget to *write to Dr. Pierce to-day*, if you are sick from diseases which afflict women.

"*I wrote for advice* February 4, 1896," writes Mrs. Lena Halstead, of Claremore, Cherokee Nat., Ind. Ty. "I was racking with pain from the back of my head down to my heels. Had hemorrhage for weeks at a time, and was unable to sit for ten minutes at a time. You answered my letter, advised me to use your valuable medicines, viz.: Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and 'Pleasant Pellets,' also gave advice about injections, baths and diet. To my surprise, in four months from the time I began your treatment I was a well woman and have not had the backache since, and now I put in sixteen hours a day hard work."

Paper-bound edition of Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address as above.

HARFORD CENTENNIAL.

Addresses by W. L. Thatcher and Others.

Special to the Scranton Tribune.

Harford, June 20.—The one hundredth anniversary of the Congregational church was celebrated June 15. It was a grand success. Not a stone was left unturned and the result was very complimentary to the committee who had the work in hand. W. L. Thatcher gave the historical address. He is a historian of rare ability and as usual it was very interesting. In his address we notice many remarkable changes and one thing which attracts our attention is the fact that during the one hundred years only six ministers have been called to this church. Rev. Adam Miller having served from 1828 to 1881.

Words of greeting and remembrance were given by Rev. W. S. Fritch, pastor of the mother church of Attleborough, and by Rev. F. J. Goodwin, pastor of the sister church at Pawtucket. Rev. N. M. Waters, of Binghamton, gave an interesting and instructive talk on "Power of the Church in the Community." Rev. L. F. Buell, of Syracuse, delivered the centennnial sermon. He was assisted by Rev. R. N. Ives, of New Milford, former pastor of the church, and Rev. H. J. Crane, of Uniondale.

Good Pills for the LIVER STOMACH BOWELS

BEECHAM'S PILLS

10 cents and 25 cents

GRADUATED CLASS OF TWENTY-EIGHT

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES OF TRAINING SCHOOL.

They Were Conducted Last Night in the High School Auditorium, Which Was Beautifully Decorated. Address of the Evening Was Made by Dr. A. E. Winship, of Boston. Diplomas Were Presented by Chairman Francois of the High and Training School Committee.

Never has the beautiful High school auditorium with its cool, white walls and its imposing sense of size presented such a splendid appearance as it did last night, when a class of twenty-seven fair young ladies and one studious looking young man were graduated from the Training school.

The decorations, though not especially elaborate, can best be described by the adjective, tasty. The seats on which the class was seated were draped in old gold, blue and white, the class colors, which were also festooned overhead and caught at the ceiling with a magnificent bell of wild flowers. Just over the front of the stage was suspended a sign bearing the school motto, "Excelsior," and surrounded with colored incandescent lights. The back and front of the stage were banked with palms.

The graduates were seated on the stage arranged in three rows, and, with one exception, all attired in dainty gowns of white. After Bauer's orchestra, which was seated just in front of the platform had rendered an overture, Professor Grant led in the reciting of the Lord's prayer. The class sang a selection under the able leadership of Mrs. Annie Barnes, and then the speaker of the evening, Dr. A. E. Winship, of Boston, was introduced by Miss Olmstead, the principal of the Training school.

A LEADING EDUCATOR.

Dr. Winship is one of the leading educators of the country, being the editor of the Journal of Education. He is a concise and logical talker, possessed of an exceedingly rapid but clear delivery, and a firm and abounding love for each and everything American. He took for his subject "Character, Capacity and Training," and held the close attention of the large audience present for over an hour.

In commencing his remarks he emphasized the fact that training capacity is more important than training, as no amount of the latter can take the place of character or ability. "America, more than any other nation needs trained men and women at the present time," said he. "It is an urgent and national need, but we will never find the time, I fear, when the American people will appreciate this necessity.

The speaker then gave some wonderful word pictures of the tremendous progress in the far west during the past quarter of a century, and told of the wonderful opportunities thus opened up and taken advantage of by trained young men and women. "What was good enough for us in the line of education," said he, "is not good enough for our children, and the man who says so is fit only for an insane asylum.

"There may be one man in a thousand start out and make a success for himself without training, but I say that the man who would let 999 fail for want of preparation that one might succeed without it is a criminal in the sight of God and man."

THREE LEADING COUNTRIES.

The three greatest nations of the old world, England, Germany and France, each owes its supremacy to some one thing, he explained. England owes her's to her economic philosophy, Germany to her intellectuality, and France to what he termed a social rhythm. America possesses none of these qualities except the intellectuality, he said, but "she has accepted as her mission the solving of the problem of humanity.

"America more than any of the nations of the world seeks to train every one of the people." At this point the doctor, guided, perhaps, by a certain pride for his native heath, burst forth into a recountal of the manifold glories of Massachusetts in the line of its treatment of workmen and also on educational lines. He explained that the wages paid in Massachusetts are 79 per cent. higher than the wages paid in the rest of the United States, this condition of affairs having been brought around, he contends by a splendid and perfect system of education.

In conclusion he drew a lesson from a story told of Nansen, the great Artic explorer. "There was one day," he said, "when the ship Fram, which Nansen had modelled and labored over for three years, was caught between two gigantic icebergs, both of which were pressing in on her. The crew, becoming fearful unto death, got the sledges in readiness for escape and were just on the point of leaving when they found that Nansen was missing.

NANSEN'S COOLNESS.

"Upon calling for him, he answered from the cabin. 'What are you doing?' they asked, and Nansen replied that he was taking a bath. 'Are you not afraid that the ship will be crushed in?' they asked him, and he replied, 'No, it was for this I built her.

"Is is too much to hope that in the future when there comes a strain on your character, or your moral nature and on your religious faith, is it too much too hope that you will go quietly about your daily duties immoved by the mob spirit about you and when asked why you are so calm you will reply: 'It was for this that we were builded by the teachers of the Scranton Training school.'"

After an excellent soprano solo by Miss Catherine Smith the members of the class came forward to the front of the platform and received their diplomas, tied with the class colors, from Chairman A. L. Francois, of the high and training school committee. Mr. Francois, in a brief address, congratulated the class in behalf of the board of control and urged them to be ever studious.

Two songs were then sung by the class and the closing number was given by the orchestra. This was Sousa's new march, "The Man Behind the Gun," which is meeting with such popular favor in Europe. For a half hour or so following the conclusion of the programme the members of the class conducted an informal levee on the stage, receiving the congratulations of their numerous friends.

Smoke The Pocono, 5c. cigar. **

ANNOUNCEMENTS OF THE RAILROADS

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

Special Fare Excursions.

National Prohibition convention, Chicago, June 27th-28th. Tickets on sale June 25th and 26th, limited for return passage to June 29th, inclusive, for all trains except the Black Diamond Express. One fare for round trip. 25 cents will be collected by joint agent at Chicago when ticket is presented for execution. **

For further information concerning above excursions, consult Lehigh Valley ticket agents. **

National Educational Association, Charleston, S. C.

Round trip tickets to Charleston, S. C., via the Southern railway, account of the annual meeting of the National Educational association, will be sold on July 5, 6, 7 and 8, good to return until September 1, at rate of one first-class fare plus two dollars membership fee. Stop-overs will be allowed, both going and returning, on all tickets reading via the Southern railway.

The route of the Southern railway passes through the historic battle grounds of Virginia and the Carolinas, and affords excellent facilities for reaching Charleston and seeing en route the agricultural and manufacturing industries, as well as the principal commercial cities and resorts of the South.

Charles L. Hopkins, District Passenger Agent, Southern railway, 828 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, will be pleased to furnish all information desired. **

A Matter of Courtesy.

The management of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway believes in doing everything possible for the convenience of its patrons, and the company's agents at all principal stations will sell coupon tickets to all points in the United States and Canada at lowest rates. The traveling public are fast beginning to realize that the management of the Lake Shore Railway has left nothing undone to provide for safe, comfortable and convenient travel. If you buy your ticket via the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway you get the best in travel to be found. **

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.: Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

[Seal.] A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's family Pills are the best.

THE MARKETS.

Wall Street Review.

New York, June 20.—The stock market made some headway during the early part of the session against depression, and an average level of prices materially above last night was established. Room traders were inclined to take the long side for a turn, under the impression that the market had been oversold and a rally was due. But before the end of the session large offerings of stocks were thrown on the market, embracing all the principal groups of securities dealt in. Earlier gains were more than wiped out, the decline from the best in the active railroad stocks running from 1 to 1½. The net losses were mostly fractional, but some of the specialities show wide declines, and the same is true of some of the dormant stocks which have not been dealt in during the late period of weakness. Brooklyn Rapid Transit, after selling at 64½ in the morning, was forced down to 60½ in the late dealings. The drop in sugar extended to over four points and was without special explanation. All of the gas stocks were actively depressed, the declines extending from 1¾ in People's Gas to 5¾ in Brooklyn Union Gas. Total sales today, 351,200. The bond market was dull and prices were lower. Total sales, par value, $1,250,000. United States News declined ¼ in the bid price.

The following quotations are furnished The Tribune by M. S. Jordan & Co., rooms 705-706 Mears building. Telephone 5003:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
American Sugar	117½	115¾	111¾	112¾
American Tobacco	88¼	88¾	86½	86½
Am. S. & W.	31¼	31¾	30½	30½
Atch., To. & S. Fe	24⅞	27¾	24⅝	24⅝
A., T. & S. F., Pr	70⅝	71¼	69⅝	69⅝
Brooklyn Traction	64½	64½	60½	60¾
Balt. & Ohio	74¾	75	73¾	74
Cent. Tobacco	23	23	22¾	22¾
Ches. & Ohio	25¼	25¼	25	25
Chic. & G. W.	10⅝	10⅝	10¼	10¼
Chic., B. & Q.	124⅝	125¼	124½	125¼
St. Paul	112⅝	112¾	110¾	110¾
Rock Island	101⅞	103¼	101¾	101¾
Delaware & Hudson	116½	116½	116½	116½
Lackawanna	176	176	175¾	175¾
Federal Steel	31¼	31¾	30¾	31
Federal Steel, Pr	65	65	64	64
Kan. & Tex., Pr	30¾	30¾	29½	29½
Louis. & Nash	72¾	75¼	74¾	74¾
Manhattan Ele	85½	86¾	84¾	84⅝
Met. Traction Co	149	149	146	147
Missouri Pacific	48¾	49	47¾	47¾
People's Gas	98¾	99	96¾	97
N. J. Central	121	122¾	121	121½
Southern Pacific	31⅝	32¾	31¼	31¼
Norfolk & Western	32	32¾	31¾	31¾
North. Pacific	51⅝	51¾	50⅝	51
North. Pacific, Pr	73¾	73¾	72¾	72¾
N. Y. Central	128½	128¾	127¼	127¼
Ont. & West	18¼	18½	18¼	18¼
Penna. R. R	127⅜	127¾	126½	126⅝
Pacific Mail	28	28	27¾	27¾
Reading	16¾	16¾	16	16
Reading, Pr	55¾	56	54¾	54¾
Southern R. R	10¾	10¾	10⅜	10⅜
Southern R. R., Pr	50¾	50¾	50¼	50¼
Tenn., C. & Iron	64	64⅝	63½	63½
U. S. Leather	8⅞	8⅞	8	8½
U. S. Leather, Pr	66⅝	66⅝	66¼	66⅜
Rubber	25⅝	25⅝	25⅜	25⅜
Union Pacific	51⅞	51¾	50¾	50¾
Union Pacific, Pr	72¾	72¾	71⅞	71⅞
Wabash, Pr	18	18	17⅜	17⅜
Western Union	79⅝	79⅝	79	79

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT.				
July	78⅞	81⅜	78¾	81⅜
August	79⅝	82⅜	79⅝	82¼
CORN.				
July	40	41	40	41
August	40⅝	41½	40⅝	41½
OATS.				
July	23¾	24⅛	23¾	24⅛
PORK.				
July	11.45	11.57	11.45	11.55
September	11.60	11.72	11.60	11.72

Scranton Board of Trade Exchange Quotations—All Quotations Based on Par of 100.

STOCKS.	Bid.	Asked.
First National Bank	800	...
Scranton Savings Bank	300	...
Scranton Packing Co.	...	95
Third National Bank	425	...
Dime Deposit and Discount Bank	200	...
Economy Light, H. & P. Co.	...	50
Lacka. Trust & Safe Deposit Co.	150	...
Scranton Paint Co.	...	80
Clark & Snover Co., Pr.	125	...
Scranton Iron Fence & Mfg. Co.	...	100
Scranton Axle Works	...	95
Lackawanna Dairy Co., Pr.	...	99
County Savings Bank & Trust Co.	300	...
First National Bank (Carbondale)	...	300
Standard Drilling Co.	...	50
New Mexico Ry. Coal Co., Pr.	40	...
Traders' National Bank	155	...
Scranton Bolt and Nut Co.	110	...
BONDS.		
Scranton Passenger Railway, first mortgage, due 1920	115	...
People's Street Railway, first mortgage, due 1918	115	...
People's Street Railway, General mortgage, due 1923	115	...
Dickson Manufacturing Co.	...	100
Lacka. Township School 5 per cent.	...	102
City of Scranton St. Imp. 6 per cent.	...	102
Scranton Traction 6 per cent.	115	...

Scranton Wholesale Market.

(Corrected by H. G. Dale, 27 Lackawanna Ave.)

Butter—Creamery, 21c.; dairy tubs, 20c.
Eggs—Select western, 14c.; nearby state, 14½c.
Cheese—Full cream, new, 11½@12c.
Beans—Per bu., choice marrow, $2.15; medium, $2.00; pea, $2.20.
Potatoes—45c.
Bermuda Onions—$1.75.
Flour—Best patent, $4.25.

Philadelphia Grain and Produce.

Philadelphia, June 20.—Wheat—Firm and 2½c. higher; contract grade, June, 81@82c. Corn—Firm and 1c. higher; No. 2, June, 46¼@46¾c. Oats—Quiet but firm; No. 2 white clipped, 30c. Butter—Firm, good demand; fancy western creamery, 19½c.; do prints, 20c. Eggs—Firm and ½c. higher; fresh nearby, 14c.; do. western, 14c.; do southwestern, 13½c.; do. southern, 13c. Cheese—Firm and ¼c. higher; New York full cream fancy small, 10c.; do. do. good to choice, 9¾@9¾c. Refined sugars—Unchanged. Cotton—Firm and ⅛c. higher; middling uplands, 99-16c. Tallow—Steady; country bbls., 4¼c.; do. dark, 4c.; cakes, 4¾c. Live poultry—Quiet; fowls, lower, 10½@c.; old roosters, 7c.; spring chickens, 18@22c. Dressed poultry—Fair, firm demand; fowls, choice, 10c.; do. fair to good, 9@9½c.; old roosters, 6½@7c.; nearby broilers, 20@23c.; western do., 18@20c.; western frozen chickens, 11@13c. Receipts—Flour, 3,000 bbls. and 2,000,000 pounds in sacks; wheat, 21,000 bushels; corn, 20,000 bushels; oats, 60,000 bushels. Shipments—Wheat, 4,000 bushels; corn, 54,000 bushels; oats, 30,000 bushels.

New York Grain and Produce.

New York, June 20.—Flour—Unsettled and 15 to 25c. higher again, with demands checked. Wheat—Spot dull; No. 2 red, 84c. f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 88c. elevator. Options opened strong and speculative activity and buillishness continued all day winding up with an excited demand from shorts at 4@4½c. net advance. July closed 86c.; Sept., 87c.; Dec., 85c. Corn—Spot strong; No. 2, 40¾c. f. o. b. afloat and 40⅝c. afloat. Option market decidedly more active and very strong, closed strong at 1c. net advance. July closed 46⅝c.; Sept., 46⅞c. Oats—Spot stronger; No. 2, 28c.; No. 3, 27¼c.; No. 2 white, 29½@30c.; No. 2 white, 30@30½c.; track mixed western, 27½@28½c.; track white, 29@30c. Options dull but firmer. Eggs—Firm; state and Pa., 14@15½c.; western, ungraded at mark, 10@13c.; western, loss off, 14@15c. Butter—Steady; creamery extras, 19@19½c.; factory, 15@16c.; imitation creamery, 14½@17½c.; state dairy, 15@18½c. Cheese—Strong; large white, 10c.; large colored, 10c.; small white, 9½@9¾c.; small colored, 9½@9¾c.

Chicago Grain and Produce.

Chicago, June 20.—Under an enormous buying pressure, caused by the northwest crop situation, wheat today advanced 3½c. over yesterday and held every fraction of it to the close. The other markets were helped by the wheat strength, corn closing 1½c.; oats, 1c., and provisions 5 to 7½c. higher. The leading features ranged as follows: Wheat—June closed 80¾c.; July, 78⅝@81⅜c.; August, 79⅝@82½c. Corn—June, 40@41¼c.; July, 40@41⅝c.; August, 40⅛@41⅝c. Oats—June, 23¾@23¾c.; July, 23¼@24⅛c.; August, 23½@24⅝c. Pork—July, $11.45 @11.55; Sept., $11.60@11.72½. Lard—July, $6.60 @6.67½; Sept., $6.70@6.77½; Oct., $6.75@6.80. Ribs—July, $6.03@6.07½; Sept. $6.70@6.80. Cash quotations were as follows: No. 2 spring wheat, 75@78c.; No. 2 red, 81@c.; No. 2 corn, 40¾@41¾c.; No. 2 yellow, 41¾@41¾c.; No. 2 oats, 24@24½c.; No. 3 white, 26@27c.; No. 4 white, 25¾@26¾c.; No. 2 rye, 56c.; barley, 35@40c.; No. 1 flax, $1.80; timothy, $2.00; pork, $11.40@ 11.55; lard, $6.65@6.67½; ribs, $6.65@6.85; shoulders, 6¼@7c.; sides, $7.15@7.25; whiskey, $1.25; sugar, unchanged.

New York Live Stock Market.

New York, June 20.—Steers—Firm to 10c. higher; bulls and cows, steady to 15c. lower; steers, $4.60@5.75; oxen and stags, $4.25@4.75; bulls, $3@4.50; cows, $2.25@4.35. Calves closed slow and 10 to 15c. off; veals, $4@7; culls, $3 @4.50; buttermilks, $3.75@4.50. Sheep—Slow; choice, steady; others, easier. Lambs, 10@15c. off excep tfor choicest stock; sheep, $3.25@3.10; choice wethers, $5.25; lambs, $5.50@7.20; yearlings, $5@5.90. Hogs—Market higher at $5.70@ 5.85.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

Chicago, June 20.—Cattle—Steers slow to 10c. lower; butchers stock weak to 10c. lower; natives, best, $7.57, good to prime steers, $5.10@ 5.15; poor to medium, $4.50@5; selected feeders, steady to weak, $4.55; mixed stockers, 10c. lower. Cows, $3@4.55; heifers, $3@5.15; canners, $2.40@3; bulls, $3@4.25; calves, $5@6.50. Hogs—10c. lower; closing weak; tops, $5.22½; mixed and butchers, $5@5.22½; good to choice heavy, $5.15@5.22½; rough heavy, $5.05@5.10; light, $5 @5.22½; bulk of sales, $5.10@5.15. Sheep—Best, steady; others, 10c. lower; good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.10; fair to choice mixed, $3.75@ 4.50; western sheep, $4.40@; yearlings, $4.25@4.75; native lambs, $5@6.60; western lambs, $6@6.50; Colorado lambs, clipped, $7; spring lambs, $6@ 6.55.

East Liberty Cattle.

East Liberty, June 20.—Cattle—Steady; extra, $5.05@5.80; prime, $5.10@5.60; commons, $3.50@ 4.25. Hogs—Active and higher; medium heavy yorkers, $5.50@5.55; heavy hogs, $5.40@5.45; pigs, $5.20@5.40; roughs, $3.75@5. Sheep—Slow; choice wethers, $4.65@4.75; common, $2@3; choice lambs, $5.50@5.70; common to good, $3.50 @5.25; spring lambs, $4.50@6.15; veal calves, $6.50@7.25.

Buffalo Live Stock Market.

East Buffalo, June 20.—Cattle—Steady; poor to fair cows, $3.50@3.85. Hogs—Active, 10@20c. higher; yorkers, medium and mixed, $5@5.10; pigs, $5.00@5.05. Sheep and lambs—Very dull, generally 10@15c. lower; good to choice mixed, $4.90@4.95; spring lambs, $7@7.

Oil Market.

Oil City, June 20.—Credit balances 125. certificates, no bid. Shipments, 97,700; average, 93,853. Runs, 113,329; average, 89,969.

Jonas Long's Sons

So Extraordinary Is the Program For This Week, That We Give You the Particulars Today, To Ponder Over, Of

OUR GREAT ALL DAY FRIDAY SALES

BEGIN AT 10 O'CLOCK — CLOSE AT 6 O'CLOCK

AT 10 O'CLOCK—FOR ONE HOUR.

Finest Apron Ginghams, worth 6c yd., at..... 2 7-8c
Wooden Water Pails, 16 qt. size, worth 15c, at..... 4c

AT 11 O'CLOCK—FOR ONE HOUR.

Finest Lawns, handsome printings, worth 6c yd., at... 2 7-8c
Women's Sailor Hats, with black band, worth 29c, at... 17c

AT 12 O'CLOCK—FOR ONE HOUR.

Men's Finest All Linen Collars, all sizes, worth 10c, at.... 3c
Men's Fancy Bordered Handkerchiefs, worth 10c, at..... 4c

AT 2 O'CLOCK—FOR ONE HOUR.

Tin Pint Cups, one piece, solid, worth 5c, at..... 1c
Tin Wash Boilers, large size, best, worth 49c, at..... 29c
Granite Sauce Pans, 4 qt. size, worth 24c, at..... 10c
Granite Preserve Kettles, 10 quart, worth 50c, at..... 25c
Maslin Kettles, enamel lined, 10 and 12 qt., worth 69c, at. 35c
Berry Sets, imitation cut glass, worth 40c set, at..... 19c
Fine Hammocks, best hemp, 7 ft. long, worth 69c, at..... 47c
Laundry Soap, best grade, worth 3c cake, at.... 13 cakes 25c

AT 3 O'CLOCK—FOR ONE HOUR.

All Over Laces in exquisite patterns, superb quality, worth up to $1.50 the yard, 24 in. wide, at..... 50c
Misses' and Children's $1.50 kid black and tan shoes..... 89c
Wash Silks in exquisite patterns, worth 50c yd, at..... 29c
Shirt Waists, of finest Percale, cheap at 50c, at..... 33c
Taffeta Ribbons, plain and fancy, 5 in. wide, worth 35c... 15c
Lawn and Percale Wrappers, worth fully 75c, at..... 49c

AT 4 O'CLOCK:

Women's Corset Covers and Drawers, worth 50c, at..... 29c
Boys' $2 Wool Suits, all sizes 6 to 15, at..... 89c
Fine White Checked Nainsooks and Striped Dimities, in new laced effects, cheap at 15c yard, at..... 6¾c
Brussels Rugs, handsomely fringed, worth $1.50, at..... 69c

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