

MORE LIQUOR CASES CALLED FOR TRIAL

WOMAN CONVICTED OF KEEPING A SPEAKEASY.

Charles and John Raine of the First Ward Answer for Selling Liquor After Court Had Twice Refused to Grant Them a License—Nicholas George, of Providence, Charge by His Son-in-Law and Daughter with Violation of the License Laws—Other Matters.

Three more liquor cases were called for trial yesterday in quarter sessions. Mrs. Bridget Cooke, of rear of 623 Mineral street, was convicted of keeping a speakeasy, on testimony furnished by Agents Wilson and Reid of the Men's union. The case against Charles Raine and his son John, in which E. H. Sturges is the prosecutor, and the case of Nicholas George, prosecuted by his son-in-law, Anthony Ruddy, were given to the jury just before adjournment.

It was the general opinion that there would be a conviction in each case. Mrs. Cooke did not go on the stand and offered no defense. Her attorney, Joseph O'Brien, had to be content with seeing that no irrelevant testimony was introduced against her and with watching out for some technicality on which to trip up the prosecution. The case was submitted without argument. James H. Torrey and F. E. Beers assisted in the prosecution. It was tried before Judge Archibald. The jury accompanied its finding with a recommendation of extreme mercy.

The Raine case occupied all of the afternoon before Judge Archibald. Mr. O'Brien, with George M. O'Keefe, looked after the defense. Assistant District Attorney Thomas, Mr. Torrey and Mr. Beers represented the prosecution. Agent Robert Wilson, of the Men's union, occupied the prosecutor's usual place, while the nominal prosecutor, E. B. Sturges, sat among the onlooking attorneys, within the bar enclosure. Occasionally he walked over to the prosecutor's table to confer with the counsel for the Men's union.

BUILT A LARGE HOTEL. The Raine, three years ago, erected a large hotel building at the intersection of the Boulevard and Olyphant road and fitted it up with an expensive bar and other accommodations of a hotel. At the 1899 session of license court they applied for a license and were refused, mainly because of the opposition of the residents of the neighborhood, headed by F. P. Carter.

This year the application was renewed and again refused, the opposition, this time, coming not only from the immediate neighbors but the Men's union. Despite the fact that court had twice refused to give them a license, it appears, they sold intoxicants all along. March 21 last, Edward Wilcox, acting as Mr. Carter's suggestion, engaged William Treibel, a nineteen-year-old boy of Elmhurst, and William Van Bursik and Clarence McLean, of Madisonville, to accompany him to the Raine's place and secure drink. They slept over night in Mr. Carter's house, and the next day, Sunday, April 1, repeated their visit and, besides buying and drinking beer and liquor on the premises, bought and carried away a pint of whiskey.

This quartette related these things yesterday, and produced the bottle of whiskey. None of them testified to having seen the older Raine about the place on either of their visits. On cross-examination, McLean admitted that he had sold recently he was sorry for the part he played in the affair, as he realized it was a put-up job, concocted by Carter. He also admitted that Carter had given him some money and told him that he would get more than his witness fees after the trial.

TALKED WITH RAINE. In answer to questions by Mr. Torrey, the witness further admitted that Robert Raine, a son of one defendant and brother of the other, had been introduced to him the day before as Robert Williams and had talked to him about the case while they were having a glass of beer together.

Robert Reidy, of 1432 Sanderson avenue, was put on the stand to tell of having frequented Raine's hotel and drank there. He began to equivocate from the very first question and Mr. Beers was despairing almost of getting the witness to tell anything, when Judge Archibald came to the rescue with "Well, if the witness isn't sure about the identity of the Raine place suppose you let the sheriff take him up and show it to him." The equivoqual witness was handed over to a deputy sheriff and escorted to Raine's hotel. When he returned, an hour later, he admitted having visited the place once but could not recollect having drunk anything there. Judge Archibald acted several times as if he was on the point of saying something to Mr. Reidy, but desisted, possibly because of the danger of prejudicing the defendant's case.

William Reidy, a brother of the previous witness, who lives at 2008 Boulevard, was called to the stand.

DEPOSITIONS READ. Depositions from Internal Revenue Collector T. F. Penman were read by Mr. Torrey, showing that an effort had been made to secure the records of his office of a certified copy thereof to prove that John Raine, the younger defendant, had taken out two revenue licenses, and that the effort was unsuccessful, because the treasury department strictly enjoins its collectors not to take the records out of their offices and not to give a certified copy of them to any one except on an order of the secretary of the treasury.

Attorney F. E. Beers then took the stand and testified to having examined the records and found that young Raine had taken out a license April 1, covering the remaining part of the fiscal year, which cost him \$7.05, and another on July 1 for the succeeding year, for which he paid \$25.

Agent Wilson then testified that on the first Sunday after the Raine's license was refused, last March, he saw four men go into the barroom at 10 o'clock in a perfectly sober condition, and come out at 11.30 o'clock in a state of intoxication. He also saw a little girl come from the bar-room with a pail containing what looked and smelled like beer.

The defense was that the defendants, of course, were wholly innocent; that F. P. Carter, because of some trouble over the land on which the hotel was built, was using E. B. Sturges and the Men's union as a tool to work vengeance on the Raine; that the son leased the lower part of the house to conduct a soft drink and ice cream establishment; that his father had no connection whatever with the business and that the son served in the Spanish war.

ward avenue, is employed by the Peck Lumber Manufacturing company, and who built and set up the bar at Raine's place, was also seemingly bent on telling nothing incriminating against the defendants.

He took his brother to Raine's saloon Easter Sunday to show him the fancy bar he had built, and had a dim recollection of having bought a cigar, but nothing more. He could not remember ever having admitted to Agent Wilson, of the Men's union, that he bought intoxicating drink at Raine's place.

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SON'S EXPLANATION. The explanation which the son made of the internal revenue license matter was interesting. He was given to understand by some one that a revenue license was necessary if he wanted to sell cigars and tobacco and he proceeded to get one.

Mr. Torrey asked him what he called for when he went to get the license. He replied that he asked for a license to sell cigars and tobacco. The revenue officers gave him a paper and signed it for him at the rate of \$25 a year for it. This was done on two occasions. He did not read the paper and all he knew about it was that it was a revenue license.

Mr. Torrey, in commenting on this thing in his summing up, said the witness was either the most barefaced liar or biggest idiot that had ever reached manhood's estate.

In his closing argument Mr. O'Brien fairly raised the roof with a vociferous arraignment of the prosecution, for having lent itself as a cloak to hide Mr. Carter's "mailed hand." Mr. Torrey in reply likened the defense to a cuttle fish, which, when it is attacked, exudes from a sac an inky fluid that darkens the water all about it and permits it to escape. Mr. O'Brien, he said, was hired to press the case. Judge Archibald gave no indication in his charge of having been very deeply impressed with the reasonableness of the defense. He, however, advised the jury to acquit the older Raine, as the evidence was hardly sufficient to warrant his being held for the crime. The son, however, could be convicted on all three charges of selling without a license, selling on Sunday and selling to minors. The jury returned at 6 o'clock.

ANOTHER LIQUOR CASE. The third liquor case embraced one of three charges preferred against Nicholas George, of the North End, by his son-in-law and neighbor, Anthony Ruddy. The parties have been lawing for about two years and almost every term of every kind of court sees them as litigants. The trouble results from the fact that George's daughter married Ruddy against her father's will. Carrying concealed weapons and assault and battery were the other two charges on which George was tried yesterday.

Ruddy's wife testified against her father in all three cases. The evidence in the liquor case was of the usual kind, the two Ruddys and Benjamin Walker presenting it. George denied that he kept a speakeasy, but made the probably fatal admission that he occasionally received consignments of wine, beer, cognac and whiskey from Philadelphia. The case was given to the jury by Judge Cameron just before adjournment.

Other Quarter Sessions Cases. Louis Rosar admitted the charge of felonious wounding preferred by Chief Robling. Rosar, while drunk, stabbed his foreman, Thomas Irwin, at the Cliff works, inflicting a painful, though not serious, wound in his breast. He will be sentenced tomorrow.

S. A. Gibby, the Carbondale constable who succeeded in having Polly Smith convicted for keeping a disorderly house, was himself convicted yesterday of offenses committed in gathering evidence against the place. Nora Bryden and Carrie Stiles, who were inmates of the house, were the prosecutors. The girls in turn were ordered held in \$100 bail on their own recognizance to answer at the next session for perjury. The charge is founded on discrepancies in their testimony at the two trials.

Three New Trespass Suits. Nine-year-old Isaac Steinberg, of Richter street, by her next friend and uncle, Levern B. Lyon, brought a \$5,000 trespass suit yesterday against Clarence E. Reynolds, who was one of the candidates for register of wills in Monday's primaries. A similar suit was instituted by the girl's father last fall.

The young plaintiff and her younger brother and sister were watering their father's horse, which was turned loose on the commons near their home. Reynolds, it is alleged, came along and for a joke placed the three children astride the horse and started him off. They fell off and Isaac, who had a pail on his arm, had the arm badly fractured. She was in a hospital for seven months, undergoing fourteen different surgical operations. Her arm has stiffened in a crooked position and her general health has been impaired.

John Rodney institutes a \$10,000 suit against the Scranton Railway company for personal injuries. Mr. W. Lowry is his attorney. Through Attorney John P. Quinnan a \$5,000 trespass suit was instituted by Ralph Berwick against the Pennsylvania Coal company.

Marriage Licenses. James A. Mahoney, Dunmore; Annie A. Lynn, Westminster avenue; John Hughes, 514 Hyde Park avenue; Annie Stenner, 1514 Eynon street; Antonio Cim, Priceburg; Mary Bulkiewicz, Priceburg; George White, Harpersville, N. Y.; May Daniels, 619 Adams avenue; Ernest Rudolph, Scranton; Bertha Rose, Scranton; Harry M. Stenner, 511 Elm street; Elizabeth L. Garrity, 1604 Luzerne st.

COURT HOUSE NEWS NOTES. The hotel license of John Knapp, of Old Forge, was yesterday transferred to Patrick Joyce. A bond in the sum of \$23,000, with Annette Reynolds as surety, and given to Thomas Kitson, to indemnify several Monroe county parties for land seized by the Peck Lumber Manufacturing Supply company, was filed yesterday in Prothonotary Copeland's office.

INDUSTRIAL JOTTINGS. Changes to Be Made by the D. L. & W. Company at Hoboken—The Board for Today.

A complete transformation of the Hoboken terminals of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad is under way. The tracks from the mouth of the tunnel to the station at the ferry are being relaid with eighty-pound steel rails, and the double tracks for passenger trains have been taken out of their old zig-zag course and brought in to the station in a gentle curve, which extends south of the roundhouse. The freight trains will be run in on the north side hereafter, and the freight yard north of the roundhouse has been greatly enlarged.

A new office building, with sufficient accommodations for five divisions of officers, will be erected adjacent to the present station. This building will be of brick and stone and attractive in appearance. A large new freight house was completed only a few months ago, and a complete modern interlocking plant has been put in at this end of the road. Some minor improvements designed to afford additional conveniences to passengers are to be made in the station at the ferry.

D. L. & W. Board for Today. The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western board for today follows:

- Thursday, June 14. 8.30 p. m.—H. V. Colvin. 11 p. m.—F. F. Stevens. Friday, June 15. 12.50 a. m.—G. Rafferty. 2 a. m.—J. Duffy. 4 a. m.—E. Bartholomew. 5 a. m.—J. H. McCann. 10 a. m.—A. Bartholomew. 10.15 a. m.—J. B. Boring, with G. M. Wallace's men. 1 p. m.—J. Singer. 2.30 p. m.—M. Hallett. 4.45 p. m.—J. Gately. SUMMITS. 6 a. m., north—S. Carmody. 6 a. m., north—G. Froelicher. 11 a. m., north—Nichols. 6 p. m., north—S. Finnerty. 6 p. m., north—McLane. PULLER. 10 a. m.—Mosier. PUSHERS. 5 a. m.—Moran. 7 p. m.—Murphy. 9 p. m.—C. O'Leary. PASSENGER ENGINE. 6.30 p. m.—Magovern. WILD CATS, NORTH. 5 a. m.—Mullin. 6 a. m.—H. Larkin. 9 a. m.—G. Ludlow. 10.30 a. m.—E. Duffy, with C. Van Vliet's men. 1 p. m.—T. Desidican. 2 p. m.—T. Fitzpatrick. 3 p. m.—John Gallagher. 4 a. m.—J. E. Masters. 5 p. m.—J. O'Hara. 9 p. m.—A. O'Connell. 10 p. m.—R. Caster. 10 p. m.—M. J. Hennigan. 10 p. m.—T. Nauman. NOTICE. F. F. Stevens takes J. F. Stevens' men until further notice. The crew will go out at 9 p. m., North, June 14, in place of H. J. Larkin and crew. A. C. SALSIBURY, Supt.

INSURANCE MEN PROTESTED. They Do Not Favor Portions of the License Ordinance.

A committee representing the insurance agents of the city waited upon Mayor Moir yesterday morning for the purpose of protesting against certain clauses of the license tax ordinance now pending in council. The certain clauses above referred to are those providing for a tax on insurance agents. The committee was armed with a copy of the act of 1874, governing third-class cities, by which the taxation of insurance agents is prohibited.

The mayor, however, produced a copy of the act of 1887, in which under the section defining the corporate powers of a city it is provided "that such city may levy and collect a license tax from insurance agents, etc., etc." The mayor also referred them to a Supreme court decision in which this section of the act of 1887 is held to repeal the prohibitory clause in the act of 1874.

This seemed to convince the members of the committee that their position was not tenable and they withdrew. Your Liver Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take Hood's Pills Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

RETURN JUDGES HAD A BIG JOB ON HAND

(Concluded from Page 5.)

ten and completed, will ultimately furnish some of the brightest pages in the history of our development as a nation. The administration of William McKinley has earned the reverence and gratitude of the American people.

In the halls of congress, in the work of legislative upbuilding of the nation, the restoration of credit, the development of our stagnant industries, the protection of American labor, our representative, the Hon. William Connolly, has been untiring in his labors and unflinching in his zeal.

We desire to record our appreciation of his services to the people of this country and to the nation and to assure him of our best wishes for his future years, with health and strength to sustain his labors for the benefit of the party's cause—which cause we believe to be the cause of the people.

The ticket this day named we not only pledge our hearty support, but unite in welcoming to our ranks all the people of the country who are for the maintenance of our national honor and national credit; an honest dollar and a chance to earn it by honest means.

COMMITTEE ON CONTESTS. After the resolutions were adopted Chairman Penman announced that the committee on contests would meet at once. He said in the absence of any special form of procedure in the matter of hearing contests he was unable to give much information on the subject until the committee had a meeting.

For the purpose of weeding out the unnecessary contests C. E. Chittenden moved that none of the contests be considered where the vote did not exceed that cast for McKinley in 1896 and where at least five illegal votes were not specified.

Attorney W. J. Douglas at this point claimed the attention of the chairman and started to make a speech about abuses at Monday's primaries. Frank M. Spencer stood beside him. Some one whispered to Mr. Douglas that he had no right to speak in the convention for the reason that he was not a returned judge and he apologized and subsided. The committee on contests retired at 11.30 and the convention adjourned until 2 p. m. to await the report.

Promptly at 2 o'clock Chairman Voburg called the convention to order again and the task of compiling the vote was begun. Attorney James E. Watkins acted as reading clerk and one witness after another came forward as recording and comparing clerks.

A few minutes after the convention opened John R. Edwards, of the contests committee, came in and tendered his resignation for the reason that his district was contested. J. H. Seward, of the Thirteenth ward, was named by Chairman Voburg as his successor.

CONTESTED DISTRICTS. Fifteen minutes later the contest committee came into the convention and through Chairman Penman presented its report. He said contests had been presented from the following districts:

- Archibald—Second ward. Blakely—First ward, Second ward. Dickson City—First ward, Second ward. Dunmore—First ward, First and Second districts; Second ward, First and Second districts; Third ward, First, Second and Third districts; Fourth ward, First, Second, Sixth ward, Second district. Jersey—Third ward. Mayfield. Old Forge—First, Second and Fourth districts. Olyphant—First ward, First district. Second ward, Third ward, First and Second districts; Fourth ward. Taylor—Second ward, Third ward. White—First ward. Scranton—First ward, Fifth district; Second ward, Second district, Third district, Fourth district, Fifth district; Third ward, First district; Fourth ward, First and Third districts; Fifth ward, First district; Eighth ward, First and Second districts; Ninth ward, Second and Third districts; Fourteenth ward, Second district; Fifteenth ward, First and Second districts; Sixteenth ward, First and Second districts; Seventeenth ward, First and Second districts; Twentieth ward, First and Second districts.

Mr. Penman said that after the committee organized it proceeded to consider the contests which were excluded by the rule adopted by the convention to the effect that no contest would be considered where more votes had not been polled than for McKinley in 1896 or where it was not alleged that there were at least five illegal votes. Under this rule the contests from the following districts were excluded:

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The preference is clearly for the fancy sorts—more of them sold already than in any previous season. Upon their predicted popularity we planned for and gathered exceptionally large assortments. We believe ours to be leader among hosiery stores. Simple, plain, quiet sorts, in plenty, too—prepared for all tastes. And every style from gravest to gayest is of good quality, and prices are right—not fanciful, nor just about even with the market, but mostly below the prevailing prices for equal grades.

Women's Stockings 25c a pair—Of cotton, fast black boots, colored tops with contrasting stripes. Also white polka dots on grounds of fast black, tan, cadet blue or cardinal. At 50c, 75c, and up to \$2.50—We show great varieties of finest grades of Fancy Hosiery in our own exclusive styles. Men's Half Hose 25c a pair—Fine cotton, fast black, tan, cadet blue, navy blue or cardinal. Also fancy stripes in new and pretty effects. 50c a pair—Lisle thread or mercerized cotton in various styles of stripes—all new. Also of cotton in light, medium or dark grounds, embroidered or striped. Children's Stockings Medium weight cotton, suitable for boys or girls, fast black, narrow or wide rib, heavy knees, heels and toes, special narrowing at ankles, sizes from 6 to 10. Two grades—At 12½c and 25c.

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NO REWARD DYSPESIA; last seen in company of Mason's Yellow Tablets. Tablets found at Mrs. C. Store. Dyspepsia does not return. 30 tablets cost 10 cents. Two or three give instant relief. They're wonders. MASON'S HEALTH DEFENDERS. Yellow Tablets Cure Dyspepsia. Brown Tablets Cure Constipation. Red Tablets Cure Coughs. White Tablets Cure Sore Throat. No Catarrh, Alopec, or Opium. 20 tablets 50 cents. All Druggists or sent for price. H. T. MASON CHEM. CO. 515 Arch St., Phila., Pa. Mason's Cream of Olives Cleanses Cures Catarrh and all Inflammation of Mucous Membranes and Skin. 50c a Box. For sale in Scranton by the following drug stores: MATTHEWS BROTHERS, Wholesale and Retail, 230 Lacka. Ave. M'GARRAH & THOMAS, 205 Lacka. Ave.