

GOEBEL IS RE-ELECTED

Secret Meeting of Kentucky Democratic Legislators.

FORMER ACTION RATIFIED

No Further Attempt Will Be Made to Hold Sessions of the Legislature in the State House—The Body Will Continue to Meet, However—Goebel Continues to Improve Prospects of an Ultimate Recovery.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 2.—The Democratic members of the legislature today effected regular organization for the first time since the swearing in of Governor Goebel. A secret session of the members of both houses was held in one of the parlors of the Capitol hotel at which the election of William Goebel as governor and J. C. W. Beckham as lieutenant governor was reaffirmed first in separate sessions of the house and senate and afterward in a joint session.

Acting Governor.

Taylor Offers Reward.

William Wright Assassinated.

NATIONAL GUARD DOINGS.

Orders Are Issued Discharging Some of the Officers.

No Formal Demands.

SENTENCE OF HASTINGS.

Brother of the Ex-Governor Will Get Two Years and Six Months.

Goebel's Condition.

Will Work Overtime.

DEATHS OF A DAY.

Stockholm, Feb. 2.—The archbishop of Sweden, the Most Rev. Anton Sunberg, who was believed to have recovered from appendicitis, is dead. He was born in 1815.

Lancaster, Pa., Feb. 2.—Major Edward Grist, postmaster at Lancaster and father of Secretary of the Commonwealth W. W. Grist, died this afternoon from chronic bronchitis, aged 76 years. He had been confined to his bed for a year.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Pensions: In the senate today \$2,672,325 personal property tax due the commonwealth by the equity for the year 1899. Payment was delayed by the mysterious disappearance six weeks ago of Emanuel Hershey, whose term as county treasurer expired Jan. 1. Hershey was alleged to have been short in his accounts and he is still missing.

Pennsylvania Pensions.

Killed by an Engine.

Harrisburg, Feb. 2.—Milton A. Farnester, of Union Deposit, was struck by an engine on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad at Matlack creek, near Hummelstown, last night, and instantly killed.

THE NEEDS OF PUERTO RICO

PREFERENTIAL TARIFF PROPOSED FOR THE ISLAND.

Features of the Bill—Twenty-Five Per Cent of the Duty Imposed on Foreign Commerce on Trade Between the United States and the Island.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The ways and means committee of the house today agreed to report a bill providing that all merchandise coming into the United States from Puerto Rico, and all merchandise entering Puerto Rico from the United States shall be entered at the several ports of entry upon payment of 25 per cent. of the duties which are required upon like articles of merchandise imported from foreign countries. The bill was adopted on a strict party line by a vote of 9 to 6, one member, McCall, of Massachusetts, not voting.

Text of the Bill.

That the provisions of this act shall apply to the island of Puerto Rico and to the adjacent islands and waters of the island lying east of the seventy-fourth meridian of longitude west of Greenwich, as ceded to the United States by the government of Spain by treaty concluded April 11, 1899, and to the island of Puerto Rico as used in the act shall be held to include not only the island of that name but all the adjacent islands aforesaid.

Section 2. That the customs duties collected in Puerto Rico from ports other than those of this act shall be levied, collected and paid upon all articles imported into Puerto Rico from ports other than those of the United States which are required by law to be collected upon articles imported into the United States from foreign countries.

Section 3. That on and after the passage of this act all merchandise coming into the United States from Puerto Rico and coming into Puerto Rico from the United States shall be entered at the several ports of entry upon the payment of 25 per cent. of the duties which are required to be collected upon like articles of merchandise from foreign countries, provided nevertheless that the customs duties collected in the United States upon articles of merchandise from Puerto Rico shall not be less in rate and amount than the internal revenue tax which may be imposed in Puerto Rico upon the same articles of merchandise.

Section 4. That the customs duties collected in Puerto Rico in pursuance of this act, less the cost of collecting the same and the expenses of the collection of the same, shall be placed at the disposal of the government of Puerto Rico to be used for the purpose of paying the expense of government of Puerto Rico until otherwise provided by law.

Section 5. That the customs duties collected in Puerto Rico in pursuance of this act, less the cost of collecting the same and the expenses of the collection of the same, shall be placed at the disposal of the government of Puerto Rico to be used for the purpose of paying the expense of government of Puerto Rico until otherwise provided by law.

Section 6. That the customs duties collected in Puerto Rico in pursuance of this act, less the cost of collecting the same and the expenses of the collection of the same, shall be placed at the disposal of the government of Puerto Rico to be used for the purpose of paying the expense of government of Puerto Rico until otherwise provided by law.

Section 7. That the customs duties collected in Puerto Rico in pursuance of this act, less the cost of collecting the same and the expenses of the collection of the same, shall be placed at the disposal of the government of Puerto Rico to be used for the purpose of paying the expense of government of Puerto Rico until otherwise provided by law.

Section 8. That the customs duties collected in Puerto Rico in pursuance of this act, less the cost of collecting the same and the expenses of the collection of the same, shall be placed at the disposal of the government of Puerto Rico to be used for the purpose of paying the expense of government of Puerto Rico until otherwise provided by law.

Section 9. That the customs duties collected in Puerto Rico in pursuance of this act, less the cost of collecting the same and the expenses of the collection of the same, shall be placed at the disposal of the government of Puerto Rico to be used for the purpose of paying the expense of government of Puerto Rico until otherwise provided by law.

Section 10. That the customs duties collected in Puerto Rico in pursuance of this act, less the cost of collecting the same and the expenses of the collection of the same, shall be placed at the disposal of the government of Puerto Rico to be used for the purpose of paying the expense of government of Puerto Rico until otherwise provided by law.

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DUN'S WEEKLY REVIEW.

State of Trade Is Liable to Prove Misleading.

New York, Feb. 2.—R. G. Dun & Company's Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say:

This year starts with much of the year's business already done, and all comparisons will prove misleading if that fact is not taken into consideration.

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NIGHT SESSION IN THE HOUSE

TALBERT TO BLOCK SPECIAL PENSION LEGISLATION.

Will Insist Upon a Quorum When Pension Bills Are Under Consideration at Special Friday Evening Sessions—Believes Pension Laws Are Sufficiently Liberal to Pension Any Deserving Soldier.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Representative Talbert, of South Carolina, who gave notice during the consideration of the pension legislation, will block the work that he proposed to block all special pension legislation at Friday night sessions, unless a quorum of members was present, carried out his threat at tonight's session.

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THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today: FAIR; WESTERLY WINDS.

1 General-Kentucky's Legislature Re-elects Goebel as Governor. Battle Looked for on the Tugela River. Needs of Porto Rico. Work of the National Lawmakers.

2 General-Northeastern Pennsylvania, Finance and Commercial.

3 General-Pennsylvania's Washington Letter. In the World of Sport.

4 Editorial. News and Comment.

5 Local-Social and Personal. One Woman's Views.

6 Local-Boys' Industrial Association. Trial List for Circuit Court.

7 Shooters of Officers Kays and Snyder Arrested. Hundreds View Remains of the Late Judge Guster.

8 Local-West Scranton and Shourbon. 9 Round About the County.

10 Local-Religious News of the Week. Sunday-School Lesson for Tomorrow.

11 Local-Analysis of Scranton's Water Supply. New York Fashions.

12 Local-Live Industrial News.

FIRE IN A SCHOOL.

Several Children Are Badly Injured by Jumping Out of High Windows at Trenton, N. J.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 2.—A fire broke out this afternoon in the Livingston public school, on Ross street, and several children were badly injured by jumping out of the second story windows. The fire, which did only \$200 worth of damage, originated on the first floor and filled the stairways with smoke. This caused the children to become panic-stricken and many of them rushed to the windows. Their parents and others on the outside advised them to jump and a large number did so. Some of them were caught in blankets which the bystanders put into use until the arrival of the fire department.

Among the most seriously injured were: Loreta Shaw, 12 years old, head cut, internally injured, not expected to live; Walter Servis, 12 years of age, leg broken; Helen Naylor, 11 years of age, leg broken; Fred Hill, 10 years of age, leg broken; Alice Blackford, 13 years of age, head and neck cut; Emma Senksy, 10 years of age, head cut.

NAME COPYRIGHTED.

President Young Claims the "American Association."

Washington, Feb. 2.—President N. E. Young furnishes the following statement:

"The new American association, which will be operated the coming season in harmony with the National League and the organizations under the protection of the national agreement, has no connection with the so-called association reported to be making an attempt to organize in Philadelphia. The National League owns and are in possession of the title 'American Association,' and this title cannot be adopted or used without their permission. The association which has been organized has made proper application for the right to assume the name when relinquished by the present National League and American Association."

If Philadelphia, through lack of proper financial backing, shall be compelled to remain out of the circuit, it may mean the abandonment of the association idea for the coming season at least. Some disappointment is felt among the promoters of the organization in consequence of the failure to establish a club in New York and Baltimore might hold out should Philadelphia not enter the association. With one of the big cities in the east, the chance of success for the new organization is greatly enhanced. In a talk today, Manager John McGraw, of Baltimore, said:

"To me, Baltimore is of more consideration than a franchise in any league or association. I am heart and soul with the association movement, and have taken legal steps to that effect. If everything is arranged all right here, I shall certainly have an association at home. If not, then I will play with the league team there. If we do not have either, then I will stay in Baltimore and attend to my business. However, I have not the slightest doubt of ultimate success here."

Steamship Arrivals.

New York, Feb. 2.—Arrived: Steamer from Liverpool, Genoa, from Liverpool, Genoa, for Rotterdam; Bahia, for Hamburg; Queenstown-Arrived: Campania, from New York for Liverpool; Amsterdam, from New York for Rotterdam.

Harrisburg Charters.

Harrisburg, Feb. 2.—These corporations were chartered today: The Pennsylvania Traction Company, York, capital \$200,000; the Novelty Working Company, Union City, capital \$25,000; Madison Gas and Coal Company, Greensburg, capital \$100,000; Westmoreland Ice Company, Greensburg, capital, \$75,000.

Their Wages Increased.

Shamokin, Pa., Feb. 2.—The five bosses of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company's colliers in the Shamokin district, were notified today that their wages had been increased 45 per cent. The advance for that branch of work is the largest in the history of the company.

COLLISION IS EXPECTED AT TUGELA

The Story Told by Holograms from Lady-smith.

FRESH ATTACK PROPOSED

Military Critics Regard the Contemplated Move with Disfavor—Lord Kitchener Travels from Army to Army in Northern Cape Colony. Large Engineering Constructions at Molder River—Invasion from Kimberley.

London, Feb. 2.—A m.—Holograms flashed from Lady-smith three days ago say that the Boer investment lines then were thinning and that the Boers were moving in force toward the Tugela, indicating that a collision was expected there. This intelligence bears out other signs that General Buller purposed a fresh attack.

The war office continues to reveal nothing of what has happened in Natal. Without exception, the military critics regard with dismay the prospect of a renewal of the assaults, unless General Buller has been heavily reinforced, and there is nothing to indicate that this is the case.

Lord Kitchener has been traveling from army to army in Northern Cape Colony, and General French, by instructions, is now in Cape Town consulting with Lord Roberts. Large engineering constructions are proceeding at Molder River, suggesting that Lord Methuen's fortified camp has been selected as the base from which to invade the Free State. Numerous sidings,