

WHITNEY'S WEEKLY BUDGET OF NEWS

BRACKEN M'CANN'S ADVENTURE WITH A BEAR.

A Few Odd Paragraphs—Various Bits of Country News—Matters of Interest Compiled for Railroad Readers—Summer Hotel at Farview—Cleanings Here and There.

Special Correspondence of The Tribune. Susquehanna, Dec. 5.—When turning an Erie railroad switch near Shohola a few days ago, a brakeman named McCann was attacked by a big black bear which leaped out from a thicket. The brakeman had no weapon except a pocket knife. With this he defended himself as best he could, yelling lustily all the time to a blacksmith named McCarty, who was at work in his little shop nearby. McCarty rushed to the brakeman's assistance. The bear had overpowered McCann, but McCarty thrust a red-hot iron into the bear's side, and it soon rolled over and died. McCann escaped with several broken ribs and a crushed arm.

SOME ODD PARAGRAPHS. "Yes," said a Susquehanna wife, "I always obey my husband, but I reckon I have something to say about what his command shall be."

The Philadelphia Record states that 1,000,000 Americans annually visit Europe. When we come to think that some 64,000,000 stay at home we don't feel so dreadfully lonesome as we might.

In a recently published biography, the following appears: "Chatting with one of her neighbors, not long ago, she related her experience when converted many years ago, as follows: 'I used to be very gay and fond of the world and all its fashions, till the Lord showed me my folly. I liked silks and ribbons and feathers, but I found they were dragging me down to hell, and I gave them to my sister.'"

From now on Christmas the Sunday school classes grow, and see how kind members of families are to each other. The man who first invented Christmas didn't do a bad thing.

IN SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY. Sheriff-elect Maxey will reappoint Deputy Sheriff Fitch Leonard.

Prothonotary Henry F. Mangor will undoubtedly have a second term. He has made a most excellent official.

Let the people rule.—Montrose Republican. What, then, is to become of the politicians? They must live.

The Catholics of Jessup are holding a fair, which will continue up to the holidays.

Jan. H. McCree, of Hallstead, who recently sustained a stroke of paralysis, is critically ill. He is a veteran merchant of the village.

Sneak thieves are operating in Montrose.

The Christian Endeavor society of Susquehanna county will meet in Montrose December 23-25.

E. N. Barney, formerly of Montrose, but recently of Nicholson, will remove to Penn Yan, N. Y.

Great Bend enjoys quite a business boom.

If our esteemed neighbor, Forest City, could get fifty per cent. of the things she yearns for, she would be happy. All things come to them that wait.

It is probable that coal from the Burnwood mine will be shipped over the new railroad.

IN RAILROAD CIRCLES. Jefferson division Conductor Owen J. Loftus has been appointed Erie yardmaster in Carbondale. He merits promotion. He is one of old Erie's most capable employes.

It is reported that the Erie will place still another order with the Baldwin Locomotive works in Philadelphia, for fifteen of the "Atlantic" type of fast locomotives.

With a summer hotel at the Delaware and Hudson's beautiful Farview resort will be great.

Few railroads are more prosperous than the Ontario and Western. None deserve it more.

Honesdale is soon to enjoy a beautiful new Delaware and Hudson station.

Business continues to boom in all departments of the "reliable old Erie."

All the roads need more freight and coal cars. Prosperity has come to stay.

NOT SO POOR. A traveler on the turnpike, near Milrose one day last spring, stepped before a house, in front of which a man was making an excavation in hopes of finding earth enough to make a little garden. The stranger remarked upon the apparent poverty of the surroundings.

"Now, see here, stranger," said the man who was digging rocks, "I'm not so darned poor as you think I am. I don't own, but half an acre of this here land!"

A CORRECTION. When a brick black was blown up by burglars in Hancock on Saturday morning, a citizen who resided nearby, claimed that he was actually thrown out of bed by the shock.

His wife wrote to a friend in Susquehanna as follows: "The old man was not thrown out of bed by any dynamite explosion. I threw him out of bed myself, and I'll do it every time he comes home intoxicated, and lies

down at the foot of the bed and puts his muddy boots in my face." This takes the starch out of the story of a dynamite rock in one home.

HERE AND THERE. A number of Susquehanna county young men, who recently voiced a burning desire to go to Africa and fight for the Boers, since the beginning of hostilities have been as quiet as a country churchyard at midnight.

When Susquehanna county receives the \$500,000 Erie bonus rebate from the state, she can build her own lunatic asylum. That's some comfort.

Somebody has been figuring that from Calusha A. Grew lacks considerable of being the oldest living graduate of old Franklin academy, in Hartford. Be that as it may, our own Calusha is the youngest old statesman in these United States.

Christmas eve is near at hand. See to it that every little child in your neighborhood has something in its stockings on Christmas morning besides cold feet. In the language of tiny Tim, "God bless us every one!"

A Washington lady, who was for very many years a resident of Great Bend, recently died, aged about 105 years. She had lived under all of the presidents. She doubtless received a good deal of comfort in knowing that she didn't vote for a few of them.

Notwithstanding the recent severe drought, a Philadelphia commission merchant, advised some Susquehanna county milk producers, whose product was of an ethereal blue tint, to shingle their cows.

Whitney.

SHUT OUT FOR MR. ROBERTS

[Continued from Page 1.]

graph from McCree on elections, containing a general caution against hasty procedure in election contests, and continued:

"Now, gentlemen, that is the statement of one whose book has authority in this country. And if it is the rule of the great representatives in cases that arise to the dignity of a contest, how infinitely more should that rule be observed when only a mere protest is made against a member who presents himself to take the oath of office."

"I next proceed to the consideration of the charges that are supposed to justify what the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Taylor) himself concedes to be an unusual proceeding, and which my friend on this side (Mr. Richardson) has demonstrated to be an unprecedented proceeding. The gentleman from Ohio bases his charge upon a court record, that some twelve years ago, in the midst of some conflict in the territory of Utah over the subject of polygamy, that I pleaded guilty to a charge of a misdemeanor. The gentleman seems to be oblivious to the fact that since the date of his court record on this subject we have had two presidential amnesties proclaimed, that have wiped out all men disqualified by the Edmunds-Tucker act. I understand, the gentleman who was lawyers admit this fact and they will certainly appreciate the cost of it."

"The gentleman from Ohio has no court record to show that I was ever arraigned or condemned of crime whatsoever since the re-noumenation of amnesty proclamation of the President of the United States. The gentleman seems also to forget that since the confession of that misdemeanor to him, he has reference there was passed by congress an enabling act authorizing the people of the state of Utah to form a state government. That act also had a provision embodied in it that qualified all citizens within the limits of the territory to become citizens of the United States and was particularly framed to remedy the disqualifications and disabilities which have been created by the Edmunds-Tucker law. The gentleman seems to forget also that the state constitution of Utah was satisfactory to the president and his advisers, and Utah has been admitted as a state into the union and has taken upon itself the responsibilities of a sovereign state, declaring under its constitution people residing in its borders shall exercise the elective franchise and be qualified for office as citizens of the great commonwealth."

Not a Lawbreaker. "The second charge, which is supposed to go to the question of eligibility of the member from Utah, is, that upon affidavits and other papers in his possession the gentleman from Ohio says that ever since 1889 I have been a persistent lawbreaker in the state of Utah. If that be true, let me ask you by the arguments of the resolution of that gentleman, why is he not punished as a lawbreaker. Certainly there was no disposition to execute the law on the part of the people of Utah. Its administration was in the hands of non-Mormons of those who had no sympathy with any of my religious faith. All the machinery of the law was in the hands of appointees. How is it then that I could be an open and defiant lawbreaker and yet escape the penalty of law?"

"The gentleman's objection then is based not upon court record but upon affidavits and papers that have been supplied him by the people. And now as to the manner in which those charges are made. It has been about fifteen months since they began, since the representative from Utah was heralded throughout this land as a defiant lawbreaker, and he was paraded in the streets of Salt Lake City in open day, within easy reach of the law, and my faults lay open to the law. If I were guilty of that he would arrest me. Other men were arrested before the courts of Utah and were fined for the very offense alleged against me, and yet no complaint was made against me. No, it did not suit the purpose of those who had this present agitation in hand to vindicate the law quietly and by the usual methods. They desired particularly to have this case apparently to arouse the sentiment of the country. Not until my business called me east did they undertake to make any charges against me."

But the moment or shortly after my departure they began this agitation, resulting in the present sentiment of the country now aroused against me.

The Only Charge. "I call your attention now to the fact that the only charge against me even by the arguments of this resolution is that of a misdemeanor. They do not charge a felony. I understand that the members of congress are granted certain privileges, and yet I did not do anything on this subject. It would be impossible to arrest anyone of the members upon the charge of a misdemeanor. And yet you would deny me the privilege of being sworn as a member of this house upon the allegation of the existence of some charge or other that I was guilty of a misdemeanor. For the thing for which the law itself could not lay a hand on me while in attendance upon this house, you propose—I speak of the little coterie of men who have entered into this conspiracy to crowd this question to the front at this particular time and for the reason that they are fearful that if the matter should go to a consideration under a resolution to expel the member from Utah they could not marshal the necessary two-thirds vote to accomplish their purpose—to pass the present resolution."

"I understand, sir, that these immunities are not given for the benefit of the individual members. They are given rather as a protection to his constituency who are entitled to his services as their representative. And therefore I invoke the protection that is given to the constituency of a sovereign state against the proceedings that are instituted here to deprive me of the privilege of being sworn in as a member of this house. Privilege did I say, sir? I am not asking any privilege in this house. I am not asking any favor of the members of this house. Under the shadow of the constitution of the United States I merely demand, both for myself and for the people of my state the protection that is due to me, and it is a demand and it is asking no favor. (Applause on the Democratic side and from the galleries.)"

Mr. Roberts next called attention to the precedent in the forty-third congress in the case of Mr. Cannon, adding:

"I can add nothing to the force of

"STRICTLY PRIVATE"

The Confidence Reposed in Dr. R. V. Pierce by Suffering Women.

WHEN a woman first feels backache, nervousness, weariness, bearing-down pains, or other symptoms of derangement, displacement, or female trouble, she naturally turns to seek medical help. But as she takes the first step she shudders and shrinks back.

"THERE'S A LION IN THE WAY"! and that lion in the way is the dreaded familiarity of the questions, the indelicate examinations, the offensive local treatments generally inseparable from the "doctoring" of a local practitioner.

THERE'S A BETTER WAY FOR WOMAN—to sit down in her own private room and write a private letter to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., setting forth her symptoms telling her troubles. That letter will be read by Dr. Pierce in privacy as strict as that in which it was written. Its contents will be treated as a sacred confidence. The reply will be written in private and mailed in a private envelope, perfectly plain and bearing upon it no advertising or printing. There is absolutely no charge for this consultation by letter.

500,000 WOMEN have been confidentially treated by Dr. Pierce, and his staff of skilled specialists, in the past thirty odd years, and ninety-eight out of every hundred who have been so treated have been perfectly and permanently cured.

There is hope for you however sick you are; there is help for you however chronic your disease, when you write to Dr. Pierce.

YOU WRITE TO A DOCTOR when you write to Dr. Pierce—a doctor of more than thirty years' experience, at the head of one of the most important medical institutions in the land. The advice of Dr. Pierce is not to be classed with that offered by those who are not qualified physicians, and cannot give the advice of a physician, although they seek, by cunning advertising to convey the idea that they can. Bear in mind, that the advice of the unqualified woman is just as useless and just as dangerous as that of the unqualified man.

There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription," neither does it contain opium, cocaine, or any other narcotic. It is strictly a temperance medicine.

"Quit all Doctors and Gained Right Along."

"It is with pleasure that I write to you to let you know the great benefit I have received from your medicines, and by following your advice regarding self-treatment at home," writes Mrs. Selma Erickson, of 496 Rice Street, St. Paul, Minn. "You kindly advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and 'Pleasant Pellets.' When I first wrote you I had been to three different doctors, and two of them said I would never get better without going to the hospital for an operation. I just sat down and cried, and said, 'If I have to die, I will die at home with my two dear little ones.' I had a miscarriage in May last and was weak all summer. Was not able to do anything. If I would get up and walk to the kitchen and back I would have to lie in bed for a day, or sometimes two days. Last August I picked up one of Dr. Pierce's pamphlets and read of his wonderful work. I wrote to him for information and received an answer within five days from the day I wrote, advising me to try his medicines. Now I have used six bottles of his 'Favorite Prescription' and six of the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and the result is just wonderful. I did not tell the doctors what I was taking. I have not been to any physician since the day I received the

\$25,000 GIVEN AWAY

By Dr. R. V. Pierce last year in making good his great gift offer of a copy of The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, FREE to every one who would pay expense of mailing ONLY. This great work is of especial value to women. It contains 1038 large pages and more than 700 illustrations. It treats of the great truths of hygiene, physiology, and medicine, in plain English. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the book bound in durable cloth, or 21 cents for the book in paper covers.

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of offices. As well might one charge that the president had plunged his stainless hands in human blood as to charge that he appointed to public office men guilty of the crime alleged against the gentleman from Utah."

"I charged and I reiterate it," said Mr. Roberts, "that men appointed to office in Utah were charged before this president and the senate with the same misdemeanor of which it is charged I am guilty."

"Were they guilty?" inquired Mr. Dalzell. "It does not appear whether they were guilty," answered Mr. Roberts, raising his voice and looking around the hall. "They were only charged as I am charged." (Applause on the Democratic side, in which many people in the gallery joined.)

The vote was then taken, with the result as above stated.

Those who voted in the negative on the Taylor resolution were as follows: Adams, Allen (Mass.), Bailey, Bull, Brewer, Burleson, Carmack, Cooper, Davey, DeGraftendin, Dinamore, Fitzpatrick, Fleming, Kitchen, Lester, Lewis, McClellan, McCulloch, Maddox, Morton (S. C.), Rhea, Richardson, Robinson, Slayden, Small, Snodgrass, Stephens, Turner, Democrats: Newlands, of Nevada; Silverie; Lund, of California, Republican.

The speaker then appointed the following members as the special committee under the resolution: Republicans—Taylor, Ohio, chairman; Landis, Indiana; Morris, Minnesota; Freer, West Virginia; Littlefield, Maine; McPherson, Iowa, Democrats—DeArmond, Missouri; Latham, Texas, and Meyers, of Indiana.

The death of the late Representative Settle, of Kentucky, was then announced and, as a further mark of respect, the house adjourned until Thursday.

In the Senate. Today's session of the senate lasted two hours and forty minutes, practically the entire time being consumed in the reading of the president's message.

The reading of the document was largely perfunctory, few of the senators according it any attention. Some of them retired to their committee rooms to peruse the message at leisure. While a few followed the reading clerks.

The announcement of the death of Senator-elect Monros L. Hayward, of Nebraska, was received by the senate with sincere regret. Although he was not officially a member of the body, not having been sworn in, he was well known by many of the senators, and by them was held in high regard. At the conclusion of the reading of the message the senate adopted resolutions presented by Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, and, as a mark of respect, adjourned immediately.

DAILYMEN'S UNION. Annual Meeting at Westchester, Officers Elected. Westchester, Pa., Dec. 5.—The annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Dairymen's union opened here today to remain in session until tomorrow evening. The state officers were all present, namely:

President, H. W. Comford, of Pottsville; secretary, Harry Hayward, of state college; treasurer, N. F. Barber, Harrisburg; superintendent of exhibits, Z. G. Martin, of Westchester; directors, J. P. Carter, of Chatham; A. L. Wales, of Curry; L. S. Lavery, of Lavery; P. S. Stull, of Grover; and J. K. Murray, of Potts Grove. The address of welcome was made by Chief Burgess C. Wesley Talbot, and the response by James L. Branson, of Langhorne, Bucks county. Addresses were made on dairy topics by Professor Comford and others.

Eusefelt THE WOMAN'S SHOE. The difference between a blunder and a mistake is, when a woman puts down a poor umbrella and takes a good one, she makes a mistake, but when she puts down a good one and takes up a poor one, she makes a blunder. Madam, hasn't given you satisfaction, try a pair of Eusefells, then you'll never blunder or make a mistake. Ask your dealer for the "Eusefelt" shoe that Cousins makes. In all leather. LEWIS, REILLY & DAVIES, 144-146 Wyoming Avenue. 4.00



Tribune want advs. bring returns.