

VICE PRESIDENT HOBART IS DEAD

Expires at His Residence in Paterson, New Jersey.

THE END WAS PEACEFUL

Expressions of Regret Are Heard All Over the Land—Sorrow at Washington—Trenton Court Adjourned and City Hall Bell Is Told—Arrangements for the Funeral, Which Will Be Held on Saturday.

New York, Nov. 21.—Garret A. Hobart, vice-president of the United States, died at his home in Paterson, N. J., at 8:30 o'clock this morning. At his bedside were Mrs. Hobart and his son, Garret A. Hobart, Jr., together with Dr. William K. Newton and his wife and Private Secretary Evans. Mr. Hobart's death had been expected for some hours. The beginning of the end came yesterday afternoon, when there was a sudden failure of the heart and from that attack Mr. Hobart never rallied. He had been sick for a long time and had suffered frequently from heart failure, but his strength had been undiminished. Gradually the failure of the heart's action became more apparent and soon after midnight last night Mr. Hobart became unconscious. He remained in that condition until his death. Mr. Hobart's death was due directly to aortic stenosis, complicating myocarditis. Owing to the prostration of Mrs. Hobart the funeral arrangements will not be completed until tomorrow. The only step decided upon is that the services shall be held in the Church of the Redeemer, at Paterson, and in the interment in the family plot at Cedar Lawn, where the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hobart was buried six years ago. Rev. Dr. Magee will preach the sermon.

The church can accommodate more than 800 persons and, as thousands will be eager to attend the services, it was suggested they be held in the armory, which will accommodate 10,000 people. It is known, however, that Mrs. Hobart wishes to be buried in the most quiet manner, and there is little likelihood that the programme will be changed.

The mayor and aldermen of Paterson have suggested that the body lie in state at the city hall on Friday or Saturday morning and that the services will probably be carried out.

The pall-bearers have been selected, but their names will be withheld until they have been notified and have accepted.

Nearly all the representatives of foreign nations in this country have sent messages of sympathy to Mrs. Hobart. One of the first to express his sorrow on the death of the vice-president was President McKinley, who had been notified by telephone by Private Secretary Evans. At once Mr. McKinley telegraphed that he would return to Paterson at the earliest possible moment and he is expected to take charge of all the details of the funeral.

Among others who sent messages of condolence were Sir Julian Paunsey, the British ambassador; Count G. De Lichtevelt, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of Belgium, and Count Cassini, Russian ambassador.

Funeral Arrangements. Washington, Nov. 21.—Vice President Hobart's funeral on Saturday will be attended by the president and his cabinet, the supreme court, the senate in a body and a large committee from the house of representatives besides many other high dignitaries of the government, who will journey to Paterson to pay their last tribute of respect to the memory of the vice president. Every senator has been invited to be present and the senate will meet at the Fifth Avenue hotel, New York, Saturday at 11:30 o'clock and thence travel in a body to Paterson. Sergeant-at-Arms Bright has engaged a special train to convey the president and his cabinet and the United States supreme court to Paterson. The train will leave Washington over the Pennsylvania railroad at 7 o'clock Saturday morning and will arrive on the return at 11 p. m.

Chief Justice Fuller was not in the city today and in his absence no one could say whether the court would be able to attend the funeral in a body, but the officials of that tribunal generally expressed themselves as very confident that it would do so. Owing to the fact that the house of representatives is without a speaker no arrangements were made today. General Henderson, who will be the next speaker, telegraphed to Major McDowell, the clerk of the house at his home at Sharon, Pa., and Major McDowell is expected here tonight. Upon his arrival he will consult General Henderson and other representatives who are in the city and a committee will be appointed to attend the funeral.

Question of Succession. The death of Vice-President Hobart naturally recalls the death of Vice-President Hendricks, who expired suddenly in Indianapolis, of paralysis of the heart, November 25, 1885. At the time the question of the succession to the presidency had not been settled by law, although Senator Hoar's bill providing for the presidential succession through the cabinet had been submitted on December 4, 1882, and had remained unacted on. The news of Mr. Hendricks' death was received in Washington late on the afternoon of Nov. 25. President Cleveland was at dinner when the news was brought to him by Secretary La-

mont. Notices were sent at once to all the members of the cabinet and a special cabinet meeting was held that night. President Cleveland's first act was to dispatch a telegram of condolence to Mrs. Hendricks, after which a proclamation was prepared making an official announcement of the vice-president's death to the public, establishing a usage which was followed by President McKinley. On the morning following Mr. Hendricks' death, meetings of such members of the house and senate as were in town were held at the capitol and committees from both legislative branches were appointed to attend the funeral services, which were held in Indianapolis on the Tuesday following. Nineteen members were appointed on



GARRET A. HOBART.

the house committee and the rather unusual number of thirteen from the senate.

President Cleveland at first expressed his intention of attending the funeral, but there was an immediate protest from all his advisers, seconded by the press of both parties, against his subjecting himself to even the slightest possibility of an accident. He, however, attended the funeral in a body and the supreme court adjourned over till after the services. Pending the president's decision not to go to Indianapolis the most elaborate preparations were made by the railroad officials for the safe-guarding his train in case the journey should be made, special track walkers, pilot engines and the like being detailed to insure the safety of the whole route.

The Law Applicable. The law applicable to the vice-presidency was enacted Jan. 19, 1856, by the Forty-ninth congress, first session. The main features are as follows:

Be it enacted, that in case of removal, death, resignation or inability of both the president and vice-president of the United States, the secretary of state or secretary of war, or attorney general, or postmaster general, or secretary of the navy, or secretary of the treasury, shall act as president until the disability of the president is removed or a president shall be elected.

The law further provides that when one of the above cabinet officers succeeds to the presidency, he shall call a special session of congress. A proviso limits the succession to those who would be eligible to the presidency under the terms of the constitution and who have been appointed with the advice and consent of the senate.

The effect of the law is not to provide a succession to the vice-presidency, but merely to insure a succession to the presidency. By the death of Mr. Hobart, Senator William F. Frye, of Maine, becomes president pro tempore of the senate, and will discharge all the duties of the vice president as presiding officer of that body. The senate rules specifically provide that no election is necessary at the beginning of the session. Senators who have resigned continue as presiding officer until the end of President McKinley's administration unless he chooses to resign or the senate wishes to elect another senator to the office.

A Coincidence. A curious coincidence of the death of Vice President Hobart is found in the fact that of the six vice-presidents who have died in office four died within a few days of the same day of the month in the year of their deaths, the death of Mr. Hobart being the 21st of November, 1899; that of Mr. Wilson, the 22d of November, 1852; that of Elbridge Gerry, Nov. 23, 1814; and that of Mr. Hendricks, Nov. 25, 1885. The other two vice-presidents who died in office were Clinton and King. The former died April 20, 1812, and the latter April 17, 1833. [An extended sketch of Vice President Hobart's life will be found on page 5.]

Killed in a Runaway. Lancaster, Pa., Nov. 21.—Norman Pownall, a prominent farmer living in Sadsbury township, near Christina, 73 years of age, was killed this afternoon. He was driving a team of four horses hitched to a heavy wagon. The horses frightened and started to run away. The young man had been walking alongside of the horses and when they attempted to get away he tried to stop them. He fell to the ground and two wheels of the wagon passed over him, crushing the life out of him.

ANTI-QUAYITES IN CONFERENCE

SECRET MEETING HELD AT HOTEL STRATFORD.

Ex-Lieutenant Governor Watres, of Scranton, an Important Member of the Conference—In Addition to Fighting the Anti's Will Inaugurate a General Reform Movement.

Philadelphia, Nov. 21.—The third of the series of conferences being held by the anti-Quay faction of the Republican party, took place today at the Hotel Stratford in this city. The meeting was a secret one, and nothing was given out as to what took place, nor would any one who attended the conference discuss the meeting. Considerable interest was added to the meeting by the presence at the gathering of ex-Lieutenant Governor Watres, of Scranton. Mr. Watres is at present a member of the Republican state executive committee, and his participation in the conference was a surprise to some of the politicians. When Mr. Watres was asked this evening whether he participated in the meeting he said: "Yes, it is true. As this was a meeting of Republicans whose aim is to accomplish much needed reform in the politics and government of our state I very gladly took part. I am of the opinion that the conditions are such as to demand radical reforms. At present I do not care to discuss this matter, but may have something to say later."

Although nothing was given out officially, it is understood that the scope of the plan for better government which is being discussed by the members of the conference, has broadened considerably. The principal aim of the conference is to break Senator Quay's control of state politics and to bring into every legislative district in the state and carry on the fight. In addition to fighting the Quay wing of the party it is the intention of the anti-Quayites to inaugurate a general reform movement in the matter of legislation to come before the next legislature. Among the reforms to be attempted is a radical change in the election laws in the interest of a pure ballot. It is also said that the reform movement will cover the laws providing for the taxation of corporations.

It could not be learned tonight when or where the next conference will be held. Among those present at today's conference were: Congressman John Dalzell, State Senator Philip Director of Public Safety Brown and Calvin Wells, all of Pittsburg; ex-Postmaster General John W. Vanmeter, F. A. and E. A. Van Valkenburg, ex-Treasurer Commissioner Lambert, State Senator David Martin and ex-Director of Public Safety Frank M. Ritter, all of Philadelphia; ex-Lieutenant Governor Watres, of Scranton; ex-Governor Hastings, of Bellefonte; and Thomas Hoopes, of West Chester.

Young Criminal Convicted. Lancaster, Nov. 21.—The youngest criminal ever placed in the Lancaster county is Walter Targart, a colored boy aged seven years, who today was convicted of arson. On the stand he admitted that "just for fun" he set fire to a pile of leaves in a woods near his home, in Providence township, the flames destroying a considerable stretch of woodland. He was committed to the house of refuge.

Weavers Wage Scale. Philadelphia, Nov. 21.—The upholstery weavers today presented a new wage scale to their employers in every mill in the city. Little trouble is anticipated as a result of this move as some of the employers have already posted notices of advance. The scale which goes into effect December 1, calls for a general advance of about 25 per cent. in wages over those now existing.

Will Mine Lithia. Trenton, N. J., Nov. 21.—The following companies today filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state: The California Lithia Mining company, capital \$50,000, to mine and prepare metal and mineral substances, including lithia in California.

Mollioux Case. New York, Nov. 21.—The second week of the trial of Roland B. Mollioux began today with seven jurors in the box and at the adjournment the number was still seven, no juror having been selected during the day's examination. The case will be continued tomorrow.

Maine Victims. Washington, Nov. 21.—The navy department has about concluded arrangements for bringing to this country the bodies of the 168 sailors of the Maine, now interred in Colon cemetery, Havana.

TEXANS FIGHT THE COLORED TROOPS.

Citizens of Fort Ringgold Attack a Company of Ninth United States Cavalry, Colored.

Laredo, Tex., Nov. 21.—Reports have reached here that there was a pitched battle last night at Fort Ringgold, Rio Grande, City, Texas, between a company of the Ninth United States Cavalry, colored, garrisoning the fort and several hundred Mexicans who attacked the post shortly after dark. Three thousand shots are said to have been fired during the fight, but the casualties are not known here. It is also said that all women and children have been sent away from Rio Grande City and that runners are out for reinforcements for the citizens. The military authorities are occupying the telegraph wires and full reports cannot be obtained. That the affair is a serious one is indicated by the activity in military circles here. Major Thompson, commander of Fort McIntosh, today bought up all the Krag-Jorgensen ammunition in Laredo and is hurriedly loading a special train with mules, baggage, etc., to take all available forces here to the scene of the trouble and a special train is en route here from San Antonio with a company from Fort Sam Houston on the way to Rio Grande City.

State Adjutant General Scurry with a force of rangers is expected here tonight, also on the way there. Austin, Tex., Nov. 21.—Today Governor Sayers was in receipt of a telegram from the commanding officer of the United States troops at San Antonio conveying the information that there had been a race riot at Rio Grande City last night between the Federal Cavalry and the citizens of that town. Governor Sayers at once ordered Adjutant General Scurry to the scene of action and he left tonight for his destination. The governor also wired to Washington to have a full investigation of the matter and to remove the negro troops at once. The commander at San Antonio sent a special detail of officers to the scene at once to investigate. All is quiet tonight.

San Antonio, Nov. 21.—Colonel Roberts, post adjutant at Fort Sam Houston, left this afternoon on a special train for Laredo, with a detachment of the Twenty-fifth infantry to make a full report to General McKibbin, the department commander. General McKibbin has consulted with Governor Sayers on the subject of the riot and asked by the governor to take whatever steps in his power to pacify the citizens and soldiers.

NO CHANGE AT LADYSMITH.

The Garrison Is Maintaining Its Position—Communication with Estcourt Is Interrupted.

London, Nov. 21.—Late this evening the war office made public two dispatches from General Buller at Cape Town. The first had been received from General Clery, dated, Monday, Nov. 20, and announced that three privates were wounded the previous day at Mool river. The second was from Colonel Baden-Powell, dated at Mafeking Nov. 21, saying: "All well here. We have had a few successful sorties. Our loss is two officers and seventeen men killed and four officers and twenty-nine men wounded. The enemy's loss is heavy. His numbers are decreasing and his resources remain and shell us, keeping out of range of our guns."

London, Nov. 21.—The Daily Mail publishes the following dispatch from Pietermaritzburg: "An official communication from Ladysmith dated Nov. 18, says the garrison is maintaining its position. A Boer force is reported to the rear of Boston, about a day's ride from here."

Durban, Nov. 21.—Communication with Estcourt is interrupted.

Durban, Nov. 21.—The government has received the following advice from Colonel Royston, commandant of the volunteers at Ladysmith, under date of Nov. 16: "All the volunteers and police are well and there are plentiful supplies for man and horse. All was quiet yesterday (Wednesday), and the same condition exists this morning. There has been no further bombardment and the effects hitherto have been trifling. We are anxious for news from the south."

DIVED TO HIS DEATH. J. H. Creaves Drowned in a Swimming Pool.

Philadelphia, Nov. 21.—J. H. Groves, a member of the Philadelphia Athletic club, dived to his death in the swimming pool at the club house early today. Accompanied by a number of companions he entered the place after the usual swimming hour. The party had been there but a few minutes when Groves plunged into the shallow portion of the pool and struck his head on the stone bottom. He was brought to the surface as quickly as possible but to late to save his life.

Ex-Town Clerk Arrested. Lyons, N. Y., Nov. 21.—A deputy brought ex-Town Clerk John Mills here today from Franklin, Pa., on an indictment for grand larceny in the second degree. Mills is charged with fraudulent issuing of town orders for \$1,500 in excess of audits between February 15, 1898 and 1898, using the orders to pay private bills. Mills is now being held at Franklin, where he managed an opera house.

Charters Granted. Harrisburg, Nov. 21.—Among the charters granted today was one to the Citizens Traction company to operate a line seven miles long in Oil City, capital \$150,000.

DEATHS OF A DAY. Carlsruhe, Nov. 21.—Her serene highness, the Princess Marie Amelie of Leiningen, sister of the grand duke of Baden, died today in her sixty-sixth year.

Philadelphia, Nov. 21.—John Salson, aged 45 years, a fire brick manufacturer of Connellyville, Pa., died at a hotel here last night of apoplexy.

RIOTING AT NANTICOKE

The Women Take a Hand in the Fight.

ATTACK PUMP RUNNERS

Nearly All Foreigners, with the Polish Element Predominating. Mine Foreman Corrigan Shoots at the Crowd and Hits a Small Boy. Sheriff Harvey Arrives on Scene with Thirty-five Deputies. Strike Leaders Indignant at the Action of the Women.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Nov. 21.—The strike of miners in the town of Nanticoke, which has been on now for three months, became quite serious today, when a mob of 300 women and some boys started a riot at one of the collieries of the Cusquehanna company. At a meeting of the women held last night they resolved to turn out in a body this morning and, if possible, prevent the pump-runners and firehoses from going to work. They knew that if they were successful in this they could cripple the company and thereby probably bring the strike to an end.

As early as 6 o'clock this morning the women were on the main street of the town. They were joined by a few men and quite a number of boys. It was a motley gathering. Nearly all were foreigners, the Polish element predominating. After a leader had been chosen the command was given to march and the mob started off for the company's works. On the way they met General Superintendent Tonkin, whom they hooped and jeered. Some one in the crowd threw a stone which came near striking the superintendent in the head. The mob reached the works shortly before 7 o'clock. They met a number of men going to work and yelled to them to stop and "Come out of there, you blacklegs."

The men paid no attention. Then they received a volley of stones. Special Officer A. A. Enke was struck on the head and received a scalp wound. James Thomas, a fireboss, got a dose of red pepper in the face. The climax was reached when Michael Corrigan, a foreman in the employ of the company, received a stunning blow on the side of the face and just as he was about to turn around a stone was thrown which struck him on the back. Thinking his life was in danger, Corrigan pulled his revolver and fired in the direction whence the stone came. The bullet struck a boy named John Pollock. The lad, who is only fourteen years of age, received a scalp wound. The port of the revolver and the wounded boy's cries created a panic among the women and they fled in all directions. Young Pollock was taken to his home, where it was found that the wound was not serious, the ball entering the fleshy part of the right arm.

Sheriff Harvey Arrives. Immediately after the shooting, Superintendent Tonkin telegraphed Sheriff Harvey for aid. The sheriff, with thirty-five deputies, arrived in town this afternoon. This evening they were reinforced by twenty more deputies. The company's property is now well guarded, and no further trouble is looked for tonight.

Corrigan, who fired the shot, was arrested by Constable Paetz. He was charged with felonious wounding. For fear that he might be assaulted, a number of coal and iron policemen accompanied Corrigan to the magistrate's office. An angry mob followed the prisoner all the way through town.

The hearing was before Squire Matkic, who held Corrigan for trial at court. The strike leaders attended a women's meeting tonight. They told the females that they did not want any more of their nonsense, that they were precluding the strikers' side of the case and that the best place for them would be at home.

It is not likely that the women folks will take any further part in the strike. President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers, has sent a telegram to the strike leaders, counselling moderation in their demands. He says he hopes there will be no violence. The officials of the Susquehanna company and a committee of the strikers will hold a conference tomorrow and another effort made to settle the strike.

STATION ROBBED. Revenue Stamps and Other Articles Stolen.

George School, Pa., Nov. 21.—Last night robbers entered the railway station here, taking two hundred revenue stamps, an express package containing a ladies' coat and a men's bicycle. The postoffice is also located in the station and from it they got about twenty-eight dollars worth of stamps, postal cards and stamped envelopes. The robbery is believed to have been perpetrated by the parties that have been operating in the vicinity for the last six weeks.

CORBETT-JEFFRIES FIGHT. They Have a Year to Prepare for Their Go.

New York, Nov. 21.—James J. Jeffries and James J. Corbett were this afternoon matched to fight a twenty-five round war or to a finish if the law permits, on or about Sept. 15 next. The fight will be under Queensberry rules.

Pennsylvania Pensions. Washington, Nov. 21.—Pensions: Restoration and increase—Albert B. Hatfield, dead, Wells, Bradford, \$5 to \$12. Original widow, etc.—Mary L. Hatfield, Wells, Bradford, \$5.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather indications today: WARMER; SHOWERS PROBABLE.

- 1 General—Death of Vice President Hobart. Advance of the Americans in the Philippines; Anti-Quayites Confer. Women in a Riot at Nanticoke.
2 General—Northeastern Pennsylvania News. Financial and Commercial.
3 General—Whitney's Weekly News Budget. North Scranton News.
5 General—Sketch of Garret A. Hobart's Life.
6 Local—Court Proceedings. Convention of Welsh Baptists.
7 Local—Work of the Hahnemann Hospital. Closing Addresses at the Conference.
8 Local—West Scranton and Suburban.
9 Round About the City.
10 Local—Live Industrial News.

TRANSFER OF THE DEWEY PROPERTY.

Explanation of the Affair That Has Caused so Much Unmerited Criticism.

Washington, Nov. 21.—George Goodwin Dewey, Admiral Dewey's only son, is now the owner of the residence presented to the admiral by the American people. Papers were prepared and signed today by which Mrs. Mildred McLean Dewey transfers all rights and titles to the property known as 1747 Rhode Island avenue, this city, to George Goodwin Dewey. This is the property which yesterday Admiral Dewey transferred to Mrs. Dewey. The papers transferred to the admiral's son, George Goodwin Dewey, the title to the home presented to the admiral by the people of this country. It will continue to be the home of Admiral and Mrs. Dewey so long as they may live.

It may be desirable now to say that it was the wishes of both the admiral and Mrs. Dewey to provide for a proper succession to the property. The transfer of today completes the transaction begun yesterday and is the carrying out only of the original intention of both the admiral and Mrs. Dewey. By all those interested in the matter the method of transfer adopted was considered the best and safest that could have been adopted. It is to be considered, naturally, that the transfer was to be the act of Mrs. Dewey, as well as of the admiral. It was her desire that she should release any claims she might have to the property through her marriage to the admiral and to do this the transfer was made through her to the admiral's son as soon as was practicable. Through the method adopted no dispute ever can arise over the disposition of the property.

STEPHENSON PLEADS GUILTY. He Won International Fame by Eloping with Mrs. Jones.

Wilkes-Barre, Nov. 21.—In court today George Stephenson pleaded guilty to forgery. Stephenson won international fame for himself some months ago by eloping to England with Mrs. J. A. Jones, of Parsons, this county. Before going away Stephenson and Mrs. Jones forged the name of the latter's husband to a mortgage upon which they received \$800. Stephenson personating Mr. Jones. (When the runaway couple reached Liverpool, they were arrested and upon the arrival of requisition papers were delivered up to the American authorities. When they returned to this county the husband of the woman forgave her and took her back to her home and children. Her will had to languish in jail.) After pleading guilty Stephenson told the court that Mrs. Jones planned the whole thing. Judge Lynch suspended sentence until the case of Mrs. Jones is tried. She is also under indictment for forgery.

MISS ANTHONY'S STATEMENT. Bishop Huntington Thinks It Is Quite Unwarranted.

Syracuse, N. Y., Nov. 21.—Bishop Huntington made this statement today concerning Miss Anthony's generalization from the case of the "newly-wedded" couple. "That is a statement pronouncing the majority of American men, married or single, unchaste and is quite unwarranted by the facts. I have no doubt. The public utterances of such a statement, whatever its motive, by a person of influence and character, would seem to be injurious rather than beneficial to the interests of purity, of wedlock, of social confidence, of morality generally. While such an expression cannot weaken the foundations of truth or of the Christian religion, it will tend, I think, to produce unwholesome distrust, to encourage the evil minded in practical recklessness and to disturb that faith in the reality of goodness which is a part of faith in God."

Troops at Malta. Malta, Island of Malta, Nov. 21.—Eight hundred troops of the Forty-seventh United States infantry landed here today from the United States transport Thomas, which is on her way to Manila and was inspected by the governor, General Sir Francis Grenfell, or the Florin parade ground. The physical of the Americans found an excellent impression.

Blew His Brains Out. Wilmington, Nov. 21.—Walter Reed, a young man of this city, while gunning at Townsend this morning caught his gun hammer in a wire fence. The weapon was discharged, blowing his brains out.

WEATHER FORECAST. Washington, Nov. 21.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday: For eastern Pennsylvania, warmer, with probably showers Wednesday; showers Thursday; fresh easterly winds.

Candidate for Mayor of Boston. Boston, Nov. 21.—Thomas M. Hart, was nominated for mayor by the Republican convention tonight, receiving 229 votes to 197 for Alphas Sanford.

AMERICAN TROOPS ON THE TRAIL

Whereabouts of Lawton and Young Becoming Mysterious.

TERRIBLE HARSHIPS

The Ambition of General Lawton to Capture the Filipino Leaders It Is Believed Will Soon Be Satisfied. Lawton's Soldiers Suffer Many Hardships—They Travel Through the Jungle Half Naked—Condition of the Charleston.

Manila, Nov. 21.—5:40 p. m.—The United States gunboat Helena arrived at Camaguin during the night of Nov. 12. The watchers of the wrecked cruiser Charleston saw her lights and thought there was a fire upon a nearby island, whereupon they began to take steps to help those endangered, but as the searchlights of the Helena communicated her presence, the village where the men of the Charleston were located rang with their cheers. A party from the Helena and Charleston visited the stranded vessel Nov. 13. It was found that her bows were clear and that her after bridge was submerged, making it doubtful whether anything can be salvaged. The Helena left for Ramaguin Nov. 14, but heavy weather obliged her to return to Camaguin for shelter until the nineteenth. She signaled the Baltimore at Lingayen last night.

The crew of the Charleston were first landed on a small island near a town, not knowing what kind of a reception they would meet with from the natives. When the Americans learned the natives were friendly they occurred the natives' nipa huts and the inhabitants supplied them with beves, rice and fruits. In order to guard against possible attack from the mainland, detachments of the Charleston's crew patrolled the island, and a post was established on a hill. A few of the men experienced slight attacks of fever, owing to exposure.

A court of inquiry will be appointed to inquire into the loss of the Charleston, and any subsequent action will depend upon the fixing of the responsibility for the disaster, which is dependent on the court's findings. The Seaboard coast is carefully patrolled by warships in order to prevent the escape of Aguinaldo. It is believed that the Baltimore has proceeded north to receive the American prisoners from the Filipinos.

On the Trail. Manila, Nov. 21.—6:05 p. m.—The whereabouts of Generals Lawton and Young is becoming as mysterious as Aguinaldo's. The belief is beginning to grow at Manila that General Lawton has struck the trail of the insurgent "government" and is pursuing the ministers into the Biqueit mountains. It has been his ambition to capture the Filipino leaders, and he and General Young believe that a cavalry brigade, living on the country, could bring them down to any part of the island. One vague report brought by Spanish prisoners is that Aguinaldo and others were nearly surrounded by Americans soon after the insurgent chief left Tarlac, but escaped through the lines in peasant's clothes.

Officers and soldiers arriving at Casabanatuan from General Lawton's force describe the campaign as one of great hardships. Many men dropping out sick were left at various towns without adequate supplies and attendance, some of them making their way back across the mountains by way of ending the war. They were dying and many of the soldiers, and even some of the officers, were marching on half naked, their clothes having been torn to pieces in getting through the jungles. Some of them were reduced almost to breech-clouts and handkerchiefs. The general's shoes being worn out, and all were living on any sort of provisions. Bread was rare and carabao meat and bananas were the staples. General Lawton foresaw that the campaign would involve such hardships, but he considered it the quickest and cheapest way of ending the war.

The last number of the Independence, published at Tarlac the day before the Americans entered the place, contains a despondent valedictory, entitled "Adieu." The tone of the article showed the writer considered the game played out. He said: "Obliged by circumstances, we have found it necessary to interrupt with this number the pleasant labor of defending our ideals and interests. We take leave of the public and our readers with grief most profound and bitterness most cruel."

The paper also contains "news" illustrating in what a Murchauson world the Filipino leaders have tried to keep the news. A Washington dispatch, dated Sept. 14, described Senator Hoar as opposing the McKinley resolution in the senate that day.

Steamship Arrivals. New York, Nov. 21.—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, Bremen; Kensington, Antwerp; Cymric, Liverpool; Salford, Sable, Bremen via Southampton. Cleared: Westernland, Antwerp; Majestic, Liverpool; Georgia, Liverpool; St. Louis, Southampton; Redly, Antwerp; Trave, New York for Southampton and Bremen.

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