TWO CENTS.

NEWS FROM GEN. WHITE

The British Commander Reported All Well November 5.

ON VERGE OF HOSTILITIES

Renewal of Bombardment Was Expected the Next Day-Wounded and Civilians Sent to a Place of Safety Four Miles from the Town. Kimberley Was safe Up to Nov. 5. Mafeking All Right on Oct. 27. Armored Train Put Boers to Flight Near Colenso.

London, Nov. 9 .- The war office received the following dispatch from General Butler today, dated Cane Town, Wednesday, Nov. 8, 11.50 p. m.:

"Colonel Kekewich telegraphs from Kimberley, Nov. 5, that all is well there and that there has been no serious attack yet. A slight bombardment did no damage. Information from Mafeking shows that place was safe Oct, 27. Colonel Plumer had a successful engagement near Fort Tull Oct. 26.

"General White reports by pigeonpost that the wounded and some civilians from Ladysmith have been removed four miles down the railroad, by an arrangement with General Joubert, to a neutral place, to save them from the bombardment.

"Ninety-nine wounded from Dundee have been sent in under a flag of truce. They are all doing well, including the following officers: Colonel C. E. Beckitt, Major F. Hammersiey, Captain F. Ladam, Lieutenant McLachlan, Major Boulthee, Captain Dibley, Lieutenant C. N. Perreau, Lieutenant C. A. Wortham, Major W. Davidson and Lieuten-

"The bombardment was discontinued Nov. 4 and Nov. 5, but it is expected to recommence Nov. 6."

The Colonial Office has received a cable message from the governor of Natal, in which is given a copy of the pigeon-post message received by the premier from the commandant of vol-That message was as fol-

Piggon Post Telegraph.

"Ladysmith, Tuesday, Nov. 7 .- I sent you, Nov. 3, by native messenger, a report of the engagement that day, but I am not sure if it reached you, as not returned ns the mess Major Taunton and Sergeant Mapsone of the Natal Carbineers were killed. Captain Arnott of the Border Mounted Rifles was wounded. Nine troopers were wounded, all slightly, and are doing well. There has been nothing important since the hospital was removed to a spot on the rallway, three miles south. All was quiet on Sunday and Monday. The enemy renewed the bombardment today, but no damage has been done."

Beyond the crop of ever-recurring reports, the majority of which are without foundation, there is little news Many Pasengers Are Injured-Three from the front. The official despatch from General Buller shows that Ladysmith was in fighting trim on Sunday and anticipating a renewal of the bombardment. There is nothing, apprently to justify the triumphant utterances the British press. While it is admitted that there is some room for congratulation, there, is, it is added, also room for great fear.

The announcement yesterday that 3,000 Boers, with big guns, had left Pretoria on their way to the southern border is said to be merely a ruse to hide the real destination of that force, which, it is believed, is Ladysmith. Persons who are best qualified to express an opinion on the subject believe that the quiescence of the Boers is ominous, and news of large accessions to the Boer guns in position and a setion of railroad communication, therefore, is seemingly a matter of the most urgent importance, as probably, General White's most pressing need at present is a supply of ammunition for the naval guns of which, it is understood, several truckionds are at Esteourt, awaiting a clear time. It is considered daubtful if the stores can Held by Wanamakerites and Others be taken to General White in time, as It is admitted that a determined attack may be made on the town in a very few days.

The Armored Train.

Estcourt, Natal, Sunday, Nov. 5 .-Details were received from the armored train, which returned from Colenso today, of a brilliant little performance. The train, which carried two companies of the Dublin Fusiliers, under Captain Romer, sighted the Boers near Colenso, in considerable force near the line. The Fusiliers immediately opened a brisk fire, to which the Boers replied ineffectively, and, as they were suffering loss, they retired quickly. As the train advanced cautiously, the Boers were seen moving around its left flank, their presumed object being to take the train in the rear. To avoid that, the train retired. It was seen that the Boers had no intention of attacking, but were in full retreat over the road and bridge Immediately a strong detachment left the train and entered the town, while the train slowly advanced to the sta-Several volleys at long range were fired on the retreating enemy.

The British also succeeded in entering Fort Wylle, near Colenso, and brought back four wagon loads of shells, provisions and stores.

New Treaty with Spain.

Washington, Nov. 9 .- The Spanish min ister. Duke D'Arcos, was among the callers at the state department today. It understood that the negotiations for new treaty of friendship, co and navigation have opened at Madrid and while not directly participating the authorities here are exchanging views on the various features of the treaty.

STATE ELECTION RETURNS.

Complete Returns Are Received from Every County.

Philadelphia, Nov. 9.-Complete figures from every county in the state, nearly all of them unofficial footings of the official returns, show that the plurality of Barnett, Republican candidate for state treasurer, over Creasy, Democrat, is 106,217.

The full vote was: Barnett, Republican, 436,790; Creasy, Democrat, 330, 573; Caldwell, Prohibition, 16,836. To-tal vote, 784,226, a slight increase over the vote for state treasurer in 1897, and 185,941 less than the vote for governor last year.

Barnett was the victim of considerable cutting, he falling about 28,200 votes below Brown, the Republican candidate for supreme court judge. Barnett carried forty of the sixtyeven countles in the state. His plurality in the two large countles of Philadelphia and Allegheny were 69,543 and

4,709 respectively. The counties giving pluralities for Barnett and Creasy are as follows:

	E \$1.0 VY.00
Barnett.	Crea
Adams	
Adams	43
Armstrong 1,619	10
Beaver reconstruction 1.280	
Bedford 610	4
Herks Bloir 1.052	
Bloir 1,652	*
Bradford 2,490	
Bradford	
Cambria 511	- 0
Carbon	
Center	
Center 1.294 Chester 1.294 Clarion 77 Clianten 77	*
Clarion	
Clearfield	
Clinton	2
Countered 927	
Cumborland	
Celinten	
Delaware 3,003	
Pilk.	i
Delaware	
Fayette	÷
Forest 267	
Franklin 894	
Fulton	
Unitional and Control of the Control	į.
Greene	- 1
Jefferson 1.335	
Juniata	
T and leaves a second	19
Lancaster 8,263	
Lancaster 8,283 Lawrence 1,551 Lebanon 1576 Lehigh Luzerne	
Lebanon 1,576	
Lehigh	
Luzerne	
Lycoming	
Moreor 1 268	
Mifflin Monroe	
Monroe	
Montgomery	
Montgomery	
Northampton	
Northumberland	
Perry 147	
Philadelphia	
Patron 959	
Schnetkill	
Sayder 906	
Somorget 2,679	
Euffivan	
Susquehanna	
Montour Northampton Northampton Northampton Northampton 147 Philadelphia 69.543 Files Potter 252 Schuylkill Snyder 946 Semerset 2,678 Sullivan Susquehanna 847 Tioga 2,311 Union 514 Venango 544	
Union	
Venango	
Warren 1.285	
Washington 1.511	
Westmoreland 800	
Washingtoni 1.511 Westmoreland 900 Wyoming 101	
York	
Totals	1

WRECK NEAR TOLEDO.

Barnett's plurality 196,217

Fatally.

train from Toledo to Detroit was reception room where the marriage ditched by the spreading of ralls between Alexis and Vienna, Michigan, about 8 o'clock tenight. The train was wrecked. Three were fatally in- the ceremony Father Mackin, address-tured. They are: John McKay, In- ing Admiral Dewey and Mrs. Hazen, dianapolis: John O'Neill, Detroit: Wil- said: liam Hamilton, engineer. number of others sutained serious injuries.

The accident was the result of a deliberate piece of work by unknown freight trains had passed over the road in safety a short time before, now, for although the promises you vere bombardment of the beleaguered plates had been unserewed. The nuts camp is expected soon. The restora- were lying on the ties and the threads of the bolts were not marred in any way. A couple of big wrenches such beside the track, indicating how the ralls had been loosened.

ANTI-QUAY CONFERENCE.

at Philadelphia. Philadelphia, Nov. 9 .- A number of anti-Quay Republicans held a lengthy conference here today but nothing could be learned as to what transpired at the meeting.

Ex-Governor Hastings, ex-Posmaster General Wanamaker, Congressman John Dalzell, Calvin Wells and J. D. Senator Filan, of Pittsburg; Schator Martin and Senator Henry of this city; Senator Chisholm, of Huntingdon; Senator Weller, of Bedford; ex-Senator Kauffman, of Lancaster; ex-Congressman Charles W. Stone, of Warren; A. Patton, of Clearfield; ex-Director of Public Safety Riter, of this city and a number of others were among

the party. The impression created was that this was a preliminary conference to another of early date at which an organexation will be effected to push the contest for the control of the next legislature.

Steamship Arrivals.

New York, Nov. 9 .- Arrived: Trave remen and Southampton, Sailed: Kataor Friederich, Hamburg via Cherbourg Havre. Rotterdam-Arrived: Spaarn-dam, New York, Sailed: Maasdam, New Liverpool — Arrived: Tet fork. Queenstown—Sailed: Teutonic jestic, New York.

Menelik Will Visit Czar.

St. Petersburg. Nov. 5.—The Turkish and French consuls at Odessa have been informed that King Menelik, of Abysinia, will arrive in May next and will pay a visit to the exar while on his way to the Paris exposition of 1900.

ADMIRAL DEWEY IS MARRIED

PRIVATE CEREMONY TAKES PLACE IN WASHINGTON.

Marriage Rites of the Roman Catholic Church Performed by the Rev. James F. Mackin, Assisted by the Rev. James A. Foley-Mrs. Washington McLean, Mrs. Ludlow and Lieutenant Caldwell the Only Witnesses-Wedding Breakfast Served at the Home of Mrs. McLean-Admiral and Mrs. Dewey in New

Washington, Nov. 9.—Mrs. Mildred M. Hazen-and Admiral George Dewey were quietly married at 10 o'clock this morning in the rectory of St. Pau's Roman Catholic church, 1425 V street, N. W., this city, by the Rev. James F. Mackin, postor of the church, was was assisted by the Rev. Joseph A. Foley, assistant pastor, and the Rev. Sidney S. Hurlburt. The wedding was strictly private and of the simplest character.

The bride was accompanied by Mts. Washington McLean, her mother, and Mrs. Ludlow, her sister, while Admiral Dewey was accompanied by Lieutenant Caldwell, his aide. There were no oth-

446 er guests. The arrangements for the wedding had been made with all the secrecy which has attended the whole affair. After procuring the license yesterday, Lieutenant Caldwell called on Father Mackin, of St. Paul's, of which church Mrs. Hazen is a communicant, and arranged for the wedding this morn-As Admiral Dewey is not a Catholic, a special dispensation was required for the performance of the ceremony, and that was procured by Father Mackin from Bishop Curtis, vicar general of the diocese of Baltimore, who granted it in the absence of Cardinal Gibbons, who is at present in New Orleans. Father Mackin went to Ealtimore for that purpose yesterday afternoon.

At 9:45 o'clock this morning two carriages containing the wedding party drew up before the modest red brick rectory in the rear of St. Paul's. The general public had no intimation of where the ceremony was to take place, and not a single spectator was present when the party alighted. Admiral 1,768 Dewey and Lieutenant Caldwell quickly stopped from their carriage, and the admiral assisted the bride-elect and her mother and sister from the other carriage.

Mrs. Hazen were a gown of pearl-434 gray silk, over which wer wlong black wrap trimmed with silver fox and lined with invender silk. The admiral wore a black frock coat, gray trousers and a silk hat.

Upon entering the rectory they were ushered into the reception room, where Admiral Dewey was presented to Father Mackin and the two elergymen who were to assist in the ceremony. Upon being presented to Mackin the admiral said that he had heard that Pather Mackin had in his early years been a sailor, and it gave him additional happiness to know that he was to be married by a clergyman

who had at one time followed the sea. Father Mackin replied happily that when he found he could not become an admiral he had determined to become

a priest. Mrs. Hazen removed her wrap, and she and the admiral immediately took Toledo, Nov. 2.-A Michigan Central their places in the centre of the little

was performed. Father Mackin and his assistants wore simple black cassocks. Before

Before pronouncing the solema words which will bind you forever together it may be well to forget for a moment the things that are around us, and to look upward. We are the children of God train wreckers, and happened at a and we have a right to call upon Him point just beyond a short trestle. Two in joy and in sorrow. We need His help in both extremes and never more than Where the rails were spread it was about to make are easily made and the found that the bolts that held the fish- work of a moment, their fulfilment is God to witness and to bless this union of which He is the author and which He has made sacred. No matter how generous and devoted you may be to as section hands use, were found lying others there are in every life moments of trial when we, in our weakness, need the help that comes from above and this nelp will be given in its fulness in return for the faithful fulfilment of our tions. The higher your position in life th more incumbent upon you is the faithful fulfilment of your obligations and the more rigorous the account that will be exacted. The reglect of these obligations will cast its shadow upon eternity. But this hour we hope marks the beginning of a coreer which will make you wiser, better and more useful to your fellow creatures in this life and the life beyond it, and when death at last shall break the link which binds you, as death alon can break it, may that last hour floor Brown, of Pittsburg; ex-Attorney the two hands as fondly clasped and the General McCormick, of Williamsport; two hearts as closely foined as they are today, and may the joys of this life be a foretaste of the joys that are to come.

The ceremony was performed with the ring according to the nuptial rites of the Catholic church. Including the address of Father Mackin the ceremony was less than five minutes long. Father Mackin was the first to greet the bride as Mrs. Dewey. Congratulations and felicitations followed and the wedding party drove directly to residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. McLean, where a wedding break-

fast was served. After arriving at the McLean residence Admiral Dewey was driven to his own house. There he doffed his costume for a traveling suit, returning to the McLean residence on foot, The wedding breakfast lasted an hour There were present only the bride and groom, Mrs. McLean, Mrs. Ludlow, Lieutenant Caldwell and Mr. Fred Bu-The table was elaborately dec-

orated with bride's roses. About 12.20 the admiral and Mrs. Dewey had left the McLean residence the Pennsylvania depot. Mrs. Dewey had changed the gown in which she was married for a traveling gown. There was no demonstration as they passed hurriedly through the station to the train. Secretary Root boarded the | night

train just before it pulled out and offered his congratulations in person.

Demonstration at New York.

New York, Nov. 9.-The admiral and his wife reached the West Twentythird street ferry at 6.30 p. m. They did not leave the Hotel Waldorf-Astoria during the evening. They came to New York in an ordinary chair car. Passengers who came over, Secretary Root among them, sald that the admiral and his bride were not generally recognized by the other passengers until after Philadelphia had been passed. A group of passengers got around the admiral, however, when he left his seat for a few moments near Elizabeth and a silk handkerchief with an Amertean flag embroidered on it and a hand full of cigars were presented to him. He accepted them in a good natured

As the train stopped the admiral rose from his seat and started with Mrs. Dewey out of the car. The crowd was waiting them down on the plat-form and as he stepped down from the car he was cheered. The men in the crowd all deffed their hats, and the admiral lifted his. As he walked down the platform cheers and individual greetings were given.

The admiral looked the bridegroom His face was flushed, and he smiled back at the crowd and answered their greetings by lifting his hat again an l Mrs. Dewey also bowed and again. smiled.

The station master escorted the couple from the train to the Twentythird street ferryboat. The crowd gave a final cheer as the admiral and wife went down the gang plack to the upper deck of the ferryboat and many of them stenped aboard for a moment to get a better look at them

When the boat reached the Twentythird street ferry house the crowd hurried out to the street in front to see the distinguished passengers walk to their carriage, and give them enthusiastic cheers.

The admiral's carriage turned at Thirty-third street and stopped in front of the private door to the apartments of Mr. Boldt, proprietor of the Waldorf, Mr. Boldt's manager met the admiral and his wife and led them to the private suite adjoining the apartments of Mr. Boldt, where they will remain while

in the city. The admiral is not going to go about in disguise, but it is his wish to be as little noticed as possible and his movements are not to be heralded in ad-

NEW WAR IMPLEMENT. Silas Coyne Would Destroy People by Explosives.

Chicago, Nov. 9 .- Silas J. Coyne, a carpenter, has invented a new implement of warfare. The device consists of a series of kites, supporting a cable, upon which a "trolley" kite is made to travel. The trolley kite carries a bomb of high explosive power, which is automatically released. By means of specially constructed kites, of which Mr. Coyne is the inventor, he claims be able to support a cable nearly miles in tength by using a number of the kites in tandem.

The traveling kite will support a weight of more than twenty pounds. It feeds automatically upon releasing the bomb and returns of its own Successful practical tests are said to have been made of the kites.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY. Filed in United States District Court at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Nov. 9 .- Several petitions from Eastern Pennsylvania in volunbankruptcy were filed in the United States district court today. Simon and Morris Wormser, of Wilkes-Barre, trading as Wormser & Brother, gave the firm's liabilties as \$9,552, with no assets. Simon personally owes \$10,144 and has \$200 assets. Morris

has no liabilities and \$100 assets. Jason Lander Cousins, of Warren Pa. has liabilities to the extent of \$10 -751 and \$99 assets. Melvin E. Ainey, Scranton, Pa., gives his liabilities as \$4 907 and has no assets Lewis Kromer, clerk, of Natrona, has \$4,031 Habilities and \$40 assets.

ALLEGED ILLEGAL ARREST.

Canadian Officers Said to Have Kidnapped a Suspected American.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 9 .- The attention of the State Department at Washington has been called to the case of Mark Everett, an American miner, confined in the Previncial fall at Kamloops, B. C., pending a trial on a which for many years we have charge of stage robbery,

mapped across the line from Republic, Washington, by Canadian When within four miles of the boundary line, it is alleged, American officers overtook the party with the prisoner and atempted to serve a writ habens corpus, but were driven back by the Canadians at the point of revolvers and Everett was taken to the Canadian side at night.

BODIES IN THE RIVER

Alex. Weir and W. D. A. Grant Found in the Hudson.

New York, Nov. 9.-The body of a man found in the North river yesterday was identified today as that of Alexander Welr, thirty years old, a coal merchant of Brooklyn. Welr was a passenger on the ferryboat Chicago, which was run down and sunk by the

steamer City of Augusta. A body thought to be that of William D. A. Grant, a furniture manufacturer, who disappeared on the night of the ferrybont accident, was found in the North river today.

Challenge from Bob.

New York, Nov. 9.-Martin Julian, manager for Robert Fitzsimmons, tonight posted \$2,500 and issued a challenge to James J. Jeffries in behalf of the exchampion.

Trouble Results in Suicide.

Chambersburg, Pa., Nov. 9.—Leonard Pauble, a farmer aged 25 years, com-mitted suicide by hanging himself today. Domestic trouble is said to be the cause. He leaves a wife and one child.

McDonough Knocked Out. Buffalo, Nov. 9 .- Kid McCoy knocked out Jack McDonough, of St. Paul, in the fourth round at the Hawthorne club to-

SALISBURY TALKS OF WAR ISSUES

INTERESTING REMARKS MADE AT GUILD HALL BANQUET.

Marquis of Salisbury, Lord Wolseley, and Others Make Remarks-Speakers Discuss American Sympathy and Are Cheered by the Thought That They Have the Approval of This Government in Their Work of Advancement.

London, Nov. 9 .- At the Guild Hall anquet this evening the Marquis of Salisbury, Lord Wolseley, Mr. Ritchie, Lord George Hamilton, the lord chief justice, the Duke of Marlborough and a few minor diplomats were present. Mr. Chamberlain was absent. Lord Salisbury and Lord Welseley were warmly cheered as they passed from the reception in the library into the banquetting hall. The lord mayor proposed "The Ministers" in a speech in which he vigorously denounced "the ignorant arrogance of the invader" dwelling on the fact that Sir Alfred Milner, in spite of herculean ex-ertions, was unable to "prevail with the overbearing, corrupt oligarchy therefore other of our champions have the business in hand."

During the course of the banquet Lord Wolseley announced that ordera had been given to mobolize another division for South Africa and that the government was quite prepared to mobolize a second army corps. Replying to the toast "The Army," sed in warm terms by Alderman

Trelear, Lord Welseley said: Every day applications are received from volunteers in all parts of the em-pire who wish to be sent to the front. I im proud of the sallors, soldiers and volinteers, who are all on guard. We have inrd work before us, for our fee is brave, nd it is ne mimic warfare in which we

ire engaged.

When one reads of the work which our local forces in Natal have done in the past few weeks, one must deem them orthy of standing side by side with the est regulars. at present have mobilized only one

rmy corps, consisting of 55,000 men, of whom 44,000 are already on the way to the Cape. Today orders have been sent to mobilize another division, and if called upon by the minister to mobilize another army corps we are cuite prepared to

Salisbury's Speech.

Lord Salisbury, rising at a quarter past nine to reply to the lord mayor, was greeted with intense enthusiasm, prolonged cheering and a general waving of handkerchiefs. The premier said:

I have had to answer for many years similar kind receptions in this hall but never before under conditions that justiis to inform you that our situation in South Africa is the only part of our re-lations with other nations to which any term of apprehension or doubt can be applied.

For several years our relations with and cordial feelings toward our kinsmen on the other side of the Atlantic have been constantly growing and though neither we interfere in the affairs of helr continent nor they interfere in the affairs of ours, we feel we can now always look for sympathy and a fair hearing among those who share with us so vast mission for the advancement of

Cheers for United States.

But perhaps you think I am sanguine in saying that on the continent of Euope we have no hostility to fear. There is undoubtedly a certain accrbity of tone among the writers for the foreign press but I do not believe that the trend of this opinion affects the peoples of foreign nations. I am quite certain it does not affect their governments and I will say that I have noted as one of the cheering symptoms of the present time, relations existing between United States and ourselves (cheers) and the sympathy with which we watch their ach toward the same great probems that we ourselves have had to s That is not to say that I do not fee he greatest sympathy with their late antagonist, the kingdom of Spain. ntertain the highest hope that out of that war, a blessing in disguise will grow and be an abundant growth-civilizaion and culture in that ancient and most

steresting monarchy. This morning you had intelligence of an agreement between ourselves and one the great continental states with barge of stage robbery. tained relations of sympathy and frien-It is alleged that Everett was kid-ship beyond others. Samoa is not in ita very important matter but impor because it constituted a subject of difference between curselves and a nation whose good will we prize very highly. I do not know entirely the reason why German people and government attach so much importance to Upolu, but they do, and we are very glad to find the whereby, without in the least diminishing the rights and advantages of England we are able to gratify their views and sentiments.

The great subject that interests all of

ns, undoubtedly is this adorned with so many splendid features of heroism and will, but saddened by so many losses Respecting the feeling expressed twice

or thrice that the want of troops is due to a want of action on the part of the home government, I would point out that there have been two or three voices. Two or three months ago we were told the most authoritative voice outside the government that there was no oc casion for military preparations. Since then we have been blamed because there were no military preparations. either of these criticisms is at all relevint to the events which have been taking

War Unavoidable.

It would have been nothing to the purse to issue proclamations for reserves ome weeks earlier. For what was the of the ultimatum? It was not because of any demand we made. It so happened that at the moment the ultimatum was issued, we had withdrawn our de-mands, and there were no demands before the Transvani government. It was because we had taken measures crease the amount of our forces in South But if that had been done a few nonths sooner exactly the same result would have taken place. It is not, therefore, right to say that there was not ade-The evil cuate military preparation. ates further back. It dates to those unfortunate arrangements in 1881 and 1884 by which we deliberately permitted a community obviously hostile to enjoy the unbounded, unlimited right of accumu- Jeffries.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today: FAIR; SOUTHERLY WINDS.

1 General-Aguinaldo's Whereabouts. Lord Wolseley and Salisbury on the South African War.

Admiral Dewey's Marriage. News from South Africa. 2 General - Northeastern Pennsylvania

Financial and Commercial. 3 Local-Watershed Exempt from Tax. Grand Jury's Return.

Editorial. Baptists Will Hold Educational Con-

ference.

5 Local-Trouble Brewing at Old Forge. New Telephone Ordinance Killer

6 Local-West Scranton and Suburban. News Round About Scranton. Local-Live Industrial News.

Dunmore Doings.

ating munitions of war against us. Year after year an accumulation of munitions was made which could be directed against us. Han, pered by these arrangements it was impossible that we should avoid the interval of trial and danger necessarily to intervene between the moment when war was declared and the moment when

our forces could accept contest and ap-That interval has nearly passed. Our troops are begining to arrive. I do not attempt to forecast the future. I only say that my faith in the British soldier is unbounded and I am deeply gratified to feel that he is in the vigorous and sagaclous hands of General Buller. What we desire is equal rights for all

what we desire is equal rights for an men of all races and security for our fel-low subjects and our empire. I have seen it suggested—and it seems to me a wild suggestion—that the other powers will interfere with this country and in some form or other dictate to those who are concerned in it as to what its upshot should be Don't let any man think it is in that fashion the conflict will be concluded. We shall have to carry it through urselves, and the interference of anybody else will have no effect upon it. ers.). In the first place, because would not accept that inference and in the second place, because we are con-vinced that here is no such idea in the mind of any government in the world.

CHINESE QUESTION.

Diplomatic Representatives Call at the State Department at Washington to Discuss the Matter.

Washington, Nov. 9 .- The diplomatic representatives of every nation directly interested in the Chinese question called at the state department today. It was noticeable that the calls of the Russian ambassador, Count Cassini, and the French charge, M. Thiebaud, on Secretary Hay lasted longer than usua! and the Chinese minister, Mr. Wu, extended his call to include Assistant Secretary Hill, who has been giving much attention to the subject of the fied me in appealing so confidently to your sympathy and support as in the present grave state of public affairs. Benese government in what is going on tween the United States and the European powers is intense, but it is believed that Secretary Hay has relieved the main apprehension, which was founded upon a suspicion that our government in the event that the European powers failed to give the formal assurance of the maintenance of the "open door" that it seeks, will take possession of a section of the Chinese coast before it is all taken up by other

powers. So confident are the officials of success that it is intimated they have not even gone to the length of framing a policy to meet the event of defeat. No answer has been returned by France to our inquiry as to the formal assurance of the retention of trade privileges. It is scarcely expected that the French stipulation will apply to Tonquin and the sections of China that have been under French influence for a long time past, but simply to any ex-

tension of French holdings. PRICE OF STEEL BARS.

An Advance in Prices at Pittsburg. Great Lack of Material.

Pittsburg, Nov. 9.-The price of steel bars was advanced in Pittsburg today from \$2.50 per 100 pounds to \$2.75 for prompt delivery. This means an increase of \$5 per ton. Even at these figures it is almost impossible to obtain steel bars for use any time prior to the first of the coming year. For

delivery in the second quarter of 1900 a price of \$2.30 per 100 pounds is asked. There has been very little buying or selling of any kind in iron and steel this week, owing to the fact that the capacity of the steel mills and blast furnaces is sold out entirely for the remainder of the year and the only orders that are given at the gilt edge prices demanded by manufacturers are mostly of an emergency nature. Iron and steel sellers today predicted a quiet market until the latter part of the year and that no contracts of importance will be made until in the new year.

Moore Found Guilty.

Kansas City, Nov. 9.-Levy Moore, a ishmonger, who last May murdered Jene Campbell, Emma Landis and Annie Mish, was today found guilty and his penalty fixed at life imprisonment. A strong effort was made to prove that he was insane.

Harrisburg, Nov. 9.—Governor Stone today appointed the following gentlemen from Pernsylvania as delegates to western water whys convention to be held in Memphis, Tenn., November 14-15. Addison Lysle, John F. Graves and W.

Delegates to Memphis.

. Henderson, of Pittsburg. Mr. Hobart Brighter. Paterson, N. J., Nov. 9 .- Vice President obart was a little brighter today then ne has been since the beginning of his itiness. He took some solid nourishment and was in good spirits. He secured

much natural sleep. Dewey's Dog Dead. New York, Nov. 9.—Admiral Dewey's Japanese dog Bob, who acted as mascot on the cruiser Olympia, on the voyage

rinarian in New Brighton, S. I., of par-Wants to Fight Jeff. New York, Nov. 9 .- Gus Ruhlin today

osted \$1,000 for a fight with James J

AGUINALDO IS LOCATED

American Generals Hope to Surround Him Soon.

BOYAMBANG HIS REFUGA

It Is Expected That the Insurgent Capital Will Be Shifted to Boambang-In the Mountains It Is Thought That the Supplies of the Rebel Leader May Be Cut Off-Message from General Otis.

Washington, Nov. 9 .- The war deartment definitely located Aguinalds today on his way to the town of Boambang about seventy-five miles northeast of Tarlac. The recent calculations have been that the insurgent leader was at the town of Bayambang, not far from Tarlac in which case the several forces under Generals MacArthur, Lawton, Young and Wheaton would have had him practically surrounded. There has been some doubt. however, as to the name Bayambang and today this was cleared up by definite information fixing Boambang instead of Bayambang as the place of Aguinalde's refuge. A despatch from General Otis mentioned Boambang and at the same time information came throughout diplomatic channels that Lieutenant Gilmore and the other American prisoners were at Boams bang in the mountains far to the

northeast of Tarlac. It is expected that the insurgent capital now will be shifted to Boam-bang and the effort of the American military forces will be directed toward that joint. It is in the mountainous country of the north and apparently out of the fertile and populous regions which Aguinaldo thus far has conducted his operations. It is said to be accessible from the south by only one route, along a river which is a branch of the Rio Crande. This leaves the rebel leader little or no opportunity of communicating with the east or getting in supplies. He also has left the railroad behind. It is said at the war department that the columns of General Young and General Wheaton will push on to the north, following up the insurgent leader and his scattered

Washington, Nov. 9.-The following message has been received at the War department:

General Wheaton successfully landed an expedition at Lingaven, west of Da-gupan, on the afternoon of Nov. 7, against considerable opposition, slight casualties. A rough sea did not permit landing at San Fabian, north of Dagupan, as was directed. He is mov-ing eastward. MacArthur seized Mabalacat, on the railroad, the 7th inst., Col-onel Bell taking same on directed reconnaissance. The opposition was slight. General Lawton is at Cabantuan. Troops beyond Talabera and Aliaga have met with slight opposition, the enemy being driven back in all instances. The country is still submerged, but the water is falling. Troops will move more rapidly as soon as conditions permit. Hughes moved against Panay insurgents today,

PLATT INTERVIEWED.

Dazed at the Results in the State of New York.

New York, Nov. 9 .- The Commercial Advertiser prints the following interview with Senator Thomas C. Platt today:

Senator Platt, having spoken of the result up state, was invited to talk about the result here and its consequences. "What do you think of the citizens"

union and alliances?" was one of the first questions. "Oh," he answered, "that's water that has passed over the dam.

"And what about the dam?" "That's in good condition for next year," was the reply, and he continued: "I am still dazed at the returns from up the state. The country did splendidly. A man from the country wrote me this morning: 'God made the country, man made the town."

As to the significance of the result in general the senator said: "The result of Republican victories all along the line in upper New York, Ohio, Iowa, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, South Dakota and elsewhere are a strong en-dorsement of President McKinley's administration. They endorse the war policy. They repudiate the criticisms made by the so-called anti-imperialists. They indicate that President Mc-Kinley will be the choice of the people for a second term."

SAMOAN AGREEMENT.

Gratification at Berlin Over the Settlement.

Berlin, Nov. 9 .- The colonial council at a meeting today heartily approved the Samoan agreement. Prince Von Weid declared that thanks were dud firstly to the emperor, and called for

three cheers for his majesty. A telegram was despatched to the emperor expressing the councils' gratification at the ending of the Samoan dispute "to the imperishable glory of the emperor and the honor of Germany.

Pennsylvania Pensions. Washington, Nov. 9.—Pensions: Ira-crease—William H. Wetherbee, Orange,

Luzers e. Sie to Sit. Original widows-Sarah A. Kniffen, Wilkes-Barre, 18. +++++++++++++++

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Nov. 9.-Forecast for Friday: For eastern Pennsylvania, fair Friday and Saturday; fresh southerly winds.

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